# GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2019

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Sponsors:

### HOUSE RESOLUTION 16 Committee Substitute Favorable 2/5/19 Third Edition Engrossed 2/6/19

Referred to: January 31, 2019 A HOUSE RESOLUTION ADOPTING THE PERMANENT RULES OF THE HOUSE OF 1 2 **REPRESENTATIVES FOR THE 2019 REGULAR SESSION.** 3 Be it resolved by the House of Representatives: SECTION 1. The permanent rules of the Regular Session of the House of 4 5 Representatives of the 2019 General Assembly are: 6 PERMANENT RULES OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES FOR THE 7 **REGULAR SESSION OF THE 2019 GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA** 8 I. Order of Business, 1-5 9 II. Conduct of Debate, 6-12 Motions, 13-19 10 III. 11 IV. Voting, 20-25 12 V. Committees, 26-30 Handling of Bills, 31-44.2 13 VI. 14 VII. Legislative Officers and Employees, 45-49 15 VIII. Privileges of the Hall, 50-53 General Rules, 54-62 16 IX. 17 I. Order of Business 18 RULE 1. Convening Hour, Limitation on Legislative Sessions. - The House shall 19 convene each legislative day at the hour fixed by the House. In the event the House adjourns on 20 the preceding legislative day without having fixed an hour for reconvening, the House shall 21 convene on the next legislative day at 2:00 P.M. During January and February of 2019, no 22 sessions may be held on Friday. Without leave of the House, no session shall continue after 10:00 P.M. on Monday nor after 9:00 P.M. on any other days, and the Speaker shall adjourn the House 23 24 without motion at that point, except that a motion may be made as to the time and day of next 25 convening. Except for votes on motions to approve the journal and to adjourn, no votes may be held on any Sunday, or on April 22 through April 26 of 2019 or July 1 through July 6 of 2019. 26 27 RULE 1.1. Emergencies. - In the event of a disaster, natural or otherwise, that 28 precludes the General Assembly from meeting in the Legislative Building, the members will be 29 notified by the Speaker where and when the House will convene. 30 RULE 2. Opening the Session. – The Sergeant-at-Arms shall clear the House 10 31 minutes before the convening hour. At the convening hour on each legislative day, the Speaker 32 shall call the members to order and shall have the session opened with prayer. At the convening 33 hour, the Speaker, or the Speaker's designee, shall lead the members in the Pledge of Allegiance 34 to the American Flag. 35 RULE 3. Quorum. – (a) A quorum consists of a majority of the qualified members 36 of the House.



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1 2	(b) Clerk shall call t	Should the point of a quorum be raised, the doors shall be closed, and the he roll of the House, after which the names of those not responding shall again	
3	be called. In the absence of a quorum, 15 members are authorized to compel the attendance of		
4	absent members	and may order that absentees for whom no sufficient excuses are made be taken	
5	into custody whe	rever they may be found by special messenger appointed for that purpose.	
6	RULI	E 4. Approval of Journal. $-(a)$ The Chair of the Standing Committee on Rules,	
7	Calendar, and Op	perations of the House shall cause the Journal of the House to be examined daily	
8	before the hour	of convening to determine if the proceedings of the previous day have been	
9	correctly recorde	d.	
10	(b)	Immediately following the Pledge of Allegiance the Speaker shall call for the	
11	Journal report by	the Chair of the Standing Committee on Rules, Calendar, and Operations of the	
12		Representative designated by the Chair, as to whether the proceedings of the	
13	previous day hav	e been correctly recorded. Without objection, the Speaker shall cause the Journal	
14	to stand approve	d.	
15		E 5. Order of Business of the Day. – After the approval of the Journal of the	
16	preceding day, ex	ccept by leave of the House, the House shall proceed to business in the following	
17	order:		
18	(1)	The receiving of petitions, memorials, and papers addressed to the General	
19		Assembly or to the House;	
20	(2)	Messages from the Governor;	
21	(3)	Ratification of bills;	
22	(4)	Reports of standing committees and permanent subcommittees;	
23	(5)	Reports of select committees;	
24	(5a)	Reports of referral by standing committee chairs of bills to permanent	
25	( <b>-1</b> )	subcommittees;	
26	(5b)	Reports of referral by permanent subcommittee chairs of bills to the standing	
27		committee;	
28	(6)	First reading and reference to committee of bills and resolutions;	
29	(7)	Messages from the Senate;	
30	(8)	Concurrence with Senate amendments or Senate committee substitutes;	
31	(9)	The unfinished business of the preceding day;	
32	(10)	Calendar (each category in accordance with Rule 40 – House bills first):	
33		a. Resolutions for adoption	
34		b. Conference reports for adoption	
35		c. Local bills (roll call), third reading	
36 27		d. Local bills (roll call), second reading	
37 38		<ul><li>e. Local bills, third reading</li><li>f. Local bills, second reading</li></ul>	
38 39			
39 40		<ul><li>g. Public bills (roll call), third reading</li><li>h. Public bills (roll call), second reading</li></ul>	
40 41		<ul><li>h. Public bills (roll call), second reading</li><li>i. Public bills and resolutions, third reading</li></ul>	
42		j. Public bills and resolutions, second reading;	
42 43	(11)	Reading of notices and announcements;	
44	(11) (12)	Reading of Representative Statements.	
45	(12)	II. Conduct of Debate	
46	RIII	E 6. Duties and Powers of the Speaker. – The Speaker shall have general	
47		Hall, subject to more specific provisions of these rules. The Speaker may name	
48		erform the duties of the chair, but substitution shall not extend beyond one day,	
49	except in the case of sickness or by leave of the House. If the Speaker is absent and has not		
<del>5</del> 0	-	mber or the Principal Clerk to perform the duties of the chair, the Speaker Pro	
51	-	reside during such absence. In the case of a vacancy in the office of the Speaker	

51 Tempore shall preside during such absence. In the case of a vacancy in the office of the Speaker

1 of the House of Representatives, the Principal Clerk shall preside over the House until the House 2 elects a Speaker. 3 RULE 7. **Obtaining Floor.** - (a) When any member desires recognition for any 4 purpose, the member shall rise and respectfully address the Speaker. No member shall proceed 5 until recognized by the Speaker for a purpose. 6 When a member desires to interrupt a member having the floor, the member (b) 7 shall first obtain recognition by the Speaker and permission of the member occupying the floor, 8 and when such recognition and permission have been obtained, he or she may propound a 9 question to the member occupying the floor; but he or she shall not otherwise interrupt the 10 member having the floor, except as provided in subsection (c) of this rule; and the Speaker shall, 11 without the point of order being raised, enforce this rule. 12 (c) A member who has obtained the floor may be interrupted only for the 13 following reasons: 14 (1)A request that the member speaking yield for a question, 15 (2)A point of order, A parliamentary inquiry, or 16 (3)17 A question of privilege. (4) 18 RULE 8. Questions of Privilege. – Upon recognition by the Speaker for that purpose, 19 any member may speak to a question of privilege for a time not to exceed three minutes. 20 Questions of privilege shall be those affecting, first, the rights of the House collectively, its 21 safety, dignity, and the integrity of its proceedings; second, the rights, reputation, and conduct of members, individually, in their representative capacity only; and shall have precedence over all 22 23 other questions, except motions to adjourn. Privilege may not be used to explain a vote or debate 24 a bill. The Speaker shall determine if the question is one of privilege and shall, without the point 25 of order being raised, enforce this rule. 26 **RULE 8.1.** Points of Personal Privilege; Representative Statements; Explanation 27 of Vote. – Upon recognition by the Speaker for that purpose, any member may speak to a point 28 of personal privilege for a time not exceeding three minutes. The Speaker shall determine if the 29 question raised is one of personal privilege and shall, without the point of order being raised, 30 enforce this rule. A member may use some or all of that time to explain to the House a

30 enforce this rule. A member may use some or all of that time to explain to the House a 31 "Representative Statement." Upon motion supported by a majority present and voting, that 32 statement may be spread upon the Journal. Neither personal privilege nor a Representative 33 Statement may be used to explain a vote, debate a bill, or in any way disrupt the regular business 34 of the House, nor shall such opportunities be used to solicit support or sponsors for any bill. The 35 format of a Representative Statement shall be prescribed by the Chair of the Standing Committee 36 on Rules, Calendar, and Operations of the House, but in any case shall speak only in the voice of 37 the member submitting it.

RULE 9. Points of Order. – (a) The Speaker shall decide questions of order, which
 once raised, are not debatable. Any member may appeal from the ruling of the chair on questions
 of order; on such appeal no member may speak more than once, unless by leave of the House. A
 three-fifths vote of the members present shall be necessary to sustain any appeal from the ruling
 of the chair.

43 (b) When the Speaker calls a member to order, the member shall be seated, except 44 that a member called to order may clear a matter of fact, or explain, but shall not proceed in 45 debate so long as the decision stands. If the member appeals from the ruling of the chair and the 46 decision by a three-fifths vote of the members present be in favor of the member called to order, 47 the member may proceed; if otherwise, the member shall not; and if the case, in the judgment of 48 the House, requires it, the member shall be liable to censure by the House.

49 RULE 10. Limitations on Debate. – (a) No member shall speak on, debate, or solicit
 50 cosponsors for a bill or resolution at its first reading.

