LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA ONE HUNDRED EIGHTH LEGISLATURE SECOND SESSION

## **LEGISLATIVE BILL 1346**

Introduced by Vargas, 7. Read first time January 17, 2024 Committee:

1	A BILL FOR AN ACT relating to property taxes; to amend sections 77-202,
2	77-202.01, 77-202.03, and 77-202.05, Revised Statutes Cumulative
3	Supplement, 2022; to provide a property tax exemption for qualified
4	affordable housing developments as prescribed; to define and
5	redefine terms; to change provisions relating to exemption
6	application procedures; to harmonize provisions; and to repeal the
7	original sections.

8 Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

Section 1. Section 77-202, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
 2022, is amended to read:

3 77-202 (1) The following property shall be exempt from property4 taxes:

5 (a) Property of the state and its governmental subdivisions to the 6 extent used or being developed for use by the state or governmental 7 subdivision for a public purpose. For purposes of this subdivision:

8 (i) Property of the state and its governmental subdivisions means 9 (A) property held in fee title by the state or a governmental subdivision 10 or (B) property beneficially owned by the state or a governmental subdivision in that it is used for a public purpose and is being acquired 11 under a lease-purchase agreement, financing lease, or other instrument 12 13 which provides for transfer of legal title to the property to the state or a governmental subdivision upon payment of all amounts due thereunder. 14 If the property to be beneficially owned by a governmental subdivision 15 16 has a total acquisition cost that exceeds the threshold amount or will be used as the site of a public building with a total estimated construction 17 cost that exceeds the threshold amount, then such property shall qualify 18 for an exemption under this section only if the question of acquiring 19 such property or constructing such public building has been submitted at 20 a primary, general, or special election held within the governmental 21 subdivision and has been approved by the voters of the governmental 22 23 subdivision. For purposes of this subdivision, threshold amount means the 24 greater of fifty thousand dollars or six-tenths of one percent of the total actual value of real and personal property of the governmental 25 subdivision that will beneficially own the property as of the end of the 26 governmental subdivision's prior fiscal year; and 27

(ii) Public purpose means use of the property (A) to provide public
services with or without cost to the recipient, including the general
operation of government, public education, public safety, transportation,
public works, civil and criminal justice, public health and welfare,

-2-

1 developments by a public housing authority, parks, culture, recreation, 2 community development, and cemetery purposes, or (B) to carry out the 3 responsibilities conferred law duties and by with or without 4 consideration. Public purpose does not include leasing of property to a private party unless the lease of the property is at fair market value 5 for a public purpose. Leases of property by a public housing authority to 6 7 low-income individuals as a place of residence are for the authority's 8 public purpose;

9 (b) Unleased property of the state or its governmental subdivisions which is not being used or developed for use for a public purpose but 10 upon which a payment in lieu of taxes is paid for public safety, rescue, 11 and emergency services and road or street construction or maintenance 12 13 services to all governmental units providing such services to the 14 property. Except as provided in Article VIII, section 11, of the Constitution of Nebraska, the payment in lieu of taxes shall be based on 15 the proportionate share of the cost of providing public safety, rescue, 16 or emergency services and road or street construction or maintenance 17 services unless a general policy is adopted by the governing body of the 18 governmental subdivision providing such services which provides for a 19 different method of determining the amount of the payment in lieu of 20 taxes. The governing body may adopt a general policy by ordinance or 21 resolution for determining the amount of payment in lieu of taxes by 22 23 majority vote after a hearing on the ordinance or resolution. Such ordinance or resolution shall nevertheless result in an equitable 24 25 contribution for the cost of providing such services to the exempt property; 26

(c) Property owned by and used exclusively for agricultural and
 horticultural societies;

(d)(i) (d) Property owned by educational, religious, charitable, or
 cemetery organizations, or any organization for the exclusive benefit of
 any such educational, religious, charitable, or cemetery organization,

-3-

and used exclusively for educational, religious, charitable, or cemetery purposes, when such property is not (A) (i) owned or used for financial gain or profit to either the owner or user, (B) (ii) used for the sale of alcoholic liquors for more than twenty hours per week, or (C) (iii) owned or used by an organization which discriminates in membership or employment based on race, color, or national origin.

