1	HOUSE BILL 61
2	52ND LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2015
3	INTRODUCED BY
4	James E. Smith
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10	AN ACT
11	RELATING TO ELECTIONS; CHANGING VOTER IDENTIFICATION
12	REQUIREMENTS FOR VOTING IN PERSON OR BY MAIL; STANDARDIZING
13	VOTER IDENTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS STATEWIDE; CHANGING
14	PROCEDURES FOR THE ISSUANCE OF TEMPORARY LICENSES; AMENDING,
15	REPEALING AND ENACTING SECTIONS OF THE NMSA 1978.
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17	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:
18	SECTION 1. Section 1-1-24 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2005,
19	Chapter 270, Section 6, as amended) is amended to read:
20	"1-1-24. [REQUIRED] VOTER IDENTIFICATION
21	<u>A.</u> As used in the Election Code, <u>when a person</u>
22	offers to vote in person, "required voter identification" means
23	[any of the following forms of identification as chosen by the
24	voter:
25	A. a physical form of identification, which may
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1	be]:
2	(1) a physical form of identification that is
3	issued by a government, including a federally recognized Indian
4	nation, tribe or pueblo, or by an educational institution and
5	<u>that:</u>
6	(a) contains the name of the voter,
7	which reasonably matches the name on the voter's certificate of
8	registration and is presumed to match unless a challenge is
9	<pre>successfully interposed;</pre>
10	(b) contains a photograph of the voter,
11	which resembles the person offering to vote and is presumed to
12	resemble the person unless a challenge is successfully
13	interposed; provided that, in the case of identification or a
14	letter of enrollment issued by a federally recognized Indian
15	nation, tribe or pueblo, a photograph of the voter is not
16	required;
17	<u>(c) may or may not contain an address,</u>
18	and if it does, the address is not required to match the
19	voter's certificate of registration; and
20	(d) may or may not contain an expiration
21	date, and if it does, the expiration date is not required to be
22	a date on or after the election in which the identification is
23	used;
24	(2) a picture of the voter contained in the
25	voter registration database available to the election clerk at
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1	the time the voter offers to vote, along with a written or
2	verbal statement by the voter of the voter's name, registration
3	address and year of birth; provided that:
4	(a) the name reasonably matches the name
5	on the voter's certificate of registration and is presumed to
6	match unless a challenge is interposed; and
7	(b) the picture resembles the person
8	offering to vote and is presumed to resemble the person unless
9	<u>a challenge is interposed; or</u>
10	(3) a form containing the following
11	information filled out and signed by the voter:
12	(a) the voter's month, day and year of
13	birth, which must match the date of birth listed on the voter's
14	certificate of registration; and
15	(b) the voter's full social security
16	number, which must match the social security number listed on
17	the voter's certificate of registration.
18	B. As used in the Election Code, when a person
19	offers to vote by mail, "required voter identification" means a
20	form containing the following information filled out and signed
21	by the voter:
22	(1) the driver's license number or the
23	identification card number on the most recent driver's license
24	or identification card issued to the voter by the motor vehicle
25	division of the taxation and revenue department; provided that:
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1	(a) the address on file with the motor
2	vehicle division is not required to match the address on the
3	voter's certificate of registration; and
4	(b) the expiration date on a driver's
5	license or identification card is not required to be a date on
6	or after the election in which the number is used; or
7	(2) the voter's month, day and year of birth
8	and full social security number; provided that:
9	(a) the voter's month, day and year of
10	birth matches the date of birth listed on the voter's
11	certificate of registration; and
12	(b) the voter's full social security
13	number matches the social security number listed on the voter's
14	certificate of registration.
15	C. As used in the Election Code, "federally
16	required identification" means a form of identification
17	required by Section 303(b)(1) of the federal Help America Vote
18	Act of 2002 that may be:
19	(1) an original or copy of a [current and
20	valid] photo identification with or without an address, which
21	address is not required to match the voter's certificate of
22	registration; or
23	(2) an original or copy of a utility bill,
24	bank statement, government check, paycheck, student
25	identification card or other government document, including
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identification issued by an Indian nation, tribe or pueblo, that shows the name and address of the person, the address of which is not required to match the voter's certificate of registration [or

B. a verbal or written statement by the voter of the voter's name, registration address and year of birth; provided, however, that the statement of the voter's name need not contain the voter's middle initial or suffix]."

SECTION 2. Section 1-4-11 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 67, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-4-11. DUTIES OF COUNTY CLERK--UPON RECEIPT OF CERTIFICATES.--

A. Upon receipt of a complete certificate of registration, if in proper form, the county clerk shall determine if the qualified elector applying for registration is already registered in the registration records of the county. If the qualified elector is not already registered in the county and if the certificate of registration is received within the time allowed by law for filing certificates of registration in the county clerk's office, the county clerk shall sign or stamp, in the space provided therefor on each copy of the certificate, the qualified elector's name and the date the certificate was accepted for filing in the county registration records. Voter information shall be handed or mailed immediately to the qualified elector and to no other

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2 Β. If the qualified elector is already registered in the county as shown by the qualified elector's original 3 certificate of registration currently on file in the county 4 registration records, the county clerk shall not accept the new 5 certificate of registration unless it is filed pursuant to 6 7 Section 1-4-13, 1-4-15, 1-4-17 or 1-4-18 NMSA 1978. If the applicant's certificate of registration is rejected for any 8 9 reason, the county clerk shall stamp or write the word "rejected" on the new certificate of registration and hand or 10 mail it, if possible, to the applicant with an explanation of 11 12 why the new certificate of registration was rejected and what remedial action, if any, the applicant must take to bring the 13 14 registration up to date or into compliance with the Election Code. 15

C. If the qualified elector does not register in person, indicates that the qualified elector has not previously voted in a [general election in] New Mexico <u>election</u> and does not provide the registration officer with the <u>federally</u> required identification, the registration officer shall indicate this on the qualified elector's certificate of registration and the county clerk shall note this on the appropriate precinct signature roster."

SECTION 3. Section 1-4-12 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 68, as amended) is amended to read: .198043.2 - 6 -

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DUTIES OF COUNTY CLERK--FILING OF 1 "1-4-12. 2 CERTIFICATES.--A. Certificates of registration, if in proper form, 3 shall be processed and filed by the county clerk as follows: 4 (1) a voter [identification card] information 5 document shall be delivered or mailed to the voter; and 6 7 (2) the original certificate shall be filed alphabetically by surname and inserted into the county register 8 9 pursuant to Section 1-5-5 NMSA 1978. Except as provided in Section 1-4-8 NMSA 1978, 10 Β. the county clerk shall, on Monday of each week, process all 11 12 certificates of registration that are in proper form and that were received in [his] the county clerk's office up to 5:00 13 14 p.m. on the preceding Friday. C. The contents of certificates of registration, 15 except for the voter's social security number and [date] month 16 and day of birth, are public records." 17 SECTION 4. Section 1-5-31 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1989, 18 19 Chapter 298, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read: 20 "1-5-31. UNIFORM PROCEDURES FOR COUNTIES.--The secretary of state shall: 21 assist county clerks by devising uniform 22 Α. procedures and forms that are compatible with the [statewide 23 computerized] voter registration electronic management system; 24 B. provide to each county clerk the computer 25 .198043.2 - 7 -

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software necessary for the use and maintenance of the [statewide computerized] voter registration <u>electronic</u> <u>management</u> system; [and]

<u>C. provide to each county clerk, through an</u>
<u>agreement with the motor vehicle division of the taxation and</u>
<u>revenue department, access to the division's driver's license</u>
<u>database for the purpose of verifying voter registrations,</u>
<u>processing absentee ballots and qualifying provisional ballots;</u>
and

10 [G.] D. adopt such rules [and regulations] as are
11 necessary to establish and administer the [statewide
12 computerized] voter registration electronic management system
13 and to [require deadlines and time limits for the updating of
14 voter files] regulate the use of the driver's license database
15 by the county clerks."

