## SECOND REGULAR SESSION

## **SENATE BILL NO. 807**

## 96TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR DEMPSEY.

Read 1st time February 16, 2012, and ordered printed.

5698S.01I

TERRY L. SPIELER, Secretary.

## AN ACT

To repeal sections 287.140, 287.141, 287.143, 287.149, 287.160, 287.210, 287.220, 287.690, and 287.715, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof ten new sections relating to workers' compensation, with an emergency clause for certain sections, with existing penalty provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 287.140, 287.141, 287.143, 287.149, 287.160, 287.210,
287.220, 287.690, and 287.715, RSMo, are repealed and ten new sections enacted
in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 287.140, 287.141, 287.143, 287.149,
287.160, 287.165, 287.210, 287.220, 287.690, and 287.715, to read as follows:

287.140. 1. In addition to all other compensation paid to the employee  $\mathbf{2}$ under this section, the employee shall receive and the employer shall provide such medical, surgical, chiropractic, and hospital treatment, including nursing, 3 4 custodial, ambulance and medicines, as may reasonably be required after the injury or disability, to cure and relieve from the effects of the injury. If the 5 6 employee desires, he shall have the right to select his own physician, surgeon, or other such requirement at his own expense. Where the requirements are 7 8 furnished by a public hospital or other institution, payment therefor shall be made to the proper authorities. Regardless of whether the health care provider 9 10 is selected by the employer or is selected by the employee at the employee's expense, the health care provider shall have the affirmative duty to communicate 11 12fully with the employee regarding the nature of the employee's injury and recommended treatment exclusive of any evaluation for a permanent disability 1314 rating. Failure to perform such duty to communicate shall constitute a 15disciplinary violation by the provider subject to the provisions of chapter

620. When an employee is required to submit to medical examinations or 1617necessary medical treatment at a place outside of the local or metropolitan area from the employee's principal place of employment, the employer [or], its insurer, 18 19or the second injury fund shall advance or reimburse the employee for all necessary and reasonable expenses; except that an injured employee who resides 2021outside the state of Missouri and who is employed by an employer located in 22Missouri shall have the option of selecting the location of services provided in this 23section either at a location within one hundred miles of the injured employee's 24residence, place of injury or place of hire by the employer. The choice of provider within the location selected shall continue to be made by the employer. In case 2526of a medical examination if a dispute arises as to what expenses shall be paid by the employer, the matter shall be presented to the [legal advisor, the] 27administrative law judge or the commission, who shall set the sum to be paid and 2829same shall be paid by the employer prior to the medical examination. In no event, however, shall the employer [or], its insurer, or the second injury fund 30 be required to pay transportation costs for a greater distance than two hundred 3132fifty miles each way from place of treatment.

2. If it be shown to the division or the commission that the requirements are being furnished in such manner that there is reasonable ground for believing that the life, health, or recovery of the employee is endangered thereby, the division or the commission may order a change in the physician, surgeon, hospital or other requirement.

383. All fees and charges under this chapter shall be fair and reasonable, shall be subject to regulation by the division or the commission, or the board of 39rehabilitation in rehabilitation cases. A health care provider shall not charge a 40fee for treatment and care which is governed by the provisions of this chapter 4142greater than the usual and customary fee the provider receives for the same treatment or service when the payor for such treatment or service is a private 43individual or a private health insurance carrier. The division or the commission, 44 or the board of rehabilitation in rehabilitation cases, shall also have jurisdiction 45to hear and determine all disputes as to such charges. A health care provider is 4647bound by the determination upon the reasonableness of health care bills.

48 4. The division shall, by regulation, establish methods to resolve disputes49 concerning the reasonableness of medical charges, services, or aids.

50 This regulation shall govern resolution of disputes between employers and 51 medical providers over fees charged, whether or not paid, and shall be in lieu of any other administrative procedure under this chapter. The employee shall not
be a party to a dispute over medical charges, nor shall the employee's recovery
in any way be jeopardized because of such dispute.

55 5. No compensation shall be payable for the death or disability of an 56 employee, if and insofar as the death or disability may be caused, continued or 57 aggravated by any unreasonable refusal to submit to any medical or surgical 58 treatment or operation, the risk of which is, in the opinion of the division or the 59 commission, inconsiderable in view of the seriousness of the injury. If the 60 employee dies as a result of an operation made necessary by the injury, the death 61 shall be deemed to be caused by the injury.

6. The testimony of any physician or chiropractic physician who treated
the employee shall be admissible in evidence in any proceedings for compensation
under this chapter, subject to all of the provisions of section 287.210.

7. Every hospital or other person furnishing the employee with medical aid shall permit its record to be copied by and shall furnish full information to the division or the commission, the employer, the employee or his dependents and any other party to any proceedings for compensation under this chapter, and certified copies of the records shall be admissible in evidence in any such proceedings.

8. The employer may be required by the division or the commission to 7172furnish an injured employee with artificial legs, arms, hands, surgical orthopedic joints, or eyes, or braces, as needed, for life whenever the division or the 7374commission shall find that the injured employee may be partially or wholly 75relieved of the effects of a permanent injury by the use thereof. The director of the division shall establish a procedure whereby a claim for compensation may 76be reactivated after settlement of such claim is completed. The claim shall be 77reactivated only after the claimant can show good cause for the reactivation of 78this claim and the claim shall be made only for the payment of medical 79procedures involving life-threatening surgical procedures or if the claimant 80 requires the use of a new, or the modification, alteration or exchange of an 81 82existing, prosthetic device. For the purpose of this subsection, "life threatening" 83 shall mean a situation or condition which, if not treated immediately, will likely result in the death of the injured worker. 84

9. Nothing in this chapter shall prevent an employee being provided treatment for his injuries by prayer or spiritual means if the employer does not object to the treatment. 99

10. The employer shall have the right to select the licensed treating physician, surgeon, chiropractic physician, or other health care provider; provided, however, that such physicians, surgeons or other health care providers shall offer only those services authorized within the scope of their licenses. For the purpose of this subsection, subsection 2 of section 287.030 shall not apply.

