1	AN ACT	
2	RELATING TO PUBLIC SCHOOL PERSONNEL; CLARIFYING TERMS AND	
3	PROVISIONS OF THE SCHOOL PERSONNEL ACT CONCERNING DISCHARGE	
4	OF LICENSED AND UNLICENSED SCHOOL EMPLOYEES IN PUBLIC	
5	SCHOOLS, SPECIAL SCHOOLS, REGIONAL EDUCATION COOPERATIVES AND	
6	OTHER STATE AGENCIES THAT EDUCATE RESIDENT SCHOOL-AGE	
7	CHILDREN.	
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9	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:	
10	SECTION 1. Section 22-10A-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1975,	
11	Chapter 306, Section 2, as amended) is repealed and a new	
12	Section 22-10A-2 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:	
13	"22-10A-2. DEFINITIONSAs used in the School	
14	Personnel Act:	
15	A. "constitutional special school" means the New	
16	Mexico military institute, New Mexico school for the deaf and	
17	New Mexico school for the blind and visually impaired;	
18	B. "discharge" means the act of severing the	
19	employment relationship with a licensed school employee prior	
20	to the expiration of the current employment contract;	
21	C. "employed for three consecutive school years"	
22	means a licensed school employee has been offered and	
23	accepted in writing a notice of reemployment for the third	
24	consecutive school year;	
25	D. "governing authority" means the policy setting $$^{\rm HLVMC/HB}$$ Page 1	431/a

body of a school district, charter school, constitutional special school or regional education cooperative, or the final decision maker of another state agency;

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E. "instructional support provider" means a person who is employed to support the instructional program of a public school, including educational assistant, school counselor, social worker, school nurse, speech-language pathologist, psychologist, physical therapist, occupational therapist, recreational therapist, marriage and family therapist, interpreter for the deaf and diagnostician;

F. "just cause" means a reason that is rationally related to a school employee's competence or turpitude or the proper performance of the school employee's duties and that is not in violation of the school employee's civil or constitutional rights;

G. "public school" means a school district, charter school, constitutional special school, regional education cooperative or the educational program of another state agency;

H. "responsibility factor" means a value of 1.20
for an elementary school principal, 1.40 for a middle school
or junior high school principal, 1.60 for a high school
principal, 1.10 for an assistant elementary school principal,
1.15 for an assistant middle school or assistant junior high
school principal and 1.25 for an assistant high school

principal;

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I. "sabbatical leave" means leave of absence with pay as approved by the governing authority during all or part of a regular school term for purposes of study or travel related to a licensed school employee's duties and of direct benefit to the instructional program;

"school administrator" means a person licensed 7 J. to administer in a school district, charter school, 8 constitutional special school or regional education 9 10 cooperative or a person employed with another state agency who administers an educational program and includes local 11 superintendents, school principals, central district 12 administrators, business managers, charter school head 13 administrators and state agency education supervisors; 14

K. "school employee" includes licensed and unlicensed employees of a public school;

L. "school premises" means:

(1) the buildings and grounds, including playgrounds, playing fields and parking areas and a school bus of a public school, in or on which school or schoolrelated activities are being operated under the supervision of a local school board, charter school or state agency; or (2) any other public buildings or grounds,

including playing fields and parking areas that are not public school property, in or on which public school-related

and -sanctioned activities are being performed;

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M. "state agency" means a regional education cooperative or state institution;

N. "state institution" means the New Mexico boys' school, girls' welfare home, New Mexico youth diagnostic and development center, Sequoyah adolescent treatment center, Carrie Tingley crippled children's hospital, New Mexico behavioral health institute at Las Vegas and any other state agency responsible for educating resident children;

0. "substitute teacher" means a person who holds a
certificate to substitute for a teacher in the classroom;

P. "superintendent" means a local superintendent, head administrator of a charter school or regional education cooperative, superintendent or commandant of a special school or head administrator of the educational program of a state agency;

