As Reported by the House Homeland Security Committee

135th General Assembly

Regular Session 2023-2024

Sub. H. B. No. 230

Representatives Abrams, Swearingen
Cosponsors: Representatives Carruthers, Miller, K.

A BILL

ГО	amend sections 1547.11, 1547.111, 2317.02,	1
	2317.022, 2925.01, 2925.03, 2925.11, 2929.14,	2
	2941.1422, 3313.60, 3314.03, 3326.11, 3328.24,	3
	3701.143, 3705.08, 4506.17, 4511.19, 4511.191,	4
	and 4511.192 and to enact sections 5.56,	5
	2905.321, 2941.1427, 3313.6030, 3313.6031, and	6
	3345.371 of the Revised Code to increase	7
	penalties for drug trafficking above certain	8
	amounts, to prohibit organized trafficking of	9
	persons, to authorize collecting oral fluid as	10
	evidence in suspected OVI cases, to require	11
	schools and institutions of higher education to	12
	incorporate instruction and policies on fentanyl	13
	awareness and abuse prevention, to designate the	14
	month of August as "Fentanyl Poisoning Awareness	15
	Month," and to amend the version of section	16
	3314.03 of the Revised Code that is scheduled to	17
	take effect January 1, 2025, to continue the	18
	changes on and after that effective date.	1 9

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

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- (6) Except as provided in division (H) of this section,

 the person has a concentration of any of the following

 controlled substances or metabolites of a controlled substance

 in the person's whole blood, blood serum or plasma, or urine

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 that equals or exceeds any of the following:

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- (a) The person has a concentration of amphetamine in the person's urine of at least five hundred nanograms of amphetamine per milliliter of the person's urine or has a concentration of amphetamine in the person's whole blood or blood serum or plasma of at least one hundred nanograms of amphetamine per milliliter of the person's whole blood or blood serum or plasma.
- (b) The person has a concentration of cocaine in the person's urine of at least one hundred fifty nanograms of cocaine per milliliter of the person's urine or has a concentration of cocaine in the person's whole blood or blood serum or plasma of at least fifty nanograms of cocaine per milliliter of the person's whole blood or blood serum or plasma.
- (c) The person has a concentration of cocaine metabolite in the person's urine of at least one hundred fifty nanograms of cocaine metabolite per milliliter of the person's urine or has a concentration of cocaine metabolite in the person's whole blood or blood serum or plasma of at least fifty nanograms of cocaine metabolite per milliliter of the person's whole blood or blood serum or plasma.
- (d) The person has a concentration of heroin in the person's urine of at least two thousand nanograms of heroin per milliliter of the person's urine or has a concentration of heroin in the person's whole blood or blood serum or plasma of at least fifty nanograms of heroin per milliliter of the person's whole blood or blood serum or plasma.

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- (e) The person has a concentration of heroin metabolite (6-monoacetyl morphine) in the person's urine of at least ten nanograms of heroin metabolite (6-monoacetyl morphine) per milliliter of the person's urine or has a concentration of heroin metabolite (6-monoacetyl morphine) in the person's whole blood or blood serum or plasma of at least ten nanograms of heroin metabolite (6-monoacetyl morphine) per milliliter of the person's whole blood or blood serum or plasma.
- (f) The person has a concentration of L.S.D. in the

 person's urine of at least twenty-five nanograms of L.S.D. per

 milliliter of the person's urine or has a concentration of

 L.S.D. in the person's whole blood or blood serum or plasma of

 at least ten nanograms of L.S.D. per milliliter of the person's

 whole blood or blood serum or plasma.

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- (g) The person has a concentration of marihuana in the 92 person's urine of at least ten nanograms of marihuana per 93 milliliter of the person's urine or has a concentration of 94 marihuana in the person's whole blood or blood serum or plasma 95 of at least two nanograms of marihuana per milliliter of the 96 person's whole blood or blood serum or plasma. 97
- (h) The state board of pharmacy has adopted a rule 98 pursuant to section 4729.041 of the Revised Code that specifies 99 the amount of salvia divinorum and the amount of salvinorin A 100 that constitute concentrations of salvia divinorum and 101 salvinorin A in a person's urine, in a person's whole blood, or 102 in a person's blood serum or plasma at or above which the person 103 is impaired for purposes of operating or being in physical 104 control of any vessel underway or manipulating any water skis, 105 aquaplane, or similar device on the waters of this state, the 106 rule is in effect, and the person has a concentration of salvia 107

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divinorum or salvinorin A of at least that amount so specified

by rule in the person's urine, in the person's whole blood, or

in the person's blood serum or plasma.

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- (i) Either of the following applies:
- (i) The person is under the influence of alcohol, a drug 112 of abuse, or a combination of them, and, as measured by gas 113 chromatography mass spectrometry, the person has a concentration 114 of marihuana metabolite in the person's urine of at least 115 fifteen nanograms of marihuana metabolite per milliliter of the 116 person's urine or has a concentration of marihuana metabolite in 117 the person's whole blood or blood serum or plasma of at least 118 five nanograms of marihuana metabolite per milliliter of the 119 person's whole blood or blood serum or plasma. 120
- (ii) As measured by gas chromatography mass spectrometry, 121 the person has a concentration of marihuana metabolite in the 122 123 person's urine of at least thirty-five nanograms of marihuana metabolite per milliliter of the person's urine or has a 124 concentration of marihuana metabolite in the person's whole 125 blood or blood serum or plasma of at least fifty nanograms of 126 marihuana metabolite per milliliter of the person's whole blood 127 or blood serum or plasma. 128
- (j) The person has a concentration of methamphetamine in the person's urine of at least five hundred nanograms of methamphetamine per milliliter of the person's urine or has a concentration of methamphetamine in the person's whole blood or blood serum or plasma of at least one hundred nanograms of methamphetamine per milliliter of the person's whole blood or blood serum or plasma.
 - (k) The person has a concentration of phencyclidine in the

person's urine of at least twenty-five nanograms of	137
phencyclidine per milliliter of the person's urine or has a	138
concentration of phencyclidine in the person's whole blood or	139
blood serum or plasma of at least ten nanograms of phencyclidine	140
per milliliter of the person's whole blood or blood serum or	141
plasma.	142
(B) No person under twenty-one years of age shall operate	143
or be in physical control of any vessel underway or shall	144
manipulate any water skis, aquaplane, or similar device on the	145
waters in this state if, at the time of the operation, control,	146
or manipulation, any of the following applies:	147
(1) The person has a concentration of at least two-	148
hundredths of one per cent, but less than eight-hundredths of	149
one per cent by weight per unit volume of alcohol in the	150
person's whole blood.	151
(2) The person has a concentration of at least three-	152
hundredths of one per cent but less than ninety-six-thousandths	153
of one per cent by weight per unit volume of alcohol in the	154
person's blood serum or plasma.	155
(3) The person has a concentration of at least twenty-	156
eight one-thousandths of one gram, but less than eleven-	157
hundredths of one gram by weight of alcohol per one hundred	158
milliliters of the person's urine.	159
(4) The person has a concentration of at least two-	160
hundredths of one gram, but less than eight-hundredths of one	161
gram by weight of alcohol per two hundred ten liters of the	162
person's breath.	163
(C) In any proceeding arising out of one incident, a	164

person may be charged with a violation of division (A)(1) and a

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violation of division (B)(1), (2), (3), or (4) of this section, but the person shall not be convicted of more than one violation of those divisions.

- (D)(1)(a) In any criminal prosecution or juvenile court 169 proceeding for a violation of division (A) or (B) of this 170 section or for an equivalent offense that is watercraft-related, 171 the result of any test of any blood, oral fluid, or urine 172 withdrawn and analyzed at any health care provider, as defined 173 in section 2317.02 of the Revised Code, may be admitted with 174 expert testimony to be considered with any other relevant and 175 competent evidence in determining the guilt or innocence of the 176 defendant. 177
- (b) In any criminal prosecution or juvenile court 178 proceeding for a violation of division (A) or (B) of this 179 section or for an equivalent offense that is watercraft-related, 180 the court may admit evidence on the <u>presence and</u> concentration 181 of alcohol, drugs of abuse, controlled substances, metabolites 182 of a controlled substance, or a combination of them in the 183 defendant's or child's whole blood, blood serum or plasma, 184 urine, oral fluid, or breath at the time of the alleged 185 violation as shown by chemical analysis of the substance 186 withdrawn, or specimen taken within three hours of the time of 187 the alleged violation. The three-hour time limit specified in 188 this division regarding the admission of evidence does not 189 extend or affect the two-hour time limit specified in division 190 (C) of section 1547.111 of the Revised Code as the maximum 191 period of time during which a person may consent to a chemical 192 test or tests as described in that section. The court may admit 193 evidence on the presence and concentration of alcohol, drugs of 194 abuse, or a combination of them as described in this division 195 when a person submits to a blood, breath, urine, oral fluid, or 196

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other bodily substance test at the request of a law enforcement	197
officer under section 1547.111 of the Revised Code or a blood or	198
urine sample is obtained pursuant to a search warrant. Only a	199
physician, a registered nurse, an emergency medical technician-	200
intermediate, an emergency medical technician-paramedic, or a	201
qualified technician, chemist, or phlebotomist shall withdraw	202
blood for the purpose of determining the alcohol, drug,	203
controlled substance, metabolite of a controlled substance, or	204
combination content of the whole blood, blood serum, or blood	205
plasma. This limitation does not apply to the taking of breath	206
oral fluid, or urine specimens. A person authorized to withdraw	207
blood under this division may refuse to withdraw blood under	208
this division if, in that person's opinion, the physical welfare	209
of the defendant or child would be endangered by withdrawing	210
blood.	211

The whole blood, blood serum or plasma, urine, <u>oral fluid</u>, or breath withdrawn under division (D)(1)(b) of this section shall be analyzed in accordance with methods approved by the director of health by an individual possessing a valid permit issued by the director pursuant to section 3701.143 of the Revised Code.

(2) In a criminal prosecution or juvenile court proceeding 218 for a violation of division (A) of this section or for an 219 equivalent offense that is watercraft-related, if there was at 220 the time the bodily substance was taken a concentration of less 221 than the applicable concentration of alcohol specified for a 222 violation of division (A)(2), (3), (4), or (5) of this section 223 or less than the applicable concentration of a listed controlled 224 substance or a listed metabolite of a controlled substance 225 specified for a violation of division (A)(6) of this section, 226 that fact may be considered with other competent evidence in 227

determining the guilt or innocence of the defendant or in making	228
an adjudication for the child. This division does not limit or	229
affect a criminal prosecution or juvenile court proceeding for a	230
violation of division (B) of this section or for a violation of	231
a prohibition that is substantially equivalent to that division.	232
(3) Upon the request of the person who was tested, the	233

33 results of the chemical test shall be made available to the 234 person or the person's attorney immediately upon completion of 235 the test analysis. 236

237 If the chemical test was administered pursuant to division (D) (1) (b) of this section, the person tested may have a 238 physician, a registered nurse, or a qualified technician, 239 chemist, or phlebotomist of the person's own choosing administer 240 a chemical test or tests in addition to any administered at the 241 direction of a law enforcement officer, and shall be so advised. 242 The failure or inability to obtain an additional test by a 243 person shall not preclude the admission of evidence relating to 244 the test or tests taken at the direction of a law enforcement 245 officer. 246

247 (E)(1) In any criminal prosecution or juvenile court proceeding for a violation of division (A) or (B) of this 248 section, of a municipal ordinance relating to operating or being 249 in physical control of any vessel underway or to manipulating 250 any water skis, aquaplane, or similar device on the waters of 251 this state while under the influence of alcohol, a drug of 252 abuse, or a combination of them, or of a municipal ordinance 253 relating to operating or being in physical control of any vessel 254 underway or to manipulating any water skis, aquaplane, or 255 similar device on the waters of this state with a prohibited 256 concentration of alcohol, a controlled substance, or a 257

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metabolite of a controlled substance in the whole blood, blood	258
serum or plasma, breath, <u>oral fluid,</u> or urine, if a law	259
enforcement officer has administered a field sobriety test to	260
the operator or person found to be in physical control of the	261
vessel underway involved in the violation or the person	262
manipulating the water skis, aquaplane, or similar device	263
involved in the violation and if it is shown by clear and	264
convincing evidence that the officer administered the test in	265
substantial compliance with the testing standards for reliable,	266
credible, and generally accepted field sobriety tests for	267
vehicles that were in effect at the time the tests were	268
administered, including, but not limited to, any testing	269
standards then in effect that have been set by the national	270
highway traffic safety administration, that by their nature are	271
not clearly inapplicable regarding the operation or physical	272
control of vessels underway or the manipulation of water skis,	273
aquaplanes, or similar devices, all of the following apply:	274

- (a) The officer may testify concerning the results of the 275 field sobriety test so administered. 276
- (b) The prosecution may introduce the results of the field 277 sobriety test so administered as evidence in any proceedings in 278 the criminal prosecution or juvenile court proceeding. 279
- (c) If testimony is presented or evidence is introduced under division (E)(1)(a) or (b) of this section and if the testimony or evidence is admissible under the Rules of Evidence, the court shall admit the testimony or evidence, and the trier of fact shall give it whatever weight the trier of fact considers to be appropriate.
- (2) Division (E)(1) of this section does not limit or 286 preclude a court, in its determination of whether the arrest of 287

a person was supported by probable cause or its determination of	288
any other matter in a criminal prosecution or juvenile court	289
proceeding of a type described in that division, from	290
considering evidence or testimony that is not otherwise	291
disallowed by division (E)(1) of this section.	292
(F)(1) Subject to division (F)(3) of this section, in any	293
criminal prosecution or juvenile court proceeding for a	294
violation of division (A) or (B) of this section or for an	295
equivalent offense that is substantially equivalent to either of	296
those divisions, the court shall admit as prima-facie evidence a	297
laboratory report from any laboratory personnel issued a permit	298
by the department of health authorizing an analysis as described	299
in this division that contains an analysis of the whole blood,	300
blood serum or plasma, breath, urine, or other bodily substance	301
tested and that contains all of the information specified in	302
this division. The laboratory report shall contain all of the	303
following:	304
(a) The signature, under oath, of any person who performed	305
the analysis;	306
(b) Any findings as to the identity and quantity of	307
alcohol, a drug of abuse, a controlled substance, a metabolite	308
of a controlled substance, or a combination of them that was	309
found;	310
(c) A copy of a notarized statement by the laboratory	311
director or a designee of the director that contains the name of	312
each certified analyst or test performer involved with the	313
report, the analyst's or test performer's employment	314
relationship with the laboratory that issued the report, and a	315
notation that performing an analysis of the type involved is	316
part of the analyst's or test performer's regular duties;	317

- (d) An outline of the analyst's or test performer's

 education, training, and experience in performing the type of

 analysis involved and a certification that the laboratory

 satisfies appropriate quality control standards in general and,

 in this particular analysis, under rules of the department of

 health.

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- (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law regarding 324 the admission of evidence, a report of the type described in 325 division (F)(1) of this section is not admissible against the 326 defendant or child to whom it pertains in any proceeding, other 327 than a preliminary hearing or a grand jury proceeding, unless 328 the prosecutor has served a copy of the report on the 329 defendant's or child's attorney or, if the defendant or child 330 has no attorney, on the defendant or child. 331
- (3) A report of the type described in division (F)(1) of 332 this section shall not be prima-facie evidence of the contents, 333 identity, or amount of any substance if, within seven days after 334 the defendant or child to whom the report pertains or the 335 defendant's or child's attorney receives a copy of the report, 336 the defendant or child or the defendant's or child's attorney 337 demands the testimony of the person who signed the report. The 338 judge in the case may extend the seven-day time limit in the 339 interest of justice. 340
- (G) Except as otherwise provided in this division, any
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 physician, registered nurse, emergency medical technicianintermediate, emergency medical technician-paramedic, or
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 qualified technician, chemist, or phlebotomist who withdraws
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 blood from a person pursuant to this section or section 1547.111
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 of the Revised Code, and a hospital, first-aid station, or
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 clinic at which blood is withdrawn from a person pursuant to
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section 4511.181 of the Revised Code.

this section or section 1547.111 of the Revised Code, is immune	348
from criminal and civil liability based upon a claim of assault	349
and battery or any other claim that is not a claim of	350
malpractice, for any act performed in withdrawing blood from the	351
person. The immunity provided in this division also extends to	352
an emergency medical service organization that employs an	353
emergency medical technician-intermediate or an emergency	354
medical technician-paramedic who withdraws blood under this	355
section. The immunity provided in this division is not available	356
to a person who withdraws blood if the person engages in willful	357
or wanton misconduct.	358
(H) Division (A)(6) of this section does not apply to a	359
person who operates or is in physical control of a vessel	360
underway or manipulates any water skis, aquaplane, or similar	361
device while the person has a concentration of a listed	362
controlled substance or a listed metabolite of a controlled	363
substance in the person's whole blood, blood serum or plasma, or	364
urine that equals or exceeds the amount specified in that	365
division, if both of the following apply:	366
(1) The person obtained the controlled substance pursuant	367
to a prescription issued by a licensed health professional	368
authorized to prescribe drugs.	369
(2) The person injected, ingested, or inhaled the	370
controlled substance in accordance with the health	371
professional's directions.	372
(I) As used in this section and section 1547.111 of the	373
Revised Code:	374
(1) "Equivalent offense" has the same meaning as in	375

(2) "National highway traffic safety administration" has	377
the same meaning as in section 4511.19 of the Revised Code.	378
(3) "Operate" means that a vessel is being used on the	379
waters in this state when the vessel is not securely affixed to	380
a dock or to shore or to any permanent structure to which the	381
vessel has the right to affix or that a vessel is not anchored	382
in a designated anchorage area or boat camping area that is	383
established by the United States coast guard, this state, or a	384
political subdivision and in which the vessel has the right to	385
anchor.	386
(4) "Controlled substance" and "marihuana" have the same	387
meanings as in section 3719.01 of the Revised Code.	388
(5) "Cocaine" and "L.S.D." have the same meanings as in	389
section 2925.01 of the Revised Code.	390
(6) "Equivalent offense that is watercraft-related" means	391
an equivalent offense that is one of the following:	392
(a) A violation of division (A) of this section;	393
(b) A violation of a municipal ordinance prohibiting a	394
person from operating or being in physical control of any vessel	395
underway or from manipulating any water skis, aquaplane, or	396
similar device on the waters of this state while under the	397
influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or a combination of them	398
or prohibiting a person from operating or being in physical	399
control of any vessel underway or from manipulating any water	400
skis, aquaplane, or similar device on the waters of this state	401
with a prohibited concentration of alcohol, a controlled	402
substance, or a metabolite of a controlled substance in the	403
whole blood, blood serum or plasma, breath, or urine;	404
(c) A violation of an existing or former municipal	405

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is in a condition rendering the person incapable of refusal

and is not required to give the person the form described in

division (C) of this section, but the officer shall advise the

person at the time of the arrest that if the person refuses to

means are necessary to ensure that the person submits to a

chemical test of the person's whole blood or blood serum or

taken at the person's own expense. The advice shall be in

plasma. The officer shall also advise the person at the time of

the arrest that the person may have an independent chemical test

take a chemical test the officer may employ whatever reasonable

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shall be deemed to have consented as provided in division (A)(1)	436
of this section, and the test or tests may be administered,	437
subject to sections 313.12 to 313.16 of the Revised Code.	438
(B)(1) If a law enforcement officer arrests a person for	439
operating or being in physical control of a vessel or	440
manipulating any water skis, aquaplane, or similar device in	441
violation of section 1547.11 of the Revised Code or a	442
substantially equivalent municipal ordinance and if the person	443
previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to two or	444
more violations of division (A) of section 1547.11 of the	445
Revised Code or other equivalent offenses, the law enforcement	446
officer shall request the person to submit, and the person shall	447
submit, to a chemical test or tests of the person's whole blood,	448
blood serum or plasma, breath, oral fluid, or urine for the	449
purpose of determining the alcohol, drug of abuse, controlled	450
substance, metabolite of a controlled substance, or combination	451
content of the person's whole blood, blood serum or plasma,	452
breath, oral fluid, or urine. A law enforcement officer who	453
makes a request pursuant to this division that a person submit	454
to a chemical test or tests is not required to advise the person	455
of the consequences of refusing to submit to the test or tests	456

written form prescribed by the chief of the division of parks and watercraft and shall be read to the person. The form shall contain a statement that the form was shown to the person under arrest and read to the person by the arresting officer. The reading of the form shall be witnessed by one or more persons, and the witnesses shall certify to this fact by signing the form. Divisions (A)(1)(b) and (A)(2) of this section apply to the administration of a chemical test or tests pursuant to this division.

- (2) If a person refuses to submit to a chemical test upon a request made pursuant to division (B)(1) of this section, the law enforcement officer who made the request may employ whatever reasonable means are necessary to ensure that the person submits to a chemical test of the person's whole blood or blood serum or plasma. A law enforcement officer who acts pursuant to this division to ensure that a person submits to a chemical test of the person's whole blood or blood serum or plasma is immune from criminal and civil liability based upon a claim for assault and battery or any other claim for the acts, unless the officer so acted with malicious purpose, in bad faith, or in a wanton or reckless manner.
- (C) Except as provided in division (B) of this section, any person under arrest for violating section 1547.11 of the Revised Code or a substantially equivalent municipal ordinance shall be advised of the consequences of refusing to submit to a chemical test or tests designated as provided in division (A) of this section. The advice shall be in a written form prescribed by the chief of the division of parks and watercraft and shall be read to the person. The form shall contain a statement that the form was shown to the person under arrest and read to the person by the arresting officer. The reading of the form shall

be witnessed by one or more persons, and the witnesses shall 497 certify to this fact by signing the form. The person must submit 498 to the chemical test or tests, subsequent to the request of the 499 arresting officer, within two hours of the time of the alleged 500 violation, and if the person does not submit to the test or 501 tests within that two-hour time limit, the failure to submit 502 automatically constitutes a refusal to submit to the test or 503 tests. 504

(D) Except as provided in division (B) of this section, if 505 506 a law enforcement officer asks a person under arrest for violating section 1547.11 of the Revised Code or a substantially 507 equivalent municipal ordinance to submit to a chemical test or 508 509 tests as provided in division (A) of this section, if the arresting officer advises the person of the consequences of the 510 person's refusal as provided in division (C) of this section, 511 and if the person refuses to submit, no chemical test shall be 512 given. Upon receipt of a sworn statement of the officer that the 513 arresting law enforcement officer had reasonable grounds to 514 believe the arrested person violated section 1547.11 of the 515 Revised Code or a substantially equivalent municipal ordinance 516 and that the person refused to submit to the chemical test upon 517 the request of the officer, and upon receipt of the form as 518 provided in division (C) of this section certifying that the 519 arrested person was advised of the consequences of the refusal, 520 the chief of the division of parks and watercraft shall inform 521 the person by written notice that the person is prohibited from 522 operating or being in physical control of a vessel, from 523 manipulating any water skis, aquaplane, or similar device, and 524 from registering any watercraft in accordance with section 525 1547.54 of the Revised Code, for one year following the date of 526 the alleged violation. The suspension of these operation, 527 physical control, manipulation, and registration privileges 528 shall continue for the entire one-year period, subject to review 529 as provided in this section. 530

If the person under arrest is the owner of the vessel 531 involved in the alleged violation, the law enforcement officer 532 who arrested the person shall seize the watercraft registration 533 certificate and tags from the vessel involved in the violation 534 and forward them to the chief. The chief shall retain the 535 impounded registration certificate and tags and shall impound 536 all other registration certificates and tags issued to the 537 person in accordance with sections 1547.54 and 1547.57 of the 538 Revised Code, for a period of one year following the date of the 539 alleged violation, subject to review as provided in this 540 section. 541

If the arrested person fails to surrender the registration 542 certificate because it is not on the person of the arrested 543 person or in the watercraft, the law enforcement officer who 544 made the arrest shall order the person to surrender it within 545 twenty-four hours to the law enforcement officer or the law 546 enforcement agency that employs the law enforcement officer. If 547 the person fails to do so, the law enforcement officer shall 548 notify the chief of that fact in the statement the officer 549 submits to the chief under this division. 550

(E) Upon suspending a person's operation, physical 551 control, manipulation, and registration privileges in accordance 552 with division (D) of this section, the chief shall notify the 553 person in writing, at the person's last known address, and 554 inform the person that the person may petition for a hearing in 555 accordance with division (F) of this section. If a person whose 556 operation, physical control, manipulation, and registration 557

privileges have been suspended petitions for a hearing or 558 appeals any adverse decision, the suspension shall begin at the 559 termination of any hearing or appeal unless the hearing or 560 appeal results in a decision favorable to the person. 561

(F) Any person who has been notified by the chief that the 562 person is prohibited from operating or being in physical control 563 of a vessel or manipulating any water skis, aquaplane, or 564 similar device and from registering any watercraft in accordance 565 with section 1547.54 of the Revised Code, or who has had the 566 567 registration certificate and tags of the person's watercraft impounded pursuant to division (D) of this section, within 568 twenty days of the notification or impoundment, may file a 569 petition in the municipal court or the county court, or if the 570 person is a minor in juvenile court, with jurisdiction over the 571 place at which the arrest occurred, agreeing to pay the cost of 572 the proceedings and alleging error in the action taken by the 573 chief under division (D) of this section or alleging one or more 574 of the matters within the scope of the hearing as provided in 575 this section, or both. The petitioner shall notify the chief of 576 the filing of the petition and send the chief a copy of the 577 petition. 578

The scope of the hearing is limited to the issues of 579 whether the law enforcement officer had reasonable grounds to 580 believe the petitioner was operating or in physical control of a 581 vessel or manipulating any water skis, aquaplane, or similar 582 device in violation of section 1547.11 of the Revised Code or a 583 substantially equivalent municipal ordinance, whether the 584 petitioner was placed under arrest, whether the petitioner 585 refused to submit to the chemical test upon request of the 586 officer, and whether the petitioner was advised of the 587 consequences of the petitioner's refusal. 588

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- (G)(1) The chief shall furnish the court a copy of the affidavit as provided in division (C) of this section and any other relevant information requested by the court.
- (2) In hearing the matter and in determining whether the 592 person has shown error in the decision taken by the chief as 593 provided in division (D) of this section, the court shall decide 594 the issue upon the relevant, competent, and material evidence 595 submitted by the chief or the person whose operation, physical 596 control, manipulation, and registration privileges have been 597 suspended.

In the proceedings, the chief shall be represented by the 599 prosecuting attorney of the county in which the petition is 600 filed if the petition is filed in a county court or juvenile 601 court, except that if the arrest occurred within a city or 602 village within the jurisdiction of the county court in which the 603 petition is filed, the city director of law or village solicitor 604 of that city or village shall represent the chief. If the 605 petition is filed in the municipal court, the chief shall be 606 represented as provided in section 1901.34 of the Revised Code. 607

(3) If the court finds from the evidence submitted that 608 the person has failed to show error in the action taken by the 609 chief under division (D) of this section or in one or more of 610 the matters within the scope of the hearing as provided in 611 division (F) of this section, or both, the court shall assess 612 the cost of the proceeding against the person and shall uphold 613 the suspension of the operation, physical control, use, and 614 registration privileges provided in division (D) of this 615 section. If the court finds that the person has shown error in 616 the action taken by the chief under division (D) of this section 617 or in one or more of the matters within the scope of the hearing 618

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as provided in division (F) of this section, or both, the cost	619
of the proceedings shall be paid out of the county treasury of	620
the county in which the proceedings were held, the chief shall	621
reinstate the operation, physical control, manipulation, and	622
registration privileges of the person without charge, and the	623
chief shall return the registration certificate and tags, if	624
impounded, without charge.	625
(4) The court shall give information in writing of any	626
action taken under this section to the chief.	627
(H) At the end of any period of suspension or impoundment	628
imposed under this section, and upon request of the person whose	629
operation, physical control, use, and registration privileges	630
were suspended or whose registration certificate and tags were	631
impounded, the chief shall reinstate the person's operation,	632
physical control, manipulation, and registration privileges by	633
written notice and return the certificate and tags.	634
(I) No person who has received written notice from the	635
chief that the person is prohibited from operating or being in	636
physical control of a vessel, from manipulating any water skis,	637
aquaplane, or similar device, and from registering a watercraft,	638
or who has had the registration certificate and tags of the	639
person's watercraft impounded, in accordance with division (D)	640
of this section, shall operate or be in physical control of a	641
vessel or manipulate any water skis, aquaplane, or similar	642
device for a period of one year following the date of the	643
person's alleged violation of section 1547.11 of the Revised	644
Code or the substantially equivalent municipal ordinance.	645

Sec. 2317.02. The following persons shall not testify in

certain respects:

(A)(1) An attorney, concerning a communication made to the	648
attorney by a client in that relation or concerning the	649
attorney's advice to a client, except that the attorney may	650
testify by express consent of the client or, if the client is	651
deceased, by the express consent of the surviving spouse or the	652
executor or administrator of the estate of the deceased client.	653
However, if the client voluntarily reveals the substance of	654
attorney-client communications in a nonprivileged context or is	655
deemed by section 2151.421 of the Revised Code to have waived	656
any testimonial privilege under this division, the attorney may	657
be compelled to testify on the same subject.	658

The testimonial privilege established under this division does not apply concerning either of the following:

- (a) A communication between a client in a capital case, as defined in section 2901.02 of the Revised Code, and the client's attorney if the communication is relevant to a subsequent ineffective assistance of counsel claim by the client alleging that the attorney did not effectively represent the client in the case;
- (b) A communication between a client who has since died and the deceased client's attorney if the communication is relevant to a dispute between parties who claim through that deceased client, regardless of whether the claims are by testate or intestate succession or by inter vivos transaction, and the dispute addresses the competency of the deceased client when the deceased client executed a document that is the basis of the dispute or whether the deceased client was a victim of fraud, undue influence, or duress when the deceased client executed a document that is the basis of the dispute.
 - (2) An attorney, concerning a communication made to the

attorney by a client in that relationship or the attorney's	678
advice to a client, except that if the client is an insurance	679
company, the attorney may be compelled to testify, subject to an	680
in camera inspection by a court, about communications made by	681
the client to the attorney or by the attorney to the client that	682
are related to the attorney's aiding or furthering an ongoing or	683
future commission of bad faith by the client, if the party	684
seeking disclosure of the communications has made a prima-facie	685
showing of bad faith, fraud, or criminal misconduct by the	686
client.	687

(B) (1) A physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or dentist concerning a communication made to the physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or dentist by a patient in that relation or the advice of a physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or dentist given to a patient, except as otherwise provided in this division, division (B) (2), and division (B) (3) of this section, and except that, if the patient is deemed by section 2151.421 of the Revised Code to have waived any testimonial privilege under this division, the physician or advanced practice registered nurse may be compelled to testify on the same subject.