93 11. Any physician or other health care provider who orders, directs or 94 refers a patient for treatment, testing, therapy or rehabilitation at any institution 95 or facility shall, at or prior to the time of the referral, disclose in writing if such 96 health care provider, any of his partners or his employer has a financial interest 97 in the institution or facility to which the patient is being referred, to the 98 following:

(1) The patient;

100 (2) The employer of the patient with workers' compensation liability for101 the injury or disease being treated;

102 (3) The workers' compensation insurer of such employer; and

103 (4) The workers' compensation adjusting company for such insurer.

104 12. Violation of subsection 11 of this section is a class A misdemeanor.

10513. (1) No hospital, physician or other health care provider, other than a hospital, physician or health care provider selected by the employee at his own 106 107 expense pursuant to subsection 1 of this section, shall bill or attempt to collect 108any fee or any portion of a fee for services rendered to an employee due to a 109 work-related injury or report to any credit reporting agency any failure of the 110employee to make such payment, when an injury covered by this chapter has occurred and such hospital, physician or health care provider has received actual 111 notice given in writing by the employee, the employer or the employer's 112insurer. Actual notice shall be deemed received by the hospital, physician or 113health care provider five days after mailing by certified mail by the employer or 114insurer to the hospital, physician or health care provider. 115

- 116 (2) The notice shall include:
- 117 (a) The name of the employer;

118 (b) The name of the insurer, if known;

- 119 (c) The name of the employee receiving the services;
- 120 (d) The general nature of the injury, if known; and

121 (e) Where a claim has been filed, the claim number, if known.

122 (3) When an injury is found to be noncompensable under this chapter, the

123 hospital, physician or other health care provider shall be entitled to pursue the

124employee for any unpaid portion of the fee or other charges for authorized 125services provided to the employee. Any applicable statute of limitations for an action for such fees or other charges shall be tolled from the time notice is given 126 127to the division by a hospital, physician or other health care provider pursuant to 128subdivision (6) of this subsection, until a determination of noncompensability in 129regard to the injury which is the basis of such services is made, or in the event 130 there is an appeal to the labor and industrial relations commission, until a 131decision is rendered by that commission.

(4) If a hospital, physician or other health care provider or a debt collector on behalf of such hospital, physician or other health care provider pursues any action to collect from an employee after such notice is properly given, the employee shall have a cause of action against the hospital, physician or other health care provider for actual damages sustained plus up to one thousand dollars in additional damages, costs and reasonable attorney's fees.

(5) If an employer or insurer fails to make payment for authorized services provided to the employee by a hospital, physician or other health care provider pursuant to this chapter, the hospital, physician or other health care provider may proceed pursuant to subsection 4 of this section with a dispute against the employer or insurer for any fees or other charges for services provided.

(6) A hospital, physician or other health care provider whose services have 144145been authorized in advance by the employer or insurer may give notice to the 146division of any claim for fees or other charges for services provided for a work-related injury that is covered by this chapter, with copies of the notice to 147the employee, employer and the employer's insurer. Where such notice has been 148149filed, the administrative law judge may order direct payment from the proceeds of any settlement or award to the hospital, physician or other health care 150provider for such fees as are determined by the division. The notice shall be on 151152a form prescribed by the division.

153 14. The employer may allow or require an employee to use any of the 154 employee's accumulated paid leave, personal leave, or medical or sick leave to 155 attend to medical treatment, physical rehabilitation, or medical evaluations 156 during work time. The intent of this subsection is to specifically supercede and 157 abrogate any case law that contradicts the express language of this section.

287.141. 1. The purpose of this section is to restore the injured person as2 soon as possible and as nearly as possible to a condition of self-support and

3 maintenance as an able-bodied worker by physical rehabilitation. The provisions
4 of this chapter relating to physical rehabilitation shall be under the control of and
5 administered by the director of the division of workers' compensation. The
6 division of workers' compensation shall make such rules and regulations as may
7 be necessary to carry out the purposes of this section, subject to the approval of
8 the labor and industrial relations commission of Missouri.

9 2. The division of workers' compensation shall continuously study the problems of physical rehabilitation and shall investigate all rehabilitation 10 11 facilities, both private and public, and upon such investigation shall approve as 12qualified all such facilities, institutions and physicians as are capable of rendering competent physical rehabilitation service for seriously injured 13industrial workers. Rehabilitation facilities shall include medical, surgical, 14hospital and physical restoration services. No facility or institution shall be 15considered as qualified unless it is equipped to provide physical rehabilitation 16services for persons suffering either from some specialized type of disability or 17general type of disability within the field of industrial injury, and unless such 18facility or institution is operated under the supervision of a physician qualified 1920to render physical rehabilitation service and is staffed with trained and qualified personnel and has received a certificate of qualification from the division of 2122workers' compensation. No physician shall be considered as qualified unless he 23has had the experience prescribed by the division.

243. In any case of serious injury involving disability following the period 25of rendition of medical aid as provided by subsection 1 of section 287.140, where 26physical rehabilitation is necessary if the employer or insurer shall offer such physical rehabilitation to the injured employee and such physical rehabilitation 27is accepted by the employee, then in such case the director of the division of 28workers' compensation shall be immediately notified thereof and thereupon enter 29his approval to such effect[, and the director of the division of workers' 30 compensation shall requisition the payment of forty dollars per week benefit from 3132the second injury fund in the state treasury to be paid to the employee while he is actually being rehabilitated, and shall immediately notify the state treasurer 3334thereof by furnishing him with a copy of his order]. But in no case shall the 35period of physical rehabilitation extend beyond twenty weeks except in unusual 36cases and then only by a special order of the division of workers' compensation for such additional period as the division may authorize. 37

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4. In all cases where physical rehabilitation is offered and accepted or

ordered by the division, the employer or insurer shall have the right to select any
physician, facility, or institution that has been found qualified by the division of
workers' compensation as above set forth.

