### SECOND REGULAR SESSION SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

# **SENATE BILL NO. 525**

#### **100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

Reported from the Committee on Government Reform, February 3, 2020, with recommendation that the Senate Committee Substitute do pass.

ADRIANE D. CROUSE, Secretary.

## AN ACT

To repeal sections 160.400, 160.410, and 160.415, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof three new sections relating to recovery programs for high school students.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 160.400, 160.410, and 160.415, RSMo, are repealed 2 and three new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 160.400,

3 160.410, and 160.415, to read as follows:

160.400. 1. A charter school is an independent public school.

2 2. Except as further provided in subsection 4 of this section, charter 3 schools may be operated only:

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(1) In a metropolitan school district;

5 (2) In an urban school district containing most or all of a city with a 6 population greater than three hundred fifty thousand inhabitants;

7 (3) In a school district that has been classified as unaccredited by the 8 state board of education;

9 (4) In a school district that has been classified as provisionally accredited 10 by the state board of education and has received scores on its annual performance 11 report consistent with a classification of provisionally accredited or unaccredited 12 for three consecutive school years beginning with the 2012-13 accreditation year 13 under the following conditions:

(a) The eligibility for charter schools of any school district whose
provisional accreditation is based in whole or in part on financial stress as
defined in sections 161.520 to 161.529, or on financial hardship as defined by rule
of the state board of education, shall be decided by a vote of the state board of

18 education during the third consecutive school year after the designation of19 provisional accreditation; and

20 (b) The sponsor is limited to the local school board or a sponsor who has 21 met the standards of accountability and performance as determined by the 22 department based on sections 160.400 to 160.425 and section 167.349 and 23 properly promulgated rules of the department; or

24(5) In a school district that has been accredited without provisions, 25sponsored only by the local school board; provided that no board with a current 26year enrollment of one thousand five hundred fifty students or greater shall 27permit more than thirty-five percent of its student enrollment to enroll in charter 28schools sponsored by the local board under the authority of this subdivision, 29except that this restriction shall not apply to any school district that 30 subsequently becomes eligible under subdivision (3) or (4) of this subsection or to any district accredited without provisions that sponsors charter schools prior to 31 32having a current year student enrollment of one thousand five hundred fifty 33 students or greater.

34 3. Except as further provided in subsection 4 of this section, the following
35 entities are eligible to sponsor charter schools:

36 (1) The school board of the district in any district which is sponsoring a 37charter school as of August 27, 2012, as permitted under subdivision (1) or (2) of 38 subsection 2 of this section, the special administrative board of a metropolitan school district during any time in which powers granted to the district's board of 39 40 education are vested in a special administrative board, or if the state board of education appoints a special administrative board to retain the authority granted 41 42to the board of education of an urban school district containing most or all of a city with a population greater than three hundred fifty thousand inhabitants, the 43special administrative board of such school district; 44

45 (2) A public four-year college or university with an approved teacher 46 education program that meets regional or national standards of accreditation;

47 (3) A community college, the service area of which encompasses some 48 portion of the district;

49 (4) Any private four-year college or university with an enrollment of at
50 least one thousand students, with its primary campus in Missouri, and with an
51 approved teacher preparation program;

52 (5) Any two-year private vocational or technical school designated as a 53 501(c)(3) nonprofit organization under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as

amended, and accredited by the Higher Learning Commission, with its primarycampus in Missouri;

56 (6) The Missouri charter public school commission created in section 57 160.425.

58 4. Changes in a school district's accreditation status that affect charter 59 schools shall be addressed as follows, except for the districts described in 60 subdivisions (1) and (2) of subsection 2 of this section:

(1) As a district transitions from unaccredited to provisionally accredited,
the district shall continue to fall under the requirements for an unaccredited
district until it achieves three consecutive full school years of provisional
accreditation;

65 (2) As a district transitions from provisionally accredited to full 66 accreditation, the district shall continue to fall under the requirements for a 67 provisionally accredited district until it achieves three consecutive full school 68 years of full accreditation;

69 (3) In any school district classified as unaccredited or provisionally 70 accredited where a charter school is operating and is sponsored by an entity other 71 than the local school board, when the school district becomes classified as 72 accredited without provisions, a charter school may continue to be sponsored by 73 the entity sponsoring it prior to the classification of accredited without provisions 74 and shall not be limited to the local school board as a sponsor.