The testimonial privilege established under this division does not apply, and a physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or dentist may testify or may be compelled to testify, in any of the following circumstances:

- (a) In any civil action, in accordance with the discovery provisions of the Rules of Civil Procedure in connection with a civil action, or in connection with a claim under Chapter 4123. of the Revised Code, under any of the following circumstances:
 - (i) If the patient or the guardian or other legal

representative of the patient gives express consent;	708
(ii) If the patient is deceased, the spouse of the patient	709
or the executor or administrator of the patient's estate gives	710
express consent;	711
(iii) If a medical claim, dental claim, chiropractic	712
claim, or optometric claim, as defined in section 2305.113 of	713
the Revised Code, an action for wrongful death, any other type	714
of civil action, or a claim under Chapter 4123. of the Revised	715
Code is filed by the patient, the personal representative of the	716
estate of the patient if deceased, or the patient's guardian or	717
other legal representative.	718
(b) In any civil action concerning court-ordered treatment	719
or services received by a patient, if the court-ordered	720
treatment or services were ordered as part of a case plan	721
journalized under section 2151.412 of the Revised Code or the	722
court-ordered treatment or services are necessary or relevant to	723
dependency, neglect, or abuse or temporary or permanent custody	724
proceedings under Chapter 2151. of the Revised Code.	725
(c) In any criminal action concerning any test or the	726
results of any test that determines the presence or	727
concentration of alcohol, a drug of abuse, a combination of	728
them, a controlled substance, or a metabolite of a controlled	729
substance in the patient's whole blood, blood serum or plasma,	730
breath, urine, oral fluid, or other bodily substance at any time	731
relevant to the criminal offense in question.	732
(d) In any criminal action against a physician, advanced	733
practice registered nurse, or dentist. In such an action, the	734
testimonial privilege established under this division does not	735
prohibit the admission into evidence, in accordance with the	736

Rules of Evidence, of a patient's medical or dental records or 737 other communications between a patient and the physician, 738 advanced practice registered nurse, or dentist that are related 739 to the action and obtained by subpoena, search warrant, or other 740 lawful means. A court that permits or compels a physician, 741 advanced practice registered nurse, or dentist to testify in 742 743 such an action or permits the introduction into evidence of patient records or other communications in such an action shall 744 745 require that appropriate measures be taken to ensure that the confidentiality of any patient named or otherwise identified in 746 the records is maintained. Measures to ensure confidentiality 747 that may be taken by the court include sealing its records or 748 deleting specific information from its records. 749

- (e)(i) If the communication was between a patient who has 750 since died and the deceased patient's physician, advanced 751 practice registered nurse, or dentist, the communication is 7.52 relevant to a dispute between parties who claim through that 753 deceased patient, regardless of whether the claims are by 754 testate or intestate succession or by inter vivos transaction, 755 and the dispute addresses the competency of the deceased patient 756 when the deceased patient executed a document that is the basis 757 of the dispute or whether the deceased patient was a victim of 758 fraud, undue influence, or duress when the deceased patient 759 executed a document that is the basis of the dispute. 760
- (ii) If neither the spouse of a patient nor the executor

 or administrator of that patient's estate gives consent under

 division (B) (1) (a) (ii) of this section, testimony or the

 disclosure of the patient's medical records by a physician,

 advanced practice registered nurse, dentist, or other health

 care provider under division (B) (1) (e) (i) of this section is a

 permitted use or disclosure of protected health information, as

defined	in	45	C.F	.R. 1	60.103,	and	an	authorization	or 7	768
opportur	nity	, to	be	hear	d shall	not	be	required.	7	769

- (iii) Division (B)(1)(e)(i) of this section does not require a mental health professional to disclose psychotherapy notes, as defined in 45 C.F.R. 164.501.
- (iv) An interested person who objects to testimony or 773 disclosure under division (B)(1)(e)(i) of this section may seek 774 a protective order pursuant to Civil Rule 26. 775
- (v) A person to whom protected health information is disclosed under division (B)(1)(e)(i) of this section shall not use or disclose the protected health information for any purpose other than the litigation or proceeding for which the information was requested and shall return the protected health information to the covered entity or destroy the protected health information, including all copies made, at the conclusion of the litigation or proceeding.
- (2) (a) If any law enforcement officer submits a written statement to a health care provider that states that an official criminal investigation has begun regarding a specified person or that a criminal action or proceeding has been commenced against a specified person, that requests the provider to supply to the officer copies of any records the provider possesses that pertain to any test or the results of any test administered to the specified person to determine the presence or concentration of alcohol, a drug of abuse, a combination of them, a controlled substance, or a metabolite of a controlled substance in the person's whole blood, blood serum or plasma, breath, oral fluid, or urine at any time relevant to the criminal offense in question, and that conforms to section 2317.022 of the Revised Code, the provider, except to the extent specifically prohibited

by any law of this state or of the United States, shall supply

to the officer a copy of any of the requested records the

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provider possesses. If the health care provider does not possess

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any of the requested records, the provider shall give the

officer a written statement that indicates that the provider

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does not possess any of the requested records.

- (b) If a health care provider possesses any records of the 804 type described in division (B)(2)(a) of this section regarding 805 the person in question at any time relevant to the criminal 806 807 offense in question, in lieu of personally testifying as to the results of the test in question, the custodian of the records 808 may submit a certified copy of the records, and, upon its 809 submission, the certified copy is qualified as authentic 810 evidence and may be admitted as evidence in accordance with the 811 Rules of Evidence. Division (A) of section 2317.422 of the 812 Revised Code does not apply to any certified copy of records 813 submitted in accordance with this division. Nothing in this 814 division shall be construed to limit the right of any party to 815 call as a witness the person who administered the test to which 816 the records pertain, the person under whose supervision the test 817 was administered, the custodian of the records, the person who 818 made the records, or the person under whose supervision the 819 records were made. 820
- (3) (a) If the testimonial privilege described in division 821 (B) (1) of this section does not apply as provided in division 822 (B)(1)(a)(iii) of this section, a physician, advanced practice 823 registered nurse, or dentist may be compelled to testify or to 824 submit to discovery under the Rules of Civil Procedure only as 825 to a communication made to the physician, advanced practice 826 registered nurse, or dentist by the patient in question in that 827 relation, or the advice of the physician, advanced practice 828

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registered nurse, or dentist given to the patient in question,

that related causally or historically to physical or mental

injuries that are relevant to issues in the medical claim,

dental claim, chiropractic claim, or optometric claim, action

for wrongful death, other civil action, or claim under Chapter

833

4123. of the Revised Code.

- (b) If the testimonial privilege described in division (B) 835 (1) of this section does not apply to a physician, advanced 836 practice registered nurse, or dentist as provided in division 837 (B)(1)(c) of this section, the physician, advanced practice 838 registered nurse, or dentist, in lieu of personally testifying 839 as to the results of the test in question, may submit a 840 certified copy of those results, and, upon its submission, the 841 certified copy is qualified as authentic evidence and may be 842 admitted as evidence in accordance with the Rules of Evidence. 843 Division (A) of section 2317.422 of the Revised Code does not 844 apply to any certified copy of results submitted in accordance 845 with this division. Nothing in this division shall be construed 846 to limit the right of any party to call as a witness the person 847 who administered the test in question, the person under whose 848 supervision the test was administered, the custodian of the 849 results of the test, the person who compiled the results, or the 850 person under whose supervision the results were compiled. 851
- (4) The testimonial privilege described in division (B)(1) of this section is not waived when a communication is made by a physician or advanced practice registered nurse to a pharmacist or when there is communication between a patient and a pharmacist in furtherance of the physician-patient or advanced practice registered nurse-patient relation.
 - (5) (a) As used in divisions (B) (1) to (4) of this section,

"communication" means acquiring, recording, or transmitting any	859
information, in any manner, concerning any facts, opinions, or	860
statements necessary to enable a physician, advanced practice	861
registered nurse, or dentist to diagnose, treat, prescribe, or	862
act for a patient. A "communication" may include, but is not	863
limited to, any medical or dental, office, or hospital	864
communication such as a record, chart, letter, memorandum,	865
laboratory test and results, x-ray, photograph, financial	866
statement, diagnosis, or prognosis.	867

- (b) As used in division (B)(2) of this section, "health care provider" means a hospital, ambulatory care facility, longterm care facility, pharmacy, emergency facility, or health care practitioner.
 - (c) As used in division (B)(5)(b) of this section:
- (i) "Ambulatory care facility" means a facility that provides medical, diagnostic, or surgical treatment to patients who do not require hospitalization, including a dialysis center, ambulatory surgical facility, cardiac catheterization facility, diagnostic imaging center, extracorporeal shock wave lithotripsy center, home health agency, inpatient hospice, birthing center, radiation therapy center, emergency facility, and an urgent care center. "Ambulatory health care facility" does not include the private office of a physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or dentist, whether the office is for an individual or group practice.
- (ii) "Emergency facility" means a hospital emergency department or any other facility that provides emergency medical services.
 - (iii) "Health care practitioner" has the same meaning as

in section 4769.01 of the Revised Code.	888
(iv) "Hospital" has the same meaning as in section 3727.01	889
of the Revised Code.	890
(v) "Long-term care facility" means a nursing home,	891
residential care facility, or home for the aging, as those terms	892
are defined in section 3721.01 of the Revised Code; a	893
residential facility licensed under section 5119.34 of the	894
Revised Code that provides accommodations, supervision, and	895
personal care services for three to sixteen unrelated adults; a	896
nursing facility, as defined in section 5165.01 of the Revised	897
Code; a skilled nursing facility, as defined in section 5165.01	898
of the Revised Code; and an intermediate care facility for	899
individuals with intellectual disabilities, as defined in	900
section 5124.01 of the Revised Code.	901
(vi) "Pharmacy" has the same meaning as in section 4729.01	902
of the Revised Code.	903
(d) As used in divisions (B)(1) and (2) of this section,	904
"drug of abuse" has the same meaning as in section 4506.01 of	905
the Revised Code.	906
(6) Divisions (B)(1), (2), (3), (4), and (5) of this	907
section apply to doctors of medicine, doctors of osteopathic	908
medicine, doctors of podiatry, advanced practice registered	909
nurses, and dentists.	910
(7) Nothing in divisions (B)(1) to (6) of this section	911
affects, or shall be construed as affecting, the immunity from	912
civil liability conferred by section 307.628 of the Revised Code	913
or the immunity from civil liability conferred by section	914
2305.33 of the Revised Code upon physicians or advanced practice	915
registered nurses who report an employee's use of a drug of	916

abuse, or a condition of an employee other than one involving	917
the use of a drug of abuse, to the employer of the employee in	918
accordance with division (B) of that section. As used in	919
division (B)(7) of this section, "employee," "employer," and	920
"physician" have the same meanings as in section 2305.33 of the	921
Revised Code and "advanced practice registered nurse" has the	922
same meaning as in section 4723.01 of the Revised Code.	923

- (C) (1) A cleric, when the cleric remains accountable to the authority of that cleric's church, denomination, or sect, concerning a confession made, or any information confidentially communicated, to the cleric for a religious counseling purpose in the cleric's professional character. The cleric may testify by express consent of the person making the communication, except when the disclosure of the information is in violation of a sacred trust and except that, if the person voluntarily testifies or is deemed by division (A) (4) (c) of section 2151.421 of the Revised Code to have waived any testimonial privilege under this division, the cleric may be compelled to testify on the same subject except when disclosure of the information is in violation of a sacred trust.
 - (2) As used in division (C) of this section:
- (a) "Cleric" means a member of the clergy, rabbi, priest,

 Christian Science practitioner, or regularly ordained,

 accredited, or licensed minister of an established and legally

 cognizable church, denomination, or sect.

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- (b) "Sacred trust" means a confession or confidential 942 communication made to a cleric in the cleric's ecclesiastical 943 capacity in the course of discipline enjoined by the church to 944 which the cleric belongs, including, but not limited to, the 945 Catholic Church, if both of the following apply: 946

(i) The confession or confidential communication was made	947
directly to the cleric.	948
(ii) The confession or confidential communication was made	949
in the manner and context that places the cleric specifically	950
and strictly under a level of confidentiality that is considered	951
inviolate by canon law or church doctrine.	952
(D) Husband or wife, concerning any communication made by	953
one to the other, or an act done by either in the presence of	954
the other, during coverture, unless the communication was made,	955
or act done, in the known presence or hearing of a third person	956
competent to be a witness; and such rule is the same if the	957
marital relation has ceased to exist;	958
(E) A person who assigns a claim or interest, concerning	959
any matter in respect to which the person would not, if a party,	960
be permitted to testify;	961
(F) A person who, if a party, would be restricted under	962
section 2317.03 of the Revised Code, when the property or thing	963
is sold or transferred by an executor, administrator, guardian,	964
trustee, heir, devisee, or legatee, shall be restricted in the	965
same manner in any action or proceeding concerning the property	966
or thing.	967
(G)(1) A school guidance counselor who holds a valid	968
educator license from the state board of education as provided	969
for in section 3319.22 of the Revised Code, a person licensed	970
under Chapter 4757. of the Revised Code as a licensed	971
professional clinical counselor, licensed professional	972
counselor, social worker, independent social worker, marriage	973
and family therapist or independent marriage and family	974
therapist, or registered under Chapter 4757. of the Revised Code	975

as a social work assistant concerning a confidential	976
communication received from a client in that relation or the	977
person's advice to a client unless any of the following applies:	978
(a) The communication or advice indicates clear and	979
present danger to the client or other persons. For the purposes	980
of this division, cases in which there are indications of	981
present or past child abuse or neglect of the client constitute	982
a clear and present danger.	983
(b) The client gives express consent to the testimony.	984
(c) If the client is deceased, the surviving spouse or the	985
executor or administrator of the estate of the deceased client	986
gives express consent.	987
(d) The client voluntarily testifies, in which case the	988
school guidance counselor or person licensed or registered under	989
Chapter 4757. of the Revised Code may be compelled to testify on	990
the same subject.	991
(e) The court in camera determines that the information	992
communicated by the client is not germane to the counselor-	993
client, marriage and family therapist-client, or social worker-	994
client relationship.	995
(f) A court, in an action brought against a school, its	996
administration, or any of its personnel by the client, rules	997
after an in-camera inspection that the testimony of the school	998
guidance counselor is relevant to that action.	999
(g) The testimony is sought in a civil action and concerns	1000
court-ordered treatment or services received by a patient as	1001
part of a case plan journalized under section 2151.412 of the	1002
Revised Code or the court-ordered treatment or services are	1003
necessary or relevant to dependency, neglect, or abuse or	1004

temporary or permanent	custody pro	ceedings under	Chapter	2151.	1005
of the Revised Code.					1006

- (2) Nothing in division (G)(1) of this section shall

 relieve a school guidance counselor or a person licensed or

 registered under Chapter 4757. of the Revised Code from the

 requirement to report information concerning child abuse or

 neglect under section 2151.421 of the Revised Code.

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- 1012 (H) A mediator acting under a mediation order issued under division (A) of section 3109.052 of the Revised Code or 1013 otherwise issued in any proceeding for divorce, dissolution, 1014 legal separation, annulment, or the allocation of parental 1015 rights and responsibilities for the care of children, in any 1016 action or proceeding, other than a criminal, delinquency, child 1017 abuse, child neglect, or dependent child action or proceeding, 1018 that is brought by or against either parent who takes part in 1019 mediation in accordance with the order and that pertains to the 1020 mediation process, to any information discussed or presented in 1021 the mediation process, to the allocation of parental rights and 1022 responsibilities for the care of the parents' children, or to 1023 the awarding of parenting time rights in relation to their 1024 children: 1025
- (I) A communications assistant, acting within the scope of 1026 the communication assistant's authority, when providing 1027 telecommunications relay service pursuant to section 4931.06 of 1028 the Revised Code or Title II of the "Communications Act of 1029 1934," 104 Stat. 366 (1990), 47 U.S.C. 225, concerning a 1030 communication made through a telecommunications relay service. 1031 Nothing in this section shall limit the obligation of a 1032 communications assistant to divulge information or testify when 1033 mandated by federal law or regulation or pursuant to subpoena in 1034

a criminal proceeding. 1035 Nothing in this section shall limit any immunity or 1036 privilege granted under federal law or regulation. 1037 (J) (1) A chiropractor in a civil proceeding concerning a 1038 communication made to the chiropractor by a patient in that 1039 relation or the chiropractor's advice to a patient, except as 1040 otherwise provided in this division. The testimonial privilege 1041 1042 established under this division does not apply, and a chiropractor may testify or may be compelled to testify, in any 1043 civil action, in accordance with the discovery provisions of the 1044 Rules of Civil Procedure in connection with a civil action, or 1045 in connection with a claim under Chapter 4123. of the Revised 1046 Code, under any of the following circumstances: 1047 (a) If the patient or the guardian or other legal 1048 representative of the patient gives express consent. 1049 (b) If the patient is deceased, the spouse of the patient 1050 or the executor or administrator of the patient's estate gives 1051 1052 express consent. (c) If a medical claim, dental claim, chiropractic claim, 1053 or optometric claim, as defined in section 2305.113 of the 1054 Revised Code, an action for wrongful death, any other type of 1055 civil action, or a claim under Chapter 4123. of the Revised Code 1056 is filed by the patient, the personal representative of the 1057 estate of the patient if deceased, or the patient's quardian or 1058 other legal representative. 1059 (2) If the testimonial privilege described in division (J) 1060 (1) of this section does not apply as provided in division (J) 1061 (1)(c) of this section, a chiropractor may be compelled to 1062 testify or to submit to discovery under the Rules of Civil 1063

Procedure only as to a communication made to the chiropractor by	1064
the patient in question in that relation, or the chiropractor's	1065
advice to the patient in question, that related causally or	1066
historically to physical or mental injuries that are relevant to	1067
issues in the medical claim, dental claim, chiropractic claim,	1068
or optometric claim, action for wrongful death, other civil	1069
action, or claim under Chapter 4123. of the Revised Code.	1070
(3) The testimonial privilege established under this	1071
division does not apply, and a chiropractor may testify or be	1072
compelled to testify, in any criminal action or administrative	1073
proceeding.	1074
(4) As used in this division, "communication" means	1075
acquiring, recording, or transmitting any information, in any	1076
manner, concerning any facts, opinions, or statements necessary	1077
to enable a chiropractor to diagnose, treat, or act for a	1078
patient. A communication may include, but is not limited to, any	1079
chiropractic, office, or hospital communication such as a	1080
record, chart, letter, memorandum, laboratory test and results,	1081
x-ray, photograph, financial statement, diagnosis, or prognosis.	1082
(K)(1) Except as provided under division (K)(2) of this	1083
section, a critical incident stress management team member	1084
concerning a communication received from an individual who	1085
receives crisis response services from the team member, or the	1086
team member's advice to the individual, during a debriefing	1087
session.	1088
(2) The testimonial privilege established under division	1089
(K) (1) of this section does not apply if any of the following	1090
are true:	1091

(a) The communication or advice indicates clear and

present danger to the individual who receives crisis response	1093
services or to other persons. For purposes of this division,	1094
cases in which there are indications of present or past child	1095
abuse or neglect of the individual constitute a clear and	1096
present danger.	1097
(b) The individual who received crisis response services	1098
gives express consent to the testimony.	1099
(c) If the individual who received crisis response	1100
services is deceased, the surviving spouse or the executor or	1101
administrator of the estate of the deceased individual gives	1102
express consent.	1103
(d) The individual who received crisis response services	1104
voluntarily testifies, in which case the team member may be	1105
compelled to testify on the same subject.	1106
(e) The court in camera determines that the information	1107
communicated by the individual who received crisis response	1108
services is not germane to the relationship between the	1109
individual and the team member.	1110
(f) The communication or advice pertains or is related to	1111
any criminal act.	1112
(3) As used in division (K) of this section:	1113
(a) "Crisis response services" means consultation, risk	1114
assessment, referral, and on-site crisis intervention services	1115
provided by a critical incident stress management team to	1116
individuals affected by crisis or disaster.	1117
(b) "Critical incident stress management team member" or	1118
"team member" means an individual specially trained to provide	1119
crisis response services as a member of an organized community	1120

or local crisis response team that holds membership in the Ohio	1121
critical incident stress management network.	1122
(c) "Debriefing session" means a session at which crisis	1123
response services are rendered by a critical incident stress	1124
management team member during or after a crisis or disaster.	1125
(L)(1) Subject to division (L)(2) of this section and	1126
except as provided in division (L)(3) of this section, an	1127
employee assistance professional, concerning a communication	1128
made to the employee assistance professional by a client in the	1129
employee assistance professional's official capacity as an	1130
employee assistance professional.	1131
(2) Division (L)(1) of this section applies to an employee	1132
assistance professional who meets either or both of the	1133
following requirements:	1134
(a) Is certified by the employee assistance certification	1135
commission to engage in the employee assistance profession;	1136
(b) Has education, training, and experience in all of the	1137
following:	1138
TOTTOWING.	1150
(i) Providing workplace-based services designed to address	1139
employer and employee productivity issues;	1140
(ii) Providing assistance to employees and employees'	1141
dependents in identifying and finding the means to resolve	1142
personal problems that affect the employees or the employees'	1143
performance;	1144
(iii) Identifying and resolving productivity problems	1145
associated with an employee's concerns about any of the	1146
following matters: health, marriage, family, finances, substance	1147
abuse or other addiction, workplace, law, and emotional issues;	1148
ababe of other addrection, workprace, raw, and emotional rosues,	1140

(iv) Selecting and evaluating available community	1149
resources;	1150
(v) Making appropriate referrals;	1151
(vi) Local and national employee assistance agreements;	1152
(vii) Client confidentiality.	1153
(3) Division (L)(1) of this section does not apply to any	1154
of the following:	1155
(a) A criminal action or proceeding involving an offense	1156
under sections 2903.01 to 2903.06 of the Revised Code if the	1157
employee assistance professional's disclosure or testimony	1158
relates directly to the facts or immediate circumstances of the	1159
offense;	1160
(b) A communication made by a client to an employee	1161
assistance professional that reveals the contemplation or	1162
commission of a crime or serious, harmful act;	1163
(c) A communication that is made by a client who is an	1164
unemancipated minor or an adult adjudicated to be incompetent	1165
and indicates that the client was the victim of a crime or	1166
abuse;	1167
(d) A civil proceeding to determine an individual's mental	1168
competency or a criminal action in which a plea of not guilty by	1169
reason of insanity is entered;	1170
(e) A civil or criminal malpractice action brought against	1171
the employee assistance professional;	1172
(f) When the employee assistance professional has the	1173
express consent of the client or, if the client is deceased or	1174
disabled, the client's legal representative;	1175

(g) When the testimonial privilege otherwise provided by	1176
division (L)(1) of this section is abrogated under law.	1177
	,,
Sec. 2317.022. (A) As used in this section:	1178
(1) "Health care provider" has the same meaning as in	1179
section 2317.02 of the Revised Code.	1180
(2) "Drug of shuge" has the game meaning as in section	1181
(2) "Drug of abuse" has the same meaning as in section	
4506.01 of the Revised Code.	1182
(B) If an official criminal investigation has begun	1183
regarding a person or if a criminal action or proceeding is	1184
commenced against a person, any law enforcement officer who	1185
wishes to obtain from any health care provider a copy of any	1186
records the provider possesses that pertain to any test or the	1187
result of any test administered to the person to determine the	1188
presence or concentration of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or	1189
alcohol and a drug of abuse in the person's blood, breath, oral	1190
fluid, or urine at any time relevant to the criminal offense in	1191
question shall submit to the health care facility a written	1192
statement in the following form:	1193
"WRITTEN STATEMENT REQUESTING THE RELEASE OF RECORDS	1194
To: (insert name of the health care	1195
provider in question).	1196
T househousehots that are afficially eniminal investigation has	1107
I hereby state that an official criminal investigation has	1197
begun regarding, or a criminal action or proceeding has been	1198
commenced against, (insert the name of the	1199
person in question), and that I believe that one or more tests	1200
has been administered to that person by this health care	1201
provider to determine the presence or concentration of alcohol,	1202
a drug of abuse, a combination of them, a controlled substance,	1203
or a metabolite of a controlled substance in that person's whole	1204

blood, blood serum or plasma, breath, oral flu	uid, or urine at a	1205
time relevant to the criminal offense in quest	ion. Therefore, I	1206
hereby request that, pursuant to division (B) (2) of section	1207
2317.02 of the Revised Code, this health care	provider supply me	1208
with copies of any records the provider posses	ses that pertain	1209
to any test or the results of any test adminis	tered to the	1210
person specified above to determine the present	ice or	1211
concentration of alcohol, a drug of abuse, a c	combination of	1212
them, a controlled substance, or a metabolite	of a controlled	1213
substance in that person's whole blood, blood	serum or plasma,	1214
breath, oral fluid, or urine at any time relev	rant to the	1215
criminal offense in question.		1216
		1217
(Name of officer)		1218
		1219
(Officer's title)		1220
		1221
(Officer's employing agency)		1222
		1223
(Officer's telephone number)		1224
		1225
		1226
		1227
(Agency's address)		1228
		1229
(Date written statement submitted)"		1230

(C) A health care provider that receives a written	1231
statement of the type described in division (B) of this section	1232
shall comply with division (B)(2) of section 2317.02 of the	1233
Revised Code relative to the written statement.	1234
Sec. 2905.321. (A)(1) No person shall knowingly organize,	1235
manage, direct, supervise, coordinate, facilitate, lead, assist,	1236
participate in, or finance an organization for trafficking in	1237
persons or an operation that furthers the criminal objectives of	1238
an organization or operation for trafficking in persons.	1239
(2) No person shall knowingly furnish advice or direction	1240
in the conduct, financing, or management of an organization or	1241
operation for trafficking in persons's affairs with the intent	1242
to promote or further the criminal objectives of an organization	1243
or operation for trafficking in persons.	1244
(B) No person shall knowingly direct or instruct others to	1245
engage in violence or intimidation to promote or further the	1246
criminal objectives of an organization or operation for	1247
trafficking in persons.	1248
(C) No person shall intentionally promote or further the	1249
criminal objectives of an organization or operation for	1250
trafficking in persons by inducing or committing any act or	1251
omission by a public servant in violation of the public	1252
<pre>servant's official duty.</pre>	1253
(D) No person shall knowingly assist an organization or	1254
operation for trafficking in persons by transporting a person,	1255
or procuring the transportation for a person with the intent to	1256
do either of the following:	1257
(1) Conceal the person from a peace officer;	1258
(2) Assist the person in fleeing from a peace officer who	1259

is attempting to lawfully arrest or detain the person.	1260
(E) Whoever violates this section is guilty of	1261
participating in an organization or operation for trafficking in	1262
persons, a felony of the first degree.	1263
(F) A prosecution for a violation of this section does not	1264
preclude a prosecution of a violation of any other section of	1265
the Revised Code. One or more acts, a series of acts, or a	1266
course of behavior that can be prosecuted under this section or	1267
any other section of the Revised Code may be prosecuted under	1268
this section, the other section of the Revised Code, or both	1269
sections.	1270
Sec. 2925.01. As used in this chapter:	1271
(A) "Administer," "controlled substance," "controlled	1272
substance analog," "dispense," "distribute," "hypodermic,"	1273
"manufacturer," "official written order," "person,"	1274
"pharmacist," "pharmacy," "sale," "schedule I," "schedule II,"	1275
"schedule III," "schedule IV," "schedule V," and "wholesaler"	1276
have the same meanings as in section 3719.01 of the Revised	1277
Code.	1278
(B) "Drug of abuse" and "person with a drug dependency"	1279
have the same meanings as in section 3719.011 of the Revised	1280
Code.	1281
(C) "Drug," "dangerous drug," "licensed health	1282
professional authorized to prescribe drugs," and "prescription"	1283
have the same meanings as in section 4729.01 of the Revised	1284
Code.	1285
(D) "Bulk amount" of a controlled substance means any of	1286
the following:	1287

