SECOND REGULAR SESSION [TRULY AGREED TO AND FINALLY PASSED]

HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

SENATE BILL NO. 581

99TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

2018

4585H.03T

AN ACT

To repeal sections 512.180, 535.030, 535.110, 535.170, 535.200, 535.210, and 535.300, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof seven new sections relating to landlord tenant actions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 512.180, 535.030, 535.110, 535.170, 535.200, 535.210,

- 2 and 535.300, RSMo, are repealed and seven new sections enacted in lieu thereof,
- 3 to be known as sections 512.180, 535.030, 535.110, 535.170, 535.200, 535.210, and
- 4 535.300, to read as follows:
 - 512.180. 1. Any person aggrieved by a judgment in a civil case tried
- 2 without a jury before an associate circuit judge, other than an associate circuit
- 3 judge sitting in the probate division or who has been assigned to hear the case
- 4 on the record under procedures applicable before circuit judges, shall have the
- 5 right of a trial de novo in all cases tried before municipal court or under the
- 6 provisions of chapter 482 or 535.
- 7 2. In all other contested civil cases tried with or without a jury before an
- 8 associate circuit judge or on assignment under such procedures applicable before
- 9 circuit judges or in any misdemeanor case or county ordinance violation case a
- 10 record shall be kept, and any person aggrieved by a judgment rendered in any
- 11 such case may have an appeal upon that record to the appropriate appellate
- 12 court. At the discretion of the judge, but in compliance with the rules of the
- 13 supreme court, the record may be a stenographic record or one made by the
- 14 utilization of electronic, magnetic, or mechanical sound or video recording devices.
 - 535.030. 1. Such summons shall be served as in other civil cases at least

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2 four days before the court date in the summons. The summons shall include a 3 court date which shall not be more than twenty-one business days from the date 4 the summons is issued unless at the time of filing the affidavit the plaintiff or 5 plaintiff's attorney consents in writing to a later date.

2. In addition to attempted personal service, the plaintiff may request, and thereupon the clerk of the court shall make an order directing that the officer, or other person empowered to execute the summons, shall also serve the same by securely affixing a copy of such summons and the complaint in a conspicuous place on the dwelling of the premises in question at least ten days before the court date in such summons, and by also mailing a copy of the summons and complaint to the defendant at the defendant's last known address by ordinary mail at least ten days before the court date. If the officer, or other person empowered to execute the summons, shall return that the defendant is not found, or that the defendant has absconded or vacated his or her usual place of abode in this state, and if proof be made by affidavit of the posting and of the mailing of a copy of the summons and complaint, the judge shall at the request of the plaintiff proceed to hear the case as if there had been personal service, and judgment shall be rendered and proceedings had as in other cases, except that no money judgment shall be granted the plaintiff where the defendant is in default and service is by the posting and mailing procedure set forth in this section.

3. If the plaintiff does not request service of the original summons by posting and mailing as provided in subsection 2 of this section, and if the officer, or other person empowered to execute the summons, makes return that the defendant is not found, or that the defendant has absconded or vacated the defendant's usual place of abode in this state, the plaintiff may request the issuance of an alias summons and service of the same by posting and mailing in the time and manner provided in subsection 2 of this section. In addition, the plaintiff or an agent of the plaintiff who is at least eighteen years of age may serve the summons by posting and mailing a copy of the summons in the time and manner provided in subsection 2 of this section. Upon proof by affidavit of the posting and of the mailing of a copy of the summons or alias summons and the complaint, the judge shall proceed to hear the case as if there had been personal service, and judgment shall be rendered and proceedings had as in other cases, except that no money judgment shall be granted the plaintiff where the defendant is in default and service is by the posting and mailing procedure provided in subsection 2 of this section.