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1	(b) No member shall speak more than twice on the main quest	-
2	15 minutes for the first speech and five minutes for the second speech; nor	
3	speak more than twice upon an amendment or a motion to reconsider, re-re	
4	any motion on concurrence, and then not longer than 10 minutes for the fin	rst speech and five
5	minutes for the second speech.	
6	(c) A member may speak only once and for not more than	10 minutes on the
7	question of the adoption of a minority report.	
8	(d) In computing the time allowed for argument, the time cons	-
9	questions should be considered and is taken out of any time allowed that men	
10	(e) The House, by consent of a majority of the members preser	
11	operation of subsections (b) through (d) of this rule during any debate on any	particular question
12	before the House.	
13	RULE 11. <b>Reading of Papers.</b> – When there is a call for the read	-
14	paper which has been presented to the House and there is objection to such re	
15	shall be determined by a majority vote of the members of the House present.	1 1
16 17	permitted by the Constitution, no member may have material printed in the	
17 18	material has been presented to the House and the printing approved by the material shall not exceed 1,000 words.	le House, and said
18 19		dar and decomum
19 20	<ul> <li>RULE 12. General Decorum. – (a) The Speaker shall preserve of</li> <li>(b) Decency of speech shall be observed and disrespect to per</li> </ul>	
20 21	avoided.	sonances calefully
21	(c) When the Speaker is putting any question or addressing the	e House no person
23	shall speak, stand up, walk out of, or cross the House, nor, when a member i	-
23 24	in disruptive discourse or pass between the member and the chair.	s speaking, engage
25	(d) Food or beverages shall not be permitted on the floor of th	e House during the
26	first hour of the daily session.	e nouse during the
27	(e) The reading of newspapers shall not be permitted on the	floor of the House
28	while the House is in session.	11001 01 010 110 000
29	(f) The consumption of food or beverages shall not be permit	ted in the galleries
30	at any time.	U
31	(g) Special recitals and performances by musicians or other g	groups shall not be
32	permitted on the floor of the House, and special guests of members of the	
33	permitted on the floor of the House.	
34	(h) Members shall observe appropriate attire: coat and tie for	male members and
35	dignified dress for female members.	
36	(i) The use of a mobile device or cellular phone for the pur	pose of making or
37	receiving a phone call shall not be permitted in the House Chamber while the l	House is in session.
38	(j) Placards, stickers, or signs are not permitted in the House	Chamber.
39	III. Motions	
40	RULE 13. Motions Generally. – (a) A motion that is comple	· •
41	otherwise not easily understood shall be reduced to writing at the request of	
42	member. No motion relating to a bill shall be in order that does not identify the	e bill by its number
43	and short title.	
44	(b) When a motion is made, it shall be stated by the Speaker of	r, if written, it shall
45	be handed to the chair and read aloud by the Speaker or Clerk before debate.	
46 47	(c) After a motion has been stated by the Speaker or read by the in the pagagagian of the Hausai but it may be withdrawn be	-
47 49	it shall be in the possession of the House; but it may be withdrawn be	
48 49	amendment, except in case of a motion to reconsider, which motion, when n shall be in possession of the House and shall not be withdrawn without leave	-
49 50	shall be in possession of the House and shall not be withdrawn without leave RULE 14. Motions, Order of Precedence. – When there are not shall be an	
50 51	House, the order of precedence is as follows:	notions before the
51	riouse, the order of precedence is as follows.	

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To adjourn.
To recess.
To lay on the table.
Previous question.
To postpone indefinitely.
To reconsider.
To postpone to a day certain.
To re-refer.
To amend an amendment.
To amend.
To pass the bill.
No motion to lay on the table, to postpone indefinitely, to postpone to a day certai
to re-refer, to divide the question, or to make a particular amendment, being decided, shall be
again allowed at the same stage of the bill or proposition.
RULE 15. Motion to Adjourn. $-(a)$ A motion to adjourn shall be seconded before
the motion is put to the vote of the House.
(b) A motion to adjourn shall be decided without debate and shall always be
order, except when the House is voting or some member is speaking; but a motion to adjour
shall not follow a motion to adjourn until debate or some other business of the House has
intervened.
RULE 15.1. Motion to Adjourn or Stand in Recess; Standard Stipulations. –
motion to adjourn or stand in recess subject to the standard stipulations shall constitute a motion
to adjourn or stand in recess subject to the ratification of bills, messages from the Senat
committee reports, conference reports, referral and re-referral of bills and resolution
appointment of conferees, introduction of bills and resolutions, committee appointments, and the
reading of Representative Statements.
RULE 16. Motion to Table. – (a) A motion to table shall be seconded before the
motion is put to the vote of the House and is in order except when a motion to adjourn or to rece
is before the House.
(b) A motion to table shall be decided without debate; however, the proponent
the matter that is subject of the motion to table shall be given up to two minutes to explain the
matter subject to the motion to table if the proponent has not previously explained the matt
prior to the motion to table.
(c) A motion to table a bill shall constitute a motion to table the bill and a
amendments thereto.
(d) When the question before the House is the adoption of an amendment to a b
or resolution, a motion to table the bill is not in order; and a motion to table an amendment appli-
to the amendment only, and the motion may not expressly or by implication or construction l
expanded to include a motion to table the bill also.
(e) When a question has been tabled, it shall not thereafter be considered, exce
on motion to reconsider under Rule 18 or to remove from the table approved by a two-thirds vot
RULE 17. Motion to Postpone Indefinitely. – A motion to postpone indefinitely
in order except when a motion to adjourn, or to lay on the table, or for the previous question,
to recess is before the House. However, after one motion to postpone indefinitely has been
decided, another motion to postpone indefinitely shall not be allowed at the same stage of the b
or proposition. When a question has been postponed indefinitely, it shall not thereafter l
considered, except on motion to reconsider under Rule 18 or to place on the favorable calend
approved by a two-thirds vote.
RULE 18. Motion to Reconsider. $-$ (a) When a question has been decided, it is

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1 2 3	by a recorded vote	ovided that if the vote by which the motion was originally a nonly a member of the prevailing side may move for reco A motion to reconsider shall be determined by a major	onsideration.
4		quire a two-thirds vote: a second or subsequent motion	• •
4 5	-		to reconsider and a
	motion to reconsid		
6		A vote upon a motion to table,	
7		A motion to postpone indefinitely,	
8	• •	A motion to remove a bill from the unfavorable calendar,	,
9	, ,	A motion that a bill be read twice on the same day, or	
10		A motion to remove from the table.	
11		A motion to reconsider the vote by which a person has bee	-
12	or Speaker Pro Te	mpore shall not be in order. This subsection of this rule c	cannot be suspended
13	except by a vote of	f three-fifths of all the members of the House.	
14	RULE	19. <b>Previous Question.</b> – (a) The previous question may	be called only by:
15	(1)	The Chair of the Committee on Rules, Calendar, and Open	rations of the House;
16	(1a)	The Vice-Chair of the Committee on Rules, Calendar, an	nd Operations of the
17		House if the Chair is not in the Chamber or able to partic	-
18		The Majority Leader;	•
19	, ,	The member submitting the report on the bill or	other matter under
20		consideration;	
21		The member introducing the bill or other matter under co	onsideration:
22		The member in charge of the measure, who shall be des	
23		of the standing committee or permanent subcommittee re	•
24		the House at the time the bill or other matter under const	
25		to the House or taken up for consideration.	identition is reported
25 26		When the call for the previous question has been decided	in the affirmative by
20 27		the House, the question is on the passage of the bill, resolu	-
28	under consideratio		mon, or other matter
28 29			stions amondments
29 30		The call for the previous question shall preclude all mo	
	-	the motion to adjourn, motion to recess, or motion to tab	
31		If the previous question is decided in the negative, the que	estion remains under
32	debate.		1
33		After the previous question is ordered by the House on t	1
34		ading, the Majority Leader and the Minority Leader may	
35		on the question. The Majority Leader and the Minorit	ty Leader may each
36	designate another	member to act under this subsection.	
37		IV. Voting	
38		20. Use of Electronic Voting System. – (a) Votes on the	
39		the electronic voting system, and the ayes and noes shall	be recorded on the
40	Journal:		
41		The passage as required by Section 23 of Article II of	the North Carolina
42		Constitution on second and third readings of any bill:	
43		a. Raising money on the credit of the State,	
44		b. Pledging the faith of the State for the payment of	a debt,
45		c. Imposing a State tax, or	
46		d. Authorizing a county, municipality, or other loca	l governmental unit
47		to:	
48		1. Raise money on its credit,	
49		2. Pledge its faith for the payment of a debt,	or
50		3. Impose a local tax.	
		1	

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1	(2)	All questions on which a call for the ayes and noes u	nder Rule 24(a) and
2		Section 19 of Article II of the North Carolina Constitutio	
3	(3)	Both second and third readings of bills proposing ame	ndment of the North
4		Carolina Constitution or ratifying resolutions amendir	ng the United States
5		Constitution.	
6	(4)	The passage of a bill, notwithstanding the Governor's v	-
7		to Section 22 of Article II of the North Carolina Constitu	
8	(b)	Votes on the following questions shall be taken on t	he electronic voting
9	system:		
10	(1)	Second reading of all public bills except resolutions, all a	-
11		bills, third reading if a public bill was amended after sec	U
12		reading occurs on a day or days following the second re	-
13		reports on public bills, all motions to lay public bills	on the table, and all
14		motions to postpone public bills indefinitely.	
15	(2)	Upon a call for division.	
16	(3)	Any other question upon direction of the Speaker or	upon motion of any
17		member supported by one-fifth of the members present.	1 11 1 11 1.0
18	(c)	When the electronic voting system is used, 15 seconds	
19		estion before the House, unless the Chair shall direct otherw	ise. Once the system
20		te shall be recorded and printed.	
21	(d)	The voting station at each member's desk in the Chamb	-
22 23	•	o which the station is assigned. Under no circumstances sl	• -
23 24		er's station. It is a breach of the ethical obligation of a men	-
24 25	-	on vote at the requesting member's station or to vote at anot ll enforce this rule without exception.	nei member s station.
23 26	(e)	When the electronic voting system is used, the Speaker sl	nall state the question
20 27		ate substantially the following: "All in favor vote 'aye'; all o	-
28		the vote." In order to have the vote recorded, the memb	
20 29	-	g system within the time allowed for that vote, unless the vote	
30	-	nalfunctioning. The Speaker shall enforce this rule without	
31		voting has elapsed, the Speaker shall say: "The Clerk will r	
32		vote." After the machine is locked and the vote recorde	
33		te and declare the result.	-, <sub>1</sub>
34	(f)	One copy of the machine printout of the vote record of a	all votes taken on the
35	electronic voting	g system shall be filed in the office of the Principal Clerk,	
36	•	egislative Library where the copies shall be open to public	1
37		, amendment, or motion on which the vote was taken sh	1 0
38	printout of the v	ote in the Legislative Library.	
39	(g)	When the Speaker ascertains that the electronic voting s	system is inoperative
40	before a vote is t	aken or while a vote is being taken on the electronic voting	system, the Speaker
41	shall announce the	hat fact to the House, and any partial electronic voting syste	m voting record shall
42	be voided. In suc	ch a case, if the North Carolina Constitution or the Rules o	f the House require a
43	call of the ayes	and noes, the Clerk shall call the roll of the House, and the	e ayes and noes shall
44	be taken manua	lly and shall be recorded on the Journal. All roll call	votes shall be taken
45		f, after a vote is taken on the electronic voting system, it	
46		sed an error in the electronic voting system printout, the Sp	
47	-	nd the Principal Clerk to verify and correct the printout rec	ord and so advise the
48	House.		
49	(h)	For the purpose of identifying motions on which the	vote is taken on the