75A charter school operating in a school district identified in subdivision (1) or (2) of subsection 2 of this section may be sponsored by any of the entities identified 76 77in subsection 3 of this section, irrespective of the accreditation classification of 78the district in which it is located. A charter school in a district described in this subsection whose charter provides for the addition of grade levels in subsequent 79years may continue to add levels until the planned expansion is complete to the 80 extent of grade levels in comparable schools of the district in which the charter 81 82 school is operated.

5. For purposes of sections 160.400 to 160.425 the following terms
shall mean:

(1) "Recovery charter high school", a charter school giving
instruction in a grade or grades not lower than the ninth nor higher
than the twelfth grade;

(2) "Substance dependency", a state in which a person functions
normally in the presence of a drug following repeated drug exposure,

90 and suffers psychological reactions such as withdrawal syndrome when
91 the drug is removed;

92 (3) "Substance use disorder", shall have the same meaning as in
93 section 478.001.

6. A recovery charter high school may be operated in an urban school district containing most or all of a home rule city with more than four hundred thousand inhabitants and located in more than one county whose mission and vision statement provides for the following:

98 (1) To educate all available and eligible students who are in
99 recovery from substance use disorder or substance dependency, or such
100 a condition along with co-occurring disorders such as anxiety,
101 depression, and attention deficit hyperactivity disorder;

102 (2) To meet state requirements for awarding a high school103 diploma; and

(3) To support students in working a strong program of recovery.

The mayor of a city not within a county may request a sponsor under
subdivision (2), (3), (4), (5), or (6) of subsection 3 of this section to consider
sponsoring a "workplace charter school", which is defined for purposes of sections
160.400 to 160.425 as a charter school with the ability to target prospective
students whose parent or parents are employed in a business district, as defined
in the charter, which is located in the city.

[6.] 8. No sponsor shall receive from an applicant for a charter school any
fee of any type for the consideration of a charter, nor may a sponsor condition its
consideration of a charter on the promise of future payment of any kind.

114 [7.] 9. The charter school shall be organized as a Missouri nonprofit 115 corporation incorporated pursuant to chapter 355. The charter provided for 116 herein shall constitute a contract between the sponsor and the charter school.

[8.] 10. As a nonprofit corporation incorporated pursuant to chapter 355,
the charter school shall select the method for election of officers pursuant to
section 355.326 based on the class of corporation selected. Meetings of the
governing board of the charter school shall be subject to the provisions of sections
610.010 to 610.030.

[9.] 11. A sponsor of a charter school, its agents and employees are not liable for any acts or omissions of a charter school that it sponsors, including acts or omissions relating to the charter submitted by the charter school, the operation of the charter school and the performance of the charter school.

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126[10.] 12. A charter school may affiliate with a four-year college or 127university, including a private college or university, or a community college as otherwise specified in subsection 3 of this section when its charter is granted by 128 129a sponsor other than such college, university or community college. Affiliation 130 status recognizes a relationship between the charter school and the college or 131 university for purposes of teacher training and staff development, curriculum and 132assessment development, use of physical facilities owned by or rented on behalf 133of the college or university, and other similar purposes. A university, college or 134 community college may not charge or accept a fee for affiliation status.

135[11.] 13. The expenses associated with sponsorship of charter schools 136 shall be defrayed by the department of elementary and secondary education 137retaining one and five-tenths percent of the amount of state and local funding 138 allocated to the charter school under section 160.415, not to exceed one hundred twenty-five thousand dollars, adjusted for inflation. The department of 139140 elementary and secondary education shall remit the retained funds for each charter school to the school's sponsor, provided the sponsor remains in good 141 142standing by fulfilling its sponsorship obligations under sections 160.400 to 143 160.425 and 167.349 with regard to each charter school it sponsors, including 144appropriate demonstration of the following:

(1) Expends no less than ninety percent of its charter school sponsorship
funds in support of its charter school sponsorship program, or as a direct
investment in the sponsored schools;

(2) Maintains a comprehensive application process that follows fair
procedures and rigorous criteria and grants charters only to those developers who
demonstrate strong capacity for establishing and operating a quality charter
school;

(3) Negotiates contracts with charter schools that clearly articulate the
rights and responsibilities of each party regarding school autonomy, expected
outcomes, measures for evaluating success or failure, performance consequences
based on the annual performance report, and other material terms;

(4) Conducts contract oversight that evaluates performance, monitors
compliance, informs intervention and renewal decisions, and ensures autonomy
provided under applicable law; and

(5) Designs and implements a transparent and rigorous process that usescomprehensive data to make merit-based renewal decisions.

