## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2021

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#### HOUSE BILL 951

#### Committee Substitute Favorable 7/13/21 Third Edition Engrossed 7/15/21 PROPOSED SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE H951-PCS10540-RI-34

Short Title: Energy Solutions for North Carolina.

(Public)

Sponsors:

Referred to:

#### May 12, 2021

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

2 AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE UTILITIES COMMISSION TO (I) TAKE ALL 3 REASONABLE STEPS TO ACHIEVE A SEVENTY PERCENT REDUCTION IN 4 EMISSIONS OF CARBON DIOXIDE FROM ELECTRIC PUBLIC UTILITIES FROM 5 2005 LEVELS BY THE YEAR 2030 AND CARBON NEUTRALITY BY THE YEAR 6 2050, (II) AUTHORIZE PERFORMANCE-BASED REGULATION OF ELECTRIC 7 PUBLIC UTILITIES, (III) PROCEED WITH RULEMAKING ON SECURITIZATION OF 8 CERTAIN COSTS AND OTHER MATTERS, AND (IV) ALLOW POTENTIAL 9 MODIFICATION OF CERTAIN EXISTING POWER PURCHASE AGREEMENTS 10 WITH ELIGIBLE SMALL POWER PRODUCERS.

11 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

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### PART I. CARBON REDUCTION/FUEL TRANSITION/DECOMMISSIONING

14 SECTION 1. The Utilities Commission shall take all reasonable steps to achieve a seventy percent (70%) reduction in emissions of carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) emitted in the State from 15 electric generating facilities owned or operated by electric public utilities from 2005 levels by 16 the year 2030 and carbon neutrality by the year 2050. For purposes of this section, (i) "electric 17 18 public utility" means any electric public utility as defined in G.S. 62-3(23) serving at least 150,000 North Carolina retail jurisdictional customers as of January 1, 2021, and (ii) "carbon 19 neutrality" means for every ton of CO<sub>2</sub> emitted in the State from electric generating facilities 20 owned or operated by or on behalf of electric public utilities, an equivalent amount of CO<sub>2</sub> is 21 22 reduced, removed, prevented, or offset, provided that the offsets are verifiable and do not exceed 23 five percent (5%) of the authorized reduction goal. In achieving the authorized carbon reduction 24 goals, the Utilities Commission shall:

33 34 (1) Develop a plan, no later than December 31, 2022, with the electric public utilities, including stakeholder input, for the utilities to achieve the authorized reduction goals, which may, at a minimum, consider power generation, transmission and distribution, grid modernization, storage, energy efficiency measures, demand-side management, and the latest technological breakthroughs to achieve the least cost path consistent with this section to achieve compliance with the authorized carbon reduction goals (the "Carbon Plan"). The Carbon Plan shall be reviewed every two years and may be adjusted as necessary in the determination of the Commission and the electric public utilities.



