LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA<br>ONE HUNDRED THIRD LEGISLATURE<br>FIRST SESSION

## LEGISLATIVE BILL 456

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Introduced by Lautenbaugh, 18.
Read first time January 22, 2013
Committee:
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A BILL
FOR AN ACT relating to the Nebraska Liquor Control Act; to amend section 53-124, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, and section 53-123.04, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2012; to provide for removal of containers of draft beer from licensed premises as prescribed; to harmonize provisions; and to repeal the original sections.

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Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

Section 1. Section 53-123.04, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2012, is amended to read:

53-123.04 (1) A retail license shall allow the licensee to sell and offer for sale at retail either in the original package or otherwise, as prescribed in the retail license, on the premises specified in the retail license or the entertainment district license or on the premises where catering is occurring, alcoholic liquor or beer for use or consumption but not for resale in any form except as provided in section 53-175.
(2) Nothing in the Nebraska Liquor Control Act shall prohibit a holder of a Class $D$ license from allowing the sampling of tax-paid wine for consumption on the premises by such licensee or his or her employees in cooperation with a licensed wholesaler in the manner prescribed by the commission.
(3) (a) A restaurant holding a license to sell alcoholic liquor at retail for consumption on the licensed premises may permit a customer to remove one unsealed bottle of wine for consumption off the premises if the customer has purchased a full-course meal and consumed a portion of the bottle of wine with such full-course meal on the licensed premises. The licensee or his or her agent shall (i) securely reseal such bottle and place the bottle in a bag designed so that it is visibly apparent that the resealed bottle of wine has not been opened or tampered with and (ii) provide a dated receipt to the customer and attach to such bag a copy of the dated receipt for the resealed bottle of wine and the full-course meal.
(b) If the resealed bottle of wine is transported in a motor vehicle, it must be placed in the trunk of the motor vehicle or the area behind the last upright seat of such motor vehicle if the area is not normally occupied by the driver or a passenger and the motor vehicle is not equipped with a trunk.
(c) For purposes of this subsection, full-course meal means a diversified selection of food which is ordinarily consumed with the use of tableware and cannot conveniently be consumed while standing or walking.
(4) A licensee holding a Class A or Class C license as described in section 53-124 may permit a customer to remove one or more containers of draft beer for consumption off the premises. The licensee or his or her agent shall securely seal such containers and each such container may not contain more than two gallons of draft beer.

Sec. 2. Section 53-124, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

53-124 (1) At the time application is made to the commission for a license of any type, the applicant shall pay the fee provided in section 53-124.01 and, if the applicant is an individual, provide the applicant's social security number. The commission shall issue the types of licenses described in this section.
(2) There shall be an airline license, a boat license, and a railroad license. The commission shall charge one dollar for each duplicate of an airline license or a railroad license.
(3) (a) There shall be a manufacturer's license for alcohol and spirits, for beer, and for wine. The annual fee for a manufacturer's license for beer shall be based on the barrel daily capacity as follows:
(i) 1 to 100 barrel daily capacity, or any part thereof, tier one;
(ii) 100 to 150 barrel daily capacity, tier two;
(iii) 150 to 200 barrel daily capacity, tier three;
(iv) 200 to 300 barrel daily capacity, tier four;
(v) 300 to 400 barrel daily capacity, tier five;
(vi) 400 to 500 barrel daily capacity, tier six;
(vii) 500 barrel daily capacity, or more, tier seven.
(b) For purposes of this subsection, daily capacity means the average daily barrel production for the previous twelve months of manufacturing operation. If no such basis for comparison exists, the manufacturing licensee shall pay in advance for the first year's operation a fee of five hundred dollars.
(4) There shall be five classes of nonbeverage users' licenses: Class 1, Class 2, Class 3, Class 4, and Class 5.
(5) In lieu of a manufacturer's, a retailer's, or a wholesaler's license, there shall be a license to operate issued for a craft brewery, a farm winery, or a microdistillery.
(6) (a) There shall be five classes of retail licenses:
(i) Class A: Beer only, for consumption on the premises except as provided in subsection (4) of section 53-123.04;
(ii) Class B: Beer only, for consumption off the premises, sales in the original packages only;
(iii) Class C: Alcoholic liquor, for consumption on the premises and off the premises, sales in original packages only except as provided in subsection (4) of section 53-123.04. If a Class C license is held by a nonprofit corporation, it shall be restricted to consumption on the premises only. A Class $C$ license may have a sampling designation restricting consumption on the premises to sampling, but such designation shall not affect sales for consumption off the premises under such license;
(iv) Class D: Alcoholic liquor, including beer, for consumption off the premises, sales in the original packages only, except as provided in subsection (2) of section 53-123.04; and
(v) Class I: Alcoholic liquor, for consumption on the premises.
(b) All applicable license fees shall be paid by the applicant or licensee directly to the city or village treasurer in the case of premises located inside the corporate limits of a city or village and directly to the county treasurer in the case of premises located outside the corporate limits of a city or village.
(7) There shall be three types of shipping licenses as described in section 53-123.15: Manufacturers, vintage wines, and direct sales.
(8) There shall be two types of wholesale licenses: Alcoholic liquor and beer only. The annual fee shall be paid for the
first and each additional wholesale place of business operated in this state by the same licensee and wholesaling the same product.
(9) The license year, unless otherwise provided in the Nebraska Liquor Control Act, shall commence on May 1 of each year and shall end on the following April 30, except that the license year for a Class C license shall commence on November 1 of each year and shall end on the following October 31. During the license year, no license shall be issued for a sum less than the amount of the annual license fee as fixed in section 53-124.01, regardless of the time when the application for such license has been made, except that (a) when there is a purchase of an existing licensed business and a new license of the same class is issued or (b) upon the issuance of a new license for a location which has not been previously licensed, the license fee and occupation taxes shall be prorated on a quarterly basis as of the date of issuance.

Sec. 3. Original section 53-124, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, and section 53-123.04, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2012, are repealed.

