1	AN ACT
2	RELATING TO INSURANCE; TRANSFERRING THE DUTY TO COLLECT
3	INSURANCE PREMIUM TAXES TO THE TAXATION AND REVENUE
4	DEPARTMENT; CREATING THE INSURANCE PREMIUM TAX ACT;
5	TRANSFERRING FUNCTIONS, PERSONNEL, APPROPRIATIONS, MONEY AND
6	PROPERTY; AMENDING, REPEALING AND ENACTING SECTIONS OF THE
7	NMSA 1978.
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9	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:
10	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLESections 1 through 10 of this
11	act may be cited as the "Insurance Premium Tax Act".
12	SECTION 2. DEFINITIONSAs used in the Insurance
13	Premium Tax Act:
14	A. "authorized insurer" means an insurer holding a
15	valid and subsisting certificate of authority to transact
16	insurance in this state;
17	B. "certificate of authority" means the
18	certificate of authority required to transact insurance in
19	this state pursuant to Section 59A-5-10 NMSA 1978;
20	C. "department" means the taxation and revenue
21	department;
22	D. "health maintenance organization" means "health
23	maintenance organization" as that term is used in Chapter
24	59A, Article 46 NMSA 1978;
25	E. "home state" means "home state" as that term is HTRC/HB 223 Page 1

1 used in Chapter 59A, Article 14 NMSA 1978;

2 F. "insurance" means a contract whereby a person 3 undertakes to pay or indemnify another as to loss from 4 certain specified contingencies or perils, or to pay or grant 5 a specified amount or determinable benefit in connection with 6 ascertainable risk contingencies, or to act as surety; "insurer" includes every person engaged as 7 G. 8 principal and as indemnitor, surety or contractor in the business of entering into contracts of insurance; 9 "nonprofit health care plan" means "health care 10 Η. plan" as that term is used in Chapter 59A, Article 47 NMSA 11 1978; 12 I. "secretary" means the secretary of taxation and 13 revenue or the secretary's authorized designee; 14 15 J. "state" means, when used in context indicating a jurisdiction other than New Mexico, any state, district, 16 commonwealth, territory or possession of the United States of 17 America; 18 Κ. "superintendent" means the superintendent of 19 20 insurance or the superintendent's duly authorized representative acting in official capacity; 21 L. "surplus lines broker" means "surplus lines 22 broker" as that term is used in Section 59A, Article 14 NMSA 23 1978; 24

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M. "taxpayer" means:

1	(1) an authorized insurer;	
2	(2) an insurer formerly authorized to	
3	transact insurance in New Mexico and receiving premiums on	
4	policies remaining in force in New Mexico, except an insurer	
5	that withdrew from New Mexico prior to March 26, 1955;	
6	(3) a plan operating under provisions of	
7	Chapter 59A, Articles 46 through 49 NMSA 1978;	
8	(4) a property bondsman, as that person is	
9	defined in Section 59A-51-2 NMSA 1978;	
10	(5) an unauthorized insurer that has assumed	
11	a contract or policy of insurance directly or indirectly from	
12	an authorized or formerly authorized insurer and is receiving	
13	premiums on such policies remaining in force in New Mexico;	
14	provided that the ceding insurer does not continue to pay the	
15	taxes imposed pursuant to the Insurance Premium Tax Act as to	
16	such policy or contract; or	
17	(6) an insured who in this state procures,	
18	continues or renews insurance with a nonadmitted insurer	
19	pursuant to Section 59A-15-4 NMSA 1978; and	
20	N. "transact insurance" with respect to an	
21	insurance contract or a business of insurance includes any of	
22	the following, by mail or otherwise or whether or not for	
23	profit:	
24	(1) solicitation or inducement;	
25	(2) negotiation;	HTRC/HB 2 Page 3

(3) effectuation of an insurance contract; (4) transaction of matters subsequent to effectuation and arising out of such a contract; maintenance in this state of an office (5) or personnel performing any function in furtherance of an insurer's business of insurance; or maintenance by an insurer of assets in (6) trust in this state for the benefit, security or protection of its policyholders or its policyholders and creditors. SECTION 3. IMPOSITION AND RATE OF TAX-- DENOMINATION OF "PREMIUM TAX" AND "HEALTH INSURANCE PREMIUM SURTAX".--A tax is imposed at a rate of three and three-Α.

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13 thousandths percent of the gross premiums and membership and policy fees received or written by a taxpayer, as reported by 14 15 March 1 of each year to the department in the appropriate 16 schedule, as determined by the department, of the taxpayer's annual financial statement on insurance or contracts covering 17 risks within the state during the preceding calendar year. 18 The tax shall not be imposed on return premiums, dividends 19 20 paid or credited to policyholders or contract holders and premiums received for reinsurance on New Mexico risks. The 21 tax imposed pursuant to this section may be referred to as 22 the "premium tax". 23

B. For a taxpayer that is an insurer lawfully organized pursuant to the laws of the Republic of Mexico, the HTRC/HB 223

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premium tax shall apply solely to the taxpayer's gross premium receipts from insurance policies issued by the taxpayer in New Mexico that cover residents of New Mexico or property or risks principally domiciled or located in New Mexico.

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6 C. With respect to a taxpayer that is a property
7 bondsman, "gross premiums" shall be considered any
8 consideration received as security or surety for a bail bond
9 in connection with a judicial proceeding.

10 D. The premium tax provided in Subsection A of this section is imposed on the gross premiums received of a 11 surplus lines broker, less return premiums, on surplus lines 12 insurance where New Mexico is the home state of the insured 13 transacted under the surplus lines broker's license, as 14 15 reported by the surplus lines broker to the department on 16 forms and in the manner prescribed by the department. For purposes of this subsection, "gross premiums" shall include 17 any additional amount charged the insured, including policy 18 fees, risk purchasing group fees and inspection fees; but 19 20 "premiums" shall not include any additional amount charged the insured for local, state or federal taxes; regulatory 21 authority fees; or examination fees, if any. For a surplus 22 lines policy issued to an insured whose home state is New 23 Mexico and where only a portion of the risk is located in New 24 Mexico, the entire premium tax shall be paid in accordance 25

with this section.

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2 In addition to the premium tax, a health Ε. 3 insurance premium surtax is imposed at a rate of one percent 4 of the gross health insurance premiums and membership and 5 policy fees received by the taxpayer on hospital and medical expense incurred insurance or contracts; nonprofit health 6 care plan contracts, excluding dental or vision only 7 contracts; and health maintenance organization subscriber 8 contracts covering health risks within this state during the 9 10 preceding calendar year. The tax shall not apply to return health insurance premiums, dividends paid or credited to 11 policyholders or contract holders and health insurance 12 premiums received for reinsurance on New Mexico risks. 13 The surtax imposed pursuant to this section may be referred to as 14 15 the "health insurance premium surtax".

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SECTION 4. RECIPROCITY PROVISION.--

A. When by or pursuant to the laws of any other 17 state or foreign country or province, any taxes, in the 18 aggregate, are or would be imposed upon New Mexico insurers 19 20 doing business or that might seek to do business in such state, country or province, or upon the agents or 21 representatives of such insurers or upon brokers or 22 adjusters, which are in excess of such taxes, in the 23 aggregate, directly imposed upon similar insurers, or upon 24 the agents or representatives of such insurers, or upon 25

1 brokers, or upon adjusters, of such other state, country or 2 province under the statutes of this state, so long as such 3 laws of such other state, country or province continue in force or are so applied, the same taxes, in the aggregate, 4 5 may be imposed by the secretary upon the insurers, or upon 6 the agents or representatives of such insurers, or upon brokers of such other state, country or province, doing 7 business or seeking to do business in New Mexico. Any tax 8 imposed by any city, county or other political subdivision or 9 10 agency of such other state, country or province on New Mexico insurers or their agents, representatives, brokers or 11 adjusters shall be deemed to be imposed by such state, 12 country or province within the meaning of this section. 13 Β. This section does not apply as to: 14 15 (1) personal income taxes; 16 (2) ad valorem taxes on real or personal property; or 17 (3) special purpose obligations or 18 assessments, or assessments under insurance guaranty fund 19 20 laws, imposed by another state in connection with particular kinds of insurance, except that assessment of insurers for 21 financing of public safety, health and protection purposes is 22 not exempt under this subsection. Except that deductions 23 from premium taxes or other taxes otherwise payable, allowed 24 on account of real or personal property taxes paid shall be 25

1 taken into consideration by the secretary in determining 2 propriety and extent of reciprocity action under this 3 section.