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	General Assem	oly Of North Carolina	Session 2021
1	(2)	Comply with current law and practice with respect to the	he least cost planning
2 3		for generation, pursuant to G.S. 62-2(a)(3a), in achieved	eving the authorized
		carbon reduction goals and determining generation and	resource mix for the
4		future. Any new generation facilities or other resou	rces selected by the
5		Commission in order to achieve the authorized reduct	ion goals for electric
6		public utilities shall be owned and recovered on a cost of	of service basis by the
7		applicable electric public utility except that:	
8		a. Existing law shall apply with respect to energy	efficiency measures
9		and demand-side management.	
10		b. To the extent that new solar generation is selected	d by the Commission,
1		in adherence with least cost requirements, the sol	ar generation selected
12		shall be subject to the following: (i) forty-five	percent (45%) of the
13		total megawatts alternating current (MW AC)	of any solar energy
14		facilities established pursuant to this section shall	ll be supplied through
15		the execution of power purchase agreement	s with third parties
16		pursuant to which the electric public utility pu	rchases solar energy,
17		capacity, and environmental and renewable a	attributes from solar
18		energy facilities owned and operated by third pa	arties that are 80 MW
19		AC or less that commit to allow the procuring	
20		rights to dispatch, operate, and control the se	
21		facilities in the same manner as the utility's own	
22		and (ii) fifty-five percent (55%) of the total M	•
23		energy facilities established pursuant to this sec	
24		from solar energy facilities that are utility-built	
25		utility from third parties and owned and operate	
26		cost of service basis by the soliciting electric	
27		ownership requirements shall be applicable to s	
28		(i) paired with energy storage and (ii) procured in	n connection with any
29		voluntary customer program.	
30	(3)	Ensure any generation and resource changes maintain	
31	(4)	adequacy and reliability of the existing grid.	
32	(4)	Retain discretion to determine optimal timing a	U
33		resource-mix to achieve the least cost path to compliance	
34		carbon reduction goals, including discretion in achie	-
35		carbon reduction goals by the dates specified in	
36		implementation of solutions that would have a more sig	•
37 38		impact on carbon reduction; provided, however, the C	
50 39		exceed the dates specified to achieve the authorized carb	
10		more than two years, except in the event the Co	
+0 41		construction of a nuclear facility or wind energy facili additional time for completion due to technical, lega	• -
+1 12		factors beyond the control of the electric public uti	-
+2 13		necessary to maintain the adequacy and reliability of	•
+3 14		making such determinations, the Utilities Commission	
+4 15		consider stakeholder input.	
+5 16	SFC'	<b>FION 2.(a)</b> G.S. 62-110.8(a) reads as rewritten:	
-0		mpetitive procurement of renewable energy.	
.8		electric public utility shall file for Commission approv	al a program for the
0		purcement of anergy and canadity from renewable approv	

(a) Each electric public utility shall file for Commission approval a program for the
competitive procurement of energy and capacity from renewable energy facilities with the
purpose of adding renewable energy to the State's generation portfolio in a manner that allows
the State's electric public utilities to continue to reliably and cost-effectively serve customers'

#### **General Assembly Of North Carolina**

future energy needs. Renewable energy facilities eligible to participate in the competitive 1 2 procurement shall include those facilities that use renewable energy resources identified in 3 G.S. 62-133.8(a)(8) but shall be limited to facilities with a nameplate capacity rating of 80 4 megawatts (MW) or less that are placed in service after the date of the electric public utility's 5 initial competitive procurement. Subject to the limitations set forth in subsections (b) and (c) of 6 this section, the electric public utilities shall issue requests for proposals to procure and shall 7 procure, energy and capacity from renewable energy facilities in the aggregate amount of 2,660 8 megawatts (MW), and the total amount shall be reasonably allocated over a term of 45 months 9 beginning when the Commission approves the program. The Commission shall require the 10 additional competitive procurement of renewable energy capacity by the electric public utilities in an amount that includes all of the following: (i) any unawarded portion of the initial 11 12 competitive procurement required by this subsection; (ii) any deficit in renewable energy 13 capacity identified pursuant to subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of this section; and (iii) any 14 capacity reallocated pursuant to G.S. 62-159.2. In addition, at the termination of the initial 15 competitive procurement period of 45 months, the offering of a new renewable energy resources 16 competitive procurement and the amount to be procured shall be determined by the Commission, 17 based on a showing of need evidenced by the electric public utility's most recent biennial integrated resource plan or annual update approved by the Commission pursuant to 18 19 G.S. 62-110.1(c)."

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**SECTION 2.(b)** G.S. 62-110.8(h)(5) is repealed.

SECTION 2.(c) The Commission is authorized to direct the procurement of solar energy facilities in 2022 by the electric public utilities if, after stakeholder participation and review of preliminary analysis developed in preparation of the initial Carbon Plan, the Commission finds that such solar energy facilities will be needed in accordance with the criteria and requirements set forth in Section 1 of this act to achieve the authorized carbon reduction goals.