SECTION 5. Section 1-6-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 130, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-6-4. ABSENTEE BALLOT APPLICATION--FEDERAL QUALIFIED ELECTOR--OVERSEAS VOTER.--

A. Application by a federal qualified elector or an overseas voter for an absentee ballot shall be made on the official postcard form prescribed or authorized by the federal government to the county clerk of the county of the applicant's residence. The form shall allow the applicant to receive an absentee ballot for all elections within an election cycle.

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B. Application by a voter for an absentee ballot shall be made only on a form prescribed by the secretary of state in accordance with federal law. The form shall identify the applicant and contain information to establish the applicant's qualification for issuance of an absentee ballot under the Absent Voter Act; provided that on the application form for a general election ballot there shall be no box, space or place provided for designation of the voter's political party affiliation.

C. Each application for an absentee ballot shall be signed by the applicant and shall require the applicant's printed name, registration address and year of birth to be supplied by the applicant [which shall constitute the required form of identification, except for new registrants who have registered by mail and at that time did not provide acceptable identification. The secretary of state shall issue rules to exempt voters from submitting identification only as required by federal law and shall review and, if necessary, update these rules no later than March 15 of even-numbered years].

D. An application for an absentee ballot by a federal qualified elector or an overseas voter shall be accepted at any time preceding the general election.

E. A person who willfully and with knowledge and intent to deceive or mislead any voter, precinct board, canvassing board, county clerk or other election official and .198043.2

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who falsifies any information on an absentee ballot request form or who affixes a signature or mark other than the person's own on an absentee ballot request form is guilty of a fourth degree felony."

SECTION 6. Section 1-6-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 131, as amended) is amended to read:

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"1-6-5. PROCESSING APPLICATION--ISSUANCE OF BALLOT.--

A. The county clerk shall mark each completed absentee ballot application with the date and time of receipt in the clerk's office and enter the required information in the absentee ballot register. The county clerk shall then determine if the applicant is a voter, an absent uniformed services voter or an overseas voter.

B. If the applicant does not have a valid certificate of registration on file in the county and is not a federal qualified elector or if the applicant states that the applicant is a federal qualified elector but the application indicates the applicant is not a federal qualified elector, an absentee ballot shall not be issued and the county clerk shall mark the application "rejected" and file the application in a separate file from those accepted.

C. The county clerk shall notify in writing each applicant of the fact of acceptance or rejection of the application and, if rejected, shall explain why the application was rejected.

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E. If the county clerk finds that the applicant is a voter other than a federal qualified elector or overseas voter, the county clerk shall mark the application "accepted" and, beginning twenty-eight days before the election, deliver an absentee ballot to the voter in the county clerk's office or mail to the applicant an absentee ballot and the required envelopes for use in returning the ballot.

<u>F.</u> If the county clerk finds that the applicant is a federal qualified elector or overseas voter, the county clerk shall mark the application "accepted" and beginning forty-five days before the election, mail to the applicant an absentee ballot and the required envelopes for use in returning the ballot. Acceptance of an application of a federal qualified elector constitutes registration for the election in which the ballot is to be cast. Acceptance of an application from an

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overseas voter who is not an absent uniformed services voter constitutes a request for changing information on the certificate of registration of any such voter. An absent voter shall not be permitted to change party affiliation during those periods when change of party affiliation is prohibited by the Election Code.

<u>G.</u> Upon delivery of an absentee ballot to a voter in the county clerk's office or mailing of an absentee ballot to an applicant who is a voter, an appropriate designation shall be made on the signature line of the signature roster next to the name of the voter who has been provided [or mailed] an absentee ballot.

 $[F_{\tau}]$ <u>H</u>. Absentee ballots may be marked in person at the county clerk's office during the regular hours and days of business beginning on the twenty-eighth day preceding the election and from 10:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. on the Saturday immediately prior to the date of the election. The act of marking the absentee ballot in the office of the county clerk shall be a convenience to the voter in the delivery of the absentee ballot and does not make the office of the county clerk a polling place subject to the requirements of a polling place in the Election Code. If the county clerk establishes an additional alternate voting location near the clerk's office, absentee ballots may be marked in person at that location during the regular hours and days of business beginning on the .198043.2

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twenty-eighth day preceding the election and during the hours for voting at alternate voting locations commencing on the third Saturday prior to the election through the Saturday immediately prior to the election. The additional alternate voting location shall be operated by the county clerk and the county clerk's staff.

[G.] I. When marking an absentee ballot in person at the county clerk's office, the voter shall provide the required voter identification to the county clerk or the clerk's authorized representative. If the voter does not provide the required voter identification, the voter shall be allowed to vote on a provisional ballot. If the voter provides the required voter identification, the voter, after subscribing an application for an absentee ballot, shall be allowed to vote by inserting the ballot into an optical scan tabulator certified for in-person absentee voting at the county clerk's The county clerk or the clerk's authorized office. representative shall make an appropriate designation indicating that the voter has voted absentee. In marking the absentee ballot, the voter may be assisted pursuant to the provisions of Section 1-12-15 NMSA 1978.

 $[H_{\bullet}]$ <u>J.</u> Absentee ballots shall be sent to applicants not later than on the Friday immediately prior to the date of the election.

[I.] <u>K.</u> An absentee ballot shall not be delivered .198043.2

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or mailed by the county clerk to any person other than the
 applicant for such ballot.

3 [J.] L. The secretary of state and each county
4 clerk shall make reasonable efforts to publicize and inform
5 voters of the times and locations for absentee voting;
6 provided, however, that notice is provided at least ten days
7 before early voting begins.

8 [K. The secretary of state shall establish
 9 procedures for the submittal, when required by federal law, of
 10 required voter identification with mailed-in absentee ballots.

L.] M. It is unlawful to electioneer in the county clerk's office or in any alternate voting location."

