## SECOND REGULAR SESSION

# HOUSE BILL NO. 1792

### 99TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

#### INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVE ELLINGTON.

D. ADAM CRUMBLISS, Chief Clerk

### AN ACT

To repeal sections 173.1110 and 208.009, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof one new section relating to postsecondary education public benefits.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 173.1110 and 208.009, RSMo, are repealed and one new section 2 enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as section 208.009, to read as follows:

208.009. 1. No alien unlawfully present in the United States shall receive any state or local public benefit, except for state or local public benefits that may be offered under 8 U.S.C. 2 3 1621(b). Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the rendering of emergency medical care, prenatal care, services offering alternatives to abortion, emergency assistance, or 4 5 legal assistance to any person. 6 2. As used in this section, "public benefit" means any grant, contract, or loan provided by an agency of state or local government; or any retirement, welfare, health, disability, housing, 7 or food assistance benefit under which payments, assistance, credits, or reduced rates or fees are 8 provided. The term "public benefit" shall not include [postsecondary education public benefits 9 10 as defined in section 173.1110,] any municipal permit, or contracts or agreements between public utility providers and their customers, or unemployment benefits payable under chapter 288. The 11 12 unemployment compensation program shall verify the lawful presence of an alien for the purpose of determining eligibility for benefits in accordance with its own procedures. 13 14 3. In addition to providing proof of other eligibility requirements, at the time of

application for any state or local public benefit, an applicant who is eighteen years of age or older
shall provide affirmative proof that the applicant is a citizen or a permanent resident of the
United States or is lawfully present in the United States. Such affirmative proof shall include

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

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documentary evidence recognized by the department of revenue when processing an application for a driver's license, a Missouri driver's license, as well as any document issued by the federal government that confirms an alien's lawful presence in the United States. In processing applications for public benefits, an employee of an agency of state or local government shall not inquire about the legal status of a custodial parent or guardian applying for a public benefit on behalf of his or her dependent child who is a citizen or permanent resident of the United States.

24 4. An applicant who cannot provide the proof required under this section at the time of 25 application may alternatively sign an affidavit under oath, attesting to either United States 26 citizenship or classification by the United States as an alien lawfully admitted for permanent 27 residence, in order to receive temporary benefits or a temporary identification document as 28 provided in this section. The affidavit shall be on or consistent with forms prepared by the state 29 or local government agency administering the state or local public benefits and shall include the applicant's Social Security number or any applicable federal identification number and an 30 31 explanation of the penalties under state law for obtaining public assistance benefits fraudulently.

5. An applicant who has provided the sworn affidavit required under subsection 4 of this
 section is eligible to receive temporary public benefits as follows:

34 (1) For ninety days or until such time that it is determined that the applicant is not35 lawfully present in the United States, whichever is earlier; or

(2) Indefinitely if the applicant provides a copy of a completed application for a birth
certificate that is pending in Missouri or some other state. An extension granted under this
subsection shall terminate upon the applicant's receipt of a birth certificate or a determination
that a birth certificate does not exist because the applicant is not a United States citizen.

40 6. An applicant who is an alien shall not receive any state or local public benefit unless the alien's lawful presence in the United States is first verified by the federal government. State 41 42 and local agencies administering public benefits in this state shall cooperate with the United 43 States Department of Homeland Security in achieving verification of an alien's lawful presence 44 in the United States in furtherance of this section. The system utilized may include the 45 Systematic Alien Verification for Entitlements Program operated by the United States 46 Department of Homeland Security. After an applicant's lawful presence in the United States has 47 been verified through the Systematic Alien Verification for Entitlements Program, no additional 48 verification is required within the same agency of the state or local government.

The provisions of this section shall not be construed to require any nonprofit
organization duly registered with the Internal Revenue Service to enforce the provisions of this
section, nor does it prohibit such an organization from providing aid.

8. Any agency that administers public benefits shall provide assistance in obtaining
 appropriate documentation to persons applying for public benefits who sign the affidavit required

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54 by subsection 4 of this section stating they are eligible for such benefits but lack the documents55 required under subsection 3 of this section.

	[173.1110. 1. No covered student unlawfully present in the United States
2	shall receive a postsecondary education public benefit. Educational institutions
3	awarding postsecondary education public benefits to covered students shall verify
4	that these students are United States citizens, permanent residents, or lawfully
5	present in the United States.
6	2. The following documents, in hard copy or electronic form, may be
7	used to document that a covered student is a United States citizen, permanent
8	resident, or is lawfully present in the United States:
9	(1) The Free Application for Student Aid Institutional Student
10	Information Record;
11	(2) A state-issued driver's license;
12	(3) A state-issued nondriver's identification card;
13	(4) Documentary evidence recognized by the department of revenue
14	when processing an application for a driver's license or nondriver's identification
15	<del>card;</del>
16	(5) A United States birth certificate;
17	(6) A United States military identification card; or
18	(7) Any document issued by the federal government that confirms an
19	alien's lawful presence in the United States.
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21	to the department of higher education that they have not knowingly awarded a
22	postsecondary education public benefit to a covered student who is unlawfully
23	present in the United States.
24	4. As used in this section, the following terms shall mean:
25	(1) "Covered student", a student eighteen years of age or older, who has
26	graduated from high school and is attending classes on the campus of a
27	postsecondary educational institution during regularly scheduled academic
28	sessions;
29	(2) "Postsecondary education public benefit", institutional financial aid
30	awarded by public postsecondary educational institutions and state-administered
31	postsecondary grants and scholarships awarded by all postsecondary educational
32	institutions to covered students.]

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