(1) For any compound, mixture, preparation, or substance	1288
included in schedule I, schedule II, or schedule III, with the	1289
exception of any controlled substance analog, marihuana,	1290
cocaine, L.S.D., heroin, any fentanyl-related compound, and	1291
hashish and except as provided in division (D)(2) τ _or (5) τ -or	1292
(6) of this section, whichever of the following is applicable:	1293
(a) An amount equal to or exceeding ten grams or twenty-	1294
five unit doses of a compound, mixture, preparation, or	1295
substance that is or contains any amount of a schedule I opiate	1296
or opium derivative;	1297
(b) An amount equal to or exceeding ten grams of a	1298
compound, mixture, preparation, or substance that is or contains	1299
any amount of raw or gum opium;	1300
(c) An amount equal to or exceeding thirty grams or ten	1301
unit doses of a compound, mixture, preparation, or substance	1302
that is or contains any amount of a schedule I hallucinogen	1303
other than tetrahydrocannabinol or lysergic acid amide, or a	1304
schedule I stimulant or depressant;	1305
(d) An amount equal to or exceeding twenty grams or five	1306
times the maximum daily dose in the usual dose range specified	1307
in a standard pharmaceutical reference manual of a compound,	1308
mixture, preparation, or substance that is or contains any	1309
amount of a schedule II opiate or opium derivative;	1310
(e) An amount equal to or exceeding five grams or ten unit	1311
doses of a compound, mixture, preparation, or substance that is	1312
or contains any amount of phencyclidine;	1313
(f) An amount equal to or exceeding one hundred twenty	1314
grams or thirty times the maximum daily dose in the usual dose	1315
range specified in a standard pharmaceutical reference manual of	1316

a compound, mixture, preparation, or substance that is or	1317
contains any amount of a schedule II stimulant that is in a	1318
final dosage form manufactured by a person authorized by the	1319
"Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act," 52 Stat. 1040 (1938), 21	1320
U.S.C.A. 301, as amended, and the federal drug abuse control	1321
laws, as defined in section 3719.01 of the Revised Code, that is	1322
or contains any amount of a schedule II depressant substance or	1323
a schedule II hallucinogenic substance;	1324
(g) An amount equal to or exceeding three grams of a	1325
compound, mixture, preparation, or substance that is or contains	1326
any amount of a schedule II stimulant, or any of its salts or	1327
isomers, that is not in a final dosage form manufactured by a	1328
person authorized by the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act	1329
and the federal drug abuse control laws.	1330
(2) An amount equal to or exceeding one hundred twenty	1331
grams or thirty times the maximum daily dose in the usual dose	1332
range specified in a standard pharmaceutical reference manual of	1333
a compound, mixture, preparation, or substance that is or	1334
contains any amount of a schedule III or IV substance other than	1335
an anabolic steroid or a schedule III opiate or opium	1336
derivative;	1337
(3) An amount equal to or exceeding twenty grams or five	1338
times the maximum daily dose in the usual dose range specified	1339
in a standard pharmaceutical reference manual of a compound,	1340
mixture, preparation, or substance that is or contains any	1341
amount of a schedule III opiate or opium derivative;	1342
(4) An amount equal to or exceeding two hundred fifty	1343
milliliters or two hundred fifty grams of a compound, mixture,	1344
preparation, or substance that is or contains any amount of a	1345
schedule V substance;	1346

(5) An amount equal to or exceeding two hundred solid	1347
dosage units, sixteen grams, or sixteen milliliters of a	1348
compound, mixture, preparation, or substance that is or contains	1349
any amount of a schedule III anabolic steroid+	1350
(6) For any compound, mixture, preparation, or substance	1351
that is a combination of a fentanyl-related compound and any	1352
other compound, mixture, preparation, or substance included in	1353
schedule III, schedule IV, or schedule V, if the defendant is	1354
charged with a violation of section 2925.11 of the Revised Code	1355
and the sentencing provisions set forth in divisions (C) (10) (b)	1356
and (C)(11) of that section will not apply regarding the	1357
defendant and the violation, the bulk amount of the controlled-	1358
substance for purposes of the violation is the amount specified-	1359
in division (D)(1), (2), (3), (4), or (5) of this section for	1360
the other schedule III, IV, or V controlled substance that is	1361
combined with the fentanyl related compound.	1362
<pre>combined with the fentanyl related compound. (E) "Unit dose" means an amount or unit of a compound,</pre>	1362 1363
(E) "Unit dose" means an amount or unit of a compound,	1363
(E) "Unit dose" means an amount or unit of a compound, mixture, or preparation containing a controlled substance that	1363 1364
(E) "Unit dose" means an amount or unit of a compound, mixture, or preparation containing a controlled substance that is separately identifiable and in a form that indicates that it	1363 1364 1365
(E) "Unit dose" means an amount or unit of a compound, mixture, or preparation containing a controlled substance that is separately identifiable and in a form that indicates that it is the amount or unit by which the controlled substance is	1363 1364 1365 1366
(E) "Unit dose" means an amount or unit of a compound, mixture, or preparation containing a controlled substance that is separately identifiable and in a form that indicates that it is the amount or unit by which the controlled substance is separately administered to or taken by an individual.	1363 1364 1365 1366 1367
(E) "Unit dose" means an amount or unit of a compound, mixture, or preparation containing a controlled substance that is separately identifiable and in a form that indicates that it is the amount or unit by which the controlled substance is separately administered to or taken by an individual. (F) "Cultivate" includes planting, watering, fertilizing,	1363 1364 1365 1366 1367
(E) "Unit dose" means an amount or unit of a compound, mixture, or preparation containing a controlled substance that is separately identifiable and in a form that indicates that it is the amount or unit by which the controlled substance is separately administered to or taken by an individual. (F) "Cultivate" includes planting, watering, fertilizing, or tilling.	1363 1364 1365 1366 1367 1368 1369
 (E) "Unit dose" means an amount or unit of a compound, mixture, or preparation containing a controlled substance that is separately identifiable and in a form that indicates that it is the amount or unit by which the controlled substance is separately administered to or taken by an individual. (F) "Cultivate" includes planting, watering, fertilizing, or tilling. (G) "Drug abuse offense" means any of the following: 	1363 1364 1365 1366 1367 1368 1369
(E) "Unit dose" means an amount or unit of a compound, mixture, or preparation containing a controlled substance that is separately identifiable and in a form that indicates that it is the amount or unit by which the controlled substance is separately administered to or taken by an individual. (F) "Cultivate" includes planting, watering, fertilizing, or tilling. (G) "Drug abuse offense" means any of the following: (1) A violation of division (A) of section 2913.02 that	1363 1364 1365 1366 1367 1368 1369 1370
(E) "Unit dose" means an amount or unit of a compound, mixture, or preparation containing a controlled substance that is separately identifiable and in a form that indicates that it is the amount or unit by which the controlled substance is separately administered to or taken by an individual. (F) "Cultivate" includes planting, watering, fertilizing, or tilling. (G) "Drug abuse offense" means any of the following: (1) A violation of division (A) of section 2913.02 that constitutes theft of drugs, or a violation of section 2925.02,	1363 1364 1365 1366 1367 1368 1369 1370 1371 1372

(2) A violation of an existing or former law of this or	1376
any other state or of the United States that is substantially	1377
equivalent to any section listed in division (G)(1) of this	1378
section;	1379
(3) An offense under an existing or former law of this or	1380
any other state, or of the United States, of which planting,	1381
cultivating, harvesting, processing, making, manufacturing,	1382
producing, shipping, transporting, delivering, acquiring,	1383
possessing, storing, distributing, dispensing, selling, inducing	1384
another to use, administering to another, using, or otherwise	1385
dealing with a controlled substance is an element;	1386
(4) A conspiracy to commit, attempt to commit, or	1387
complicity in committing or attempting to commit any offense	1388
under division $(G)(1)$, (2) , or (3) of this section.	1389
(H) "Felony drug abuse offense" means any drug abuse	1390
offense that would constitute a felony under the laws of this	1391
state, any other state, or the United States.	1392
(I) "Harmful intoxicant" does not include beer or	1393
intoxicating liquor but means any of the following:	1394
(1) Any compound, mixture, preparation, or substance the	1395
gas, fumes, or vapor of which when inhaled can induce	1396
intoxication, excitement, giddiness, irrational behavior,	1397
depression, stupefaction, paralysis, unconsciousness,	1398
asphyxiation, or other harmful physiological effects, and	1399
includes, but is not limited to, any of the following:	1400
(a) Any volatile organic solvent, plastic cement, model	1401
cement, fingernail polish remover, lacquer thinner, cleaning	1402
fluid, gasoline, or other preparation containing a volatile	1403
organic solvent;	1404

(b) Any aerosol propellant;	1405
(c) Any fluorocarbon refrigerant;	1406
(d) Any anesthetic gas.	1407
(2) Gamma Butyrolactone;	1408
(3) 1,4 Butanediol.	1409
(J) "Manufacture" means to plant, cultivate, harvest,	1410
process, make, prepare, or otherwise engage in any part of the	1411
production of a drug, by propagation, extraction, chemical	1412
synthesis, or compounding, or any combination of the same, and	1413
includes packaging, repackaging, labeling, and other activities	1414
incident to production.	1415
(K) "Possess" or "possession" means having control over a	1416
thing or substance, but may not be inferred solely from mere	1417
access to the thing or substance through ownership or occupation	1418
of the premises upon which the thing or substance is found.	1419
(L) "Sample drug" means a drug or pharmaceutical	1420
preparation that would be hazardous to health or safety if used	1421
without the supervision of a licensed health professional	1422
authorized to prescribe drugs, or a drug of abuse, and that, at	1423
one time, had been placed in a container plainly marked as a	1424
sample by a manufacturer.	1425
(M) "Standard pharmaceutical reference manual" means the	1426
current edition, with cumulative changes if any, of references	1427
that are approved by the state board of pharmacy.	1428
(N) "Juvenile" means a person under eighteen years of age.	1429
(O) "Counterfeit controlled substance" means any of the	1430
following:	1 4 3 1

(1) Any drug that bears, or whose container or label	1432
bears, a trademark, trade name, or other identifying mark used	1433
without authorization of the owner of rights to that trademark,	1434
trade name, or identifying mark;	1435
(2) Any unmarked or unlabeled substance that is	1436
represented to be a controlled substance manufactured,	1437
processed, packed, or distributed by a person other than the	1438
person that manufactured, processed, packed, or distributed it;	1439
(3) Any substance that is represented to be a controlled	1440
substance but is not a controlled substance or is a different	1441
controlled substance;	1442
(4) Any substance other than a controlled substance that a	1443
reasonable person would believe to be a controlled substance	1444
because of its similarity in shape, size, and color, or its	1445
markings, labeling, packaging, distribution, or the price for	1446
which it is sold or offered for sale.	1447
(P) An offense is "committed in the vicinity of a school"	1448
if the offender commits the offense on school premises, in a	1449
school building, or within one thousand feet of the boundaries	1450
of any school premises, regardless of whether the offender knows	1451
the offense is being committed on school premises, in a school	1452
building, or within one thousand feet of the boundaries of any	1453
school premises.	1454
(Q) "School" means any school operated by a board of	1455
education, any community school established under Chapter 3314.	1456
of the Revised Code, or any nonpublic school for which the state	1457
board of education prescribes minimum standards under section	1458
3301.07 of the Revised Code, whether or not any instruction,	1459
extracurricular activities, or training provided by the school	1460

is being conducted at the time a criminal offense is committed.	1461
(R) "School premises" means either of the following:	1462
(1) The parcel of real property on which any school is	1463
situated, whether or not any instruction, extracurricular	1464
activities, or training provided by the school is being	1465
conducted on the premises at the time a criminal offense is	1466
committed;	1467
(2) Any other parcel of real property that is owned or	1468
leased by a board of education of a school, the governing	1469
authority of a community school established under Chapter 3314.	1470
of the Revised Code, or the governing body of a nonpublic school	1471
for which the state board of education prescribes minimum	1472
standards under section 3301.07 of the Revised Code and on which	1473
some of the instruction, extracurricular activities, or training	1474
of the school is conducted, whether or not any instruction,	1475
extracurricular activities, or training provided by the school	1476
is being conducted on the parcel of real property at the time a	1477
criminal offense is committed.	1478
(S) "School building" means any building in which any of	1479
the instruction, extracurricular activities, or training	1480
provided by a school is conducted, whether or not any	1481
instruction, extracurricular activities, or training provided by	1482
the school is being conducted in the school building at the time	1483
a criminal offense is committed.	1484
(T) "Disciplinary counsel" means the disciplinary counsel	1485
appointed by the board of commissioners on grievances and	1486
discipline of the supreme court under the Rules for the	1487
Government of the Bar of Ohio.	1488
(II) "Cortified griovance committee" means a duly	1 / 9 0

constituted and organized committee of the Ohio state bar	1490
association or of one or more local bar associations of the	1491
state of Ohio that complies with the criteria set forth in Rule	1492
V, section 6 of the Rules for the Government of the Bar of Ohio.	1493
(V) "Professional license" means any license, permit,	1494
certificate, registration, qualification, admission, temporary	1495
license, temporary permit, temporary certificate, or temporary	1496
registration that is described in divisions (W)(1) to (37) of	1497
this section and that qualifies a person as a professionally	1498
licensed person.	1499
(W) "Professionally licensed person" means any of the	1500
following:	1501
(1) A person who has received a certificate or temporary	1502
certificate as a certified public accountant or who has	1503
registered as a public accountant under Chapter 4701. of the	1504
Revised Code and who holds an Ohio permit issued under that	1505
chapter;	1506
(2) A person who holds a certificate of qualification to	1507
practice architecture issued or renewed and registered under	1508
Chapter 4703. of the Revised Code;	1509
(3) A person who is registered as a landscape architect	1510
under Chapter 4703. of the Revised Code or who holds a permit as	1511
a landscape architect issued under that chapter;	1512
(4) A person licensed under Chapter 4707. of the Revised	1513
Code;	1514
(5) A person who has been issued a certificate of	1515
registration as a registered barber under Chapter 4709. of the	1516
Revised Code;	1517

(6) A person licensed and regulated to engage in the	1518
business of a debt pooling company by a legislative authority,	1519
under authority of Chapter 4710. of the Revised Code;	1520
(7) A person who has been issued a cosmetologist's	1521
license, hair designer's license, manicurist's license,	1522
esthetician's license, natural hair stylist's license, advanced	1523
cosmetologist's license, advanced hair designer's license,	1524
advanced manicurist's license, advanced esthetician's license,	1525
advanced natural hair stylist's license, cosmetology	1526
instructor's license, hair design instructor's license,	1527
manicurist instructor's license, esthetics instructor's license,	1528
natural hair style instructor's license, independent	1529
contractor's license, or tanning facility permit under Chapter	1530
4713. of the Revised Code;	1531
(8) A person who has been issued a license to practice	1532
dentistry, a general anesthesia permit, a conscious sedation	1533
permit, a limited resident's license, a limited teaching	1534
license, a dental hygienist's license, or a dental hygienist's	1535
teacher's certificate under Chapter 4715. of the Revised Code;	1536
(9) A person who has been issued an embalmer's license, a	1537
funeral director's license, a funeral home license, or a	1538
crematory license, or who has been registered for an embalmer's	1539
or funeral director's apprenticeship under Chapter 4717. of the	1540
Revised Code;	1541
(10) A person who has been licensed as a registered nurse	1542
or practical nurse, or who has been issued a certificate for the	1543
practice of nurse-midwifery under Chapter 4723. of the Revised	1544
Code;	1545
(11) A person who has been licensed to practice optometry	1546

or to engage in optical dispensing under Chapter 4725. of the	1547
Revised Code;	1548
(12) A person licensed to act as a pawnbroker under	1549
Chapter 4727. of the Revised Code;	1550
(13) A person licensed to act as a precious metals dealer	1551
under Chapter 4728. of the Revised Code;	1552
(14) A person licensed under Chapter 4729. of the Revised	1553
Code as a pharmacist or pharmacy intern or registered under that	1554
chapter as a registered pharmacy technician, certified pharmacy	1555
technician, or pharmacy technician trainee;	1556
(15) A person licensed under Chapter 4729. of the Revised	1557
Code as a manufacturer of dangerous drugs, outsourcing facility,	1558
third-party logistics provider, repackager of dangerous drugs,	1559
wholesale distributor of dangerous drugs, or terminal	1560
distributor of dangerous drugs;	1561
(16) A person who is authorized to practice as a physician	1562
assistant under Chapter 4730. of the Revised Code;	1563
(17) A person who has been issued a license to practice	1564
medicine and surgery, osteopathic medicine and surgery, or	1565
podiatric medicine and surgery under Chapter 4731. of the	1566
Revised Code or has been issued a certificate to practice a	1567
limited branch of medicine under that chapter;	1568
(18) A person licensed as a psychologist, independent	1569
school psychologist, or school psychologist under Chapter 4732.	1570
of the Revised Code;	1571
(19) A person registered to practice the profession of	1572
engineering or surveying under Chapter 4733. of the Revised	1573
Code;	1574

(20) A person who has been issued a license to practice	1575
chiropractic under Chapter 4734. of the Revised Code;	1576
(21) A person licensed to act as a real estate broker or	1577
real estate salesperson under Chapter 4735. of the Revised Code	1578
	1.570
(22) A person registered as a registered environmental	1579
health specialist under Chapter 4736. of the Revised Code;	1580
(23) A person licensed to operate or maintain a junkyard	1581
under Chapter 4737. of the Revised Code;	1582
(24) A person who has been issued a motor vehicle salvage	1583
dealer's license under Chapter 4738. of the Revised Code;	1584
(25) A person who has been licensed to act as a steam	1585
engineer under Chapter 4739. of the Revised Code;	1586
engineer under enapter 1755. Or the Nevibed Code,	1000
(26) A person who has been issued a license or temporary	1587
permit to practice veterinary medicine or any of its branches,	1588
or who is registered as a graduate animal technician under	1589
Chapter 4741. of the Revised Code;	1590
(27) A person who has been issued a hearing aid dealer's	1591
or fitter's license or trainee permit under Chapter 4747. of th	ne 1592
Revised Code;	1593
(28) A person who has been issued a class A, class B, or	1594
class C license or who has been registered as an investigator of	
security guard employee under Chapter 4749. of the Revised Code	
	1505
(29) A person licensed to practice as a nursing home	1597
administrator under Chapter 4751. of the Revised Code;	1598
(30) A person licensed to practice as a speech-language	1599
pathologist or audiologist under Chapter 4753. of the Revised	1600
Code;	1601

(31) A person issued a license as an occupational	1602
therapist or physical therapist under Chapter 4755. of the	1603
Revised Code;	1604
(32) A person who is licensed as a licensed professional	1605
clinical counselor, licensed professional counselor, social	1606
worker, independent social worker, independent marriage and	1607
family therapist, or marriage and family therapist, or	1608
registered as a social work assistant under Chapter 4757. of the	1609
Revised Code;	1610
(33) A person issued a license to practice dietetics under	1611
Chapter 4759. of the Revised Code;	1612
(34) A person who has been issued a license or limited	1613
permit to practice respiratory therapy under Chapter 4761. of	1614
the Revised Code;	1615
(35) A person who has been issued a real estate appraiser	1616
certificate under Chapter 4763. of the Revised Code;	1617
(36) A person who has been issued a home inspector license	1618
under Chapter 4764. of the Revised Code;	1619
(37) A person who has been admitted to the bar by order of	1620
the supreme court in compliance with its prescribed and	1621
published rules.	1622
(X) "Cocaine" means any of the following:	1623
(1) A cocaine salt, isomer, or derivative, a salt of a	1624
cocaine isomer or derivative, or the base form of cocaine;	1625
(2) Coca leaves or a salt, compound, derivative, or	1626
preparation of coca leaves, including ecgonine, a salt, isomer,	1627
or derivative of ecgonine, or a salt of an isomer or derivative	1628
of ecgonine;	1629

(3) A salt, compound, derivative, or preparation of a	1630
substance identified in division $(X)(1)$ or (2) of this section	1631
that is chemically equivalent to or identical with any of those	1632
substances, except that the substances shall not include	1633
decocainized coca leaves or extraction of coca leaves if the	1634
extractions do not contain cocaine or ecgonine.	1635
(Y) "L.S.D." means lysergic acid diethylamide.	1636
(Z) "Hashish" means a resin or a preparation of a resin to	1637
which both of the following apply:	1638
(1) It is contained in or derived from any part of the	1639
plant of the genus cannabis, whether in solid form or in a	1640
liquid concentrate, liquid extract, or liquid distillate form.	1641
(2) It has a delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of	1642
more than three-tenths per cent.	1643
"Hashish" does not include a hemp byproduct in the	1644
possession of a licensed hemp processor under Chapter 928. of	1645
the Revised Code, provided that the hemp byproduct is being	1646
produced, stored, and disposed of in accordance with rules	1647
adopted under section 928.03 of the Revised Code.	1648
(AA) "Marihuana" has the same meaning as in section	1649
3719.01 of the Revised Code, except that it does not include	1650
hashish.	1651
(BB) An offense is "committed in the vicinity of a	1652
juvenile" if the offender commits the offense within one hundred	1653
feet of a juvenile or within the view of a juvenile, regardless	1654
of whether the offender knows the age of the juvenile, whether	1655
the offender knows the offense is being committed within one	1656
hundred feet of or within view of the juvenile, or whether the	1657

(CC) "Presumption for a prison term" or "presumption that	1659
a prison term shall be imposed" means a presumption, as	1660
described in division (D) of section 2929.13 of the Revised	1661
Code, that a prison term is a necessary sanction for a felony in	1662
order to comply with the purposes and principles of sentencing	1663
under section 2929.11 of the Revised Code.	1664
(DD) "Major drug offender" has the same meaning as in	1665
section 2929.01 of the Revised Code.	1666
(EE) "Minor drug possession offense" means either of the	1667
following:	1668
TOTTOWING.	1000
(1) A violation of section 2925.11 of the Revised Code as	1669
it existed prior to July 1, 1996;	1670
(2) A violation of section 2925.11 of the Revised Code as	1671
it exists on and after July 1, 1996, that is a misdemeanor or a	1672
felony of the fifth degree.	1673
(FF) "Mandatory prison term" has the same meaning as in	1674
section 2929.01 of the Revised Code.	1675
(GG) "Adulterate" means to cause a drug to be adulterated	1676
as described in section 3715.63 of the Revised Code.	1677
as described in section 3/13.03 of the Revised code.	1077
(HH) "Public premises" means any hotel, restaurant,	1678
tavern, store, arena, hall, or other place of public	1679
accommodation, business, amusement, or resort.	1680
(II) "Methamphetamine" means methamphetamine, any salt,	1681
isomer, or salt of an isomer of methamphetamine, or any	1682
compound, mixture, preparation, or substance containing	1683
methamphetamine or any salt, isomer, or salt of an isomer of	1684
methamphetamine.	1685
(JJ) "Deception" has the same meaning as in section	1686
(00) Deception has the same meaning as in section	1000

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(14) Acetyl-alpha-methylfentanyl (N-[1-(1-methyl-2-	1713
phenethyl)-4- piperidinyl]-N-phenylacetamide); and	1714
phoneenyl, a piperialnyl, a phonylacecamiae,, and	1/1-
(15) Any compound that meets all of the following fentanyl	1715
pharmacophore requirements to bind at the mu receptor, as	1716
identified by a report from an established forensic laboratory,	1717
including acetylfentanyl, furanylfentanyl, valerylfentanyl,	1718
butyrylfentanyl, isobutyrylfentanyl, 4-methoxybutyrylfentanyl,	1719
para-fluorobutyrylfentanyl, acrylfentanyl, and ortho-	1720
fluorofentanyl:	1721
(a) A chemical scaffold consisting of both of the	1722
following:	1723
(i) A five, six, or seven member ring structure containing	1724
a nitrogen, whether or not further substituted;	1725
(ii) An attached nitrogen to the ring, whether or not that	1726
nitrogen is enclosed in a ring structure, including an attached	1727
aromatic ring or other lipophilic group to that nitrogen.	1728
(b) A polar functional group attached to the chemical	1729
scaffold, including but not limited to a hydroxyl, ketone,	1730
amide, or ester;	1731
(c) An alkyl or aryl substitution off the ring nitrogen of	1732
the chemical scaffold; and	1733
(d) The compound has not been approved for medical use by	1734
the United States food and drug administration.	1735
(LL) "First degree felony mandatory prison term" means one	1736
of the definite prison terms prescribed in division (A)(1)(b) of	1737
section 2929.14 of the Revised Code for a felony of the first	1738
degree, except that if the violation for which sentence is being	1739
imposed is committed on or after March 22, 2019, it means one of	1740

the minimum prison terms prescribed in division (A)(1)(a) of	1741
that section for a felony of the first degree.	1742
(MM) "Second degree felony mandatory prison term" means	1743
one of the definite prison terms prescribed in division (A)(2)	1744
(b) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code for a felony of the	1745
second degree, except that if the violation for which sentence	1746
is being imposed is committed on or after March 22, 2019, it	1747
means one of the minimum prison terms prescribed in division (A)	1748
(2) (a) of that section for a felony of the second degree.	1749
(NN) "Maximum first degree felony mandatory prison term"	1750
means the maximum definite prison term prescribed in division	1751
(A)(1)(b) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code for a felony of	1752
the first degree, except that if the violation for which	1753
sentence is being imposed is committed on or after March 22,	1754
2019, it means the longest minimum prison term prescribed in	1755
division (A)(1)(a) of that section for a felony of the first	1756
degree.	1757
(00) "Maximum second degree felony mandatory prison term"	1758
means the maximum definite prison term prescribed in division	1759
(A)(2)(b) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code for a felony of	1760
the second degree, except that if the violation for which	1761
sentence is being imposed is committed on or after March 22,	1762
2019, it means the longest minimum prison term prescribed in	1763
division (A)(2)(a) of that section for a felony of the second	1764
degree.	1765
(PP) "Delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol" has the same meaning	1766
as in section 928.01 of the Revised Code.	1767
(QQ) An offense is "committed in the vicinity of a	1768

substance addiction services provider or a recovering addict" if

either of the following apply:

- (1) The offender commits the offense on the premises of a 1771 substance addiction services provider's facility, including a 1772 facility licensed prior to June 29, 2019, under section 5119.391 1773 of the Revised Code to provide methadone treatment or an opioid 1774 treatment program licensed on or after that date under section 1775 5119.37 of the Revised Code, or within five hundred feet of the 1776 premises of a substance addiction services provider's facility 1777 and the offender knows or should know that the offense is being 1778 committed within the vicinity of the substance addiction 1779 services provider's facility. 1780
- (2) The offender sells, offers to sell, delivers, or 1781 distributes the controlled substance or controlled substance 1782 analog to a person who is receiving treatment at the time of the 1783 commission of the offense, or received treatment within thirty 1784 days prior to the commission of the offense, from a substance 1785 addiction services provider and the offender knows that the 1786 person is receiving or received that treatment. 1787
- (RR) "Substance addiction services provider" means an 1788 agency, association, corporation or other legal entity, 1789 individual, or program that provides one or more of the 1790 following at a facility: 1791
- (1) Either alcohol addiction services, or drug addiction 1792 services, or both such services that are certified by the 1793 director of mental health and addiction services under section 1794 5119.36 of the Revised Code; 1795
- (2) Recovery supports that are related to either alcohol 1796 addiction services, or drug addiction services, or both such 1797 services and paid for with federal, state, or local funds 1798

administered by the department of mental health and addiction	1799
services or a board of alcohol, drug addiction, and mental	1800
health services.	1801
(SS) "Premises of a substance addiction services	1802
provider's facility" means the parcel of real property on which	1803
any substance addiction service provider's facility is situated.	1804
any substance addrection service provider s ractifity is situated.	1004
(TT) "Alcohol and drug addiction services" has the same	1805
meaning as in section 5119.01 of the Revised Code.	1806
Sec. 2925.03. (A) No person shall knowingly do any of the	1807
following:	1808
(1) Sell or offer to sell a controlled substance or a	1809
controlled substance analog;	1810
(2) Prepare for shipment, ship, transport, deliver,	1811
prepare for distribution, or distribute a controlled substance	1812
or a controlled substance analog, when the offender knows or has	1813
reasonable cause to believe that the controlled substance or a	1814
controlled substance analog is intended for sale or resale by	1815
the offender or another person.	1816
(B) This section does not apply to any of the following:	1817
(1) Manufacturers, licensed health professionals	1818
authorized to prescribe drugs, pharmacists, owners of	1819
pharmacies, and other persons whose conduct is in accordance	1820
with Chapters 3719., 4715., 4723., 4729., 4730., 4731., and	1821
4741. of the Revised Code;	1822
(2) If the offense involves an anabolic steroid, any	1823
person who is conducting or participating in a research project	1824
involving the use of an anabolic steroid if the project has been	1825
approved by the United States food and drug administration;	1826

(3) Any person who sells, offers for sale, prescribes,	1827
dispenses, or administers for livestock or other nonhuman	1828
species an anabolic steroid that is expressly intended for	1829
administration through implants to livestock or other nonhuman	1830
species and approved for that purpose under the "Federal Food,	1831
Drug, and Cosmetic Act," 52 Stat. 1040 (1938), 21 U.S.C.A. 301,	1832
as amended, and is sold, offered for sale, prescribed,	1833
dispensed, or administered for that purpose in accordance with	1834
that act.	1835
(C) Whoever violates division (A) of this section is	1836
guilty of one of the following:	1837
(1) If the drug involved in the violation is any compound,	1838
mixture, preparation, or substance included in schedule I or	1839
schedule II, with the exception of marihuana, cocaine, L.S.D.,	1840
heroin, any fentanyl-related compound, hashish, methamphetamine,	1841
and any controlled substance analog, whoever violates division	1842
(A) of this section is guilty of aggravated trafficking in	1843
drugs. The penalty for the offense shall be determined as	1844
follows:	1845
(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(1)(b),	1846
(c), (d), (e), or (f) of this section, aggravated trafficking in	1847
drugs is a felony of the fourth degree, and division (C) of	1848
section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining	1849
whether to impose a prison term on the offender.	1850
(b) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(1)(c),	1851
(d), (e), or (f) of this section, if the offense was committed	1852
in the vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a juvenile, or	1853
in the vicinity of a substance addiction services provider or a	1854
recovering addict, aggravated trafficking in drugs is a felony	1855

of the third degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13 of the

Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a prison 1857 term on the offender.