For the purpose of identifying motions on which the vote is taken on the 49 (h) electronic voting system, the motions are coded as follows: (1) To adjourn. 50

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1	(2) To recess.
2	(3) To lay on the table.
2 3	(4) Previous question.
4	(5) To postpone indefinitely.
5	(6) To reconsider.
6	(7) To postpone to a day certain.
7	(8) To re-refer.
8	(9) To amend an amendment.
9	(10) To amend.
10	(11) To concur or not concur.
11	(12) Miscellaneous.
12	RULE 21. Voice Votes; Stating Questions. – (a) All other votes except those
12	required to be taken on the electronic voting system may be taken by voice vote.
13	(b) When a voice vote is taken, the Speaker shall put the question substantially as
15	follows: "Those in favor (as the question may be) will say 'aye," and after the affirmative voice
16	has been expressed, "Those opposed will say 'no."
10	(c) No statement, explanation, debate, motion, parliamentary inquiry, or point of
18	order shall be allowed once the voice vote has begun. Any point of order or parliamentary inquiry
18 19	may be raised, however, after the completion of the vote.
20	RULE 22. <b>Determining Questions.</b> – (a) Unless otherwise provided by the North
20 21	Carolina Constitution or by these rules, all questions shall be determined by a simple majority of
21	the members present and voting.
22	(b) No member may vote unless the member is in the Chamber when the question
23 24	is put. This subsection of this rule cannot be suspended.
24 25	RULE 23. Voting by Division. – Any member may call for a division of the members
23 26	upon the question before the result of the vote has been announced. Upon a call for a division,
20 27	• •
27	the Speaker shall cause the number voting in the affirmative and in the negative to be determined.
28 29	Upon a division and count of the House on any question, no member away from the member's
29 30	seat shall be counted.
	RULE 24. <b>Roll Call Vote.</b> $-$ (a) Before a question is put, any member may call for the avec and near if the call is sustained by one fifth of the members present, the question shall
31	the ayes and noes. If the call is sustained by one-fifth of the members present, the question shall be decided by the ayes and noes upon a roll call yet.
32	be decided by the ayes and noes upon a roll call vote.
33	(b) Every member who is in the Hall of the House when the question is put shall
34 25	vote upon a call of the ayes and noes, unless excused pursuant to Rule 24.1A.
35	(c) No member may change a vote without leave of the House, but such leave
36	shall not be granted if it affects the result or if the session in which the vote was taken has been
37	adjourned.
38	RULE 24.1A. Excuse From Deliberations and Voting on a Bill. – (a) Any member
39 40	shall, upon request, be excused in advance from the deliberations and voting on a particular bill
40	at any time that the reason for the request arises in the proceedings on the bill.
41	(b) The member may make a brief oral statement of the reasons for making the
42	request. The member shall provide to the Principal Clerk, on a form provided by the Clerk, a
43	concise written statement of the reason for the request, and the Clerk shall include this statement
44	in the Journal.
45	(c) Except as provided in subsection (e) of this rule, the member so excused shall
46	not debate the bill or any amendment to the bill, vote on the bill, offer or vote on any amendment
47	to the bill, or offer or vote on any motion concerning the bill, in committee or on the floor of the
48	House at any reading, or any subsequent consideration of the bill.
49 50	(d) A member may request that his or her excuse from deliberations on a
50	particular bill be withdrawn.

1 (e) By leave of the House, a member who has been excused from deliberations 2 and voting on a bill may participate in deliberations and votes on amendments to which that 3 member does not have any conflict that requires excusal.

RULE 24.1B. **Division of Amendments and Questions.** – (a) Any member may call for an amendment to be divided into two or more amendments to be voted on separately. The motion shall be in writing, must be submitted to the Principal Clerk at the time the motion is made, and must clearly state how the question is to be divided. The Speaker shall determine whether the amendment admits of such a division. Upon a majority vote of the members present and voting, the motion shall be adopted and the body shall debate and vote each amendment separately.

11 Any member may call for a bill to be divided into two or more propositions to (b) be voted on separately, provided the bill is subject to division into separate parts so that each part 12 13 states a separate and distinct proposition capable of standing alone. The motion shall be in 14 writing, must be submitted to the Principal Clerk at the time the motion is made, and must clearly state how the question is to be divided. The Speaker shall then determine whether the bill admits 15 16 of such a division. Upon a majority vote of the members present and voting, the motion shall be 17 adopted and there shall be no further amendment or debate as to further division of the distinct 18 propositions. If the question is divided, the body shall debate and vote each proposition 19 separately. If any proposition fails, the bill shall be removed from the calendar and re-referred to 20 the committee from which the bill was reported. If all parts of the divided question pass, the 21 Speaker shall announce that the entire measure has passed second or third reading.

RULE 25. Voting by Speaker. – In all elections, the Speaker may vote. In all other instances, the Speaker may vote or may reserve this right until there is a tie, in which event the Speaker may vote; but in no instance may the Speaker vote twice on the same question.

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## V. Committees

RULE 26. **Standing Committees and Permanent Subcommittees Generally.** – (a) The Speaker shall appoint a chair, or cochairs, of every standing committee, permanent subcommittee, and select committee, if any. In the construction of these rules, the word "chair," as applied to a committee, extends to and includes a cochair of the committee. The Speaker shall have the exclusive right and authority to establish select committees, but this does not exclude the right of the House by resolution to establish select committees.

32 (b) The Speaker shall establish the number of members of each standing 33 committee and permanent subcommittee and appoint the members in a manner to reflect the 34 partisan membership of the House, except that the Committee on Ethics shall have an equal 35 number of members of the majority and minority.

36 (c) Before appointing members of committees and subcommittees, the Speaker
 37 shall consult with the Minority Leader. The Speaker and Minority Leader shall consider
 38 members' committee preferences in making appointments and recommendations.

39 (d) Each chair of a permanent subcommittee shall be a vice-chair of the standing
40 committee of which it is a permanent subcommittee, and the Speaker may name other members
41 as vice-chairs of the standing committee. The Speaker may name one or more vice-chairs for any
42 standing committee not having permanent subcommittees.

43 (e) The Chair of the Committee on Rules, Calendar, and Operations of the House, 44 the Speaker Pro Tempore, the Majority Leader, and the Deputy Majority Leader are ex officio 45 members of each standing committee and permanent subcommittee with the right to vote. The 46 previous sentence does not apply to the Standing Committee on Ethics. Up to two chairs of the Appropriations Committee are entitled to vote in all other Appropriations Committees (Capital, 47 48 Education, General Government, Health and Human Services, Information Technology, Justice 49 and Public Safety, Agriculture and Natural and Economic Resources, and Transportation). The 50 chair of the standing committee shall be a voting member of each permanent subcommittee of the standing committee. 51

1 2 3	(f) Either the chair or acting chair, designated by the chair or by the Speaker, and five other members of the standing committee or permanent subcommittee, or a majority of the standing committee or permanent subcommittee, whichever is fewer, shall constitute a quorum		
4	of that standing committee or permanent subcommittee. A quorum of less than a majority of all		
5	the members must include at least one member of the min		
6	a quorum, the Chair of the Standing Committee on Rules	s, Calendar, and Operations of the House,	
7	the Speaker Pro Tempore, the Majority Leader, and the	e Deputy Majority Leader, when serving	
8	only as ex officio members under subsection (e) the	his rule, shall be counted among the	
9	membership of the committee or subcommittee only wh	nen present.	
10	(g) In any joint meeting of the Senate ar	nd House committees or subcommittees,	
11	the House standing committee or permanent subcommit		
12	RULE 26.1. Mentions of Standing Commi		
13	reference in these rules to standing committees shall	extend to select committees unless the	
14	context requires otherwise.		
15	RULE 27. List of Standing Committees a	and Permanent Subcommittees. – The	
16	standing committees and subcommittees are:		
17	Committees	Subcommittees	
18			
19	Aging	(None)	
20			
21	Agriculture	(None)	
22	Alestelle Decement Control		
23	Alcoholic Beverage Control	(None)	
24 25	Appropriations	(None)	
23 26	Appropriations	(INOILE)	
20 27	Appropriations, Capital	(None)	
28	Appropriations, Capital	(itolic)	
20 29	Appropriations, Education	(None)	
30	Appropriations, Dadoation	(itolie)	
31	Appropriations, General Government	(None)	
32		(= · · · · · · )	
33	Appropriations, Health and Human Services	(None)	
34			
35	Appropriations, Information Technology	(None)	
36			
37	Appropriations, Justice and Public Safety	(None)	
38			
39	Appropriations, Agriculture and Natural		
40	and Economic Resources	(None)	
41			
42	Appropriations, Transportation	(None)	
43			
44	Banking	(None)	
45	~		
46	Commerce	(None)	
47			
48	Education – K-12	(None)	
49 50	Education Community C 1	(Nama)	
50	Education – Community Colleges	(None)	
51			

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	Education – Universities	(None)
	Elections and Ethics Law	(None)
	Energy and Public Utilities	(None)
	Environment	(None)
	Ethics	(None)
	Finance	(None)
	Health	(None)
	Homeland Security, Military, and Veterans Affairs	(None)
	Homelessness, Foster Care, and Dependency	(None)
	Insurance	(None)
	Judiciary	Civil Matters Criminal Matters
	Pensions and Retirement	(None)
	Redistricting	(None)
	Regulatory Reform	(None)
	Rules, Calendar, and Operations of the House	(None)
	State and Local Government	(None)
	Transportation	(None)
	Wildlife Resources RULE 28. Standing Committee and Perm	(None) nanent Subcommittee Meetings. – (a)
	anding committees and permanent subcommittees of	standing committees shall be furnished
wi	th suitable meeting places pursuant to a schedule es	stablished by the Chair of the Standing

Standing committees and permanent subcommittees of standing committees shall be furnished with suitable meeting places pursuant to a schedule established by the Chair of the Standing Committee on Rules, Calendar, and Operations of the House. Select committees shall be furnished with suitable meeting places as their needs require by the Chair of the Standing Committee on Rules, Calendar, and Operations of the House.

45 (b) Subject to the provisions of subsection (c) of this rule, standing committees 46 and permanent subcommittees thereof shall permit other members of the General Assembly, the 47 press, and the general public to attend all sessions of said standing committees or permanent 48 subcommittees.

