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Sub. H. B. No. 18

Representatives Vitale, Crawley

Cosponsors: Representatives Antani, Becker, Boggs, DeVitis, Hambley, Hicks-Hudson, Hood, Jones, Jordan, Keller, Lang, Manning, G., Miller, A., Miller, J., Perales, Riedel, Russo, Upchurch, Weinstein, Zeltwanger, Schaffer, Rogers, Sobecki, Arndt, Baldridge, Blessing, Boyd, Brent, Brown, Butler, Callender, Carfagna, Carruthers, Cera, Clites, Cross, Crossman, Cupp, Dean, Denson, Edwards, Galonski, Ghanbari, Ginter, Green, Greenspan, Hillyer, Holmes, A., Holmes, G., Hoops, Howse, Ingram, Kelly, Kent, Kick, Koehler, Lanese, Leland, Lepore-Hagan, Lightbody, Lipps, Liston, Manning, D., McClain, Merrin, Miranda, O'Brien, Oelslager, Patterson, Plummer, Powell, Reineke, Richardson, Robinson, Roemer, Romanchuk, Ryan, Scherer, Seitz, Sheehy, Skindell, Smith, K., Smith, R., Smith, T., Stein, Stoltzfus, Strahorn, Sweeney, Sykes, West, Wiggam, Wilkin

Senators Roegner, Blessing, Hackett, Manning, Schaffer, Schuring

A BILL

То	amend sections 5747.01 and 5747.10 of the	1
	Revised Code to exempt from the income tax	2
	disability severance payments received by	3
	honorably discharged veterans.	4

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 5747.01 and 5747.10 of the	5
Revised Code be amended to read as follows:	6
Sec. 5747.01. Except as otherwise expressly provided or	7
clearly appearing from the context, any term used in this	8
chapter that is not otherwise defined in this section has the	9
same meaning as when used in a comparable context in the laws of	10

the United States relating to federal income taxes or if not	11
used in a comparable context in those laws, has the same meaning	12
as in section 5733.40 of the Revised Code. Any reference in this	13
chapter to the Internal Revenue Code includes other laws of the	14
United States relating to federal income taxes.	15
As used in this chapter:	16
(A) "Adjusted gross income" or "Ohio adjusted gross	17
income" means federal adjusted gross income, as defined and used	18
in the Internal Revenue Code, adjusted as provided in this	19
section:	20
(1) Add interest or dividends on obligations or securities	21
of any state or of any political subdivision or authority of any	22
state, other than this state and its subdivisions and	23
authorities.	24
(2) Add interest or dividends on obligations of any	25
authority, commission, instrumentality, territory, or possession	26
of the United States to the extent that the interest or	27
dividends are exempt from federal income taxes but not from	28
state income taxes.	29
(3) Deduct interest or dividends on obligations of the	30
United States and its territories and possessions or of any	31
authority, commission, or instrumentality of the United States	32
to the extent that the interest or dividends are included in	33
federal adjusted gross income but exempt from state income taxes	34
under the laws of the United States.	35
(4) Deduct disability and survivor's benefits to the	36
extent included in federal adjusted gross income.	37
(5) Deduct benefits under Title II of the Social Security	38

Act and tier 1 railroad retirement benefits to the extent

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included in federal adjusted gross income under section 86 of the Internal Revenue Code.

- (6) In the case of a taxpayer who is a beneficiary of a 42 trust that makes an accumulation distribution as defined in 43 section 665 of the Internal Revenue Code, add, for the 44 beneficiary's taxable years beginning before 2002, the portion, 45 if any, of such distribution that does not exceed the 46 undistributed net income of the trust for the three taxable 47 years preceding the taxable year in which the distribution is 48 49 made to the extent that the portion was not included in the 50 trust's taxable income for any of the trust's taxable years beginning in 2002 or thereafter. "Undistributed net income of a 51 trust" means the taxable income of the trust increased by (a)(i) 52 the additions to adjusted gross income required under division 5.3 (A) of this section and (ii) the personal exemptions allowed to 54 the trust pursuant to section 642(b) of the Internal Revenue 5.5 Code, and decreased by (b)(i) the deductions to adjusted gross 56 income required under division (A) of this section, (ii) the 57 amount of federal income taxes attributable to such income, and 58 (iii) the amount of taxable income that has been included in the 59 adjusted gross income of a beneficiary by reason of a prior 60 accumulation distribution. Any undistributed net income included 61 in the adjusted gross income of a beneficiary shall reduce the 62 undistributed net income of the trust commencing with the 63 earliest years of the accumulation period. 64
- (7) Deduct the amount of wages and salaries, if any, not otherwise allowable as a deduction but that would have been allowable as a deduction in computing federal adjusted gross income for the taxable year, had the targeted jobs credit allowed and determined under sections 38, 51, and 52 of the Internal Revenue Code not been in effect.

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- (8) Deduct any interest or interest equivalent on public obligations and purchase obligations to the extent that the interest or interest equivalent is included in federal adjusted gross income.
- (9) Add any loss or deduct any gain resulting from the sale, exchange, or other disposition of public obligations to the extent that the loss has been deducted or the gain has been included in computing federal adjusted gross income.
- (10) Deduct or add amounts, as provided under section 79
 5747.70 of the Revised Code, related to contributions to 80
 variable college savings program accounts made or tuition units 81
 purchased pursuant to Chapter 3334. of the Revised Code. 82
- (11)(a) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise allowable as a deduction or exclusion in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer paid during the taxable year for medical care insurance and qualified long-term care insurance for the taxpayer, the taxpayer's spouse, and dependents. No deduction for medical care insurance under division (A)(11)(a) of this section shall be allowed either to any taxpayer who is eligible to participate in any subsidized health plan maintained by any employer of the taxpayer or of the taxpayer's spouse, or to any taxpayer who is entitled to, or on application would be entitled to, benefits under part A of Title XVIII of the "Social Security Act," 49 Stat. 620 (1935), 42 U.S.C. 301, as amended. For the purposes of division (A)(11)(a) of this section, "subsidized health plan" means a health plan for which the employer pays any portion of the plan's cost. The deduction allowed under division (A)(11)(a) of this section shall be the net of any related premium refunds, related premium reimbursements, or related insurance premium

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dividends received during the taxable year.

- (b) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or

 excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income

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 during the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer paid during the

 taxable year, not compensated for by any insurance or otherwise,

 for medical care of the taxpayer, the taxpayer's spouse, and

 dependents, to the extent the expenses exceed seven and one-half

 per cent of the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income.

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- excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income, any amount included in federal adjusted gross income under section 105 or not excluded under section 106 of the Internal Revenue Code solely because it relates to an accident and health plan for a person who otherwise would be a "qualifying relative" and thus a "dependent" under section 152 of the Internal Revenue Code but for the fact that the person fails to meet the income and support limitations under section 152(d)(1)(B) and (C) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (d) For purposes of division (A) (11) of this section, 119 "medical care" has the meaning given in section 213 of the 120 Internal Revenue Code, subject to the special rules, 121 limitations, and exclusions set forth therein, and "qualified 122 long-term care" has the same meaning given in section 7702B(c) 123 of the Internal Revenue Code. Solely for purposes of divisions 124 (A) (11) (a) and (c) of this section, "dependent" includes a 125 person who otherwise would be a "qualifying relative" and thus a 126 "dependent" under section 152 of the Internal Revenue Code but 127 for the fact that the person fails to meet the income and 128 support limitations under section 152(d)(1)(B) and (C) of the 129 Internal Revenue Code. 130

(12)(a) Deduct any amount included in federal adjusted	131
gross income solely because the amount represents a	132
reimbursement or refund of expenses that in any year the	133
taxpayer had deducted as an itemized deduction pursuant to	134
section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code and applicable United	135
States department of the treasury regulations. The deduction	136
otherwise allowed under division (A)(12)(a) of this section	137
shall be reduced to the extent the reimbursement is attributable	138
to an amount the taxpayer deducted under this section in any	139
taxable year.	140
(b) Add any amount not otherwise included in Ohio adjusted	141
gross income for any taxable year to the extent that the amount	142
is attributable to the recovery during the taxable year of any	143
amount deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio	144
adjusted gross income in any taxable year.	145
(13) Deduct any portion of the deduction described in	146
section 1341(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, for repaying	147
previously reported income received under a claim of right, that	148
meets both of the following requirements:	149
(a) It is allowable for repayment of an item that was	150
included in the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for a prior	151
taxable year and did not qualify for a credit under division (A)	152
or (B) of section 5747.05 of the Revised Code for that year;	153
(b) It does not otherwise reduce the taxpayer's adjusted	154
gross income for the current or any other taxable year.	155
(14) Deduct an amount equal to the deposits made to, and	156
net investment earnings of, a medical savings account during the	157
taxable year, in accordance with section 3924.66 of the Revised	158