C. For purposes of this section, domicile of an alien insurer, other than Canadian insurer, shall be that state designated by the insurer in writing filed with the secretary at time of authorization in this state or within six months after the effective date of the New Mexico Insurance Code, whichever date is the later, and may be any one of the following states:

11 (1) that in which the insurer was first 12 authorized to transact insurance;

13 (2) that in which is located the insurer's14 principal place of business in the United States; or

(3) that in which is held the largest
deposit of trusteed assets of the insurer for protection of
its policyholders in the United States.

D. If the insurer makes no such designation, its
domicile shall be deemed to be that state in which is located
its principal place of business in the United States.

E. The domicile of a Canadian insurer shall be
Canada and the province of Canada in which its head office is
located.

24 SECTION 5. EXEMPTIONS.--Exempted from the taxes imposed
25 pursuant to the Insurance Premium Tax Act are:

A. premiums attributable to insurance or contracts
 purchased by the state or a political subdivision for the
 state's or political subdivision's active or retired
 employees;

B. payments received by a health maintenance
organization from the federal secretary of health and human
services pursuant to a risk-sharing contract issued under the
provisions of 42 U.S.C. Section 1395mm(g);

9 C. any business transacted pursuant to the10 provisions of the Service Contract Regulation Act;

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D. the premiums from each policy or plan issued or offered pursuant to the Minimum Healthcare Protection Act during the first three years of the issuance of the master policy or individual policy; and

E. the money collected and placed in trustpursuant to Section 59A-49-6 NMSA 1978.

SECTION 6. CREDIT--MEDICAL INSURANCE POOL 17 ASSESSMENTS.--The assessment for any New Mexico medical 18 insurance pool member pursuant to Section 59A-54-10 NMSA 1978 19 20 shall be allowed as a fifty percent credit on the tax return for that member and a seventy-five percent credit on the tax 21 return for that member for the assessments attributable to 22 pool policyholders that receive premiums, in whole or in 23 part, through the federal Ryan White CARE Act, the Ted R. 24 Montoya hemophilia program at the university of New Mexico 25

health sciences center, the children's medical services bureau of the public health division of the department of health or other program receiving state funding or assistance.

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SECTION 7. DATE PAYMENT DUE.--

A. Except as provided in Subsection B of this 6 section, for each calendar quarter, an estimated payment of 7 the premium tax and the health insurance premium surtax shall 8 be made on April 15, July 15, October 15 and the following 9 January 15. The estimated payments shall be equal to at 10 least one-fourth of the payment made during the previous 11 calendar year or one-fifth of the actual payment due for the 12 current calendar year, whichever is greater. 13 The final adjustment for payments due for the prior year shall be made 14 15 with the return filed on April 15, at which time all taxes 16 for that year are due.

B. Within sixty days after expiration of a calendar quarter, a surplus lines broker shall pay the premium tax due on surplus lines insurance where New Mexico is the home state of the insured transacted under the surplus lines broker's license during such calendar quarter, as reported to the department.

SECTION 8. PENALTY FOR FAILURE TO PAY TAX--SERVING PROCESS--APPOINTMENT OF SECRETARY AS PROCESS AGENT.--

> A. Every taxpayer and surplus lines broker subject HTRC/HB 223 Page 10

to the provisions of the Insurance Premium Tax Act that fail to file when due any report for taxation, regardless of whether tax is due, or to pay when due any tax as required by the Insurance Premium Tax Act shall be liable to the state for the amount thereof and for penalty of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each month or part thereof the taxpayer or surplus lines broker has failed to file the report or pay the tax after demand therefor. Services of process in any action against a person to recover the tax, fee or penalty may be made upon the secretary as attorney for service of process as provided in Subsection B of this section.

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B. Service of process against a taxpayer or surplus lines broker for whom the secretary is attorney shall be made by delivering to and leaving with the secretary two copies of the process.

16 C. Upon such service, the secretary shall forthwith forward by prepaid registered or certified mail, 17 return receipt requested, one of the copies of such process 18 showing date and time of service on the secretary to the 19 20 person currently designated by the taxpayer or surplus lines broker to receive the copy as provided in Subsections F 21 through H of this section. Service of process on the 22 taxpayer or surplus lines broker shall be complete upon 23 receipt or, in the event of refusal to accept, the date of 24 such refusal. 25

D. Process served as provided in this section shall for all purposes constitute valid and binding personal service within this state upon the taxpayer or surplus lines broker. If summons is served under this section, the time within which the taxpayer or surplus lines broker is required to appear shall be extended an additional ten days beyond that otherwise allowed by New Mexico rules of civil procedure.

9 E. The secretary shall keep a record of the day10 and time of service of legal process under this section.

11 Before the superintendent of insurance F. authorizes a taxpayer or surplus lines broker to transact 12 insurance in this state, each taxpayer and surplus lines 13 broker shall appoint the secretary as the taxpayer's or 14 15 surplus lines broker's attorney to receive service of legal process issued against the taxpayer and surplus lines broker 16 in this state. The appointment shall be on a form as 17 designated and furnished by the department, accompanied by a 18 copy of resolution of the board of directors or like 19 20 governing body of the taxpayer and surplus lines broker, if applicable, or other appropriate instrument acceptable to the 21 secretary, showing that those who executed the appointment 22 were duly authorized to do so on behalf of the taxpayer and 23 surplus lines broker. 24

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G. The appointment shall be irrevocable, shall

bind the taxpayer and surplus lines broker and any successor in interest to the assets or liabilities of the taxpayer or surplus lines broker, as applicable, and shall remain in effect as long as there exists any contract of the taxpayer or surplus lines broker in this state or any obligation of the taxpayer and surplus lines broker arising out of the taxpayer's or surplus lines broker's transactions in this state.

Η. The taxpayer or surplus lines broker shall file 9 10 the appointment with the secretary as part of the taxpayer's or surplus lines broker's application for certificate of 11 authority, together with a designation of the person to whom 12 the secretary shall forward process against the taxpayer or 13 surplus lines broker served upon the secretary. The taxpayer 14 15 or surplus lines broker may change such designation by a new 16 filing.

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SECTION 9. DISTRIBUTION OF PREMIUM TAX--REFUNDS.--

18 A. All money received by the department for
19 premium taxes shall be paid daily by the secretary to the
20 state treasurer and credited to the insurance department
21 suspense fund.

B. The department may authorize the refund of
money erroneously paid as taxes from the insurance department
suspense fund under request for refund made within three
years after the erroneous payment. In the case of premium

1 taxes erroneously paid or overpaid in accordance with law, 2 refund may also be requested as a credit against premium 3 taxes due in any annual or quarterly premium tax return filed 4 within three years of the erroneous or excess payment. 5 C. At the end of every month, after applicable 6 refunds are made pursuant to Subsection B of this section, the state treasurer shall make the following transfers from 7 8 the balance remaining in the insurance department suspense 9 fund: 10 (1) to the fire protection fund, that part of the balance derived from property and vehicle insurance 11 business; and 12 (2) to the general fund, the balance 13 remaining in the insurance department suspense fund. 14 SECTION 10. DEPARTMENT SHALL PROMULGATE RULES. -- The 15 department shall promulgate rules to carry out the provisions 16 of the Insurance Premium Tax Act. 17 SECTION 11. Section 7-1-8.8 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2009, 18 Chapter 243, Section 10, as amended) is amended to read: 19 20 "7-1-8.8. INFORMATION THAT MAY BE REVEALED TO OTHER STATE AGENCIES .-- An employee of the department may reveal to: 21 A. a committee of the legislature for a valid 22 legislative purpose, return information concerning any tax or 23 24 fee imposed pursuant to the Cigarette Tax Act; Β. the attorney general, return information HTRC/HB 223 25 Page 14

acquired pursuant to the Cigarette Tax Act for purposes of Section 6-4-13 NMSA 1978 and the master settlement agreement defined in Section 6-4-12 NMSA 1978;