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38 4. The defendant has ten days from the date of the judgment to file a motion to set aside the judgment or to file an application for a trial de novo 39 and unless the judgment is set aside or an application for a trial de novo is 40 filed within ten days, the judgment for possession will become final and the 41 42 defendant will be subject to eviction from the premises without further notice. On the date judgment is rendered if the defendant is in default, the clerk of the court 43 shall mail to the defendant at the defendant's last known address by ordinary 44 mail a notice informing the defendant of the foregoing. 45

535.110. Applications for **trials de novo and** appeals shall be allowed and conducted in the manner provided [as in other civil cases] in **chapter 512**; but no application for **a trial de novo or** an appeal shall stay execution unless the defendant give bond, with security sufficient to secure the payment of all damages, costs and rent then due, into court within ten days after an entry of the judgment by the trial court, all other provisions of law to the contrary notwithstanding. Additional conditions of the appeal bond shall be to stay waste and to pay all subsequently accruing rent, if any, into court within ten days after it becomes due, pending determination of the **trial de novo or** appeal. Execution for the purposes of restoring possession shall be stayed pending an appeal if the losing party posts a sufficient appeal bond.

535.170. After the execution of any judgment for possession pursuant to this chapter, the lessee and the lessee's assignees, and all other persons deriving title under the lease from such lessee, shall be barred from reentry of such premises and from all relief, and except for error in the record or proceedings, the landlord shall from that day hold the demised premises discharged from the lease. Nothing in this section shall preclude an aggrieved party from perfecting an appeal or securing a trial de novo as to any judgment rendered, and may as a result of such appeal or trial de novo recover any damage incurred, including damages incurred from an unlawful dispossession.

535.200. 1. In the twenty-second judicial circuit, upon adoption of an ordinance by the City of St. Louis providing for expenditure of city funds for such purpose, a majority of the circuit judges, en banc, may establish a landlord-tenant court, which shall be a division of the circuit court, and may authorize the appointment of not more than two landlord-tenant court commissioners. The landlord-tenant court commissioners shall be appointed by a landlord-tenant court judicial commission consisting of the presiding judge of the circuit, who shall be the chair, one circuit judge elected by the circuit judges, one associate

- 9 circuit judge elected by the associate circuit judges of the circuit, and two
 10 members appointed by the mayor of the City of St. Louis, each of whom shall
 11 represent one of the two political parties casting the highest number of votes at
 12 the next preceding gubernatorial election. The procedures and operations of the
 13 landlord-tenant court judicial commission shall be established by circuit court
 14 rule.
- 2. Landlord-tenant commissioners may be authorized to hear in the first instance disputes involving landlords and their tenants. Landlord-tenant commissioners shall be authorized to make findings of fact and conclusions of law, and to issue orders for the payment of money, for the giving or taking of possession of residential property and any other equitable relief necessary to resolve disputes governed by the laws in chapters 441, 524, 534, and this chapter. Landlord-tenant commissioners may not, by ex parte means, hear cases and issue orders.
 - 3. Landlord-tenant commissioners shall be licensed to practice law in this state and shall serve at the pleasure of a majority of the circuit and associate circuit judges, en banc, and shall be residents of the City of St. Louis, and shall receive as annual compensation an amount equal to one-third of the annual compensation of an associate circuit judge. Landlord-tenant commissioners shall not accept or handle cases in their practice of law which are inconsistent with their duties as a landlord-tenant commissioner and shall not be a judge or prosecutor for any other court. Landlord-tenant commissioners shall not be considered state employees and shall not be members of the state employees' or judicial retirement system or be eligible to receive any other employment benefit accorded state employees or judges.
 - 4. A majority of the judges of the circuit, en banc, shall establish operating procedures for the landlord-tenant court. Proceedings in the landlord-tenant court shall be conducted as in cases tried before an associate circuit judge. The hearing shall be before a landlord-tenant commissioner without jury, and the commissioner shall assume an affirmative duty to determine the merits of the evidence presented and the defenses of the defendant and may question parties and witnesses. Clerks and computer personnel shall be assigned as needed for the efficient operation of the court.
- 5. The parties to a cause of action before a commissioner of the landlordtenant court are entitled to file with the court a motion for a hearing in associate circuit court within ten days after the mailing, or within ten days after service.