(c) The chair or other presiding officer shall have general direction of the meeting
 place of the standing committee or permanent subcommittee, and, in case of any disturbance or
 disorderly conduct therein, or if the peace, good order, and proper conduct of the legislative

business is hindered by any person or persons, the chair or presiding officer shall have power to
exclude from the session any individual or individuals so hindering the legislative business.
(d) Procedure in the standing committees and permanent subcommittees shall be
governed by the rules of the House, so far as the same may be applicable to such procedure.
Before a question is put, any member may call for the ayes and noes. The chair shall ask, "Is the
call sustained?" If the call is sustained by one-fifth of the members present and standing, the

7 question shall be decided by the ayes and noes upon a roll call vote. All roll call votes shall be taken alphabetically and shall be subject to Rule 21(c).
9 (d1) The committee chair shall set the agenda for each committee meeting. After

9 (d1) The committee chair shall set the agenda for each committee meeting. After 10 April 1, 2019, a committee may, provided there is a written request signed by at least two-thirds 11 of the members of the committee, place a bill on the committee's agenda for the next regularly 12 scheduled meeting of the committee.

(e) No standing committee shall meet on any day when the House shall not
 convene except by permission of the Speaker or by approval of the House by resolution adopted
 by a majority vote of the House.

16 (f) No standing committee or permanent subcommittee shall meet during any 17 session of the House. Standing committees and permanent subcommittees shall meet at their 18 regularly scheduled hour. Standing committees and permanent subcommittees may meet at other 19 times as authorized by the Chair of the Standing Committee on Rules, Calendar, and Operations 20 of the House in order to assure the availability of the meeting room and that no conflicts will 21 exist with the meetings of other bodies. All standing committee meetings and permanent 22 subcommittee meetings shall adjourn no later than:

23 24

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- (1) 15 minutes preceding a regular session of the House, and
- (2) 10 minutes preceding the hour of the next regularly scheduled standing committee meeting.

Action taken by a committee or permanent subcommittee in violation of this rule is voidable unless taken by unanimous consent at a meeting at which a majority of all the members of the committee or permanent subcommittee are present, and at which at least one member present is of the minority party.

30 (g) Any call or notice of a standing committee or permanent subcommittee 31 meeting between legislative sessions shall be sent by electronic mail to each member of the 32 standing committee or permanent subcommittee at least five days prior to such meeting. If a 33 member of the body so requests in writing to the chair of the standing committee or permanent 34 subcommittee, the member shall also be notified of the meetings by mail at a designated address.

(h) During standing committee and permanent subcommittee meetings, the chair
 may exercise the right to vote, or may reserve this right until there is a tie, in which event the
 chair may vote, but in no instance may the chair vote twice on the same question.

(i) No standing committee or permanent subcommittee may hold a meeting on
April 22 through April 26 of 2019 or July 1 through July 6 of 2019.

RULE 28.1. Ethics Committee Investigations Into Violations of the Open
Meetings Law. – (a) On its own motion, or in response to signed and sworn complaint of any
individual filed with the Standing Committee on Ethics, the Committee shall inquire into any
alleged violation by members of the House of the Open Meetings Law (Article 33C of Chapter
143 of the General Statutes), as the same may be amended in the future.

45 (b) If, after such preliminary investigation as it may make, the Committee 46 determines to proceed with an inquiry into the conduct of any individual, the Committee shall 47 notify the individual as to the fact of the inquiry and the charges against the individual and shall 48 schedule one or more hearings on the matter. The individual shall have the right to present 49 evidence, cross-examine witnesses, and be represented by counsel at any hearings.

50 (c) After the Committee has concluded its inquiries into the alleged violations,
51 the Committee shall dispose of the matter by taking one of the following actions:

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1	(1)	Dismiss the complaint and take no further action.	
2	(2)	Issue a private letter of reprimand to the legislator,	if the legislator
3		unintentionally violated the provisions of the Open Meetin	gs Law.
4	(3)	Issue a public letter of reprimand if the violation of the O	pen Meetings Law
5		was intentional or if the legislator has previously received	
6		reprimand. The Chair of the Committee on Ethics shall ha	ve the public letter
7		of reprimand spread on the pages of the House Journal.	
8	(4)	Refer the matter to the House for appropriate action.	
9		29. Notice of Standing Committee and Permanen	
10	e	learings (a) Notice of meetings of standing committee	<b>1</b>
11		at will occur at the regularly scheduled meeting times shall	be given by one or
12	both of the follow	-	
13	(1)	Notice given openly at a session of the House; or	. 1
14	(2)	Notice mailed or sent by electronic mail to those who hav	-
15 16		and to the Legislative Services Office, which shall post	the notice on the
10 17	(b)	General Assembly Web site. Notice of all other meetings shall be given in the House	If the meeting is
17		ir after adjournment, notice shall also be given by electroni	-
10 19		ssembly Web site.	e man and posting
20	(c)	The chair of the standing committee or permanent subcom	mittee shall notify
20		ified the sponsor of each bill that is set for hearing or consid	-
22		ee or permanent subcommittee as to the date, time, and plac	
23		29.1. <b>Public Hearings.</b> – (a) Requests for a public hearin	
24		ir of the standing committee or permanent subcommittee to	
25	U U	e chair of the standing committee or permanent subcommit	
26		y the standing committee or permanent subcommittee as	•
27		regular daily House session. Denial of a request made by a H	
28	be appealed to the		
29	Notice	shall be given not less than five calendar days prior to public	lic hearings. These
30	notices shall be is	ssued as information for the press and shall be posted in the	places designated
31	by the Principal C		
32	(b)	Persons desiring to appear and be heard at a public hearing	
33	-	hair of the standing committee or permanent subcommi-	
34	1	nanent subcommittee chair may designate one or more mem	e
35	11	ce of interested parties. A brief written statement of testimony	
36	1	entation and shall be incorporated into the minutes of the pu	e
37		29.2. Minutes to Legislative Library. – The chair of a star	0
38	-	nmittee shall ensure that written minutes are compiled for	•
39	-	nutes shall indicate the members present and the actions tal	-
40		days after the adjournment of each session of the General A	•
41		gnee shall deliver the minutes to the Legislative Library.	1
42		a reasonable extension of time for filing said minutes upon	written application
43	of the chair.	20 Committee of the Whole House (a) A Committee of	f the Whole House
44 45		30. Committee of the Whole House. $-(a)$ A Committee o ed, except by leave of the House.	i me whole House
45 46	(b)	After passage of a motion to form a Committee of the	Whole House the
40 47		oint a chair to preside in the committee, and the Speaker sha	
48	(c)	The rules of procedure in the House shall be observed in the	
49		far as they may be applicable, except the rule limiting the tir	
<del>5</del> 0	the previous ques		ne or speaking and
	T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T		

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1 2	(d) In the Committee of the Whole House, a motion that the standing committee rise shall always be in order, except when a member is speaking, and shall be decided without
3	debate.
4	(e) When a bill is submitted to the Committee of the Whole House, it shall be
5	read and debated by sections, leaving the preamble to be last considered. The body of the bill
6	shall not be defaced or interlined, but all amendments, noting the page and line, shall be duly
7	entered by the Principal Clerk on a separate paper as the same shall be agreed to by the standing
8	committee and be so reported to the House. After report, the bill shall again be subject to be
9	debated and amended by sections before a question on its passage be taken.
10 11	VI. Handling of Bills
11	RULE 31. <b>Introduction of Bills and Resolutions.</b> – (a) All bills and resolutions shall be introduced by submitting same to the Principal Clerk's office on the legislative day prior to
12	the first reading and reference thereof according to the following schedule: by 30 minutes after
13 14	adjournment each Monday; and by 3:00 P.M. each Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday.
15	(b) Bills shall not become resolutions provided the Senate has a similar rule.
16	Resolutions shall not become bills. Resolutions are not law but may be used when a law is not
17	necessary for the purpose contained therein. Resolutions shall not be used to appropriate funds
18	for any purpose, but may be used to create study commissions or committees or establish
19	investigative committees, to honor deceased members of the General Assembly, to express to
20	Congress the opinions of the House and the General Assembly, and to adopt House rules and
21	internal affairs. Resolutions cannot amend, repeal, or modify a statute; nor do they have life
22	beyond the term of the session during which they are adopted.
23	(c) Every bill or resolution shall be read in regular order of business, except upon
24	permission of the Speaker or on the report of a standing committee.
25	(d) All bills and resolutions shall show in their captions a brief descriptive
26	statement of the true substance of same, which captions may thereafter be amended. Amendments
27	to captions of bills are in order only if the amendment is germane to the bill. Third reading shall
28	not be had on any bill or resolution on the same day that such caption is amended.
29	(e) A Substitute Bill shall be covered with the same color jacket as the original
30	bill and shall be prefaced as follows: "House Committee Substitute for"
31	(f) House resolutions need not be read more than twice.
32 33	(g) All memorializing, celebration, commendation, and commemoration
33 34	resolutions, except those honoring the memory of deceased members of the General Assembly or expressing to Congress the opinions of the House or the General Assembly, shall be excluded
34 35	from introduction and consideration in the House. The mention of a deceased member of the
36	General Assembly as a pretext to honor an institution or a living person is prohibited. Members
30 37	should utilize a Representative Statement, as provided in Rule 8.1, as the preferred alternative to
38	House simple resolutions that memorialize, celebrate, commend, and commemorate, other than
39	for those relating to deceased members of the General Assembly or expressing to Congress the
40	opinions of the House or the General Assembly.
41	(h) Any reference in these rules to bills shall extend to resolutions unless the
42	context requires otherwise.
43	RULE 31.1. Deadlines on Introduction and Receipt; No Blank Bills; 15 Bill Limit.
44	- (a) All local bills must be submitted to the Legislative Drafting Division or the Legislative
45	Analysis Division of the Legislative Services Office by 4:00 P.M. on Wednesday, March 6, 2019,
46	and must be introduced not later than 3:00 P.M. on Thursday, March 28, 2019.
47	(b) All public bills or resolutions recommended by commissions or standing
48	committees authorized or directed by act or resolution of the General Assembly (i) to report to
49	the 2019 Regular Session of the General Assembly, or to report prior to convening of that session,
50	or (ii) which are recommended to the 2019 Regular Session of the General Assembly by a
51	commission or committee established directly by Chapter 120 of the General Statutes, must be
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1 submitted to the Legislative Drafting Division or the Legislative Analysis Division of the 2 Legislative Services Office by 4:00 P.M. on Wednesday, February 6, 2019, and must be 3 introduced not later than 3:00 P.M. on Thursday, February 21, 2019.

