SECOND REGULAR SESSION

HOUSE BILL NO. 2485

100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVE SCHROER.

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DANA RADEMAN MILLER, Chief Clerk

AN ACT

To repeal sections 454.1000, 454.1008, 454.1010, and 568.040, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof four new sections relating to nonsupport, with a penalty provision.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 454.1000, 454.1008, 454.1010, and 568.040, RSMo, are repealed and four new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 454.1000, 454.1008,

- 3 454.1010, and 568.040, to read as follows:
 - 454.1000. As used in sections 454.1000 to 454.1025, the following terms mean:
- 2 (1) "Arrearage", the amount created by a failure to provide:
- 3 (a) Support to a child pursuant to an administrative or judicial support order; or
- 4 (b) Support to a spouse if the judgment or order requiring payment of spousal support 5 also requires payment of child support and such spouse is the custodial parent;
 - (2) "Child", a person for whom child support is due pursuant to a support order;
- 7 (3) "Court", any circuit court of the state that enters a support order or a circuit court in 8 which such order is registered or filed;
 - (4) "Director", the director of the family support division;
 - (5) "Division", the family support division of the department of social services;
- 11 (6) "IV-D case", a case in which support rights are assigned to the state pursuant to section 208.040 or the division is providing support enforcement services pursuant to section 454.425;
- 14 (7) "License", a license, certificate, registration or authorization issued by a licensing authority granting a person a right or privilege to engage in a business, occupation, profession,
- 16 recreation or other related privilege that is subject to suspension, revocation, forfeiture or

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

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termination by the licensing authority prior to its date of expiration, except for any license issued by the department of conservation[. Licenses include licenses to operate motor vehicles pursuant to chapter 302, but shall not include motor vehicle registrations pursuant to chapter 301] or a driver's license issued by the department of revenue;

- (8) "Licensing authority", any department, except for the department of conservation, division, board, agency or instrumentality of this state or any political subdivision thereof that issues a license. Any board or commission assigned to the division of professional registration is included in the definition of licensing authority;
- 25 (9) "Obligee":

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- (a) A person to whom payments are required to be made pursuant to a support order; or
- (b) A public agency of this or any other state which has the right to receive current or accrued support payments or provides support enforcement services pursuant to this chapter;
 - (10) "Obligor", a person who owes a duty of support;
- (11) "Order suspending a license", an order issued by a court or the director to suspend a license. The order shall contain the name of the obligor, date of birth of the obligor, the type of license and the Social Security number of the obligor;
- (12) "Payment plan" includes, but is not limited to, a written plan approved by the court or division that incorporates an income withholding pursuant to sections 452.350 and 454.505 or a similar plan for periodic payment of an arrearage, and current and future support, if applicable;
- (13) "Support order", an order providing a determinable amount for temporary or final periodic payment of support. Such order may include payment of a determinable amount of insurance, medical or other expenses of the child issued by:
 - (a) A court of this state;
- 41 (b) A court or administrative agency of competent jurisdiction of another state, an Indian 42 tribe, or a foreign country; or
 - (c) The director of the division.
 - 454.1008. 1. Upon receipt of an order suspending a license, a licensing authority shall:
- 2 (1) Determine if the licensing authority has issued a license to the obligor whose name 3 appears on the order;
- 4 (2) Enter the suspension as effective from the date of the order issued by the court or 5 division;
 - (3) Issue the notice of the suspension to the licensee; and
 - (4) If required by law, demand surrender of the suspended license.
- 8 2. An order issued by a court or the director suspending a license shall be processed by 9 the licensing authority without any additional review or hearing by such licensing authority.