7

<u>(ii)</u> For purposes of <u>subdivision (1)(d) of this section:</u>

8 <u>(A) Educational this subdivision, educational organization means (I)</u> 9 <del>(A)</del> an institution operated exclusively for the purpose of offering 10 regular courses with systematic instruction in academic, vocational, or 11 technical subjects or assisting students through services relating to the 12 origination, processing, or guarantying of federally reinsured student 13 loans for higher education or <u>(II)</u> <del>(B)</del> a museum or historical society 14 operated exclusively for the benefit and education of the public; -

15 <u>(B) Charitable</u> For purposes of this subdivision, charitable 16 organization includes <u>(I)</u> an organization operated exclusively for the 17 purpose of the mental, social, or physical benefit of the public or an 18 indefinite number of persons<u>, (II)</u> and a fraternal benefit society 19 organized and licensed under sections 44-1072 to 44-10,109<u>, and (III) an</u> 20 <u>owner of a qualified affordable housing development</u>; and

21 (C) Qualified affordable housing development means a housing 22 development that consists of at least five residential units and includes 23 one or more eligible units;

24 (D) Eligible unit means a residential unit that is:

25 (I) Rent restricted;

26 (II) Affordable to tenants earning no more than eighty percent of
 27 the area median income; and

28 (III) Constructed on or after the effective date of this act or made
 29 subject to rent restrictions on or after the effective date of this act;
 30 and

31 (E) Area median income means the median household income, adjusted

-4-

LB1346 2024 for family size, for applicable income limit areas as determined by the 1 2 United States Department of Housing and Urban Development. (iii) For any qualified affordable housing development, the 3 exemption amount for such property shall be a percentage of the property 4 taxes that would otherwise be due. Such percentage shall be calculated as 5 6 follows: 7 (A) For qualified affordable housing developments containing eligible units that target tenants earning no more than eighty percent of 8 9 the area median income, the percentage of the residential units in the 10 development that are eligible units shall be multiplied by twenty-five 11 percent; (B) For qualified affordable housing developments containing 12 eligible units that target tenants earning no more than sixty percent of 13 the area median income, the percentage of the residential units in the 14 15 development that are eligible units shall be multiplied by seventy-five percent; or 16 17 (C) For qualified affordable housing developments containing eligible units that target tenants earning no more than fifty percent of 18 the area median income, the percentage of the residential units in the 19 development that are eligible units shall be multiplied by one hundred 20 21 percent; and 22 (e) Household goods and personal effects not owned or used for financial gain or profit to either the owner or user. 23 24 (2) The increased value of land by reason of shade and ornamental 25 trees planted along the highway shall not be taken into account in the valuation of land. 26 27 (3) Tangible personal property which is not depreciable tangible

personal property as defined in section 77-119 shall be exempt from 28 29 property tax.

(4) Motor vehicles, trailers, and semitrailers required to be 30 registered for operation on the highways of this state shall be exempt 31

-5-

1 from payment of property taxes.

2 (5) Business and agricultural inventory shall be exempt from the personal property tax. For purposes of this subsection, 3 business inventory includes personal property owned for purposes of leasing or 4 renting such property to others for financial gain only if the personal 5 property is of a type which in the ordinary course of business is leased 6 7 or rented thirty days or less and may be returned at the option of the lessee or renter at any time and the personal property is of a type which 8 9 would be considered household goods or personal effects if owned by an 10 individual. All other personal property owned for purposes of leasing or renting such property to others for financial gain shall not be 11 considered business inventory. 12

(6) Any personal property exempt pursuant to subsection (2) of
 section 77-4105 or section 77-5209.02 shall be exempt from the personal
 property tax.

16 (7) Livestock shall be exempt from the personal property tax.

17 (8) Any personal property exempt pursuant to the Nebraska Advantage
18 Act or the ImagiNE Nebraska Act shall be exempt from the personal
19 property tax.

(9) Any depreciable tangible personal property used directly in the 20 generation of electricity using wind as the fuel source shall be exempt 21 22 from the property tax levied on depreciable tangible personal property. 23 depreciable tangible personal property used directly in Anv the generation of electricity using solar, biomass, or landfill gas as the 24 25 fuel source shall be exempt from the property tax levied on depreciable tangible personal property if such depreciable tangible personal property 26 was installed on or after January 1, 2016, and has a nameplate capacity 27 28 of one hundred kilowatts or more. Depreciable tangible personal property used directly in the generation of electricity using wind, solar, 29 biomass, or landfill gas as the fuel source includes, but is not limited 30 to, wind turbines, rotors and blades, towers, solar panels, trackers, 31

-6-

1 generating equipment, transmission components, substations, supporting 2 structures or racks, inverters, and other system components such as wiring, control systems, switchgears, and generator step-up transformers. 3 4 (10) Any tangible personal property that is acquired by a person 5 operating a data center located in this state, that is assembled, engineered, processed, fabricated, manufactured into, attached to, or 6 7 incorporated into other tangible personal property, both in component form or that of an assembled product, for the purpose of subsequent use 8 9 at a physical location outside this state by the person operating a data 10 center shall be exempt from the personal property tax. Such exemption extends to keeping, retaining, or exercising any right or power over 11 tangible personal property in this state for the purpose of subsequently 12 13 transporting it outside this state for use thereafter outside this state. 14 For purposes of this subsection, data center means computers, supporting equipment, and other organized assembly of hardware or software that are 15 16 designed to centralize the storage, management, or dissemination of data 17 and information, environmentally controlled structures or facilities or interrelated structures or facilities that provide the infrastructure for 18

19 housing the equipment, such as raised flooring, electricity supply, 20 communication and data lines, Internet access, cooling, security, and 21 fire suppression, and any building housing the foregoing.