42 5. If the parties disagree as to such physical rehabilitation treatment, where such treatment appears necessary, then either the employee, the employer, 4344or insurer may file a request with the division of workers' compensation for an order for physical rehabilitation and the director of the division shall hear the 45parties within ten days after the filing of the request. The director of the division 46 47shall forthwith notify the parties of the time and place of the hearing, and the hearing shall be held at a place to be designated at the discretion of the 48division. The director of the division may conduct such hearing or he may direct 4950one of the administrative law judges to conduct same. Such hearing shall be informal in all respects. The director of the division shall, after considering all 5152evidence at such hearing, within ten days make his order in the matter, either denying such request or ordering the employer or insurer within a reasonable 53time, to furnish physical rehabilitation, and ordering the employee to accept the 54same, at the expense of the employer or insurer. [When the order requires 55physical rehabilitation, it shall also include an order to requisition the payment 56of forty dollars per week out of the second injury fund in the state treasury to the 5758injured employee during such time as such employee is actually receiving physical 59rehabilitation.]

60 6. In every case where physical rehabilitation shall be ordered, the 61 director of the division may, in his discretion, order the employer or insurer to 62 furnish transportation to the injured employee to such rehabilitation facility or 63 institution.

64 7. As used in this section, the term "physical rehabilitation" shall be
65 deemed to include medical, surgical and hospital treatment in the same respect
66 as required to be furnished under subsection 1 of section 287.140.

8. An appeal from any order of the division of workers' compensation
hereby created to the appellate court may be taken and governed in all respects
in the same manner as appeals in workers' compensation cases generally under
section 287.495.

287.143. As a guide to the interpretation and application of sections
287.144 to 287.149, sections 287.144 to 287.149 shall not be construed to require
the employer to provide vocational rehabilitation to a severely injured employee.
An employee shall submit to appropriate vocational testing and a vocational

5 rehabilitation assessment scheduled by an employer [or], its insurer, or the

6 attorney general on behalf of the second injury fund.

287.149. 1. Temporary total disability or temporary partial disability2 benefits shall be paid throughout the rehabilitative process.

2. The permanency of the employee's disability under sections 287.170 to
287.200 shall not be established, determined or adjudicated while the employee
is participating in rehabilitation services.

6 3. Refusal of the employee to accept rehabilitation services or submit to 7 a vocational rehabilitation assessment as deemed necessary by the employer or 8 **the attorney general on behalf of the second injury fund** shall result in 9 a fifty percent reduction in all disability payments to an employee, including 10 temporary partial disability benefits paid pursuant to section 287.180, for each 11 week of the period of refusal.

287.160. 1. Except as provided in section 287.140, no compensation shall be payable for the first three days or less of disability during which the employer is open for the purpose of operating its business or enterprise unless the disability shall last longer than fourteen days. If the disability lasts longer than fourteen days, payment for the first three days shall be made retroactively to the claimant.

72. Compensation shall be payable as the wages were paid prior to the 8 injury, but in any event at least once every two weeks. If an injured employee 9 claims benefits pursuant to this section, an employer may, if the employee agrees 10 in writing, pay directly to the employee any benefits due pursuant to section 11 287.170. The employer shall continue such payments until the insurer starts making the payments or the claim is contested by any party. Where the claim is 12found to be compensable the employer's workers' compensation insurer shall 13indemnify the employer for any payments made pursuant to this subsection. If 14the employee's claim is found to be fraudulent or noncompensable, after a 15hearing, the employee shall reimburse the employer, or the insurer if the insurer 16has indemnified the employer, for any benefits received either by a: 17

18 (1) Lump sum payment;

19 (2) Refund of the compensation equivalent of any accumulated sick or20 disability leave;

21 (3) Payroll deduction; or

(4) Secured installment plan. If the employee is no longer employed bysuch employer, the employer may garnish the employee's wages or execute upon

any property, except real estate, of the employee. Nothing in this subsection shall
be construed to require any employer to make payments directly to the employee.

3. Where weekly benefit payments that are not being contested by the 2627employer or his insurer are due, and if such weekly benefit payments are made more than thirty days after becoming due, the weekly benefit payments that are 2829late shall be increased by [ten percent simple interest per annum] the interest 30 rate established in section 287.165. Provided, however, that if such claim for 31weekly compensation is contested by the employee, and the employer or his 32insurer have not paid the disputed weekly benefit payments or lump sum within thirty days of when the administrative law judge's order becomes final, or from 33 the date of a decision by the labor and industrial relations commission, or from 34the date of the last judicial review, whichever is later, interest on such disputed 35weekly benefit payments or lump sum so ordered, shall be increased by ten 36 37percent simple interest per annum beginning thirty days from the date of such order. Provided, however, that if such claims for weekly compensation are 38contested solely by the employer or insurer, no interest shall be payable until 39 after thirty days after the award of the administrative law judge. The state of 40Missouri or any of its political subdivisions, as an employer, is liable for any such 41 interest assessed against it for failure to promptly pay on any award issued 4243against it under this chapter.

44 4. Compensation shall be payable in accordance with the rules given in 45 sections 287.170, 287.180, 287.190, 287.200, 287.240, and 287.250.

