1	SENATE BILL 158
2	54TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2019
3	INTRODUCED BY
4	Pat Woods
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10	AN ACT
11	RELATING TO LIVESTOCK; AMENDING SECTIONS OF THE NMSA 1978 TO
12	EXCLUDE WILD HORSES AND OTHER ANIMALS FROM THE DEFINITION OF
13	"LIVESTOCK"; PROVIDING PROCEDURES TO BE FOLLOWED WHEN WILD
14	HORSES ARE CAPTURED ON PUBLIC OR PRIVATE LAND; MAKING
15	CONFORMING TECHNICAL CHANGES.
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17	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:
18	SECTION 1. Section 30-18-1.2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1999,
19	Chapter 107, Section 3, as amended) is amended to read:
20	"30-18-1.2. DISPOSITION OF SEIZED ANIMALS
21	A. If the court finds that a seized animal is not
22	being cruelly treated and that the animal's owner is able to
23	provide for the animal adequately, the court shall return the
24	animal to its owner.
25	B. If the court finds that a seized animal is being
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cruelly treated or that the animal's owner is unable to provide for the animal adequately, the court shall hold a hearing to determine the disposition of the animal.

C. An agent of the New Mexico livestock board, an animal control agency operated by the state, a county or a municipality or an animal shelter or other animal welfare organization designated by an animal control agency or an animal shelter, in the custody of which an animal that has been cruelly treated has been placed may petition the court to request that the animal's owner may be ordered to post security with the court to indemnify the costs incurred to care and provide for the seized animal pending the disposition of any criminal charges of committing cruelty to animals pending against the animal's owner.

D. The court shall determine the amount of security while taking into consideration all of the circumstances of the case, including the owner's ability to pay, and may conduct periodic reviews of its order. If the posting of security is ordered, the animal control agency, animal shelter or animal welfare organization may, with permission of the court, draw from the security to indemnify the costs incurred to care and provide for the seized animal pending disposition of the criminal charges.

E. If the owner of the animal does not post security within fifteen days after the issuance of the order,

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or if, after reasonable and diligent attempts the owner cannot be located, the animal may be deemed abandoned and relinquished to the animal control agency, animal shelter or animal welfare organization for adoption or humane destruction; provided that if the animal is livestock other than poultry associated with cockfighting, the animal may be sold pursuant to the procedures set forth in Section 77-18-2 NMSA 1978.

F. Nothing in this section shall prohibit an owner from voluntarily relinquishing an animal to an animal control agency or shelter in lieu of posting security. A voluntary relinquishment shall not preclude further prosecution of any criminal charges alleging that the owner has committed felony cruelty to animals.

G. Upon conviction, the court shall place the animal with an animal shelter or animal welfare organization for placement or for humane destruction.

H. As used in this section, "livestock" means [all] domestic or domesticated animals that are used or raised on a farm or ranch, [and exotic animals in captivity] <u>including the</u> <u>carcasses thereof</u>, and:

(1) includes horses, asses, mules, cattle, sheep, goats, swine, bison, poultry, ostriches, emus, rheas, camelids, [and] farmed cervidae [but does not include canine or feline] and exotic animals in captivity; but

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(2) does not include:

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1	(a) wild horses as defined in Section
2	<u>77-18-5 NMSA 1978;</u>
3	(b) horses or asses subject to the
4	jurisdiction of the federal government pursuant to the federal
5	Wild Free-Roaming Horses and Burros Act;
6	<u>(c) canine or feline animals;</u>
7	(d) feral hogs; or
8	(e) game mammals as defined in Section
9	<u>17-2-3 NMSA 1978, except farmed cervidae</u> ."
10	SECTION 2. Section 77-2-1.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993,
11	Chapter 248, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read:
12	"77-2-1.1. DEFINITIONSAs used in The Livestock Code:
13	A. "animals" or "livestock" means [all] domestic or
14	domesticated animals that are used or raised on a farm or
15	ranch, including the carcasses thereof, and [exotic animals in
16	captivity and]:
17	(1) includes horses, asses, mules, cattle,
18	sheep, goats, swine, bison, poultry, ostriches, emus, rheas,
19	camelids, [and] farmed cervidae [upon any land in New Mexico.
20	"Animals" or "livestock"] and exotic animals in captivity; but
21	<u>(2)</u> does not include [canine or feline
22	animals]:
23	(a) wild horses as defined in Section
24	<u>77-18-5 NMSA 1978;</u>
25	(b) horses or asses subject to the
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1	jurisdiction of the federal government pursuant to the federal
2	Wild Free-Roaming Horses and Burros Act;
3	(c) canine or feline animals;
4	(d) feral hogs; or
5	(e) game mammals as defined in Section
6	17-2-3 NMSA 1978, except farmed cervidae;
7	B. "bill of sale" means an instrument in
8	substantially the form specified in The Livestock Code by which
9	the owner or the owner's authorized agent transfers to the
10	buyer the title to animals described in the bill of sale;
11	C. "bison" or "buffalo" means a bovine animal of
12	the species bison;
13	D. "board" means the New Mexico livestock board;
14	E. "bond" means cash or an insurance agreement from
15	a New Mexico licensed surety or insurance corporation pledging
16	surety for financial loss caused to another, including
17	certificate of deposit, letter of credit or other surety as may
18	be approved by the grain inspection, packers and stockyards
19	administration of the United States department of agriculture
20	or the board;
21	F. "brand" means a symbol or device in a form
22	approved by and recorded with the board as may be sufficient to
23	readily distinguish livestock should they become intermixed
24	with other livestock;
25	G. "brand inspector" means an inspector who is not
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1	certified as a peace officer;
2	H. "carcasses" means dead or dressed bodies of
3	livestock or parts thereof;
4	I. "cattle" means animals of the genus bos,
5	including dairy cattle, and does not include any other kind of
6	livestock;
7	J. "dairy cattle" means animals of the genus bos
8	raised not for consumption but for dairy products and
9	distinguished from meat breed cattle;
10	K. "director" means the executive director of the
11	board;
12	L. "disease" means a communicable, infectious or
13	contagious disease;
14	M. "district" means a livestock inspection
15	district;
16	N. "estray" means livestock found running at large
17	upon public or private lands, either fenced or unfenced:
18	(1) whose owner is unknown but that exhibits
19	evidence of private ownership; or
20	(2) that is branded with a brand that is not
21	on record in the office of the board or is a freshly branded or
22	marked offspring not with its branded or marked mother, unless
23	other proof of ownership is produced;
24	0. "inspector" means a livestock or brand
25	inspector;
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1 Ρ. "livestock inspector" means a certified 2 inspector who is granted full law enforcement powers for enforcement of The Livestock Code and other criminal laws 3 relating to livestock; 4 "mark" means an ear tag or ownership mark that 5 0. is not a brand: 6 7 R. "meat" means the edible flesh of poultry, birds or animals sold for human consumption and includes livestock, 8 9 poultry and livestock and poultry products; s. "mule" means a hybrid resulting from the cross 10 of a horse and an ass; and 11 12 т. "person" means an individual, firm, partnership, association, corporation or similar legal entity." 13 SECTION 3. Section 77-18-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2007, 14 Chapter 216, Section 1) is amended to read: 15 "77-18-5. WILD HORSES--CONFORMATION, HISTORY AND 16 DEOXYRIBONUCLEIC ACID TESTING--SPANISH COLONIAL HORSES--BIRTH 17 18 CONTROL--DISPOSITION PROCEDURES.--19 Α. As used in this section: 20 (1) "adoption" means adoption by qualified individuals as provided for under the federal Wild Free-Roaming 21 Horses and Burros Act; 22 [(1)] (2) "public land" [does not include 23 federal land controlled by the bureau of land management, the 24 forest service or] means land controlled or supervised by an 25 .211284.2

