## SECOND REGULAR SESSION

## SENATE BILL NO. 661

## 99TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR RIDDLE.

Pre-filed December 1, 2017, and ordered printed.

5192S.01I

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ADRIANE D. CROUSE, Secretary.

## AN ACT

To repeal section 552.020, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof one new section relating to persons committed to the department of mental health due to the lack of mental fitness to stand trial.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

offense so long as the incapacity endures.

Section A. Section 552.020, RSMo, is repealed and one new section 2 enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as section 552.020, to read as follows:

552.020. 1. No person who as a result of mental disease or defect lacks capacity to understand the proceedings against him **or her** or to assist in his **or** her own defense shall be tried, convicted or sentenced for the commission of an

5 2. Whenever any judge has reasonable cause to believe that the accused lacks mental fitness to proceed, [he] the judge shall, upon his or her own 7 motion or upon motion filed by the state or by or on behalf of the accused, by order of record, appoint one or more private psychiatrists or psychologists, as defined in section 632.005, or physicians with a minimum of one year training or 10 experience in providing treatment or services to persons with an intellectual disability or developmental disability or mental illness, who are neither 11 employees nor contractors of the department of mental health for purposes of 12performing the examination in question, to examine the accused; or shall direct 13 the director to have the accused so examined by one or more psychiatrists or 14 psychologists, as defined in section 632.005, or physicians with a minimum of one 15

17 intellectual disability, developmental disability, or mental illness. The order

year training or experience in providing treatment or services to persons with an

18 shall direct that a written report or reports of such examination be filed with the

EXPLANATION—Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

19 clerk of the court. No private physician, psychiatrist, or psychologist shall be 20 appointed by the court unless he or she has consented to act. The examinations ordered shall be made at such time and place and under such conditions as the 21 22 court deems proper; except that, if the order directs the director of the 23 department to have the accused examined, the director, or his or her designee, shall determine the time, place and conditions under which the examination shall 24be conducted. The order may include provisions for the interview of witnesses 25 26 and may require the provision of police reports to the department for use in 27 evaluations. The department shall establish standards and provide training for 28 those individuals performing examinations pursuant to this section and section 29 552.030. No individual who is employed by or contracts with the department 30 shall be designated to perform an examination pursuant to this chapter unless 31 the individual meets the qualifications so established by the department. Any 32examination performed pursuant to this subsection shall be completed and filed 33 with the court within sixty days of the order unless the court for good cause orders otherwise. Nothing in this section or section 552.030 shall be construed 34 35 to permit psychologists to engage in any activity not authorized by chapter 337. One pretrial evaluation shall be provided at no charge to the defendant by 36 37 the department. All costs of subsequent evaluations shall be assessed to the 38 party requesting the evaluation.

- 3. A report of the examination made under this section shall include:
- (1) Detailed findings;

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- (2) An opinion as to whether the accused has a mental disease or defect;
- (3) An opinion based upon a reasonable degree of medical or psychological certainty as to whether the accused, as a result of a mental disease or defect, lacks capacity to understand the proceedings against him **or her** or to assist in his **or her** own defense;
- 46 (4) A recommendation as to whether the accused should be held in custody 47 in a suitable hospital facility for treatment pending determination, by the court, 48 of mental fitness to proceed; and
- 49 (5) A recommendation as to whether the accused, if found by the court to 50 be mentally fit to proceed, should be detained in such hospital facility pending 51 further proceedings.
- 4. If the accused has pleaded lack of responsibility due to mental disease or defect or has given the written notice provided in subsection 2 of section 54 552.030, the court shall order the report of the examination conducted pursuant