27 SECTION 3. No later than March 1, 2022, the Department of Environmental Quality 28 shall develop a plan to ensure adequate financial resources for the decommissioning of 29 utility-scale solar projects to be submitted to the General Assembly for legislative action. For 30 purposes of this section, "utility-scale solar project" means a ground-mounted photovoltaic (PV), 31 concentrating photovoltaic (CPV), or concentrating solar power (CSP or solar thermal) project 32 capable of generating 1 megawatt (MW) or more directly connected to the electrical grid for sale 33 to wholesale customers. A utility-scale solar project includes the solar arrays, accessory 34 buildings, transmission facilities, and any other infrastructure necessary for the operation of the 35 project.

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# 37 PART II. AUTHORIZE PERFORMANCE-BASED REGULATION OF ELECTRIC 38 PUBLIC UTILITIES

39 SECTION 4.(a) Article 7 of Chapter 62 of the General Statutes is amended by adding
40 a new section to read:

### 41 "§ 62-133.16. Performance-based regulation authorized.

	<u>u</u>		
42	<u>(a)</u>	Defin	itions. – For purposes of this section, the following definitions apply:
43		<u>(1)</u>	"Cost causation principle" means establishment of a causal link between a
44			specific customer class, how that class uses the electric system, and costs
45			incurred by the electric public utility for the provision of electric service.
46		(2)	"Decoupling rate-making mechanism" means a rate-making mechanism
47			intended to break the link between an electric public utility's revenue and the
48			level of consumption of electricity on a per customer basis by its residential
49			customers.
50		(3)	"Distributed energy resource" or "DER" means a device or measure that
51			produces electricity or reduces electricity consumption and is connected to the

	General Assemb	oly Of North Carolina	Session 2021
1		electric distribution system, either on the customer's	premises or on the
2		electric public utility's primary distribution system. A D	*
3		of the following: energy efficiency, distributed generatio	
4		microgrids, energy storage, energy management systematics	•
5		vehicles.	·
6	<u>(4)</u>	"Earnings sharing mechanism" means an annual rate-mal	king mechanism that
7		shares surplus earnings between the electric public utility	
8		the period of time covered by a MYRP.	
9	<u>(5)</u>	"Multiyear rate plan" or "MYRP" means a rate-makin	g mechanism under
10		which the Commission sets base rates for a multiyear	-
11		authorized periodic changes in base rates without the	need for the electric
12		public utility to file a subsequent general rate appl	lication pursuant to
13		G.S. 62-133, along with an earnings sharing mechanism.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
14	<u>(6)</u>	"Performance incentive mechanism" or "PIM" me	ans a rate-making
15		mechanism that links electric public utility revenue or	
16		public utility performance in targeted areas consistent v	with policy goals, as
17		that term is defined by this section, approved by the Comr	nission, and includes
18		specific performance metrics and targets against which e	electric public utility
19		performance is measured.	
20	<u>(7)</u>	"Performance-based regulation" or "PBR" means an alter	ernative rate-making
21		approach that includes decoupling, one or more per	
22		mechanisms, and a multiyear rate plan, including a	
23		mechanism, or such other alternative regulatory mech	<u>hanisms as may be</u>
24		proposed by an electric public utility.	
25	<u>(8)</u>	"Policy goal" means the expected or anticipated achieve	
26		efficiency, cost-savings, or reliability of electric service	
27		that which already is required by State or federal law or p	
28		standards the Commission has established by order prior	•
29		of a PBR application, provided that, with respect to envir	
30		the Commission may not approve a policy goal that is m	
31		established by (i) State law, (ii) federal law, (iii)	
32		Management Commission pursuant to G.S. 143B-282,	or (iv) the United
33	( <b>0</b> )	States Environmental Protection Agency.	
34	$\frac{(9)}{(10)}$	"Rate year" means the year of the MYRP for which base	
35 36	<u>(10)</u>	"Tracking metric" means a methodology for tracking	
30 37	(b) Dorfo	measuring and monitoring outcomes or electric public ut	
38		<u>rmance-Based Regulation Authorized. – In addition to the</u> blished under G.S. 62-133, the Commission is auth	
39		ed regulation upon application of an electric public uti	
40		irements of this section, so long as the Commission allocat	• •
41		venue requirement among customer classes based upon	
42		ng the use of minimum system methodology by an electric	
43	* *	ting distribution costs between customer classes, and interc	*
44	<b>-</b>	imized to the greatest extent practicable by the conclusion	
45		Il not be construed to require the Commission to use the	•
46		the purpose of classifying costs within a customer class	
47	facilities charge.		
48		cation. – An electric public utility shall be permitted	to submit a PBR
49		eneral rate case proceeding initiated pursuant to G.S. 62-13.	
50		ecoupling rate-making mechanism, one or more PIMs, and	* *
51		sharing mechanism and proposed revenue requirements an	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