4 All bills prepared to be introduced for departments, agencies, or institutions (c)5 of the State must be submitted to the Legislative Drafting Division or the Legislative Analysis 6 Division of the Legislative Services Office by 4:00 P.M. on Wednesday, February 13, 2019, and 7 must be introduced not later than 3:00 P.M. on Thursday, February 28, 2019. A bill introduced 8 under this subsection shall be identified as an Agency Bill after its short title or in the drafting 9 code.

10 (d) All public bills that would not be required to be re-referred to the 11 Appropriations or Finance Committees under Rule 38 and all joint resolutions and House resolutions must be submitted to the Legislative Drafting Division or the Legislative Analysis 12 13 Division of the Legislative Services Office by 4:00 P.M. on Wednesday, March 27, 2019, and 14 must be introduced not later than 3:00 P.M. on Tuesday, April 16, 2019.

15 (e) All public bills which under Rule 38 are required to be re-referred to either or 16 both of the Appropriations Committee or the Finance Committee must be submitted to the 17 Legislative Drafting Division or the Legislative Analysis Division of the Legislative Services 18 Office by 4:00 P.M. on Wednesday, April 3, 2019, and must be introduced not later than 3:00 19 P.M. on Tuesday, April 23, 2019. If any bill is subject to the deadline under this subsection and 20 the bill is amended so that all the provisions requiring referral to either or both of those 21 committees under Rule 38 do not remain in the bill, it is not eligible for further consideration.

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(f) A bill containing no substantive provisions may not be introduced in the

23 House. 24

(g) No member may introduce more than 15 public bills. For the purpose of this 25 subsection, the introducer is the member who is listed as the first sponsor. A member may assign a portion of this limit to another member electronically using the procedures established and 26 27 published by the Principal Clerk. This subsection does not apply to bills or resolutions 28 recommended by commissions or committees authorized or directed by act or resolution of the 29 General Assembly (i) to report to the 2019 Regular Session of the General Assembly, or to report 30 prior to convening of that session, or (ii) that are recommended to the Regular Session of the 31 General Assembly by a commission or committee established directly by Chapter 120 of the

32 General Statutes. This subsection does not apply to joint resolutions or House resolutions. 33 In order to be eligible for consideration by the House during the first Regular (h) 34 Session, all Senate bills other than (i) finance or appropriations bills that would be required to be 35 re-referred to the Appropriations or Finance Committee under Rule 38, (ii) those providing for 36 action on gubernatorial nominations or appointments, (iii) those providing for action on 37 appointments by the General Assembly pursuant to G.S. 120-121, (iv) those providing for 38 amendments to the North Carolina Constitution, (v) those containing statutory amendments 39 necessary to implement proposed amendments to the North Carolina Constitution, (vi) those 40 establishing districts for Congress or State or local entities, (vii) those addressing election laws, (viii) those ratifying an amendment or amendments to the Constitution of the United States, and 41 42 (ix) adjournment resolutions must be received and read on the floor of the House as a message 43 from the Senate no later than Thursday, May 9, 2019; provided that a message from the Senate 44 received by the next legislative day stating that a bill has passed its third reading and is being 45 engrossed shall comply with the requirements of this subsection and provided that the Senate has 46 a similar rule.

47 This rule, other than subsections (f) and (g), does not apply to bills (i) (i) 48 establishing districts for Congress or State or local entities, (ii) introduced on the report of the 49 Committees on Appropriations, Finance, or Rules, Calendar, and Operations of the House, or 50 (iii) ratifying an amendment or amendments to the Constitution of the United States. This rule 51 does not apply to resolutions adjourning the General Assembly sine die or to a day certain.

1 **RULE 32. Reference to Standing Committees and Permanent Subcommittees;** 2 Serial Referrals; Re-Referral of Bills From One Standing Committee to Another Standing 3 Committee; Re-referral to Committee on Rules. - (a) Each bill not introduced on the report 4 of a standing committee shall immediately upon its first reading be referred by the Speaker to 5 such standing committee, permanent subcommittee, select committee, or committee of the whole 6 as the Speaker deems appropriate. The Speaker at the same time may order that, if the bill is 7 reported with any favorable recommendation or without prejudice, it be re-referred automatically 8 upon the committee report to another committee or permanent subcommittee designated in the 9 order. Each joint resolution or House resolution not introduced on the report of a standing 10 committee shall immediately upon its first reading either be referred by the Speaker to a standing 11 committee or permanent subcommittee or be calendared on the date designated by the Speaker, 12 as the Speaker deems appropriate. 13 Notwithstanding subsections (a) and (b) of this Rule, any bill establishing (a1) 14 districts for Congress or State Senators or State Representatives may be placed on the calendar without being referred by the Speaker to a committee or permanent subcommittee and on the 15 16 same legislative day of its introduction or receipt from the Senate. 17 The standing committee chair may refer each bill referred to the standing (b)18 committee to the permanent subcommittee specifically charged with the subject matter of the 19 bill. A report of that referral shall be made in writing and submitted to the body pursuant to Rule 20 5(5a). Except as provided in Rule 36, the permanent subcommittee to which the bill is referred shall report the bill back to the standing committee which report shall be made in writing and 21

shall report the bill back to the standing committee which report shall be made in writing and
 submitted to the body pursuant to Rule 5(5b). That subcommittee report shall include one of the
 following recommendations:

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- (1) Favorable, without prejudice, or unfavorable as to the original bill with the recommendation that the report be made to the standing committee;
- (2) Favorable, without prejudice, or unfavorable as to the original bill, as amended, with the recommendation that the report be made to the standing committee;
- (3) Favorable or without prejudice to the proposed committee substitute, and unfavorable to the original bill, with the recommendation that the report be made to the standing committee;
  - (4) Favorable as to the original bill with the recommendation that the report be made directly to the floor of the House, if approved by the standing committee chair;
- (5) Favorable to the original bill, as amended, with the recommendation that the report be made directly to the floor of the House, if approved by the standing committee chair; or
  - (6) Favorable to the proposed committee substitute with the recommendation that the report be made directly to the floor of the House, if approved by the standing committee chair, and unfavorable to the original bill.

41 Any recommendation of favorable or without prejudice may include a 42 recommendation of re-referral to another standing committee. After a bill is reported to a standing 43 committee by a permanent subcommittee of that standing committee, the standing committee 44 chair may re-refer the bill to another permanent subcommittee of that standing committee.

45 Upon recommendation to the standing committee, the bill shall be before that body 46 for further action unless the permanent subcommittee chair reports the bill directly pursuant to 47 Rule 36.

48 (c) Upon consent of the sponsor of the bill, the Speaker, the chair of the standing 49 committee from which the bill is to be re-referred, and the chair of the standing committee to 50 which the bill is to be re-referred, the chair of the standing committee from which the bill is to 51 be re-referred or the Chair of the Committee on Rules, Calendar, and Operations of the House

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1	may move for a re-referral to another standing committee, and the bill shall b	e re-referred upon
2	vote of the majority present during a regular session of the House.	-
3	(d) The Speaker may remove a bill from the committee to whic	h the bill has been
4	referred and may re-refer the bill to another committee.	
5	(e) All public bills and resolutions reported by any standi	0
6	permanent subcommittee must have also been reported by the Committee or	
7	and Operations of the House prior to being calendared for consideration by the	e House. This rule
8	may be waived by leave of the House.	
9	RULE 33. Papers Addressed to the House. – Petitions, memorials	
10	addressed to the House shall be presented by the Speaker. A brief stateme	
11	thereof may be made orally by the introducer before reference to a committee	
12	shall not be debated or decided on the day of their first being read unless the	House shall direct
13	otherwise.	a Dilla shall ha
14 15	RULE 34. Introduction of Resolutions and Bills. – (a) Hou designated as "H P " (No following) A Joint Resolution shall be designed	
15 16	designated as "H.B" (No. following). A Joint Resolution shall be designat (No. following). A House Resolution shall be designated as "H.R" (No. f	
17	Whenever any resolution or bill is filed for introduction, it shall	
18	procedures established and published by the Principal Clerk.	compry with the
19	(b) No bill may be filed for introduction if the draft contains na	mes preprinted on
20	the bill jacket and body of the bill (either as primary sponsors or cosponsors)	
21	member has signed the jacket.	
22	RULE 35. Public and Local Bills. – (a) The Legislative Services (	Officer shall cause
23	such bills as are introduced to be duplicated in such numbers as may be specifi	
24	Copies shall be placed in the Printed Bills Room and made available to the con	
25	the bill is referred, to individual members on request, and to the general public	
26	(b) A public bill is a bill affecting 15 or more counties. A local b	oill is one affecting
27	fewer than 15 counties.	
28	RULE 35.1. Municipal Incorporation Reports. – Every leg	
29	introduced in the House or received in the House from the Senate, proposing	_
30	of a municipality shall have attached to the jacket of the original bill a	
31	consideration on second or third readings by the House or by any committee	-
32	to a favorable report, a recommendation from the Municipal Incorporations Su	
33	Joint Legislative Committee on Local Government, established by Article 20	_
34	the General Statutes. The recommendation of the Municipal Incorporations Su	
35	Joint Legislative Committee on Local Government shall be made in acc provisions and criteria set forth in Article 20 of Chapter 120 of the General	
36 37	include the findings required to be made by G.S. 120-166 through G.S. 120-1	
38	RULE 36. Report by Standing Committee or Permanent Sub	
39	<b>Reports.</b> – Bills and resolutions may be reported from the standing committee	
40	subcommittee to which referred with such recommendations as the stand	-
41	permanent subcommittee may desire to make. With the written approval o	0
42	standing committee and with the recommendation of the subcommittee pursual	
43	through (6), the chair of the permanent subcommittee may report the bill direct	
44	that recommendation. If a permanent subcommittee recommends reporting a b	
45	the chair of the standing committee fails to give approval, the chair of	
46	subcommittee shall refer the bill to the standing committee with the same record	-
47	subcommittee would have made to the House. A report of the subcommit	
48	standing committee shall be made in writing and submitted to the body pursua	ant to Rule 5(5b).
49	(b) <b>Favorable Report.</b> – When a standing committee or perman	
50	reports a bill with the recommendation that it be passed, the bill shall be place	d on the favorable

reports a bill with the recommendation that it be passed, the bill shall be placed on the favorable calendar on the day designated by the Chair of the Standing Committee on Rules, Calendar, and