Q. "teacher" means a person who holds a level one, level two or level three-A license and whose primary job is classroom instruction or the supervision, below the school principal level, of an instructional program or whose duties include curriculum development, peer intervention, peer coaching or mentoring or serving as a resource teacher for other teachers;

R. "terminate" means the act of severing the employment relationship with a school employee; and

S. "working day" means every school calendar day, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays."

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SECTION 2. Section 22-10A-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2003, Chapter 153, Section 34) is amended to read:

"22-10A-3. LICENSE OR CERTIFICATE REQUIRED--APPLICATION FEE--GENERAL DUTIES.--

Except as otherwise provided in this 7 Α. 8 subsection, any person teaching, supervising an instructional program or providing instructional support services in a 9 10 public school; any person administering in a public school; and any person providing health care and administering 11 medications or performing medical procedures in a public 12 school shall hold a valid license or certificate from the 13 department authorizing the person to perform that function. 14 15 This subsection does not apply to a person performing the functions of a practice teacher or teaching intern as defined 16 by the department. 17

B. The department shall charge a reasonable fee
for each application for or the renewal of a license or
certificate. The application fee may be waived if the
applicant meets a standard of indigency established by the
department.

C. A person performing the duties of a licensed
school employee who does not hold a valid license or
certificate or has not submitted a complete application for

1 licensure or certification within the first three months from 2 beginning employment duties shall not be compensated 3 thereafter for services rendered until the person 4 demonstrates that the person holds a valid license or certificate. This section does not apply to practice 5 6 teachers or teaching interns as defined by rules of the 7 department. 8 Each licensed school employee shall: D. enforce all laws and rules applicable to 9 (1) 10 the employee's public school; 11 if teaching, teach the prescribed (2) courses of instruction; 12 exercise supervision over students on 13 (3) public school premises and while the students are under the 14 15 control of the public school; and furnish reports as required." 16 (4) SECTION 3. Section 22-10A-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1997, 17 Chapter 238, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read: 18 "22-10A-5. BACKGROUND CHECKS--KNOWN 19 20 CONVICTIONS--ALLEGED ETHICAL MISCONDUCT--REPORTING REQUIRED--LIMITED IMMUNITY--PENALTY FOR FAILURE TO REPORT.--21 A. As used in this section, "ethical misconduct" 22 means unacceptable behavior or conduct engaged in by a school 23 employee, school volunteer, contractor or contractor's 24 25 employee and includes unlawful discriminatory practice;

sexual harassment, sexual assault or sexual abuse involving an adult or child, regardless of a child's enrollment status; and behavior intended to induce a child into engaging in illegal, immoral or other prohibited behavior.

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5 Β. An applicant for initial licensure shall be fingerprinted and shall provide two fingerprint cards or the 6 equivalent electronic fingerprints to the department or 7 superintendent to obtain the applicant's federal bureau of 8 investigation record. Convictions of felonies or 9 10 misdemeanors contained in the federal bureau of investigation record shall be used in accordance with the Criminal Offender 11 Employment Act. Other information contained in the federal 12 bureau of investigation record, if supported by independent 13 evidence, may form the basis for the denial, suspension or 14 15 revocation of a license for just cause. Records and related information shall be privileged and shall not be disclosed to 16 a person not directly involved in the licensure or employment 17 decisions affecting the specific applicant. The applicant 18 for initial licensure shall pay for the cost of obtaining the 19 20 federal bureau of investigation record.

C. Governing authorities shall develop policies and procedures to require background checks on an applicant who has been offered employment or who applies to be a volunteer or works for the public school as a contractor or a contractor's employee and who may have unsupervised access to

students on school premises.

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D. An applicant who has been offered employment or a school volunteer, contractor or contractor's employee shall provide two fingerprint cards or the equivalent electronic fingerprints to the superintendent to obtain the applicant's, school volunteer's, contractor's or contractor's employee's federal bureau of investigation record. The public school shall pay for an applicant's background check. A school volunteer, contractor or contractor's employee may be required to pay for the cost of obtaining a background check.