SECTION 7. Section 1-6-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 132, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-6-6. ABSENTEE BALLOT REGISTER.--

A. For each election, the county clerk shall keep an "absentee ballot register", in which the county clerk shall enter:

(1) the name and address of each absenteeballot applicant;

(2) the date and time of receipt of the application;

(3) whether the application was accepted or rejected;

(4) the date of issue of an absentee ballot in.198043.2

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1 the county clerk's office or at an alternate location or the 2 mailing of an absentee ballot to the applicant; 3 the applicant's precinct; (5) whether the applicant is a voter, a 4 (6) 5 federal qualified elector or an overseas voter; (7) whether the voter is required to submit \underline{a} 6 7 federally required identification pursuant to Section 1-6-5 NMSA 1978; and 8 9 (8) the date and time the completed absentee ballot was received from the applicant by the county clerk or 10 the absent voter voted early in person in the county clerk's 11 12 office or at an alternate location. Absentee ballots shall be sent to applicants Β. 13 14 beginning twenty-eight days before the election. For each application for an absentee ballot received twenty-three or 15 more days before the election, the county clerk shall send 16 either the ballot or a notice of rejection to the applicant as 17 soon as practicable, provided it is sent not later than 18 19 twenty-two days before the election. Within twenty-two days of 20 election day, the county clerk shall send either the ballot or a notice of rejection to the applicant within twenty-four hours 21 after receipt of the voter's application for an absentee 22 ballot. 23 C. The absentee ballot register is a public record 24 25

open to public inspection in the county clerk's office during

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regular office hours. The county clerk shall have an updated absentee ballot register available for public inspection Monday through Friday during regular office hours.

D. The county clerk shall deliver to the absent voter precinct on election day a complete list of all absentee ballot applicants and early voters with applicable information shown in the absentee ballot register for each applicant and early voter up to 6:00 p.m. on the Saturday preceding the election. The county clerk shall deliver a signature roster containing the same information as the lists to the absent voter precinct board.

E. Upon request, the county clerk shall transmit to the county chair of each of the major political parties in the county a complete copy of entries made in the absentee ballot register. Such transmissions shall be made once each week beginning four weeks immediately prior to the election. A final copy shall be transmitted on the Saturday immediately following the election.

F. If the county clerk has available the technology to do so, at the request of a candidate or chair of a political party of the county, the county clerk shall electronically transmit to the candidate or chair via the internet the information, when updated, on the absentee ballot register indicating voters who have requested absentee ballots, returned their absentee ballots or voted early in person."

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1	SECTION 8. Section 1-6-8 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969,
2	Chapter 240, Section 134, as amended) is amended to read:
3	"1-6-8. ABSENTEE BALLOT ENVELOPES
4	A. The secretary of state shall prescribe the form
5	of, procure and distribute to each county clerk a supply of:
6	(1) official inner envelopes for use in
7	sealing the completed absentee ballot;
8	(2) official mailing envelopes for use in
9	returning the official inner envelope to the county clerk;
10	provided the official mailing envelope for absentee ballots in
11	a general election shall contain no designation of party
12	affiliation;
13	(3) absentee ballot instructions, describing
14	proper methods for completion of the ballot and returning it;
15	and
16	(4) official transmittal envelopes for use by
17	the county clerk in mailing absentee ballot materials.
18	B. Official transmittal envelopes and official
19	mailing envelopes for transmission of absentee ballot materials
20	to and from the county clerk and federal qualified electors
21	shall be printed in the form prescribed by the federal
22	Uniformed and Overseas Citizens Absentee Voting Act. Official
23	transmittal envelopes and official mailing envelopes for
24	transmission of absentee ballot materials to and from the
25	county clerk and voters shall be printed in black in
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substantially similar form. All official inner envelopes shall
 be printed in black.

C. The reverse of each official mailing envelope shall contain a form to be executed by the voter completing the absentee ballot. The form shall identify the voter and shall contain [the following statement: "I will not vote in this election other than by the enclosed ballot. I will not receive or offer any compensation or reward for giving or withholding any vote.".

D. The official mailing envelope shall contain a] <u>sufficient</u> space for the [voter to record the voter's name, registration address and year of birth] voter's required voter <u>identification</u>. The envelope shall have a security flap to cover this information."

SECTION 9. Section 1-6-14 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1971, Chapter 317, Section 11, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-6-14. HANDLING ABSENTEE BALLOTS BY ABSENT VOTER PRECINCT BOARDS.--

A. Before opening an official mailing envelope, the presiding judge and the election judges shall determine that the required information has been completed on the reverse side of the official mailing envelope.

B. If the voter's signature is missing, the presiding judge shall write "Rejected" on the front of the official mailing envelope. The judge or election clerk shall .198043.2

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1 enter the voter's name in the signature rosters or register and 2 shall write the notation "Rejected -- Missing Signature" in the "Notations" column of the signature rosters or register. The 3 presiding judge shall place the official mailing envelope 4 unopened in an envelope provided for rejected ballots, seal the 5 envelope and write the voter's name on the front of the 6 7 envelope and deposit it in the locked ballot box. C. A lawfully appointed challenger may view the 8 9 official mailing envelope and may challenge the ballot of any absent voter for the following reasons: 10 the official mailing envelope has been (1)11 12 opened by someone other than the voter prior to being received by the absent voter precinct board; 13 the official mailing envelope does not 14 (2) contain a signature; [or] 15 the person offering to vote is not a voter 16 (3) 17 as provided in the Election Code; (4) the person offering to vote did not 18 provide the required voter identification; or 19 20 (5) the person offering to vote was required to provide, but did not provide, the federally required 21 identification. 22 If a challenge is upheld by unanimous vote of D. 23 the presiding judge and the election judges, the official 24 mailing envelope shall not be opened but shall be placed in an 25 .198043.2 - 19 -

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envelope provided for challenged ballots. If the reason for the challenge is satisfied by the voter before the conclusion of the county canvass, the official mailing envelope shall be opened and the vote counted. The same procedure shall be followed in canvassing and determining the validity of challenged absentee ballots as with other challenged ballots.

E. If the official mailing envelope has been properly [subscribed] signed and the voter has not been challenged:

(1) the judges or election clerks shall enter the absent voter's name and residence address as shown on the official mailing envelope in the signature rosters and shall mark the notation "AB" opposite the voter's name in the "Notations" column of the signature rosters or register; and

(2) only between 8:00 a.m. and 10:00 p.m. on the five days preceding election day, including Saturday and Sunday, and beginning at 7:00 a.m. on election day, under the personal supervision of the presiding election judge, shall the election judges open the official mailing envelope and the official inner envelope and insert the enclosed ballot into an electronic voting machine to be registered and retained until votes are counted and canvassed following the closing of the polls on election night.

F. It is unlawful for a person to disclose the results of a count and tally or the registration on a voting .198043.2 - 20 -

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machine of absentee ballots prior to the closing of the polls.

G. Absentee ballots shall be counted and tallied, where possible, on an electronic voting machine as provided in the Election Code.

H. Absent voter precinct polls shall close in accordance with Section 1-6-23 NMSA 1978, and the results of the election shall be certified as prescribed by the secretary of state.

9 I. If an absentee ballot does not contain the
10 required voter identification [required pursuant to Subsection
11 D of Section 1-6-5 NMSA 1978] or, if required, the federally
12 required identification, it shall be considered to be, and be
13 handled as, a provisional paper ballot in accordance with the
14 Election Code."

SECTION 10. Section 1-6-16.2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, Chapter 353, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read: "1-6-16.2. ADDITIONAL EMERGENCY PROCEDURE FOR VOTING.--

A. After the close of the period for requesting absentee ballots by mail, any voter who is unable to go to the polls due to unforeseen illness or disability resulting in [his] the voter's confinement in a hospital, sanatorium, nursing home or residence and who is unable to vote at [his] the voter's regular polling place or alternate location may request in writing that an alternative ballot be made available to [him] the voter. The written request shall be signed by the .198043.2

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voter and a health care provider under penalty of perjury.