Code. The deduction allowed by division (A) (14) of this section

does not apply to medical savings account deposits and earnings	160
otherwise deducted or excluded for the current or any other	161
taxable year from the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income.	162
(15)(a) Add an amount equal to the funds withdrawn from a	163
medical savings account during the taxable year, and the net	164
investment earnings on those funds, when the funds withdrawn	165
were used for any purpose other than to reimburse an account	166
holder for, or to pay, eligible medical expenses, in accordance	167
with section 3924.66 of the Revised Code;	168
(b) Add the amounts distributed from a medical savings	169
account under division (A)(2) of section 3924.68 of the Revised	170
Code during the taxable year.	171
(16) Add any amount claimed as a credit under section	172
5747.059 of the Revised Code to the extent that such amount	173
satisfies either of the following:	174
(a) The amount was deducted or excluded from the	175
computation of the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income as	176
required to be reported for the taxpayer's taxable year under	177
the Internal Revenue Code;	178
(b) The amount resulted in a reduction of the taxpayer's	179
federal adjusted gross income as required to be reported for any	180
of the taxpayer's taxable years under the Internal Revenue Code.	181
(17) Deduct the amount contributed by the taxpayer to an	182
individual development account program established by a county	183
department of job and family services pursuant to sections	184
329.11 to 329.14 of the Revised Code for the purpose of matching	185
funds deposited by program participants. On request of the tax	186
commissioner, the taxpayer shall provide any information that,	187
in the tax commissioner's opinion, is necessary to establish the	188

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amount deducted under division (A)(17) of this section.

- (18) Beginning in taxable year 2001 but not for any 190 taxable year beginning after December 31, 2005, if the taxpayer 191 is married and files a joint return and the combined federal 192 adjusted gross income of the taxpayer and the taxpayer's spouse 193 for the taxable year does not exceed one hundred thousand 194 dollars, or if the taxpayer is single and has a federal adjusted 195 gross income for the taxable year not exceeding fifty thousand 196 dollars, deduct amounts paid during the taxable year for 197 qualified tuition and fees paid to an eligible institution for 198 the taxpayer, the taxpayer's spouse, or any dependent of the 199 taxpayer, who is a resident of this state and is enrolled in or 200 attending a program that culminates in a degree or diploma at an 201 eligible institution. The deduction may be claimed only to the 202 extent that qualified tuition and fees are not otherwise 203 deducted or excluded for any taxable year from federal or Ohio 204 adjusted gross income. The deduction may not be claimed for 205 educational expenses for which the taxpayer claims a credit 206 under section 5747.27 of the Revised Code. 207
- (19) Add any reimbursement received during the taxable year of any amount the taxpayer deducted under division (A)(18) of this section in any previous taxable year to the extent the amount is not otherwise included in Ohio adjusted gross income.
- (20) (a) (i) Subject to divisions (A) (20) (a) (iii), (iv), and

 (v) of this section, add five-sixths of the amount of

 depreciation expense allowed by subsection (k) of section 168 of

 the Internal Revenue Code, including the taxpayer's

 proportionate or distributive share of the amount of

 depreciation expense allowed by that subsection to a pass
 through entity in which the taxpayer has a direct or indirect

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ownership interest.	219
(ii) Subject to divisions (A)(20)(a)(iii), (iv), and (v)	220
of this section, add five-sixths of the amount of qualifying	221
section 179 depreciation expense, including the taxpayer's	222
proportionate or distributive share of the amount of qualifying	223
section 179 depreciation expense allowed to any pass-through	224
entity in which the taxpayer has a direct or indirect ownership	225
interest.	226
(iii) Subject to division (A)(20)(a)(v) of this section,	227
for taxable years beginning in 2012 or thereafter, if the	228
increase in income taxes withheld by the taxpayer is equal to or	229
greater than ten per cent of income taxes withheld by the	230
taxpayer during the taxpayer's immediately preceding taxable	231
year, "two-thirds" shall be substituted for "five-sixths" for	232
the purpose of divisions (A)(20)(a)(i) and (ii) of this section.	233
(iv) Subject to division (A)(20)(a)(v) of this section,	234
for taxable years beginning in 2012 or thereafter, a taxpayer is	235
not required to add an amount under division (A)(20) of this	236
section if the increase in income taxes withheld by the taxpayer	237
and by any pass-through entity in which the taxpayer has a	238
direct or indirect ownership interest is equal to or greater	239
than the sum of (I) the amount of qualifying section 179	240
depreciation expense and (II) the amount of depreciation expense	241
allowed to the taxpayer by subsection (k) of section 168 of the	242
Internal Revenue Code, and including the taxpayer's	243
proportionate or distributive shares of such amounts allowed to	244
any such pass-through entities.	245
(v) If a taxpayer directly or indirectly incurs a net	246
operating loss for the taxable year for federal income tax	247

purposes, to the extent such loss resulted from depreciation

section:

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expense allowed by subsection (k) of section 168 of the Internal	249
Revenue Code and by qualifying section 179 depreciation expense,	250
"the entire" shall be substituted for "five-sixths of the" for	251
the purpose of divisions (A)(20)(a)(i) and (ii) of this section.	252
The tax commissioner, under procedures established by the	253
commissioner, may waive the add-backs related to a pass-through	254
entity if the taxpayer owns, directly or indirectly, less than	255
five per cent of the pass-through entity.	256
(b) Nothing in division (A)(20) of this section shall be	257
construed to adjust or modify the adjusted basis of any asset.	258
(c) To the extent the add-back required under division (A)	259
(20)(a) of this section is attributable to property generating	260
nonbusiness income or loss allocated under section 5747.20 of	261
the Revised Code, the add-back shall be sitused to the same	262
location as the nonbusiness income or loss generated by the	263
property for the purpose of determining the credit under	264
division (A) of section 5747.05 of the Revised Code. Otherwise,	265
the add-back shall be apportioned, subject to one or more of the	266
four alternative methods of apportionment enumerated in section	267
5747.21 of the Revised Code.	268
(d) For the purposes of division (A)(20)(a)(v) of this	269
section, net operating loss carryback and carryforward shall not	270
include the allowance of any net operating loss deduction	271
carryback or carryforward to the taxable year to the extent such	272
loss resulted from depreciation allowed by section 168(k) of the	273
Internal Revenue Code and by the qualifying section 179	274
depreciation expense amount.	275
(e) For the purposes of divisions (A)(20) and (21) of this	276

(i) "Income taxes withheld" means the total amount	278
withheld and remitted under sections 5747.06 and 5747.07 of the	279
Revised Code by an employer during the employer's taxable year.	280
(ii) "Increase in income taxes withheld" means the amount	281
by which the amount of income taxes withheld by an employer	282
during the employer's current taxable year exceeds the amount of	283
income taxes withheld by that employer during the employer's	284
immediately preceding taxable year.	285
(iii) "Qualifying section 179 depreciation expense" means	286
the difference between (I) the amount of depreciation expense	287
directly or indirectly allowed to a taxpayer under section 179	288
of the Internal Revised Code, and (II) the amount of	289
depreciation expense directly or indirectly allowed to the	290
taxpayer under section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code as that	291
section existed on December 31, 2002.	292
(21)(a) If the taxpayer was required to add an amount	293
under division (A) (20) (a) of this section for a touchle week	294
under division (A)(20)(a) of this section for a taxable year,	
deduct one of the following:	295
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deduct one of the following:	
<pre>deduct one of the following: (i) One-fifth of the amount so added for each of the five</pre>	296
deduct one of the following: (i) One-fifth of the amount so added for each of the five succeeding taxable years if the amount so added was five-sixths	296 297
deduct one of the following: (i) One-fifth of the amount so added for each of the five succeeding taxable years if the amount so added was five-sixths of qualifying section 179 depreciation expense or depreciation	296 298
deduct one of the following: (i) One-fifth of the amount so added for each of the five succeeding taxable years if the amount so added was five-sixths of qualifying section 179 depreciation expense or depreciation expense allowed by subsection (k) of section 168 of the Internal	296 297 298 299
deduct one of the following: (i) One-fifth of the amount so added for each of the five succeeding taxable years if the amount so added was five-sixths of qualifying section 179 depreciation expense or depreciation expense allowed by subsection (k) of section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code;	296 297 298 299 300
deduct one of the following: (i) One-fifth of the amount so added for each of the five succeeding taxable years if the amount so added was five-sixths of qualifying section 179 depreciation expense or depreciation expense allowed by subsection (k) of section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code; (ii) One-half of the amount so added for each of the two	296 297 298 299 300
deduct one of the following: (i) One-fifth of the amount so added for each of the five succeeding taxable years if the amount so added was five-sixths of qualifying section 179 depreciation expense or depreciation expense allowed by subsection (k) of section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code; (ii) One-half of the amount so added for each of the two succeeding taxable years if the amount so added was two-thirds	296 297 298 299 300 301 302
<pre>deduct one of the following: (i) One-fifth of the amount so added for each of the five succeeding taxable years if the amount so added was five-sixths of qualifying section 179 depreciation expense or depreciation expense allowed by subsection (k) of section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code; (ii) One-half of the amount so added for each of the two succeeding taxable years if the amount so added was two-thirds of such depreciation expense;</pre>	296 297 298 299 300 301 302 303