5. The employer shall not be entitled to credit for wages or such pay
benefits paid to the employee or his dependents on account of the injury or death
except as provided in section 287.270.

287.165. Unless otherwise provided for under this chapter,
interest for the purpose of this chapter shall be set at the adjusted rate
of interest established by the director of revenue pursuant to section
32.065.

287.210. 1. After an employee has received an injury he shall from time to time thereafter during disability submit to reasonable medical examination at the request of the employer, [his] the employer's insurer, the commission, the division [or], an administrative law judge, or the attorney general on behalf of the second injury fund, the time and place of which shall be fixed with due regard to the convenience of the employee and his physical condition and ability to attend. The employee may have his own physician present, and if the 8 employee refuses to submit to the examination, or in any way obstructs it, his 9 right to compensation shall be forfeited during such period unless in the opinion 10 of the commission the circumstances justify the refusal or obstruction.

11 2. The commission, the division or administrative law judge shall, when deemed necessary, appoint a duly qualified impartial physician to examine the 1213injured employee, and any physician so chosen, if he accepts the appointment, shall promptly make the examination requested and make a complete medical 1415report to the commission or the division in such duplication as to provide all 16parties with copies thereof. The physician's fee shall be fair and reasonable, as provided in subsection 3 of section 287.140, and the fee and other reasonable 17costs of the impartial examination may be paid as other costs under this chapter. 18If all the parties shall have had reasonable access thereto, the report of the 1920physician shall be admissible in evidence.

213. The testimony of any physician who treated or examined the injured 22employee shall be admissible in evidence in any proceedings for compensation under this chapter, but only if the medical report of the physician has been made 23available to all parties as in this section provided. Immediately upon receipt of 24notice from the division or the commission setting a date for hearing of a case in 25which the nature and extent of an employee's disability is to be determined, the 2627parties or their attorneys shall arrange, without charge or costs, each to the 28other, for an exchange of all medical reports, including those made both by 29treating and examining physician or physicians, to the end that the parties may 30 be commonly informed of all medical findings and opinions. The exchange of 31medical reports shall be made at least seven days before the date set for the hearing and failure of any party to comply may be grounds for asking for and 32receiving a continuance, upon proper showing by the party to whom the medical 33reports were not furnished. If any party fails or refuses to furnish the opposing 34party with the medical report of the treating or examining physician at least 3536 seven days before such physician's deposition or personal testimony at the 37hearing, as in this section provided, upon the objection of the party who was not provided with the medical report, the physician shall not be permitted to testify 3839at that hearing or by medical deposition.

40 4. Upon request, an administrative law judge, the division, or the 41 commission shall be provided with a copy of any medical report.

42 5. As used in this chapter the terms "physician's report" and "medical 43 report" mean the report of any physician made on any printed form authorized by the division or the commission or any complete medical report. As used in this chapter the term "complete medical report" means the report of a physician giving the physician's qualifications and the patient's history, complaints, details of the findings of any and all laboratory, X-ray and all other technical examinations, diagnosis, prognosis, nature of disability, if any, and an estimate of the percentage of permanent partial disability, if any. An element or elements of a complete medical report may be met by the physician's records.

6. Upon the request of a party, the physician or physicians who treated or are treating the injured employee shall be required to furnish to the parties a rating and complete medical report on the injured employee, at the expense of the party selecting the physician, along with a complete copy of the physician's clinical record including copies of any records and reports received from other health care providers.

577. The testimony of a treating or examining physician may be submitted in evidence on the issues in controversy by a complete medical report and shall 58be admissible without other foundational evidence subject to compliance with the 59following procedures. The party intending to submit a complete medical report 60 in evidence shall give notice at least sixty days prior to the hearing to all parties 61 and shall provide reasonable opportunity to all parties to obtain 62 63 cross-examination testimony of the physician by deposition. The notice shall 64 include a copy of the report and all the clinical and treatment records of the 65 physician including copies of all records and reports received by the physician 66 from other health care providers. The party offering the report must make the 67 physician available for cross-examination testimony by deposition not later than seven days before the matter is set for hearing, and each cross-examiner shall 68 compensate the physician for the portion of testimony obtained in an amount not 69 70to exceed a rate of reasonable compensation taking into consideration the specialty practiced by the physician. Cross-examination testimony shall not bind 71the cross-examining party. Any testimony obtained by the offering party shall be 7273at that party's expense on a proportional basis, including the deposition fee of the physician. Upon request of any party, the party offering a complete medical 7475report in evidence must also make available copies of X rays or other diagnostic studies obtained by or relied upon by the physician. Within ten days after receipt 76of such notice a party shall dispute whether a report meets the requirements of 77a complete medical report by providing written objections to the offering party 78stating the grounds for the dispute, and at the request of any party, the 79

administrative law judge shall rule upon such objections upon pretrial hearing whether the report meets the requirements of a complete medical report and upon the admissibility of the report or portions thereof. If no objections are filed the report is admissible, and any objections thereto are deemed waived. Nothing herein shall prevent the parties from agreeing to admit medical reports or records by consent. [The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to claims against the second injury fund.]

87 8. Certified copies of the proceedings before any coroner holding an 88 inquest over the body of any employee receiving an injury in the course of his 89 employment resulting in death shall be admissible in evidence in any proceedings 90 for compensation under this chapter, and it shall be the duty of the coroner to 91 give notice of the inquest to the employer and the dependents of the deceased 92 employee, who shall have the right to cross-examine the witness.

93 9. The division or the commission may in its discretion in extraordinary
94 cases order a postmortem examination and for that purpose may also order a body
95 exhumed.