Ε. Convictions of felonies or misdemeanors 11 contained in the federal bureau of investigation record shall 12 be used in accordance with the Criminal Offender Employment 13 Act; provided that other information contained in the federal 14 15 bureau of investigation record, if supported by independent evidence, may form the basis for the employment decisions for 16 just cause.

F. Records and related information shall be 18 privileged and shall not be disclosed to a person not 19 20 directly involved in the employment, volunteering or contracting decision affecting the specific applicant, 21 volunteer, contractor or contractor's employee who has been 22 offered employment, a volunteer position or a contract and 23 will have unsupervised access to students on school premises. 24

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G. A superintendent shall report to the department HLVMC/HB 431/a Page 8

any known conviction of a felony or misdemeanor involving moral turpitude of a licensed school employee that results in any type of action against the licensed school employee.

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H. A superintendent or the superintendent's 4 5 designated representative shall investigate all allegations 6 of ethical misconduct about any school employee who resigns, is being discharged or terminated or otherwise leaves 7 employment after an allegation has been made. 8 If the investigation results in a finding of ethical misconduct by a 9 10 licensed school employee, the superintendent shall report the identity of the licensed school employee and attendant 11 circumstances of the ethical misconduct on a standardized 12 form to the department and the licensed school employee 13 within thirty days following the separation from employment 14 15 or immediately if knowledge of the ethical misconduct is sexual harassment or sexual abuse of an adult or child. 16 Copies of that form shall not be maintained in the school 17 employee's personnel file. The superintendent shall also 18 report allegations of sexual assault or sexual abuse 19 20 involving any school employee, volunteer, contractor or a contractor's employee to the appropriate law enforcement 21 agency. No agreement between a departing school employee and 22 the governing authority or superintendent shall diminish or 23 eliminate the responsibility of investigating and reporting 24 25 the alleged ethical misconduct to the department or, if

legally mandated, to law enforcement, and any such agreement to the contrary is void.

I. Unless the department has commenced its own investigation of a licensed school employee prior to receipt of the form, the department shall serve the licensed school employee with a notice of investigation and a notice of contemplated action pursuant to the Uniform Licensing Act within sixty days of receipt of the form. If a notice of contemplated action is not served on the licensed school employee within ninety days of receipt of the form, the form, together with any documents related to the alleged ethical misconduct, shall be expunged from the licensed school employee's records.

J. The secretary may initiate action to suspend, revoke or refuse to renew the license of a superintendent who fails to report as required by Subsections G and H of this section.

18 K. A person who in good faith reports as provided 19 in Subsections G and H of this section shall not be held 20 liable for civil damages as a result of the report. The 21 person being accused shall have the right to sue for any 22 damages sustained as a result of negligent or intentional 23 reporting of inaccurate information or the disclosure of any 24 information to an unauthorized person."

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SECTION 4. Section 22-10A-21 NMSA 1978 (being Laws

1967, Chapter 16, Section 113, as amended) is amended to read:

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"22-10A-21. LICENSED SCHOOL EMPLOYEES--EMPLOYMENT CONTRACTS--DURATION.--

A. All employment contracts between superintendents and licensed school employees shall be in writing on forms approved by the department. These forms shall contain and specify the term of service, the salary to be paid, the method of payment, the causes for discharge during the term of the contract and other provisions required by the rules of the department.

B. All employment contracts between
superintendents and licensed school employees shall be for a
period of one school year except:

15 (1) contracts for less than one school year 16 are permitted to fill personnel vacancies that occur during 17 the school year;

18 (2) contracts for the remainder of a school 19 year are permitted to staff programs when the availability of 20 funds for the programs is not known until after the beginning 21 of the school year;

(3) contracts for less than one school year
are permitted to staff summer school programs and to staff
federally funded programs in which the federally approved
programs are specified to be conducted for less than one

school year;

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contracts not to exceed three years are (4) allowed at the discretion of the governing authority for superintendents; and

(5) contracts not to exceed three years are allowed at the discretion of the governing authority for licensed school employees in public schools who have been employed for three consecutive school years.