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[12.] 14. Sponsors receiving funds under subsection [11] 13 of this

section shall be required to submit annual reports to the joint committee on
education demonstrating they are in compliance with subsection [17] 19 of this
section.

[13.] 15. No university, college or community college shall grant a charter
to a nonprofit corporation if an employee of the university, college or community
college is a member of the corporation's board of directors.

168 [14.] 16. No sponsor shall grant a charter under sections 160.400 to 169160.425 and 167.349 without ensuring that a criminal background check and 170family care safety registry check are conducted for all members of the governing 171board of the charter schools or the incorporators of the charter school if initial 172directors are not named in the articles of incorporation, nor shall a sponsor renew 173a charter without ensuring a criminal background check and family care safety 174registry check are conducted for each member of the governing board of the 175charter school.

176[15.] 17. No member of the governing board of a charter school shall hold any office or employment from the board or the charter school while serving as 177178a member, nor shall the member have any substantial interest, as defined in 179 section 105.450, in any entity employed by or contracting with the board. No board member shall be an employee of a company that provides substantial 180 181 services to the charter school. All members of the governing board of the charter 182school shall be considered decision-making public servants as defined in section 105.450 for the purposes of the financial disclosure requirements contained in 183 184 sections 105.483, 105.485, 105.487, and 105.489.

[16.] 18. A sponsor shall develop the policies and procedures for:
(1) The review of a charter school proposal including an application that
provides sufficient information for rigorous evaluation of the proposed charter and
provides clear documentation that the education program and academic program
are aligned with the state standards and grade-level expectations, and provides
clear documentation of effective governance and management structures, and a

191 sustainable operational plan;

192 (2) The granting of a charter;

(3) The performance contract that the sponsor will use to evaluate the
performance of charter schools. Charter schools shall meet current state
academic performance standards as well as other standards agreed upon by the
sponsor and the charter school in the performance contract;

197 (4) The sponsor's intervention, renewal, and revocation policies, including

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201 subsections 8 and 9 of section 160.405;

202 (5) Additional criteria that the sponsor will use for ongoing oversight of 203 the charter; and

(6) Procedures to be implemented if a charter school should close,
consistent with the provisions of subdivision (15) of subsection 1 of section
160.405.

207 The department shall provide guidance to sponsors in developing such policies208 and procedures.

209[17.] **19.** (1) A sponsor shall provide timely submission to the state board 210of education of all data necessary to demonstrate that the sponsor is in material compliance with all requirements of sections 160.400 to 160.425 and section 211212167.349. The state board of education shall ensure each sponsor is in compliance 213with all requirements under sections 160.400 to 160.425 and 167.349 for each 214charter school sponsored by any sponsor. The state board shall notify each 215sponsor of the standards for sponsorship of charter schools, delineating both what 216is mandated by statute and what best practices dictate. The state board shall 217evaluate sponsors to determine compliance with these standards every three 218years. The evaluation shall include a sponsor's policies and procedures in the 219areas of charter application approval; required charter agreement terms and 220content; sponsor performance evaluation and compliance monitoring; and charter 221renewal, intervention, and revocation decisions. Nothing shall preclude the 222department from undertaking an evaluation at any time for cause.

223(2) If the department determines that a sponsor is in material 224noncompliance with its sponsorship duties, the sponsor shall be notified and 225given reasonable time for remediation. If remediation does not address the 226 compliance issues identified by the department, the commissioner of education 227shall conduct a public hearing and thereafter provide notice to the charter sponsor of corrective action that will be recommended to the state board of 228229education. Corrective action by the department may include withholding the 230sponsor's funding and suspending the sponsor's authority to sponsor a school that 231it currently sponsors or to sponsor any additional school until the sponsor is 232reauthorized by the state board of education under section 160.403.