287.220. 1. There is hereby created in the state treasury a special fund to be known as the "Second Injury Fund" created exclusively for 2the purposes as in this section provided and for special weekly benefits 3 in rehabilitation cases as provided in section 287.141. Maintenance of 4 5the second injury fund shall be as provided by section 287.710. The state treasurer shall be the custodian of the second injury fund which 6 7 shall be deposited the same as are state funds and any interest accruing thereon shall be added thereto. The fund shall be subject to 8 audit the same as state funds and accounts and shall be protected by 9 10 the general bond given by the state treasurer. Upon the requisition of the director of the division of workers' compensation, warrants on the 11 state treasurer for the payment of all amounts payable for 12compensation and benefits out of the second injury fund shall be 13issued. 14

2. All claims against the second injury fund for injuries occurring prior to the effective date of this section shall be compensated as provided in this subsection. All cases of permanent disability where there has been previous disability shall be compensated as herein provided. Compensation shall be computed on the basis of the average earnings at the time of the last injury. If any employee who has a preexisting 13 nether from com

21permanent partial disability whether from compensable injury or otherwise, of 22such seriousness as to constitute a hindrance or obstacle to employment or to obtaining reemployment if the employee becomes unemployed, and the preexisting 2324permanent partial disability, if a body as a whole injury, equals a minimum of fifty weeks of compensation or, if a major extremity injury only, equals a 2526minimum of fifteen percent permanent partial disability, according to the medical 27standards that are used in determining such compensation, receives a subsequent 28compensable injury resulting in additional permanent partial disability so that 29the degree or percentage of disability, in an amount equal to a minimum of fifty weeks compensation, if a body as a whole injury or, if a major extremity injury 30 only, equals a minimum of fifteen percent permanent partial disability, caused 31by the combined disabilities is substantially greater than that which would have 32resulted from the last injury, considered alone and of itself, and if the employee 33is entitled to receive compensation on the basis of the combined disabilities, the 34employer at the time of the last injury shall be liable only for the degree or 35percentage of disability which would have resulted from the last injury had there 36 37been no preexisting disability. After the compensation liability of the employer for the last injury, considered alone, has been determined by an administrative 38law judge or the commission, the degree or percentage of employee's disability 3940that is attributable to all injuries or conditions existing at the time the last injury 41was sustained shall then be determined by that administrative law judge or by 42the commission and the degree or percentage of disability which existed prior to 43the last injury plus the disability resulting from the last injury, if any, considered alone, shall be deducted from the combined disability, and compensation for the 44balance, if any, shall be paid out of a special fund known as the second injury 45fund, hereinafter provided for. If the previous disability or disabilities, whether 46 from compensable injury or otherwise, and the last injury together result in total 47and permanent disability, the minimum standards under this subsection for a 48body as a whole injury or a major extremity injury shall not apply and the 49 employer at the time of the last injury shall be liable only for the disability 50resulting from the last injury considered alone and of itself; except that if the 5152compensation for which the employer at the time of the last injury is liable is less 53than the compensation provided in this chapter for permanent total disability, 54then in addition to the compensation for which the employer is liable and after the completion of payment of the compensation by the employer, the employee 55shall be paid the remainder of the compensation that would be due for permanent 56

total disability under section 287.200 out of [a special fund known as the "Second 57Injury Fund" hereby created exclusively for the purposes as in this section 58provided and for special weekly benefits in rehabilitation cases as provided in 5960 section 287.141. Maintenance of the second injury fund shall be as provided by section 287.710. The state treasurer shall be the custodian of the second injury 6162fund which shall be deposited the same as are state funds and any interest accruing thereon shall be added thereto. The fund shall be subject to audit the 63 64same as state funds and accounts and shall be protected by the general bond 65given by the state treasurer. Upon the requisition of the director of the division of workers' compensation, warrants on the state treasurer for the payment of all 66 amounts payable for compensation and benefits out of the second injury fund 67shall be issued. 68

69 2.] the second injury fund.

3. All claims against the second injury fund for injuries
occurring after the effective date of this section shall be compensated
as provided in this subsection.

(1) No claims for permanent partial disability occurring after the
effective date of this section shall be filed against the second injury
fund. Claims for permanent total disability under section 287.200
against the second injury fund shall be compensable only when all of
the following conditions are met:

(a) An employee has a medically documented preexisting
permanent partial disability as a direct result of active military duty
in any branch of the United States armed forces or as a result of a
preexisting permanent partial disability from a compensable injury as
defined in section 287.020;

(b) Such preexisting disability equals a minimum of fifty weeks
of permanent partial disability compensation according to the medical
standards that are used in determining such compensation; and

(c) Such employee thereafter sustains a subsequent compensable
work-related injury that, when combined with the preexisting
disability, as set forth in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subdivision,
results in a permanent total disability as defined under this chapter.

90 (2) When an employee is entitled to compensation as provided in 91 this subsection, the employer at the time of the last work-related injury 92 shall only be liable for the disability resulting from the subsequent 93 work-related injury considered alone and of itself.

94 (3) Compensation for benefits payable under this subsection shall
95 be based on the employee's compensation rate calculated under section
96 287.250.

97 **4.** In all cases in which a recovery against the second injury fund is 98 sought for permanent partial disability, permanent total disability, or death, the 99 state treasurer as custodian thereof shall be named as a party, and shall be 100 entitled to defend against the claim.

101 (1) The state treasurer, with the advice and consent of the attorney 102 general of Missouri, may enter into **agreed statements of fact that would** 103 **affect the second injury fund, or** compromise settlements as contemplated by 104 section 287.390[, or agreed statements of fact that would affect the second injury 105 fund. All awards for permanent partial disability, permanent total disability, or 106 death affecting the second injury fund shall be subject to the provisions of this 107 chapter governing review and appeal] with the following limitations:

(a) For all claims filed prior to the effective date of this section,
with the exception of permanent total disability claims, such settlement
may be made in any amount not to exceed sixty thousand dollars; or

(b) For all permanent total disability claims, such settlement may
be made in any amount not to exceed the sum of two hundred times the
employee's permanent total disability rate as of the date of the injury.