## General Assembly Of North Carolina

1	of the years that	a MVRI	P is in effect or a method for calculating the same. The PBR application
2			ed tracking metrics with or without targets or benchmarks to measure
3			chievement. The following additional requirements apply to a PBR
4	application:	<u></u>	ineventente inte voneving additional requirements apply to a 1 Dit
5	<u>(1)</u>	The fo	blowing shall apply to a MYRP:
6		a.	The base rates for the first rate year of a MYRP shall be fixed in the
7			manner prescribed under G.S. 62-133, including actual changes in
8			costs, revenues, or the cost of the electric public utility's property used
9			and useful, or to be used and useful within a reasonable time after the
10			test period, plus costs associated with a known and measurable set of
11			capital investments, net of operating benefits, associated with a set of
12			discrete and identifiable capital spending projects to be placed in
12			service during the first rate year. Subsequent changes in base rates in
13			the second and third rate years of the MYRP shall be based on
14			projected incremental Commission-authorized capital investments
16			that will be used and useful during the rate year and associated
10			expenses, net of operating benefits, including operation and
18			maintenance savings, and depreciation of rate base associated with the
10			capital investments, that are incurred or realized during each rate year
20			of the MYRP period; provided that the amount of increase in the
20			second rate year under the MYRP shall not exceed four percent (4%)
21			of the electric public utility's North Carolina retail jurisdictional
22			
23 24			revenue requirement that is used to fix rates during the first year of the MYRP pursuant to G.S. 62-133 excluding any revenue requirement
24 25			for the capital spending projects to be placed in service during the first
23 26			rate year. The amount of increase for the third rate year under the
20 27			MYRP shall not exceed four percent (4%) of the electric public
27			utility's North Carolina retail jurisdictional revenue requirement that is
28 29			used to fix rates during the first year of the MYRP pursuant to
29 30			G.S. 62-133, excluding any revenue requirement for the capital
30 31			spending projects placed in service during the first rate year. The
32			revenue requirements associated with any single new generation plant
32 33			placed in service during the MYRP for which the total plant in service
33 34			balance exceeds five hundred million dollars (\$500,000,000) shall not
34 35			be included in a MYRP. Instead, the utility may request and the
35 36			Commission may grant, if it deems appropriate, permission to
30 37			establish a regulatory asset and defer to such regulatory asset
38			incremental costs related to such electric generation investments to be
38 39			<u>considered for recovery in a future rate proceeding. In setting the</u>
39 40			electric public utility's authorized rate of return on equity for an MYRP
40 41			period, the Commission shall consider any increased or decreased risk
42			to either the electric public utility or its ratepayers that may result from
42 43			
43 44		h	having an approved MYRP. In a proceeding authorizing a MYRP, the Commission shall establish
44 45		<u>b.</u>	a rider to refund amounts related to the earnings sharing mechanism,
46			and to refund or collect amounts related to PIM rewards or penalties,
40 47			
47 48		C	and decoupling adjustments. Within 60 days of the conclusion of each rate year, the Commission
48 49		<u>c.</u>	Within 60 days of the conclusion of each rate year, the Commission shall establish a proceeding to:
49 50			
50 51			<u>1.</u> Examine the earnings of the electric public utility during the rate year to determine if the earnings exceeded the authorized
51			rate year to determine it the earnings exceeded the authorized