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C. the commissioner of public lands, return information for use in auditing that pertains to rentals, royalties, fees and other payments due the state under land sale, land lease or other land use contracts;

D. the secretary of human services or the 8 secretary's delegate under a written agreement with the 9 10 department, the last known address with date of all names certified to the department as being absent parents of 11 children receiving public financial assistance, but only for 12 the purpose of enforcing the support liability of the absent 13 parents by the child support enforcement division or any 14 15 successor organizational unit;

E. the department of information technology, by electronic media, a database updated quarterly that contains the names, addresses, county of address and taxpayer identification numbers of New Mexico personal income tax filers, but only for the purpose of producing the random jury list for the selection of petit or grand jurors for the state courts pursuant to Section 38-5-3 NMSA 1978;

F. the state courts, the random jury lists
produced by the department of information technology under
Subsection E of this section;

G. the director of the New Mexico department of
 agriculture or the director's authorized representative, upon
 request of the director or representative, the names and
 addresses of all gasoline or special fuel distributors,
 wholesalers and retailers;

H. the public regulation commission, return information with respect to the Corporate Income and Franchise Tax Act required to enable the commission to carry out its duties;

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10 I. the state racing commission, return information 11 with respect to the state, municipal and county gross 12 receipts taxes paid by racetracks;

J. the gaming control board, tax returns of
license applicants and their affiliates as provided in
Subsection E of Section 60-2E-14 NMSA 1978;

16 K. the director of the workers' compensation 17 administration or to the director's representatives 18 authorized for this purpose, return information to facilitate 19 the identification of taxpayers that are delinquent or 20 noncompliant in payment of fees required by Section 52-1-9.1 21 or 52-5-19 NMSA 1978;

L. the secretary of workforce solutions or the
secretary's delegate, return information for use in
enforcement of unemployment insurance collections pursuant to
the terms of a written reciprocal agreement entered into by

the department with the secretary of workforce solutions for exchange of information;

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M. the New Mexico finance authority, information with respect to the amount of municipal and county gross receipts taxes collected by municipalities and counties pursuant to any local option municipal or county gross receipts taxes imposed, and information with respect to the amount of governmental gross receipts taxes paid by every agency, institution, instrumentality or political subdivision of the state pursuant to Section 7-9-4.3 NMSA 1978;

N. the secretary of human services or the secretary's delegate; provided that a person who receives the confidential return information on behalf of the human services department shall not reveal the information and shall be subject to the penalties in Section 7-1-76 NMSA 1978 if the person fails to maintain the confidentiality required:

17 (1) that return information needed for 18 reports required to be made to the federal government 19 concerning the use of federal funds for low-income working 20 families; and

(2) the names and addresses of low-income taxpayers for the limited purpose of outreach to those taxpayers; provided that the human services department shall pay the department for expenses incurred by the department to derive the information requested by the human services

department if the information requested is not readily available in reports for which the department's information systems are programmed; and

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0. the superintendent of insurance, return information with respect to the premium tax and the health insurance premium surtax."

SECTION 12. Section 29-13-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1983, Chapter 289, Section 3, as amended) is amended to read:

"29-13-3. DISTRIBUTION OF CERTAIN INSURANCE 9 10 COLLECTIONS--LAW ENFORCEMENT PROTECTION FUND CREATED.--There 11 is created in the state treasury the "law enforcement protection fund". Ten percent of all money received for 12 fees, licenses and penalties from life, general casualty and 13 title insurance business pursuant to the New Mexico Insurance 14 15 Code shall be paid monthly to the state treasurer and credited to the fund. On or before June 30 of each year, the 16 state treasurer shall transfer to the general fund any 17 balance in the law enforcement protection fund in excess of 18 one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) that is not obligated 19 20 for expenses in that current fiscal year."

SECTION 13. Section 59A-5-33 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1984, Chapter 127, Section 100) is amended to read:

"59A-5-33. RECIPROCITY PROVISION.--

A. When by or pursuant to the laws of any other state or foreign country or province, any licenses and other HTRC

1 fees, in the aggregate, and any fines, penalties, deposit 2 requirements or other material requirements, obligations, 3 prohibitions or restrictions are or would be imposed upon New Mexico insurers doing business or that might seek to do 4 5 business in such state, country or province, or upon the agents or representatives of such insurers or upon brokers or 6 adjusters, which are in excess of such licenses and other 7 fees, in the aggregate, or which are in excess of the fines, 8 penalties, deposit or other requirements, obligations, 9 10 prohibitions or restrictions directly imposed upon similar insurers, or upon the agents or representatives of such 11 insurers, or upon brokers, or upon adjusters, of such other 12 state, country, or province under the statutes of this state, 13 so long as such laws of such other state, country or province 14 15 continue in force or are so applied, the same licenses and 16 other fees, in the aggregate, or fines, penalties or deposit requirements or other material requirements, obligations, 17 prohibitions or restrictions of whatever kind may be imposed 18 by the superintendent upon the insurers, or upon the agents 19 20 or representatives of such insurers, or upon brokers of such other state, country or province, doing business or seeking 21 to do business in New Mexico. Any license or other fee or 22 obligation imposed by any city, county or other political 23 subdivision or agency of such other state, country or 24 province on New Mexico insurers or their agents, 25

representatives, brokers or adjusters shall be deemed to be imposed by such state, country or province within the meaning of this section.

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This section does not apply to special purpose Β. obligations or assessments, or assessments under insurance guaranty fund laws, imposed by another state in connection with particular kinds of insurance, except that assessment of insurers for financing of public safety, health, and protection purposes is not exempt under this subsection.

10 C. For purposes of this section, domicile of an alien insurer, other than Canadian insurer, shall be the 11 state designated by the insurer in writing and filed with the 12 superintendent at the time of authorization in this state or 13 within six months after the effective date of the Insurance 14 15 Code, whichever date is the later, and may be any one of the 16 following states:

that in which the insurer was first 17 (1)authorized to transact insurance; 18

that in which is located the insurer's 19 (2) 20 principal place of business in the United States; or

(3) that in which is held the largest 21 deposit of trusteed assets of the insurer for protection of 22 its policyholders in the United States. 23

If the insurer makes no designation pursuant to 24 D. Subsection C of this section, the insurer's domicile shall be HTRC/HB 223 25

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deemed to be that state in which is located its principal place of business in the United States.

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E. The domicile of a Canadian insurer shall be Canada and the province of Canada in which its head office is located."

SECTION 14. Section 59A-6-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1984, Chapter 127, Section 103) is amended to read:

"59A-6-3. INSURER MUST PAY TAX ON WITHDRAWAL FROM 8 9 STATE.--Any insurer holding certificate of authority to 10 transact insurance in New Mexico that ceases to do business 11 in the state shall thereupon file with the secretary of taxation and revenue a report of its premiums collected to 12 date of such cessation of business that are subject to the 13 premium tax or the health insurance premium surtax and not 14 15 theretofore reported, and forthwith pay to the secretary the tax thereon and surrender its certificate of authority to the 16 superintendent. Upon receipt, the secretary shall submit a 17 copy of the report to the superintendent and shall certify 18 that all tax obligations have been satisfied by the 19 20 withdrawing insurer."

SECTION 15. Section 59A-6-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1984, Chapter 127, Section 104, as amended) is amended to read:

"59A-6-4. PENALTY FOR FAILURE TO PAY FEES.--Every insurer, nonprofit health care plan, health maintenance organization, prepaid dental plan or prearranged funeral plan HTRC/HB 223

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transacting business in New Mexico that fails to pay when due any fees as required in Chapter 59A, Article 6 NMSA 1978 may be liable to the state for the amount thereof and for penalty of up to one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each month or part thereof it has failed to pay the fees when due. Services of process in any action against a person to recover the fee or penalty may be made upon the superintendent as attorney for service of process as provided in Section 59A-5-32 NMSA 1978."