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- (b) If the amount deducted under division (A) (21) (a) of 307 this section is attributable to an add-back allocated under 308 division (A)(20)(c) of this section, the amount deducted shall 309 be sitused to the same location. Otherwise, the add-back shall 310 be apportioned using the apportionment factors for the taxable 311 year in which the deduction is taken, subject to one or more of 312 the four alternative methods of apportionment enumerated in 313 section 5747.21 of the Revised Code. 314
- (c) No deduction is available under division (A) (21) (a) of 315 this section with regard to any depreciation allowed by section 316 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code and by the qualifying 317 section 179 depreciation expense amount to the extent that such 318 depreciation results in or increases a federal net operating 319 loss carryback or carryforward. If no such deduction is 320 available for a taxable year, the taxpayer may carry forward the 321 amount not deducted in such taxable year to the next taxable 322 year and add that amount to any deduction otherwise available 323 under division (A)(21)(a) of this section for that next taxable 324 year. The carryforward of amounts not so deducted shall continue 325 until the entire addition required by division (A)(20)(a) of 326 this section has been deducted. 327
- (d) No refund shall be allowed as a result of adjustments 328 made by division (A)(21) of this section. 329
- (22) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer received during the taxable year as reimbursement for life insurance premiums under section 5919.31 of the Revised Code.
- (23) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or 335 excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for 336

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the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer received during the	337
taxable year as a death benefit paid by the adjutant general	338
under section 5919.33 of the Revised Code.	339

- (24) Deduct, to the extent included in federal adjusted 340 gross income and not otherwise allowable as a deduction or 341 exclusion in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for 342 the taxable year, military pay and allowances received by the 343 taxpayer during the taxable year for active duty service in the 344 United States army, air force, navy, marine corps, or coast 345 guard or reserve components thereof or the national guard. The 346 deduction may not be claimed for military pay and allowances 347 received by the taxpayer while the taxpayer is stationed in this 348 state. 349
- (25) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise allowable as a 350 deduction or exclusion in computing federal or Ohio adjusted 351 gross income for the taxable year and not otherwise compensated 352 for by any other source, the amount of qualified organ donation 353 expenses incurred by the taxpayer during the taxable year, not 354 to exceed ten thousand dollars. A taxpayer may deduct qualified 355 organ donation expenses only once for all taxable years 356 beginning with taxable years beginning in 2007. 357

For the purposes of division (A)(25) of this section:

- (a) "Human organ" means all or any portion of a human liver, pancreas, kidney, intestine, or lung, and any portion of human bone marrow.
- (b) "Qualified organ donation expenses" means travel 362 expenses, lodging expenses, and wages and salary forgone by a 363 taxpayer in connection with the taxpayer's donation, while 364 living, of one or more of the taxpayer's human organs to another 365

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human being. 366

- (26) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or 367 excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for 368 the taxable year, amounts received by the taxpayer as retired 369 personnel pay for service in the uniformed services or reserve 370 components thereof, or the national quard, or received by the 371 surviving spouse or former spouse of such a taxpayer under the 372 survivor benefit plan on account of such a taxpayer's death. If 373 the taxpayer receives income on account of retirement paid under 374 the federal civil service retirement system or federal employees 375 retirement system, or under any successor retirement program 376 enacted by the congress of the United States that is established 377 378 and maintained for retired employees of the United States government, and such retirement income is based, in whole or in 379 part, on credit for the taxpayer's uniformed service, the 380 deduction allowed under this division shall include only that 381 portion of such retirement income that is attributable to the 382 taxpayer's uniformed service, to the extent that portion of such 383 retirement income is otherwise included in federal adjusted 384 gross income and is not otherwise deducted under this section. 385 Any amount deducted under division (A) (26) of this section is 386 not included in a taxpayer's adjusted gross income for the 387 purposes of section 5747.055 of the Revised Code. No amount may 388 be deducted under division (A) (26) of this section on the basis 389 of which a credit was claimed under section 5747.055 of the 390 Revised Code. 391
- (27) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer received during the taxable year from the military injury relief fund created in section 5902.05 of the Revised Code.

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(28) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or 397 excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for 398 the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer received as a veterans 399 bonus during the taxable year from the Ohio department of 400 veterans services as authorized by Section 2r of Article VIII, 401 Ohio Constitution. 402 (29) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or 403 excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for 404 the taxable year, any income derived from a transfer agreement 405 406 or from the enterprise transferred under that agreement under section 4313.02 of the Revised Code. 407 (30) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or 408 excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for 409 the taxable year, Ohio college opportunity or federal Pell grant 410 amounts received by the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse or 411 dependent pursuant to section 3333.122 of the Revised Code or 20 412 U.S.C. 1070a, et seq., and used to pay room or board furnished 413 by the educational institution for which the grant was awarded 414 at the institution's facilities, including meal plans 415 administered by the institution. For the purposes of this 416 division, receipt of a grant includes the distribution of a 417 grant directly to an educational institution and the crediting 418 of the grant to the enrollee's account with the institution. 419 (31) Deduct from the portion of an individual's federal 420 adjusted gross income that is eligible business income, to the 421 extent not otherwise deducted or excluded in computing federal 422 adjusted gross income for the taxable year, one hundred twenty-423 five thousand dollars for each spouse if spouses file separate 424

returns under section 5747.08 of the Revised Code or two hundred

fifty thousand dollars for all other individuals.

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(32) Deduct, as provided under section 5747.78 of the	427
Revised Code, contributions to ABLE savings accounts made in	428
accordance with sections 113.50 to 113.56 of the Revised Code.	429
(33)(a) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	430
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income	431
during the taxable year, all of the following:	432
(i) Compensation paid to a qualifying employee described	433
in division (A)(14)(a) of section 5703.94 of the Revised Code to	434
the extent such compensation is for disaster work conducted in	435
this state during a disaster response period pursuant to a	436
qualifying solicitation received by the employee's employer;	437
(ii) Compensation paid to a qualifying employee described	438
in division (A)(14)(b) of section 5703.94 of the Revised Code to	439
the extent such compensation is for disaster work conducted in	440
this state by the employee during the disaster response period	441
on critical infrastructure owned or used by the employee's	442
employer;	443
(iii) Income received by an out-of-state disaster business	444
for disaster work conducted in this state during a disaster	445
response period, or, if the out-of-state disaster business is a	446
pass-through entity, a taxpayer's distributive share of the	447
pass-through entity's income from the business conducting	448
disaster work in this state during a disaster response period,	449
if, in either case, the disaster work is conducted pursuant to a	450
qualifying solicitation received by the business.	451
(b) All terms used in division (A)(33) of this section	452
have the same meanings as in section 5703.94 of the Revised	453
Code.	454
(34) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	455

<u>excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for</u>	456
the taxable year, amounts received by the taxpayer as a	457
disability severance payment, computed under 10 U.S.C. 1212,	458
following discharge or release under honorable conditions from	459
the armed forces, as defined by 10 U.S.C. 101.	460
(B)(1) "Business income" means income, including gain or	461
loss, arising from transactions, activities, and sources in the	462
regular course of a trade or business and includes income, gain,	463
or loss from real property, tangible property, and intangible	464
property if the acquisition, rental, management, and disposition	465
of the property constitute integral parts of the regular course	466
of a trade or business operation. "Business income" includes	467
income, including gain or loss, from a partial or complete	468
liquidation of a business, including, but not limited to, gain	469
or loss from the sale or other disposition of goodwill.	470
(2) "Eligible business income" means business income	471
excluding income from a trade or business that performs either	472
or both of the following:	473
(a) Legal services provided by an active attorney admitted	474
to the practice of law in this state or by an attorney	475
registered for corporate counsel status under section 6 of rule	476
VI of the Ohio supreme court rules for the government of the bar	477
of Ohio;	478
(b) Executive agency lobbying activity, retirement system	479
lobbying activity, or actively advocating by a person required	480
to register with the joint legislative ethics committee under	481
section 101.78, 101.92, or 121.62 of the Revised Code. Terms	482
used in division (B)(2) of this section have the same meaning as	483
in section 101.70, 101.92, or 121.60 of the Revised Code.	484