22 (11) For tax years prior to tax year 2020, each person who owns property required to be reported to the county assessor under section 23 77-1201 shall be allowed an exemption amount as provided in the Personal 24 25 Property Tax Relief Act. For tax years prior to tax year 2020, each person who owns property required to be valued by the state as provided 26 in section 77-601, 77-682, 77-801, or 77-1248 shall be allowed a 27 28 compensating exemption factor as provided in the Personal Property Tax Relief Act. 29

30 Sec. 2. Section 77-202.01, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 31 2022, is amended to read:

-7-

1 77-202.01 (1) Any organization or society seeking a tax exemption provided in subdivisions (1)(c) and (d) of section 77-202 for any real or 2 3 tangible personal property, except real property used for cemetery 4 purposes, shall apply for exemption to the county assessor on or before December 31 of the year preceding the year for which the exemption is 5 sought on forms prescribed by the Tax Commissioner. Applications that 6 lack an estimated valuation, or any other required information, shall 7 result in the denial of the requested exemption. The county assessor 8 9 shall examine the application and recommend either taxable or exempt for the real property or tangible personal property to the county board of 10 equalization on or before March 1 following. For applications involving a 11 qualified affordable housing development as defined in section 77-202, 12 the county assessor shall also calculate the exemption amount for the 13 14 property in accordance with subdivision (1)(d)(iii) of section 77-202 and shall submit such calculation to the county board of equalization along 15 16 with his or her recommendations. Notice that a list of the applications 17 from organizations seeking tax exemption, descriptions of the property, and recommendations of the county assessor are available in the county 18 19 assessor's office shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation in the county at least ten days prior to consideration of any 20 application by the county board of equalization. 21

(2) Any organization or society which fails to file an exemption 22 application on or before December 31 may apply on or before June 30 to 23 24 the county assessor. The organization or society shall also file in writing a request with the county board of equalization for a waiver so 25 that the county assessor may consider the application for exemption. The 26 county board of equalization shall grant the waiver upon a finding that 27 good cause exists for the failure to make application on or before 28 December 31. When the waiver is granted, the county assessor shall 29 examine the application and recommend either taxable or exempt for the 30 31 real property or tangible personal property to the county board of

-8-

1 equalization, shall calculate the exemption amount in accordance with subdivision (1)(d)(iii) of section 77-202 for applications involving a 2 qualified affordable housing development as defined in section 77-202, 3 4 and shall assess a penalty against the property of ten percent of the tax 5 that would have been assessed had the waiver been denied or one hundred dollars, whichever is less, for each calendar month or fraction thereof 6 7 for which the filing of the exemption application missed the December 31 deadline. The penalty shall be collected and distributed in the same 8 9 manner as a tax on the property and interest shall be assessed at the rate specified in section 45-104.01, as such rate may from time to time 10 be adjusted by the Legislature, from the date the tax would have been 11 delinquent until paid. The penalty shall also become a lien in the same 12 13 manner as a tax pursuant to section 77-203.

Sec. 3. Section 77-202.03, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2022, is amended to read:

77-202.03 (1) Except as provided in section 77-202.10 and subsection 16 17 (2) of this section, a A properly granted exemption of real or tangible 18 personal property, except real property used for cemetery purposes, 19 provided for in subdivisions (1)(c) and (d) of section 77-202 shall continue for a period of four years if the statement of reaffirmation of 20 exemption required by subsection (3) (2) of this section is filed when 21 22 due. The four-year period shall begin with years evenly divisible by 23 four.

24 (2) An owner of a qualified affordable housing development as
 25 defined in section 77-202 which has been granted an exemption under
 26 subdivision (1)(d) of section 77-202 shall be required to reapply for the
 27 exemption each year so that the exemption amount for the year can be
 28 calculated in accordance with subdivision (1)(d)(iii) of section 77-202.