Β. The alternative ballot shall be made available by the county clerk of the county in which the voter resides to any authorized representative of the voter who through [his] the representative has presented the written request to the office of the county clerk.

[C. Before releasing the alternative ballot, the county clerk shall compare the signature on the written request with the signature on the voter's affidavit of registration. If the county clerk determines that the signature on the written request is not the signature of the voter, he shall reject the request for an alternative ballot.

D. The voter shall mark the alternative ballot, place it in an [identification] envelope similar to that used for absentee ballots, [fill out] provide the required voter identification and sign the envelope [and return]. The ballot must be returned to the office of the county clerk of the county in which the voter resides no later than the time of closing of the polls on election day. The voter's name shall be compared to the roster of voters and the ballot shall only be counted if there is no signature for that voter on the roster of the precinct where that voter's name appears.

[E.] D. Alternative ballots shall be processed and counted in the same manner as absentee ballots.

 $[F_{\cdot}]$ <u>E</u>. The secretary of state shall prescribe the .198043.2 - 22 -

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form of alternative [ballots] ballot envelopes and shall distribute an appropriate number of alternative [ballots] ballot envelopes to each county clerk."

SECTION 11. Section 1-12-7.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 112, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-12-7.1. VOTER LISTS--SIGNATURE ROSTERS--CHECKLIST OF VOTERS--USE DURING ELECTION.--

A. Each precinct board using voter lists shall post securely at or near the entrance of the polling place one copy of an alphabetical list of voters for use of the voters prior to voting. The posted copy shall not contain a listing of voter addresses, years, <u>months or days</u> of birth [unique identifiers] or social security numbers.

B. The presiding judge of the precinct board shall assign one judge or election clerk of the board to be in charge of one copy of the checklist of voters, which shall be used to confirm the registration and voting of each person offering to vote.

C. The presiding judge of the precinct board shall assign one judge or election clerk to be in charge of the signature roster.

D. The judge or election clerk assigned to the checklist of voters used for confirmation of registration and voting shall determine that each person offering to vote is registered and, in the case of a primary election, that the

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voter is registered in a party designated on the primary election ballot. If the person's registration is confirmed by the presence of the person's name on the checklist of voters and the voter provides the required voter identification, the judge or election clerk shall announce to the judges or election clerks the list number and the name of the voter as shown on the checklist of voters. If the voter does not provide the required voter identification, the voter shall be allowed to vote on a provisional paper ballot and shall provide the required voter identification to the county clerk's office before 5:00 p.m. on the [second] day following the election, or to the precinct board before the polls close, or the voter's provisional ballot shall not be qualified. If the required voter identification is provided, the voter's provisional paper ballot shall be qualified and the voter shall not vote on any other type of ballot.

E. The judge or election clerk shall locate [that list number and] the name on the signature roster and shall require the voter to sign the voter's usual signature or, if unable to write, to make the voter's mark opposite the voter's printed name. If the voter makes the voter's mark, it shall be witnessed by one of the judges or election clerks of the precinct board.

<u>F.</u> If the signature roster indicates that the voter is required to present [a physical form of] the federally .198043.2 - 24 -

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1 required identification before voting, the judge or election 2 clerk shall ask the voter for the federally required [physical form of] identification. If the voter does not provide the 3 [required] identification, the voter shall be allowed to vote 4 on a provisional paper ballot; provided, however, that if the 5 voter brings the <u>federally</u> required [physical form of] 6 7 identification to the polling place after casting a provisional 8 paper ballot, that ballot shall be qualified. [and the voter 9 shall not vote on any other type of ballot.

F.] G. The judge or election clerk shall follow the procedures provided for in Sections 1-12-7.2 and 1-12-8 NMSA 1978 if a person whose name does not appear on the signature roster requests to vote or a person is required to vote on a provisional paper ballot.

[G.] <u>H.</u> A voter shall not be permitted to vote until the voter has properly signed the voter's usual signature or made the voter's mark in the signature roster."

SECTION 12. Section 1-12-8 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 247, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-12-8. CONDUCT OF ELECTION--PROVISIONAL VOTING.--

A. A person shall be permitted to vote on a provisional paper ballot even though the person's original certificate of registration cannot be found in the county register or even if the person's name does not appear on the signature roster; provided <u>that</u>:

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1 the person's residence is within the (1) 2 boundaries of the county in which the person offers to vote; 3 the person's name is not on the list of (2) 4 persons submitting absentee ballots; and (3) the person executes a statement swearing 5 or affirming to the best of the person's knowledge that the 6 7 person is a qualified elector, is currently registered and eligible to vote in that county and has not cast a ballot or 8 voted in that election. 9 A voter shall vote on a provisional paper ballot 10 Β. if the voter: 11 12 (1) has not previously voted in a general election in New Mexico or has been purged from the voter list; 13 14 (2) registered to vote by mail; did not [submit] provide the [physical (3) 15 form of the required voter] federally required identification 16 with the certificate of registration form; and 17 does not present to the election judge [a (4) 18 19 physical form of the required voter] the federally required 20 identification. C. A voter shall vote on a provisional paper ballot 21 [in accordance with the provisions of Section 1-12-7.1 NMSA 22 1978] if the voter does not provide the required voter 23 identification to the election judge. 24 D. A judge or election clerk shall have the voter 25 .198043.2

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1 sign the signature roster and issue the voter a provisional 2 paper ballot, an outer envelope and an official inner envelope. 3 The voter shall vote on the provisional paper ballot in secrecy and, when done, place the ballot in the official inner envelope 4 and place the official inner envelope in the outer envelope and 5 return it to the judge or election clerk. The judge or 6 7 election clerk shall ensure that the required information is completed on the outer envelope, have the voter sign it in the 8 9 appropriate place and place it in an envelope designated for provisional paper ballots. 10

E. Knowingly executing a false statement constitutes perjury as provided in the Criminal Code, and voting on the basis of such falsely executed statement constitutes fraudulent voting."

SECTION 13. Section 1-12-10.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2003, Chapter 356, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-12-10.1. CONDUCT OF ELECTIONS--[VOTER] <u>VOTING</u> INFORMATION.--

A. The secretary of state shall [issue rules describing the voter information] provide voter information, including voter identification requirements for voters as well as provisional paper ballot rights for persons offering to vote, which the county clerks shall display, in accordance with the federal Help America Vote Act of 2002, in each polling place [on election day and] in each county clerk's office and .198043.2

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1 [alternate] at any location where [absentee or early] voting is
2 taking place.

B. <u>The county clerk shall ensure that in</u> each polling place [shall post] <u>there is posted</u> the phone numbers of the county clerk and the secretary of state and a map of the precincts represented in that polling place and an alphabetical list of the voters in each precinct represented in that polling place."

SECTION 14. Section 1-12-13 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 266, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-12-13. CONDUCT OF ELECTION--AID OR ASSISTANCE TO VOTER IN MARKING BALLOT.--

A. When a voter who is eligible for assistance pursuant to Section 1-12-12 NMSA 1978 requires assistance in marking a ballot or using the voting system, the voter shall announce this fact before receiving the ballot or using the voting system.