(C) "Nonbusiness income" means all income other than	485
business income and may include, but is not limited to,	486
compensation, rents and royalties from real or tangible personal	487
property, capital gains, interest, dividends and distributions,	488
patent or copyright royalties, or lottery winnings, prizes, and	489
awards.	490
(D) "Compensation" means any form of remuneration paid to	491
an employee for personal services.	492
an employee for personal services.	132
(E) "Fiduciary" means a guardian, trustee, executor,	493
administrator, receiver, conservator, or any other person acting	494
in any fiduciary capacity for any individual, trust, or estate.	495
(F) "Fiscal year" means an accounting period of twelve	496
months ending on the last day of any month other than December.	497
	4.0.0
(G) "Individual" means any natural person.	498
(H) "Internal Revenue Code" means the "Internal Revenue	499
Code of 1986," 100 Stat. 2085, 26 U.S.C.A. 1, as amended.	500
(I) "Resident" means any of the following, provided that	501
division (I)(3) of this section applies only to taxable years of	502
a trust beginning in 2002 or thereafter:	503
(1) An individual who is domiciled in this state, subject	504
to section 5747.24 of the Revised Code;	505
(2) The estate of a decedent who at the time of death was	506
domiciled in this state. The domicile tests of section 5747.24	507
of the Revised Code are not controlling for purposes of division	508
(I)(2) of this section.	509
(3) A trust that, in whole or part, resides in this state.	510
If only part of a trust resides in this state, the trust is a resident only with respect to that part.	511 512
resident only with respect to that part.	512

For the purposes of division (I)(3) of this section: 513 (a) A trust resides in this state for the trust's current 514 taxable year to the extent, as described in division (I)(3)(d) 515 of this section, that the trust consists directly or indirectly, 516 in whole or in part, of assets, net of any related liabilities, 517 that were transferred, or caused to be transferred, directly or 518 indirectly, to the trust by any of the following: 519 520 (i) A person, a court, or a governmental entity or instrumentality on account of the death of a decedent, but only 521 if the trust is described in division (I)(3)(e)(i) or (ii) of 522 this section; 523 (ii) A person who was domiciled in this state for the 524 purposes of this chapter when the person directly or indirectly 525 transferred assets to an irrevocable trust, but only if at least 526 one of the trust's qualifying beneficiaries is domiciled in this 527 state for the purposes of this chapter during all or some 528 portion of the trust's current taxable year; 529 (iii) A person who was domiciled in this state for the 530 purposes of this chapter when the trust document or instrument 531 532 or part of the trust document or instrument became irrevocable, but only if at least one of the trust's qualifying beneficiaries 533 is a resident domiciled in this state for the purposes of this 534 chapter during all or some portion of the trust's current 535 taxable year. If a trust document or instrument became 536 irrevocable upon the death of a person who at the time of death 537 was domiciled in this state for purposes of this chapter, that 538 person is a person described in division (I)(3)(a)(iii) of this 539 section. 540

(b) A trust is irrevocable to the extent that the

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transferor is not considered to be the owner of the net assets	542
of the trust under sections 671 to 678 of the Internal Revenue	543
Code.	544
(c) With respect to a trust other than a charitable lead	545
trust, "qualifying beneficiary" has the same meaning as	546
"potential current beneficiary" as defined in section 1361(e)(2)	547
of the Internal Revenue Code, and with respect to a charitable	548
lead trust "qualifying beneficiary" is any current, future, or	549
contingent beneficiary, but with respect to any trust	550
"qualifying beneficiary" excludes a person or a governmental	551
entity or instrumentality to any of which a contribution would	552
qualify for the charitable deduction under section 170 of the	553
Internal Revenue Code.	554
(d) For the purposes of division (I)(3)(a) of this	555
section, the extent to which a trust consists directly or	556
indirectly, in whole or in part, of assets, net of any related	557
liabilities, that were transferred directly or indirectly, in	558
whole or part, to the trust by any of the sources enumerated in	559
that division shall be ascertained by multiplying the fair	560
market value of the trust's assets, net of related liabilities,	561
by the qualifying ratio, which shall be computed as follows:	562
(i) The first time the trust receives assets, the	563
numerator of the qualifying ratio is the fair market value of	564
those assets at that time, net of any related liabilities, from	565
sources enumerated in division (I)(3)(a) of this section. The	566
denominator of the qualifying ratio is the fair market value of	567
all the trust's assets at that time, net of any related	568
liabilities.	569

(ii) Each subsequent time the trust receives assets, a

revised qualifying ratio shall be computed. The numerator of the

revised qualifying ratio is the sum of (1) the fair market value	572
of the trust's assets immediately prior to the subsequent	573
transfer, net of any related liabilities, multiplied by the	574
qualifying ratio last computed without regard to the subsequent	575
transfer, and (2) the fair market value of the subsequently	576
transferred assets at the time transferred, net of any related	577
liabilities, from sources enumerated in division (I)(3)(a) of	578
this section. The denominator of the revised qualifying ratio is	579
the fair market value of all the trust's assets immediately	580
after the subsequent transfer, net of any related liabilities.	581
(iii) Whether a transfer to the trust is by or from any of	582
the sources enumerated in division (I)(3)(a) of this section	583
shall be ascertained without regard to the domicile of the	584
trust's beneficiaries.	585
(e) For the purposes of division (I)(3)(a)(i) of this	586
section:	587
(i) A trust is described in division (I)(3)(e)(i) of this	588
section if the trust is a testamentary trust and the testator of	589
that testamentary trust was domiciled in this state at the time	590
of the testator's death for purposes of the taxes levied under	591
Chapter 5731. of the Revised Code.	592
(ii) A trust is described in division (I)(3)(e)(ii) of	593
this section if the transfer is a qualifying transfer described	594
in any of divisions (I)(3)(f)(i) to (vi) of this section, the	595
trust is an irrevocable inter vivos trust, and at least one of	596
the trust's qualifying beneficiaries is domiciled in this state	597
for purposes of this chapter during all or some portion of the	598
trust's current taxable year.	599

(f) For the purposes of division (I)(3)(e)(ii) of this

section, a "qualifying transfer" is a transfer of assets, net of	601
any related liabilities, directly or indirectly to a trust, if	602
the transfer is described in any of the following:	603
(i) The transfer is made to a trust, created by the	604
decedent before the decedent's death and while the decedent was	605
domiciled in this state for the purposes of this chapter, and,	606
prior to the death of the decedent, the trust became irrevocable	607
while the decedent was domiciled in this state for the purposes	608
of this chapter.	609
(ii) The transfer is made to a trust to which the	610
decedent, prior to the decedent's death, had directly or	611
indirectly transferred assets, net of any related liabilities,	612
while the decedent was domiciled in this state for the purposes	613
of this chapter, and prior to the death of the decedent the	614
trust became irrevocable while the decedent was domiciled in	615
this state for the purposes of this chapter.	616
(iii) The transfer is made on account of a contractual	617
relationship existing directly or indirectly between the	618
transferor and either the decedent or the estate of the decedent	619
at any time prior to the date of the decedent's death, and the	620
decedent was domiciled in this state at the time of death for	621
purposes of the taxes levied under Chapter 5731. of the Revised	622
Code.	623
(iv) The transfer is made to a trust on account of a	624
contractual relationship existing directly or indirectly between	625
the transferor and another person who at the time of the	626
decedent's death was domiciled in this state for purposes of	627
this chapter.	628

(v) The transfer is made to a trust on account of the will

of a testator who was domiciled in this state at the time of the	630
testator's death for purposes of the taxes levied under Chapter	631
5731. of the Revised Code.	632
(vi) The transfer is made to a trust created by or caused	633
to be created by a court, and the trust was directly or	634
indirectly created in connection with or as a result of the	635
death of an individual who, for purposes of the taxes levied	636
under Chapter 5731. of the Revised Code, was domiciled in this	637
state at the time of the individual's death.	638
(g) The tax commissioner may adopt rules to ascertain the	639
part of a trust residing in this state.	640
(J) "Nonresident" means an individual or estate that is	641
not a resident. An individual who is a resident for only part of	642
a taxable year is a nonresident for the remainder of that	643
taxable year.	644
(K) "Pass-through entity" has the same meaning as in	645
section 5733.04 of the Revised Code.	646
(L) "Return" means the notifications and reports required	647
to be filed pursuant to this chapter for the purpose of	648
reporting the tax due and includes declarations of estimated tax	649
when so required.	650
(M) "Taxable year" means the calendar year or the	651
taxpayer's fiscal year ending during the calendar year, or	652
fractional part thereof, upon which the adjusted gross income is	653
calculated pursuant to this chapter.	654
(N) "Taxpayer" means any person subject to the tax imposed	655
by section 5747.02 of the Revised Code or any pass-through	656
entity that makes the election under division (D) of section	657
5747.08 of the Revised Code.	658