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(3) The charter sponsor may, within thirty days of receipt of the notice of

the commissioner's recommendation, provide a written statement and other documentation to show cause as to why that action should not be taken. Final determination of corrective action shall be determined by the state board of education based upon a review of the documentation submitted to the department and the charter sponsor.

(4) If the state board removes the authority to sponsor a currently
operating charter school under any provision of law, the Missouri charter public
school commission shall become the sponsor of the school.

[18.] **20.** If a sponsor notifies a charter school of closure under subsection 8 of section 160.405, the department of elementary and secondary education shall exercise its financial withholding authority under subsection 12 of section 160.415 to assure all obligations of the charter school shall be met. The state, charter sponsor, or resident district shall not be liable for any outstanding liability or obligations of the charter school.

160.410. 1. A charter school shall enroll:

(1) All pupils resident in the district in which it operates;

3 (2) Nonresident pupils eligible to attend a district's school under an urban
4 voluntary transfer program;

5 (3) Nonresident pupils who transfer from an unaccredited district under 6 section 167.895, provided that the charter school is an approved charter school, 7 as defined in section 167.895, and subject to all other provisions of section 8 167.895;

9 (4) In the case of a charter school whose mission includes student drop-out 10 prevention or recovery, any nonresident pupil from the same or an adjacent 11 county who resides in a residential care facility, a transitional living group home, 12 or an independent living program whose last school of enrollment is in the school 13 district where the charter school is established, who submits a timely application; 14 [and]

15 (5) In the case of a workplace charter school, any student eligible to 16 attend under subdivision (1) or (2) of this subsection whose parent is employed 17 in the business district, who submits a timely application, unless the number of 18 applications exceeds the capacity of a program, class, grade level or building. The 19 configuration of a business district shall be set forth in the charter and shall not 20 be construed to create an undue advantage for a single employer or small number 21 of employers; and

22 (6) In the case of a recovery charter high school, any pupil who

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is eligible to attend under subdivision (1), (2), or (3) of this subsection,
and any nonresident pupil, who is in recovery from substance use
disorder or substance dependency, or such a condition along with cooccurring disorders such as anxiety, depression, and attention deficit
hyperactivity disorder.

(a) A recovery charter high school may enroll students residing
in another state, provided such student is in recovery from substance
use disorder or substance dependency, or such a condition along with
co-occurring disorders such as anxiety, depression, and attention
deficit hyperactivity disorder.

33 (b) The department of elementary and secondary education may enter into agreements with states to develop a reciprocity agreement 34for students seeking to attend a recovery charter high school in the 3536 state of Missouri. An out-of-state school district from a state subject to 37 a reciprocity agreement having one or more resident pupils attending 38a recovery charter high school in the state of Missouri shall pay to the recovery charter high school an annual amount equal to one hundred 39 five percent of the previous school year's per pupil expenditure in the 40 state of Missouri. If an out-of-state student resides in a state that is not 41 subject to a reciprocity agreement, such student shall pay to the 42recovery charter high school an amount equal to one hundred five 43percent of the previous school year's per pupil expenditure in the state 44 45of Missouri. Such student shall not be included in the count of average 46 daily attendance.

2. If capacity is insufficient to enroll all pupils who submit a timely
application, the charter school shall have an admissions process that assures all
applicants of an equal chance of gaining admission and does not discriminate
based on parents' ability to pay fees or tuition except that:

51 (1) A charter school may establish a geographical area around the school 52 whose residents will receive a preference for enrolling in the school, provided that 53 such preferences do not result in the establishment of racially or 54 socioeconomically isolated schools and provided such preferences conform to 55 policies and guidelines established by the state board of education;

56 (2) A charter school may also give a preference for admission of children 57 whose siblings attend the school or whose parents are employed at the school or 58 in the case of a workplace charter school, a child whose parent is employed in the 59 business district or at the business site of such school. A recovery charter 60 high school may give preference to such students provided such 61 student is in recovery from substance use disorder or substance 62 dependency, or such a condition along with co-occurring disorders such 63 as anxiety, depression, and attention deficit hyper activity;

64 (3) Charter schools may also give a preference for admission to high-risk
65 students, as defined in subdivision (5) of subsection 2 of section 160.405, when
66 the school targets these students through its proposed mission, curriculum,
67 teaching methods, and services;

68 (4) A charter school may also give a preference for admission to students
69 who will be eligible for the free and reduced price lunch program in the upcoming
70 school year.