	General Assemb	oly Of North C	arolina	Session 2021
1			rate of return on equity determined by the	e Commission in the
2			proceeding establishing the PBR. If the	
3			earnings exceed the authorized rate of retu	urn on equity plus 50
4			basis points, the excess earnings above th	ne authorized rate of
5			return on equity plus 50 basis points s	hall be refunded to
6			customers in the rider established by the	Commission. If the
7			weather-normalized earnings fall below the	he authorized rate of
8			return on equity, the electric public utility	<u>v may file a rate case</u>
9			pursuant to G.S. 62-133. Any penalties o	
10			incentives and any incentives relate	
11			management and energy efficiency me	±
12			G.S. 62-133.9(f) will be excluded from t	
13			any refund pursuant to earnings sharing m	
14		<u>2.</u>	Evaluate the performance of the electric	
15			respect to Commission approved PIMs a	
16			year. Any financial rewards shall be colle	
17			and any penalties refunded to customers, i	in each case, through
18		2	the rider established by the Commission.	-1
19 20		<u>3.</u>	Evaluate the decoupling rate-making me	
20 21			or collect, as applicable, a correspon	-
21 22			residential customers through the rider Commission.	established by the
22	(2)	The proposed	d decoupling mechanism shall only be a	nnliad to residential
23 24	(2)	· · ·	usses. The Commission shall establish	
25			per residential customer and an appropriate	
26			rement per customer in each month of the	
27			enue requirements times the actual nu	
28			ch month shall become the target revenu	
29		<u>class. Each m</u>	nonth, the electric public utility shall defer	to a regulatory asset
30		<u>or liability ac</u>	count the difference between the actual re-	venue and the target
31		revenue for th	ne residential class. The changes in revenue	requirements for the
32		second and th	ird rate years shall be allocated to the reside	ential customer class
33			by the number of residential customer	
34			djustment to the annual revenue required	±
35			is used to establish the target revenues for	•
36			and third rate years of a MYRP. The electr	
37			schedules or riders for electric vehicle cha	
38			ng off-peak periods on time-of-use rates,	· · ·
39 40			o preserve the electric public utility's inc	entive to encourage
40	(2)	electric vehic		
41 42	<u>(3)</u>		bal targeted by a PIM shall be clearly define	
42 43		utility's contr	rmance metric, and solely or primarily with	ini the electric public
43 44	(4)		<u>Il be structured to ensure that, pursuant to</u>	subdivisions (1) and
45	<u>(+)</u>		bsection, any penalty shall be refunded to	
46			be collected from customers and shall be	
47			ptential and actual PIM incentives or penal	
48		-	(1%) of the electric public utility's to	•
49		-	hat is used to fix rates during the first year of	
50			3, excluding any revenue requirement for	
51		projects to be	e placed in service during the first rate year	ar, where the PIM is