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1	Operations of the House, but not on the same day that it is reported except b	y leave of the House,
2 3	and no later than the fourth legislative day after submission of the report or S Rule 43.2 or Rule 43.3(a), unless:	senate message under
4	(1) The bill is re-referred to the Committee on Appropriation	ons or Committee on
5	Finance under Rule 38 or was serially referred under Ru	
6	(2) The bill has not yet been placed on the calendar, and the	
7	bill to another committee or permanent subcommittee.	I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
8	In order to place a bill on the calendar for a legislative day, notice shall be	given by the Chair of
9	the Standing Committee on Rules, Calendar, and Operations of the House of	
10	in writing to the Principal Clerk. When a committee substitute is adopted and	
11	report by the standing committee or permanent subcommittee, the chair	
12	standing committee or permanent subcommittee the question of an unfav	
13	original bill. The standing committee or permanent subcommittee's action, i	-
14	bill shall be reported at the same time the committee substitute is reported.	
15	(b1) Favorable Report of Bills Proposing Congressional	or State Districts. –
16	Notwithstanding subsection (b) of this rule, a bill establishing districts for	or Congress or State
17	Senators or State Representatives that is reported favorably by a commi	ittee or a permanent
18	subcommittee may be placed on the favorable calendar on the same day it i	s reported.
19	(c) <b>Report Without Prejudice.</b> – When a standing com	mittee reports a bill
20	without prejudice, the bill shall be placed on the favorable calendar in	the same manner as
21	provided in subsection (b) of this rule.	
22	(d) <b>Postponed Indefinitely.</b> – When a standing committee r	reports a bill with the
23	recommendation that it be postponed indefinitely and no minority report ac	companies it, the bill
24	shall be placed on the unfavorable calendar.	
25	(e) <b>Unfavorable Report.</b> – When a standing committee re	ports a bill with the
26	recommendation that it not be passed and no minority report accompanie	s it, the bill shall be
27	placed on the unfavorable calendar.	
28	(f) <b>Minority Report.</b> – When a bill is reported by a standi	0
29	recommendation that it not be passed or that it be postponed indefinitely b	
30	by a minority report signed by at least one-fourth of the members of the st	
31	permanent subcommittee who were present and voting when the bill was co	0
32	committee or permanent subcommittee, the question before the House shall	-
33	the minority report." If the minority report is adopted by majority vote, the	-
34	on the favorable calendar for consideration. If the minority report fails of ac	loption by a majority
35	vote, the bill shall be placed on the unfavorable calendar.	
36	RULE 36.1. Fiscal Notes. – (a) The Chair or Cochair of	11 1
37	Committee, of the Finance Committee, or of the Standing Committee on I	
38	Operations of the House, upon the floor of the House, may request that a fis	
39	of a bill, a resolution, or an amendment to a bill or resolution which is in	
40	House and that a fiscal note be attached to the measure, which request shall	
41	the opinion of the Speaker, the fiscal effects of that measure are not appare	00
42	of the measure. When a request is properly made under this subsection, the	bill is removed from
43	the calendar until such time that the fiscal note is attached to the measure.	1 , 11 ,
44	(b) The fiscal note shall be filed and attached to the bill or an	
45	legislative days of the request, and a copy shall be sent by electronic mail	
46	is impossible to prepare a fiscal note within two legislative days, the Direct	
47	shall, in writing, so advise the Speaker, the Principal Clerk, the Majority	
48	Leader, and the member introducing or proposing the measure and shall in the fixed note will be made	dicate the time when
49 50	the fiscal note will be ready.	Division on - f-
50	(c) The fiscal note shall be prepared by the Fiscal Research	I DIVISION ON a TORM

approved by the Chair of the Standing Committee on Rules, Calendar, and Operations of the 51

1 House as to content and form and signed by the staff member or members preparing it. If no 2 estimate in dollars is possible, the fiscal note shall indicate the reasons that no estimate is 3 provided. The fiscal note shall not comment on the merit, but may identify technical problems. 4 The Fiscal Research Division shall make the fiscal note available to the membership of the 5 House. 6 (d) A sponsor of a bill or amendment may deliver a copy of the bill or amendment 7 to the Fiscal Research Division for the preparation of a fiscal note. The sponsor shall attach the 8 fiscal note to the bill when filed or to the amendment when its adoption is moved. 9 The sponsor of a bill or amendment to which a fiscal note is attached who (e) 10 objects to the estimates and information provided may reduce to writing the objections. These 11 objections shall be appended to the fiscal note attached to the bill or amendment and to the copies 12 of the fiscal note available to the membership. 13 Subsection (a) of this rule shall not apply to the Current Operations (f)14 Appropriations Bill or the Capital Improvement Appropriations Bill. This rule shall not apply to a bill or amendment requiring an actuarial note under these rules. 15 RULE 36.1A. Distribution of Proposed Committee Substitutes. - (a) No proposed 16 17 committee substitute may be considered by a standing committee or permanent subcommittee 18 unless the proposed committee substitute shall have been distributed electronically no later than 19 9:00 P.M. of the preceding calendar day to the members of the committee or permanent 20 subcommittee and to the member who is listed as the first primary sponsor. This requirement 21 may be waived by leave of the standing committee or permanent subcommittee. 22 Subsection (a) of this rule does not apply to a proposed committee substitute (b) 23 establishing districts for Congress or State Senators or State Representatives. 24 RULE 36.2. Actuarial Notes. – (a) Every bill or resolution proposing any change in 25 the law relative to any: 26 (1)State, municipal, or other retirement system funded in whole or in part out of 27 public funds; or 28 (2) Program of hospital, medical, disability, or related benefits provided for 29 teachers and State employees, funded in whole or in part by State funds; 30 shall have attached to it at the time of its consideration by any standing committee or permanent 31 subcommittee a brief explanatory statement or note which shall include a reliable estimate of the 32 financial and actuarial effect of the proposed change to that retirement or pension system. The 33 actuarial note shall be attached to the jacket of each proposed bill or resolution which is reported 34 favorably by any standing committee or permanent subcommittee, shall be separate therefrom, 35 and shall be clearly designated as an actuarial note. A bill described in subdivision (a)(1) of this 36 rule shall be referred to the Committee on Pensions and Retirement upon its introduction in 37 accordance with G.S. 120-111.3. 38 (b) The sponsor of the bill or resolution shall present a copy of the measure, with 39 a request for an actuarial note, to the Fiscal Research Division, which shall prepare the actuarial 40 note as promptly as possible but not later than two weeks after the request is made, unless an extension of time is agreed to by the sponsor as being necessary in the preparation of the note. 41 42 Actuarial notes shall be prepared in the order of receipt of request and shall be transmitted to the 43 sponsor of the measure. The actuarial note of the Fiscal Research Division shall be prepared and 44 signed by an actuary. 45 (c) The sponsor of the bill or resolution shall also present a copy of the measure 46 to the actuary employed by the system or program affected by the measure. Actuarial notes shall be prepared and transmitted to the sponsor of the measure not later than two weeks after the 47 48 request is received, unless an extension of time is agreed to by the sponsor as being necessary in 49 the preparation of the note. The actuarial note shall be attached to the jacket of the measure. The 50 provisions of this subsection may be waived by the measure's sponsor for a measure affecting government program of hospital, medical, disability, or related benefits for local government
 employees not administered by the State.

3 (d) The note shall be factual and shall, if possible, provide a reliable estimate of 4 both the immediate effect and, if determinable, the long-range fiscal and actuarial effect of the 5 measure. If, after careful investigation, it is determined that no dollar estimate is possible, the 6 note shall contain a statement to that effect, setting forth the reasons why no dollar estimate can 7 be given. No comment or opinion shall be included in the actuarial note with regard to the merits 8 of the measure for which the note is prepared. Technical and mechanical defects in the measure 9 may be noted.

10 When any standing committee or permanent subcommittee reports a measure (e) 11 to which an actuarial note is attached at the time of committee consideration, with any amendment of such nature as would substantially affect the cost to or the revenues of any 12 13 retirement or pension system, or program of hospital, medical, disability, or related benefits for 14 teachers or State employees, the chair of the standing committee or permanent subcommittee reporting the measure shall obtain from the Fiscal Research Division an actuarial note of the 15 fiscal and actuarial effect of the proposed amendment. The actuarial note shall be attached to the 16 17 jacket of the measure. An amendment to any bill or resolution shall not be in order if the 18 amendment affects the costs to or the revenues of a State-administered retirement or pension 19 system, or program of hospital, medical, disability, or related benefits for teachers or State 20 employees, unless the amendment is accompanied by an actuarial note, prepared by the Fiscal 21 Research Division, as to the actuarial effect of the amendment.

(f) The Fiscal Research Division shall make all relevant actuarial notes available
 to the membership of the House.

RULE 36.3. Local Legislation Affecting State Highway System. – A local bill
 affecting the State Highway System shall be referred to the Committee on Transportation.

26 RULE 36.4. Content of Appropriations Bills. - No provision shall be contained in 27 any of the following bills unless it pertains to the appropriation of money or the raising or 28 reducing of revenue: (i) the Current Operations Appropriations Bill; (ii) the Capital Improvement 29 Appropriations Bill; (iii) any bill generally revising appropriations for the second fiscal year of 30 a biennium. If a point of order is made against such a provision and is sustained, the presiding 31 officer shall refer the bill to the committee from which it came, with instructions for the chair of 32 the committee to immediately report out a substitute or amendment removing the offending 33 provision.

RULE 37. Removing Bill From Unfavorable Calendar. – A bill may be removed
 from the unfavorable calendar upon motion carried by a two-thirds vote. A motion to remove a
 bill from the unfavorable calendar is debatable.

RULE 38. Reports on Appropriation and Revenue Bills. – (a) All standing
 committees, other than the Standing Committees on Appropriations, when favorably reporting
 any bill or resolution that:

40

- (1) Carries an appropriation from the State; or
- 41 (2) Requires or will require in the future substantial additional State monies from
  42 the General Fund or Highway Fund to implement its provisions shall indicate
  43 same in the report, and said bill or resolution shall be referred to the Standing
  44 Committees on Appropriations for a further report before being acted upon by
  45 the House.