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SECTION 16. Section 59A-6-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1984, Chapter 127, Section 105, as amended) is amended to read:

"59A-6-5. DISTRIBUTION OF OFFICE COLLECTIONS.--

A. All money received by the office of
superintendent of insurance for fees, licenses and penalties
shall be paid daily by the superintendent to the state
treasurer and credited to the "insurance department suspense
fund" except as provided by the Law Enforcement Protection
Fund Act.

B. The superintendent may authorize the refund of
money erroneously paid as fees, licenses or penalties from
the insurance department suspense fund upon request for
refund, if the request is made within one year after the
erroneous payment.

C. The "insurance operations fund" is created inthe state treasury. The fund shall consist of the

distributions made to it pursuant to Subsection D of this section. The legislature shall annually appropriate from the fund to the division those amounts necessary for the division to carry out its responsibilities pursuant to the Insurance Code and other laws. Any balance in the fund at the end of a fiscal year shall revert to the general fund.

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D. At the end of every month, after applicable refunds are made pursuant to Subsection B of this section, the state treasurer shall make the following transfers from the balance remaining in the insurance department suspense fund:

12 (1) to the "fire protection fund", that part 13 of the balance derived from property and vehicle insurance 14 business;

15 (2) to the insurance operations fund, that 16 part of the balance derived from the fees imposed pursuant to 17 Subsections A and E of Section 59A-6-1 NMSA 1978 other than 18 fees derived from property and vehicle insurance business; 19 and

20 (3) to the general fund, the balance
21 remaining in the insurance department suspense fund derived
22 from all other kinds of insurance business."

SECTION 17. Section 59A-6-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1984, Chapter 127, Section 106, as amended) is amended to read:

"59A-6-6. PREEMPTION AND IN LIEU PROVISION.--The state HTRC/HB 223

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1 government of New Mexico preempts the field of taxation of 2 insurers, nonprofit health care plans, health maintenance 3 organizations, prepaid dental plans, prearranged funeral plans and insurance producers as such. The payment of the 4 5 taxes, licenses and fees provided for in the Insurance Premium Tax Act and the Insurance Code shall be in lieu of 6 all other taxes, licenses and fees of every kind now or 7 hereafter imposed by this state or any political subdivision 8 thereof on any of the foregoing specified entities, excepting 9 10 the regular state, county and city taxes on property located in New Mexico and excepting the income tax on insurance 11 The provisions of this section shall not apply to 12 producers. revenues or receipts that are not directly attributable to 13 persons, entities and activities subject to the provisions of 14 15 the Insurance Code."

SECTION 18. Section 59A-15-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1984, Chapter 127, Section 259.1) is amended to read:

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"59A-15-4. INSURANCE INDEPENDENTLY PROCURED--DUTY TO REPORT.--

A. Each insured who in this state procures or continues or renews insurance with a nonadmitted insurer on a risk located or to be performed in whole or in part in this state, other than insurance procured through a surplus lines licensee pursuant to Chapter 59A, Article 14 NMSA 1978 shall, within ninety days after the date such insurance was so

procured, continued or renewed, file a written report of the same with the superintendent, upon forms prescribed by the superintendent, showing the name and address of the insured or insureds, name and address of the insurer, the subject of the insurance, a general description of the coverage, the amount of premium currently charged therefor and such additional pertinent information as is reasonably requested by the superintendent.

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If an independently procured policy covers 9 Β. 10 risks or exposures only partially located or to be performed in this state, the taxes, fees and penalties imposed pursuant 11 to the Insurance Code and the Insurance Premium Tax Act shall 12 be computed on the portion of the premium properly 13 attributable to the risks or exposures located or to be 14 15 performed in this state and reported to the secretary of 16 taxation and revenue. In no event, however, shall a tax be payable solely because the risk in question, or any portion 17 thereof, is located or to be performed in this state. 18

19 C. This section does not abrogate or modify, and 20 shall not be construed or deemed to abrogate or modify, any 21 provision of the Insurance Code.

D. This section does not apply to life insurance,health insurance or annuities."

SECTION 19. Section 59A-20-33 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1984, Chapter 127, Section 398, as amended) is amended to

read:

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"59A-20-33. STANDARD NONFORFEITURE LAW--INDIVIDUAL DEFERRED ANNUITIES.--

This section shall not apply to any 4 Α. 5 reinsurance, group annuity purchased under a retirement plan or plan of deferred compensation established or maintained by 6 an employer, including a partnership or sole proprietorship or by an employee organization, or by both, other than a plan 8 providing individual retirement accounts or individual 9 retirement annuities under Section 408 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as now or hereafter amended, premium 11 deposit fund, variable annuity, investment annuity, immediate 12 annuity, any deferred annuity contract after annuity payments 13 have commenced or reversionary annuity, nor to any contract 14 15 that shall be delivered outside this state through an agent 16 or other representative of the insurer issuing the contract.

Β. In the case of contracts issued on or after the 17 operative date of this section as defined in Subsection P of 18 this section, no contract of annuity, except as stated in 19 20 Subsection A of this section, shall be delivered or issued for delivery in this state unless it contains in substance 21 the following provisions, or corresponding provisions that in 22 the opinion of the superintendent are at least as favorable 23 to the contractholder, upon cessation of payment of 24 considerations under the contract: 25

(1) that upon cessation of payment of considerations under a contract or upon the written request of the contract owner, the insurer shall grant a paid-up annuity benefit on a plan stipulated in the contract of such value as is specified in Subsections H, I, J, K and M of this section;

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(2) if a contract provided for a lump sum 7 8 settlement at maturity, or at any other time, that upon surrender of the contract at or prior to the commencement of 9 10 any annuity payments, the insurer shall pay in lieu of any paid-up annuity benefit a cash surrender benefit of such 11 amount as is specified in Subsections H, I, K and M of this 12 The insurer may reserve the right to defer the 13 section. payment of such cash surrender benefit for a period not to 14 15 exceed six months after demand therefor with surrender of the contract after making written request and receiving written 16 approval of the superintendent. The request shall address 17 the necessity and equatability to all policyholders of the 18 deferral; 19

(3) a statement of the mortality table, if
any, and interest rates used in calculating any minimum paidup annuity, cash surrender or death benefits that are
guaranteed under the contract, together with sufficient
information to determine the amounts of such benefits; and

(4) a statement that any paid-up annuity,

cash surrender or death benefits that may be available under the contract are not less than the minimum benefits required by any statute of the state in which the contract is delivered and an explanation of the manner in which such benefits are altered by the existence of any additional amounts credited by the insurer to the contract, any indebtedness to the insurer on the contract or any prior withdrawals from or partial surrenders of the contract.

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Notwithstanding the requirements of this 9 C. 10 section, any deferred annuity contract may provide that if no considerations have been received under a contract for a 11 period of two full years and the portion of the paid-up 12 annuity benefit at maturity on the plan stipulated in the 13 contract arising from prior considerations paid would be less 14 15 than twenty dollars (\$20.00) monthly, the insurer may at its option terminate such contract by payment in cash of the then 16 present value of such portion of the paid-up annuity benefit, 17 calculated on the basis of the mortality table, if any, and 18 interest rate specified in the contract for determining the 19 20 paid-up annuity benefit, and by such payment shall be relieved of any further obligation under such contract. 21

D. The minimum values as specified in Subsections
H, I, J, K and M of this section of any paid-up annuity, cash
surrender or death benefits available under an annuity
contract shall be based upon minimum nonforfeiture amounts as

1 defined in this section. The minimum nonforfeiture amount at any time at or prior to the commencement of any annuity 2 3 payments shall be equal to an accumulation up to such time at rates of interest as indicated in Subsection E of this 4 5 section of the net considerations, as hereinafter defined, paid prior to such time, decreased by the sum of Paragraphs 6 (1) through (4) of this subsection: 7 any prior withdrawals from or partial 8 (1) surrenders of the contract accumulated at rates of interest 9 10 as indicated in Subsection E of this section; an annual contract charge of fifty 11 (2) dollars (\$50.00), accumulated at rates of interest as 12 indicated in Subsection E of this section; 13 any tax pursuant to the Insurance 14 (3) 15 Premium Tax Act paid by the insurer for the contract, accumulated at rates of interest as indicated in Subsection E 16 of this section; and 17 (4) the amount of any indebtedness to the 18 insurer on the contract, including interest due and accrued. 19 The net considerations for a given contract Ε. 20 year used to define the minimum nonforfeiture amount shall be 21 an amount equal to eighty-seven and one-half percent of the 22 gross considerations credited to the contract during that 23 The interest rate used in determining minimum 24 contract year. nonforfeiture amounts shall be an annual rate of interest 25

determined as the lesser of three percent per annum and the following, which shall be specified in the contract if the interest rate will be reset:

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(1) the five-year constant maturity treasury rate reported by the federal reserve as of a date, or average over a period, rounded to the nearest one-twentieth percent, specified in the contract no longer than fifteen months prior to the contract issue date or redetermination date pursuant to Paragraph (2) of this subsection reduced by one hundred twenty-five basis points, where the resulting interest rate is not less than one percent; and

(2) the interest rate shall apply for an
initial period and may be redetermined for additional
periods. The redetermination date, basis and period, if any,
shall be stated in the contract. The basis is the date or
average over a specified period that produces the value of
the five-year constant maturity treasury rate to be used at
each redetermination date.