114 (2) Notwithstanding subdivision (1) of this subsection to the 115 contrary, the state treasurer, with the advice and consent of the 116 attorney general and with the express authorization of the majority of 117 the second injury fund commission, may enter into compromise 118 settlements as contemplated by section 287.390 in any amount.

119 (3) The state treasurer, with the advice and consent of the 120 attorney general and with the express authorization of a majority of 121 the second injury fund commission, may enter into compromise 122 settlements with dependents of claimants, whether finally adjudicated 123 or not, arising from the Missouri supreme court's decision in Schoemehl 124 v. Treasurer of Missouri, 217 S.W.3d 900 (Mo. 2007).

(4) For all claims filed against the second injury fund on or after July 1, 126 1994, the attorney general shall use assistant attorneys general except in 127 circumstances where an actual or potential conflict of interest exists, to provide 128 legal services as may be required in all claims made for recovery against the

129fund. Any legal expenses incurred by the attorney general's office in the handling 130of such claims, including, but not limited to, medical examination fees incurred under sections 287.210 and the expenses provided for under section 131132287.140, expert witness fees, court reporter expenses, travel costs, and related legal expenses shall be paid by the fund. Effective July 1, 1993, the payment of 133134such legal expenses shall be contingent upon annual appropriations made by the 135general assembly, from the fund, to the attorney general's office for this specific 136purpose.

[3.] 5. If more than one injury in the same employment causes concurrent
temporary disabilities, compensation shall be payable only for the longest and
largest paying disability.

[4.] 6. If more than one injury in the same employment causes concurrent
and consecutive permanent partial disability, compensation payments for each
subsequent disability shall not begin until the end of the compensation period of
the prior disability.

144[5.] 7. If an employer fails to insure or self-insure as required in section 145287.280, funds from the second injury fund may be withdrawn to cover the fair, reasonable, and necessary expenses incurred relating to claims for injuries 146occurring prior to the effective date of this section, to cure and relieve the 147effects of the injury or disability of an injured employee in the employ of an 148149uninsured employer consistent with subsection 3 of section 287.140, or in 150the case of death of an employee in the employ of an uninsured employer, funds from the second injury fund may be withdrawn to cover fair, reasonable, and 151necessary expenses incurred relating to a death occurring prior to the 152effective date of this section, in the manner required in sections 287.240 and 153287.241. In defense of claims arising under this subsection, the treasurer of the 154state of Missouri, as custodian of the second injury fund, shall have the same 155defenses to such claims as would the uninsured employer. Any funds received by 156the employee or the employee's dependents, through civil or other action, must 157go towards reimbursement of the second injury fund, for all payments made to the 158employee, the employee's dependents, or paid on the employee's behalf, from the 159second injury fund pursuant to this subsection. The office of the attorney general 160161of the state of Missouri shall bring suit in the circuit court of the county in which 162the accident occurred against any employer not covered by this chapter as 163required in section 287.280.

164 [6.] 8. Every [three years] year the second injury fund shall have an

165 actuarial study made to determine the solvency of the fund taking into 166 consideration any existing balance carried forward from a previous 167 year, appropriate funding level of the fund, and forecasted expenditures from the 168 fund. The first actuarial study shall be completed prior to July 1, [1988] 169 2013. The expenses of such actuarial studies shall be paid out of the fund for the 170 support of the division of workers' compensation.

[7.] 9. The director of the division of workers' compensation shall maintain the financial data and records concerning the fund for the support of the division of workers' compensation and the second injury fund. The division shall also compile and report data on claims made pursuant to subsection 9 of this section. The attorney general shall provide all necessary information to the division for this purpose.

177 [8.] 10. All claims for fees and expenses filed against the second injury178 fund and all records pertaining thereto shall be open to the public.

179[9.] 11. Any employee who at the time a compensable work-related injury 180 is sustained is employed by more than one employer, the employer for whom the 181 employee was working when the injury was sustained shall be responsible for 182wage loss benefits applicable only to the earnings in that employer's employment 183 and the injured employee shall be entitled to file a claim against the second 184injury fund for any additional wage loss benefits attributed to loss of earnings 185from the employment or employments where the injury did not occur, up to the 186maximum weekly benefit less those benefits paid by the employer in whose employment the employee sustained the injury. The employee shall be entitled 187 to a total benefit based on the total average weekly wage of such employee 188189 computed according to subsection 8 of section 287.250. The employee shall not 190 be entitled to a greater rate of compensation than allowed by law on the date of 191 the injury. The employer for whom the employee was working where the injury 192was sustained shall be responsible for all medical costs incurred in regard to that 193 injury.

194 12. No compensation shall be payable from the second injury 195 fund if the employee elects to pursue compensation under the workers' 196 compensation law of another state with jurisdiction over the employee's 197 injury or accident or occupational disease.

198 13. Notwithstanding the requirements of section 287.470, the life 199 payments to an injured employee made from the fund shall be 200 suspended when the employee is able to obtain suitable gainful 201 employment or be self-employed in view of the nature and severity of 202 the injury. The division shall promulgate rules setting forth a 203 reasonable standard means test to determine if such employment 204 warrants the suspension of benefits.

20514. Notwithstanding the requirements of section 287.470, the 206director may suspend, in whole or in part, the life payments to an injured employee made from the fund when the employee becomes 207eligible to receive Social Security benefits. In no case shall the sum of 208209the amount of monthly payments from the fund and the monthly Social Security benefits attributable to the employee's injury, be less than the 210monthly life payments from the fund the employee has been receiving. 21121215. All awards issued under this chapter affecting the second injury fund shall be subject to the provisions of this chapter governing 213214review and appeal.