- (c) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 1859 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds the bulk amount 1860 but is less than five times the bulk amount, aggravated 1861 trafficking in drugs is a felony of the third degree, and, 1862 except as otherwise provided in this division, there is a 1863 presumption for a prison term for the offense. If aggravated 1864 trafficking in drugs is a felony of the third degree under this 1865 division and if the offender two or more times previously has 1866 been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a felony drug abuse 1867 offense, the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term one 1868 of the prison terms prescribed for a felony of the third degree. 1869 If the amount of the drug involved is within that range and if 1870 the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school, in the 1871 vicinity of a juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance 1872 addiction services provider or a recovering addict, aggravated 1873 trafficking in drugs is a felony of the second degree, and the 1874 court shall impose as a mandatory prison term a second degree 1875 felony mandatory prison term. 1876
- (d) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 1877 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds five times the 1878 bulk amount but is less than fifty times the bulk amount, 1879 aggravated trafficking in drugs is a felony of the second 1880 degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term a 1881 second degree felony mandatory prison term. If the amount of the 1882 drug involved is within that range and if the offense was 1883 committed in the vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a 1884 juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance addiction services 1885 provider or a recovering addict, aggravated trafficking in drugs 1886 is a felony of the first degree, and the court shall impose as a 1887

mandatory prison term a first degree felony mandatory prison	1888
term.	1889
(e) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	1890
fifty times the bulk amount but is less than one hundred times	1891
the bulk amount and regardless of whether the offense was	1892
committed in the vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a	1893
juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance addiction services	1894
provider or a recovering addict, aggravated trafficking in drugs	1895
is a felony of the first degree, and the court shall impose as a	1896
mandatory prison term a first degree felony mandatory prison	1897
term.	1898
(f) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	1899
one hundred times the bulk amount and regardless of whether the	1900
offense was committed in the vicinity of a school, in the	1901
vicinity of a juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance	1902
addiction services provider or a recovering addict, aggravated	1903
trafficking in drugs is a felony of the first degree, the	1904
offender is a major drug offender, and the court shall impose as	1905
a mandatory prison term a maximum first degree felony mandatory	1906
prison term.	1907
(2) If the drug involved in the violation is any compound,	1908
mixture, preparation, or substance included in schedule III, IV,	1909
or V, whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty of	1910
trafficking in drugs. The penalty for the offense shall be	1911
determined as follows:	1912
(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(2)(b),	1913
(c), (d), or (e) of this section, trafficking in drugs is a	1914
felony of the fifth degree, and division (B) of section 2929.13	1915
of the Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a	1916
prison term on the offender.	1917

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(b) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(2)(c),	1918
(d), or (e) of this section, if the offense was committed in the	1919
vicinity of a school or in the vicinity of a juvenile,	1920
trafficking in drugs is a felony of the fourth degree, and	1921
division (C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in	1922
determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender.	1923
(c) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the	1924
amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds the bulk amount	1925
but is less than five times the bulk amount, trafficking in	1926
drugs is a felony of the fourth degree, and division (B) of	1927
section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining	1928
whether to impose a prison term for the offense. If the amount	1929
of the drug involved is within that range and if the offense was	1930
committed in the vicinity of a school or in the vicinity of a	1931
juvenile, trafficking in drugs is a felony of the third degree,	1932
and there is a presumption for a prison term for the offense.	1933
(d) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the	1934
amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds five times the	1935
bulk amount but is less than fifty times the bulk amount,	1936
trafficking in drugs is a felony of the third degree, and there	1937
is a presumption for a prison term for the offense. If the	1938
amount of the drug involved is within that range and if the	1939
offense was committed in the vicinity of a school or in the	1940

(e) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 1944 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds fifty times the 1945 bulk amount, trafficking in drugs is a felony of the second 1946 degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term a 1947

vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking in drugs is a felony of the

second degree, and there is a presumption for a prison term for

the offense.

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second degree felony mandatory prison term. If the amount of the	1948
drug involved equals or exceeds fifty times the bulk amount and	1949
if the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school or in	1950
the vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking in drugs is a felony of	1951
the first degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory	1952
prison term a first degree felony mandatory prison term.	1953
(3) If the drug involved in the violation is marihuana or	1954
a compound, mixture, preparation, or substance containing	1955

- (3) If the drug involved in the violation is marihuana or a compound, mixture, preparation, or substance containing marihuana other than hashish, whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty of trafficking in marihuana. The penalty for the offense shall be determined as follows:
- (a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(3)(b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), or (h) of this section, trafficking in marihuana is a felony of the fifth degree, and division (B) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender.
- (b) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(3)(c),

 (d), (e), (f), (g), or (h) of this section, if the offense was

 1965
 committed in the vicinity of a school or in the vicinity of a

 1966
 juvenile, trafficking in marihuana is a felony of the fourth

 1967
 degree, and division (B) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code

 1968
 applies in determining whether to impose a prison term on the

 1969
 offender.
- (c) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 1971 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds two hundred grams 1972 but is less than one thousand grams, trafficking in marihuana is 1973 a felony of the fourth degree, and division (B) of section 1974 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining whether to 1975 impose a prison term on the offender. If the amount of the drug 1976 involved is within that range and if the offense was committed 1977

in the vicinity of a school or in the vicinity of a juvenile,	1978
trafficking in marihuana is a felony of the third degree, and	1979
division (C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in	1980
determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender.	1981

- (d) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 1982 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds one thousand grams 1983 but is less than five thousand grams, trafficking in marihuana 1984 is a felony of the third degree, and division (C) of section 1985 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining whether to 1986 impose a prison term on the offender. If the amount of the drug 1987 involved is within that range and if the offense was committed 1988 in the vicinity of a school or in the vicinity of a juvenile, 1989 trafficking in marihuana is a felony of the second degree, and 1990 there is a presumption that a prison term shall be imposed for 1991 the offense. 1992
- (e) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 1993 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds five thousand 1994 grams but is less than twenty thousand grams, trafficking in 1995 marihuana is a felony of the third degree, and there is a 1996 presumption that a prison term shall be imposed for the offense. 1997 If the amount of the drug involved is within that range and if 1998 the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school or in the 1999 vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking in marihuana is a felony of 2000 the second degree, and there is a presumption that a prison term 2001 shall be imposed for the offense. 2002
- (f) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 2003 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds twenty thousand 2004 grams but is less than forty thousand grams, trafficking in 2005 marihuana is a felony of the second degree, and the court shall 2006 impose as a mandatory prison term a second degree felony 2007

mandatory prison term of five, six, seven, or eight years. If	2008
the amount of the drug involved is within that range and if the	2009
offense was committed in the vicinity of a school or in the	2010
vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking in marihuana is a felony of	2011
the first degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory	2012
prison term a maximum first degree felony mandatory prison term.	2013

- (g) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 2014 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds forty thousand 2015 grams, trafficking in marihuana is a felony of the second 2016 degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term a 2017 maximum second degree felony mandatory prison term. If the 2018 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds forty thousand 2019 grams and if the offense was committed in the vicinity of a 2020 school or in the vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking in 2021 marihuana is a felony of the first degree, and the court shall 2022 impose as a mandatory prison term a maximum first degree felony 2023 mandatory prison term. 2024
- (h) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 2025 offense involves a gift of twenty grams or less of marihuana, 2026 trafficking in marihuana is a minor misdemeanor upon a first 2027 offense and a misdemeanor of the third degree upon a subsequent 2028 offense. If the offense involves a gift of twenty grams or less 2029 of marihuana and if the offense was committed in the vicinity of 2030 a school or in the vicinity of a juvenile, trafficking in 2031 marihuana is a misdemeanor of the third degree. 2032
- (4) If the drug involved in the violation is cocaine or a 2033 compound, mixture, preparation, or substance containing cocaine, 2034 whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty of 2035 trafficking in cocaine. The penalty for the offense shall be 2036 determined as follows: 2037

(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(4)(b),	2038
(c), (d), (e), $\underline{\text{or}}$ (f), $\underline{\text{or}}$ (g) of this section, trafficking in	2039
cocaine is a felony of the fifth degree, and division (B) of	2040
section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining	2041
whether to impose a prison term on the offender.	2042

- (b) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(4)(c), 2043 (d), (e), or (f), or (g) of this section, if the offense was 2044 committed in the vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a 2045 juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance addiction services 2046 provider or a recovering addict, trafficking in cocaine is a 2047 felony of the fourth degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13 2048 of the Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a 2049 prison term on the offender. 2050
- (c) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 2051 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds five grams but is 2052 less than ten grams of cocaine, trafficking in cocaine is a 2053 felony of the fourth degree, and division (B) of section 2929.13 2054 of the Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a 2055 prison term for the offense. If the amount of the drug involved 2056 is within that range and if the offense was committed in the 2057 vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a juvenile, or in the 2058 2059 vicinity of a substance addiction services provider or a recovering addict, trafficking in cocaine is a felony of the 2060 third degree, and there is a presumption for a prison term for 2061 the offense. 2062
- (d) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 2063 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds ten grams but is 2064 less than twenty grams of cocaine, trafficking in cocaine is a 2065 felony of the third-second degree, and, except as otherwise 2066 provided in this division, there is a presumption for a prison 2067

term for the offense. If trafficking in cocaine is a felony of	2068
the third second degree under this division and if the offender	2069
two or more times previously has been convicted of or pleaded	2070
guilty to a felony drug abuse offense, the court shall impose as	2071
a mandatory prison term one of the prison terms prescribed for a	2072
felony of the third second degree. If the amount of the drug	2073
involved is within that range and if the offense was committed	2074
in the vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a juvenile, or	2075
in the vicinity of a substance addiction services provider or a	2076
recovering addict, trafficking in cocaine is a felony of the	2077
second_first_degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory	2078
prison term a second <u>first</u> degree felony mandatory prison term.	2079
(e) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if If	2080
the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds twenty grams	2081
but is less than twenty seven <u>one hundred</u> grams of cocaine<u>and</u>	2082
regardless of whether the offense was committed in the vicinity	2083
of a school, in the vicinity of a juvenile, or in the vicinity	2084
of a substance addiction services provider or a recovering	2085
addict, trafficking in cocaine is a felony of the second first	2086
degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term a	2087
second-first degree felony mandatory prison term.—If the amount—	2088
of the drug involved is within that range and if the offense was-	2089
committed in the vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a	2090
juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance addiction services-	2091
provider or a recovering addict, trafficking in cocaine is a	2092
felony of the first degree, and the court shall impose as a	2093
mandatory prison term a first degree felony mandatory prison-	2094
term.	2095
(f) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	2096
twenty-seven grams but is less than one hundred grams of cocaine	2097

and regardless of whether the offense was committed in the

vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a juvenile, or in the	2099
vicinity of a substance addiction services provider or a	2100
recovering addict, trafficking in cocaine is a felony of the	2101
first degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison-	2102
term a first degree felony mandatory prison term.	2103
(g)—If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	2104
one hundred grams of cocaine and regardless of whether the	2105
offense was committed in the vicinity of a school, in the	2106
vicinity of a juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance	2107
addiction services provider or a recovering addict, trafficking	2108
in cocaine is a felony of the first degree, the offender is a	2109
major drug offender, and the court shall impose as a mandatory	2110
prison term a maximum first degree felony mandatory prison term.	2111
(5) If the drug involved in the violation is L.S.D. or a	2112
compound, mixture, preparation, or substance containing L.S.D.,	2113
whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty of	2114
trafficking in L.S.D. The penalty for the offense shall be	2115
determined as follows:	2116
(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(5)(b),	2117
(c), (d), (e), (f), or (g) of this section, trafficking in	2118
L.S.D. is a felony of the fifth degree, and division (B) of	2119
section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining	2120
whether to impose a prison term on the offender.	2121
(b) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(5)(c),	2122
(d), (e), (f), or (g) of this section, if the offense was	2123
committed in the vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a	2124
juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance addiction services	2125
provider or a recovering addict, trafficking in L.S.D. is a	2126
felony of the fourth degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13	2127
of the Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a	2128

prison term on the offender.

- (c) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 2130 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds ten unit doses but 2131 is less than fifty unit doses of L.S.D. in a solid form or 2132 equals or exceeds one gram but is less than five grams of L.S.D. 2133 in a liquid concentrate, liquid extract, or liquid distillate 2134 form, trafficking in L.S.D. is a felony of the fourth degree, 2135 and division (B) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies 2136 in determining whether to impose a prison term for the offense. 2137 2138 If the amount of the drug involved is within that range and if the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school, in the 2139 vicinity of a juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance 2140 addiction services provider or a recovering addict, trafficking 2141 in L.S.D. is a felony of the third degree, and there is a 2142 presumption for a prison term for the offense. 2143
- (d) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 2144 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds fifty unit doses 2145 but is less than two hundred fifty unit doses of L.S.D. in a 2146 solid form or equals or exceeds five grams but is less than 2147 twenty-five grams of L.S.D. in a liquid concentrate, liquid 2148 extract, or liquid distillate form, trafficking in L.S.D. is a 2149 2150 felony of the third degree, and, except as otherwise provided in this division, there is a presumption for a prison term for the 2151 offense. If trafficking in L.S.D. is a felony of the third 2152 degree under this division and if the offender two or more times 2153 previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a felony 2154 drug abuse offense, the court shall impose as a mandatory prison 2155 term one of the prison terms prescribed for a felony of the 2156 third degree. If the amount of the drug involved is within that 2157 range and if the offense was committed in the vicinity of a 2158 school, in the vicinity of a juvenile, or in the vicinity of a 2159

substance addiction services provider or a recovering addict,	2160
trafficking in L.S.D. is a felony of the second degree, and the	2161
court shall impose as a mandatory prison term a second degree	2162
felony mandatory prison term.	2163

- (e) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 2164 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds two hundred fifty 2165 unit doses but is less than one thousand unit doses of L.S.D. in 2166 a solid form or equals or exceeds twenty-five grams but is less 2167 than one hundred grams of L.S.D. in a liquid concentrate, liquid 2168 2169 extract, or liquid distillate form, trafficking in L.S.D. is a 2170 felony of the second degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term a second degree felony mandatory prison 2171 term. If the amount of the drug involved is within that range 2172 and if the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school, in 2173 the vicinity of a juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance 2174 addiction services provider or a recovering addict, trafficking 2175 in L.S.D. is a felony of the first degree, and the court shall 2176 impose as a mandatory prison term a first degree felony 2177 mandatory prison term. 2178
- (f) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds 2179 one thousand unit doses but is less than five thousand unit 2180 doses of L.S.D. in a solid form or equals or exceeds one hundred 2181 grams but is less than five hundred grams of L.S.D. in a liquid 2182 concentrate, liquid extract, or liquid distillate form and 2183 regardless of whether the offense was committed in the vicinity 2184 of a school, in the vicinity of a juvenile, or in the vicinity 2185 of a substance addiction services provider or a recovering 2186 addict, trafficking in L.S.D. is a felony of the first degree, 2187 and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term a first 2188 degree felony mandatory prison term. 2189

(g) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	2190
five thousand unit doses of L.S.D. in a solid form or equals or	2191
exceeds five hundred grams of L.S.D. in a liquid concentrate,	2192
liquid extract, or liquid distillate form and regardless of	2193
whether the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school,	2194
in the vicinity of a juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance	2195
addiction services provider or a recovering addict, trafficking	2196
in L.S.D. is a felony of the first degree, the offender is a	2197
major drug offender, and the court shall impose as a mandatory	2198
prison term a maximum first degree felony mandatory prison term.	2199
(6) If the drug involved in the violation is heroin or a	2200
compound, mixture, preparation, or substance containing heroin,	2201
whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty of	2202
trafficking in heroin. The penalty for the offense shall be	2203
determined as follows:	2204
(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(6)(b),	2205
(c), (d), (e), $\underline{\text{or}}$ (f), $\underline{\text{or}}$ (g) of this section, trafficking in	2206
heroin is a felony of the fifth degree, and division (B) of	2207
section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining	2208
whether to impose a prison term on the offender.	2209
(b) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(6)(c),	2210
(d), (e), $\underline{\text{or}}$ (f), $\underline{\text{or}}$ (g) of this section, if the offense was	2211
committed in the vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a	2212
juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance addiction services	2213
provider or a recovering addict, trafficking in heroin is a	2214
felony of the fourth degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13	2215
of the Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a	2216
prison term on the offender.	2217
(c) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the	2218

amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds ten unit doses but

is less than fifty unit doses or equals or exceeds one gram but	2220
is less than five grams, trafficking in heroin is a felony of	2221
the <u>fourth</u> - <u>second</u> degree, and <u>division</u> (B) of <u>section 2929.13 of</u>	2222
the Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a	2223
prison term for the offense. If the amount of the drug involved	2224
is within that range and if the offense was committed in the	2225
vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a juvenile, or in the	2226
vicinity of a substance addiction services provider or a	2227
recovering addict, trafficking in heroin is a felony of the	2228
third_first_degree, and there is a presumption for a prison term	2229
for the offense.	2230
(d) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if If	2231
the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds fifty unit	2232
doses but is less than one hundred unit doses or equals or	2233
exceeds five grams but is less than ten grams and regardless of	2234
whether the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school,	2235
in the vicinity of a juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance	2236
addiction services provider or a recovering addict, trafficking	2237
in heroin is a felony of the third first degree, and there is a	2238
presumption for a prison term for the offense. If the amount of	2239
the drug involved is within that range and if the offense was-	2240
committed in the vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a	2241
juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance addiction services-	2242
provider or a recovering addict, trafficking in heroin is a	2243
felony of the second degree, and there is a presumption for a	2244
prison term for the offense.	2245
(e) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if If	2246
the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds one hundred	2247
unit doses but is less than <u>five hundred one thousand</u> unit doses	2248
or equals or exceeds ten grams but is less than <pre>fifty one</pre>	2249
hundred grams and regardless of whether the offense was	2250

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committed in the vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a	2251
juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance addiction services	2252
provider or a recovering addict, trafficking in heroin is a	2253
felony of the <pre>second_first_degree</pre> , and the court shall impose as	2254
a mandatory prison term a second-first degree felony mandatory	2255
prison term. If the amount of the drug involved is within that	2256
range and if the offense was committed in the vicinity of a	2257
school, in the vicinity of a juvenile, or in the vicinity of a	2258
substance addiction services provider or a recovering addict,	2259
trafficking in heroin is a felony of the first degree, and the	2260
court shall impose as a mandatory prison term a first degree-	2261
felony mandatory prison term.	2262

(f) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds 2263 five hundred unit doses but is less than one thousand unit doses 2264 or equals or exceeds fifty grams but is less than one hundred-2265 grams and regardless of whether the offense was committed in the 2266 vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a juvenile, or in the 2267 vicinity of a substance addiction services provider or a 2268 2269 recovering addict, trafficking in heroin is a felony of the first degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison-2270 term a first degree felony mandatory prison term. 2271

(a)—If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds 2272 one thousand unit doses or equals or exceeds one hundred grams 2273 and regardless of whether the offense was committed in the 2274 vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a juvenile, or in the 2275 vicinity of a substance addiction services provider or a 2276 recovering addict, trafficking in heroin is a felony of the 2277 first degree, the offender is a major drug offender, and the 2278 court shall impose as a mandatory prison term a maximum first 2279 degree felony mandatory prison term. 2280

(7) If the drug involved in the violation is hashish or a	2281
compound, mixture, preparation, or substance containing hashish,	2282
whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty of	2283
trafficking in hashish. The penalty for the offense shall be	2284
determined as follows:	2285
(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(7)(b),	2286
(c), (d), (e), (f), or (g) of this section, trafficking in	2287
hashish is a felony of the fifth degree, and division (B) of	2288
section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining	2289
whether to impose a prison term on the offender.	2290
(b) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(7)(c),	2291
(d), (e), (f), or (g) of this section, if the offense was	2292
committed in the vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a	2293
juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance addiction services	2294
provider or a recovering addict, trafficking in hashish is a	2295
felony of the fourth degree, and division (B) of section 2929.13	2296
of the Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a	2297
prison term on the offender.	2298
(c) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the	2299
amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds ten grams but is	2300
less than fifty grams of hashish in a solid form or equals or	2301
exceeds two grams but is less than ten grams of hashish in a	2302
liquid concentrate, liquid extract, or liquid distillate form,	2303
trafficking in hashish is a felony of the fourth degree, and	2304
division (B) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in	2305
determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender. If	2306
the amount of the drug involved is within that range and if the	2307
offense was committed in the vicinity of a school, in the	2308
vicinity of a juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance	2309

addiction services provider or a recovering addict, trafficking

in hashish is a felony of the third degree, and division (C) of 2311 section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining 2312 whether to impose a prison term on the offender. 2313

- (d) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 2314 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds fifty grams but is 2315 less than two hundred fifty grams of hashish in a solid form or 2316 equals or exceeds ten grams but is less than fifty grams of 2317 hashish in a liquid concentrate, liquid extract, or liquid 2318 distillate form, trafficking in hashish is a felony of the third 2319 degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code 2320 2321 applies in determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender. If the amount of the drug involved is within that 2322 range and if the offense was committed in the vicinity of a 2323 school, in the vicinity of a juvenile, or in the vicinity of a 2324 substance addiction services provider or a recovering addict, 2325 trafficking in hashish is a felony of the second degree, and 2326 there is a presumption that a prison term shall be imposed for 2327 the offense. 2328
- (e) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 2329 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds two hundred fifty 2330 grams but is less than one thousand grams of hashish in a solid 2331 2332 form or equals or exceeds fifty grams but is less than two hundred grams of hashish in a liquid concentrate, liquid 2333 extract, or liquid distillate form, trafficking in hashish is a 2334 felony of the third degree, and there is a presumption that a 2335 prison term shall be imposed for the offense. If the amount of 2336 the drug involved is within that range and if the offense was 2337 committed in the vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a 2338 juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance addiction services 2339 provider or a recovering addict, trafficking in hashish is a 2340 felony of the second degree, and there is a presumption that a 2341

prison term shall be imposed for the offense.

(f) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 2343 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds one thousand grams 2344 but is less than two thousand grams of hashish in a solid form 2345 or equals or exceeds two hundred grams but is less than four 2346 hundred grams of hashish in a liquid concentrate, liquid 2347 extract, or liquid distillate form, trafficking in hashish is a 2348 felony of the second degree, and the court shall impose as a 2349 mandatory prison term a second degree felony mandatory prison 2350 2351 term of five, six, seven, or eight years. If the amount of the 2352 drug involved is within that range and if the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a 2353 juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance addiction services 2354 provider or a recovering addict, trafficking in hashish is a 2355 felony of the first degree, and the court shall impose as a 2356 mandatory prison term a maximum first degree felony mandatory 2357 prison term. 2358

(g) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 2359 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds two thousand grams 2360 of hashish in a solid form or equals or exceeds four hundred 2361 grams of hashish in a liquid concentrate, liquid extract, or 2362 liquid distillate form, trafficking in hashish is a felony of 2363 the second degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory 2364 prison term a maximum second degree felony mandatory prison 2365 term. If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds two 2366 thousand grams of hashish in a solid form or equals or exceeds 2367 four hundred grams of hashish in a liquid concentrate, liquid 2368 extract, or liquid distillate form and if the offense was 2369 committed in the vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a 2370 juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance addiction services 2371 provider or a recovering addict, trafficking in hashish is a 2372

felony of the first degree, and the court shall impose as a	2373
mandatory prison term a maximum first degree felony mandatory	2374
prison term.	2375
(8) If the drug involved in the violation is a controlled	2376
substance analog or compound, mixture, preparation, or substance	2377
that contains a controlled substance analog, whoever violates	2378
division (A) of this section is guilty of trafficking in a	2379
controlled substance analog. The penalty for the offense shall	2380
be determined as follows:	2381
(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(8)(b),	2382
(c), (d), (e), (f), or (g) of this section, trafficking in a	2383
controlled substance analog is a felony of the fifth degree, and	2384
division (C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in	2385
determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender.	2386
(b) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(8)(c),	2387
(d), (e), (f), or (g) of this section, if the offense was	2388
committed in the vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a	2389
juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance addiction services	2390
provider or a recovering addict, trafficking in a controlled	2391
substance analog is a felony of the fourth degree, and division	2392
(C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in	2393
determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender.	2394
(c) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the	2395
amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds ten grams but is	2396
less than twenty grams, trafficking in a controlled substance	2397
analog is a felony of the fourth degree, and division (B) of	2398
section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining	2399
whether to impose a prison term for the offense. If the amount	2400
of the drug involved is within that range and if the offense was	2401
committed in the vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a	2402

juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance addiction services	2403
provider or a recovering addict, trafficking in a controlled	2404
substance analog is a felony of the third degree, and there is a	2405
presumption for a prison term for the offense.	2406

- (d) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 2407 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds twenty grams but 2408 is less than thirty grams, trafficking in a controlled substance 2409 analog is a felony of the third degree, and there is a 2410 presumption for a prison term for the offense. If the amount of 2411 the drug involved is within that range and if the offense was 2412 committed in the vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a 2413 juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance addiction services 2414 provider or a recovering addict, trafficking in a controlled 2415 substance analog is a felony of the second degree, and there is 2416 a presumption for a prison term for the offense. 2417
- (e) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the 2418 amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds thirty grams but 2419 is less than forty grams, trafficking in a controlled substance 2420 analog is a felony of the second degree, and the court shall 2421 impose as a mandatory prison term a second degree felony 2422 mandatory prison term. If the amount of the drug involved is 2423 within that range and if the offense was committed in the 2424 vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a juvenile, or in the 2425 vicinity of a substance addiction services provider or a 2426 recovering addict, trafficking in a controlled substance analog 2427 is a felony of the first degree, and the court shall impose as a 2428 mandatory prison term a first degree felony mandatory prison 2429 2430 term.
- (f) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds 2431 forty grams but is less than fifty grams and regardless of 2432

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whether the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school,	2433
in the vicinity of a juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance	2434
addiction services provider or a recovering addict, trafficking	2435
in a controlled substance analog is a felony of the first	2436
degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term a	2437
first degree felony mandatory prison term.	2438

- (g) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds 2439 fifty grams and regardless of whether the offense was committed 2440 in the vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a juvenile, or 2441 in the vicinity of a substance addiction services provider or a 2442 recovering addict, trafficking in a controlled substance analog 2443 is a felony of the first degree, the offender is a major drug 2444 offender, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term 2445 a maximum first degree felony mandatory prison term. 2446
- (9) If the drug involved in the violation is a fentanylrelated compound or a compound, mixture, preparation, or
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 substance containing a fentanyl-related compound and division
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 (C) (10) (a) of this section does not apply to the drug involved,
 whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty of
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 trafficking in a fentanyl-related compound. The penalty for the
 2452
 offense shall be determined as follows:
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- (a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(9)(b),

 (c), (d), (e), (f), or (g), or (h) of this section, trafficking in a fentanyl-related compound is a felony of the fifth second degree, and division (B) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender.
- (b) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(9)(c), 2460 (d), (e), (f), or(g), or (h) of this section, if the offense 2461 was committed in the vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a 2462

juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance addiction services	2463
provider or a recovering addict, trafficking in a fentanyl-	2464
related compound is a felony of the fourth first degree, and	2465
division (C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in	2466
determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender.	2467
(c) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if If	2468
the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds ten unit doses	2469
but is less than fifty unit doses or equals or exceeds one gram	2470
but is less than five grams and regardless of whether the	2471
offense was committed in the vicinity of a school, in the	2472
vicinity of a juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance	2473
addiction services provider or a recovering addict, trafficking	2474
in a fentanyl-related compound is a felony of the <pre>fourth_first_</pre>	2475
degree, and division (B) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code	2476
applies in determining whether to impose a prison term for the	2477
offense. If the amount of the drug involved is within that range	2478
and if the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school, in	2479
the vicinity of a juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance	2480
addiction services provider or a recovering addict, trafficking	2481
in a fentanyl-related compound is a felony of the third degree,	2482
and there is a presumption for a prison term for the offense.	2483
(d) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if If	2484
the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds fifty unit	2485
doses but is less than one hundred unit doses or equals or	2486
exceeds five grams but is less than ten grams and regardless of	2487
whether the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school,	2488
in the vicinity of a juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance	2489
addiction services provider or a recovering addict, trafficking	2490
in a fentanyl-related compound is a felony of the third-first	2491
degree, and there is a presumption for a prison term for the	2492
offense. If the amount of the drug involved is within that range	2493

and if the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school, in	2494
the vicinity of a juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance	2495
addiction services provider or a recovering addict, trafficking-	2496
in a fentanyl-related compound is a felony of the second degree,	2497
and there is a presumption for a prison term for the offense.	2498
(e) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if <u>If</u>	2499
the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds one hundred	2500
unit doses but is less than two five hundred unit doses or	2501
equals or exceeds ten grams but is less than twenty fifty grams	2502
and regardless of whether the offense was committed in the	2503
vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a juvenile, or in the	2504
vicinity of a substance addiction services provider or a	2505
recovering addict, trafficking in a fentanyl-related compound is	2506
a felony of the second_first_degree, and the court shall impose	2507
as a mandatory prison term one of the prison terms prescribed	2508
for a felony of the second first degree. If the amount of the	2509
drug involved is within that range and if the offense was-	2510
committed in the vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a	2511
juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance addiction services	2512
provider or a recovering addict, trafficking in a fentanyl-	2513
related compound is a felony of the first degree, and the court	2514
shall impose as a mandatory prison term one of the prison terms	2515
prescribed for a felony of the first degree.	2516
(f) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	2517
two hundred unit doses but is less than five hundred unit doses	2518
or equals or exceeds twenty grams but is less than fifty grams	2519
and regardless of whether the offense was committed in the	2520
vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a juvenile, or in the	2521
vicinity of a substance addiction services provider or a	2522
recovering addict. trafficking in a fentanyl-related compound is	2523

a felony of the first degree, and the court shall impose as a

mandatory prison term one of the prison terms prescribed for a	2525
felony of the first degree.	2526
(g)—If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	2527
five hundred unit doses but is less than one thousand unit doses	2528

five hundred unit doses but is less than one thousand unit doses or equals or exceeds fifty grams but is less than one hundred grams and regardless of whether the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance addiction services provider or a recovering addict, trafficking in a fentanyl-related compound is a felony of the first degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term the maximum prison term prescribed for a felony of the first degree.

(h) (g) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds one thousand unit doses or equals or exceeds one hundred grams and regardless of whether the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance addiction services provider or a recovering addict, trafficking in a fentanyl-related compound is a felony of the first degree, the offender is a major drug offender, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term the maximum prison term prescribed for a felony of the first degree.