- 6. Operating procedures shall be provided for electronic recording of proceedings at city expense. Any person aggrieved by a judgment in a case decided under this section shall have a right to **a trial de novo in circuit** court, or an appeal to the appropriate appellate court, in the same manner as would a person aggrieved by a decision of an associate circuit judge under section 535.110. The procedures for perfecting the right of **a trial de novo or** an appeal shall be the same as that provided pursuant to sections 512.180 to 512.320.
- 7. Any summons issued for the proceedings in the landlord-tenant court shall have a return date of ten days. The sheriff must attempt to serve any summons within four days of the date of issuance.
- 8. All costs to establish and operate a landlord-tenant court under this section shall be borne by the City of St. Louis.
- 535.210. 1. In the sixteenth judicial circuit, upon adoption of an ordinance by Jackson County providing for expenditure of county funds for such 2 3 purpose, a majority of the circuit court judges, en banc, may establish a landlordtenant court, which shall be a division of the circuit court, and may authorize the appointment of not more than two landlord-tenant court commissioners. The landlord-tenant court commissioners shall be appointed by a landlord-tenant court judicial commission consisting of the presiding judge of the circuit, who shall be the chair, one circuit judge elected by the circuit judges, one associate circuit judge elected by the associate circuit judges of the circuit, and two 10 members appointed by the county executive of Jackson County, each of whom shall represent one of the two political parties casting the highest number of 11 12 votes at the next preceding gubernatorial election. The procedures and 13 operations of the landlord-tenant court judicial commission shall be established by circuit court rule. 14
- 2. Landlord-tenant commissioners may be authorized to hear in the first 15 instance disputes involving landlords and their tenants. Landlord-tenant 16 commissioners shall be authorized to make findings of fact and conclusions of law, 17 and to issue orders for the payment of money, for the giving or taking of 18 19 possession of residential property and any other equitable relief necessary to resolve disputes governed by the laws in chapters 441, 524, 534, and this 20 21chapter. Landlord-tenant commissioners may not, by exparte means, hear cases 22and issue orders.
- 3. Landlord-tenant commissioners shall be licensed to practice law in this state and shall serve at the pleasure of a majority of the circuit and associate

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25 circuit judges, en banc, and shall be residents of Jackson County, and shall 26 receive as annual compensation an amount equal to one-third of the annual compensation of an associate circuit judge. Landlord-tenant commissioners shall 27 not accept or handle cases in their practice of law which are inconsistent with 2829 their duties as a landlord-tenant commissioner and shall not be a judge or prosecutor for any other court. Landlord-tenant commissioners shall not be 30 considered state employees and shall not be members of the state employees' or 31 32 judicial retirement system or be eligible to receive any other employment benefit 33 accorded state employees or judges.

- 4. A majority of the judges of the circuit court, en banc, shall establish operating procedures for the landlord-tenant court. Proceedings in the landlordtenant court, shall be conducted as in cases tried before an associate circuit judge. The hearing shall be before a landlord-tenant commissioner without jury, and the commissioner shall assume an affirmative duty to determine the merits of the evidence presented and the defenses of the defendant and may question parties and witnesses. Clerks and computer personnel shall be assigned as needed for the efficient operation of the court.
- 5. The parties to a cause of action before a commissioner of the landlordtenant court are entitled to file with the court a motion for a hearing in associate circuit court within ten days after the mailing, or within ten days after service.
- 6. Operating procedures shall be provided for electronic recording of proceedings at county expense. Any person aggrieved by a judgment in a case decided under this section shall have a right to a trial de novo in circuit court, or an appeal to the appropriate appellate court, in the same manner as 48 49 would a person aggrieved by a decision of an associate circuit judge under section 535.110. The procedures for perfecting the right of a trial de novo or an appeal shall be the same as that provided pursuant to sections 512.180 to 512.320.
- 52 7. Any summons issued for the proceedings in the landlord-tenant court shall have a return date of ten days from the date of service. Service must be 53 attempted within four days of the date of issuance. 54
- 55 8. All costs to establish and operate a landlord-tenant court under this 56 section shall be borne by Jackson County.
- 535.300. 1. A landlord may not demand or receive a security deposit in 2 excess of two months' rent.
- 3 2. All security deposits shall be held by the landlord for the tenant, who is a party to the rental agreement, in a bank, credit union, or depository