713. A charter school shall not limit admission based on race, ethnicity, 72 national origin, disability, income level, except as allowed under subdivision (4) of subsection 2 of this section, proficiency in the English language or athletic 73ability, but may limit admission to pupils within a given age group or grade level. 74A recovery charter high school shall limit admission to pupils who are 75in recovery from substance use disorder or substance dependency, or 76such a condition along with co-occurring disorders such as anxiety, 77depression, and attention deficit hyperactivity disorder. Charter schools 78may limit admission based on gender only when the school is a single-gender 79school. Students of a charter school who have been enrolled for a full academic 80 year shall be counted in the performance of the charter school on the statewide 81 82 assessments in that calendar year, unless otherwise exempted as English 83 language learners. For purposes of this subsection, "full academic year" means 84 the last Wednesday in September through the administration of the Missouri assessment program test without transferring out of the school and re-enrolling. 85 4. A charter school shall make available for public inspection, and provide 86 upon request, to the parent, guardian, or other custodian of any school-age pupil 87

resident in the district in which the school is located the following information:

89 (1) The school's charter;

90 (2) The school's most recent annual report card published according to 91 section 160.522;

92 (3) The results of background checks on the charter school's board 93 members; and

94 (4) If a charter school is operated by a management company, a copy of

95 the written contract between the governing board of the charter school and the 96 educational management organization or the charter management organization 97 for services. The charter school may charge reasonable fees, not to exceed the rate specified in section 610.026 for furnishing copies of documents under this 98 99 subsection.

100 5. When a student attending a charter school who is a resident of the school district in which the charter school is located moves out of the boundaries 101 102of such school district, the student may complete the current semester and shall 103 be considered a resident student. The student's parent or legal guardian shall 104be responsible for the student's transportation to and from the charter school.

105 6. If a change in school district boundary lines occurs under section 106 162.223, 162.431, 162.441, or 162.451, or by action of the state board of education 107 under section 162.081, including attachment of a school district's territory to 108 another district or dissolution, such that a student attending a charter school 109 prior to such change no longer resides in a school district in which the charter 110school is located, then the student may complete the current academic year at the 111 charter school. The student shall be considered a resident student. The student's parent or legal guardian shall be responsible for the student's transportation to 112113and from the charter school.

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7. The provisions of sections 167.018 and 167.019 concerning foster 115children's educational rights are applicable to charter schools.

160.415. 1. For the purposes of calculation and distribution of state  $\mathbf{2}$ school aid under section 163.031, pupils enrolled in a charter school shall be 3 included in the pupil enrollment of the school district within which each pupil 4 resides. Each charter school shall report the names, addresses, and eligibility for free and reduced price lunch, special education, or limited English proficiency  $\mathbf{5}$ status, as well as eligibility for categorical aid, of pupils resident in a school 6 7district who are enrolled in the charter school to the school district in which those pupils reside. The charter school shall report the average daily attendance data, 8 free and reduced price lunch count, special education pupil count, and limited 9 10 English proficiency pupil count to the state department of elementary and secondary education. Each charter school shall promptly notify the state 11 12department of elementary and secondary education and the pupil's school district 13 when a student discontinues enrollment at a charter school.

14 2. Except as provided in subsections 3 and 4 of this section, the aid 15payments for charter schools shall be as described in this subsection.

16 (1) A school district having one or more resident pupils attending a 17 charter school shall pay to the charter school an annual amount equal to the 18 product of the charter school's weighted average daily attendance and the state 19 adequacy target, multiplied by the dollar value modifier for the district, plus local 20 tax revenues per weighted average daily attendance from the incidental and 21 teachers' funds in excess of the performance levy as defined in section 163.011 22 plus all other state aid attributable to such pupils.

(2) The district of residence of a pupil attending a charter school shall also
pay to the charter school any other federal or state aid that the district receives
on account of such child.