B. The voter's request for assistance shall be noted by the voter's name in the signature roster and initialed by the presiding judge.

C. After noting the request for assistance in the signature roster, the voter shall be permitted assistance <u>in</u> <u>filling out forms necessary to vote</u>, in marking the ballot or <u>in</u> using the voting system as provided in Section 1-12-15 NMSA 1978.

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1 D. Any person who swears falsely in order to secure 2 assistance is guilty of perjury." SECTION 15. Section 1-12-20 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, 3 Chapter 240, Section 273, as amended) is amended to read: 4 "1-12-20. CONDUCT OF ELECTION--INTERPOSING CHALLENGES.--A 5 challenge may be interposed by a member of the precinct board 6 7 or by a party challenger for the following reasons: 8 the person offering to vote is not registered to Α. 9 vote; the person offering to vote is listed among 10 Β. those persons to whom an absentee ballot was mailed; 11 12 С. the person offering to vote has already cast a ballot in that election; 13 14 D. the person offering to vote is improperly registered because the person is not a qualified elector; [or] 15 E. the person offering to vote did not provide the 16 required voter identification; 17 F. the person offering to vote was required to 18 19 provide, but did not provide, the federally required identification; or 20 $[E_{\cdot}]$ G. in the case of a primary election, the 21 person [desiring] offering to vote is not affiliated with a 22 political party represented on the ballot." 23 SECTION 16. Section 1-12-25.2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2003, 24 25 Chapter 356, Section 3, as amended) is amended to read: .198043.2

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"1-12-25.2. CONDUCT OF ELECTION--PROVISIONAL VOTING--INFORMATION TO VOTER--STATUS OF VOTER'S BALLOT.--

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A. If a voter is required to vote on a provisional paper ballot, the presiding judge or election judge shall give the voter written instructions on how the voter may determine whether the vote was counted and, if the vote was not counted, the reason it was not counted.

B. The county clerk shall provide a free access system, such as a toll-free telephone number or internet web site, that a voter who casts a provisional paper ballot may access to ascertain whether the voter's ballot was counted and, if the vote was not counted, the reason it was not counted and how to appeal the decision pursuant to rules issued by the secretary of state. Access to information about an individual voter's provisional paper ballot is restricted to the voter who cast the ballot.

C. Beginning with the closing of the polls on election day through the tenth day following the election, the county clerk shall notify by mail each person whose provisional paper ballot was not counted of the reason the ballot was not counted. The voter shall have until the Friday prior to the meeting of the state canvassing board to appeal to the county clerk a decision to reject the voter's ballot.

D. A provisional paper ballot that was rejected for failure of the voter to provide the required voter

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1 identification shall be qualified if the voter provides the 2 required voter identification at the time of the hearing. E. A provisional paper ballot that was rejected for 3 failure of the voter to provide the federally required 4 identification shall be qualified if the voter provides the 5 federally required identification at the time of the hearing." 6 7 SECTION 17. Section 1-12-25.3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2003, Chapter 356, Section 6, as amended) is amended to read: 8 9 "1-12-25.3. PROVISIONAL PAPER BALLOTS--REQUIRED 10 INFORMATION. --A. At a minimum, the following information shall be 11 12 printed on the outer envelope for a provisional paper ballot: the name and signature of the voter; 13 (1)14 (2) the voter's registered address [both present and former if applicable]; 15 the voter's date of birth; 16 (3) 17 (4) the voter's social security number; [(4)] (5) the reason for using the provisional 18 19 paper ballot; 20 [(5)] (6) the [precinct and the] polling place at which the voter has voted; and 21 [(6)] (7) sufficient space to list the 22 disposition of the ballot after review by the county clerk. 23 [A] In the case of a provisional paper ballot 24 Β. issued for failure of the voter to provide the required voter 25 .198043.2 - 31 -

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1 identification, the provisional paper ballot shall be 2 qualified as long as the voter provides a signature and at least the following information: 3 (1) the voter's day, month and year of 4 birth, which must match the date of birth listed on the 5 voter's certificate of registration; and 6 7 (2) the voter's full social security number, which must match the social security number listed on the 8 9 voter's certificate of registration. C. In the case of a provisional paper ballot cast 10 for any other reason, the provisional paper ballot shall not 11 12 be rejected for lack of the information required by this section and shall be qualified as long as the voter provides 13 14 a [valid] signature and sufficient information for the clerk to determine the voter is a qualified elector." 15 SECTION 18. Section 1-12-25.4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 16 2003, Chapter 356, Section 7, as amended) is amended to read: 17 "1-12-25.4. PROVISIONAL PAPER BALLOTS--DISPOSITION.--18 19 Α. Upon closing of the polls, provisional paper 20 ballots shall be delivered to the county clerk, who shall determine if the ballots will be counted prior to 21 certification of the election. 22 A provisional paper ballot shall not be 23 Β. counted if the [registered] voter did not sign either the 24 25 signature roster or the ballot's envelope. .198043.2

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C. If there is no record of the [voter] <u>person</u> <u>who voted</u> ever having been registered in the county, the [voter] <u>person</u> shall be offered the opportunity to register and the provisional paper ballot shall not be counted.

D. If the voter was registered in the county, the registration was later canceled and the county clerk determines that the cancellation was in error, the voter's registration shall be immediately restored and the provisional paper ballot counted.

E. If the county clerk determines that the cancellation was not in error, the [voter] person who voted shall be offered the opportunity to register at the [voter's] person's correct address, and the provisional paper ballot shall not be counted.

F. If the voter is [a] registered [voter] to vote in the county, but has voted on a provisional paper ballot at a polling place other than the voter's designated polling place, the county canvassing board shall ensure that only those votes for the positions or measures for which the voter was eligible to vote are counted.

<u>G. If the person is registered to vote in the</u> <u>county, but has voted on a provisional paper ballot for</u> <u>failure to provide the required voter identification, the</u> <u>provisional paper ballot shall be counted if the voter</u> <u>provides the information required pursuant to Subsection B of</u> .198043.2

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Section 1-12-25.3 NMSA 1978.

2 H. If the person is registered to vote in the county, but has voted on a provisional paper ballot for 3 failure to provide the federally required identification, the 4 provisional paper ballot shall be counted if the voter 5 provided the federally required identification to the 6 7 precinct board before the polls close or if the voter provided the federally required identification to the county 8 clerk no later than 5:00 p.m. on the day following the 9 10 election.

[G.] I. If the county clerk finds that the voter who voted on a provisional paper ballot at the polls has also voted an absentee ballot in that election, the provisional paper ballot shall not be counted.

[H.] J. The county canvassing board shall prepare a tally displaying the number of provisional paper ballots received, the number found valid and counted, the number rejected and not counted and the reason for not counting the ballots as part of the canvassing process and forward it to the secretary of state immediately upon certification of the election.

[I.] K. The secretary of state shall issue rules to ensure securing the secrecy of the provisional paper ballots, especially during canvassing, reviewing or recounting, and protecting against fraud in the voting .198043.2 1

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process."

SECTION 19. A new section of the Election Code is enacted to read:

"[<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] VOTER IDENTIFICATION--PREEMPTION OF LOCAL REQUIREMENTS.--

A. Municipalities, counties, school districts, community colleges, branch community colleges, urban counties and home rule municipalities and any other political subdivisions conducting elections pursuant to the Election Code or the Municipal Election Code shall not adopt or continue in effect any ordinance, rule, regulation or resolution regarding voter identification.