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- 3. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law regarding the suspension, revocation, denial, termination or renewal of a license to the contrary, an order issued by a court or the director suspending a license shall be implemented by the licensing authority and continue until the court or division advises the licensing authority that such suspension has been stayed or terminated. The obligor may not appeal the suspension of a license pursuant to sections 454.1000 to 454.1025 pursuant to any other law[, including, but not limited to, section 302.311]. The exclusive procedure for appeal is provided in sections 454.1000 to 454.1025.
 - 4. If a license is suspended, any funds paid by the obligor to the licensing authority for costs related to issuance, renewal or maintenance of a license shall not be refunded to the obligor.
 - 5. Unless acting pursuant to an order of a court or the director which stays the suspension of a license, an obligor who continues to engage in the business, occupation, profession or other licensed activity while the license is suspended pursuant to this section is guilty of a class A misdemeanor, unless a penalty is otherwise provided. The division or the licensing authority may refer the obligor to the appropriate prosecuting or circuit attorney or the attorney general for prosecution pursuant to this section in addition to any other remedy provided by law for engaging in a licensed activity without a license or while a license is suspended.
- 6. The licensing authority shall be exempt from liability to the licensee for activities conducted pursuant to this section.
 - 7. The licensing authority shall not modify, remand, reverse, vacate or stay an order of the court or director suspending a license.
 - [8. If the license suspended is a driver's license, the obligor shall have no rights pursuant to section 302.311.]
 - 454.1010. 1. An obligor may, at any time, petition a court or the director for an order to stay the suspension of a license. Any petition seeking to stay an order of the director shall be served on the director.
- 2. The court or director may consider the obligor's petition for a stay separately from any determination on the suspension of a license.
 - 3. The court, but not the director, may stay suspension of a license upon a showing that a suspension or continued suspension of a license would create a significant hardship to the obligor, the obligor's employees, any legal dependents residing in the obligor's household, or persons, businesses or other entities served by the obligor.
 - 4. The court or director may stay suspension of a license upon entry of a payment plan or receipt of adequate assurance that the obligor shall comply with an existing payment plan.
 - 5. A stay shall terminate if:
- 13 (1) A court determines that the significant hardship circumstance pursuant to subsection 14 3 of this section has ended;

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15 (2) The court or division determines that the obligor has failed to abide by the terms and conditions of a payment plan; or

- 17 (3) The order staying suspension of a license has a termination date and such date has been reached.
 - 6. If the licensing authority is notified of an order suspending a license, the court or division shall send a copy of any order staying or reimposing suspension of the license to the licensing authority and the obligor by certified mail.
- 7. Upon receipt of an order staying or reimposing suspension of the license, the licensing authority shall:
 - (1) Enter the information on appropriate records;
 - (2) Issue notice of the action to the licensee; and
- 26 (3) If required by law, demand surrender of the suspended license or return the reinstated license.
 - 8. No additional action by the licensing authority shall be required to implement a stay or reinstatement of suspension of a license.
 - 9. This section shall be the exclusive remedy for the obligor to obtain an order staying suspension of a license pursuant to sections 454.1000 to 454.1025. [Any other provisions providing for the issuance of hardship licenses, including, but not limited to, those provided in section 302.309, do not apply to suspensions pursuant to sections 454.1000 to 454.1025.
 - 10. No person shall be required to file proof of financial responsibility with the department of revenue as a condition of reinstatement of a driver's license suspended solely pursuant to the provisions of sections 454.1000 to 454.1025.
 - 11. Any person whose license to operate a motor vehicle in this state has been suspended pursuant to this section shall, before having the license reinstated, pay to the director of revenue a reinstatement fee of twenty dollars.
 - 568.040. 1. A person commits the offense of nonsupport if he or she knowingly fails to provide adequate support for his or her spouse; a parent commits the offense of nonsupport if such parent knowingly fails to provide adequate support which such parent is legally obligated to provide for his or her child or stepchild who is not otherwise emancipated by operation of law.
 - 2. For purposes of this section:
 - (1) "Arrearage":
- 7 (a) The amount of moneys created by a failure to provide support to a child under an 8 administrative or judicial support order;
- 9 (b) Support to an estranged or former spouse if the judgment or order requiring payment 10 of spousal support also requires payment of child support and such estranged or former spouse 11 is the custodial parent; or

(c) Both paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subdivision.

The arrearage shall reflect any retroactive support ordered under a modification and any judgments entered by a court of competent jurisdiction or any authorized agency and any satisfactions of judgment filed by the custodial parent;