215 16. The division shall pay any liabilities of the fund in the 216 following priority:

217 (1) Expenses related to the legal defense of the fund under 218 subsection 4 of this section;

(2) Permanent total disability awards in the order in which
claims are settled or finally adjudicated;

(3) Permanent partial disability awards in the order in which
such claims are settled or finally adjudicated;

(4) Medical expenses incurred prior to July 1, 2011, under
subsection 7 of this section; and

225 (5) Interest on unpaid awards.

Such liabilities shall be paid to the extent the fund has a positive
balance. Any unpaid amounts shall remain an ongoing liability of the
fund until satisfied.

287.690. [1.] Prior to December 31, 1993, for the purpose of providing for the expense of administering this chapter [and for the purpose set out in 2subsection 2 of this section], every person, partnership, association, corporation, 3 whether organized under the laws of this or any other state or country, the state 4 of Missouri, including any of its departments, divisions, agencies, commissions, 5and boards or any political subdivisions of the state who self-insure or hold 6 themselves out to be any part self-insured, company, mutual company, the parties 7 to any interindemnity contract, or other plan or scheme, and every other 8 insurance carrier, insuring employers in this state against liability for personal 9

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10 injuries to their employees, or for death caused thereby, under this chapter, shall pay, as provided in this chapter, tax upon the net deposits, net premiums or net 11 assessments received, whether in cash or notes in this state, or on account of 1213business done in this state, for such insurance in this state at the rate of two percent in lieu of all [other] premium taxes on such net deposits, net premiums 1415or net assessments, which amount of taxes shall be assessed and collected as herein provided. Beginning October 31, 1993, and every year thereafter, the 16director of the division of workers' compensation shall estimate the amount of 1718revenue required to administer this chapter and the division director shall determine the rate of tax to be paid in the following calendar year pursuant to 1920this section commencing with the calendar year beginning on January 1, 1994. If the balance of the fund [estimated to be] on hand on [December thirty-first] 2122July first of the year each tax rate determination is made on October thirty-23first is less than one hundred ten percent of the previous year's expenses plus 24any additional revenue required due to new statutory requirements given to the division by the general assembly, then the **division** director shall impose a tax 25not to exceed two percent in lieu of all other taxes on net deposits, net premiums 26or net assessments, rounded up to the nearest one-half of a percentage point, 27which amount of taxes shall be assessed and collected as herein provided. The 2829net premium equivalent for individual self-insured employers and any group of 30 political subdivisions of this state qualified to self-insure their liability pursuant 31to this chapter as authorized by section 537.620 shall be based on average rate 32classifications calculated by the department of insurance, financial institutions 33 and professional registration as taken from premium rates filed by the twenty insurance companies providing the greatest volume of workers' compensation 34insurance coverage in this state. For employers qualified to self-insure their 35liability pursuant to this chapter, the rates filed by such group of employers in 36 accordance with subsection 2 of section 287.280 shall be the net premium 37equivalent. Every entity required to pay the tax imposed pursuant to this section 3839and section 287.730 shall be notified by the division of workers' compensation within ten calendar days of the date of the determination of the rate of tax to be 40 41imposed for the following year. Net premiums, net deposits or net assessments are defined as gross premiums, gross deposits or gross assessments less canceled 42or returned premiums, premium deposits or assessments and less dividends or 43savings, actually paid or credited. 44

46 47 more loans to the Missouri employers mutual insurance company in an amount not to exceed an aggregate amount of five million dollars from the fund

48 maintained to administer this chapter for start-up funding and initial 49 capitalization of the company. The board of the company shall make application 50 to the director for the loans, stating the amount to be loaned to the company. The 51 loans shall be for a term of five years and, at the time the application for such 52 loans is approved by the director, shall bear interest at the annual rate based on 53 the rate for linked deposit loans as calculated by the state treasurer pursuant to 54 section 30.758.]

287.715. 1. For the purpose of providing for revenue for the second injury  $\mathbf{2}$ fund, every authorized self-insurer, and every workers' compensation policyholder insured pursuant to the provisions of this chapter, shall be liable for payment of 3 an annual surcharge in accordance with the provisions of this section. The 4 annual surcharge imposed under this section shall apply to all workers' 5compensation insurance policies and self-insurance coverages which are written 6 or renewed on or after April 26, 1988, including the state of Missouri, including 7 any of its departments, divisions, agencies, commissions, and boards or any 8 political subdivisions of the state who self-insure or hold themselves out to be any 9 part self-insured. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the surcharge 10 11 imposed pursuant to this section shall not apply to any reinsurance or 12retrocessional transaction.

132. Beginning October 31, 2005, and each year thereafter, the director of 14the division of workers' compensation shall estimate the amount of benefits payable from the second injury fund during the following calendar year and shall 15calculate the total amount of the annual surcharge to be imposed during the 16following calendar year upon all workers' compensation policyholders and 17authorized self-insurers. The amount of the annual surcharge percentage to be 18 imposed upon each policyholder and self-insured for the following calendar year 1920commencing with the calendar year beginning on January 1, 2006, shall be set at 21and calculated against a percentage, not to exceed three percent, of the 22policyholder's or self-insured's workers' compensation net deposits, net premiums, 23or net assessments for the previous policy year, rounded up to the nearest 24one-half of a percentage point, that shall generate, as nearly as possible, one 25hundred ten percent of the moneys to be paid from the second injury fund in the following calendar year, less any moneys contained in the fund at the end of the 26previous calendar year. All policyholders and self-insurers shall be notified by 27