B. Municipalities, counties, school districts, community colleges, branch community colleges, urban counties and home rule municipalities and any other political subdivisions conducting elections pursuant to the Election Code or the Municipal Election Code are prohibited from enforcing any ordinance, rule, regulation, resolution or statute regarding voter identification except as provided in the Election Code and the Municipal Election Code.

C. All other political subdivisions of the state shall not adopt, continue in effect or enforce any ordinance, rule, regulation, resolution or statute regarding voter identification except one that uses only the definition and procedures for required voter identification in the Election .198043.2 Code.

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2 D. No provision of state law enacted after July 1, 2015 shall be deemed to modify this section except by amendment 3 of this section." 4 SECTION 20. Section 3-8-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1985, 5 Chapter 208, Section 10, as amended) is amended to read: 6 "3-8-2. 7 DEFINITIONS.--8 The definitions in Section 3-1-2 NMSA 1978 shall Α. 9 apply to the Municipal Election Code in addition to those definitions set forth in the Municipal Election Code. 10 B. The definition of "required voter 11 12 identification" in the Election Code shall apply to the 13 Municipal Election Code in addition to those definitions set 14 forth in the Municipal Election Code. [B.] C. As used in the Municipal Election Code: 15 "absentee voter list" means the list 16 (1)prepared by the municipal and county clerks of those persons 17 18 who have been issued an absentee ballot; 19 (2)"ballot" means a system for arranging and 20 designating for the voter the names of candidates and questions to be voted on and for the marking, casting or otherwise 21 recording of such votes. "Ballot" includes paper ballots, 22 absentee ballots, ballot sheets and paper ballots used in lieu 23 of voting machines; 24 "ballot sheet" means the material placed 25 (3) .198043.2

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1	on the front of the voting machine containing the names of the
2	candidates, the offices the candidates are seeking and a
3	statement of the proposed questions to be voted upon;
4	(4) "consolidated precinct" means the
5	combination of two or more precincts pursuant to the Municipal
6	Election Code;
7	(5) "county clerk" means the clerk of the
8	county or the county clerk's designee within which the
9	municipality is located;
10	(6) "election returns" means all certificates
11	of the precinct board, including the certificate showing the
12	total number of votes cast for each candidate, if any, and for
13	or against each question, if any, and shall include statements
14	of canvass, signature rosters, registered voter lists, machine-
15	printed returns, paper ballots used in lieu of voting machines,
16	absentee ballots, absentee ballot registers and absentee voter
17	lists or absent voter machine-printed returns;
18	(7) "municipal clerk" means the municipal
19	clerk or any deputy or assistant municipal clerk;
20	(8) "municipal clerk's office" means the
21	office of the municipal clerk or any other room used in the
22	process of absentee voting, counting and tallying of absentee
23	ballots or canvassing the election results within the confines
24	of the building where the municipal clerk's office is located;
25	(9) "paper ballot" means a ballot manually
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marked by the voter and counted by hand without the assistance of a machine or optical-scan vote tabulating device;

(10) "precinct" means a portion of a county 3 situated entirely in or partly in a municipality that has been 4 designated by the county as a precinct for election purposes 5 and that is entitled to a polling place and a precinct board. 7 If a precinct includes territory both inside and outside the boundaries of a municipality, "precinct", for municipal 8 9 elections, shall mean only that portion of the precinct lying within the boundaries of the municipality; 10

"precinct board" means the appointed (11)election officials serving a single or consolidated precinct;

"qualified elector" means any person (12)whose affidavit of voter registration has been filed by the county clerk, who is registered to vote in a general election precinct established by the board of county commissioners that is wholly or partly within the municipal boundaries and who is a resident of the municipality. Persons who would otherwise be qualified electors if land on which they reside is annexed to a municipality shall be deemed to be qualified electors:

(a) upon the effective date of the municipal ordinance effectuating the terms of the annexation as certified by the board of arbitration pursuant to Section 3-7-10 NMSA 1978;

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(b) upon thirty days after the filing of

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1	an order of annexation by the municipal boundary commission		
2	pursuant to Sections 3-7-15 and 3-7-16 NMSA 1978, if no appeal		
3	is filed or, if an appeal is filed, upon the filing of a		
4	nonappealable court order effectuating the annexation; or		
5	(c) upon thirty days after the filing of		
6	an ordinance pursuant to Section 3-7-17 NMSA 1978, if no appeal		
7	is filed or, if an appeal is filed, upon the filing of a		
8	nonappealable court order effectuating the annexation;		
9	(13) "recheck" pertains to voting machines and		
10	means a verification procedure where the counter compartment of		
11	the voting machine is opened and the results of the balloting		
12	as shown on the counters of the machine are compared with the		
13	results shown on the official returns;		
14	(14) "recount" pertains to ballots and		
15	absentee ballots and means a retabulation and retallying of		
16	individual ballots;		
17	(15) "voter" means a qualified elector of the		
18	municipality; and		
19	(16) "voting machine" means any electronic		
20	recording and tabulating voting system as tested and approved		
21	by the secretary of state."		
22	SECTION 21. Section 3-8-41 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1985,		
23	Chapter 208, Section 49, as amended) is amended to read:		
24	"3-8-41. CONDUCT OF ELECTIONVOTER'S NAME, ADDRESS,		
25	SIGNATUREENTRIES BY PRECINCT BOARD		
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1 When a person goes to the polls to vote, the Α. 2 person shall announce the person's name and address in an 3 audible tone of voice [and locate the person's name and number in the registered voter list posted for such purpose] and 4 provide the required voter identification. An election clerk 5 shall locate the person's name and number in the signature 6 7 roster. The person shall then sign the person's name in the signature roster or, if the person is unable to write, the 8 9 election clerk shall sign the person's name in the signature roster, which shall be initialed by an election judge in the 10 signature roster. Thereupon, a challenge may be interposed as 11 12 provided in the Municipal Election Code.

B. If no challenge is interposed, an election clerk shall issue a voting machine permit to the person, upon which shall be written the person's voter registration list number. The person shall present the voting machine permit to the precinct board member monitoring the machine or issuing ballots, and the person shall be allowed to vote. The precinct board member shall enter the public counter number onto the voting machine permit as shown on the voting machine after the person has voted. All voting machine permits shall be retained in consecutive order and made part of the election returns."