	General	Assem	oly Of North	Carolina	Session 2021
1			approved. A	Any incentives related to demand-sid	e management and energy
2			· · ·	neasures pursuant to G.S. 62-133.9(f)	
3			limits establ	lished in this section and shall continu	ue to be recovered through
4			the demand-	side management and energy efficient	cy (DSM/EE) rider.
5		(5)	Subject to the	he limitations set out in subdivision	(4) of this subsection, any
6			PIMs propos	sed by an electric public utility shall	include one or more of the
7			following:		
8				ards based on the sharing of saving	s achieved by meeting or
9				eding a specific policy goal.	
10				ards or penalties based on differentiate	
11				common equity to encourage utility	-
12				ges to meet a specific policy goal, whi	ich shall not be greater than
13				asis points.	
14				d financial rewards to encourage achi	
15		~		s, or fixed financial penalties for failur	re to achieve policy goals.
16	<u>(d)</u>			<u>n on Application. –</u>	
17		<u>(1)</u>		ssion shall approve a PBR application	• • •
18			• •	finding that a proposed PBR would r	
19				ne public interest, and is consistent with	
20				and rules adopted thereunder. In	
21				under this section, the Commission	shall consider whether the
22 23			PBR applica		
23 24				the retering the r	
24 25				that the rates are fair both to the elect	the public utility and to the
23 26				omer. sonably assures the continuation of	safe and reliable electric
20 27			<u>o.</u> <u>Reas</u> servi	•	sale and remable electric
28				not unreasonably prejudice any class	s of electric customers and
20 29				It in sudden substantial rate increases o	
30		(2)		g any such PBR application under this	
31		<u>\=</u> /		er whether the PBR application:	
32			•	ourages peak load reduction or efficier	nt use of the system.
33				burages utility-scale renewable energy	•
34				burages DERs.	
35			d. Redu	uces low-income energy burdens.	
36			<u>d.</u> <u>Redu</u> <u>e.</u> <u>Enco</u> <u>f.</u> <u>Enco</u>	ourages energy efficiency.	
37			<u>f.</u> <u>Enco</u>	ourages carbon reductions.	
38				ourages beneficial electrification, inclu	iding electric vehicles.
39			<u>h.</u> Supp	ports equity in contracting.	
40				notes resilience and security of the ele-	
41			<u>j. Mair</u>	ntains adequate levels of reliability and	
42				notes rate designs that yield peak lo	ad reduction or beneficial
43				-shaping.	
44		<u>(3)</u>		ectric public utility files with the Com	
45			-	case pursuant to G.S. 62-133 and that	
46				the Commission shall institute proceed	
47			-	this subdivision. The electric public	• •
48				any rate or implement a PBR except	± •
49 50				n, and the Commission may require t	1 · · · ·
50				$\frac{ce of the pending PBR application to t}{24(c)}$ and may sugrand the effect of t	
51			<u>111 G.S. 62-1</u>	34(a) and may suspend the effect of t	me proposed base rates and