- (10) If the drug involved in the violation is a compound, mixture, preparation, or substance that is a combination of a fentanyl-related compound and marihuana, one of the following applies:
- (a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(10)(b) of this section, the offender is guilty of trafficking in marihuana and shall be punished under division (C)(3) of this section. The offender is not guilty of trafficking in a fentanyl-related

compound and shall not be charged with, convicted of, or	2555
punished under division (C)(9) of this section for trafficking	2556
in a fentanyl-related compound.	2557
(b) If the offender knows or has reason to know that the	2558
compound, mixture, preparation, or substance that is the drug	2559
involved contains a fentanyl-related compound, the offender is	2560
guilty of trafficking in a fentanyl-related compound and shall	2561
be punished under division (C)(9) of this section.	2562
(11) If the drug involved in the violation is	2563
methamphetamine or a compound, mixture, preparation, or	2564
substance containing methamphetamine, whoever violates division	2565
(A) of this section is guilty of trafficking in methamphetamine.	2566
The penalty for the offense shall be determined as follows:	2567
(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(11)(b),	2568
(c), (d), (e), or (f) of this section, trafficking in	2569
methamphetamine is a felony of the fourth degree, and division	2570
(B) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in	2571
determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender.	2572
(b) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(11)(c),	2573
(d), (e), or (f) of this section, if the offense was committed	2574
in the vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a juvenile, or	2575
in the vicinity of a substance addiction services provider or a	2576
recovering addict, trafficking in methamphetamine is a felony of	2577
the third degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13 of the	2578
Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a prison	2579
term on the offender.	2580
(c) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the	2581
amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds three grams but is	2582
less than ten grams of methamphetamine, trafficking in	2583

methamphetamine is a felony of the third degree and, except as	2584
otherwise provided in this division, there is a presumption for	2585
a prison term for the offense. If trafficking in methamphetamine	2586
is a felony of the third degree and if the offender two or more	2587
times previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a	2588
felony drug abuse offense, the court shall impose as a mandatory	2589
prison term one of the prison terms prescribed for a felony of	2590
the third degree. If the amount of the drug involved is within	2591
that range and if the offense was committed in the vicinity of a	2592
school, in the vicinity of a juvenile, or in the vicinity of a	2593
substance addiction services provider or a recovering addict,	2594
trafficking in methamphetamine is a felony of the second degree,	2595
and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term one of the	2596
prison terms prescribed for a felony of the second degree.	2597
(d) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the	2598
amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds ten grams but is	2599
less than twenty grams of methamphetamine, trafficking in	2600
methamphetamine is a felony of the second degree and there is a	2601
presumption for a prison term for the offense. If trafficking in	2602
methamphetamine is a felony of the second degree under this	2603
division and if the offender two or more times previously has	2604
been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a felony drug abuse	2605
offense, the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term one	2606
of the prison terms prescribed for a felony of the second	2607
degree. If the amount of the drug involved is within that range	2608
and if the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school, in	2609
the vicinity of a juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance	2610
addiction services provider or a recovering addict, trafficking	2611
in methamphetamine is a felony of the first degree, and the	2612
court shall impose as a mandatory prison term a first degree	2613
felony mandatory prison term.	2614

(e) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	2615
twenty grams but is less than one hundred grams of	2616
methamphetamine and regardless of whether the offense was	2617
committed in the vicinity of a school, in the vicinity of a	2618
juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance addiction services	2619
provider or a recovering addict, trafficking in methamphetamine	2620
is a felony of the first degree, and the court shall impose as a	2621
mandatory prison term a first degree felony mandatory prison	2622
term.	2623
(f) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	2624
one hundred grams of methamphetamine and regardless of whether	2625
the offense was committed in the vicinity of a school, in the	2626
vicinity of a juvenile, or in the vicinity of a substance	2627
addiction services provider or a recovering addict, trafficking	2628
in methamphetamine is a felony of the first degree, the offender	2629
is a major drug offender, and the court shall impose as a	2630
mandatory prison term a maximum first degree felony mandatory	2631
<pre>prison term.</pre>	2632
(D) In addition to any prison term authorized or required	2633
by division (C) of this section and sections 2929.13 and 2929.14	2634
of the Revised Code, and in addition to any other sanction	2635
imposed for the offense under this section or sections 2929.11	2636
to 2929.18 of the Revised Code, the court that sentences an	2637
offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation of	2638
division (A) of this section may suspend the driver's or	2639
commercial driver's license or permit of the offender in	2640
accordance with division (G) of this section. However, if the	2641
offender pleaded guilty to or was convicted of a violation of	2642
section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or a substantially similar	2643
municipal ordinance or the law of another state or the United	2644
States arising out of the same set of circumstances as the	2645

violation, the court shall suspend the offender's driver's or	2646
commercial driver's license or permit in accordance with	2647
division (G) of this section. If applicable, the court also	2648
shall do the following:	2649

- (1) If the violation of division (A) of this section is a 2650 felony of the first, second, or third degree, the court shall 2651 impose upon the offender the mandatory fine specified for the 2652 offense under division (B)(1) of section 2929.18 of the Revised 2653 Code unless, as specified in that division, the court determines 2654 2655 that the offender is indigent. Except as otherwise provided in division (H)(1) of this section, a mandatory fine or any other 2656 fine imposed for a violation of this section is subject to 2657 division (F) of this section. If a person is charged with a 2658 violation of this section that is a felony of the first, second, 2659 or third degree, posts bail, and forfeits the bail, the clerk of 2660 the court shall pay the forfeited bail pursuant to divisions (D) 2661 (1) and (F) of this section, as if the forfeited bail was a fine 2662 imposed for a violation of this section. If any amount of the 2663 forfeited bail remains after that payment and if a fine is 2664 imposed under division (H)(1) of this section, the clerk of the 2665 court shall pay the remaining amount of the forfeited bail 2666 pursuant to divisions (H)(2) and (3) of this section, as if that 2667 remaining amount was a fine imposed under division (H)(1) of 2668 this section. 2669
- (2) If the offender is a professionally licensed person, 2670 the court immediately shall comply with section 2925.38 of the 2671 Revised Code. 2672
- (E) When a person is charged with the sale of or offer to 2673 sell a bulk amount or a multiple of a bulk amount of a 2674 controlled substance, the jury, or the court trying the accused, 2675

shall determine the amount of the controlled substance involved	2676
at the time of the offense and, if a guilty verdict is returned,	2677
shall return the findings as part of the verdict. In any such	2678
case, it is unnecessary to find and return the exact amount of	2679
the controlled substance involved, and it is sufficient if the	2680
finding and return is to the effect that the amount of the	2681
controlled substance involved is the requisite amount, or that	2682
the amount of the controlled substance involved is less than the	2683
requisite amount.	2684
(F)(1) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of section	2685
3719.21 of the Revised Code and except as provided in division	2686
(H) of this section, the clerk of the court shall pay any	2687
mandatory fine imposed pursuant to division (D)(1) of this	2688
section and any fine other than a mandatory fine that is imposed	2689
for a violation of this section pursuant to division (A) or (B)	2690
(5) of section 2929.18 of the Revised Code to the county,	2691
township, municipal corporation, park district, as created	2692
pursuant to section 511.18 or 1545.04 of the Revised Code, or	2693
state law enforcement agencies in this state that primarily were	2694
responsible for or involved in making the arrest of, and in	2695
prosecuting, the offender. However, the clerk shall not pay a	2696
mandatory fine so imposed to a law enforcement agency unless the	2697
agency has adopted a written internal control policy under	2698
division (F)(2) of this section that addresses the use of the	2699
fine moneys that it receives. Each agency shall use the	2700
mandatory fines so paid to subsidize the agency's law	2701
enforcement efforts that pertain to drug offenses, in accordance	2702
with the written internal control policy adopted by the	2703
recipient agency under division (F)(2) of this section.	2704
(2) Prior to receiving any fine moneys under division (F)	2705

(1) of this section or division (B) of section 2925.42 of the

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Revised Code, a law enforcement agency shall adopt a written	2707
internal control policy that addresses the agency's use and	2708
disposition of all fine moneys so received and that provides for	2709
the keeping of detailed financial records of the receipts of	2710
those fine moneys, the general types of expenditures made out of	2711
those fine moneys, and the specific amount of each general type	2712
of expenditure. The policy shall not provide for or permit the	2713
identification of any specific expenditure that is made in an	2714
ongoing investigation. All financial records of the receipts of	2715
those fine moneys, the general types of expenditures made out of	2716
those fine moneys, and the specific amount of each general type	2717
of expenditure by an agency are public records open for	2718
inspection under section 149.43 of the Revised Code.	2719
Additionally, a written internal control policy adopted under	2720
this division is such a public record, and the agency that	2721
adopted it shall comply with it.	2722

- (3) As used in division (F) of this section:
- (a) "Law enforcement agencies" includes, but is not 2724 limited to, the state board of pharmacy and the office of a 2725 prosecutor.
- (b) "Prosecutor" has the same meaning as in section 2935.01 of the Revised Code.
- (G)(1) If the sentencing court suspends the offender's 2729 driver's or commercial driver's license or permit under division 2730 (D) of this section or any other provision of this chapter, the 2731 court shall suspend the license, by order, for not more than 2732 five years. If an offender's driver's or commercial driver's 2733 license or permit is suspended pursuant to this division, the 2734 offender, at any time after the expiration of two years from the 2735 day on which the offender's sentence was imposed or from the day 2736

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on which the offender finally was released from a prison term	2737
under the sentence, whichever is later, may file a motion with	2738
the sentencing court requesting termination of the suspension;	2739
upon the filing of such a motion and the court's finding of good	2740
cause for the termination, the court may terminate the	2741
suspension.	2742

(2) Any offender who received a mandatory suspension of 2743 the offender's driver's or commercial driver's license or permit 2744 under this section prior to September 13, 2016, may file a 2745 2746 motion with the sentencing court requesting the termination of the suspension. However, an offender who pleaded guilty to or 2747 was convicted of a violation of section 4511.19 of the Revised 2748 Code or a substantially similar municipal ordinance or law of 2749 another state or the United States that arose out of the same 2750 set of circumstances as the violation for which the offender's 2751 license or permit was suspended under this section shall not 2752 file such a motion. 2753

Upon the filing of a motion under division (G)(2) of this section, the sentencing court, in its discretion, may terminate the suspension.

(H) (1) In addition to any prison term authorized or 2757 required by division (C) of this section and sections 2929.13 2758 and 2929.14 of the Revised Code, in addition to any other 2759 penalty or sanction imposed for the offense under this section 2760 or sections 2929.11 to 2929.18 of the Revised Code, and in 2761 addition to the forfeiture of property in connection with the 2762 offense as prescribed in Chapter 2981. of the Revised Code, the 2763 court that sentences an offender who is convicted of or pleads 2764 quilty to a violation of division (A) of this section may impose 2765 upon the offender an additional fine specified for the offense 2766

in division (B)(4) of section 2929.18 of the Revised Code. A	2767
fine imposed under division (H)(1) of this section is not	2768
subject to division (F) of this section and shall be used solely	2769
for the support of one or more eligible community addiction	2770
services providers in accordance with divisions $(H)(2)$ and (3)	2771
of this section.	2772

- (2) The court that imposes a fine under division (H)(1) of 2773 this section shall specify in the judgment that imposes the fine 2774 one or more eligible community addiction services providers for 2775 the support of which the fine money is to be used. No community 2776 addiction services provider shall receive or use money paid or 2777 collected in satisfaction of a fine imposed under division (H) 2778 (1) of this section unless the services provider is specified in 2779 the judgment that imposes the fine. No community addiction 2780 services provider shall be specified in the judgment unless the 2781 services provider is an eligible community addiction services 2782 provider and, except as otherwise provided in division (H)(2) of 2783 this section, unless the services provider is located in the 2784 county in which the court that imposes the fine is located or in 2785 a county that is immediately contiguous to the county in which 2786 that court is located. If no eligible community addiction 2787 services provider is located in any of those counties, the 2788 judgment may specify an eligible community addiction services 2789 provider that is located anywhere within this state. 2790
- (3) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of section 2791 3719.21 of the Revised Code, the clerk of the court shall pay 2792 any fine imposed under division (H)(1) of this section to the 2793 eligible community addiction services provider specified 2794 pursuant to division (H)(2) of this section in the judgment. The 2795 eligible community addiction services provider that receives the 2796 fine moneys shall use the moneys only for the alcohol and drug 2797

addiction services identified in the application for	2798
certification of services under section 5119.36 of the Revised	2799
Code or in the application for a license under section 5119.37	2800
of the Revised Code filed with the department of mental health	2801
and addiction services by the community addiction services	2802
provider specified in the judgment.	2803

(4) Each community addiction services provider that 2804 receives in a calendar year any fine moneys under division (H) 2805 (3) of this section shall file an annual report covering that 2806 calendar year with the court of common pleas and the board of 2807 county commissioners of the county in which the services 2808 provider is located, with the court of common pleas and the 2809 board of county commissioners of each county from which the 2810 services provider received the moneys if that county is 2811 different from the county in which the services provider is 2812 located, and with the attorney general. The community addiction 2813 services provider shall file the report no later than the first 2814 day of March in the calendar year following the calendar year in 2815 which the services provider received the fine moneys. The report 2816 shall include statistics on the number of persons served by the 2817 community addiction services provider, identify the types of 2818 alcohol and drug addiction services provided to those persons, 2819 and include a specific accounting of the purposes for which the 2820 fine moneys received were used. No information contained in the 2821 report shall identify, or enable a person to determine the 2822 identity of, any person served by the community addiction 2823 services provider. Each report received by a court of common 2824 pleas, a board of county commissioners, or the attorney general 2825 is a public record open for inspection under section 149.43 of 2826 the Revised Code. 2827

(5) As used in divisions (H)(1) to (5) of this section:

(a) "Community addiction services provider" and "alcohol	2829
and drug addiction services" have the same meanings as in	2830
section 5119.01 of the Revised Code.	2831
(b) "Eligible community addiction services provider" means	2832
a community addiction services provider, including a community	2833
addiction services provider that operates an opioid treatment	2834
program licensed under section 5119.37 of the Revised Code.	2835
(I) As used in this section, "drug" includes any substance	2836
that is represented to be a drug.	2837
(J) It is an affirmative defense to a charge of	2838
trafficking in a controlled substance analog under division (C)	2839
(8) of this section that the person charged with violating that	2840
offense sold or offered to sell, or prepared for shipment,	2841
shipped, transported, delivered, prepared for distribution, or	2842
distributed one of the following items that are excluded from	2843
the meaning of "controlled substance analog" under section	2844
3719.01 of the Revised Code:	2845
(1) A controlled substance;	2846
(2) Any substance for which there is an approved new drug	2847
application;	2848
(3) With respect to a particular person, any substance if	2849
an exemption is in effect for investigational use for that	2850
person pursuant to federal law to the extent that conduct with	2851
respect to that substance is pursuant to that exemption.	2852
Sec. 2925.11. (A) No person shall knowingly obtain,	2853
possess, or use a controlled substance or a controlled substance	2854
analog.	2855
(B)(1) This section does not apply to any of the	2856

following:	2857
(a) Manufacturers, licensed health professionals	2858
authorized to prescribe drugs, pharmacists, owners of	2859
pharmacies, and other persons whose conduct was in accordance	2860
with Chapters 3719., 4715., 4723., 4729., 4730., 4731., and	2861
4741. of the Revised Code;	2862
(b) If the offense involves an anabolic steroid, any	2863
person who is conducting or participating in a research project	2864
involving the use of an anabolic steroid if the project has been	2865
approved by the United States food and drug administration;	2866
(c) Any person who sells, offers for sale, prescribes,	2867
dispenses, or administers for livestock or other nonhuman	2868
species an anabolic steroid that is expressly intended for	2869
administration through implants to livestock or other nonhuman	2870
species and approved for that purpose under the "Federal Food,	2871
Drug, and Cosmetic Act," 52 Stat. 1040 (1938), 21 U.S.C.A. 301,	2872
as amended, and is sold, offered for sale, prescribed,	2873
dispensed, or administered for that purpose in accordance with	2874
that act;	2875
(d) Any person who obtained the controlled substance	2876
pursuant to a prescription issued by a licensed health	2877
professional authorized to prescribe drugs if the prescription	2878
was issued for a legitimate medical purpose and not altered,	2879
forged, or obtained through deception or commission of a theft	2880
offense.	2881
As used in division (B)(1)(d) of this section, "deception"	2882
and "theft offense" have the same meanings as in section 2913.01	2883
of the Revised Code.	2884
(2)(a) As used in division (B)(2) of this section:	2885

(i) "Community addiction services provider" has the same	2886
meaning as in section 5119.01 of the Revised Code.	2887
(ii) "Community control sanction" and "drug treatment	2888
program" have the same meanings as in section 2929.01 of the	2889
Revised Code.	2890
(iii) "Health care facility" has the same meaning as in	2891
section 2919.16 of the Revised Code.	2892
(iv) "Minor drug possession offense" means a violation of	2893
this section that is a misdemeanor or a felony of the fifth	2894
degree.	2895
(v) "Post-release control sanction" has the same meaning	2896
as in section 2967.28 of the Revised Code.	2897
(vi) "Peace officer" has the same meaning as in section	2898
2935.01 of the Revised Code.	2899
(vii) "Public agency" has the same meaning as in section	2900
2930.01 of the Revised Code.	2901
(viii) "Qualified individual" means a person who is acting	2902
in good faith who seeks or obtains medical assistance for	2903
another person who is experiencing a drug overdose, a person who	2904
experiences a drug overdose and who seeks medical assistance for	2905
that overdose, or a person who is the subject of another person	2906
seeking or obtaining medical assistance for that overdose as	2907
described in division (B)(2)(b) of this section.	2908
(ix) "Seek or obtain medical assistance" includes, but is	2909
not limited to making a $9-1-1$ call, contacting in person or by	2910
telephone call an on-duty peace officer, or transporting or	2911
presenting a person to a health care facility.	2912
(b) Subject to division (B)(2)(e) of this section, a	2913

qualified individual shall not be arrested, charged, prosecuted,	2914
convicted, or penalized pursuant to this chapter for a minor	2915
drug possession offense or a violation of section 2925.12,	2916
division (C)(1) of section 2925.14, or section 2925.141 of the	2917
Revised Code if all of the following apply:	2918
(i) The evidence of the obtaining, possession, or use of	2919
the controlled substance or controlled substance analog, drug	2920
abuse instruments, or drug paraphernalia that would be the basis	2921
of the offense was obtained as a result of the qualified	2922
individual seeking the medical assistance or experiencing an	2923
overdose and needing medical assistance.	2924
(ii) Subject to division (B)(2)(f) of this section, within	2925
thirty days after seeking or obtaining the medical assistance,	2926
the qualified individual seeks and obtains a screening and	2927
receives a referral for treatment from a community addiction	2928
services provider or a properly credentialed addiction treatment	2929
professional.	2930
(iii) Subject to division (B)(2)(f) of this section, the	2931
qualified individual who obtains a screening and receives a	2932
referral for treatment under division (B)(2)(b)(ii) of this	2933
section, upon the request of any prosecuting attorney, submits	2934
documentation to the prosecuting attorney that verifies that the	2935
qualified individual satisfied the requirements of that	2936
division. The documentation shall be limited to the date and	2937
time of the screening obtained and referral received.	2938
(c) If a person who is serving a community control	2939
sanction or is under a sanction on post-release control acts	2940
pursuant to division (B)(2)(b) of this section, then division	2941
(B) of section 2929.141, division (B)(2) of section 2929.15,	2942
division (D)(3) of section 2929.25, or division (F)(3) of	2943

section 2967.28 of the Revised Code applies to the person with	2944
respect to any violation of the sanction or post-release control	2945
sanction based on a minor drug possession offense, as defined in	2946
section 2925.11 of the Revised Code, or a violation of section	2947
2925.12, division (C)(1) of section 2925.14, or section 2925.141	2948
of the Revised Code.	2949
(d) Nothing in division (B)(2)(b) of this section shall be	2950
construed to do any of the following:	2951
(i) Limit the admissibility of any evidence in connection	2952
with the investigation or prosecution of a crime with regards to	2953
a defendant who does not qualify for the protections of division	2954
(B)(2)(b) of this section or with regards to any crime other	2955
than a minor drug possession offense or a violation of section	2956
2925.12, division (C)(1) of section 2925.14, or section 2925.141	2957
of the Revised Code committed by a person who qualifies for	2958
protection pursuant to division (B)(2)(b) of this section;	2959
(ii) Limit any seizure of evidence or contraband otherwise	2960
permitted by law;	2961
(iii) Limit or abridge the authority of a peace officer to	2962
detain or take into custody a person in the course of an	2963
investigation or to effectuate an arrest for any offense except	2964
as provided in that division;	2965
(iv) Limit, modify, or remove any immunity from liability	2966
available pursuant to law in effect prior to September 13, 2016,	2967
to any public agency or to an employee of any public agency.	2968
(e) Division (B)(2)(b) of this section does not apply to	2969
any person who twice previously has been granted an immunity	2970
under division (B)(2)(b) of this section. No person shall be	2971
granted an immunity under division (B)(2)(b) of this section	2972

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more than two times. 2973 (f) Nothing in this section shall compel any qualified 2974 individual to disclose protected health information in a way 2975 that conflicts with the requirements of the "Health Insurance 2976 Portability and Accountability Act of 1996," 104 Pub. L. No. 2977 191, 110 Stat. 2021, 42 U.S.C. 1320d et seq., as amended, and 2978 regulations promulgated by the United States department of 2979 health and human services to implement the act or the 2980 requirements of 42 C.F.R. Part 2. 2981 (C) Whoever violates division (A) of this section is 2982 quilty of one of the following: 2983 (1) If the drug involved in the violation is a compound, 2984 mixture, preparation, or substance included in schedule I or II, 2985 with the exception of marihuana, cocaine, L.S.D., heroin, any 2986 fentanyl-related compound, hashish, and any controlled substance 2987 analog, whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty 2988 of aggravated possession of drugs. The penalty for the offense 2989 shall be determined as follows: 2990 (a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(1)(b), 2991 (c), (d), or (e) of this section, aggravated possession of drugs 2992 is a felony of the fifth degree, and division (B) of section 2993 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining whether to 2994 impose a prison term on the offender. 2995 (b) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds 2996 the bulk amount but is less than five times the bulk amount, 2997 aggravated possession of drugs is a felony of the third degree, 2998 and there is a presumption for a prison term for the offense. 2999

(c) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds

five times the bulk amount but is less than fifty times the bulk

amount, aggravated possession of drugs is a felony of the second	3002
degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term a	3003
second degree felony mandatory prison term.	3004
(d) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	3005
fifty times the bulk amount but is less than one hundred times	3006
the bulk amount, aggravated possession of drugs is a felony of	3007
the first degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory	3008
prison term a first degree felony mandatory prison term.	3009
prison cerm a rire aegree reron, manaacer, prison cerm.	2003
(e) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	3010
one hundred times the bulk amount, aggravated possession of	3011
drugs is a felony of the first degree, the offender is a major	3012
drug offender, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison	3013
term a maximum first degree felony mandatory prison term.	3014
(2) If the drug involved in the violation is a compound,	3015
mixture, preparation, or substance included in schedule III, IV,	3016
or V, whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty of	3017
possession of drugs. The penalty for the offense shall be	3018
determined as follows:	3019
(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(2)(b),	3020
(c), or (d) of this section, possession of drugs is a	3021
misdemeanor of the first degree or, if the offender previously	3022
has been convicted of a drug abuse offense, a felony of the	3023
fifth degree.	3024
(b) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	3025
the bulk amount but is less than five times the bulk amount,	3026
possession of drugs is a felony of the fourth degree, and	3027
division (C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in	3028
determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender.	3029
(c) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	3030

five times the bulk amount but is less than fifty times the bulk	3031
amount, possession of drugs is a felony of the third degree, and	3032
there is a presumption for a prison term for the offense.	3033
(d) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	3034
fifty times the bulk amount, possession of drugs is a felony of	3035
the second degree, and the court shall impose upon the offender	3036
as a mandatory prison term a second degree felony mandatory	3037
prison term.	3038
(3) If the drug involved in the violation is marihuana or	3039
a compound, mixture, preparation, or substance containing	3040
marihuana other than hashish, whoever violates division (A) of	3041
this section is guilty of possession of marihuana. The penalty	3042
for the offense shall be determined as follows:	3043
(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(3)(b),	3044
(c), (d), (e), (f), or (g) of this section, possession of	3045
marihuana is a minor misdemeanor.	3046
(b) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	3047
one hundred grams but is less than two hundred grams, possession	3048
of marihuana is a misdemeanor of the fourth degree.	3049
(c) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	3050
two hundred grams but is less than one thousand grams,	3051
possession of marihuana is a felony of the fifth degree, and	3052
division (B) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in	3053
determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender.	3054
(d) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	3055
one thousand grams but is less than five thousand grams,	3056
possession of marihuana is a felony of the third degree, and	3057
division (C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in	3058
determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender.	3059

(e) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	3060
five thousand grams but is less than twenty thousand grams,	3061
possession of marihuana is a felony of the third degree, and	3062
there is a presumption that a prison term shall be imposed for	3063
the offense.	3064
(f) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	3065
twenty thousand grams but is less than forty thousand grams,	3066
possession of marihuana is a felony of the second degree, and	3067
the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term a second	3068
degree felony mandatory prison term of five, six, seven, or	3069
eight years.	3070
(g) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	3071
forty thousand grams, possession of marihuana is a felony of the	3072
second degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison	3073
term a maximum second degree felony mandatory prison term.	3074
(4) If the drug involved in the violation is cocaine or a	3075
compound, mixture, preparation, or substance containing cocaine,	3076
whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty of	3077
possession of cocaine. The penalty for the offense shall be	3078
determined as follows:	3079
(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(4)(b),	3080
(c), (d), (e), or (f) of this section, possession of cocaine is	3081
a felony of the fifth degree, and division (B) of section	3082
2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining whether to	3083
impose a prison term on the offender.	3084
(b) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	3085
five grams but is less than ten grams of cocaine, possession of	3086
cocaine is a felony of the fourth degree, and division (B) of	3087

section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining

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whether to impose a prison term on the offender.

- (c) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds 3090 ten grams but is less than twenty grams of cocaine, possession 3091 of cocaine is a felony of the third degree, and, except as 3092 otherwise provided in this division, there is a presumption for 3093 a prison term for the offense. If possession of cocaine is a 3094 felony of the third degree under this division and if the 3095 offender two or more times previously has been convicted of or 3096 pleaded guilty to a felony drug abuse offense, the court shall 3097 3098 impose as a mandatory prison term one of the prison terms prescribed for a felony of the third degree. 3099
- (d) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds twenty grams but is less than twenty-seven grams of cocaine, possession of cocaine is a felony of the second degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term a second degree felony mandatory prison term.
- (e) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds

 twenty-seven grams but is less than one hundred grams of

 cocaine, possession of cocaine is a felony of the first degree,

 and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term a first

 degree felony mandatory prison term.
- (f) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds one hundred grams of cocaine, possession of cocaine is a felony of the first degree, the offender is a major drug offender, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term a maximum first degree felony mandatory prison term.
- (5) If the drug involved in the violation is L.S.D.,
 whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty of
 possession of L.S.D. The penalty for the offense shall be
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determined as follows:

(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(5)(b),	3119
(c), (d), (e), or (f) of this section, possession of L.S.D. is a	3120
felony of the fifth degree, and division (B) of section 2929.13	3121
of the Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a	3122
prison term on the offender.	3123

- 3124 (b) If the amount of L.S.D. involved equals or exceeds ten unit doses but is less than fifty unit doses of L.S.D. in a 3125 3126 solid form or equals or exceeds one gram but is less than five grams of L.S.D. in a liquid concentrate, liquid extract, or 3127 liquid distillate form, possession of L.S.D. is a felony of the 3128 fourth degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13 of the 3129 Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a prison 3130 term on the offender. 3131
- (c) If the amount of L.S.D. involved equals or exceeds

 fifty unit doses, but is less than two hundred fifty unit doses

 of L.S.D. in a solid form or equals or exceeds five grams but is

 less than twenty-five grams of L.S.D. in a liquid concentrate,

 liquid extract, or liquid distillate form, possession of L.S.D.

 is a felony of the third degree, and there is a presumption for

 a prison term for the offense.