SECTION 22. Section 3-8-43 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1985, Chapter 208, Section 51, as amended) is amended to read:

"3-8-43. CONDUCT OF ELECTION--CHALLENGES--REQUIRED

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1 CHALLENGES--ENTRIES--DISPOSITION.--2 A challenge may be interposed by a member of the Α. 3 precinct board or by a challenger for the following reasons, which shall be stated in an audible tone by the person making 4 5 the challenge: the person offering to vote is not 6 (1)7 registered; the person offering to vote is listed 8 (2) 9 among those persons in the precinct to whom an absentee ballot was issued; 10 the person offering to vote is not a (3) 11 12 qualified elector; the person offering to vote is not listed (4) 13 14 on the signature roster or voter registration list; (5) the person offering to vote did not 15 provide the required voter identification; 16 [(5)] (6) in the case of an absentee ballot, 17 the official mailing envelope containing an absentee ballot has 18 been opened prior to delivery of absentee ballots to the absent 19 20 voter precinct board; or [(6)] (7) the person offering to vote is a 21 qualified elector of the municipality but does not reside in 22 the district where the person is offering to vote. 23 When a person has offered to vote and a Β. 24 challenge is interposed and the person's name appears in the 25 .198043.2 - 41 -

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1 signature roster or the person's name has been entered in the 2 signature roster pursuant to Subsection C of Section 3-8-40 NMSA 1978, the election clerk shall write the word "challenged" 3 above the person's signature in the signature roster and: 4 5 if the challenge is unanimously affirmed (1)by the election judges: 6 7 (a) the election clerk shall write the word "affirmed" above the person's signature next to the 8 9 challenge notation in the signature roster; (b) the person shall nevertheless be 10 furnished a paper ballot, whether or not voting machines are 11 12 being used at the polling place, and the election clerk shall write the number of the ballot so furnished next to the 13 14 person's signature in the signature roster; the person shall be allowed to mark (c) 15 and prepare the ballot. The person shall return the paper 16 ballot to an election judge who shall announce the person's 17 name in an audible tone and in the person's presence place the 18 19 challenged ballot in an envelope marked "rejected", which shall 20 be sealed and the person's name shall be written on the envelope; [and] 21 (d) if the ballot was rejected for any 22 reason other than failure to provide the required voter 23 identification, the envelope containing the rejected ballot 24 shall then be deposited in the ballot box and shall not be 25 .198043.2

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1	counted; [or] <u>and</u>
2	(e) if the ballot was rejected for
3	failure to provide the required voter identification, the
4	envelope containing the rejected ballot shall then be deposited
5	in the ballot box and shall not be counted unless the voter
6	provides the required voter identification to the precinct
7	board before the polls close or to the municipal clerk's office
8	before 5:00 p.m. on the day following the election; or
9	(2) if the challenge is not unanimously
10	affirmed by the election judges:
11	(a) the election clerks shall write the
12	words "not affirmed" above the person's signature next to the
13	challenge notation in the signature roster; and
14	(b) the person shall be allowed to vote
15	in the manner allowed by law as if the challenge had not been
16	interposed.
17	C. A required challenge shall be interposed by the
18	precinct board when a person attempts to offer to vote and
19	demands to vote and the person's name does not appear on the
20	signature roster and cannot be entered pursuant to Subsection B
21	of Section 3-8-40 NMSA 1978. A required challenge shall be
22	interposed by the precinct board as follows:
23	(1) the election judge shall cause the
24	election clerks to enter the person's name and address under
25	the heading "name and address" in the signature roster in the
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1 first blank space immediately below the last name and address 2 that appears in the signature roster; the election clerk shall immediately write 3 (2) the words "required challenge" above the space provided for the 4 5 person's signature in the signature roster; (3) the person shall sign the person's name in 6 7 the signature roster; 8 (4) the person shall nevertheless be furnished 9 a paper ballot, whether or not voting machines are being used at the polling place, and the election clerk shall write the 10 number of the ballot so furnished next to the person's 11 12 signature in the signature roster; and the person shall be allowed to mark and (5) 13 14 prepare the ballot. The person shall return the paper ballot to an election judge who shall announce the person's name in an 15 audible tone and in the person's presence place the required 16 challenge ballot in an envelope marked "rejected--required 17 challenge" that shall be sealed. The person's name shall be 18 19 written on the envelope and the envelope containing the 20 rejected ballot shall then be deposited in the ballot box and shall not be counted." 21 SECTION 23. Section 3-9-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1973, 22 Chapter 375, Section 7, as amended) is amended to read: 23 "3-9-6. FORM OF ABSENTEE BALLOT--FORM OF ABSENTEE BALLOT 24 25 ENVELOPES.--

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1 Α. The form of the absentee ballot shall be, as 2 nearly as practicable, in the same form as prescribed by the municipal clerk for other ballots. However, to reduce weight 3 and bulk for transport of absentee ballots, the size and weight 4 of the paper for envelopes, ballots and instructions shall be 5 reduced as much as is practicable. The ballots shall provide 6 7 for sequential numbering. Absentee ballots and envelopes shall be 8 Β. 9 delivered by the printer to the municipal clerk not later than thirty-five days prior to the date of the election to be held. 10 The municipal clerk shall prescribe the form of: C. 11 12 (1)official inner envelopes for use in sealing the completed absentee ballot; 13 14 (2) official mailing envelopes for use in returning the official inner envelope to the municipal clerk; 15 absentee ballot instructions, describing 16 (3) proper methods for completion of the ballot and returning it; 17 18 and official transmittal envelopes for use by 19 (4) 20 the municipal clerk in mailing absentee ballot materials. Official transmittal envelopes and official D. 21 mailing envelopes for transmission of absentee ballot materials 22 to and from the municipal clerk and overseas voters and federal 23 qualified electors shall be printed in black in the form 24 prescribed by postal regulations and the federal Uniformed and 25 .198043.2 - 45 -

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Overseas Citizens Absentee Voting Act. Official transmittal envelopes and official mailing envelopes for transmission of absentee ballot materials to and from the municipal clerk shall be printed in green in substantially similar form. All official inner envelopes shall be printed in green.

The reverse of each official mailing envelope Ε. shall contain [a form to be signed by the person completing the 8 absentee ballot. The form shall identify the person and shall contain the following statement: "I will not vote in this election other than by the enclosed ballot. I will not receive 10 or offer any compensation or reward for giving or withholding any vote."] sufficient space for the voter's required voter identification. The envelope shall have a security flap to cover this information."

SECTION 24. Section 3-9-11 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1985, Chapter 208, Section 99, as amended) is amended to read:

"3-9-11. HANDLING ABSENTEE BALLOTS BY ABSENT VOTER PRECINCT BOARDS .--

Α. Before opening any official mailing envelope, an election judge shall determine that the required voter identification is included and the signature has been executed on the reverse side of the official mailing envelope.

If the required voter identification or Β. signature is missing, an election judge shall write "rejected" on the front of the official mailing envelope. The election .198043.2

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1 clerks shall write the notation "rejected -- missing signature" in the "notations" column on the absentee voter list. An 2 election judge shall place the official mailing envelope 3 unopened in an envelope provided for rejected ballots, seal the 4 envelope, write the voter's name on the front of the envelope 5 and deposit it in the locked ballot box. 6

C. Declared challengers certified by the municipal clerk may examine the official mailing envelope and may 8 challenge the ballot of any absent voter for the following 10 reasons:

(1) the required voter identification or signature is missing;

[(1)] (2) the official mailing envelope has been opened by someone other than the voter prior to being received by the absent voter precinct board; or

 $\left[\frac{(2)}{(2)}\right]$ (3) the person offering to vote is not an overseas voter, federal qualified elector or voter as provided in the Municipal Election Code.