(3) If the department overpays or underpays the amount due to the
charter school, such overpayment or underpayment shall be repaid by the public
charter school or credited to the public charter school in twelve equal payments
in the next fiscal year.

30 (4) The amounts provided pursuant to this subsection shall be prorated31 for partial year enrollment for a pupil.

32 (5) A school district shall pay the amounts due pursuant to this subsection 33 as the disbursal agent and no later than twenty days following the receipt of any 34 such funds. The department of elementary and secondary education shall pay the 35 amounts due when it acts as the disbursal agent within five days of the required 36 due date.

(6) If a recovery charter high school that has not declared itself 3738 as a local educational agency has one or more nonresident pupils, the 39 nonresident pupils shall not be counted for purposes of determining the 40 amount of aid described in subdivisions (1) and (2) of this 41 subsection. Each school district that has one or more of its resident 42 pupils attending such a charter school shall pay to the charter school, for each such pupil, one hundred percent of its average per-pupil 43expenditure, excluding interest payments and grants. 44

A workplace charter school shall receive payment for each eligible pupil
as provided under subsection 2 of this section, except that if the student is not a
resident of the district and is participating in a voluntary interdistrict transfer
program, the payment for such pupils shall be the same as provided under section
162.1060.

50 4. (1) A charter school that has declared itself as a local educational 51 agency shall receive from the department of elementary and secondary education 52an annual amount equal to the product of the charter school's weighted average 53daily attendance and the state adequacy target, multiplied by the dollar value modifier for the district, plus local tax revenues per weighted average daily 54attendance from the incidental and teachers funds in excess of the performance 55levy as defined in section 163.011 plus all other state aid attributable to such 56pupils. If a charter school declares itself as a local educational agency, the 57 department of elementary and secondary education shall, upon notice of the 58declaration, reduce the payment made to the school district by the amount 5960 specified in this subsection and pay directly to the charter school the annual 61 amount reduced from the school district's payment.

62 (2) (a) If a recovery charter high school that has declared itself 63 as a local educational agency has one or more nonresident pupils, the 64 charter school shall receive from the department of elementary and 65 secondary education an annual amount equal to the amount described in subdivision (1) of this subsection; except that, the nonresident pupils 66 67 shall not be counted for purposes of determining the amount of aid as described in subdivision (1) of this subsection. Each school district 68 that has one or more of its resident pupils attending such a charter 69 70 school as nonresident pupils shall pay to the charter school, for each such pupil, one hundred percent of its average per-pupil expenditure, 7172excluding interest payments and grants.

(b) Upon notice of the charter school's declaration of local educational agency status, the department of elementary and secondary education shall reduce the payment made to the school district in which the charter school is located from any source by the amount specified in subdivision (1) of this subsection, calculated as described in paragraph (a) of this subdivision, and pay directly to the charter school the annual amount reduced from the school district's payment.

80 5. If a school district fails to make timely payments of any amount for 81 which it is the disbursal agent, the state department of elementary and secondary 82 education shall authorize payment to the charter school of the amount due 83 pursuant to subsection 2 of this section and shall deduct the same amount from 84 the next state school aid apportionment to the owing school district. If a charter school is paid more or less than the amounts due pursuant to this section, the 85 amount of overpayment or underpayment shall be adjusted equally in the next 86 twelve payments by the school district or the department of elementary and 87

88 secondary education, as appropriate. Any dispute between the school district and 89 a charter school as to the amount owing to the charter school shall be resolved by the department of elementary and secondary education, and the department's 90 decision shall be the final administrative action for the purposes of review 9192 pursuant to chapter 536. During the period of dispute, the department of elementary and secondary education shall make every administrative and 93 statutory effort to allow the continued education of children in their current 94 95 public charter school setting.

96 6. The charter school, including a recovery charter high school, and a local school board may agree by contract for services to be provided by the 97 school district to the charter school. The charter school may contract with any 98 99 other entity for services. Such services may include but are not limited to food 100 service, custodial service, maintenance, management assistance, curriculum assistance, media services and libraries and shall be subject to negotiation 101 102 between the charter school and the local school board or other entity. Documented actual costs of such services shall be paid for by the charter 103 104 school.