 3132
- (d) If the amount of L.S.D. involved equals or exceeds two 3139 hundred fifty unit doses but is less than one thousand unit 3140 doses of L.S.D. in a solid form or equals or exceeds twenty-five 3141 grams but is less than one hundred grams of L.S.D. in a liquid 3142 concentrate, liquid extract, or liquid distillate form, 3143 possession of L.S.D. is a felony of the second degree, and the 3144 court shall impose as a mandatory prison term a second degree 3145 felony mandatory prison term. 3146

(e) If the amount of L.S.D. involved equals or exceeds one	3147
thousand unit doses but is less than five thousand unit doses of	3148
L.S.D. in a solid form or equals or exceeds one hundred grams	3149
but is less than five hundred grams of L.S.D. in a liquid	3150
concentrate, liquid extract, or liquid distillate form,	3151
possession of L.S.D. is a felony of the first degree, and the	3152
court shall impose as a mandatory prison term a first degree	3153
felony mandatory prison term.	3154
(f) If the amount of L.S.D. involved equals or exceeds	3155
five thousand unit doses of L.S.D. in a solid form or equals or	3156
exceeds five hundred grams of L.S.D. in a liquid concentrate,	3157
liquid extract, or liquid distillate form, possession of L.S.D.	3158
is a felony of the first degree, the offender is a major drug	3159
offender, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term	3160
a maximum first degree felony mandatory prison term.	3161
(6) If the drug involved in the violation is heroin or a	3162
compound, mixture, preparation, or substance containing heroin,	3163
whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty of	3164
possession of heroin. The penalty for the offense shall be	3165
determined as follows:	3166
(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(6)(b),	3167
(c), (d), (e), or (f) of this section, possession of heroin is a	3168
felony of the fifth degree, and division (B) of section 2929.13	3169
of the Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a	3170
prison term on the offender.	3171
(b) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	3172
ten unit doses but is less than fifty unit doses or equals or	3173
exceeds one gram but is less than five grams, possession of	3174
heroin is a felony of the fourth degree, and division (C) of	3175

section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining

whether to impose a prison term on the offender. 3177 (c) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds 3178 fifty unit doses but is less than one hundred unit doses or 3179 equals or exceeds five grams but is less than ten grams, 3180 possession of heroin is a felony of the third degree, and there 3181 is a presumption for a prison term for the offense. 3182 (d) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds 3183 one hundred unit doses but is less than five hundred unit doses 3184 or equals or exceeds ten grams but is less than fifty grams, 3185 possession of heroin is a felony of the second degree, and the 3186 court shall impose as a mandatory prison term a second degree 3187 felony mandatory prison term. 3188 (e) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds 3189 five hundred unit doses but is less than one thousand unit doses 3190 or equals or exceeds fifty grams but is less than one hundred 3191 grams, possession of heroin is a felony of the first degree, and 3192 the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term a first degree 3193 felony mandatory prison term. 3194 (f) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds 3195 one thousand unit doses or equals or exceeds one hundred grams, 3196 possession of heroin is a felony of the first degree, the 3197 offender is a major drug offender, and the court shall impose as 3198 a mandatory prison term a maximum first degree felony mandatory 3199 3200 prison term. (7) If the drug involved in the violation is hashish or a 3201 compound, mixture, preparation, or substance containing hashish, 3202 whoever violates division (A) of this section is guilty of 3203 possession of hashish. The penalty for the offense shall be 3204 determined as follows: 3205

(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(7)(b),	3206
(c), (d), (e), (f), or (g) of this section, possession of	3207
hashish is a minor misdemeanor.	3208
(b) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	3209
five grams but is less than ten grams of hashish in a solid form	3210
or equals or exceeds one gram but is less than two grams of	3211
hashish in a liquid concentrate, liquid extract, or liquid	3212
distillate form, possession of hashish is a misdemeanor of the	3213
fourth degree.	3214
(c) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	3215
ten grams but is less than fifty grams of hashish in a solid	3216
form or equals or exceeds two grams but is less than ten grams	3217
	3217
of hashish in a liquid concentrate, liquid extract, or liquid	
distillate form, possession of hashish is a felony of the fifth	3219
degree, and division (B) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code	3220
applies in determining whether to impose a prison term on the	3221
offender.	3222
(d) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	3223
fifty grams but is less than two hundred fifty grams of hashish	3224
in a solid form or equals or exceeds ten grams but is less than	3225
fifty grams of hashish in a liquid concentrate, liquid extract,	3226
or liquid distillate form, possession of hashish is a felony of	3227
the third degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13 of the	3228
Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a prison	3229
term on the offender.	3230
(e) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	3231
two hundred fifty grams but is less than one thousand grams of	3232
hashish in a solid form or equals or exceeds fifty grams but is	3233
less than two hundred grams of hashish in a liquid concentrate,	3234
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liquid extract, or liquid distillate form, possession of hashish

is a felony of the third degree, and there is a presumption that	3236
a prison term shall be imposed for the offense.	3237
(f) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	3238
one thousand grams but is less than two thousand grams of	3239
hashish in a solid form or equals or exceeds two hundred grams	3240
but is less than four hundred grams of hashish in a liquid	3241
concentrate, liquid extract, or liquid distillate form,	3242
possession of hashish is a felony of the second degree, and the	3243
court shall impose as a mandatory prison term a second degree	3244
felony mandatory prison term of five, six, seven, or eight	3245
years.	3246
(g) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	3247
two thousand grams of hashish in a solid form or equals or	3248
exceeds four hundred grams of hashish in a liquid concentrate,	3249
liquid extract, or liquid distillate form, possession of hashish	3250
is a felony of the second degree, and the court shall impose as	3251
a mandatory prison term a maximum second degree felony mandatory	3252
prison term.	3253
(8) If the drug involved is a controlled substance analog	3254
or compound, mixture, preparation, or substance that contains a	3255
controlled substance analog, whoever violates division (A) of	3256
this section is guilty of possession of a controlled substance	3257
analog. The penalty for the offense shall be determined as	3258
follows:	3259
(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(8)(b),	3260
(c), (d), (e), or (f) of this section, possession of a	3261
controlled substance analog is a felony of the fifth degree, and	3262
division (B) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in	3263

determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender.

(b) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	3265
ten grams but is less than twenty grams, possession of a	3266
controlled substance analog is a felony of the fourth degree,	3267
and there is a presumption for a prison term for the offense.	3268
(c) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	3269
twenty grams but is less than thirty grams, possession of a	3270
controlled substance analog is a felony of the third degree, and	3271
there is a presumption for a prison term for the offense.	3272
(d) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	3273
thirty grams but is less than forty grams, possession of a	3274
controlled substance analog is a felony of the second degree,	3275
and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term a second	3276
degree felony mandatory prison term.	3277
(e) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	3278
forty grams but is less than fifty grams, possession of a	3279
controlled substance analog is a felony of the first degree, and	3280
the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term a first degree	3281
felony mandatory prison term.	3282
(f) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	3283
fifty grams, possession of a controlled substance analog is a	3284
felony of the first degree, the offender is a major drug	3285
offender, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison term	3286
a maximum first degree felony mandatory prison term.	3287
(9) If the drug involved in the violation is a compound,	3288
mixture, preparation, or substance that is a combination of a	3289
fentanyl-related compound and marihuana, one of the following	3290
applies:	3291
(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(9)(b) of	3292
this section, the offender is guilty of possession of marihuana	3293

and shall be punished as provided in division (C)(3) of this	3294
section. Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(9)(b) of	3295
this section, the offender is not guilty of possession of a	3296
fentanyl-related compound under division $\frac{(C)(11)}{(C)(10)}$ of this	3297
section and shall not be charged with, convicted of, or punished	3298
under division $\frac{(C)(11)(C)(10)}{(C)(10)}$ of this section for possession of	3299
a fentanyl-related compound.	3300
(b) If the offender knows or has reason to know that the	3301
compound, mixture, preparation, or substance that is the drug	3302
involved contains a fentanyl-related compound, the offender is	3303
guilty of possession of a fentanyl-related compound and shall be	3304
punished under division $\frac{(C)(11)(C)(10)}{(C)(10)}$ of this section.	3305
(10) If the drug involved in the violation is a compound,	3306
mixture, preparation, or substance that is a combination of a	3307
fentanyl related compound and any schedule III, schedule IV, or	3308
schedule V controlled substance that is not a fentanyl related-	3309
<pre>compound, one of the following applies:</pre>	3310
(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C) (10) (b) of	3311
this section, the offender is guilty of possession of drugs and	3312
shall be punished as provided in division (C) (2) of this	3313
section. Except as otherwise provided in division (C) (10) (b) of-	3314
this section, the offender is not guilty of possession of a	3315
fentanyl related compound under division (C) (11) of this section-	3316
and shall not be charged with, convicted of, or punished under-	3317
division (C) (11) of this section for possession of a fentanyl	3318
related compound.	3319
(b) If the offender knows or has reason to know that the	3320
compound, mixture, preparation, or substance that is the drug	3321
involved contains a fentanyl-related compound, the offender is	3322
guilty of possession of a fentanyl-related compound and shall be	3323

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punished under division (C) (11) of this section.

(11)—If the drug involved in the violation is a fentanyl-3325 related compound and neither division (C) (9) (a) nor division (C) 3326 (10) (a) of this section applies does not apply to the drug 3327 involved, or is a compound, mixture, preparation, or substance 3328 that contains a fentanyl-related compound or is a combination of 3329 a fentanyl-related compound and any other controlled substance 3330 and neither division (C)(9)(a) nor division (C)(10)(a) of this 3331 section applies does not apply to the drug involved, whoever 3332 violates division (A) of this section is guilty of possession of 3333 a fentanyl-related compound. The penalty for the offense shall 3334 be determined as follows: 3335

- (a) Except as otherwise provided in division (C) (11) (b) (C) 3336 (10) (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), or (g) of this section, possession 3337 of a fentanyl-related compound is a felony of the fifth degree, 3338 and division (B) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies 3339 in determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender. 3340
- (b) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds ten unit doses but is less than fifty unit doses or equals or exceeds one gram but is less than five grams, possession of a fentanyl-related compound is a felony of the fourth degree, and division (C) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code applies in determining whether to impose a prison term on the offender.
- (c) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds fifty unit doses but is less than one hundred unit doses or equals or exceeds five grams but is less than ten grams, possession of a fentanyl-related compound is a felony of the third degree, and there is a presumption for a prison term for the offense.

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(d) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	3353
one hundred unit doses but is less than two hundred unit doses	3354
or equals or exceeds ten grams but is less than twenty grams,	3355
possession of a fentanyl-related compound is a felony of the	3356
second degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison	3357
term one of the prison terms prescribed for a felony of the	3358
second degree.	3359
(e) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	3360
two hundred unit doses but is less than five hundred unit doses	3361
or equals or exceeds twenty grams but is less than fifty grams,	3362
possession of a fentanyl-related compound is a felony of the	3363
first degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory prison	3364
term one of the prison terms prescribed for a felony of the	3365
first degree.	3366
(f) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	3367
five hundred unit doses but is less than one thousand unit doses	3368
or equals or exceeds fifty grams but is less than one hundred	3369
grams, possession of a fentanyl-related compound is a felony of	3370
the first degree, and the court shall impose as a mandatory	3371
prison term the maximum prison term prescribed for a felony of	3372
the first degree.	3373
(g) If the amount of the drug involved equals or exceeds	3374
one thousand unit doses or equals or exceeds one hundred grams,	3375
possession of a fentanyl-related compound is a felony of the	3376
first degree, the offender is a major drug offender, and the	3377
court shall impose as a mandatory prison term the maximum prison	3378
term prescribed for a felony of the first degree.	3379

(D) Arrest or conviction for a minor misdemeanor violation

of this section does not constitute a criminal record and need

not be reported by the person so arrested or convicted in

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response to any inquiries about the person's criminal record,	3383
including any inquiries contained in any application for	3384
employment, license, or other right or privilege, or made in	3385
connection with the person's appearance as a witness.	3386

- (E) In addition to any prison term or jail term authorized 3387 or required by division (C) of this section and sections 3388 2929.13, 2929.14, 2929.22, 2929.24, and 2929.25 of the Revised 3389 Code and in addition to any other sanction that is imposed for 3390 the offense under this section, sections 2929.11 to 2929.18, or 3391 sections 2929.21 to 2929.28 of the Revised Code, the court that 3392 sentences an offender who is convicted of or pleads quilty to a 3393 violation of division (A) of this section may suspend the 3394 offender's driver's or commercial driver's license or permit for 3395 not more than five years. However, if the offender pleaded 3396 guilty to or was convicted of a violation of section 4511.19 of 3397 the Revised Code or a substantially similar municipal ordinance 3398 or the law of another state or the United States arising out of 3399 the same set of circumstances as the violation, the court shall 3400 suspend the offender's driver's or commercial driver's license 3401 or permit for not more than five years. If applicable, the court 3402 also shall do the following: 3403
- (1) (a) If the violation is a felony of the first, second, or third degree, the court shall impose upon the offender the mandatory fine specified for the offense under division (B) (1) of section 2929.18 of the Revised Code unless, as specified in that division, the court determines that the offender is indigent.
- (b) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of section 3410 3719.21 of the Revised Code, the clerk of the court shall pay a 3411 mandatory fine or other fine imposed for a violation of this 3412

section pursuant to division (A) of section 2929.18 of the	3413
Revised Code in accordance with and subject to the requirements	3414
of division (F) of section 2925.03 of the Revised Code. The	3415
agency that receives the fine shall use the fine as specified in	3416
division (F) of section 2925.03 of the Revised Code.	3417

- (c) If a person is charged with a violation of this 3418 section that is a felony of the first, second, or third degree, 3419 posts bail, and forfeits the bail, the clerk shall pay the 3420 forfeited bail pursuant to division (E)(1)(b) of this section as 3421 if it were a mandatory fine imposed under division (E)(1)(a) of 3422 this section.
- (2) If the offender is a professionally licensed person,

 in addition to any other sanction imposed for a violation of

 this section, the court immediately shall comply with section

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 2925.38 of the Revised Code.

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- (F) It is an affirmative defense, as provided in section 3428 2901.05 of the Revised Code, to a charge of a fourth degree 3429 felony violation under this section that the controlled 3430 substance that gave rise to the charge is in an amount, is in a 3431 form, is prepared, compounded, or mixed with substances that are 3432 not controlled substances in a manner, or is possessed under any 3433 other circumstances, that indicate that the substance was 3434 possessed solely for personal use. Notwithstanding any contrary 3435 provision of this section, if, in accordance with section 3436 2901.05 of the Revised Code, an accused who is charged with a 3437 fourth degree felony violation of division (C)(2), (4), (5), or 3438 (6) of this section sustains the burden of going forward with 3439 evidence of and establishes by a preponderance of the evidence 3440 the affirmative defense described in this division, the accused 3441 may be prosecuted for and may plead guilty to or be convicted of 3442

a misdemeanor violation of division (C)(2) of this section or a	3443
fifth degree felony violation of division (C)(4), (5), or (6) of	3444
this section respectively.	3445
(G) When a person is charged with possessing a bulk amount	3446
or multiple of a bulk amount, division (E) of section 2925.03 of	3447
the Revised Code applies regarding the determination of the	3448
amount of the controlled substance involved at the time of the	3449
offense.	3450
(H) It is an affirmative defense to a charge of possession	3451
of a controlled substance analog under division (C)(8) of this	3452
section that the person charged with violating that offense	3453
obtained, possessed, or used one of the following items that are	3454
excluded from the meaning of "controlled substance analog" under	3455
section 3719.01 of the Revised Code:	3456
(1) A controlled substance;	3457
(2) Any substance for which there is an approved new drug	3458
application;	3459
(3) With respect to a particular person, any substance if	3460
an exemption is in effect for investigational use for that	3461
person pursuant to federal law to the extent that conduct with	3462
respect to that substance is pursuant to that exemption.	3463
(I) Any offender who received a mandatory suspension of	3464
the offender's driver's or commercial driver's license or permit	3465
under this section prior to September 13, 2016, may file a	3466
motion with the sentencing court requesting the termination of	3467
the suspension. However, an offender who pleaded guilty to or	3468
was convicted of a violation of section 4511.19 of the Revised	3469
Code or a substantially similar municipal ordinance or law of	3470
another state or the United States that arose out of the same	3471

set of circumstances as the violation for which the offender's	3472
license or permit was suspended under this section shall not	3473
file such a motion.	3474
Upon the filing of a motion under division (I) of this	3475
section, the sentencing court, in its discretion, may terminate	3476
the suspension.	3477
	01,,
Sec. 2929.14. (A) Except as provided in division (B)(1),	3478
(B) (2) , (B) (3) , (B) (4) , (B) (5) , (B) (6) , (B) (7) , (B) (8) , (B) (9) ,	3479
(B) (10), (B) (11), (E), (G), (H), (J), or (K) of this section or	3480
in division (D)(6) of section 2919.25 of the Revised Code and	3481
except in relation to an offense for which a sentence of death	3482
or life imprisonment is to be imposed, if the court imposing a	3483
sentence upon an offender for a felony elects or is required to	3484
impose a prison term on the offender pursuant to this chapter,	3485
the court shall impose a prison term that shall be one of the	3486
ene court sharr impose a prison term that sharr be one or the	0 10 0
following:	3487
following:	3487
following: (1) (a) For a felony of the first degree committed on or	3487 3488
following: (1) (a) For a felony of the first degree committed on or after March 22, 2019, the prison term shall be an indefinite	3487 3488 3489
following: (1) (a) For a felony of the first degree committed on or after March 22, 2019, the prison term shall be an indefinite prison term with a stated minimum term selected by the court of	3487 3488 3489 3490
following: (1) (a) For a felony of the first degree committed on or after March 22, 2019, the prison term shall be an indefinite prison term with a stated minimum term selected by the court of three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, or eleven years	3487 3488 3489 3490 3491
following: (1) (a) For a felony of the first degree committed on or after March 22, 2019, the prison term shall be an indefinite prison term with a stated minimum term selected by the court of three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, or eleven years and a maximum term that is determined pursuant to section	3487 3488 3489 3490 3491 3492
following: (1) (a) For a felony of the first degree committed on or after March 22, 2019, the prison term shall be an indefinite prison term with a stated minimum term selected by the court of three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, or eleven years and a maximum term that is determined pursuant to section 2929.144 of the Revised Code, except that if the section that	3487 3488 3489 3490 3491 3492 3493
following: (1) (a) For a felony of the first degree committed on or after March 22, 2019, the prison term shall be an indefinite prison term with a stated minimum term selected by the court of three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, or eleven years and a maximum term that is determined pursuant to section 2929.144 of the Revised Code, except that if the section that criminalizes the conduct constituting the felony specifies a	3487 3488 3489 3490 3491 3492 3493 3494
following: (1) (a) For a felony of the first degree committed on or after March 22, 2019, the prison term shall be an indefinite prison term with a stated minimum term selected by the court of three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, or eleven years and a maximum term that is determined pursuant to section 2929.144 of the Revised Code, except that if the section that criminalizes the conduct constituting the felony specifies a different minimum term or penalty for the offense, the specific	3487 3488 3489 3490 3491 3492 3493 3494 3495
(1) (a) For a felony of the first degree committed on or after March 22, 2019, the prison term shall be an indefinite prison term with a stated minimum term selected by the court of three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, or eleven years and a maximum term that is determined pursuant to section 2929.144 of the Revised Code, except that if the section that criminalizes the conduct constituting the felony specifies a different minimum term or penalty for the offense, the specific language of that section shall control in determining the	3487 3488 3489 3490 3491 3492 3493 3494 3495 3496
(1) (a) For a felony of the first degree committed on or after March 22, 2019, the prison term shall be an indefinite prison term with a stated minimum term selected by the court of three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, or eleven years and a maximum term that is determined pursuant to section 2929.144 of the Revised Code, except that if the section that criminalizes the conduct constituting the felony specifies a different minimum term or penalty for the offense, the specific language of that section shall control in determining the minimum term or otherwise sentencing the offender but the	3487 3488 3489 3490 3491 3492 3493 3494 3495 3496 3497
(1) (a) For a felony of the first degree committed on or after March 22, 2019, the prison term shall be an indefinite prison term with a stated minimum term selected by the court of three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, or eleven years and a maximum term that is determined pursuant to section 2929.144 of the Revised Code, except that if the section that criminalizes the conduct constituting the felony specifies a different minimum term or penalty for the offense, the specific language of that section shall control in determining the minimum term or otherwise sentencing the offender but the minimum term or sentence imposed under that specific language	3487 3488 3489 3490 3491 3492 3493 3494 3495 3496 3497 3498

March 22, 2019, the pris	on term shall be a definite prison term	3502
of three, four, five, si	x, seven, eight, nine, ten, or eleven	3503
years.		3504

- (2)(a) For a felony of the second degree committed on or 3505 after March 22, 2019, the prison term shall be an indefinite 3506 prison term with a stated minimum term selected by the court of 3507 two, three, four, five, six, seven, or eight years and a maximum 3508 term that is determined pursuant to section 2929.144 of the 3509 Revised Code, except that if the section that criminalizes the 3510 conduct constituting the felony specifies a different minimum 3511 term or penalty for the offense, the specific language of that 3512 section shall control in determining the minimum term or 3513 otherwise sentencing the offender but the minimum term or 3514 sentence imposed under that specific language shall be 3515 considered for purposes of the Revised Code as if it had been 3516 imposed under this division. 3517
- (b) For a felony of the second degree committed prior to 3518 March 22, 2019, the prison term shall be a definite term of two, 3519 three, four, five, six, seven, or eight years. 3520
- (3) (a) For a felony of the third degree that is a 3521 violation of section 2903.06, 2903.08, 2907.03, 2907.04, 3522 2907.05, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323, or 3795.04 of the Revised 3523 Code, that is a violation of division (A) of section 4511.19 of 3524 the Revised Code if the offender previously has been convicted 3525 of or pleaded quilty to a violation of division (A) of that 3526 section that was a felony, or that is a violation of section 3527 2911.02 or 2911.12 of the Revised Code if the offender 3528 previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty in two or 3529 more separate proceedings to two or more violations of section 3530 2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, or 2911.12 of the Revised Code, the 3531

prison term shall be a definite term of twelve, eighteen,	3532
twenty-four, thirty, thirty-six, forty-two, forty-eight, fifty-	3533
four, or sixty months.	3534
(b) For a felony of the third degree that is not an	3535
offense for which division (A)(3)(a) of this section applies,	3536
the prison term shall be a definite term of nine, twelve,	3537
eighteen, twenty-four, thirty, or thirty-six months.	3538
(4) For a felony of the fourth degree, the prison term	3539
shall be a definite term of six, seven, eight, nine, ten,	3540
eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen,	3541
or eighteen months.	3542
(5) For a felony of the fifth degree, the prison term	3543
shall be a definite term of six, seven, eight, nine, ten,	3544
eleven, or twelve months.	3545
(B)(1)(a) Except as provided in division (B)(1)(e) of this	3546
section, if an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to	3547
a felony also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	3548
specification of the type described in section 2941.141,	3549
2941.144, or 2941.145 of the Revised Code, the court shall	3550
impose on the offender one of the following prison terms:	3551
(i) A prison term of six years if the specification is of	3552
the type described in division (A) of section 2941.144 of the	3553
Revised Code that charges the offender with having a firearm	3554
that is an automatic firearm or that was equipped with a firearm	3555
muffler or suppressor on or about the offender's person or under	3556
the offender's control while committing the offense;	3557
(ii) A prison term of three years if the specification is	3558
of the type described in division (A) of section 2941.145 of the	3559
Revised Code that charges the offender with having a firearm on	3560

2941.1412 of the Revised Code;

3590

or about the offender's person or under the offender's control	3561
while committing the offense and displaying the firearm,	3562
brandishing the firearm, indicating that the offender possessed	3563
the firearm, or using it to facilitate the offense;	3564
(iii) A prison term of one year if the specification is of	3565
the type described in division (A) of section 2941.141 of the	3566
Revised Code that charges the offender with having a firearm on	3567
or about the offender's person or under the offender's control	3568
while committing the offense;	3569
(iv) A prison term of nine years if the specification is	3570
of the type described in division (D) of section 2941.144 of the	3571
Revised Code that charges the offender with having a firearm	3572
that is an automatic firearm or that was equipped with a firearm	3573
muffler or suppressor on or about the offender's person or under	3574
the offender's control while committing the offense and	3575
specifies that the offender previously has been convicted of or	3576
pleaded guilty to a specification of the type described in	3577
section 2941.141, 2941.144, 2941.145, 2941.146, or 2941.1412 of	3578
the Revised Code;	3579
(v) A prison term of fifty-four months if the	3580
specification is of the type described in division (D) of	3581
section 2941.145 of the Revised Code that charges the offender	3582
with having a firearm on or about the offender's person or under	3583
the offender's control while committing the offense and	3584
displaying the firearm, brandishing the firearm, indicating that	3585
the offender possessed the firearm, or using the firearm to	3586
facilitate the offense and that the offender previously has been	3587
convicted of or pleaded guilty to a specification of the type	3588
described in section 2941.141, 2941.144, 2941.145, 2941.146, or	3589
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(vi) A prison term of eighteen months if the specification	3591
is of the type described in division (D) of section 2941.141 of	3592
the Revised Code that charges the offender with having a firearm	3593
on or about the offender's person or under the offender's	3594
control while committing the offense and that the offender	3595
previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a	3596
specification of the type described in section 2941.141,	3597
2941.144, 2941.145, 2941.146, or 2941.1412 of the Revised Code.	3598

(b) If a court imposes a prison term on an offender under 3599 division (B)(1)(a) of this section, the prison term shall not be 3600 reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, division (A)(2) or (3) of 3601 section 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any other provision of Chapter 3602 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code. Except as provided 3603 in division (B)(1)(q) of this section, a court shall not impose 3604 more than one prison term on an offender under division (B)(1) 3605 (a) of this section for felonies committed as part of the same 3606 act or transaction. 3607

(c)(i) Except as provided in division (B)(1)(e) of this 3608 section, if an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to 3609 a violation of section 2923.161 of the Revised Code or to a 3610 felony that includes, as an essential element, purposely or 3611 knowingly causing or attempting to cause the death of or 3612 physical harm to another, also is convicted of or pleads quilty 3613 to a specification of the type described in division (A) of 3614 section 2941.146 of the Revised Code that charges the offender 3615 with committing the offense by discharging a firearm from a 3616 motor vehicle other than a manufactured home, the court, after 3617 imposing a prison term on the offender for the violation of 3618 section 2923.161 of the Revised Code or for the other felony 3619 offense under division (A), (B)(2), or (B)(3) of this section, 3620 shall impose an additional prison term of five years upon the 3621

offender that shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20,	3622
division (A)(2) or (3) of section 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any	3623
other provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised	3624
Code.	3625

(ii) Except as provided in division (B)(1)(e) of this 3626 section, if an offender who is convicted of or pleads quilty to 3627 a violation of section 2923.161 of the Revised Code or to a 3628 felony that includes, as an essential element, purposely or 3629 knowingly causing or attempting to cause the death of or 3630 3631 physical harm to another, also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a specification of the type described in division (C) of 3632 section 2941.146 of the Revised Code that charges the offender 3633 with committing the offense by discharging a firearm from a 3634 motor vehicle other than a manufactured home and that the 3635 offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a 3636 specification of the type described in section 2941.141, 3637 2941.144, 2941.145, 2941.146, or 2941.1412 of the Revised Code, 3638 the court, after imposing a prison term on the offender for the 3639 violation of section 2923.161 of the Revised Code or for the 3640 other felony offense under division (A), (B)(2), or (3) of this 3641 section, shall impose an additional prison term of ninety months 3642 upon the offender that shall not be reduced pursuant to section 3643 2929.20, division (A)(2) or (3) of section 2967.193 or 2967.194, 3644 or any other provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the 3645 Revised Code. 3646

(iii) A court shall not impose more than one additional 3647 prison term on an offender under division (B)(1)(c) of this 3648 section for felonies committed as part of the same act or 3649 transaction. If a court imposes an additional prison term on an 3650 offender under division (B)(1)(c) of this section relative to an 3651 offense, the court also shall impose a prison term under 3652

division (B)(1)(a) of this section relative to the same offense,	3653
provided the criteria specified in that division for imposing an	3654
additional prison term are satisfied relative to the offender	3655
and the offense.	3656

- (d) If an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to 3657 an offense of violence that is a felony also is convicted of or 3658 pleads guilty to a specification of the type described in 3659 section 2941.1411 of the Revised Code that charges the offender 3660 with wearing or carrying body armor while committing the felony 3661 offense of violence, the court shall impose on the offender an 3662 additional prison term of two years. The prison term so imposed 3663 shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, division (A) 3664 (2) or (3) of section 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any other 3665 provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code. 3666 A court shall not impose more than one prison term on an 3667 offender under division (B)(1)(d) of this section for felonies 3668 committed as part of the same act or transaction. If a court 3669 imposes an additional prison term under division (B)(1)(a) or 3670 (c) of this section, the court is not precluded from imposing an 3671 additional prison term under division (B)(1)(d) of this section. 3672
- (e) The court shall not impose any of the prison terms 3673 described in division (B)(1)(a) of this section or any of the 3674 additional prison terms described in division (B)(1)(c) of this 3675 section upon an offender for a violation of section 2923.12 or 3676 2923.123 of the Revised Code. The court shall not impose any of 3677 the prison terms described in division (B)(1)(a) or (b) of this 3678 section upon an offender for a violation of section 2923.122 3679 that involves a deadly weapon that is a firearm other than a 3680 dangerous ordnance, section 2923.16, or section 2923.121 of the 3681 Revised Code. The court shall not impose any of the prison terms 3682 described in division (B)(1)(a) of this section or any of the 3683

additional prison terms described in division (B)(1)(c) of this	3684
section upon an offender for a violation of section 2923.13 of	3685
the Revised Code unless all of the following apply:	3686
(i) The offender previously has been convicted of	3687
aggravated murder, murder, or any felony of the first or second	3688
degree.	3689
(ii) Less than five years have passed since the offender	3690
was released from prison or post-release control, whichever is	3691
later, for the prior offense.	3692
(f)(i) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to	3693
a felony that includes, as an essential element, causing or	3694
attempting to cause the death of or physical harm to another and	3695
also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a specification of the	3696
type described in division (A) of section 2941.1412 of the	3697
Revised Code that charges the offender with committing the	3698
offense by discharging a firearm at a peace officer as defined	3699
in section 2935.01 of the Revised Code or a corrections officer,	3700
as defined in section 2941.1412 of the Revised Code, the court,	3701
after imposing a prison term on the offender for the felony	3702
offense under division (A), (B)(2), or (B)(3) of this section,	3703
shall impose an additional prison term of seven years upon the	3704
offender that shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20,	3705
division (A)(2) or (3) of section 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any	3706
other provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised	3707
Code.	3708
(ii) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	3709
felony that includes, as an essential element, causing or	3710
attempting to cause the death of or physical harm to another and	3711
also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a specification of the	3711
also is convicted of of predas guilty to a specification of the	J / 1 Z

type described in division (B) of section 2941.1412 of the

Revised Code that charges the offender with committing the	3714
offense by discharging a firearm at a peace officer, as defined	3715
in section 2935.01 of the Revised Code, or a corrections	3716
officer, as defined in section 2941.1412 of the Revised Code,	3717
and that the offender previously has been convicted of or	3718
pleaded guilty to a specification of the type described in	3719
section 2941.141, 2941.144, 2941.145, 2941.146, or 2941.1412 of	3720
the Revised Code, the court, after imposing a prison term on the	3721
offender for the felony offense under division (A), (B)(2), or	3722
(3) of this section, shall impose an additional prison term of	3723
one hundred twenty-six months upon the offender that shall not	3724
be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, division (A)(2) or (3)	3725
of section 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any other provision of	3726
Chapter 2967. or 5120. of the Revised Code.	3727

(iii) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to 3728 two or more felonies that include, as an essential element, 3729 causing or attempting to cause the death or physical harm to 3730 another and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 3731 specification of the type described under division (B)(1)(f) of 3732 this section in connection with two or more of the felonies of 3733 which the offender is convicted or to which the offender pleads 3734 quilty, the sentencing court shall impose on the offender the 3735 prison term specified under division (B)(1)(f) of this section 3736 for each of two of the specifications of which the offender is 3737 convicted or to which the offender pleads guilty and, in its 3738 discretion, also may impose on the offender the prison term 3739 specified under that division for any or all of the remaining 3740 specifications. If a court imposes an additional prison term on 3741 an offender under division (B)(1)(f) of this section relative to 3742 an offense, the court shall not impose a prison term under 3743 division (B)(1)(a) or (c) of this section relative to the same 3744