Upon the <u>rejection or</u> challenge of an absentee D. ballot, an election judge shall generally follow the same procedure as when ballots are challenged when a person offers to vote in person. If a challenged ballot is not to be counted, it shall not be opened and shall be placed in an envelope provided for challenged ballots. If the ballot was rejected or challenged for failure to provide the required .198043.2

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voter identification, the envelope shall not be counted or
 opened unless the voter provides the required voter
 identification to the absent voter precinct board before the
 polls close or to the municipal clerk's office before 5:00 p.m.
 on the day following the election.

[D.] <u>E.</u> If the official mailing envelopes <u>contain</u> <u>the required voter identification and</u> have properly executed signatures and the voters have not been challenged:

(1) an election judge shall open the official mailing envelopes and deposit the ballots in their still sealed official inner envelopes in the locked ballot box; and

(2) the election clerks shall mark the notation "AB" opposite the voter's name in the "notations" column of the absentee voter list.

 $[\underline{E} \cdot] \underline{F}$. Prior to the closing of the polls, an election judge may remove the absentee ballots from the official inner envelopes and either count and tally the results of absentee balloting by hand or register the results of each absentee ballot on a voting machine the same as if the absent voter had been present and voted in person. It shall be unlawful for any person to disclose the results of such count and tally or such registration on a voting machine of absentee ballots prior to the closing of the polls.

[F.] <u>G.</u> The municipal clerk shall, prior to the opening of the polls on election day, notify the absent voter .198043.2

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precinct board in writing whether absentee ballots are to be counted and tallied or registered on a voting machine. The procedures shall be such as to ensure the secrecy of the ballot.

[G.] <u>H.</u> Absent voter precinct polls shall be closed at 7:00 p.m. on the day of the election by the absent voter precinct board."

SECTION 25. Section 3-9-13.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2003, Chapter 244, Section 19, as amended) is amended to read:

"3-9-13.1. ABSENTEE BALLOT--CONDUCT OF ELECTION--WHEN NOT TIMELY RECEIVED--EMERGENCY PROCEDURE FOR VOTING AND COUNTING.--

A. A voter who has submitted an application for an absentee ballot that was accepted by the municipal clerk but who has not received the absentee ballot by mail as of the date of the election may go to the assigned polling place and, after executing an affidavit of nonreceipt of absentee ballot, shall be issued a ballot in lieu of an absentee ballot by the presiding judge, and shall be allowed to mark the ballot.

B. The voter shall place the completed ballot issued in lieu of an absentee ballot in an official inner envelope, substantially in the form prescribed pursuant to Section 3-9-6 NMSA 1978, which shall be sealed by the voter. The official inner envelope shall then be placed by the voter, in the presence of the presiding judge, in an official outer envelope substantially as prescribed for a transmittal envelope

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or mailing envelope pursuant to Section 3-9-6 NMSA 1978. The presiding judge shall fill in the information on the back of the envelope that identifies the voter by name and signature roster number and contains the printed affidavit that the voter made application for an absentee ballot, which the voter believes to have been accepted by the municipal clerk, that the voter swears an absentee ballot had not been received as of the date of the election and that the voter was issued a ballot in lieu of an absentee ballot, <u>that the voter provided the</u> <u>required voter identification</u> and that the ballot was marked by the voter and submitted to the presiding judge.

C. The presiding judge shall place all ballots issued in lieu of absentee ballots in a special envelope provided for that purpose by the municipal clerk, seal the envelope and return it to the municipal clerk along with the machine tally sheets after the closing of the polls. The sealed envelope shall not be placed in the locked ballot box.

D. The municipal clerk shall, upon receipt of the envelope containing ballots in lieu of absentee ballots, and no later than forty-eight hours after the close of the polls for the election, remove the transmittal envelopes and without removing or opening the inner envelopes, determine:

(1) if the voter did in fact make application
for an absentee ballot that was accepted by the municipal
clerk;

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1 (2) if an absentee ballot was mailed by the 2 municipal clerk to the voter; and (3) whether an absentee ballot was received by 3 the municipal clerk from the voter by 7:00 p.m. on election 4 5 dav. Ε. If the municipal clerk determines that the 6 7 ballot in lieu of absentee ballot is valid, that an absentee ballot was mailed to the voter and that no absentee ballot was 8 9 received from the voter by the municipal clerk, the municipal clerk shall remove the inner envelope without opening it, 10 retain the transmittal envelope with the other election returns 11 12 and place the inner envelope, unopened, in a secure and locked container to be transmitted to the canvassing board to be 13 tallied and included in the canvass of the election returns for 14 the municipality. 15 If the municipal clerk determines that the F. 16 ballot in lieu of absentee ballot is not valid because the 17 application for absentee ballot was rejected and no ballot was 18 19 mailed to the voter, or that a ballot was received from the 20 voter by the municipal clerk not later than 7:00 p.m. on election day, the municipal clerk shall write "rejected --21 invalid ballot" on the front of the transmittal envelope and 22 the transmittal envelope shall not be sent to the canvassing 23 board for counting and tallying. The municipal clerk shall 24 retain the unopened transmittal envelope in a safe and secure 25

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manner and shall notify the district attorney in writing of the alleged violation of the Municipal Election Code. A copy of the notification to the district attorney shall be sent by first class mail to the voter and to the secretary of state.

G. The municipal clerk shall furnish and shall prescribe the form of the necessary envelopes to be used in accordance with the purposes of this section, and shall take steps to preserve the secrecy of any ballots cast pursuant to this section."

SECTION 26. Section 66-8-111.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1984, Chapter 72, Section 7, as amended by Laws 2003, Chapter 51, Section 14 and by Laws 2003, Chapter 90, Section 7) is amended to read:

"66-8-111.1. LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER AGENT FOR DEPARTMENT--WRITTEN NOTICE OF REVOCATION AND <u>OF</u> RIGHT TO <u>A</u> HEARING.--

<u>A.</u> On behalf of the department, a law enforcement officer requesting a chemical test or directing the administration of a chemical test pursuant to Section 66-8-107 NMSA 1978 shall serve immediate written notice of revocation and of right to a hearing on a person who:

(1) refuses to permit chemical testing; or [on a person who]

(2) submits to a chemical test the results of which indicate an alcohol concentration in the person's blood .198043.2 - 52 -

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or breath of:

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2 eight one hundredths or more if the (a) person is twenty-one years of age or older; 3 four one hundredths or more if the 4 (b) 5 person is driving a commercial motor vehicle; or (c) two one hundredths or more if the 6 7 person is less than twenty-one years of age. [Upon serving] The written notice of revocation [the law 8 Β. 9 enforcement officer shall take the license or permit of the driver, if any, and issue] and of a right to a hearing served 10 on the driver shall be a temporary license valid for twenty 11 12 days or, if the driver requests a hearing pursuant to Section 66-8-112 NMSA 1978, valid until the date the department issues 13 14 the order following that hearing; provided that a written notice of revocation and right to a hearing shall not be a 15 temporary license [shall not be issued to] for a driver without 16 [a valid license or permit] any otherwise valid driving 17 privileges in this state. 18

C. The law enforcement officer shall send [the person's driver's license] to the department [along with] the signed statement required pursuant to Section 66-8-111 NMSA 1978."

SECTION 27. REPEAL.--Section 1-12-4.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2005, Chapter 270, Section 59) is repealed.

SECTION 28. EFFECTIVE DATE. -- The effective date of the .198043.2

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