	General Assembly Of North Carolina Session 2021
1	PBR implementation pending investigation in the same manner as provided
2	in G.S. 62-134(b), provided that, the Commission may suspend the
3	implementation of the proposed base rates for no longer than 300 days. The
4	electric public utility's application shall plainly state the changes in base rates
5	and the time when the change in rates will go into effect and shall include
6	schedules in the same manner required pursuant to G.S. 62-134(a). The
7	Commission shall, upon reasonable notice, conduct a hearing concerning the
8	lawfulness of the proposed base rates and the PBR application. After hearing,
9	the Commission shall issue an order approving, modifying, or rejecting the
10	electric public utility's PBR application. In the event that the Commission
11	rejects a PBR application, the Commission shall nevertheless establish the
12	electric public utility's base rates in accordance with G.S. 62-133 based on the
13	PBR application. If the Commission rejects the PBR application, it shall
14	provide an explanation of the deficiency and an opportunity for the electric
15	public utility to refile, or for the electric public utility and the stakeholders to
16	<u>collaborate to cure the identified deficiency and refile.</u>
17	(e) <u>Commission Review. – At any time prior to expiration of a PBR plan period, the</u>
18	Commission, with good cause and upon its own motion or petition by the Public Staff, may
19 20	examine the reasonableness of an electric public utility's rates under a plan, conduct periodic
20	reviews with opportunities for public hearings and comments from interested parties, and initiate a proceeding to adjust base rates or PIMs as necessary. In addition, the approval of a PBR shall
21	not be construed to limit the Commission's authority to grant additional deferrals between rate
22	cases for extraordinary costs not otherwise recognized in rates.
23 24	(f) Plan Period. – Any PBR application approved pursuant to this section shall remain in
25	effect for a plan period of not more than 36 months.
26	(g) <u>Commission Authority Preserved. – Nothing in this section shall be construed to (i)</u>
27	limit or abrogate the existing rate-making authority of the Commission or (ii) invalidate or void
28	any rates approved by the Commission prior to the effective date of this section. In all respects,
29	the alternative rate-making mechanisms, designs, plans, or settlements shall operate
30	independently, and be considered separately, from riders or other cost recovery mechanisms
31	otherwise allowed by law, unless otherwise incorporated into such plan.
32	(h) <u>Utility Reporting. – For purposes of measuring an electric public utility's earnings</u>
33	under a PBR application approved under this section, an electric public utility shall make an
34	annual filing that sets forth the electric public utility's earned return on equity, the electric public
35	utility's revenue requirement trued-up with the actual electric public utility revenue, the amount
36	of revenue adjustment in terms of customer refund or surcharge, if applicable, and the
37	adjustments reflecting rewards or penalties provided for in PIMs approved by the Commission.
38	(i) <u>Commission Report. – No later than April 1 of each year, the Commission shall</u>
39	submit a report on the activities taken by the Commission to implement, and by electric public
40	utilities to comply with, the requirements of this section to the Governor, the Environmental
41	Review Commission, the Joint Legislative Commission on Energy Policy, the Joint Legislative
42	Oversight Committee on Agriculture and Natural and Economic Resources, the chairs of the
43	Senate Appropriations Committee on Agriculture, Natural, and Economic Resources, the chairs
44 45	of the House of Representatives Appropriations Committee on Agriculture and Natural and
45 46	Economic Resources, and the chairs of the House Committee on Energy and Public Utilities. The
46 47	report shall include a summary of public comments received by the Commission. In developing
47 48	the report, the Commission shall consult with the Department of Environmental Quality. (j) Rulemaking. – The Commission shall adopt rules to implement the requirements of
40 49	this section. Rules adopted shall include all of the following matters:
49 50	(1) The specific procedures and requirements that an electric public utility shall
51	meet when requesting approval of a PBR application.
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	General Assemb	oly Of North Carolina	Session 2021
1	(2)	The criteria for evaluating a PBR application.	
2	(3)	The parameters for a technical conference process to be	conducted by the
3		Commission prior to submission of any PBR application c	onsisting of one or
4		more public meetings at which the electric public utility pu	resents information
5		regarding projected transmission and distribution expendit	ures and interested
6		parties are permitted to provide comment and feedback;	provided, however,
7		no cross-examination of parties shall be permitted. The te	chnical conference
8		process to be established shall not exceed a duration of 60	days from the date
9		on which the electric public utility requests initiation of su	•
10	(4)	In the event the Commission rejects a PBR application, the	e process by which
11		an electric public utility may address the Commission's re	asons for rejection
12		of a PBR application, which process may include coll	aboration between
13		stakeholders and the electric public utility to cure any iden	tified deficiency in
14		an electric public utility's PBR application."	
15	SECT	<b>TION 4.(b)</b> The Commission shall adopt rules as required by	G.S. 62-133.16(j),
16		bsection (a) of this section, no later than 120 days after th	-
17	becomes law.		

18 **SECTION 4.(c)** This section is effective when it becomes law and applies to any 19 rate-making mechanisms filed by an electric public utility on or after the date that rules adopted 20 pursuant to G.S. 62-133.16, as enacted by subsection (a) of this section, become effective.

#### 22 PART III. RULEMAKING

23 **SECTION 5.** The Utilities Commission is authorized to and shall within 180 days 24 of the effective date of this section, with stakeholder input and participation, establish rules for 25 securitization of costs associated with early retirement of subcritical coal-fired electric generating 26 facilities. With respect to securitization of costs associated with early retirement of subcritical 27 coal-fired electric generating facilities, the Commission shall develop rules to determine costs to be securitized at fifty percent (50%) of the remaining net book value of all subcritical coal-fired 28 29 electric generating facilities to be retired to achieve the authorized carbon reduction goals set 30 forth in Section 1 of this act, with any remaining non-securitized costs to be recovered through rates. Rules, procedures, obligations, and protections adopted for securitization of costs 31 32 associated with retirement of subcritical coal-fired generating facilities shall be substantively 33 identical to the provisions of Section 1 of S.L. 2019-244, except with respect to the purposes for 34 which securitization may be used under that section. The Utilities Commission shall also (i) 35 evaluate and modify as necessary existing standby service charges, (ii) revise net metering rates, 36 (iii) establish an on-utility-bill repayment program related to energy efficiency investments, and 37 (iv) establish a rider for a voluntary program that will allow industrial, commercial, and residential customers who elect to purchase from the electric public utility renewable energy or 38 39 renewable energy credits, including in any program in which the identified resources are owned 40 by the utility in accordance with sub-subdivision b. of subdivision (2) of Section 1 of this act, to offset their energy consumption, which shall ensure that customers who voluntarily elect to 41 42 purchase renewable energy or renewable energy credits through such programs bear the full 43 direct and indirect cost of those purchases, and that customers that do not participate in such 44 arrangements are held harmless, and neither advantaged nor disadvantaged, from the impacts of 45 the renewable energy procured on behalf of the program customer, and no cross-subsidization 46 occurs.