F. Notwithstanding the provisions of Subsections D
and E of this section, during the period or term that a
contract provides substantive participation in an equity
indexed benefit, it may increase the reduction described in
Paragraph (1) of Subsection E of this section by up to an
additional one hundred basis points to reflect the value of
the equity index benefit. The present value at the contract

issue date, and at each redetermination date thereafter, of the additional reduction shall not exceed the market value of the benefit. The superintendent may require a demonstration that the present value of the reduction does not exceed the market value of the benefit. Lacking such a demonstration that is acceptable to the superintendent, the superintendent may disallow or limit the additional reduction.

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G. The superintendent may adopt rules to implement
the provisions of Subsection F of this section and to provide
for further adjustments to the calculation of minimum
nonforfeiture amounts for contracts that provide substantive
participation in an equity index benefit and for other
contracts that the superintendent determines adjustments are
justified.

15 н. Any paid-up annuity benefit available under a 16 contract shall be such that its present value on the date annuity payments are to commence is at least equal to the 17 minimum nonforfeiture amount on that date. Such present 18 value shall be computed using the mortality table, if any, 19 20 and the interest rates specified in the contract for determining the minimum paid-up annuity benefits guaranteed 21 in the contract. 22

I. For contracts that provide cash surrender
benefits, such cash surrender benefits available prior to
maturity shall not be less than the present value as of the

1 date of surrender of that portion of the maturity value of 2 the paid-up annuity benefit that would be provided under the 3 contract at maturity arising from considerations paid prior to the time of cash surrender reduced by the amount 4 5 appropriate to reflect any prior withdrawals from or partial surrenders of the contract, such present value being 6 calculated on the basis of an interest rate not more than one 7 percent higher than the interest rate specified in the 8 contract for accumulating the net considerations to determine 9 such maturity value, decreased by the amount of any 10 indebtedness to the insurer on the contract, including 11 interest due and accrued, and increased by any existing 12 additional amounts credited by the insurer to the contract. 13 In no event shall any cash surrender benefit be less than the 14 15 minimum nonforfeiture amount at that time. The death benefit under such contracts shall be at least equal to the cash 16 surrender benefit. 17

For contracts that do not provide cash 18 J. surrender benefits, the present value of any paid-up annuity 19 20 benefit available as a nonforfeiture option at any time prior to maturity shall not be less than the present value of that 21 portion of the maturity value of the paid-up annuity benefit 22 provided under the contract arising from considerations paid 23 prior to the time the contract is surrendered in exchange 24 for, or changed to, a deferred paid-up annuity, such present 25

value being calculated for the period prior to the maturity date on the basis of the interest rate specified in the contract for accumulating the net considerations to determine such maturity value, and increased by any existing additional amounts credited by the insurer to the contract. For contracts that do not provide any death benefits prior to the commencement of any annuity payments, such present values shall be calculated on the bases of such interest rate and the mortality table specified in the contract for determining the maturity value of the paid-up annuity benefit. However, in no event shall the present value of a paid-up annuity benefit be less than the minimum nonforfeiture amount at that time.

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K. For the purpose of determining the benefits calculated under Subsections I and J of this section, in the case of annuity contracts under which an election may be made to have annuity payments commence at optional maturity dates, the maturity date shall be deemed to be the latest date for which election shall be permitted by the contract, but shall not be deemed to be later than the anniversary of the contract next following the annuitant's seventieth birthday or the tenth anniversary of the contract, whichever is later. 22

L. Any contract that does not provide cash surrender benefits or does not provide death benefits at least equal to the minimum nonforfeiture amount prior to the

commencement of any annuity payments shall include a
 statement in a prominent place in the contract that such
 benefits are not provided.

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M. Any paid-up annuity, cash surrender or death benefits available at any time, other than on the contract anniversary under any contract with fixed scheduled considerations, shall be calculated with allowance for the lapse of time and the payment of any scheduled considerations beyond the beginning of the contract year in which cessation of payment of considerations under the contract occurs.

N. For any contract that provides, within the same 11 contract by rider or supplemental contract provision, both 12 annuity benefits and life insurance benefits that are in 13 excess of the greater of cash surrender benefits or a return 14 15 of the gross considerations with interest, the minimum nonforfeiture benefits shall be equal to the sum of the 16 minimum nonforfeiture benefits for the annuity portion and 17 the minimum nonforfeiture benefits, if any, for the life 18 insurance portion computed as if each portion were a separate 19 20 contract. Notwithstanding the provisions of Subsections H, I, J, K and M of this section, additional benefits payable in 21 the event of total and permanent disability, as reversionary 22 annuity or deferred reversionary annuity benefits, or as 23 other policy benefits additional to life insurance, endowment 24 and annuity benefits, and considerations for all such 25

additional benefits, shall be disregarded in ascertaining the minimum nonforfeiture amounts, paid-up annuity, cash surrender and death benefits that may be required by this section. The inclusion of such additional benefits shall not be required in any paid-up benefits, unless such additional benefits separately would require minimum nonforfeiture amounts, paid-up annuity, cash surrender and death benefits.

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0. The superintendent may adopt rules to implement the provisions of this section.

P. After July 1, 2003, an insurer may elect to apply its provisions to annuity contracts on a contract-form by contract-form basis before July 1, 2005. In all other instances this section shall become operative with respect to annuity contracts issued by the insurer after June 30, 2005." SECTION 20. Section 59A-22-50 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2010, Chapter 94, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:

"59A-22-50. HEALTH INSURERS--DIRECT SERVICES.--

A. A health insurer shall make reimbursement for 18 direct services at a level not less than eighty-five percent 19 20 of premiums across all health product lines, except individually underwritten health insurance policies, contracts 21 or plans, that are governed by the provisions of Chapter 59A, 22 Article 22 NMSA 1978, the Health Maintenance Organization Law 23 and the Nonprofit Health Care Plan Law. Reimbursement shall 24 be made for direct services provided over the preceding three 25

calendar years, but not earlier than calendar year 2010, as determined by reports filed with the office of superintendent of insurance. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to preclude a purchaser from negotiating an agreement with a health insurer that requires a higher amount of premiums paid to be used for reimbursement for direct services for one or more products or for one or more years.

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Β. For individually underwritten health care 8 policies, plans or contracts, the superintendent shall 9 10 establish, after notice and informal hearing, the level of reimbursement for direct services, as determined by the 11 reports filed with the office of superintendent of insurance, 12 as a percent of premiums. Additional informal hearings may be 13 held at the superintendent's discretion. In establishing the 14 15 level of reimbursement for direct services, the superintendent shall consider the costs associated with the individual 16 marketing and medical underwriting of these policies, plans or 17 contracts at a level not less than seventy-five percent of 18 A health insurer writing these policies shall make 19 premiums. 20 reimbursement for direct services at a level not less than that level established by the superintendent pursuant to this 21 subsection over the three calendar years preceding the date 22 upon which that rate is established, but not earlier than 23 calendar year 2010. Nothing in this subsection shall be 24 construed to preclude a purchaser of one of these policies, 25

plans or contracts from negotiating an agreement with a health insurer that requires a higher amount of premiums paid to be used for reimbursement for direct services.