(O) "Dependents" means one of the following:	659
(1) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1,	660
2018, and before January 1, 2026, dependents as defined in the	661
<pre>Internal Revenue Code;</pre>	662
(2) For all other taxable years, dependents as defined in	663
the Internal Revenue Code and as claimed in the taxpayer's	664
federal income tax return for the taxable year or which the	665
taxpayer would have been permitted to claim had the taxpayer	666
filed a federal income tax return.	667
(P) "Principal county of employment" means, in the case of	668
a nonresident, the county within the state in which a taxpayer	669
performs services for an employer or, if those services are	670
performed in more than one county, the county in which the major	671
portion of the services are performed.	672
(Q) As used in sections 5747.50 to 5747.55 of the Revised	673
Code:	674
(1) "Subdivision" means any county, municipal corporation,	675
park district, or township.	676
(2) "Essential local government purposes" includes all	677
functions that any subdivision is required by general law to	678
exercise, including like functions that are exercised under a	679
charter adopted pursuant to the Ohio Constitution.	680
(R) "Overpayment" means any amount already paid that	681
exceeds the figure determined to be the correct amount of the	682
tax.	683
(S) "Taxable income" or "Ohio taxable income" applies only	684
to estates and trusts, and means federal taxable income, as	685
defined and used in the Internal Revenue Code, adjusted as	686

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follows: 687 (1) Add interest or dividends, net of ordinary, necessary, 688 and reasonable expenses not deducted in computing federal 689 taxable income, on obligations or securities of any state or of 690 any political subdivision or authority of any state, other than 691 this state and its subdivisions and authorities, but only to the 692 extent that such net amount is not otherwise includible in Ohio 693 taxable income and is described in either division (S)(1)(a) or 694 (b) of this section: 695 (a) The net amount is not attributable to the S portion of 696 an electing small business trust and has not been distributed to 697 beneficiaries for the taxable year; 698 (b) The net amount is attributable to the S portion of an 699 electing small business trust for the taxable year. 700 (2) Add interest or dividends, net of ordinary, necessary, 701 and reasonable expenses not deducted in computing federal 702 taxable income, on obligations of any authority, commission, 703 704 instrumentality, territory, or possession of the United States to the extent that the interest or dividends are exempt from 705 706 federal income taxes but not from state income taxes, but only to the extent that such net amount is not otherwise includible 707 in Ohio taxable income and is described in either division (S) 708 (1) (a) or (b) of this section; 709 (3) Add the amount of personal exemption allowed to the 710 estate pursuant to section 642(b) of the Internal Revenue Code; 711 (4) Deduct interest or dividends, net of related expenses 712 deducted in computing federal taxable income, on obligations of 713

the United States and its territories and possessions or of any

authority, commission, or instrumentality of the United States

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to the extent that the interest or dividends are exempt from	716
state taxes under the laws of the United States, but only to the	717
extent that such amount is included in federal taxable income	718
and is described in either division (S)(1)(a) or (b) of this	719
section;	720
(5) Deduct the amount of wages and salaries, if any, not	721
otherwise allowable as a deduction but that would have been	722
allowable as a deduction in computing federal taxable income for	723
the taxable year, had the targeted jobs credit allowed under	724
sections 38, 51, and 52 of the Internal Revenue Code not been in	725
effect, but only to the extent such amount relates either to	726
income included in federal taxable income for the taxable year	727
or to income of the S portion of an electing small business	728
trust for the taxable year;	729
(6) Deduct any interest or interest equivalent, net of	730
related expenses deducted in computing federal taxable income,	731
on public obligations and purchase obligations, but only to the	732
extent that such net amount relates either to income included in	733
federal taxable income for the taxable year or to income of the	734
S portion of an electing small business trust for the taxable	735
year;	736
(7) Add any loss or deduct any gain resulting from sale,	737
exchange, or other disposition of public obligations to the	738
extent that such loss has been deducted or such gain has been	739
included in computing either federal taxable income or income of	740
the S portion of an electing small business trust for the	741
taxable year;	742
(8) Except in the case of the final return of an estate,	743

add any amount deducted by the taxpayer on both its Ohio estate

tax return pursuant to section 5731.14 of the Revised Code, and

on its federal income tax return in determining federal taxable	746
income;	747
(9)(a) Deduct any amount included in federal taxable	748
income solely because the amount represents a reimbursement or	749
refund of expenses that in a previous year the decedent had	750
deducted as an itemized deduction pursuant to section 63 of the	751
Internal Revenue Code and applicable treasury regulations. The	752
deduction otherwise allowed under division (S)(9)(a) of this	753
section shall be reduced to the extent the reimbursement is	754
attributable to an amount the taxpayer or decedent deducted	755
under this section in any taxable year.	756
(b) Add any amount not otherwise included in Ohio taxable	757
income for any taxable year to the extent that the amount is	758
attributable to the recovery during the taxable year of any	759
amount deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio taxable	760
income in any taxable year, but only to the extent such amount	761
has not been distributed to beneficiaries for the taxable year.	762
(10) Deduct any portion of the deduction described in	763
section 1341(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, for repaying	764
previously reported income received under a claim of right, that	765
meets both of the following requirements:	766
(a) It is allowable for repayment of an item that was	767
included in the taxpayer's taxable income or the decedent's	768
adjusted gross income for a prior taxable year and did not	769
qualify for a credit under division (A) or (B) of section	770
5747.05 of the Revised Code for that year.	771
(b) It does not otherwise reduce the taxpayer's taxable	772
income or the decedent's adjusted gross income for the current	773
or any other taxable year.	774

(11) Add any amount claimed as a credit under section	775
5747.059 of the Revised Code to the extent that the amount	776
satisfies either of the following:	777

- (a) The amount was deducted or excluded from the 778 computation of the taxpayer's federal taxable income as required 779 to be reported for the taxpayer's taxable year under the 780 Internal Revenue Code; 781
- (b) The amount resulted in a reduction in the taxpayer's federal taxable income as required to be reported for any of the taxpayer's taxable years under the Internal Revenue Code.
- (12) Deduct any amount, net of related expenses deducted in computing federal taxable income, that a trust is required to report as farm income on its federal income tax return, but only if the assets of the trust include at least ten acres of land satisfying the definition of "land devoted exclusively to agricultural use" under section 5713.30 of the Revised Code, regardless of whether the land is valued for tax purposes as such land under sections 5713.30 to 5713.38 of the Revised Code. If the trust is a pass-through entity investor, section 5747.231 of the Revised Code applies in ascertaining if the trust is eligible to claim the deduction provided by division (S) (12) of this section in connection with the pass-through entity's farm income.

Except for farm income attributable to the S portion of an 798 electing small business trust, the deduction provided by 799 division (S)(12) of this section is allowed only to the extent 800 that the trust has not distributed such farm income. Division 801 (S)(12) of this section applies only to taxable years of a trust 802 beginning in 2002 or thereafter. 803

(13) Add the net amount of income described in section	804
641(c) of the Internal Revenue Code to the extent that amount is	805
not included in federal taxable income.	806
(14) Add or deduct the amount the taxpayer would be	807
required to add or deduct under division (A)(20) or (21) of this	808
section if the taxpayer's Ohio taxable income were computed in	809
the same manner as an individual's Ohio adjusted gross income is	810
computed under this section. In the case of a trust, division	811
(S)(14) of this section applies only to any of the trust's	812
taxable years beginning in 2002 or thereafter.	813
(T) "School district income" and "school district income	814
tax" have the same meanings as in section 5748.01 of the Revised	815
Code.	816
(U) As used in divisions (A)(8), (A)(9), (S)(6), and (S)	817
(7) of this section, "public obligations," "purchase	818
obligations," and "interest or interest equivalent" have the	819
same meanings as in section 5709.76 of the Revised Code.	820
(V) "Limited liability company" means any limited	821
liability company formed under Chapter 1705. of the Revised Code	822
or under the laws of any other state.	823
(W) "Pass-through entity investor" means any person who,	824
during any portion of a taxable year of a pass-through entity,	825
is a partner, member, shareholder, or equity investor in that	826
pass-through entity.	827
(X) "Banking day" has the same meaning as in section	828
1304.01 of the Revised Code.	829
(Y) "Month" means a calendar month.	830
(Z) "Quarter" means the first three months, the second	831

three months, the third three months, or the last three months	832
of the taxpayer's taxable year.	833
(AA)(1) "Eligible institution" means a state university or	834
state institution of higher education as defined in section	835
3345.011 of the Revised Code, or a private, nonprofit college,	836
university, or other post-secondary institution located in this	837
state that possesses a certificate of authorization issued by	838
the chancellor of higher education pursuant to Chapter 1713. of	839
the Revised Code or a certificate of registration issued by the	840
state board of career colleges and schools under Chapter 3332.	841
of the Revised Code.	842
(2) "Qualified tuition and fees" means tuition and fees	843
imposed by an eligible institution as a condition of enrollment	844
or attendance, not exceeding two thousand five hundred dollars	845
in each of the individual's first two years of post-secondary	846
education. If the individual is a part-time student, "qualified	847
tuition and fees" includes tuition and fees paid for the	848
academic equivalent of the first two years of post-secondary	849
education during a maximum of five taxable years, not exceeding	850
a total of five thousand dollars. "Qualified tuition and fees"	851
does not include:	852
(a) Expenses for any course or activity involving sports,	853
games, or hobbies unless the course or activity is part of the	854
individual's degree or diploma program;	855
(b) The cost of beels were and bound student estimitu	0 = 6
(b) The cost of books, room and board, student activity	856 857
fees, athletic fees, insurance expenses, or other expenses unrelated to the individual's academic course of instruction;	857
unrelated to the individual's academic course of instruction;	858
(c) Tuition, fees, or other expenses paid or reimbursed	859