<u>(3)</u> (2) In each intervening year occurring between application
 years, the organization or society which filed the granted exemption
 application for the real or tangible personal property, except real

-9-

1 property used for cemetery purposes and real property that is a qualified affordable housing development as defined in section 77-202, shall file a 2 statement of reaffirmation of exemption with the county assessor on or 3 4 before December 31 of the year preceding the year for which the exemption is sought, on forms prescribed by the Tax Commissioner, certifying that 5 the ownership and use of the exempted property has not changed during the 6 7 year. Any organization or society which misses the December 31 deadline 8 for filing the statement of reaffirmation of exemption may file the 9 statement of reaffirmation of exemption by June 30. Such filing shall maintain the tax-exempt status of the property without further action by 10 the county and regardless of any previous action by the county board of 11 equalization to deny the exemption due to late filing of the statement of 12 reaffirmation of exemption. Upon any such late filing, the county 13 assessor shall assess a penalty against the property of ten percent of 14 the tax that would have been assessed had the statement of reaffirmation 15 16 of exemption not been filed or one hundred dollars, whichever is less, for each calendar month or fraction thereof for which the filing of the 17 statement of reaffirmation of exemption is late. The penalty shall be 18 collected and distributed in the same manner as a tax on the property and 19 interest shall be assessed at the rate specified in section 45-104.01, as 20 such rate may from time to time be adjusted by the Legislature, from the 21 date the tax would have been delinquent until paid. The penalty shall 22 23 also become a lien in the same manner as a tax pursuant to section 24 77-203.

25 (4)(a) (3)(a) If any organization or society seeks a tax exemption 26 for any real or tangible personal property acquired on or after January 1 27 of any year or converted to exempt use on or after January 1 of any year, 28 the organization or society shall make application for exemption on or 29 before July 1 of that year as provided in subsection (1) of section 30 77-202.01. The procedure for reviewing the application shall be as in 31 sections 77-202.01 to 77-202.05, except that the exempt use shall be

-10-

determined as of the date of application and the review by the county
 board of equalization shall be completed by August 15.

3 (b) If an organization as described in subdivision (1)(c) or (d) of section 77-202 purchases, between July 1 and the levy date, property that 4 5 has been granted tax exemption and the property continues to be qualified for a property tax exemption, the purchaser shall on or before November 6 7 15 make application for exemption as provided in section 77-202.01. The procedure for reviewing the application shall be as in sections 77-202.01 8 9 to 77-202.05, and the review by the county board of equalization shall be completed by December 15. 10

(5) (4) In any year, the county assessor or the county board of 11 equalization may cause a review of any exemption to determine whether the 12 exemption is proper. Such a review may be taken even if the ownership or 13 14 use of the property has not changed from the date of the allowance of the exemption. If it is determined that a change in an exemption is 15 16 warranted, the procedure for hearing set out in section 77-202.02 shall be followed, except that the published notice shall state that the list 17 provided in the county assessor's office only includes those properties 18 19 being reviewed. If an exemption is denied, the county board of equalization shall place the property on the tax rolls retroactive to 20 January 1 of that year if on the date of the decision of the county board 21 of equalization the property no longer qualifies for an exemption. 22

The county board of equalization shall give notice of the assessed value of the real property in the same manner as outlined in section 77-1507, and the procedures for filing a protest shall be the same as those in section 77-1502.

When personal property which was exempt becomes taxable because of lost exemption status, the owner or his or her agent has thirty days after the date of denial to file a personal property return with the county assessor. Upon the expiration of the thirty days for filing a personal property return pursuant to this subsection, the county assessor

-11-

shall proceed to list and value the personal property and apply the
 penalty pursuant to section 77-1233.04.

3 (6) (5) During the month of September of each year, the county board 4 of equalization shall cause to be published in a paper of general 5 circulation in the county a list of all real estate in the county exempt from taxation for that year pursuant to subdivisions (1)(c) and (d) of 6 7 section 77-202. Such list shall be grouped into categories as provided by the Property Tax Administrator. An electronic copy of the list of real 8 9 property exemptions and a copy of the proof of publication shall be 10 forwarded to the Property Tax Administrator on or before November 1 of 11 each year.

Sec. 4. Section 77-202.05, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
2022, is amended to read:

14 77-202.05 The Tax Commissioner shall prescribe forms for 15 distribution to the county assessors on which persons, corporations, and 16 organizations may apply for tax-exempt status for real or tangible 17 personal property. The forms shall include the following information:

18 (1) Name of owner or owners of the property, and if a corporation,
19 the names of the officers and directors, and place of incorporation;

(2) Legal description of real property and a general description as
to class and use of all tangible personal property;

(3) The precise statutory provision under which exempt status for
such property is claimed;—and

24 (4) An estimated valuation for the property; and -

25 (5) For qualified affordable housing developments as defined in 26 section 77-202:

27 (a) The total number of residential units in the development;

28 (b) The number of residential units in the development that are 29 eligible units as defined in section 77-202;

30 (c) The targeted income level for tenants of the eligible units,
 31 expressed as a percentage of area median income as defined in section

-12-

## 1 <u>77-202; and</u>

2 (d) The date when the eligible units were constructed or made
3 subject to rent restrictions.

Sec. 5. Original sections 77-202, 77-202.01, 77-202.03, and
5 77-202.05, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2022, are repealed.