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C. An insurer that fails to comply with the 4 5 reimbursement requirements pursuant to this section shall 6 issue a dividend or credit against future premiums to all policyholders in an amount sufficient to assure that the 7 benefits paid in the preceding three calendar years plus the 8 amount of the dividends or credits are equal to the required 9 10 direct services reimbursement level pursuant to Subsection A of this section for group health coverage and blanket health 11 coverage or the required direct services reimbursement level 12 pursuant to Subsection B of this section for individually 13 underwritten health policies, contracts or plans for the 14 15 preceding three calendar years. If the insurer fails to issue the dividend or credit in accordance with the requirements of 16 this section, the superintendent shall enforce these 17 requirements and may pursue any other penalties as provided by 18 law, including general penalties pursuant to Section 59A-1-18 19 20 NMSA 1978.

D. After notice and hearing, the superintendent
may adopt and promulgate reasonable rules necessary and proper
to carry out the provisions of this section.

E. For the purposes of this section:

(1) "direct services" means services

1 rendered to an individual by a health insurer or a health care 2 practitioner, facility or other provider, including case 3 management, disease management, health education and promotion, preventive services, quality incentive payments to 4 5 providers and any portion of an assessment that covers services rather than administration and for which an insurer 6 does not receive a tax credit pursuant to the Medical 7 Insurance Pool Act; provided, however, that "direct services" 8 does not include care coordination, utilization review or 9 10 management or any other activity designed to manage utilization or services; 11

"health insurer" means a person duly 12 (2)authorized to transact the business of health insurance in the 13 state pursuant to the Insurance Code but does not include a 14 15 person that only issues a limited-benefit policy intended to 16 supplement major medical coverage, including medicare supplement, vision, dental, disease-specific, accident-only or 17 hospital indemnity-only insurance policies, or that only 18 issues policies for long-term care or disability income; and 19

(3) "premium" means all income received from
individuals and private and public payers or sources for the
procurement of health coverage, including capitated payments,
self-funded administrative fees, self-funded claim
reimbursements, recoveries from third parties or other
insurers and interests less any tax paid pursuant to the

Insurance Premium Tax Act and fees associated with participating in a health insurance exchange that serves as a clearinghouse for insurance."

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SECTION 21. Section 59A-23C-10 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2010, Chapter 94, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read: "59A-23C-10. HEALTH INSURERS--DIRECT SERVICES.--

A. A health insurer shall make reimbursement for direct services at a level not less than eighty-five percent of premiums across all health product lines over the preceding three calendar years, but not earlier than calendar year 2010, as determined by reports filed with the office of superintendent of insurance. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to preclude a purchaser from negotiating an agreement with a health insurer that requires a higher amount of premiums paid to be used for reimbursement for direct services for one or more products or for one or more years.

B. An insurer that fails to comply with the 17 eighty-five percent reimbursement requirement in Subsection A 18 of this section shall issue a dividend or credit against 19 20 future premiums to all policyholders in an amount sufficient to assure that the benefits paid in the preceding three 21 calendar years plus the amount of the dividends or credits 22 equal eighty-five percent of the premiums collected in the 23 preceding three calendar years. If the insurer fails to issue 24 the dividend or credit in accordance with the requirements of 25

this section, the superintendent shall enforce the requirements and may pursue any other penalties as provided by law, including general penalties pursuant to Section 59A-1-18 NMSA 1978.

C. After notice and hearing, the superintendent may adopt and promulgate reasonable rules necessary and proper to carry out the provisions of this section.

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D. For the purposes of this section:

"direct services" means services 9 (1)10 rendered to an individual by a health insurer or a health care practitioner, facility or other provider, including case 11 management, disease management, health education and 12 promotion, preventive services, quality incentive payments to 13 providers and any portion of an assessment that covers 14 15 services rather than administration and for which an insurer does not receive a tax credit pursuant to the Medical 16 Insurance Pool Act; provided, however, that "direct services" 17 does not include care coordination, utilization review or 18 management or any other activity designed to manage 19 20 utilization or services;

(2) "health insurer" means a person duly authorized to transact the business of health insurance in the state pursuant to the Insurance Code but does not include a person that only issues a limited-benefit policy intended to supplement major medical coverage, including medicare

1 supplement, vision, dental, disease-specific, accident-only or 2 hospital indemnity-only insurance policies, or that only 3 issues policies for long-term care or disability income; and 4 "premium" means all income received from (3) 5 individuals and private and public payers or sources for the procurement of health coverage, including capitated payments, 6 self-funded administrative fees, self-funded claim 7 reimbursements, recoveries from third parties or other 8 insurers and interests less any tax paid pursuant to the 9 10 Insurance Premium Tax Act and fees associated with participating in a health insurance exchange that serves as a 11 clearinghouse for insurance." 12 SECTION 22. Section 59A-39-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 13 1984, Chapter 127, Section 662) is amended to read: 14 "59A-39-5. ATTORNEY.--15 "Attorney", as used in Chapter 59A, Article 39 16 Α. NMSA 1978, refers to the attorney-in-fact of a reciprocal 17 insurer. The attorney may be an individual, firm or 18 corporation. 19 Β. The attorney of a foreign reciprocal insurer, 20 which insurer is duly authorized to transact insurance in this 21 state, shall not, by virtue of the discharge of its duties as 22 such attorney with respect to the insurer's transactions in 23 this state, be thereby deemed to be doing business in this 24 state within the meaning of any laws of this state applying to HTRC/HB 223 25

foreign persons, firms or corporations.

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C. The subscribers and the attorney-in-fact comprise a reciprocal insurer and single entity for the purposes of the Insurance Premium Tax Act and Sections 59A-6-3 through 59A-6-6 NMSA 1978 as to all operations under the insurer's certificate of authority."

SECTION 23. Section 59A-40-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1984, Chapter 127, Section 688) is amended to read:

"59A-40-5. REPORTS.-- The insurer shall pay any 9 10 applicable fees and charges as are required under the 11 Insurance Code to be paid by other authorized insurers transacting in New Mexico the same kind of insurance. 12 The insurer shall make the same reports to the superintendent and 13 the national association of insurance commissioners as are 14 15 required of such other authorized insurers, but in such adapted forms as may for the purpose be prescribed by the 16 superintendent." 17

18 SECTION 24. Section 59A-46-51 NMSA 1978 (being Laws
19 2010, Chapter 94, Section 3, as amended) is amended to read:

20 "59A-46-51. HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATIONS--DIRECT 21 SERVICES.--

A. A health maintenance organization shall make
reimbursement for direct services at a level not less than
eighty-five percent of premiums across all health product
lines, except individually underwritten health insurance

policies, contracts or plans, that are governed by the provisions of Chapter 59A, Article 22 NMSA 1978, the Health Maintenance Organization Law and the Nonprofit Health Care Plan Law. Reimbursement shall be made for direct services provided over the preceding three calendar years, but not earlier than calendar year 2010, as determined by reports filed with the office of superintendent of insurance. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to preclude a purchaser from negotiating an agreement with a health maintenance organization that requires a higher amount of premiums paid to be used for reimbursement for direct services for one or more products or for one or more years.

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For individually underwritten health care 13 Β. policies, plans or contracts, the superintendent shall 14 15 establish, after notice and informal hearing, the level of reimbursement for direct services, as determined by the 16 reports filed with the office of superintendent of insurance, 17 as a percent of premiums. Additional informal hearings may be 18 held at the superintendent's discretion. In establishing the 19 20 level of reimbursement for direct services, the superintendent shall consider the costs associated with the individual 21 marketing and medical underwriting of these policies, plans or 22 contracts at a level not less than seventy-five percent of 23 A health insurer or health maintenance organization 24 premiums. writing these policies, plans or contracts shall make 25

reimbursement for direct services at a level not less than that level established by the superintendent pursuant to this subsection over the three calendar years preceding the date upon which that rate is established, but not earlier than calendar year 2010. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to preclude a purchaser of one of these policies, plans or contracts from negotiating an agreement with a health insurer or health maintenance organization that requires a higher amount of premiums paid to be used for reimbursement for direct services.