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to this section to include, in addition to the information required in subsection 3 55 56 of this section, an opinion as to whether at the time of the alleged criminal 57 conduct the accused, as a result of mental disease or defect, did not know or appreciate the nature, quality, or wrongfulness of his or her conduct or as a 58 result of mental disease or defect was incapable of conforming his or her conduct 59 to the requirements of law. A plea of not guilty by reason of mental disease or 60 defect shall not be accepted by the court in the absence of any such pretrial 61 62 evaluation which supports such a defense. In addition, if the accused has pleaded not guilty by reason of mental disease or defect, and the alleged crime is not a 63 dangerous felony as defined in section 556.061, or those crimes set forth in 64 65 subsection 11 of section 552.040, or the attempts thereof, the court shall order the 66 report of the examination to include an opinion as to whether or not the accused 67 should be immediately conditionally released by the court pursuant to the provisions of section 552.040 or should be committed to a mental health or 68 69 developmental disability facility. If such an evaluation is conducted at the 70 direction of the director of the department of mental health, the court shall also 71 order the report of the examination to include an opinion as to the conditions of release which are consistent with the needs of the accused and the interest of 7273 public safety, including, but not limited to, the following factors:

- (1) Location and degree of necessary supervision of housing;
- (2) Location of and responsibilities for appropriate psychiatric, rehabilitation and aftercare services, including the frequency of such services;
- 77 (3) Medication follow-up, including necessary testing to monitor medication compliance; 78
  - (4) At least monthly contact with the department's forensic case monitor;
- 80 (5) Any other conditions or supervision as may be warranted by the circumstances of the case.
  - 5. If the report contains the recommendation that the accused should be committed to or held in a suitable hospital facility pending determination of the issue of mental fitness to proceed, and if the accused is not admitted to bail or released on other conditions, the court may order that the accused be committed to or held in a suitable hospital facility pending determination of the issue of mental fitness to proceed.
  - 6. The clerk of the court shall deliver copies of the report to the prosecuting or circuit attorney and to the accused or his or her counsel. The report shall not be a public record or open to the public. Within ten days after

the filing of the report, both the defendant and the state shall, upon written request, be entitled to an order granting them an examination of the accused by a psychiatrist or psychologist, as defined in section 632.005, or a physician with a minimum of one year training or experience in providing treatment or services to persons with an intellectual disability or developmental disability or mental illness, of their own choosing and at their own expense. An examination performed pursuant to this subsection shall be completed and a report filed with the court within sixty days of the date it is received by the department or private psychiatrist, psychologist or physician unless the court, for good cause, orders otherwise. A copy shall be furnished the opposing party.

- 7. If neither the state nor the accused nor his **or her** counsel requests a second examination relative to fitness to proceed or contests the findings of the report referred to in subsections 2 and 3 of this section, the court may make a determination and finding on the basis of the report filed or may hold a hearing on its own motion. If any such opinion is contested, the court shall hold a hearing on the issue. The court shall determine the issue of mental fitness to proceed and may impanel a jury of six persons to assist in making the determination. The report or reports may be received in evidence at any hearing on the issue but the party contesting any opinion therein shall have the right to summon and to cross-examine the examiner who rendered such opinion and to offer evidence upon the issue.
- 8. At a hearing on the issue pursuant to subsection 7 of this section, the accused is presumed to have the mental fitness to proceed. The burden of proving that the accused does not have the mental fitness to proceed is by a preponderance of the evidence and the burden of going forward with the evidence is on the party raising the issue. The burden of going forward shall be on the state if the court raises the issue.
- 9. If the court determines that the accused lacks mental fitness to proceed, the criminal proceedings shall be suspended and the court shall commit him or her to the director of the department of mental health. After the accused has been committed, legal counsel for the department of mental health shall have standing to file motions and participate in hearings on the issue of involuntary medications.
- 10. Any person committed pursuant to subsection 9 of this section shall be entitled to the writ of habeas corpus upon proper petition to the court that committed him **or her**. The issue of the mental fitness to proceed after

commitment under subsection 9 of this section may also be raised by a motion filed by the director of the department of mental health or by the state, alleging the mental fitness of the accused to proceed. A report relating to the issue of the accused's mental fitness to proceed may be attached thereto. If the motion is not contested by the accused or his or her counsel or if after a hearing on a motion the court finds the accused mentally fit to proceed, or if he or she is ordered discharged from the director's custody upon a habeas corpus hearing, the criminal proceedings shall be resumed.