Persons employed under contracts for periods of C. less than one school year as provided in Paragraphs (1) and (2) of Subsection B of this section shall be accorded all the 11 duties, rights and privileges of the School Personnel Act. 12

In determination of eligibility for 13 D. unemployment compensation rights and benefits for licensed 14 15 school employees where those rights and benefits are claimed 16 to arise from the employment relationship between governing authorities and licensed school employees, that period of a 17 year not covered by a school year shall not be considered an 18 unemployment period. 19

20 Ε. Except as provided in Section 22-10A-22 NMSA 1978, a licensed school employee employed by contract 21 pursuant to this section has no legitimate objective 22 expectancy of reemployment, and no contract entered into 23 pursuant to this section shall be construed as an implied 24 25 promise of continued employment pursuant to a subsequent

contract."

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SECTION 5. Section 22-10A-22 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1967, Chapter 16, Section 114, as amended) is amended to read:

5 "22-10A-22. LICENSED SCHOOL EMPLOYEES--NOTICE OF 6 REEMPLOYMENT--TERMINATION.--On or before fifteen working days prior to the last day of the school year, the superintendent 7 shall serve written notice of reemployment or termination on 8 each licensed school employee employed by the public school. 9 10 A notice of reemployment shall be an offer of employment for the ensuing school year. A notice of termination shall be a 11 notice of intention not to reemploy for the ensuing school 12 year. Failure of the superintendent to serve a written 13 notice of reemployment or termination on a licensed school 14 15 employee shall be construed to mean that notice of reemployment has been served upon the licensed school 16 employee for the ensuing school year according to the terms 17 of the existing employment contract but subject to any 18 additional compensation allowed other licensed school 19 20 employees of like qualifications and experience. Nothing in this section shall be construed to mean that failure of a 21 superintendent to serve a written notice of reemployment or 22 termination shall automatically extend a licensed school 23 employee's employment contract for a period in excess of one 24 school year." 25

1 SECTION 6. Section 22-10A-23 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2 1967, Chapter 16, Section 115, as amended) is amended to 3 read: 4 "22-10A-23. LICENSED SCHOOL EMPLOYEES--REEMPLOYMENT--5 ACCEPTANCE--REJECTION--BINDING CONTRACT.--Each licensed school employee shall deliver to 6 Α. the superintendent a written acceptance or rejection of 7 reemployment for the ensuing school year within fifteen days 8 9 from the following: 10 (1)the date written notice of reemployment is served upon the licensed school employee; or 11 the last day of the school year when no 12 (2) written notice of reemployment or termination is served upon 13 the licensed school employee on or before fifteen working 14 15 days prior to the last day of the school year. Delivery of the written acceptance of 16 Β. reemployment by a licensed school employee creates a binding 17 employment contract between the licensed school employee and 18 the superintendent until the parties enter into a formal 19 20 written employment contract. Written employment contracts between the superintendent and licensed school employees 21 shall be executed by the parties not later than ten days 22 before the first day of a school year." 23 SECTION 7. Section 22-10A-26 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 24 25 1967, Chapter 16, Section 118, as amended) is amended to

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"22-10A-26. EXCEPTED FROM PROVISIONS.--Sections 22-10A-22 through 22-10A-25 NMSA 1978 do not apply to the following:

A. a licensed school employee employed to fill the position of a licensed school employee entering military service;

B. a licensed school administrator who is employed as a licensed school administrator;

10 C. an unlicensed school employee employed to 11 perform primarily district-wide management functions; or

D. a person who does not hold a valid license or has not submitted a complete application for licensure within the first three months from beginning employment duties pursuant to Subsection C of Section 22-10A-3 NMSA 1978."