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offense. 3745

- (q) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to two 3746 or more felonies, if one or more of those felonies are 3747 aggravated murder, murder, attempted aggravated murder, 3748 attempted murder, aggravated robbery, felonious assault, or 3749 rape, and if the offender is convicted of or pleads quilty to a 3750 specification of the type described under division (B)(1)(a) of 3751 this section in connection with two or more of the felonies, the 3752 sentencing court shall impose on the offender the prison term 3753 specified under division (B)(1)(a) of this section for each of 3754 the two most serious specifications of which the offender is 3755 convicted or to which the offender pleads guilty and, in its 3756 discretion, also may impose on the offender the prison term 3757 specified under that division for any or all of the remaining 3758 specifications. 3759
- (2) (a) If division (B) (2) (b) of this section does not 3760 apply, the court may impose on an offender, in addition to the 3761 longest prison term authorized or required for the offense or, 3762 for offenses for which division (A)(1)(a) or (2)(a) of this 3763 section applies, in addition to the longest minimum prison term 3764 authorized or required for the offense, an additional definite 3765 prison term of one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, 3766 nine, or ten years if all of the following criteria are met: 3767
- (i) The offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a specification of the type described in section 2941.149 of the Revised Code that the offender is a repeat violent offender.
- (ii) The offense of which the offender currently is 3771 convicted or to which the offender currently pleads guilty is 3772 aggravated murder and the court does not impose a sentence of 3773 death or life imprisonment without parole, murder, terrorism and 3774

the court does not impose a sentence of life imprisonment	3775
without parole, any felony of the first degree that is an	3776
offense of violence and the court does not impose a sentence of	3777
life imprisonment without parole, or any felony of the second	3778
degree that is an offense of violence and the trier of fact	3779
finds that the offense involved an attempt to cause or a threat	3780
to cause serious physical harm to a person or resulted in	3781
serious physical harm to a person.	3782

- (iii) The court imposes the longest prison term for the 3783 offense or the longest minimum prison term for the offense, 3784 whichever is applicable, that is not life imprisonment without 3785 parole. 3786
- (iv) The court finds that the prison terms imposed 3787 pursuant to division (B)(2)(a)(iii) of this section and, if 3788 applicable, division (B)(1) or (3) of this section are 3789 inadequate to punish the offender and protect the public from 3790 future crime, because the applicable factors under section 3791 2929.12 of the Revised Code indicating a greater likelihood of 3792 recidivism outweigh the applicable factors under that section 3793 indicating a lesser likelihood of recidivism. 3794
- (v) The court finds that the prison terms imposed pursuant 3795 to division (B)(2)(a)(iii) of this section and, if applicable, 3796 division (B)(1) or (3) of this section are demeaning to the 3797 seriousness of the offense, because one or more of the factors 3798 under section 2929.12 of the Revised Code indicating that the 3799 offender's conduct is more serious than conduct normally 3800 constituting the offense are present, and they outweigh the 3801 applicable factors under that section indicating that the 3802 offender's conduct is less serious than conduct normally 3803 constituting the offense. 3804

- (b) The court shall impose on an offender the longest 3805 prison term authorized or required for the offense or, for 3806 offenses for which division (A)(1)(a) or (2)(a) of this section 3807 applies, the longest minimum prison term authorized or required 3808 for the offense, and shall impose on the offender an additional 3809 definite prison term of one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, 3810 eight, nine, or ten years if all of the following criteria are 3811 met: 3812
- (i) The offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 3813 specification of the type described in section 2941.149 of the 3814 Revised Code that the offender is a repeat violent offender. 3815
- (ii) The offender within the preceding twenty years has 3816 been convicted of or pleaded quilty to three or more offenses 3817 described in division (CC)(1) of section 2929.01 of the Revised 3818 Code, including all offenses described in that division of which 3819 the offender is convicted or to which the offender pleads quilty 3820 in the current prosecution and all offenses described in that 3821 division of which the offender previously has been convicted or 3822 to which the offender previously pleaded guilty, whether 3823 3824 prosecuted together or separately.
- (iii) The offense or offenses of which the offender 3825 currently is convicted or to which the offender currently pleads 3826 quilty is aggravated murder and the court does not impose a 3827 sentence of death or life imprisonment without parole, murder, 3828 terrorism and the court does not impose a sentence of life 3829 imprisonment without parole, any felony of the first degree that 3830 is an offense of violence and the court does not impose a 3831 sentence of life imprisonment without parole, or any felony of 3832 the second degree that is an offense of violence and the trier 3833 of fact finds that the offense involved an attempt to cause or a 3834

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threat to cause serious physical harm to a person or resulted in 3835 serious physical harm to a person. 3836

- (c) For purposes of division (B)(2)(b) of this section,

 two or more offenses committed at the same time or as part of

 the same act or event shall be considered one offense, and that

 one offense shall be the offense with the greatest penalty.

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- (d) A sentence imposed under division (B)(2)(a) or (b) of this section shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, division (A)(2) or (3) of section 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any other provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code. The offender shall serve an additional prison term imposed under division (B)(2)(a) or (b) of this section consecutively to and prior to the prison term imposed for the underlying offense.
- (e) When imposing a sentence pursuant to division (B)(2) 3848

 (a) or (b) of this section, the court shall state its findings 3849 explaining the imposed sentence. 3850
- (3) Except when an offender commits a violation of section 3851 2903.01 or 2907.02 of the Revised Code and the penalty imposed 3852 for the violation is life imprisonment or commits a violation of 3853 section 2903.02 of the Revised Code, if the offender commits a 3854 violation of section 2925.03 or 2925.11 of the Revised Code and 3855 3856 that section classifies the offender as a major drug offender, if the offender commits a violation of section 2925.05 of the 3857 Revised Code and division (E)(1) of that section classifies the 3858 offender as a major drug offender, if the offender commits a 3859 felony violation of section 2925.02, 2925.04, 2925.05, 2925.36, 3860 3719.07, 3719.08, 3719.16, 3719.161, 4729.37, or 4729.61, 3861 division (C) or (D) of section 3719.172, division (E) of section 3862 4729.51, or division (J) of section 4729.54 of the Revised Code 3863 that includes the sale, offer to sell, or possession of a 3864

schedule I or II controlled substance, with the exception of 3865 marihuana, and the court imposing sentence upon the offender 3866 finds that the offender is guilty of a specification of the type 3867 described in division (A) of section 2941.1410 of the Revised 3868 Code charging that the offender is a major drug offender, if the 3869 court imposing sentence upon an offender for a felony finds that 3870 the offender is quilty of corrupt activity with the most serious 3871 offense in the pattern of corrupt activity being a felony of the 3872 first degree, or if the offender is quilty of an attempted 3873 violation of section 2907.02 of the Revised Code and, had the 3874 offender completed the violation of section 2907.02 of the 3875 Revised Code that was attempted, the offender would have been 3876 subject to a sentence of life imprisonment or life imprisonment 3877 without parole for the violation of section 2907.02 of the 3878 Revised Code, the court shall impose upon the offender for the 3879 felony violation a mandatory prison term determined as described 3880 in this division that cannot be reduced pursuant to section 3881 2929.20, division (A)(2) or (3) of section 2967.193 or 2967.194, 3882 or any other provision of Chapter 2967. or 5120. of the Revised 3883 Code. The mandatory prison term shall be the maximum definite 3884 prison term prescribed in division (A)(1)(b) of this section for 3885 a felony of the first degree, except that for offenses for which 3886 division (A)(1)(a) of this section applies, the mandatory prison 3887 term shall be the longest minimum prison term prescribed in that 3888 division for the offense. 3889

(4) If the offender is being sentenced for a third or
fourth degree felony OVI offense under division (G)(2) of
section 2929.13 of the Revised Code, the sentencing court shall
impose upon the offender a mandatory prison term in accordance
with that division. In addition to the mandatory prison term, if
the offender is being sentenced for a fourth degree felony OVI
3895

offense, the court, notwithstanding division (A)(4) of this	3896
section, may sentence the offender to a definite prison term of	3897
not less than six months and not more than thirty months, and if	3898
the offender is being sentenced for a third degree felony OVI	3899
offense, the sentencing court may sentence the offender to an	3900
additional prison term of any duration specified in division (A)	3901
(3) of this section. In either case, the additional prison term	3902
imposed shall be reduced by the sixty or one hundred twenty days	3903
imposed upon the offender as the mandatory prison term. The	3904
total of the additional prison term imposed under division (B)	3905
(4) of this section plus the sixty or one hundred twenty days	3906
imposed as the mandatory prison term shall equal a definite term	3907
in the range of six months to thirty months for a fourth degree	3908
felony OVI offense and shall equal one of the authorized prison	3909
terms specified in division (A)(3) of this section for a third	3910
degree felony OVI offense. If the court imposes an additional	3911
prison term under division (B)(4) of this section, the offender	3912
shall serve the additional prison term after the offender has	3913
served the mandatory prison term required for the offense. In	3914
addition to the mandatory prison term or mandatory and	3915
additional prison term imposed as described in division (B)(4)	3916
of this section, the court also may sentence the offender to a	3917
community control sanction under section 2929.16 or 2929.17 of	3918
the Revised Code, but the offender shall serve all of the prison	3919
terms so imposed prior to serving the community control	3920
sanction.	3921

If the offender is being sentenced for a fourth degree 3922 felony OVI offense under division (G)(1) of section 2929.13 of 3923 the Revised Code and the court imposes a mandatory term of local 3924 incarceration, the court may impose a prison term as described 3925 in division (A)(1) of that section. 3926

(5) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	3927
violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.06 of the	3928
Revised Code and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	3929
specification of the type described in section 2941.1414 of the	3930
Revised Code that charges that the victim of the offense is a	3931
peace officer, as defined in section 2935.01 of the Revised	3932
Code, an investigator of the bureau of criminal identification	3933
and investigation, as defined in section 2903.11 of the Revised	3934
Code, or a firefighter or emergency medical worker, both as	3935
defined in section 4123.026 of the Revised Code, the court shall	3936
impose on the offender a prison term of five years. If a court	3937
imposes a prison term on an offender under division (B)(5) of	3938
this section, the prison term shall not be reduced pursuant to	3939
section 2929.20, division (A)(2) or (3) of section 2967.193 or	3940
2967.194, or any other provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter	3941
5120. of the Revised Code. A court shall not impose more than	3942
one prison term on an offender under division (B)(5) of this	3943
section for felonies committed as part of the same act.	3944

(6) If an offender is convicted of or pleads quilty to a 3945 violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.06 of the 3946 Revised Code and also is convicted of or pleads quilty to a 3947 specification of the type described in section 2941.1415 of the 3948 Revised Code that charges that the offender previously has been 3949 convicted of or pleaded quilty to three or more violations of 3950 division (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or an 3951 equivalent offense, as defined in section 2941.1415 of the 3952 Revised Code, or three or more violations of any combination of 3953 those offenses, the court shall impose on the offender a prison 3954 term of three years. If a court imposes a prison term on an 3955 offender under division (B)(6) of this section, the prison term 3956 shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, division (A) 3957

(2) or (3) of section 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any other	3958
provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code.	3959
A court shall not impose more than one prison term on an	3960
offender under division (B)(6) of this section for felonies	3961
committed as part of the same act.	3962
(7)(a) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to	3963
a felony violation of section 2905.01, 2905.02, <u>2905.321</u> ,	3964
2907.21, 2907.22, or 2923.32, division (A)(1) or (2) of section	3965
2907.323 involving a minor, or division (B)(1), (2), (3), (4),	3966
or (5) of section 2919.22 of the Revised Code and also is	3967
convicted of or pleads guilty to a specification of the type	3968
described in section 2941.1422 of the Revised Code that charges	3969
that the offender knowingly committed the offense in furtherance	3970
of human trafficking, the court shall impose on the offender a	3971
mandatory prison term that is one of the following:	3972
(i) If the offense is a felony of the first degree, a	3973
(i) If the offense is a felony of the first degree, a definite prison term of not less than five years and not greater	3973 3974
definite prison term of not less than five years and not greater	3974
definite prison term of not less than five years and not greater than eleven years, except that if the offense is a felony of the	3974 3975
definite prison term of not less than five years and not greater than eleven years, except that if the offense is a felony of the first degree committed on or after March 22, 2019, the court	3974 3975 3976
definite prison term of not less than five years and not greater than eleven years, except that if the offense is a felony of the first degree committed on or after March 22, 2019, the court shall impose as the minimum prison term a mandatory term of not	3974 3975 3976 3977
definite prison term of not less than five years and not greater than eleven years, except that if the offense is a felony of the first degree committed on or after March 22, 2019, the court shall impose as the minimum prison term a mandatory term of not less than five years and not greater than eleven years;	3974 3975 3976 3977 3978
definite prison term of not less than five years and not greater than eleven years, except that if the offense is a felony of the first degree committed on or after March 22, 2019, the court shall impose as the minimum prison term a mandatory term of not less than five years and not greater than eleven years; (ii) If the offense is a felony of the second or third	3974 3975 3976 3977 3978
definite prison term of not less than five years and not greater than eleven years, except that if the offense is a felony of the first degree committed on or after March 22, 2019, the court shall impose as the minimum prison term a mandatory term of not less than five years and not greater than eleven years; (ii) If the offense is a felony of the second or third degree, a definite prison term of not less than three years and	3974 3975 3976 3977 3978 3979 3980
definite prison term of not less than five years and not greater than eleven years, except that if the offense is a felony of the first degree committed on or after March 22, 2019, the court shall impose as the minimum prison term a mandatory term of not less than five years and not greater than eleven years; (ii) If the offense is a felony of the second or third degree, a definite prison term of not less than three years and not greater than the maximum prison term allowed for the offense	3974 3975 3976 3977 3978 3979 3980 3981
definite prison term of not less than five years and not greater than eleven years, except that if the offense is a felony of the first degree committed on or after March 22, 2019, the court shall impose as the minimum prison term a mandatory term of not less than five years and not greater than eleven years; (ii) If the offense is a felony of the second or third degree, a definite prison term of not less than three years and not greater than the maximum prison term allowed for the offense by division (A)(2)(b) or (3) of this section, except that if the	3974 3975 3976 3977 3978 3979 3980 3981 3982
definite prison term of not less than five years and not greater than eleven years, except that if the offense is a felony of the first degree committed on or after March 22, 2019, the court shall impose as the minimum prison term a mandatory term of not less than five years and not greater than eleven years; (ii) If the offense is a felony of the second or third degree, a definite prison term of not less than three years and not greater than the maximum prison term allowed for the offense by division (A)(2)(b) or (3) of this section, except that if the offense is a felony of the second degree committed on or after	3974 3975 3976 3977 3978 3979 3980 3981 3982 3983
definite prison term of not less than five years and not greater than eleven years, except that if the offense is a felony of the first degree committed on or after March 22, 2019, the court shall impose as the minimum prison term a mandatory term of not less than five years and not greater than eleven years; (ii) If the offense is a felony of the second or third degree, a definite prison term of not less than three years and not greater than the maximum prison term allowed for the offense by division (A)(2)(b) or (3) of this section, except that if the offense is a felony of the second degree committed on or after March 22, 2019, the court shall impose as the minimum prison	3974 3975 3976 3977 3978 3979 3980 3981 3982 3983 3984

degree, a definite prison term that is the maximum prison term	3988
allowed for the offense by division (A) of section 2929.14 of	3989
the Revised Code.	3990

- (b) The prison term imposed under division (B) (7) (a) of 3991 this section shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, 3992 division (A) (2) or (3) of section 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any 3993 other provision of Chapter 2967. of the Revised Code. A court 3994 shall not impose more than one prison term on an offender under 3995 division (B) (7) (a) of this section for felonies committed as 3996 part of the same act, scheme, or plan. 3997
- (8) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 3998 felony violation of section 2903.11, 2903.12, or 2903.13 of the 3999 Revised Code and also is convicted of or pleads quilty to a 4000 specification of the type described in section 2941.1423 of the 4001 Revised Code that charges that the victim of the violation was a 4002 woman whom the offender knew was pregnant at the time of the 4003 violation, notwithstanding the range prescribed in division (A) 4004 of this section as the definite prison term or minimum prison 4005 term for felonies of the same degree as the violation, the court 4006 shall impose on the offender a mandatory prison term that is 4007 either a definite prison term of six months or one of the prison 4008 terms prescribed in division (A) of this section for felonies of 4009 the same degree as the violation, except that if the violation 4010 is a felony of the first or second degree committed on or after 4011 arch 22, 2019, the court shall impose as the minimum prison term 4012 under division (A)(1)(a) or (2)(a) of this section a mandatory 4013 term that is one of the terms prescribed in that division, 4014 whichever is applicable, for the offense. 4015
- (9) (a) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to 4016 a violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.11 of the 4017

Revised Code and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	4018
specification of the type described in section 2941.1425 of the	4019
Revised Code, the court shall impose on the offender a mandatory	4020
prison term of six years if either of the following applies:	4021
(i) The violation is a violation of division (A)(1) of	4022
section 2903.11 of the Revised Code and the specification	4023
charges that the offender used an accelerant in committing the	4024
violation and the serious physical harm to another or to	4025
another's unborn caused by the violation resulted in a	4026
permanent, serious disfigurement or permanent, substantial	4027
incapacity;	4028
(ii) The violation is a violation of division (A)(2) of	4029
section 2903.11 of the Revised Code and the specification	4030
charges that the offender used an accelerant in committing the	4031
violation, that the violation caused physical harm to another or	4032
to another's unborn, and that the physical harm resulted in a	4033
permanent, serious disfigurement or permanent, substantial	4034
incapacity.	4035
(b) If a court imposes a prison term on an offender under	4036
division (B)(9)(a) of this section, the prison term shall not be	4037
reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, division (A)(2) or (3) of	4038
section 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any other provision of Chapter	4039
2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code. A court shall not	4040
impose more than one prison term on an offender under division	4041
(B)(9) of this section for felonies committed as part of the	4042
same act.	4043
(c) The provisions of divisions (B)(9) and (C)(6) of this	4044
section and of division (D)(2) of section 2903.11, division (F)	4045
(20) of section 2929.13, and section 2941.1425 of the Revised	4046
Code shall be known as "Judy's Law."	4047

(10) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	4048
violation of division (A) of section 2903.11 of the Revised Code	4049
and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a specification of	4050
the type described in section 2941.1426 of the Revised Code that	4051
charges that the victim of the offense suffered permanent	4052
disabling harm as a result of the offense and that the victim	4053
was under ten years of age at the time of the offense,	4054
regardless of whether the offender knew the age of the victim,	4055
the court shall impose upon the offender an additional definite	4056
prison term of six years. A prison term imposed on an offender	4057
under division (B)(10) of this section shall not be reduced	4058
pursuant to section 2929.20, division (A)(2) or (3) of section	4059
2967.193 or 2967.194, or any other provision of Chapter 2967. or	4060
Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code. If a court imposes an	4061
additional prison term on an offender under this division	4062
relative to a violation of division (A) of section 2903.11 of	4063
the Revised Code, the court shall not impose any other	4064
additional prison term on the offender relative to the same	4065
offense.	4066

(11)(11)(a) If an offender is convicted of or pleads 4067 quilty to a felony violation of section 2925.03 or 2925.05 of 4068 the Revised Code or a felony violation of section 2925.11 of the 4069 Revised Code for which division $\frac{(C)(11)}{(C)(10)}$ of that section 4070 applies in determining the sentence for the violation, if the 4071 drug involved in the violation is a fentanyl-related compound or 4072 a compound, mixture, preparation, or substance containing a 4073 fentanyl-related compound, and if the offender also is convicted 4074 of or pleads guilty to a specification of the type described in 4075 division (B) of section 2941.1410 of the Revised Code that 4076 charges that the offender is a major drug offender, in addition 4077 to any other penalty imposed for the violation, the court shall 4078

impose on the offender a mandatory prison term of three, four,	4079
five, six, seven, or eight years. If	4080
(b) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	4081
violation of section 2903.04 of the Revised Code and if the	4082
offender also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	4083
specification of the type described in section 2941.1427 of the	4084
Revised Code, in addition to any other penalty imposed for the	4085
violation, the court shall impose on the offender a mandatory	4086
prison term of five years.	4087
(c) If a court imposes a prison term on an offender under	4088
division (B)(11) of this section, the prison term shall not be	4089
reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, division (A)(2) or (3) of	4090
section 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any other provision of Chapter	4091
2967. or 5120. of the Revised Code. A court shall not impose	4092
more than one prison term on an offender under division (B)(11)	4093
of this section for felonies committed as part of the same act.	4094
(C)(1)(a) Subject to division(C)(1)(b) of this section,	4095
if a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender pursuant	4096
to division (B)(1)(a) of this section for having a firearm on or	4097
about the offender's person or under the offender's control	4098
while committing a felony, if a mandatory prison term is imposed	4099
upon an offender pursuant to division (B)(1)(c) of this section	4100
for committing a felony specified in that division by	4101
discharging a firearm from a motor vehicle, or if both types of	4102
mandatory prison terms are imposed, the offender shall serve any	4103
mandatory prison term imposed under either division	4104
consecutively to any other mandatory prison term imposed under	4105
either division or under division (B)(1)(d) of this section,	4106
consecutively to and prior to any prison term imposed for the	4107
underlying felony pursuant to division (A), (B)(2), or (B)(3) of	4108

subsequently imposed upon the offender.

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this section or any other section of the Revised Code, and	4109
consecutively to any other prison term or mandatory prison term	4110
previously or subsequently imposed upon the offender.	4111
(b) If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender	4112
pursuant to division (B)(1)(d) of this section for wearing or	4113
carrying body armor while committing an offense of violence that	4114
is a felony, the offender shall serve the mandatory term so	4115
imposed consecutively to any other mandatory prison term imposed	4116
under that division or under division (B)(1)(a) or (c) of this	4117
section, consecutively to and prior to any prison term imposed	4118
for the underlying felony under division (A), (B)(2), or (B)(3)	4119
of this section or any other section of the Revised Code, and	4120
consecutively to any other prison term or mandatory prison term	4121
previously or subsequently imposed upon the offender.	4122
(c) If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender	4123
pursuant to division (B)(1)(f) of this section, the offender	4124
shall serve the mandatory prison term so imposed consecutively	4125
to and prior to any prison term imposed for the underlying	4126
felony under division (A), (B)(2), or (B)(3) of this section or	4127
any other section of the Revised Code, and consecutively to any	4128
other prison term or mandatory prison term previously or	4129
subsequently imposed upon the offender.	4130
(d) If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender	4131
pursuant to division (B)(7) or (8) of this section, the offender	4132
shall serve the mandatory prison term so imposed consecutively	4133
to any other mandatory prison term imposed under that division	4134
or under any other provision of law and consecutively to any	4135
other prison term or mandatory prison term previously or	4136

(e) If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender

pursuant to division (B)(11) of this section, the offender shall	4139
serve the mandatory prison term consecutively to any other	4140
mandatory prison term imposed under that division, consecutively	4141
to and prior to any prison term imposed for the underlying	4142
felony, and consecutively to any other prison term or mandatory	4143
prison term previously or subsequently imposed upon the	4144
offender.	4145

- (2) If an offender who is an inmate in a jail, prison, or 4146 other residential detention facility violates section 2917.02, 4147 2917.03, or 2921.35 of the Revised Code or division (A)(1) or 4148 (2) of section 2921.34 of the Revised Code, if an offender who 4149 is under detention at a detention facility commits a felony 4150 violation of section 2923.131 of the Revised Code, or if an 4151 offender who is an inmate in a jail, prison, or other 4152 residential detention facility or is under detention at a 4153 detention facility commits another felony while the offender is 4154 an escapee in violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section 4155 2921.34 of the Revised Code, any prison term imposed upon the 4156 offender for one of those violations shall be served by the 4157 offender consecutively to the prison term or term of 4158 4159 imprisonment the offender was serving when the offender committed that offense and to any other prison term previously 4160 or subsequently imposed upon the offender. 4161
- (3) If a prison term is imposed for a violation of 4162 division (B) of section 2911.01 of the Revised Code, a violation 4163 of division (A) of section 2913.02 of the Revised Code in which 4164 the stolen property is a firearm or dangerous ordnance, or a 4165 felony violation of division (B) of section 2921.331 of the 4166 Revised Code, the offender shall serve that prison term 4167 consecutively to any other prison term or mandatory prison term 4168 previously or subsequently imposed upon the offender. 4169

(4) If multiple prison terms are imposed on an offender	4170
for convictions of multiple offenses, the court may require the	4171
offender to serve the prison terms consecutively if the court	4172
finds that the consecutive service is necessary to protect the	4173
public from future crime or to punish the offender and that	4174
consecutive sentences are not disproportionate to the	4175
seriousness of the offender's conduct and to the danger the	4176
offender poses to the public, and if the court also finds any of	4177
the following:	4178
(a) The offender committed one or more of the multiple	4179
offenses while the offender was awaiting trial or sentencing,	4180
was under a sanction imposed pursuant to section 2929.16,	4181
2929.17, or 2929.18 of the Revised Code, or was under post-	4182
release control for a prior offense.	4183
(b) At least two of the multiple offenses were committed	4184
as part of one or more courses of conduct, and the harm caused	4185
by two or more of the multiple offenses so committed was so	4186
great or unusual that no single prison term for any of the	4187
offenses committed as part of any of the courses of conduct	4188
adequately reflects the seriousness of the offender's conduct.	4189
(c) The offender's history of criminal conduct	4190
demonstrates that consecutive sentences are necessary to protect	4191
the public from future crime by the offender.	4192
(5) If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender	4193
pursuant to division (B)(5) or (6) of this section, the offender	4194
shall serve the mandatory prison term consecutively to and prior	4195
to any prison term imposed for the underlying violation of	4196
division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.06 of the Revised Code	4197
pursuant to division (A) of this section or section 2929.142 of	4198

the Revised Code. If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an

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offender pursuant to division (B)(5) of this section, and if a	4200
mandatory prison term also is imposed upon the offender pursuant	4201
to division (B)(6) of this section in relation to the same	4202
violation, the offender shall serve the mandatory prison term	4203
imposed pursuant to division (B)(5) of this section	4204
consecutively to and prior to the mandatory prison term imposed	4205
pursuant to division (B)(6) of this section and consecutively to	4206
and prior to any prison term imposed for the underlying	4207
violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.06 of the	4208
Revised Code pursuant to division (A) of this section or section	4209
2929.142 of the Revised Code.	4210

- (6) If a mandatory prison term is imposed on an offender pursuant to division (B)(9) of this section, the offender shall serve the mandatory prison term consecutively to and prior to any prison term imposed for the underlying violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.11 of the Revised Code and consecutively to and prior to any other prison term or mandatory prison term previously or subsequently imposed on the offender.
- (7) If a mandatory prison term is imposed on an offender 4218 pursuant to division (B)(10) of this section, the offender shall 4219 serve that mandatory prison term consecutively to and prior to 4220 any prison term imposed for the underlying felonious assault. 4221 Except as otherwise provided in division (C) of this section, 4222 any other prison term or mandatory prison term previously or 4223 subsequently imposed upon the offender may be served 4224 concurrently with, or consecutively to, the prison term imposed 4225 pursuant to division (B) (10) of this section. 4226
- (8) Any prison term imposed for a violation of section 4227
 2903.04 of the Revised Code that is based on a violation of 4228
 section 2925.03 or 2925.11 of the Revised Code or on a violation 4229

of section 2925.05 of the Revised Code that is not funding of	4230
marihuana trafficking shall run consecutively to any prison term	4231
imposed for the violation of section 2925.03 or 2925.11 of the	4232
Revised Code or for the violation of section 2925.05 of the	4233
Revised Code that is not funding of marihuana trafficking.	4234
(9) When consecutive prison terms are imposed pursuant to	4235
division (C)(1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), or (8) or	4236
division (H)(1) or (2) of this section, subject to division (C)	4237
(10) of this section, the term to be served is the aggregate of	4238
all of the terms so imposed.	4239
(10) When a court sentences an offender to a non-life	4240
felony indefinite prison term, any definite prison term or	4241
mandatory definite prison term previously or subsequently	4242
imposed on the offender in addition to that indefinite sentence	4243
that is required to be served consecutively to that indefinite	4244
sentence shall be served prior to the indefinite sentence.	4245
(11) If a court is sentencing an offender for a felony of	4246
the first or second degree, if division (A)(1)(a) or (2)(a) of	4247
this section applies with respect to the sentencing for the	4248
offense, and if the court is required under the Revised Code	4249
section that sets forth the offense or any other Revised Code	4250
provision to impose a mandatory prison term for the offense, the	4251
court shall impose the required mandatory prison term as the	4252
minimum term imposed under division (A)(1)(a) or (2)(a) of this	4253
section, whichever is applicable.	4254
(D)(1) If a court imposes a prison term, other than a term	4255
of life imprisonment, for a felony of the first degree, for a	4256
felony of the second degree, for a felony sex offense, or for a	4257
felony of the third degree that is an offense of violence and	4258

that is not a felony sex offense, it shall include in the

sentence a requirement that the offender be subject to a period	4260
of post-release control after the offender's release from	4261
imprisonment, in accordance with section 2967.28 of the Revised	4262
Code. If a court imposes a sentence including a prison term of a	4263
type described in this division on or after July 11, 2006, the	4264
failure of a court to include a post-release control requirement	4265
in the sentence pursuant to this division does not negate,	4266
limit, or otherwise affect the mandatory period of post-release	4267
control that is required for the offender under division (B) of	4268
section 2967.28 of the Revised Code. Section 2929.191 of the	4269
Revised Code applies if, prior to July 11, 2006, a court imposed	4270
a sentence including a prison term of a type described in this	4271
division and failed to include in the sentence pursuant to this	4272
division a statement regarding post-release control.	4273