- (2) "Child" means any biological or adoptive child, or any child whose paternity has been established under chapter 454, or chapter 210, or any child whose relationship to the defendant has been determined, by a court of law in a proceeding for dissolution or legal separation, to be that of child to parent;
- (3) "Good cause" means any substantial reason why the defendant is unable to provide adequate support. Good cause does not exist if the defendant purposely maintains his inability to support;
 - (4) "Support" means food, clothing, lodging, and medical or surgical attention;
- (5) It shall not constitute a failure to provide medical and surgical attention, if nonmedical remedial treatment recognized and permitted under the laws of this state is provided.
- 3. Inability to provide support for good cause shall be an affirmative defense under this section. A defendant who raises such affirmative defense has the burden of proving the defense by a preponderance of the evidence.
- 4. The defendant shall have the burden of injecting the issues raised by subdivision (5) of subsection 2 of this section.
- 5. The offense of criminal nonsupport is a class A misdemeanor, unless the total arrearage is in excess of an aggregate of twelve monthly payments due under any order of support issued by any court of competent jurisdiction or any authorized administrative agency, in which case it is a class E felony.
- 6. (1) If at any time an offender convicted of criminal nonsupport, or an offender who has plead guilty to a charge of criminal nonsupport, is placed on probation or parole, there may be ordered as a condition of probation or parole that the offender commence payment of current support as well as satisfy the arrearages. Arrearages may be satisfied first by making such lump sum payment as the offender is capable of paying, if any, as may be shown after examination of the offender's financial resources or assets, both real, personal, and mixed, and second by making periodic payments. Periodic payments toward satisfaction of arrears when added to current payments due shall be in such aggregate sums as is not greater than fifty percent of the offender's adjusted gross income after deduction of payroll taxes, medical insurance that also covers a dependent spouse or children, and any other court- or administrative-ordered support, only.
- (2) If the offender fails to pay the support and arrearages under the terms of his or her probation, the court may revoke probation or parole and then impose an appropriate sentence

within the range for the class of offense that the offender was convicted of as provided by law, unless the offender proves good cause for the failure to pay as required under subsection 3 of this section.

- (3) (a) An individual whose children were the subject of a child support order and the obligation of such individual to make child support payments has been terminated under subsection 3 of section 452.340, who has been found guilty of a felony offense for criminal nonsupport under this section, and who has successfully completed probation after a plea of guilty or conviction may petition the court for expungement of all recordations of his or her arrest, plea, trial, or conviction. If the court determines after hearing that such person:
- a. Has not been convicted of any subsequent offense, unless such offense is eligible for expungement under a different section;
- b. Does not have any other felony pleas of guilt, findings of guilt, or convictions, unless such felony pleas of guilt, findings of guilt, or convictions are eligible for expungement under a different section;
 - c. Has paid off all arrearages; and
- d. Has no administrative child support actions pending at the time of the hearing on the application for expungement with respect to all children subject to orders of payment of child support

the court shall enter an order of expungement. In addition, the court may consider successful completion of a criminal nonsupport court program under section 478.1000, or any other circumstances or factors deemed relevant by the court.

- (b) Upon granting the order of expungement, the records and files maintained in any court proceeding in an associate or a circuit division of the circuit court under this section shall be confidential and only available to the parties or by order of the court for good cause shown.
- (c) The effect of such order shall be to restore such person to the status he or she occupied prior to such arrest, plea, or conviction, and as if such event had never taken place. No person for whom such order has been entered shall be held thereafter under any provision of any law to be guilty of perjury or otherwise giving a false statement by reason of his or her failure to recite or acknowledge such arrest, plea, trial, conviction, or expungement in response to any inquiry made of him or her for any purpose whatsoever and no such inquiry shall be made for information relating to an expungement under this section.
- (d) A person shall only be entitled to one expungement under this section. Nothing in this section shall prevent the director of the department of social services from maintaining such records as to ensure that an individual receives only one expungement under this section for the

purpose of informing the proper authorities of the contents of any record maintained under this section.

- 7. During any period that a nonviolent offender is incarcerated for criminal nonsupport, if the offender is ready, willing, and able to be gainfully employed **or is gainfully employed** during said period of incarceration, the offender, if he or she meets the criteria established by the department of corrections, may be placed on work release to allow the offender to satisfy his or her obligation to pay support. Arrearages shall be satisfied as outlined in the collection agreement. At no time following a conviction for criminal nonsupport shall an offender be penalized with the revocation of his or her driver's license.
- 8. Beginning August 28, 2009, every nonviolent first- and second-time offender then incarcerated for criminal nonsupport, who has not been previously placed on probation or parole for conviction of criminal nonsupport, may be considered for parole, under the conditions set forth in subsection 6 of this section, or work release, under the conditions set forth in subsection 7 of this section.
- 9. Beginning January 1, 1991, every prosecuting attorney in any county which has entered into a cooperative agreement with the family support division within the department of social services regarding child support enforcement services shall report to the division on a quarterly basis the number of charges filed and the number of convictions obtained under this section by the prosecuting attorney's office on all IV-D cases. The division shall consolidate the reported information into a statewide report by county and make the report available to the general public.
- 10. Persons accused of committing the offense of nonsupport of the child shall be prosecuted:
- (1) In any county in which the child resided during the period of time for which the defendant is charged; or
- (2) In any county in which the defendant resided during the period of time for which the defendant is charged.

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