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C. A health maintenance organization that fails to 11 comply with the reimbursement requirements pursuant to this 12 section shall issue a dividend or credit against future 13 premiums to all policy or contract holders in an amount 14 15 sufficient to assure that the benefits paid in the preceding three calendar years plus the amount of the dividends or 16 credits are equal to the required direct services 17 reimbursement level pursuant to Subsection A of this section 18 for group health coverage and blanket health coverage or the 19 20 required direct services reimbursement level pursuant to Subsection B of this section for individually underwritten 21 health policies, contracts or plans for the preceding three 22 calendar years. If the insurer fails to issue the dividend or 23 credit in accordance with the requirements of this section, 24 the superintendent shall enforce these requirements and may 25

pursue any other penalties as provided by law, including general penalties pursuant to Section 59A-1-18 NMSA 1978.

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D. After notice and hearing, the superintendent may adopt and promulgate reasonable rules necessary and proper to carry out the provisions of this section.

E. For the purposes of this section:

"direct services" means services 7 (1)rendered to an individual by a health maintenance organization 8 or a health care practitioner, facility or other provider, 9 10 including case management, disease management, health education and promotion, preventive services, quality 11 incentive payments to providers and any portion of an 12 assessment that covers services rather than administration and 13 for which an insurer does not receive a tax credit pursuant to 14 15 the Medical Insurance Pool Act; provided, however, that "direct services" does not include care coordination, 16 utilization review or management or any other activity 17 designed to manage utilization or services; 18

(2) "health maintenance organization" means
any person who undertakes to provide or arrange for the
delivery of basic health care services to enrollees on a
prepaid basis, except for enrollee responsibility for
copayments or deductibles, but does not include a person that
only issues a limited-benefit policy or contract intended to
supplement major medical coverage, including medicare

1 supplement, vision, dental, disease-specific, accident-only or 2 hospital indemnity-only insurance policies, or that only 3 issues policies for long-term care or disability income; and 4 "premium" means all income received from (3) 5 individuals and private and public payers or sources for the procurement of health coverage, including capitated payments, 6 self-funded administrative fees, self-funded claim 7 reimbursements, recoveries from third parties or other 8 insurers and interests less any tax paid pursuant to the 9 10 Insurance Premium Tax Act and fees associated with participating in a health insurance exchange that serves as a 11 clearinghouse for insurance." 12 SECTION 25. Section 59A-47-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 13 1984, Chapter 127, Section 879.1, as amended) is amended to 14 15 read: 16 "59A-47-3. DEFINITIONS.--As used in Chapter 59A, Article 47 NMSA 1978: 17 "health care" means the treatment of persons 18 Α. for the prevention, cure or correction of any illness or 19 20 physical or mental condition, including optometric services; "item of health care" includes any services or Β. 21 materials used in health care; 22 C. "health care expense payment" means a payment 23 for health care to a purveyor on behalf of a subscriber, or 24 such a payment to the subscriber; 25

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D. "purveyor" means a person who furnishes any 2 item of health care and charges for that item;

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Ε. "service benefit" means a payment that the purveyor has agreed to accept as payment in full for health care furnished the subscriber;

"indemnity benefit" means a payment that the F. purveyor has not agreed to accept as payment in full for health care furnished the subscriber;

"subscriber" means any individual who, because 9 G. 10 of a contract with a health care plan entered into by or for the individual, is entitled to have health care expense 11 payments made on the individual's behalf or to the individual 12 by the health care plan; 13

"underwriting manual" means the health care H. 14 15 plan's written criteria, approved by the superintendent, that defines the terms and conditions under which subscribers may 16 be selected. The underwriting manual may be amended from time 17 to time, but the amendment will not be effective until 18 approved by the superintendent. The superintendent shall 19 20 notify the health care plan filing the underwriting manual or the amendment thereto of the superintendent's approval or 21 disapproval thereof in writing within thirty days after filing 22 or within sixty days after filing if the superintendent shall 23 so extend the time. If the superintendent fails to act within 24 such period, the filing shall be deemed to be approved; 25

I. "acquisition expenses" includes all expenses incurred in connection with the solicitation and enrollment of subscribers;

J. "administration expenses" means all expenses of the health care plan other than the cost of health care expense payments and acquisition expenses;

"health care plan" means an organization that 7 Κ. demonstrates to the superintendent that it has been granted 8 exemption from the federal income tax by the United States 9 10 commissioner of internal revenue as an organization described in Section 501(c)(3) of the United States Internal Revenue 11 Code of 1986, as that section may be amended or renumbered, 12 and is authorized by the superintendent to enter into 13 contracts with subscribers and to make health care expense 14 15 payments;

L. "agent" means a person appointed by a health care plan authorized to transact business in this state to act as its representative in any given locality for soliciting health care policies and other related duties as may be authorized;

M. "solicitor" means a person employed by the
licensed agent of a health care plan for the purpose of
soliciting health care policies and other related duties in
connection with the handling of the business of the agent as
may be authorized and paid for the person's services either on HTRC/HB 223
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1 a commission basis or salary basis or part by commission and 2 part by salary;

N. "chiropractor" means any person holding a license provided for in the Chiropractic Physician Practice Act;

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"doctor of oriental medicine" means any person 0. 6 licensed as a doctor of oriental medicine under the 7 Acupuncture and Oriental Medicine Practice Act; 8

"pharmacist" means a person licensed as a 9 Ρ. 10 pharmacist pursuant to the Pharmacy Act;

"pharmacist clinician" means a pharmacist who 11 Q. exercises prescriptive authority pursuant to the Pharmacist 12 Prescriptive Authority Act; 13

"credentialing" means the process of obtaining R. 14 15 and verifying information about a provider and evaluating that provider when that provider seeks to become a participating 16 provider; and 17

"provider" means a physician or other S. 18 individual licensed or otherwise authorized to furnish health 19 care services in the state." 20

SECTION 26. Section 59A-47-46 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2010, Chapter 94, Section 4, as amended) is amended to read:

"59A-47-46. HEALTH INSURERS--DIRECT SERVICES.--

A. A health care plan shall make reimbursement for direct services at a level not less than eighty-five percent HTRC/HB 223

of premiums across all health product lines, except individually underwritten health care policies, contracts or plans, that are governed by the provisions of Chapter 59A, Article 22 NMSA 1978, the Health Maintenance Organization Law and the Nonprofit Health Care Plan Law. Reimbursement shall be made for direct services provided over the preceding three calendar years, but not earlier than calendar year 2010, as determined by reports filed with the office of superintendent of insurance. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to preclude a purchaser from negotiating an agreement with a health insurer that requires a higher amount of premiums paid to be used for reimbursement for direct services for one or more products or for one or more years.

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B. For individually underwritten health care 14 15 policies, plans or contracts, the superintendent shall 16 establish, after notice and informal hearing, the level of reimbursement for direct services as determined as a percent 17 of premiums. Additional hearings may be held at the 18 superintendent's discretion. In establishing the level of 19 20 reimbursement for direct services, the superintendent shall consider the costs associated with the individual marketing 21 and medical underwriting of these policies, plans or contracts 22 at a level not less than seventy-five percent of premiums. Α 23 health insurer writing these policies, plans or contracts 24 shall make reimbursement for direct services at a level not 25

less than that level established by the superintendent pursuant to this subsection over the three calendar years preceding the date upon which that rate is established, but not earlier than calendar year 2010. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to preclude a purchaser of one of these policies, plans or contracts from negotiating an agreement with a health insurer that requires a higher amount of premiums paid to be used for reimbursement for direct services.

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C. A health care plan that fails to comply with 10 the reimbursement requirements pursuant to this section shall 11 issue a dividend or credit against future premiums to all 12 policyholders in an amount sufficient to assure that the 13 benefits paid in the preceding three calendar years plus the 14 15 amount of the dividends or credits are equal to the required direct services reimbursement level pursuant to Subsection A 16 of this section for group health coverage and blanket health 17 coverage or the required direct services reimbursement level 18 pursuant to Subsection B of this section for individually 19 20 underwritten health policies, contracts or plans for the preceding three calendar years. If the insurer fails to issue 21 the dividend or credit in accordance with the requirements of 22 this section, the superintendent shall enforce these 23 requirements and may pursue any other penalties as provided by 24 law, including general penalties pursuant to Section 59A-1-18 HTRC/HB 223 25

NMSA 1978.