46 (b) All standing committees, other than the Standing Committee on Finance, 47 when favorably reporting any bill that in any way or manner raises revenue, reduces revenue, 48 levies a tax, authorizes the levying of a tax, an assessment, or a fee, or authorizes the issue of 49 bonds or notes, whether public or local, shall indicate same in the report, and said bill shall be 50 referred to the Standing Committee on Finance for a further report before being acted upon by 51 the House. This subsection shall not apply to bills only imposing fines, forfeitures, or penalties.

1 RULE 39. Discharge Petition. – (a) A motion to discharge a committee from 2 consideration of a bill may be filed with the Principal Clerk by a primary sponsor of that measure 3 if accompanied by a petition asking that the committee be discharged from further consideration 4 of the bill. No motion may be filed until 10 legislative days after the bill has been referred to the 5 committee. No petition may be filed until notice has been given on the floor of the House that 6 the petition is to be filed and the primary sponsor giving notice has obtained a fiscal note from 7 the Fiscal Research Division on the bill, which note shall be attached to the petition. Members 8 may sign the petition only in the office of the Principal Clerk, and when the signatures of 61 9 members appear on the petition, the Principal Clerk shall place that motion on the calendar for 10 the next legislative day as a special order of business. Members may withdraw their names at any 11 time until 61 names appear. If the motion is adopted by the House, then the committee to which the bill or resolution has been referred is discharged from further consideration of the bill, and 12 13 that bill is placed on the calendar for the next legislative day as a special order of business. The 14 Principal Clerk shall provide a form for discharge petitions.

15 (b) This rule shall not be temporarily suspended without one day's notice on the 16 motion given in the House and delivered in writing to the chair of the standing committee, and 17 to sustain that motion two-thirds of the members shall be required.

18 RULE 40. **Calendars and Schedules of Business.** – (a) The Clerk of the House shall 19 prepare a daily schedule of business, including the Calendar of Bills and Resolutions for 20 consideration and debate that day, in accordance with the Order of Business of the Day (Rule 5). 21 The Clerk shall number all bills and resolutions in the order in which they are introduced. All 22 bills and resolutions shall be taken up as they appear in each category (Rule 5(10)). Except by 23 leave of the House, the Speaker shall not vary from the order.

(b) Subsection (a) of this rule does not apply to bills establishing districts for
 Congress or State Senators or State Representatives.

RULE 41. Reading of Bills. – (a) Every bill shall receive three readings in the House
 prior to its passage. The Speaker shall give notice at each subsequent reading whether it is the
 second or third reading.

(a1) The first reading and reference to standing committee of a House bill shall occur on the next legislative day following its introduction. The first reading and reference to standing committee of a Senate bill shall occur on the next legislative day following its receipt on messages from the Senate. This subsection does not apply to any bill establishing districts for Congress or State Senators or State Representatives.

34 (b) Except for bills establishing districts for Congress or State Senators or State 35 Representatives, no bill shall be read more than once on the same day without the concurrence 36 of two-thirds of the members present and voting; provided, no bill governed by Section 23 of 37 Article II of the North Carolina Constitution herein shall be read twice on one day under any 38 circumstance.

RULE 42. Effect of a Defeated Bill. – (a) Subject to the provisions of subsection (b)
 of this rule, after a bill has:

- 41 42
- (1) Been tabled,
- (2) Been postponed indefinitely,
- 43 44
- (3) Failed to pass on any of its readings, or
- (4) Been placed on the unfavorable calendar,

45 the contents of that bill or the principal provisions of its subject matter shall not be considered in 46 any other measure originating in the Senate or originating thereafter in the House. Upon the point 47 of order being raised and sustained by the chair, that measure shall be laid upon the table and 48 shall not be taken therefrom except by a two-thirds vote of the members present and voting.

49 (b) No local bill shall be held by the chair to embody the contents of or the 50 principal provisions of the subject matter of any statewide measure which has been laid on the 51 table, has failed to pass on any of its readings, or has been placed on the unfavorable calendar.

1 RULE 43. Amendments. – (a) No amendment to a measure before the House shall 2 be in order unless the amendment is germane to the measure under consideration. A House 3 amendment deleting a previously adopted House amendment shall not be in order. No 4 amendment that is clearly unconstitutional shall be in order. 5 Only one principal (first degree) amendment shall be pending at any one time. If a 6 subsequent or substitute principal amendment shall be offered, the Speaker shall rule it out of 7 order. However, any member desiring to offer a subsequent or substitute principal amendment in 8 opposition to the pending amendment may inform the House by way of argument against the 9 pending amendment that if it is defeated the member proposes to offer another principal 10 amendment, and the member may then read and explain such proposed amendment. 11 Perfecting (or second degree) amendments may be offered and considered without 12 limitation as to number, and in the event of multiple perfecting amendments, they shall be voted 13 upon in inverse order. 14 (b) The following rules apply when considering: (i) the Current Operations Appropriations Bill; (ii) the Capital Improvement Appropriations Bill; (iii) any bill generally 15 16 revising appropriations for the second fiscal year of a biennium: 17 Amendments cannot increase total spending within a committee area beyond (1)the total for that committee as shown in the committee report. 18 19 Amendments can only affect appropriations within the departments, agencies, (2)20 or programs within the jurisdiction of the committee. Amendments cannot increase total spending, from any source, beyond the 21 (3) total amount shown in the committee report. 22 23 Amendments that cause the budget to be unbalanced are not in order. (4) 24 (5) Amendments cannot spend reversions. 25 Amendments cannot make nonrecurring reductions to fund recurring items. (6) 26 (c) When offering an amendment, the member shall deliver the signed original 27 amendment to the Principal Clerk and a copy to the Chair of the Committee on Rules, Calendar, 28 and Operations of the House. 29 RULE 43.1. Engrossment. - Bills and resolutions which originate in the House and 30 which are amended, shall be engrossed before being sent to the Senate. 31 RULE 43.2. House Concurrence in Senate Amendments to House Bills. – When 32 the House receives a Senate amendment to a bill originating in the House, it shall be placed on 33 the calendar in accordance with Rule 36(b). 34 RULE 43.3. Committee Substitutes Adopted by the Senate to Bills Originating in 35 the House; Procedure for Treatment of Material Amendments Thereto. - (a) Whenever the 36 Senate has adopted a committee substitute for a bill originating in the House and has returned the 37 bill to the House for concurrence in that committee substitute, it shall be placed on the calendar 38 in accordance with Rule 36(b). 39 The Speaker shall rule whether the committee substitute is a material (b) 40 amendment under Section 23 of Article II of the North Carolina Constitution which reads: "**Revenue bills.** – No law shall be enacted to raise money on the credit of the State, or to 41 42 pledge the faith of the State directly or indirectly for the payment of any debt, or to impose any 43 tax upon the people of the State, or to allow the counties, cities, or towns to do so, unless the bill for the purpose shall have been read three several times in each house of the General Assembly 44 45 and passed three several readings, which readings shall have been on three different days, and 46 shall have been agreed to by each house respectively, and unless the yeas and nays on the second 47 and third readings of the bill shall have been entered on the journal." 48 If the committee substitute was referred to standing committee, the standing 49 committee shall: 50 Report the bill with the recommendation either that the House do concur or (1)

that the House do not concur; and

51

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l	(2) Advise the Speaker as to whether or not that committee substitute is a material
2	amendment under Section 23 of Article II of the North Carolina Constitution.
} 	(c) If the committee substitute for a bill is not a material amendment, the question
	before the House shall be concurrence.
	(d) If the committee substitute for a bill is a material amendment, the receiving of
	that bill on messages shall constitute first reading, and the question before the House shall be
,	concurrence on second reading. If the motion is passed, the question then shall be concurrence on third reading on the next legislative day.
} )	
, )	(e) No committee substitute adopted by the Senate for a bill originating in the House may be amended by the House.
	RULE 44. Conference Standing Committees. – (a) Whenever the House shall
2	decline or refuse to concur in amendments put by the Senate to a bill originating in the House, or
	shall refuse to concur in a substitute adopted by the Senate for a bill originating in the House, or
ļ	whenever the Senate shall decline or refuse to concur in amendments put by the House to a bill
5	originating in the Senate, or shall refuse to concur in a substitute adopted by the House for a bill
	originating in the Senate, or shall refuse to concur in a substitute adopted by the House for a bin originating in the Senate, a conference committee may be appointed by the Speaker upon the
	Speaker's own motion and shall be appointed upon request by the principal sponsor of the original
	bill, the chair of the House standing committee that reported the bill, or the sponsor of the
	amendment in which the Senate refused to concur; and the bill under consideration shall
	thereupon go to and be considered by the joint conferees on the part of the House and Senate. In
	appointing members to conference committees, the Speaker shall appoint no less than a majority
	of members who generally supported the House position as determined by the Speaker.
	(b) The conference report may be made by a majority of the House members of
	such conference committee and shall not be amended. If the Senate has a similar rule, only such
	matters as are in difference between the two houses shall be considered by the conferees, and the
	conference report shall deal only with such matters. If the Senate does not have a similar rule, a
	conference committee report which includes significant matters that were not in difference
	between the houses, shall be referred to a standing committee for its recommendation before
	further action by the House.
	(c) If the conferees fail to agree or if either house fails to adopt the report of its
	conferees, new conferees may be appointed.
	(d) No vote shall be taken on adoption of a conference report until the next
	legislative day following the report, except that no vote shall be taken on adoption of a conference
	report on either the Current Operations Appropriations Bill or a bill generally revising the Current
	Operations Appropriations Act until the second legislative day following the report.
	(e) Notwithstanding subsection (d) of this rule, a conference report for a bill
	establishing districts for Congress or State Senators or State Representatives may be placed on
	the calendar for the legislative day the report is submitted.
	RULE 44.1. Transmittal of Bills to Senate. – Unless ordered by the Speaker or
	two-thirds vote of the members present and voting, no bill shall be sent from the House on the
	day of its passage, except on the last day of the session.
	RULE 44.2. <b>Veto Override.</b> – (a) Other than in a reconvened session, no vote shall
	be taken on overriding a gubernatorial veto on a House bill until the second legislative day
	following notice of its placement on the calendar.
	(b) Other than in a reconvened session, no vote shall be taken on overriding a subarnatorial vote on a Sanata bill until the logislative day following notice of its placement on
	gubernatorial veto on a Senate bill until the legislative day following notice of its placement on the calendar
	the calendar.
	VII. Legislative Officers and Employees RULE 45. Elected Officers. – (a) The House shall elect its Speaker from among its
	membership.
	memoersmp.
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The House shall elect its Speaker Pro Tempore from among its membership 1 (b) 2 who shall perform such duties as the Speaker may assign. 3 The House shall elect a Principal Clerk, who shall continue in office until (c) 4 another is elected. The Speaker may appoint a Reading Clerk and shall appoint a 5 Sergeant-at-Arms, both of whom shall serve at the Speaker's pleasure. The Principal Clerk, Reading Clerk, and Sergeant-at-Arms shall have and perform duties and responsibilities, not 6 7 inconsistent with these rules, as the Speaker may assign. Unless directed otherwise by the 8 Speaker on behalf of the House, the Principal Clerk or an employee designated by the Principal 9 Clerk shall receive House bills not approved by the Governor.