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5 institution which is insured by an agency of the federal government. [Security

- 6 deposits shall not be commingled with other funds of the landlord. All security
- 7 deposits shall be held in a trust established by the landlord and deposited in a
- 8 bank, credit union, or depository institution account in the name of the trustee.]
- 9 Any interest earned on a security deposit shall be the property of the landlord.
- 10 [A landlord licensed under and subject to the requirements of chapter 339, in lieu
- 11 of complying with this subsection, shall maintain all tenant security deposits in
- 12 a bank, credit union, financial or depository institution account, and shall not
- 13 commingle such security deposits with other funds of the landlord except as
- 14 provided in section 339.105.] A housing authority created under section 99.040
- 15 or any other government entity acting as a landlord shall not be subject to this
- 16 subsection.

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- 3. Within thirty days after the date of termination of the tenancy, the
- 18 landlord shall:
 - (1) Return the full amount of the security deposit; or
- 20 (2) Furnish to the tenant a written itemized list of the damages for which
- 21 the security deposit or any portion thereof is withheld, along with the balance of
- 22 the security deposit.
- 23 The landlord shall have complied with this subsection by mailing such statement
- 24 and any payment to the last known address of the tenant.
- 4. The landlord may withhold from the security deposit only such amounts
- 26 as are reasonably necessary for the following reasons:
- 27 (1) To remedy a tenant's default in the payment of rent due to the
- 28 landlord, pursuant to the rental agreement;
- 29 (2) To restore the dwelling unit to its condition at the commencement of
- 30 the tenancy, ordinary wear and tear excepted; provided, however, that this
- 31 subdivision does not preclude a landlord and tenant from agreeing, in the rental
- 32 agreement between them, upon amounts or fees to be charged for cleaning of the
- 33 carpet, and such amounts actually expended for carpet cleaning can be withheld
- 34 from the security deposit, so long as the rental agreement also includes a
- 35 provision notifying the tenant that he or she may be liable for actual costs for
- 36 carpet cleaning that exceed ordinary wear and tear, which may also be withheld
- 37 from the security deposit. Within thirty days of the end of the tenancy, the
- 38 landlord shall provide the tenant a receipt for the actual carpet cleaning costs;
- 39 or

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(3) To compensate the landlord for actual damages sustained as a result

of the tenant's failure to give adequate notice to terminate the tenancy pursuant to law or the rental agreement; provided that the landlord makes reasonable efforts to mitigate damages.

- 5. The landlord shall give the tenant or his representative reasonable notice in writing at his last known address or in person of the date and time when the landlord will inspect the dwelling unit following the termination of the rental agreement to determine the amount of the security deposit to be withheld, and the inspection shall be held at a reasonable time. The tenant shall have the right to be present at the inspection of the dwelling unit at the time and date scheduled by the landlord.
- 6. If the landlord wrongfully withholds all or any portion of the security deposit in violation of this section, the tenant shall recover as damages twice the amount wrongfully withheld.
- 7. Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the right of the landlord to recover actual damages in excess of the security deposit, or to permit a tenant to apply or deduct any portion of the security deposit at any time in lieu of payment of rent.
- 8. As used in this section, the term "security deposit" means any deposit of money or property, however denominated, which is furnished by a tenant to a landlord to secure the performance of any part of the rental agreement, including damages to the dwelling unit. This term does not include any money or property denominated as a deposit for a pet on the premises.