D. After notice and hearing, the superintendent may adopt and promulgate reasonable rules necessary and proper to carry out the provisions of this section.

E. For the purposes of this section:

"direct services" means services 6 (1) rendered to an individual by a health care plan, health 7 insurer or a health care practitioner, facility or other 8 provider, including case management, disease management, 9 10 health education and promotion, preventive services, quality incentive payments to providers and any portion of an 11 assessment that covers services rather than administration and 12 for which a health care plan or a health insurer does not 13 receive a tax credit pursuant to the Medical Insurance Pool 14 15 Act; provided, however, that "direct services" does not include care coordination, utilization review or management or 16 any other activity designed to manage utilization or services; 17

"health care plan" means a nonprofit (2) 18 corporation authorized by the superintendent to enter into 19 20 contracts with subscribers and to make health care expense payments but does not include a person that only issues a 21 limited-benefit policy intended to supplement major medical 22 coverage, including medicare supplement, vision, dental, 23 disease-specific, accident-only or hospital indemnity-only 24 insurance policies, or that only issues policies for long-term HTRC/HB 223 25 Page 52

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care or disability income; and

2 "premium" means all income received from (3) 3 individuals and private and public payers or sources for the 4 procurement of health coverage, including capitated payments, 5 self-funded administrative fees, self-funded claim reimbursements, recoveries from third parties or other 6 insurers and interests less any tax paid pursuant to the 7 Insurance Premium Tax Act and fees associated with 8 participating in a health insurance exchange that serves as a 9 10 clearinghouse for insurance." SECTION 27. Section 59A-49-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 11 1984, Chapter 127, Section 904) is amended to read: 12 "59A-49-6. TRUST FUND--ACCOUNTING--DEPOSIT, RESERVES 13 AND PREMIUM TAX.--14 15 Α. In all cases where funeral plans are sold, all 16 money paid, directly or indirectly, under such agreement, or under any agreement collateral thereto, shall be held in trust 17 for the purpose for which it was paid until the obligation is 18 fulfilled according to its terms; provided, however, that any 19 20 payment made pursuant to this section shall be released upon death of the person for whose benefit such payment was made, 21 and no payments so made shall be subject to forfeiture. 22 Accruals of interest upon this money shall be subject to the 23 24 same trust.

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B. All funds received as herein provided shall be HTRC/HB 223 Page 53

1 placed in trust with a trustee pursuant to an agreement 2 executed by the depositor and trustee that shall provide that 3 the trustee shall hold the same in trust for the purposes for which deposited; that the trustee shall pay the same to the 4 5 depositor upon the filing of a certified copy of the death certificate or other satisfactory evidence of the death of the 6 beneficiary; and that the beneficiary or the beneficiary's 7 duly appointed guardian may, in writing, demand the return of 8 the money, together with accrued interest, if any, less cost 9 10 incurred in the operation of such trust, and the depositor shall be entitled to receive such money from the trustee for 11 payment to the beneficiary upon delivery of such written 12 demand to the trustee. The payment of such funds and 13 accumulated interest, pursuant to the terms of the Prearranged 14 15 Funeral Plan Regulatory Law and the agreement herein referred to, shall relieve the trustee of any further liabilities with 16 regard to such funds or interest thereon. 17

C. Each seller of funeral plans shall submit such accounting or accountings of all money collected or received on account of or in connection with the sale of funeral plans and of all money deposited or withdrawn from a trustee, as the superintendent may reasonably direct, by regulation or order.

D. Funds collected and placed in trust pursuant to
this section shall not be used as the basis for the
calculation of the capital and surplus, general deposits and

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fees otherwise required under Section 59A-5-16 NMSA 1978."

SECTION 28. Section 59A-54-10 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1987, Chapter 154, Section 10, as amended) is amended to read: "59A-54-10. ASSESSMENTS.--

5 A. Following the close of each fiscal year, the pool administrator shall determine the net premium, being 6 premiums less administrative expense allowances, the pool 7 expenses and claim expense losses for the year, taking into 8 account investment income and other appropriate gains and 9 10 losses. The assessment for each insurer shall be determined by multiplying the total cost of pool operation by a fraction, 11 the numerator of which equals that insurer's premium and 12 subscriber contract charges or their equivalent for health 13 insurance written in the state during the preceding calendar 14 15 year and the denominator of which equals the total of all 16 premiums and subscriber contract charges written in the state; provided that premium income shall include receipts of 17 medicaid managed care premiums but shall not include any 18 payments by the secretary of human services pursuant to a 19 20 contract issued under Section 1876 of the Social Security Act, as amended. The board may adopt other or additional methods 21 of adjusting the formula to achieve equity of assessments 22 among pool members, including assessment of health insurers 23 and reinsurers based upon the number of persons they cover 24 through primary, excess and stop-loss insurance in the state. 25

B. If assessments exceed actual losses and administrative expenses of the pool, the excess shall be held at interest and used by the board to offset future losses or to reduce pool premiums. As used in this subsection, "future losses" includes reserves for incurred but not reported claims.

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C. The proportion of participation of each member
in the pool shall be determined annually by the board based on
annual statements and other reports deemed necessary by the
board and filed with it by the member. Any deficit incurred
by the pool shall be recouped by assessments apportioned among
the members of the pool pursuant to the assessment formula
provided by Subsection A of this section.

The board may abate or defer, in whole or in 14 D. 15 part, the assessment of a member of the pool if, in the 16 opinion of the board, payment of the assessment would endanger the ability of the member to fulfill its contractual 17 obligation. In the event an assessment against a member of 18 the pool is abated or deferred in whole or in part, the amount 19 20 by which such assessment is abated or deferred may be assessed against the other members in a manner consistent with the 21 basis for assessments set forth in Subsection A of this 22 The member receiving the abatement or deferment section. 23 shall remain liable to the pool for the deficiency for four 24 years." 25

SECTION 29. Section 59A-55-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1988, Chapter 125, Section 6, as amended) is amended to read: "59A-55-6. RISK RETENTION GROUPS--REPORTS.--

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A. Each risk retention group shall report to the superintendent the net premium written for risks resident or located within New Mexico.

Β. To the extent a licensed insurance producer is 7 8 utilized pursuant to Section 59A-55-24 NMSA 1978, the licensed 9 insurance producer shall report to the superintendent the 10 premiums for direct business for risks resident or located 11 within this state that the insurance producers have placed with or on behalf of a risk retention group not licensed in 12 this state. 13

C. To the extent that an insurance producer is 14 15 utilized pursuant to Section 59A-55-24 NMSA 1978, the insurance producer shall keep a complete and separate record 16 of all policies procured from each such risk retention group, 17 which record shall be open to examination by the 18 superintendent and shall contain the information required by 19 20 the superintendent by rule."

SECTION 30. TEMPORARY PROVISION--TRANSFER OF PERSONNEL, 21 FUNCTIONS, APPROPRIATIONS, MONEY, PROPERTY AND CONTRACTUAL 22 OBLIGATIONS . --23

A. 24 On the effective date of this act, all personnel directly involved with the audit and collection of HTRC/HB 223 25

1 the taxes imposed pursuant to the New Mexico Insurance Code 2 prior to the effective date of this act, functions, 3 appropriations, money, records, furniture, equipment and other property of, or attributable to, the financial audit bureau of 4 5 the office of superintendent of insurance shall be transferred 6 to the taxation and revenue department. B. On the effective date of this act, no 7 8 contractual obligations of the office of superintendent of 9 insurance shall be binding on the taxation and revenue 10 department. SECTION 31. REPEAL.--Sections 59A-6-2, 59A-14-12, 11 59A-14-18, 59A-23B-9 and 59A-55-21 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1984, 12 Chapter 127, Sections 102, 250 and 256, Laws 1991, Chapter 13 111, Section 9 and Laws 1988, Chapter 125, Section 21, as 14 15 amended) are repealed. SECTION 32. EFFECTIVE DATE. -- The effective date of the 16 17 provisions of this act is January 1, 2020. HTRC/HB 223 Page 58 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25