105 7. In the case of a proposed charter school that intends to contract with 106 an education service provider for substantial educational services or management 107 services, the request for proposals shall additionally require the charter school 108 applicant to:

(1) Provide evidence of the education service provider's success in serving
student populations similar to the targeted population, including demonstrated
academic achievement as well as successful management of nonacademic school
functions, if applicable. In the case of a recovery charter high school, such
applicant need only provide evidence of the education service
provider's history of providing such educational services;

(2) Provide a term sheet setting forth the proposed duration of the service contract; roles and responsibilities of the governing board, the school staff, and the service provider; scope of services and resources to be provided by the service provider; performance evaluation measures and time lines; compensation structure, including clear identification of all fees to be paid to the service provider; methods of contract oversight and enforcement; investment disclosure; and conditions for renewal and termination of the contract;

122 (3) Disclose any known conflicts of interest between the school governing123 board and proposed service provider or any affiliated business entities;

(4) Disclose and explain any termination or nonrenewal of contracts for
equivalent services for any other charter school in the United States within the
past five years;

127 (5) Ensure that the legal counsel for the charter school shall report128 directly to the charter school's governing board; and

(6) Provide a process to ensure that the expenditures that the education
service provider intends to bill to the charter school shall receive prior approval
of the governing board or its designee.

132 8. A charter school may enter into contracts with community partnerships
133 and state agencies acting in collaboration with such partnerships that provide
134 services to children and their families linked to the school.

9. A charter school shall be eligible for transportation state aid pursuant to section 163.161 and shall be free to contract with the local district, or any other entity, for the provision of transportation to the students of the charter school.

139 10. (1) The proportionate share of state and federal resources generated 140 by students with disabilities or staff serving them shall be paid in full to charter 141 schools enrolling those students by their school district where such enrollment is 142 through a contract for services described in this section. The proportionate share 143 of money generated under other federal or state categorical aid programs shall 144 be directed to charter schools serving such students eligible for that aid.

(2) A charter school shall provide the special services provided pursuant
to section 162.705 and may provide the special services pursuant to a contract
with a school district or any provider of such services.

148 11. A charter school may not charge tuition or impose fees that a school
149 district is prohibited from charging or imposing, except that a charter school may
150 receive:

(1) Tuition payments from districts in the same or an adjoining county for
nonresident students who transfer to an approved charter school, as defined in
section 167.895, from an unaccredited district; and

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#### (2) Payments from school districts as described in this section.

155 12. A charter school is authorized to incur debt in anticipation of receipt 156 of funds. A charter school may also borrow to finance facilities and other capital 157 items. A school district may incur bonded indebtedness or take other measures 158 to provide for physical facilities and other capital items for charter schools that 159 it sponsors or contracts with. Except as otherwise specifically provided in **SCS SB 525** 

160sections 160.400 to 160.425, upon the dissolution of a charter school, any liabilities of the corporation will be satisfied through the procedures of chapter 161 355. A charter school shall satisfy all its financial obligations within twelve 162 163 months of notice from the sponsor of the charter school's closure under subsection 164 8 of section 160.405. After satisfaction of all its financial obligations, a charter school shall return any remaining state and federal funds to the department of 165166 elementary and secondary education for disposition as stated in subdivision (17) of subsection 1 of section 160.405. The department of elementary and secondary 167 168education may withhold funding at a level the department determines to be 169 adequate during a school's last year of operation until the department determines 170that school records, liabilities, and reporting requirements, including a full audit, 171are satisfied.

172 13. Charter schools shall not have the power to acquire property by173 eminent domain.

174 14. The governing body of a charter school is authorized to accept grants, 175 gifts or donations of any kind and to expend or use such grants, gifts or 176 donations. A grant, gift or donation may not be accepted by the governing body 177 if it is subject to any condition contrary to law applicable to the charter school or 178 other public schools, or contrary to the terms of the charter.

179 15. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, if the 180 provisions of any other section specify a tuition amount to be paid by 181 the resident district for a nonresident pupil attending a recovery 182 charter high school, the provisions of such section specifying the 183 tuition amount shall govern, and the provisions of this section shall not 184 apply to such pupil.

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