SECTION 8. Section 22-10A-27 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1986, Chapter 33, Section 24, as amended) is amended to read:

"22-10A-27. DISCHARGE HEARING--LICENSED SCHOOL EMPLOYEES--PROCEDURES.--

A. A superintendent may recommend to the governing
authority the discharge of a licensed school employee during
the term of a contract authorized pursuant to Section
22-10A-21 NMSA 1978 only for just cause according to the
following procedure:

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(1) the superintendent shall serve a written HLVMC/HB 431/a

notice of intent to recommend discharge on the licensed school employee in accordance with the law for service of process in civil actions; and

(2) the superintendent shall state in the notice of intent to recommend discharge the cause for the recommendation and shall advise the licensed school employee of the licensed school employee's right to a discharge hearing before the governing authority as provided in this section. If the licensed school employee does not exercise that right to hearing, the superintendent shall discharge the licensed school employee.

B. A licensed school employee who receives a
notice of intent to recommend discharge pursuant to
Subsection A of this section may exercise the licensed school
employee's right to a hearing before the governing authority
by giving the superintendent written notice of that election
within ten working days of the licensed school employee's
receipt of the notice of intent to recommend discharge.

19 C. The governing authority shall hold a discharge 20 hearing no less than twenty and no more than forty working 21 days after the superintendent receives the written election 22 from the licensed school employee and shall give the licensed 23 school employee at least ten days written notice of the date, 24 time and place of the discharge hearing.

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D. Each party, the superintendent and the licensed HLVMC/HB 431/a Page 16 school employee, may each be accompanied by a person of the party's choice.

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E. The parties shall complete and respond to discovery by deposition and production of documents prior to the discharge hearing.

F. The governing authority shall have the authority to issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses and to produce books, records, documents and other evidence at the request of either party and shall have the power to administer oaths.

11 G. The superintendent shall have the burden of 12 proving by a preponderance of the evidence that, at the time 13 of the notice of intent to recommend discharge, the 14 superintendent had just cause to recommend discharge of the 15 licensed school employee.

H. The superintendent shall present evidence first, with the licensed school employee presenting evidence thereafter. The governing authority shall permit either party to call, examine and cross-examine witnesses and to introduce documentary evidence.

I. An official record shall be made of the
hearing. Either party may have one copy of the record at the
expense of the governing authority.

J. The governing authority shall render itswritten decision within twenty days of the conclusion of the

discharge hearing."

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SECTION 9. Section 22-10A-28 NMSA 1978 (being Laws
1986, Chapter 33, Section 25, as amended) is amended to read:
 "22-10A-28. DISCHARGE APPEALS--LICENSED SCHOOL
EMPLOYEES--INDEPENDENT ARBITRATOR--QUALIFICATIONS-PROCEDURE--BINDING DECISION.--

A. A licensed school employee aggrieved by a 7 8 decision of the governing authority to discharge the licensed school employee after a discharge hearing held pursuant to 9 Section 22-10A-27 NMSA 1978 may appeal the decision to an 10 independent arbitrator. A written notice of appeal shall be 11 submitted to the governing authority within ten working days 12 from the receipt of the copy of the written decision of the 13 governing authority. 14

15 Β. The governing authority may delegate responsibility for the arbitration to the superintendent. 16 The superintendent as delegate of the governing authority and 17 the licensed school employee shall meet within ten calendar 18 days from the receipt of the notice of appeal and select an 19 20 independent arbitrator to conduct the appeal, or, in the event the parties fail to agree on an independent arbitrator, 21 they shall request the presiding judge in the judicial 22 district in which the public school is located to select the 23 independent arbitrator. The presiding judge shall select the 24 independent arbitrator within five working days from the date 25

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of the parties' request.

2 C. A qualified independent arbitrator shall be 3 appointed who is versed in employment practices and school procedures. No person shall be appointed to serve as the 4 5 independent arbitrator who has any direct or indirect 6 financial interest in the outcome of the proceeding, has any relationship to any party in the proceeding, is employed by 7 the superintendent or is a member of or employed by any 8 professional organization of which the licensed school 9 10 employee is a member.