through an employer, scholarship, grant in aid, or other

educational benefit program.	861
(BB)(1) "Modified business income" means the business	862
income included in a trust's Ohio taxable income after such	863
taxable income is first reduced by the qualifying trust amount,	864
if any.	865
(2) "Qualifying trust amount" of a trust means capital	866
gains and losses from the sale, exchange, or other disposition	867
of equity or ownership interests in, or debt obligations of, a	868
qualifying investee to the extent included in the trust's Ohio	869
taxable income, but only if the following requirements are	870
satisfied:	871
(a) The book value of the qualifying investee's physical	872
assets in this state and everywhere, as of the last day of the	873
qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar year ending immediately	874
prior to the date on which the trust recognizes the gain or	875
loss, is available to the trust.	876
(b) The requirements of section 5747.011 of the Revised	877
Code are satisfied for the trust's taxable year in which the	878
trust recognizes the gain or loss.	879
Any gain or loss that is not a qualifying trust amount is	880
modified business income, qualifying investment income, or	881
modified nonbusiness income, as the case may be.	882
(3) "Modified nonbusiness income" means a trust's Ohio	883
taxable income other than modified business income, other than	884
the qualifying trust amount, and other than qualifying	885
investment income, as defined in section 5747.012 of the Revised	886
Code, to the extent such qualifying investment income is not	887
otherwise part of modified business income.	888
(4) "Modified Ohio taxable income" applies only to trusts,	889

and means the sum of the amounts described in divisions (BB)(4)	890
(a) to (c) of this section:	891
(a) The fraction, calculated under section 5747.013, and	892
applying section 5747.231 of the Revised Code, multiplied by the	893
sum of the following amounts:	894
(i) The trust's modified business income;	895
(ii) The trust's qualifying investment income, as defined	896
in section 5747.012 of the Revised Code, but only to the extent	897
the qualifying investment income does not otherwise constitute	898
modified business income and does not otherwise constitute a	899
qualifying trust amount.	900
(b) The qualifying trust amount multiplied by a fraction,	901
the numerator of which is the sum of the book value of the	902
qualifying investee's physical assets in this state on the last	903
day of the qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar year ending	904
immediately prior to the day on which the trust recognizes the	905
qualifying trust amount, and the denominator of which is the sum	906
of the book value of the qualifying investee's total physical	907
assets everywhere on the last day of the qualifying investee's	908
fiscal or calendar year ending immediately prior to the day on	909
which the trust recognizes the qualifying trust amount. If, for	910
a taxable year, the trust recognizes a qualifying trust amount	911
with respect to more than one qualifying investee, the amount	912
described in division (BB)(4)(b) of this section shall equal the	913
sum of the products so computed for each such qualifying	914
investee.	915
(c)(i) With respect to a trust or portion of a trust that	916

is a resident as ascertained in accordance with division (I)(3)

(d) of this section, its modified nonbusiness income.

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(ii) With respect to a trust or portion of a trust that is	919
not a resident as ascertained in accordance with division (I)(3)	920
(d) of this section, the amount of its modified nonbusiness	921
income satisfying the descriptions in divisions (B)(2) to (5) of	922
section 5747.20 of the Revised Code, except as otherwise	923
provided in division (BB)(4)(c)(ii) of this section. With	924
respect to a trust or portion of a trust that is not a resident	925
as ascertained in accordance with division (I)(3)(d) of this	926
section, the trust's portion of modified nonbusiness income	927
recognized from the sale, exchange, or other disposition of a	928
debt interest in or equity interest in a section 5747.212	929
entity, as defined in section 5747.212 of the Revised Code,	930
without regard to division (A) of that section, shall not be	931
allocated to this state in accordance with section 5747.20 of	932
the Revised Code but shall be apportioned to this state in	933
accordance with division (B) of section 5747.212 of the Revised	934
Code without regard to division (A) of that section.	935

If the allocation and apportionment of a trust's income under divisions (BB)(4)(a) and (c) of this section do not fairly represent the modified Ohio taxable income of the trust in this state, the alternative methods described in division (C) of section 5747.21 of the Revised Code may be applied in the manner and to the same extent provided in that section.

(5) (a) Except as set forth in division (BB) (5) (b) of this 942 section, "qualifying investee" means a person in which a trust 943 has an equity or ownership interest, or a person or unit of 944 government the debt obligations of either of which are owned by 945 a trust. For the purposes of division (BB) (2) (a) of this section 946 and for the purpose of computing the fraction described in 947 division (BB) (4) (b) of this section, all of the following apply: 948

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- (i) If the qualifying investee is a member of a qualifying 949 controlled group on the last day of the qualifying investee's 950 fiscal or calendar year ending immediately prior to the date on 951 which the trust recognizes the gain or loss, then "qualifying 952 investee" includes all persons in the qualifying controlled 953 group on such last day.
- (ii) If the qualifying investee, or if the qualifying 955 investee and any members of the qualifying controlled group of 956 which the qualifying investee is a member on the last day of the 957 qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar year ending immediately 958 prior to the date on which the trust recognizes the gain or 959 loss, separately or cumulatively own, directly or indirectly, on 960 the last day of the qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar 961 year ending immediately prior to the date on which the trust 962 recognizes the qualifying trust amount, more than fifty per cent 963 of the equity of a pass-through entity, then the qualifying 964 investee and the other members are deemed to own the 965 proportionate share of the pass-through entity's physical assets 966 which the pass-through entity directly or indirectly owns on the 967 last day of the pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year 968 ending within or with the last day of the qualifying investee's 969 fiscal or calendar year ending immediately prior to the date on 970 which the trust recognizes the qualifying trust amount. 971
- (iii) For the purposes of division (BB)(5)(a)(iii) of this 972 section, "upper level pass-through entity" means a pass-through 973 entity directly or indirectly owning any equity of another pass- 974 through entity, and "lower level pass-through entity" means that 975 other pass-through entity. 976

An upper level pass-through entity, whether or not it is also a qualifying investee, is deemed to own, on the last day of

the upper level pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year,	979
the proportionate share of the lower level pass-through entity's	980
physical assets that the lower level pass-through entity	981
directly or indirectly owns on the last day of the lower level	982
pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year ending within or	983
with the last day of the upper level pass-through entity's	984
fiscal or calendar year. If the upper level pass-through entity	985
directly and indirectly owns less than fifty per cent of the	986
equity of the lower level pass-through entity on each day of the	987
upper level pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year in	988
which or with which ends the calendar or fiscal year of the	989
lower level pass-through entity and if, based upon clear and	990
convincing evidence, complete information about the location and	991
cost of the physical assets of the lower pass-through entity is	992
not available to the upper level pass-through entity, then	993
solely for purposes of ascertaining if a gain or loss	994
constitutes a qualifying trust amount, the upper level pass-	995
through entity shall be deemed as owning no equity of the lower	996
level pass-through entity for each day during the upper level	997
pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year in which or with	998
which ends the lower level pass-through entity's calendar or	999
fiscal year. Nothing in division (BB)(5)(a)(iii) of this section	1000
shall be construed to provide for any deduction or exclusion in	1001
computing any trust's Ohio taxable income.	1002