28the division of workers' compensation within ten calendar days of the 29determination of the surcharge percent to be imposed for, and paid in, the following calendar year. The net premium equivalent for individual self-insured 30 31employers and any group of political subdivisions of this state qualified to self-insure their liability pursuant to this chapter as authorized by section 3233 537.620 shall be based on average rate classifications calculated by the department of insurance, financial institutions and professional registration as 3435taken from premium rates filed by the twenty insurance companies providing the greatest volume of workers' compensation insurance coverage in this state. For 36 employers qualified to self-insure their liability pursuant to this chapter, the 37 rates filed by such group of employers in accordance with subsection 2 of section 38287.280 shall be the net premium equivalent. The director may advance funds 39 from the workers' compensation fund to the second injury fund if surcharge 40collections prove to be insufficient. Any funds advanced from the workers' 41 compensation fund to the second injury fund must be reimbursed by the second 42injury fund no later than December thirty-first of the year following the 43advance. The surcharge shall be collected from policyholders by each insurer at 44the same time and in the same manner that the premium is collected, but no 45insurer or its agent shall be entitled to any portion of the surcharge as a fee or 46 47commission for its collection. The surcharge is not subject to any taxes, licenses 48or fees.

3. All surcharge amounts imposed by this section shall be deposited to thecredit of the second injury fund.

4. Such surcharge amounts shall be paid quarterly by insurers and 51self-insurers, and insurers shall pay the amounts not later than the thirtieth day 52of the month following the end of the quarter in which the amount is received 53from policyholders. If the director of the division of workers' compensation fails 54to calculate the surcharge by the thirty-first day of October of any year for the 55following year, any increase in the surcharge ultimately set by the director shall 56not be effective for any calendar quarter beginning less than sixty days from the 57date the director makes such determination. 58

59 5. If a policyholder or self-insured fails to make payment of the surcharge 60 or an insurer fails to make timely transfer to the division of surcharges actually 61 collected from policyholders, as required by this section, a penalty of one-half of 62 one percent of the surcharge unpaid, or untransferred, shall be assessed against 63 the liable policyholder, self-insured or insurer. Penalties assessed under this subsection shall be collected in a civil action by a summary proceeding broughtby the director of the division of workers' compensation.

66 6. In order to maintain the fiscal solvency of the second injury fund, should the anticipated collections authorized in subsection 2 of 67this section fail to be sufficient to meet its current and anticipated 68legal obligations, provide funds to settle cases, and provide funds for 69 the administration of the fund for calendar years 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 702017, 2018, and 2019, the director of the division of workers' 71compensation, shall determine the amount of revenue 72 $\mathbf{SO}$ required. Notwithstanding subsection 2 of this section to the contrary, 73such necessary funds as determined by the director of the division of 74workers' compensation shall be collected with a supplemental 7576surcharge, not to exceed one and one-half percent, calculated in like manner as authorized in subsection 2 of this section. All policyholders 7778and self-insurers shall be notified by the division of workers' compensation of the supplemental surcharge percent to be imposed for 7980 such period of time as part of the notice provided in subsection 2 of this section. The provisions of this subsection shall expire on 81 December 31, 2019. 82

83 7. In order to maintain the fiscal solvency of the second injury fund, should the anticipated collections authorized in subsections 2 and 84 6 of this section fail to be sufficient to meet its current and anticipated 85legal obligations, provide funds to settle cases, and provide funds for 86 the administration of the fund for calendar years 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 87 2018, and 2019, the second injury fund commission shall determine on 88 or before October thirty-first the amount of revenue so required for the 89 following calendar year. Notwithstanding subsection 2 of this section 90 to the contrary, such necessary funds as determined by the second 91 injury fund commission shall be collected with a supplemental 92surcharge, not to exceed one and one-half percent, calculated in like 93manner as authorized in subsection 2 of this section. All policyholders 94and self-insurers shall be notified by the division of workers' 95compensation of the supplemental surcharge percent to be imposed for 96 such period of time as part of the notice provided in subsection 2 of 97 this section. The provisions of this subsection shall expire on 9899 December 31, 2019.

8. Once the number of pending cases is reduced to the point

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101 where the number of staff with the attorney general's office defending 102 the second injury fund can be reduced from July 2012 levels, the 103 attorney general shall begin reducing such staff in proportion to the 104 number of pending cases which remain.

105 9. Funds collected under the provisions of this chapter shall be
106 the sole funding source of the second injury fund.

107 10. The "Second Injury Fund Commission" is hereby 108 established. The second injury fund commission shall be composed of 109 four members including the governor, the attorney general, the president pro tem of the senate, and the speaker of the house of 110 representatives. Commission members may not appoint a designee to 111 serve in their absence. The second injury fund commission shall 112convene as necessary as determined by the governor. The second 113114injury fund commission shall also reconvene within thirty days of any official written request submitted to the governor by any member of the 115116 second injury fund commission. The surcharge amount as authorized under subsection 7 of this section shall be reviewed and established 117 118 annually by the second injury fund commission by a three-fourths vote. The office of attorney general and the division of workers' 119120compensation shall provide technical assistance and support to the 121members of the second injury fund commission, for purposes of this 122section. The members of the second injury fund commission shall 123receive no compensation in addition to their salary as governor, 124attorney general, or members of the general assembly, but may receive 125their necessary expenses while attending the meetings of the 126commission, to be paid out of the second injury fund.

Section B. Because it is necessary to ensure the solvency of the second injury fund, the enactment of section 287.165 and the repeal and reenactment of section 287.220 of this act is deemed necessary for the immediate preservation of the public health, welfare, peace and safety, and is hereby declared to be an emergency act within the meaning of the constitution, and the enactment of section 287.165 and the repeal and reenactment of section 287.220 of this act shall be in full force and effect upon its passage and approval.