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1 agency of the state government or its political subdivisions
2 but does not mean state trust land controlled by the state land
3 office;

[(2)] <u>(3)</u> "range" means the amount of land
necessary to sustain a herd of wild horses, which <u>range</u> does
not exceed its known territorial limits;

[(3)] <u>(4)</u> "Spanish colonial horse" means a wild horse that is descended from horses of the Spanish colonial period; and

10 [(4)] (5) "wild horse" means [an] a horse that
11 is unclaimed [horse on public land that is not an estray] and
12 without obvious brands or without other evidence of private
13 ownership, but "wild horse" does not include horses that are
14 subject to the jurisdiction of the federal government pursuant
15 to the federal Wild Free-Roaming Horses and Burros Act.

B. A wild horse that is captured on public land shall have its conformation, history and deoxyribonucleic acid tested to determine if it is a Spanish colonial horse. If it is a Spanish colonial horse, the wild horse shall be relocated to a state or private wild horse preserve created and maintained for the purpose of protecting Spanish colonial horses. If it is not a Spanish colonial horse, it shall be returned to the public land, relocated to a public or private wild horse preserve or put up for adoption by the agency on whose land the wild horse was captured.

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1	C. [If the mammal division of the museum of
2	southwestern biology at the university of New Mexico
3	determines that a wild horse herd exceeds the number of
4	horses that is necessary for preserving the genetic stock of
5	the herd and for preserving and maintaining the range, it may
6	cause control of the wild horse population through the use of
7	birth control and may cause excess horses to be] <u>At the</u>
8	discretion of the board, a wild horse that is captured on
9	private land shall be:
10	(1) humanely captured and relocated to
11	public land or to a public or private wild horse preserve;
12	(2) adopted by a qualified person for
13	private maintenance, upon payment of an adoption fee that
14	shall not exceed the cost of caring for the wild horse while
15	it was under the control of the board; or
16	(3) humanely euthanized by a licensed
17	veterinarian; provided that this option shall only be
18	available as a last resort when a wild horse:
19	(a) is determined by a licensed
20	veterinarian to be crippled or otherwise unhealthy; or
21	(b) cannot be relocated to a public or
22	private wild horse preserve or adopted.
23	D. If the board captures a horse on public or
24	private land and the board determines that the horse is
25	subject to the jurisdiction of the federal government
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1 pursuant to the federal Wild Free-Roaming Horses and Burros 2 Act, the board shall transfer the horse to the federal bureau of land management or the United States forest service, as 3 4 appropriate. E. Upon request of the board to determine the 5 viability of a specific New Mexico wild horse herd on the 6 7 range it occupies, the range improvement task force of New Mexico state university shall evaluate the range conditions 8 9 to determine the number of wild horses in the herd that the range can support while maintaining the ecological health of 10 the range. The range improvement task force shall report the 11 12 results of that evaluation to the board. If required, the board may cause the wild horse herd population to be 13 controlled through the use of birth control and may cause 14 excess horses to be: 15 humanely captured and relocated to other 16 (1)public land or to a public or private wild horse preserve; 17

(2) adopted by a qualified person for private maintenance <u>or a horse rescue or retirement facility</u>; or

(3) <u>humanely</u> euthanized; provided that this option applies only to wild horses that are determined by a <u>licensed</u> veterinarian to be crippled or otherwise unhealthy. <u>F. The range improvement task force shall submit</u> an annual report to the legislature on the results of

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1	evaluations made in that year and other appropriate comments
2	on the status of the overall New Mexico range."
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