- (b) With respect to a trust that is not a resident for the 1003 taxable year and with respect to a part of a trust that is not a 1004 resident for the taxable year, "qualifying investee" for that 1005 taxable year does not include a C corporation if both of the 1006 following apply:
- (i) During the taxable year the trust or part of the trust 1008 recognizes a gain or loss from the sale, exchange, or other 1009

disposition of equity or ownership interests in, or debt	1010 1011
obligations of, the C corporation.	
(ii) Such gain or loss constitutes nonbusiness income.	1012
(6) "Available" means information is such that a person is	1013
able to learn of the information by the due date plus	1014
extensions, if any, for filing the return for the taxable year	1015
in which the trust recognizes the gain or loss.	1016
(CC) "Qualifying controlled group" has the same meaning as	1017
in section 5733.04 of the Revised Code.	1018
(DD) "Related member" has the same meaning as in section	1019
5733.042 of the Revised Code.	1020
(EE)(1) For the purposes of division (EE) of this section:	1021
(a) "Qualifying person" means any person other than a	1022
qualifying corporation.	1023
(b) "Qualifying corporation" means any person classified	1024
for federal income tax purposes as an association taxable as a	1025
corporation, except either of the following:	1026
(i) A corporation that has made an election under	1027
subchapter S, chapter one, subtitle A, of the Internal Revenue	1028
Code for its taxable year ending within, or on the last day of,	1029
Code for its taxable year ending within, or on the last day of, the investor's taxable year;	1029 1030
the investor's taxable year;	1030
the investor's taxable year; (ii) A subsidiary that is wholly owned by any corporation	1030 1031
the investor's taxable year; (ii) A subsidiary that is wholly owned by any corporation that has made an election under subchapter S, chapter one,	1030 1031 1032
the investor's taxable year; (ii) A subsidiary that is wholly owned by any corporation that has made an election under subchapter S, chapter one, subtitle A of the Internal Revenue Code for its taxable year	1030 1031 1032 1033

stated otherwise, no qualifying person indirectly owns any asset	1037
directly or indirectly owned by any qualifying corporation.	1038
(FF) For purposes of this chapter and Chapter 5751. of the	1039
Revised Code:	1040
(1) "Trust" does not include a qualified pre-income tax	1041
trust.	1042
(2) A "qualified pre-income tax trust" is any pre-income	1043
tax trust that makes a qualifying pre-income tax trust election	1044
as described in division (FF)(3) of this section.	1045
(3) A "qualifying pre-income tax trust election" is an	1046
election by a pre-income tax trust to subject to the tax imposed	1047
by section 5751.02 of the Revised Code the pre-income tax trust	1048
and all pass-through entities of which the trust owns or	1049
controls, directly, indirectly, or constructively through	1050
related interests, five per cent or more of the ownership or	1051
equity interests. The trustee shall notify the tax commissioner	1052
in writing of the election on or before April 15, 2006. The	1053
election, if timely made, shall be effective on and after	1054
January 1, 2006, and shall apply for all tax periods and tax	1055
years until revoked by the trustee of the trust.	1056
(4) A "pre-income tax trust" is a trust that satisfies all	1057
of the following requirements:	1057
or the following requirements.	1030
(a) The document or instrument creating the trust was	1059
executed by the grantor before January 1, 1972;	1060
(b) The trust became irrevocable upon the creation of the	1061
trust; and	1062
(a) The granter was demissible in this state at the time	1062
(c) The grantor was domiciled in this state at the time the trust was created.	1063 1064
che crust was created.	1004

(GG) "Uniformed services" has the same meaning as in 10	1065
U.S.C. 101.	1066
(HH) "Taxable business income" means the amount by which	1067
an individual's eligible business income that is included in	1068
federal adjusted gross income exceeds the amount of eligible	1069
business income the individual is authorized to deduct under	1070
division (A)(31) of this section for the taxable year.	1071
(II) "Employer" does not include a franchisor with respect	1072
to the franchisor's relationship with a franchisee or an	1073
employee of a franchisee, unless the franchisor agrees to assume	1074
that role in writing or a court of competent jurisdiction	1075
determines that the franchisor exercises a type or degree of	1076
control over the franchisee or the franchisee's employees that	1077
is not customarily exercised by a franchisor for the purpose of	1078
protecting the franchisor's trademark, brand, or both. For	1079
purposes of this division, "franchisor" and "franchisee" have	1080
the same meanings as in 16 C.F.R. 436.1.	1081
(JJ) "Modified adjusted gross income" means Ohio adjusted	1082
gross income plus any amount deducted under division (A)(31) of	1083
this section for the taxable year.	1084
Sec. 5747.10. (A) As used in this section:	1085
(1) "Audited partnership" means a partnership subject to	1086
an examination by the internal revenue service pursuant to	1087
subchapter C, chapter 63, subtitle F of the Internal Revenue	1088
Code resulting in a federal adjustment.	1089
(2)(a) "Direct investor" means a partner or other investor	1090
that holds a direct interest in a pass-through entity.	1091
(b) "Indirect investor" means a partner or other investor	1092
that holds an interest in a pass-through entity that itself	1093

holds an interest, directly or through another indirect partner	1094
or other investor, in a pass-through entity.	1095
(3) "Exempt partner" means a partner that is neither a	1096
pass-through entity nor a person subject to the tax imposed by	1097
section 5747.02 of the Revised Code.	1098
(4) "Federal adjustment" means a change to an item or	1099
amount required to be determined under the Internal Revenue Code	1100
that directly or indirectly affects a taxpayer's aggregate tax	1101
liability under section 5747.02 or Chapter 5748. of the Revised	1102
Code and that results from an action or examination by the	1103
internal revenue service, or from the filing of an amended	1104
federal tax return, a claim for a federal tax refund, or an	1105
administrative adjustment request filed by a partnership under	1106
section 6227 of the Internal Revenue Code.	1107
(5) "Federal adjustments return" means the form or other	1108
document prescribed by the tax commissioner for use by a	1109
taxpayer in reporting final federal adjustments.	1110
(6) "State partnership representative" means either of the	1111
following:	1112
(a) The person who served as the partnership's	1113
representative for federal income tax purposes, pursuant to	1114
section 6223(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, during the	1115
corresponding federal partnership audit;	1116
(b) The person designated, on a form prescribed by the tax	1117
commissioner, to serve as the partnership's representative	1118
during the state partnership audit. The commissioner may	1119
establish reasonable qualifications and procedures for a person	1120
to be designated as a state partnership representative under	1121
this division.	1122

(7) A federal adjustment is "final" or "agreed to or	1123
finally determined for federal income tax purposes" on any of	1124
the following:	1125
(a) The day after which the period for appeal of a federal	1126
assessment has expired;	1127
(b) The date on a refund check issued by the internal	1128
revenue service; or	1129
(c) For agreements required to be signed by the internal	1130
revenue service and the taxpayer or audited partnership, the	1131
date on which the last party signed the agreement.	1132
(B) (1) If any of the facts, figures, computations, or	1133
attachments required in a taxpayer's annual return to determine	1134
the tax charged by this chapter or Chapter 5748. of the Revised	1135
Code must be altered as the result of a final federal	1136
adjustment, and the federal adjustment is not required to be	1137
reported under division (C) of this section, the taxpayer shall	1138
file an amended return with the tax commissioner in such form as	1139
the commissioner requires. The amended return shall be filed not	1140
later than ninety days after the federal adjustment has been	1141
agreed to or finally determined for federal income tax purposes.	1142
(2) "One hundred eighty" shall be substituted for "ninety"	1143
in divisions (B)(1) and (E)(1) of this section if, for any	1144
taxable year, the final federal adjustment results from taxes	1145
paid by the taxpayer on an amount described in division (A) (34)	1146
of section 5747.01 of the Revised Code.	1147
(C) Except for adjustments required to be reported for	1148
federal purposes pursuant to section 6225(a)(2) of the Internal	1149
Revenue Code and adjustments that are taken into account on a	1150
federal amended return or similar report filed pursuant to	1151

section 6225(c)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, partnerships	1152
and partners shall report final federal adjustments and make	1153
payments as required under division (C) of this section.	1154
(1) With respect to an action required or permitted to be	1155
taken by a partnership under this section, and any petition for	1156
reassessment or appeal to the board of tax appeals or any court	1157
with respect to such an action, the state partnership	1158
representative shall have the sole authority to act on behalf of	1159
the audited partnership, and the partnership's direct and	1160
indirect investors shall be bound by those actions.	1161
(2) Unless an audited partnership makes the election under	1162
division (C)(3) of this section:	1163
(a) The audited partnership, through its state partnership	1164
representative, shall do all of the following within ninety days	1165
after the federal adjustment is final:	1166
(i) File a federal adjustments return with the tax	1167
commissioner, including a copy of the notifications provided	1168
under division (C)(2)(a)(ii) of this section;	1169
(ii) Notify each of its direct investors, on a form	1170
prescribed by the commissioner, of the investor's distributive	1171
share of the final federal adjustments;	1172
(iii) File an amended tax return on behalf of its	1173
nonresident direct investors and pay any additional tax that	1174
would have been due under sections 5733.41 and 5747.41, or	1175
division (D) of section 5747.08, of the Revised Code with	1176
respect to those direct investors had the final federal	1177
adjustments been reported properly on the original filing.	1178
(b) Each direct investor that is subject to the tax	1179
imposed by section 5747 02 of the Revised Code shall file an	1180

original or amended tax return to include the investor's	1181
distributive share of the adjustments reported to the direct	1182
investor under division (C)(2)(a) of this section, and pay any	1183
additional tax due, within ninety days after the audited	1184
partnership files its federal adjustments return with the	1185
commissioner.	1186
(c)(i) Each direct and indirect investor of an audited	1187
partnership that is a pass-through entity and all investors in	1188
such a pass-through entity that are subject to the filing and	1189
payment requirements of Chapters 5733. and 5747. of the Revised	1190
Code are subject to the reporting and payment requirements of	1191
division (C)(2) or, upon a timely election, division (C)(3) of	1192
this section.	1193
(ii) Such direct and indirect investors shall make the	1194
required returns and payments within ninety days after the	1195
deadline for filing and furnishing statements under section	1196
6226(b)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code and applicable treasury	1197
regulations.	1198
(3) If an audited partnership makes the election under	1199
this division, the audited partnership, through its state	1200
partnership representative, shall do all of the following within	1201
ninety days after all federal adjustments are final:	1202
(a) File a federal adjustments return with the tax	1203
commissioner indicating the partnership has made the election	1204
under division (C)(3) of this section;	1205
(b) Pay the amount of combined additional tax due under	1206
division (D)(2) of this section, calculated by multiplying the	1207
highest rate of tax set forth in section 5747.02 of the Revised	1208
Code by the sum of the following:	1209

