FIRST REGULAR SESSION SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

SENATE BILL NO. 524

99TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Reported from the Committee on Government Reform, April 24, 2017, with recommendation that the Senate Committee Substitute do pass.

2230S.02C

ADRIANE D. CROUSE, Secretary.

AN ACT

To repeal sections 516.105 and 537.100, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof two new sections relating to service of process after the statute of limitations has expired for filing an action.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 516.105 and 537.100, RSMo, are repealed and two new 2 sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 516.105 and 537.100, to 3 read as follows:

516.105. **1.** All actions against physicians, hospitals, dentists, registered or licensed practical nurses, optometrists, podiatrists, pharmacists, chiropractors, professional physical therapists, mental health professionals licensed under chapter 337, and any other entity providing health care services and all employees of any of the foregoing acting in the course and scope of their employment, for damages for malpractice, negligence, error or mistake related to health care shall be brought within two years from the date of occurrence of the act of neglect complained of, except that:

9 (1) In cases in which the act of neglect complained of is introducing and 10 negligently permitting any foreign object to remain within the body of a living 11 person, the action shall be brought within two years from the date of the 12 discovery of such alleged negligence, or from the date on which the patient in the 13 exercise of ordinary care should have discovered such alleged negligence, 14 whichever date first occurs; and

15 (2) In cases in which the act of neglect complained of is the negligent 16 failure to inform the patient of the results of medical tests, the action for failure 17 to inform shall be brought within two years from the date of the discovery of such 18 alleged negligent failure to inform, or from the date on which the patient in the

exercise of ordinary care should have discovered such alleged negligent failure to 19 20inform, whichever date first occurs; except that, no such action shall be brought for any negligent failure to inform about the results of medical tests performed 2122more than two years before August 28, 1999. For purposes of this subdivision, 23the act of neglect based on the negligent failure to inform the patient of the results of medical tests shall not include the act of informing the patient of the 24results of negligently performed medical tests or the act of informing the patient 2526of erroneous test results; and

(3) In cases in which the person bringing the action is a minor less than
eighteen years of age, such minor shall have until his or her twentieth birthday
to bring such action.

In no event shall any action for damages for malpractice, error, or mistake be
commenced after the expiration of ten years from the date of the act of neglect
complained of or for two years from a minor's eighteenth birthday, whichever is
later.

2. Any service on a defendant by a plaintiff after the statute of limitations set forth in subsection 1 of this section has expired or after the expiration of any extension of the time provided to commence an action pursuant to law shall be made within one hundred eighty days of the filing of the petition. If such service is not made on a defendant within one hundred eighty days of the filing of the petition, the court shall dismiss the action against the defendant.

537.100. 1. Every action instituted under section 537.080 shall be $\mathbf{2}$ commenced within three years after the cause of action shall accrue; provided, that if any defendant, whether a resident or nonresident of the state at the time 3 4 any such cause of action accrues, shall then or thereafter be absent or depart from the state, so that personal service cannot be had upon such defendant in the 5state in any such action heretofore or hereafter accruing, the time during which 6 such defendant is so absent from the state shall not be deemed or taken as any 7 part of the time limited for the commencement of such action against him; and 8 9 provided, that if any such action shall have been commenced within the time 10 prescribed in this section, and the plaintiff therein take or suffer a nonsuit, or 11 after a verdict for him the judgment be arrested, or after a judgment for him the same be reversed on appeal or error, such plaintiff may commence a new action 12from time to time within one year after such nonsuit suffered or such judgment 1314 arrested or reversed; and in determining whether such new action has been begun within the period so limited, the time during which such nonresident or absentdefendant is so absent from the state shall not be deemed or taken as any partof such period of limitation.

2. Any service on a defendant by a plaintiff after the statute of limitations set forth in subsection 1 of this section has expired or after the expiration of any extension of the time provided to commence an action pursuant to law shall be made within one hundred eighty days of the filing of the petition. If such service is not made on a defendant within one hundred eighty days of the filing of the petition, the court shall dismiss the action against the defendant.

1