10 RULE 46. Assistants to Principal Clerk and Sergeant-at-Arms. – The Principal 11 Clerk and the Sergeant-at-Arms may appoint, with the approval of the Speaker, such assistants as may be necessary to the efficient discharge of the duties of their respective offices. 12

13 RULE 47. Speaker's Staff; Chaplain; and Pages. - (a) The Speaker may appoint 14 one or more staff members to the Speaker, a Chaplain of the House, and pages to wait upon the 15 sessions of the House.

16 When the House is not in session, the pages shall be under the supervision of (b) 17 the Supervisor of Pages.

18

(c) The Speaker, at the request of a member, may appoint honorary pages.

19 RULE 48. Member's Staff. - (a) Each standing committee and permanent 20 subcommittee shall have a committee assistant. The committee assistant to a standing committee 21 or permanent subcommittee shall serve as staff to the chair of the standing committee or 22 permanent subcommittee.

23 (b) Each member shall be assigned a legislative assistant, unless the member has 24 a committee assistant to serve as legislative assistant.

25 The selection and retention of legislative assistants shall be the sole (c) 26 prerogative of the individual member or members. Such staff shall file initial applications for 27 employment with the Director of Legislative Assistants and shall receive compensation as 28 prescribed by the Legislative Services Commission. Their period of employment shall comply 29 with the period as established by the Legislative Services Commission unless employment for an 30 extended period is approved by the Speaker. The legislative assistants shall adhere to such 31 uniform rules and regulations not inconsistent with these rules regarding hours and other 32 conditions of employment as the Legislative Services Commission shall fix by appropriate 33 regulations. The Director of House Legislative Assistants shall be appointed by the Speaker.

34 RULE 49. Compensation of Legislative Assistants. - No person employed, serving, 35 or appointed under Rules 46, 47, and 48 shall receive during such employment, appointment, or 36 service any compensation from any department of the State government, and there shall not be 37 voted, paid, or awarded any additional pay, bonus, or gratuity to any of them; but they shall 38 receive only the pay now provided by law for such duties and services.

39

VIII. Privileges of the Hall 40 RULE 50. Admittance to Floor. - (a) No person except members, officers, and 41 designated employees of the General Assembly who have been issued identification tags as 42 provided by this rule, and former members of the General Assembly who are not registered under 43 the provisions of Article 2 of Chapter 120C of the General Statutes, shall be allowed on the floor 44 of the House during its session, unless permitted by the Speaker or otherwise provided by law. 45 Employees of the General Assembly shall wear identification tags, approved by the Legislative 46 Services Officer, when on the floor of the House.

47 Except when a committee is meeting on the floor of the House, a person who (b) 48 is not authorized to be admitted to the floor under subsection (a) of this rule shall not be allowed 49 to enter the Chamber until at least five minutes after adjournment or recess of the House.

50 RULE 51. Admittance of Press. – Reporters wishing to take down debates may be admitted by the Speaker, who shall assign such places to them on the floor or elsewhere, to effect 51

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this object, as shall not interfere with the convenience of the House. Reporters admitted to the floor of the House shall observe the same requirements of attire for members contained in Rule 12(h).
RULE 52. Extending Courtesies. – Courtesies of the floor, galleries, or lobby shall
be extended at the discretion of the Speaker and only by the Speaker. Requests by members to
extend these courtesies shall be delivered to the Speaker. No member shall orally ask the Speaker
to extend these courtesies during the daily session.
RULE 53. Order in House Chamber, Galleries, and Lobby. – In case of any
disturbance or disorderly conduct in the House Chamber, galleries, or lobby, the Speaker or other
presiding officer is empowered to order the same to be cleared to the extent they deem necessary.
IX. General Rules
RULE 54. Attendance of Members. – Members and officers of the House shall
request leaves from the service of the House with the Principal Clerk.
RULE 55. Documents to Be Signed by the Speaker. – All acts, addresses, and
resolutions and all warrants and subpoenas issued by order of the House shall be signed by the
Speaker or other presiding officer.
RULE 56. <b>Printing or Reproducing Materials.</b> – There shall be no printing or
reproducing of paper(s) that are not legislative in essence except upon approval of the Speaker.
RULE 57. <b>Placement or Circulation of Materials.</b> – Persons other than members of
the House shall not place or cause to be placed any materials on members' desks in the House
Chamber without obtaining approval of the Speaker. Any material placed on members' desks in
the House Chamber, or circulated to House members anywhere in the Legislative Building or the
Legislative Office Building, shall bear the name of the originator.
RULE 58. <b>Rescission and Alteration of the Rules.</b> – (a) These rules shall not be
permanently rescinded or altered except by House simple resolution passed by a two-thirds vote
of the members present and voting. The introducer of the resolution must on the floor of the
House give notice of intent to introduce the resolution on the legislative day preceding its
introduction.
members present and voting may temporarily suspend any rule. RULE 59. Cosponsorship of Bills and Resolutions, Removal of Sponsorship. – (a)
Except by leave of the primary sponsor, or as provided in subsection (d) of this rule, no member may be listed as an additional primary sponsor on a bill after the bill has been filed. Except as
may be listed as an additional primary sponsor on a bill after the bill has been filed. Except as
provided in subsection (d) of this rule, any member not listed as a preprinted cosponsor on the
computer-generated draft edition who wishes to cosponsor a bill or resolution which has been introduced may do so by 5:00 P.M. of the calendar day following the adjournment of the session
introduced may do so by 5:00 P.M. of the calendar day following the adjournment of the session during which such hill or resolution was first read and referred, but only electronically under
during which such bill or resolution was first read and referred, but only electronically under
procedures approved by the Principal Clerk.
(b) Members wishing to cosponsor legislation prior to preparation of the draft
should indicate such to the drafter at the time the bill is requested and before filing the bill with
the Principal Clerk's office. The names of the members who are the primary sponsors shall be
listed in the order requested by them, followed by the words (Primary Sponsors); and the
remaining names of such members cosponsoring shall follow on the draft edition and first edition.
No more than four members may be listed as primary sponsors. Names of persons cosponsoring
bills thereafter under subsection (a) of this rule do not appear on subsequent editions but shall be
listed in the bill status system as cosponsors.
(c) No member shall permit anyone, other than that member's committee
assistant, legislative assistant, office assistant, or another member, to have possession of and solicit for bill or resolution sponsorship, the jacket of a bill or resolution.

50 (d) Should any member wish to remove the member's sponsorship of a bill that is 51 substantially changed by a Senate amendment or a Senate committee substitute, the member shall

notify the House Principal Clerk before the bill is considered for concurrence. If no sponsors remain on the bill, the House Principal Clerk shall notify the Chair of the Standing Committee on Rules, Calendar, and Operations of the House who may request that other members sponsor the bill. Removal of the first primary sponsor's name from a bill does not reduce the total number of bills introduced by the member under Rule 31.1(g), and sponsorship of a bill after removal of all sponsors is subject to Rule 31.1(g).

RULE 60. Correcting of Typographical Errors. – The Legislative Services Officer
may correct typographical errors appearing in House bills or resolutions or House amendments
to Senate bills provided that such corrections are made before ratification and do not conflict
with any actions or rules of the Senate and provided further that such correction be approved by
the Chair of the Standing Committee on Rules, Calendar, and Operations of the House, the
Speaker, or other presiding officer.

13 RULE 61. Assignment of Seats. – After initial assignment of seats, a member shall 14 continue to occupy the seat to which initially assigned until assigned a permanent seat; once 15 assigned a permanent seat, the member shall occupy it for the entire biennial session. In event of 16 vacancy, the Speaker or the Chair of the Standing Committee on Rules, Calendar, and Operations 17 of the House may assign such permanent seats as are necessary to maintain seating.

18 RULE 61.1. **Office Assignments.** – The Chair of the Standing Committee on Rules, 19 Calendar, and Operations of the House shall assign to each member an office space. When 20 available, chairs of standing committees and permanent subcommittees shall be assigned an 21 office adjacent to the room in which the standing committee or permanent subcommittee 22 generally meets if the Chair so desires. The Speaker shall be assigned an office of his or her 23 choice.

RULE 61.2. **Convening and Assigning Seats in the New House.** – (a) The Principal Clerk of the previous House of Representatives shall convene the House of Representatives at 12:00 P.M. on the date established by law for the convening of each regular session and preside over the body until the members elect a Speaker. In the case of a vacancy, inability, or refusal to so serve, the duty shall devolve upon the Sergeant-at-Arms of the prior House, and in the case of a vacancy in that office, or inability or refusal to so serve, the duty shall devolve upon the Reading Clerk of the prior House.

31 (b)It shall be the duty of the Chair of the Standing Committee on Rules, Calendar, 32 and Operations of the House of the prior House to assign temporary seats to the members of the 33 House of Representatives in its Chamber. In the case of the inability or refusal to serve of the 34 Chair of the Standing Committee on Rules, Calendar, and Operations of the House, the Speaker 35 of the prior House of Representatives shall appoint a person to assign seats to members of the 36 House of Representatives in its Chamber. In the event that the party that had a majority of 37 members in the prior House will no longer have a majority of members in the new House, then 38 the duty assigned in this subsection to the Chair of the Committee of the prior House shall instead 39 be the duty of the person nominated as Speaker by the majority party caucus for the new House, 40 or some member-elect designated by the Speaker-nominee. In the event no party will have a 41 majority, then the duty assigned in this subsection to the Chair of the Committee of the prior 42 House shall instead be the joint duty of one person chosen each by the caucuses of the two parties 43 having the greatest numbers of members.

RULE 62. Matters Not Covered in These Rules. – Except as herein set out, the rules
 of Mason's Manual of Legislative Procedure, 2010 Edition, shall govern the operation of the
 House. Custom and usage may supplement these rules or Mason's Manual, but may not supercede
 them.

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**SECTION 2.** This resolution is effective upon adoption.