- 11. The following provisions shall apply after a commitment as provided in this section:
- (1) Six months after such commitment, the court which ordered the accused committed shall order an examination by the head of the facility in which the accused is committed, or a qualified designee, to ascertain whether the accused is mentally fit to proceed and if not, whether there is a substantial probability that the accused will attain the mental fitness to proceed to trial in the foreseeable future. The order shall direct that written report or reports of the examination be filed with the clerk of the court within thirty days and the clerk shall deliver copies to the prosecuting attorney or circuit attorney and to the accused or his **or her** counsel. The report required by this subsection shall conform to the requirements under subsection 3 of this section with the additional requirement that it include an opinion, if the accused lacks mental fitness to proceed, as to whether there is a substantial probability that the accused will attain the mental fitness to proceed in the foreseeable future;
- (2) Within ten days after the filing of the report, both the accused and the state shall, upon written request, be entitled to an order granting them an examination of the accused by a psychiatrist or psychologist, as defined in section 632.005, or a physician with a minimum of one year training or experience in providing treatment or services to persons with an intellectual disability or developmental disability or mental illness, of their own choosing and at their own expense. An examination performed pursuant to this subdivision shall be completed and filed with the court within thirty days unless the court, for good cause, orders otherwise. A copy shall be furnished to the opposing party;
- (3) If neither the state nor the accused nor his **or her** counsel requests a second examination relative to fitness to proceed or contests the findings of the report referred to in subdivision (1) of this subsection, the court may make a determination and finding on the basis of the report filed, or may hold a hearing

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on its own motion. If any such opinion is contested, the court shall hold a hearing on the issue. The report or reports may be received in evidence at any hearing on the issue but the party contesting any opinion therein relative to fitness to proceed shall have the right to summon and to cross-examine the examiner who rendered such opinion and to offer evidence upon the issue;

- (4) If the accused is found mentally fit to proceed, the criminal proceedings shall be resumed;
- (5) If it is found that the accused lacks mental fitness to proceed but there is a substantial probability the accused will be mentally fit to proceed in the reasonably foreseeable future, the court shall continue such commitment for a period not longer than six months, after which the court shall reinstitute the proceedings required under subdivision (1) of this subsection;
- (6) If it is found that the accused lacks mental fitness to proceed and there is no substantial probability that the accused will be mentally fit to proceed in the reasonably foreseeable future, the court shall dismiss the charges without prejudice and the accused shall be discharged, but only if proper proceedings have been filed under chapter 632 or chapter 475, in which case those sections and no others will be applicable. The probate division of the circuit court shall have concurrent jurisdiction over the accused upon the filing of a proper pleading to determine if the accused shall be involuntarily detained under chapter 632, or to determine if the accused shall be declared incapacitated under chapter 475, and approved for admission by the guardian under section 632.120 or 633.120, to a mental health or developmental disability facility. When such proceedings are filed, the criminal charges shall be dismissed without prejudice if the court finds that the accused is mentally ill and should be committed or that he or she is incapacitated and should have a guardian appointed. The period of limitation on prosecuting any criminal offense shall be tolled during the period that the accused lacks mental fitness to proceed.
- 12. If the question of the accused's mental fitness to proceed was raised after a jury was impaneled to try the issues raised by a plea of not guilty and the court determines that the accused lacks the mental fitness to proceed or orders the accused committed for an examination pursuant to this section, the court may declare a mistrial. Declaration of a mistrial under these circumstances, or dismissal of the charges pursuant to subsection 11 of this section, does not constitute jeopardy, nor does it prohibit the trial, sentencing or execution of the accused for the same offense after he **or she** has been found restored to

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200 13. The result of any examinations made pursuant to this section shall 201 not be a public record or open to the public.

14. No statement made by the accused in the course of any examination or treatment pursuant to this section and no information received by any examiner or other person in the course thereof, whether such examination or treatment was made with or without the consent of the accused or upon his **or her** motion or upon that of others, shall be admitted in evidence against the accused on the issue of guilt in any criminal proceeding then or thereafter pending in any court, state or federal. A finding by the court that the accused is mentally fit to proceed shall in no way prejudice the accused in a defense to the crime charged on the ground that at the time thereof he **or she** was afflicted with a mental disease or defect excluding responsibility, nor shall such finding by the court be introduced in evidence on that issue nor otherwise be brought to the notice of the jury.



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