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#### 48 PART IV. POTENTIAL MODIFICATION OF CERTAIN EXISTING POWER 49 PURCHASE AGREEMENTS WITH ELIGIBLE SMALL POWER PRODUCERS

50 **SECTION 6.(a)** Within 120 days after the effective date of this section, the North Carolina Utilities Commission shall initiate a docket to establish the rates to be paid by the 51

	General Assembly Of North Carolina Session 20	21		
1 2 3	electric public utilities in connection with a one-time option to modify certain existing power purchase agreements with eligible small power producers that would accomplish all of the following:			
4 5	(1) Provide eligible small power producers a one-time option to elect, within 1 days of a Commission order authorizing such action, to amend their existing the statement of the	ng		
6 7	power purchase agreement, extending into a new longer term power purcha agreement for a term equal to the remaining term of the existing pow			
8 9	purchase agreement plus an additional 10 years, notwithstanding the contraterm limits prescribed in G.S. 62-156(c).			
0	(2) Establish capacity and energy rates to be paid by the electric public utiliti	ies		
1	under such amended power purchase agreement that:			
2	a. Take into consideration (i) the currently contracted capacity a	nd		
3	energy rates relative to the currently contracted term of the applicat	ole		
4	power purchase agreement and (ii) capacity and energy rates at t			
5	time the eligible small power producer elects to exercise the option			
6	amend their existing power purchase agreement as provided for in the	nis		
7	section relative to the additional 10-year term.			
8	b. Are just and reasonable to all classes of customers of the electric pub utilities and in the public interest.	lic		
20	c. Result in (i) an immediate reduction in the cost of electricity for	all		
21	classes of customers of the electric public utilities and (ii) a reducti			
22	in the estimated long-term cost of electricity for all classes			
23	customers of the electric public utilities.			
24	SECTION 6.(b) For purposes of this section, the term "eligible small pow	/er		
25	producers" means small power producers, as that term is defined under G.S. 62-3(27)	a),		
6	generating solar electricity with a total capacity equal to or less than 5 megawatts alternati	ng		
27	current (MW AC) that established a legally enforceable obligation in accordance with t	he		
28	Commission's then applicable requirements on or before November 15, 2016, and have enter			
.9	into a long-term contract exceeding two years to sell their full output to the interconnect	ed		
0	electric public utility under section 210 of the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978.			
1	<b>SECTION 6.(c)</b> Notwithstanding the forgoing, it is hereby declared appropriate,			
2	the public interest and in an effort to achieve regulatory economy, eligible small power produce			
3	and the electric public utilities are encouraged to negotiate amendments to the power purcha			
54 57	agreements of such eligible small power producers in lieu of the aforementioned proceedir			
5	provided that the intent and objectives of this section are accomplished through such negotiati	on		
6 7	and electing eligible small power producers are treated in a nondiscriminatory manner.			
8	PART V. SEVERABILITY CLAUSE AND EFFECTIVE DATE			
9	<b>SECTION 7.</b> If any provision of this act or the application thereof to any person	or		
-0	circumstances is held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications			
1	this act that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and, to this end, t			
2	provisions of this act are declared to be severable.			
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**SECTION 8.** This act is effective when it becomes law.