(i) The distributive shares of the final federal	1210
adjustments that are allocable or apportionable to this state of	1211
each investor who is a nonresident taxpayer or pass-through	1212
entity;	1213
(ii) The distributive share of the final federal	1214
adjustments for each investor who is a resident taxpayer.	1215
(c) Notify each of its direct investors, on a form	1216
prescribed by the commissioner, of the investor's distributive	1217
share of the final federal adjustments and the amount paid on	1218
their behalf pursuant to division (C)(3)(b) of this section.	1219
(4)(a) A direct investor of an audited partnership is not	1220
required to file an amended return or pay tax otherwise due	1221
under section 5747.02 of the Revised Code if the audited	1222
partnership properly reports and pays the tax under division (C)	1223
(3) of this section.	1224
(b)(i) Nothing in division (C) of this section precludes a	1225
direct or indirect investor in the audited partnership from	1226
filing a return to report the investor's share of the final	1227
federal adjustments. Such an investor who files a return and	1228
reports the income related to the final federal adjustments is	1229
entitled to a refundable credit for taxes paid by the audited	1230
partnership under division (C)(3)(b) of this section. The credit	1231
shall be computed and claimed in the same manner as the credit	1232
allowed under division (I) of section 5747.08 of the Revised	1233
Code.	1234
(ii) Notwithstanding division (C)(4)(b)(i) of this	1235
section, an exempt partner, whether a direct or indirect	1236
investor, may file an application for refund of its	1237
proportionate share of the amounts erroneously paid by the	1238

audited partnership pursuant to division (C)(3)(b) of this	1239
section on the exempt partner's behalf.	1240
(5) Upon request by an audited partnership, the tax	1241
commissioner may agree, in writing, to allow an alternative	1242
method of reporting and payment than required by divisions	1243
division (C)(2) or (3) of this section. The request must be	1244
submitted to the commissioner in writing before the applicable	1245
deadline for filing a return under-divisions division (C)(2)(a)	1246
or (3) of this section. The commissioner's decision on whether	1247
to enter into an agreement under this division is not subject to	1248
further administrative review or appeal.	1249
(6) Nothing in division (C) of this section precludes	1250
either of the following:	1251
(a) A resident taxpayer from filing a return to claim the	1252
credit under division (B) of section 5747.05 or division (D)(2)	1253
of section 5747.02 of the Revised Code based upon any amounts	1254
paid by the audited partnership on such investor's behalf to	1255
another state.	1256
(b) The tax commissioner from issuing an assessment under	1257
this chapter against any direct or indirect investor for taxes	1258
due from the investor if an audited partnership, or direct and	1259
indirect investor of an audited partnership that is a pass-	1260
through entity, fails to timely file any return or remit any	1261
payment required by this section or underreports income or	1262
underpays tax on behalf of an indirect investor who is a	1263
resident taxpayer.	1264
(D) In the case of an underpayment, and unless otherwise	1265
agreed to in writing by the tax commissioner:	1266
(1) The taxpayer's amended return shall be accompanied by	1267

payment of any combined additional tax due together with	1268
interest thereon. An amended return required by this section is	1269
a return subject to assessment under section 5747.13 of the	1270
Revised Code for the purpose of assessing any additional tax due	1271
under this section, together with any applicable penalty and	1272
interest. It shall not reopen those facts, figures,	1273
computations, or attachments from a previously filed return no	1274
longer subject to assessment that are not affected, either	1275
directly or indirectly, by the final federal adjustment to the	1276
taxpayer's federal income tax return.	1277

- (2) The audited partnership's federal adjustments return shall be accompanied by payment of any combined additional tax due together with interest thereon. The federal adjustments return required by this section is a return subject to assessment under section 5747.13 of the Revised Code for the purpose of assessing any additional tax due under this section, together with any applicable penalty and interest. It shall not reopen those facts, figures, computations, or attachments from a previously filed return no longer subject to assessment that are not affected, either directly or indirectly, by the final federal adjustment.
- (3) The tax commissioner may accept estimated payments of 1289 the tax arising from pending federal adjustments before the date 1290 for filing a federal adjustments return. The commissioner may 1291 adopt rules for the payment of such estimated taxes. 1292
- (E) In the case of an overpayment, and unless otherwise 1293 agreed to in writing by the tax commissioner: 1294
- (1) A taxpayer may file an application for refund under 1295 this division within the ninety-day period prescribed for filing 1296 the amended return even if it is filed beyond the period 1297

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prescribed in section 5747.11 of the Revised Code if it	1298
otherwise conforms to the requirements of such section. An	1299
application filed under this division shall claim refund of	1300
overpayments resulting from alterations to only those facts,	1301
figures, computations, or attachments required in the taxpayer's	1302
annual return that are affected, either directly or indirectly,	1303
by the final federal adjustment to the taxpayer's federal income	1304
tax return unless it is also filed within the time prescribed in	1305
section 5747.11 of the Revised Code. It shall not reopen those	1306
facts, figures, computations, or attachments that are not	1307
affected, either directly or indirectly, by the adjustment to	1308
the taxpayer's federal income tax return.	1309

- (2) (a) Except as otherwise provided in division (E) (2) (b) 1310 of this section, an audited partnership may file an application 1311 for a refund under this division within the ninety-day period 1312 prescribed for filing the federal adjustments return, even if it 1313 is filed beyond the period prescribed by section 5747.11 of the 1314 Revised Code, if it otherwise conforms to the requirements of 1315 that section. An application filed under this division may claim 1316 a refund of overpayments resulting only from final federal 1317 adjustments unless it is also filed within the time prescribed 1318 by section 5747.11 of the Revised Code. It shall not reopen 1319 those facts, figures, computations, or attachments that are not 1320 affected, either directly or indirectly, by the federal 1321 adjustment. 1322
- (b) An audited partnership may not file an application for refund under division (E) of this section based on final federal adjustments described in section 6225(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code.
 - (3) Any refund granted to a pass-through entity filing an

application for refund under division (E) of this section shall	1328
be reduced by amounts previously claimed as a credit under	1329
section 5747.059 or division (I) of section 5747.08 of the	1330
Revised Code by the pass-through entity's direct or indirect	1331
investors.	1332
(F) Excluding the deadline in division (C)(2)(c)(ii) of	1333
this section, an audited partnership, or a direct or indirect	1334
investor of an audited partnership that is a pass-through	1335
entity, may automatically extend the deadline for reporting,	1336
payments, and refunds under this section by sixty days if the	1337
entity has ten thousand or more direct investors and notifies	1338
the commissioner of such extension, in writing, before the	1339
unextended deadline.	1340
Section 2. That existing sections 5747.01 and 5747.10 of	1341
the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	1342
Section 3. The amendment by this act of sections 5747.01	1343
and 5747.10 of the Revised Code applies to taxable years	1344
beginning on or after January 1, 2019.	1345
Notwithstanding the time limit prescribed in section	1346
5747.11 of the Revised Code, any taxpayer whose federal income	1347
tax return or liability was altered for a taxable year beginning	1348
before January 1, 2019, because the taxpayer paid federal income	1349
tax on an amount described in division (A)(34) of section	1350
5747.01 of the Revised Code may file a refund application with	1351
the Tax Commissioner, pursuant to section 5747.11 of the Revised	1352
Code, on or before December 31, 2020. The application for refund	1353
shall not reopen those facts, figures, computations, or	1354
attachments that are not affected, either directly or	1355
attachments that are not affected, either directly or indirectly, by the adjustment to the taxpayer's federal income	
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Sub. H. B. No. 18	
As Reported by the Senate Ways and Means Committee	

Section 4. Section 5747.01 of the Revised Code is	1358
presented in this act as a composite of the section as amended	1359
by H.B. 166 of the 133rd General Assembly and H.B. 24 and S.B.	1360
22 both of the 132nd General Assembly. The General Assembly,	1361
applying the principle stated in division (B) of section 1.52 of	1362
the Revised Code that amendments are to be harmonized if	1363
reasonably capable of simultaneous operation, finds that the	1364
composite is the resulting version of the section in effect	1365
prior to the effective date of the section as presented in this	1366
act.	1367

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