D. Appeals from the decision of the governing 11 authority shall be decided after a de novo hearing before the 12 independent arbitrator. The superintendent, as delegate of 13 the governing authority, shall have the burden of proving by 14 15 a preponderance of the evidence that, at the time of the notice of intent to recommend discharge, the superintendent 16 had just cause to discharge the licensed school employee. 17 The superintendent shall present evidence first, with the 18 licensed school employee presenting evidence thereafter. 19

E. The hearing shall be held within thirty working days from the selection of the independent arbitrator. The independent arbitrator shall give written notice of the date, time and place of the hearing, and such notice shall be sent to the licensed school employee and the governing authority.

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F. Each party has the right to be represented by

counsel at the hearing before the independent arbitrator.

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G. Discovery shall be limited to depositions and requests for production of documents on a time schedule to be established by the independent arbitrator.

H. The independent arbitrator may issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses and for the production of books, records, documents and other evidence and shall have the power to administer oaths. Subpoenas so issued shall be served and enforced in the manner provided by law for the service and enforcement of subpoenas in a civil action or in the manner provided by the American arbitration association's voluntary labor arbitration rules if that entity is used by the parties.

I. The rules of civil procedure shall not apply to 14 15 the hearing, but it shall be conducted so that both contentions and responses are amply and fairly presented. 16 То this end, the independent arbitrator shall permit either 17 party to call and examine witnesses, cross-examine witnesses 18 and introduce exhibits. The technical rules of evidence 19 20 shall not apply, but, in ruling on the admissibility of evidence, the independent arbitrator may require reasonable 21 substantiation of statements or records tendered, the 22 accuracy or truth of which is in reasonable doubt. 23

J. An official record shall be made of the hearing. Either party may order a transcript of the record

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at the party's own expense.

K. The independent arbitrator shall render a written decision affirming or reversing the action of the governing authority. The decision shall contain findings of fact and conclusions of law. The parties shall receive the written decision of the independent arbitrator within thirty working days from the conclusion of the hearing.

L. Unless a party can demonstrate prejudice arising from a departure from the procedures established in this section and in Section 22-10A-27 NMSA 1978, such departure shall be presumed to be harmless error.

M. The decision of the independent arbitrator shall be final and binding on both parties and shall be nonappealable except where the decision was procured by corruption, fraud, deception or collusion, in which case it may be appealed to the court of appeals by filing a notice of appeal as provided by the New Mexico rules of appellate procedure.

N. Each party shall bear its own costs and expenses. The independent arbitrator's fees and other expenses incurred in the conduct of the arbitration shall be assigned at the discretion of the independent arbitrator."

SECTION 10. Section 22-10A-29 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1967, Chapter 16, Section 120, as amended) is amended to read:

"22-10A-29. COMPENSATION PAYMENTS TO DISCHARGED PERSONNEL.--

3 Payment of compensation to a licensed school Α. employee employed by a public school and payment of 4 5 compensation to a superintendent employed by a governing authority shall terminate as of the date, after a hearing, 6 that a written copy of the decision of the governing 7 authority to discharge the licensed school employee or 8 superintendent is served on the licensed school employee or 9 superintendent. If the compensation of the licensed school 10 employee or superintendent discharged during the term of a 11 written employment contract is to be paid monthly during a 12 twelve-month period for services to be performed during a 13 period less than twelve months, the licensed school employee 14 15 or superintendent shall be entitled to a pro rata share of the compensation payments due for the period during the 16 twelve months in which no services were to be performed. 17

In the event the action of the governing Β. 18 authority in discharging a licensed school employee or 19 20 superintendent is reversed on appeal, payment of compensation to the licensed school employee or superintendent shall be 21 reinstated in full but subject to any additional compensation 22 allowed other licensed school employees or superintendents of 23 like qualifications and experience employed by the public 24 25 school and including reimbursement for compensation during the HLVMC/HB 431/a Page 22

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1	entire period the compensation was terminated less an offset	
2	for any compensation received by the licensed school employee	
3	or superintendent from the public school during the period the	
4	compensation was terminated."	HLVMC/HB 431/a Page 23
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