- (2) If a court imposes a prison term for a felony of the 4274 third, fourth, or fifth degree that is not subject to division 4275 (D)(1) of this section, it shall include in the sentence a 4276 requirement that the offender be subject to a period of post-4277 release control after the offender's release from imprisonment, 4278 in accordance with that division, if the parole board determines 4279 that a period of post-release control is necessary. Section 4280 2929.191 of the Revised Code applies if, prior to July 11, 2006, 4281 a court imposed a sentence including a prison term of a type 4282 described in this division and failed to include in the sentence 4283 pursuant to this division a statement regarding post-release 4284 control. 4285
- (E) The court shall impose sentence upon the offender in 4286 accordance with section 2971.03 of the Revised Code, and Chapter 4287 2971. of the Revised Code applies regarding the prison term or 4288 term of life imprisonment without parole imposed upon the 4289 offender and the service of that term of imprisonment if any of 4290

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the following apply: 4291 (1) A person is convicted of or pleads quilty to a violent 4292 sex offense or a designated homicide, assault, or kidnapping 4293 offense, and, in relation to that offense, the offender is 4294 adjudicated a sexually violent predator. 4295 (2) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 4296 violation of division (A)(1)(b) of section 2907.02 of the 4297 Revised Code committed on or after January 2, 2007, and either 4298 the court does not impose a sentence of life without parole when 4299 authorized pursuant to division (B) of section 2907.02 of the 4300 Revised Code, or division (B) of section 2907.02 of the Revised 4301 Code provides that the court shall not sentence the offender 4302 pursuant to section 2971.03 of the Revised Code. 4303 (3) A person is convicted of or pleads quilty to attempted 4304 rape committed on or after January 2, 2007, and a specification 4305 of the type described in section 2941.1418, 2941.1419, or 4306 2941.1420 of the Revised Code. 4307 (4) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 4308 violation of section 2905.01 of the Revised Code committed on or 4309 after January 1, 2008, and that section requires the court to 4310 sentence the offender pursuant to section 2971.03 of the Revised 4311 Code. 4312 (5) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to 4313 aggravated murder committed on or after January 1, 2008, and 4314 division (A)(2)(b)(ii) of section 2929.022, division (A)(1)(e), 4315 (C) (1) (a) (v), (C) (2) (a) (ii), (D) (2) (b), (D) (3) (a) (iv), or (E) (1) 4316 (a) (iv) of section 2929.03, or division (A) or (B) of section 4317

2929.06 of the Revised Code requires the court to sentence the

offender pursuant to division (B)(3) of section 2971.03 of the

Revised Code.	4320
(6) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to murder	4321
committed on or after January 1, 2008, and division (B)(2) of	4322
section 2929.02 of the Revised Code requires the court to	4323
sentence the offender pursuant to section 2971.03 of the Revised	4324
Code.	4325
(F) If a person who has been convicted of or pleaded	4326
guilty to a felony is sentenced to a prison term or term of	4327
imprisonment under this section, sections 2929.02 to 2929.06 of	4328
the Revised Code, section 2929.142 of the Revised Code, section	4329
2971.03 of the Revised Code, or any other provision of law,	4330
section 5120.163 of the Revised Code applies regarding the	4331
person while the person is confined in a state correctional	4332
institution.	4333
(G) If an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to	4334
a felony that is an offense of violence also is convicted of or	4335
pleads guilty to a specification of the type described in	4336
section 2941.142 of the Revised Code that charges the offender	4337
with having committed the felony while participating in a	4338
criminal gang, the court shall impose upon the offender an	4339
additional prison term of one, two, or three years.	4340
(H)(1) If an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty	4341
to aggravated murder, murder, or a felony of the first, second,	4342
or third degree that is an offense of violence also is convicted	4343
of or pleads guilty to a specification of the type described in	4344
section 2941.143 of the Revised Code that charges the offender	4345
with having committed the offense in a school safety zone or	4346
towards a person in a school safety zone, the court shall impose	4347
upon the offender an additional prison term of two years. The	4348
offender shall serve the additional two years consecutively to	4349

and prior to the prison term imposed for the underlying offense.	4350
(2)(a) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to	4351
a felony violation of section 2907.22, 2907.24, 2907.241, or	4352
2907.25 of the Revised Code and to a specification of the type	4353
described in section 2941.1421 of the Revised Code and if the	4354
court imposes a prison term on the offender for the felony	4355
violation, the court may impose upon the offender an additional	4356
prison term as follows:	4357
(i) Subject to division (H)(2)(a)(ii) of this section, an	4358
additional prison term of one, two, three, four, five, or six	4359
months;	4360
(ii) If the offender previously has been convicted of or	4361
pleaded guilty to one or more felony or misdemeanor violations	4362
of section 2907.22, 2907.23, 2907.24, 2907.241, or 2907.25 of	4363
the Revised Code and also was convicted of or pleaded guilty to	4364
a specification of the type described in section 2941.1421 of	4365
the Revised Code regarding one or more of those violations, an	4366
additional prison term of one, two, three, four, five, six,	4367
seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, or twelve months.	4368
(b) In lieu of imposing an additional prison term under	4369
division (H)(2)(a) of this section, the court may directly	4370
impose on the offender a sanction that requires the offender to	4371
wear a real-time processing, continual tracking electronic	4372
monitoring device during the period of time specified by the	4373
court. The period of time specified by the court shall equal the	4374
duration of an additional prison term that the court could have	4375
imposed upon the offender under division (H)(2)(a) of this	4376
section. A sanction imposed under this division shall commence	4377
on the date specified by the court, provided that the sanction	4378
shall not commence until after the offender has served the	4379

prison term imposed for the felony violation of section 2907.22,	4380
2907.24, 2907.241, or 2907.25 of the Revised Code and any	4381
residential sanction imposed for the violation under section	4382
2929.16 of the Revised Code. A sanction imposed under this	4383
division shall be considered to be a community control sanction	4384
for purposes of section 2929.15 of the Revised Code, and all	4385
provisions of the Revised Code that pertain to community control	4386
sanctions shall apply to a sanction imposed under this division,	4387
except to the extent that they would by their nature be clearly	4388
inapplicable. The offender shall pay all costs associated with a	4389
sanction imposed under this division, including the cost of the	4390
use of the monitoring device.	4391

(I) At the time of sentencing, the court may recommend the 4392 offender for placement in a program of shock incarceration under 4393 section 5120.031 of the Revised Code or for placement in an 4394 intensive program prison under section 5120.032 of the Revised 4395 Code, disapprove placement of the offender in a program of shock 4396 incarceration or an intensive program prison of that nature, or 4397 make no recommendation on placement of the offender. In no case 4398 shall the department of rehabilitation and correction place the 4399 offender in a program or prison of that nature unless the 4400 department determines as specified in section 5120.031 or 4401 5120.032 of the Revised Code, whichever is applicable, that the 4402 offender is eligible for the placement. 4403

If the court disapproves placement of the offender in a 4404 program or prison of that nature, the department of 4405 rehabilitation and correction shall not place the offender in 4406 any program of shock incarceration or intensive program prison. 4407

If the court recommends placement of the offender in a 4408 program of shock incarceration or in an intensive program 4409

prison, and if the offender is subsequently placed in the	4410
recommended program or prison, the department shall notify the	4411
court of the placement and shall include with the notice a brief	4412
description of the placement.	4413

If the court recommends placement of the offender in a 4414 program of shock incarceration or in an intensive program prison 4415 and the department does not subsequently place the offender in 4416 the recommended program or prison, the department shall send a 4417 notice to the court indicating why the offender was not placed 4418 in the recommended program or prison.

If the court does not make a recommendation under this 4420 division with respect to an offender and if the department 4421 determines as specified in section 5120.031 or 5120.032 of the 4422 Revised Code, whichever is applicable, that the offender is 4423 eligible for placement in a program or prison of that nature, 4424 the department shall screen the offender and determine if there 4425 is an available program of shock incarceration or an intensive 4426 program prison for which the offender is suited. If there is an 4427 available program of shock incarceration or an intensive program 4428 prison for which the offender is suited, the department shall 4429 notify the court of the proposed placement of the offender as 4430 specified in section 5120.031 or 5120.032 of the Revised Code 4431 and shall include with the notice a brief description of the 4432 placement. The court shall have ten days from receipt of the 4433 notice to disapprove the placement. 4434

(J) If a person is convicted of or pleads guilty to

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aggravated vehicular homicide in violation of division (A)(1) of

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section 2903.06 of the Revised Code and division (B)(2)(c) of

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that section applies, the person shall be sentenced pursuant to

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section 2929.142 of the Revised Code.

(K)(1) The court shall impose an additional mandatory	4440
prison term of two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine,	4441
ten, or eleven years on an offender who is convicted of or	4442
pleads guilty to a violent felony offense if the offender also	4443
is convicted of or pleads guilty to a specification of the type	4444
described in section 2941.1424 of the Revised Code that charges	4445
that the offender is a violent career criminal and had a firearm	4446
on or about the offender's person or under the offender's	4447
control while committing the presently charged violent felony	4448
offense and displayed or brandished the firearm, indicated that	4449
the offender possessed a firearm, or used the firearm to	4450
facilitate the offense. The offender shall serve the prison term	4451
imposed under this division consecutively to and prior to the	4452
prison term imposed for the underlying offense. The prison term	4453
shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, division (A)	4454
(2) or (3) of section 2967.193 or 2967.194, or any other	4455
provision of Chapter 2967. or 5120. of the Revised Code. A court	4456
may not impose more than one sentence under division (B)(2)(a)	4457
of this section and this division for acts committed as part of	4458
the same act or transaction.	4459

- (2) As used in division (K)(1) of this section, "violent 4460 career criminal" and "violent felony offense" have the same 4461 meanings as in section 2923.132 of the Revised Code. 4462
- (L) If an offender receives or received a sentence of life 4463 imprisonment without parole, a sentence of life imprisonment, a 4464 definite sentence, or a sentence to an indefinite prison term 4465 under this chapter for a felony offense that was committed when 4466 the offender was under eighteen years of age, the offender's 4467 parole eligibility shall be determined under section 2967.132 of 4468 the Revised Code.

Sec. 2941.1422. (A) Imposition of a mandatory prison term	4470
under division (B)(7) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code is	4471
precluded unless the offender is convicted of or pleads guilty	4472
to a felony violation of section 2905.01, 2905.02, <u>2905.321,</u>	4473
2907.21, 2907.22, or 2923.32, division (A)(1) or (2) of section	4474
2907.323, or division (B)(1), (2), (3), (4), or (5) of section	4475
2919.22 of the Revised Code and unless the indictment, count in	4476
the indictment, or information charging the offense specifies	4477
that the offender knowingly committed the offense in furtherance	4478
of human trafficking. The specification shall be stated at the	4479
end of the body of the indictment, count, or information and	4480
shall be stated in substantially the following form:	4481
"SPECIFICATION (or, SPECIFICATION TO THE FIRST COUNT). The	4482
Grand Jurors (or insert the person's or the prosecuting	4483
attorney's name when appropriate) further find and specify that	4484
(set forth that the defendant knowingly committed the offense in	4485
furtherance of human trafficking)."	4486
(B) As used in this section, "human trafficking" has the	4487
same meaning as in section 2929.01 of the Revised Code.	4488
Sec. 2941.1427. (A) Imposition of a mandatory prison term	4489
under division (B)(11)(b) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code	4490
is precluded unless the offender is convicted of or pleads	4491
guilty to a violation of section 2903.04 of the Revised Code and	4492
unless the indictment, count in the indictment, or information	4493
charging the offense specifies that:	4494
(1) Fentanyl or a fentanyl-related compound, as defined in	4495
section 2925.01 of the Revised Code, was present in the body of	4496
the decedent victim in an amount or concentration that is	4497
considered to be lethal by generally accepted scientific	4498
standards:	4499

(2) The results of an autopsy performed on the decedent	4500
victim are consistent with an opioid overdose as the cause of	4501
death.	4502
(B) The specification shall be stated at the end of the	4503
body of the indictment, count, or information and shall be	4504
stated in substantially the following form:	4505
"SPECIFICATION (or, SPECIFICATION TO THE FIRST COUNT). The	4506
Grand Jurors (or insert the person's or prosecuting attorney's	4507
name when appropriate) further find and specify that (set forth	4508
that the victim's death was consistent with opioid overdose and	4509
fentanyl or a fentanyl-related compound was present in the	4510
<pre>victim's body in lethal amounts)."</pre>	4511
Sec. 3313.60. Notwithstanding division (D) of section	4512
3311.52 of the Revised Code, divisions (A) to (E) of this	4513
section do not apply to any cooperative education school	4514
district established pursuant to divisions (A) to (C) of section	4515
3311.52 of the Revised Code.	4516
(A) The board of education of each city, exempted village,	4517
and local school district and the board of each cooperative	4518
education school district established, pursuant to section	4519
3311.521 of the Revised Code, shall prescribe a curriculum for	4520
all schools under its control. Except as provided in division	4521
(E) of this section, in any such curriculum there shall be	4522
included the study of the following subjects:	4523
(1) The language arts, including reading, writing,	4524
spelling, oral and written English, and literature;	4525
(2) Geography, the history of the United States and of	4526
Ohio, and national, state, and local government in the United	4527
States, including a balanced presentation of the relevant	4528

contributions to society of men and women of African, Mexican,	4529
Puerto Rican, and American Indian descent as well as other	4530
ethnic and racial groups in Ohio and the United States;	4531
(3) Mathematics;	4532
(4) Natural science, including instruction in the	4533
conservation of natural resources;	4534
(5) Health education, which shall include instruction in:	4535
(a) The nutritive value of foods, including natural and	4536
organically produced foods, the relation of nutrition to health,	4537
and the use and effects of food additives;	4538
(b) The Fentanyl abuse prevention in accordance with	4539
section 3313.6030 of the Revised Code, and the harmful effects	4540
of and legal restrictions against the use of drugs of abuse,	4541
alcoholic beverages, and tobacco, including electronic smoking	4542
devices;	4543
(c) Venereal disease education, except that upon written	4544
request of the student's parent or guardian, a student shall be	4545
excused from taking instruction in venereal disease education;	4546
(d) In grades kindergarten through six, annual	4547
developmentally appropriate instruction in child sexual abuse	4548
prevention, including information on available counseling and	4549
resources for children who are sexually abused. Such instruction	4550
and information provided shall not be connected in any way to	4551
any individual, entity, or organization that provides, promotes,	4552
counsels, or makes referrals for abortion or abortion-related	4553
services. Upon written request of the student's parent or	4554
guardian, a student shall be excused from taking instruction in	4555
child sexual abuse prevention.	4556

curriculum;

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(e) In grades kindergarten through six, instruction in	4557
personal safety and assault prevention, except that upon written	4558
request of the student's parent or guardian, a student shall be	4559
excused from taking instruction in personal safety and assault	4560
prevention;	4561
(f) In grades seven through twelve, developmentally	4562
appropriate instruction in dating violence prevention education	4563
and sexual violence prevention education, which shall include	4564
instruction in recognizing dating violence warning signs and	4565
characteristics of healthy relationships, except that upon	4566
written request of the student's parent or guardian a student	4567
shall be excused from taking instruction in sexual violence	4568
prevention.	4569
pievention.	4000
In order to assist school districts in developing a dating	4570
violence prevention education and sexual violence prevention	4571
education curriculum, the department of education and workforce	4572
shall provide on its web site links to free curricula addressing	4573
dating violence prevention and sexual violence prevention	4574
education. Such instruction and information shall not be	4575
connected in any way to any individual, entity, or organization	4576
that provides, promotes, counsels, or makes referrals for	4577
abortion or abortion-related services.	4578
Each school district shall notify the parents and legal	4579
guardians of students who receive instruction related to child	4580
sexual abuse prevention and sexual violence prevention, as	4581
described under divisions (A)(5)(d) and (f) of this section, of	4582
all of the following:	4583
	4 = 0 :
(i) That instruction in child sexual abuse prevention and	4584
sexual violence prevention is a required part of the district's	4585

(ii) That upon request, parents and legal guardians may	4587
examine such instructional materials in accordance with this	4588
section;	4589
(iii) That upon written request of the student's parent or	4590
guardian, a student shall be excused from taking instruction in	4591
child sexual abuse prevention and sexual violence prevention.	4592
The second control of	
If the parent or legal guardian of a student less than	4593
eighteen years of age submits to the principal of the student's	4594
school a written request to examine the dating violence	4595
prevention and sexual violence prevention instruction materials	4596
used at that school, the principal, within forty-eight hours	4597
after the request is made, shall allow the parent or guardian to	4598
examine those materials at that school.	4599
(g) Prescription opioid abuse prevention, with an emphasis	4600
on the prescription drug epidemic and the connection between	4601
prescription opioid abuse and addiction to other drugs, such as	4602
heroin;	4603
(h) The process of making an anatomical gift under Chapter	4604
2108. of the Revised Code, with an emphasis on the life-saving	4605
and life-enhancing effects of organ and tissue donation;	4606
(i) Beginning with the first day of the next school year	4607
that begins at least two years after March 24, 2021, in grades	4608
six through twelve, at least one hour or one standard class	4609
period per school year of evidence-based suicide awareness and	4610
prevention and at least one hour or one standard class period	4611
per school year of safety training and violence prevention,	4612
except that upon written request of the student's parent or	4613
guardian, a student shall be excused from taking instruction in	4614
suicide awareness and prevention or safety training and violence	4615
-	

prevention;	4616
(j) Beginning with the first day of the next school year	4617
that begins at least two years after March 24, 2021, in grades	4618
six through twelve, at least one hour or one standard class	4619
period per school year of evidence-based social inclusion	4620
instruction, except that upon written request of the student's	4621
parent or guardian, a student shall be excused from taking	4622
instruction in social inclusion.	4623
For the instruction required under divisions (A)(5)(i) and	4624
(j) of this section, the board shall use a training program	4625
approved by the department of education and workforce under	4626
section 3301.221 of the Revised Code.	4627
Schools may use student assemblies, digital learning, and	4628
homework to satisfy the instruction requirements under divisions	4629
(A)(5)(i) and (j) of this section.	4630
(6) Physical education;	4631
(7) The fine arts, including music;	4632
(8) First aid, including a training program in	4633
cardiopulmonary resuscitation, which shall comply with section	4634
3313.6021 of the Revised Code when offered in any of grades nine	4635
through twelve, safety, and fire prevention. However, upon	4636
written request of the student's parent or guardian, a student	4637
shall be excused from taking instruction in cardiopulmonary	4638
resuscitation.	4639
(B) Except as provided in division (E) of this section,	4640
every school or school district shall include in the	4641
requirements for promotion from the eighth grade to the ninth	4642
grade one year's course of study of American history. A board	4643
may waive this requirement for academically accelerated students	4644

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who, in accordance with procedures adopted by the board, are	4645
able to demonstrate mastery of essential concepts and skills of	4646
the eighth grade American history course of study.	4647
(C) As specified in divisions (B)(6) and (C)(6) of section	4648
3313.603 of the Revised Code, except as provided in division (E)	4649
of this section, every high school shall include in the	4650
requirements for graduation from any curriculum one-half unit	4651
each of American history and government.	4652
(D) Except as provided in division (E) of this section,	4653
basic instruction or demonstrated mastery in geography, United	4654
States history, the government of the United States, the	4655
government of the state of Ohio, local government in Ohio, the	4656
Declaration of Independence, the United States Constitution, and	4657
the Constitution of the state of Ohio shall be required before	4658
pupils may participate in courses involving the study of social	4659
problems, economics, foreign affairs, United Nations, world	4660
government, socialism, and communism.	4661
(E) For each cooperative education school district	4662
established pursuant to section 3311.521 of the Revised Code and	4663
each city, exempted village, and local school district that has	4664
territory within such a cooperative district, the curriculum	4665
adopted pursuant to divisions (A) to (D) of this section shall	4666
only include the study of the subjects that apply to the grades	4667
operated by each such school district. The curricula for such	4668
schools, when combined, shall provide to each student of these	4669
districts all of the subjects required under divisions (A) to	4670
(D) of this section.	4671
(F) The board of education of any cooperative education	4672

school district established pursuant to divisions (A) to (C) of

section 3311.52 of the Revised Code shall prescribe a curriculum

for the subject areas and grade levels offered in any school	4675
under its control.	4676
(G) Upon the request of any parent or legal guardian of a	4677
student, the board of education of any school district shall	4678
permit the parent or guardian to promptly examine, with respect	4679
to the parent's or guardian's own child:	4680
(1) Any survey or questionnaire, prior to its	4681
administration to the child;	4682
(2) Any textbook, workbook, software, video, or other	4683
instructional materials being used by the district in connection	4684
with the instruction of the child;	4685
(3) Any completed and graded test taken or survey or	4686
questionnaire filled out by the child;	4687
(4) Copies of the statewide academic standards and each	4688
model curriculum developed pursuant to section 3301.079 of the	4689
Revised Code, which copies shall be available at all times	4690
during school hours in each district school building.	4691
Sec. 3313.6030. (A) Beginning with the 2024-2025 school	4692
year and each school year thereafter, the board of education of	4693
each city, local, exempted village, and joint vocational school	4694
district shall provide age-appropriate, research-based	4695
instruction regarding the dangers of fentanyl to students in	4696
grades kindergarten to twelve.	4697
(B) The course material and instruction in fentanyl abuse	4698
prevention and drug poisoning awareness required under division	4699
(A) of this section shall include some or all of the following:	4700
(1) Information on fentanyl, including an explanation of	4701
the differences between synthetic and nonsynthetic opioids and	4702

illicit drugs, the variations of fentanyl, and the differences	4703
between the legal and illegal uses of fentanyl;	4704
(2) The side effects and risk factors of using fentanyl,	4705
along with information comparing the lethal amounts of fentanyl	4706
to other drugs. Information on risk factors may include:	4707
(a) The lethal dose of fentanyl;	4708
(b) How often fentanyl is placed in drugs without a	4709
<pre>person's knowledge;</pre>	4710
(c) An explanation of what fentanyl does to a person's	4711
body and the severity of fentanyl's addictive properties;	4712
(d) How the consumption of fentanyl can lead to hypoxia,	4713
as well as an explanation of what hypoxia precisely does to a	4714
<pre>person's body.</pre>	4715
(3) The process of lacing fentanyl in other drugs and why	4716
drugs get laced with fentanyl;	4717
(4) Detection of fentanyl in drugs and how to save someone	4718
from an overdose of fentanyl, which shall include instruction on	4719
how to do all of the following:	4720
(a) Buy and use fentanyl test strips;	4721
(b) Buy and use naloxone, either through a nasal spray or	4722
<pre>injections;</pre>	4723
(c) Recognize when a person is overdosing on fentanyl.	4724
(5) Awareness of school and community resources and any	4725
processes involved in accessing those resources;	4726
(6) Information about substance use and abuse, including	4727
youth substance abuse;	4728

(7) Guest presentations from community service and	4729
religious organizations.	4730
(C) The instruction required under this section shall be	4731
taught by a licensed educator, school nurse, school counselor,	4732
or public safety officer.	4733
Sec. 3313.6031. Each board of education of each city,	4734
local, exempted village, and joint vocational school district	4735
shall designate a week during the school year to be known as	4736
"fentanyl poisoning awareness week" to educate students about	4737
the dangers posed by the drug fentanyl and the risk of fentanyl	4738
poisoning, including overdose.	4739
Sec. 3314.03. A copy of every contract entered into under	4740
this section shall be filed with the director of education and	4741
workforce. The department of education and workforce shall make	4742
available on its web site a copy of every approved, executed	4743
contract filed with the director under this section.	4744
(A) Each contract entered into between a sponsor and the	4745
governing authority of a community school shall specify the	4746
following:	4747
(1) That the school shall be established as either of the	4748
following:	4749
(a) A nonprofit corporation established under Chapter	4750
1702. of the Revised Code, if established prior to April 8,	4751
2003;	4752
(b) A public benefit corporation established under Chapter	4753
1702. of the Revised Code, if established after April 8, 2003.	4754
(2) The education program of the school, including the	4755
school's mission, the characteristics of the students the school	4756

is expected to attract, the ages and grades of students, and the	4757
focus of the curriculum;	4758
(3) The academic goals to be achieved and the method of	4759
measurement that will be used to determine progress toward those	4760
goals, which shall include the statewide achievement	4761
assessments;	4762
(4) Performance standards, including but not limited to	4763
all applicable report card measures set forth in section 3302.03	4764
or 3314.017 of the Revised Code, by which the success of the	4765
school will be evaluated by the sponsor;	4766
(5) The admission standards of section 3314.06 of the	4767
Revised Code and, if applicable, section 3314.061 of the Revised	4768
Code;	4769
(6)(a) Dismissal procedures;	4770
(b) A requirement that the governing authority adopt an	4771
attendance policy that includes a procedure for automatically	4772
withdrawing a student from the school if the student without a	4773
legitimate excuse fails to participate in seventy-two	4774
consecutive hours of the learning opportunities offered to the	4775
student.	4776
(7) The ways by which the school will achieve racial and	4777
ethnic balance reflective of the community it serves;	4778
(8) Requirements for financial audits by the auditor of	4779
state. The contract shall require financial records of the	4780
school to be maintained in the same manner as are financial	4781
records of school districts, pursuant to rules of the auditor of	4782
state. Audits shall be conducted in accordance with section	4783
117.10 of the Revised Code.	4784

(9) An addendum to the contract outlining the facilities	4785
to be used that contains at least the following information:	4786
(a) A detailed description of each facility used for	4787
instructional purposes;	4788
(b) The annual costs associated with leasing each facility	4789
that are paid by or on behalf of the school;	4790
(c) The annual mortgage principal and interest payments	4791
that are paid by the school;	4792
(d) The name of the lender or landlord, identified as	4793
such, and the lender's or landlord's relationship to the	4794
operator, if any.	4795
(10) Qualifications of employees, including both of the	4796
following:	4797
(a) A requirement that the school's classroom teachers be	4798
licensed in accordance with sections 3319.22 to 3319.31 of the	4799
Revised Code, except that a community school may engage	4800
noncertificated persons to teach up to twelve hours or forty	4801
hours per week pursuant to section 3319.301 of the Revised Code;	4802
(b) A prohibition against the school employing an	4803
individual described in section 3314.104 of the Revised Code in	4804
any position.	4805
(11) That the school will comply with the following	4806
requirements:	4807
(a) The school will provide learning opportunities to a	4808
minimum of twenty-five students for a minimum of nine hundred	4809
-	4810
twenty hours per school year.	4010
(b) The governing authority will purchase liability	4811

2921.42 of the Revised Code.

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insurance, or otherwise provide for the potential frability of	4012
the school.	4813
(c) The school will be nonsectarian in its programs,	4814
admission policies, employment practices, and all other	4815
operations, and will not be operated by a sectarian school or	4816
religious institution.	4817
(d) The school will comply with sections 9.90, 9.91,	4818
109.65, 121.22, 149.43, 2151.357, 2151.421, 2313.19, 3301.0710,	4819
3301.0711, 3301.0712, 3301.0715, 3301.0729, 3301.948, 3302.037,	4820
3313.472, 3313.50, 3313.539, 3313.5310, 3313.5318, 3313.5319,	4821
3313.608, 3313.609, 3313.6012, 3313.6013, 3313.6014, 3313.6015,	4822
3313.6020, 3313.6024, 3313.6025, 3313.6026, 3313.6028,	4823
3313.6029, <u>3313.6030, 3313.6031,</u> 3313.643, 3313.648, 3313.6411,	4824
3313.6413, 3313.66, 3313.661, 3313.662, 3313.666, 3313.667,	4825
3313.668, 3313.669, 3313.6610, 3313.67, 3313.671, 3313.672,	4826
3313.673, 3313.69, 3313.71, 3313.716, 3313.718, 3313.719,	4827
3313.7112, 3313.7117, 3313.721, 3313.80, 3313.814, 3313.816,	4828
3313.817, 3313.818, 3313.819, 3313.86, 3313.89, 3313.96,	4829
3319.073, 3319.077, 3319.078, 3319.0812, 3319.238, 3319.318,	4830
3319.321, 3319.324, 3319.39, 3319.391, 3319.393, 3319.41,	4831
3319.46, 3320.01, 3320.02, 3320.03, 3321.01, 3321.041, 3321.13,	4832
3321.14, 3321.141, 3321.17, 3321.18, 3321.19, 3322.20, 3322.24,	4833
3323.251, 3327.10, 4111.17, 4113.52, 5502.262, 5502.703, and	4834
5705.391 and Chapters 117., 1347., 2744., 3365., 3742., 4112.,	4835
4123., 4141., and 4167. of the Revised Code as if it were a	4836
school district and will comply with section 3301.0714 of the	4837
Revised Code in the manner specified in section 3314.17 of the	4838
Revised Code.	4839
(e) The school shall comply with Chapter 102. and section	4840

insurance, or otherwise provide for the potential liability of

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(f) The school will comply with sections 3313.61,	4842
3313.611, 3313.614, 3313.617, 3313.618, and 3313.6114 of the	4843
Revised Code, except that for students who enter ninth grade for	4844
the first time before July 1, 2010, the requirement in sections	4845
3313.61 and 3313.611 of the Revised Code that a person must	4846
successfully complete the curriculum in any high school prior to	4847
receiving a high school diploma may be met by completing the	4848
curriculum adopted by the governing authority of the community	4849
school rather than the curriculum specified in Title XXXIII of	4850
the Revised Code or any rules of the department. Beginning with	4851
students who enter ninth grade for the first time on or after	4852
July 1, 2010, the requirement in sections 3313.61 and 3313.611	4853
of the Revised Code that a person must successfully complete the	4854
curriculum of a high school prior to receiving a high school	4855
diploma shall be met by completing the requirements prescribed	4856
in section 3313.6027 and division (C) of section 3313.603 of the	4857
Revised Code, unless the person qualifies under division (D) or	4858
(F) of that section. Each school shall comply with the plan for	4859
awarding high school credit based on demonstration of subject	4860
area competency, and beginning with the 2017-2018 school year,	4861
with the updated plan that permits students enrolled in seventh	4862
and eighth grade to meet curriculum requirements based on	4863
subject area competency adopted by the department under	4864
divisions (J)(1) and (2) of section 3313.603 of the Revised	4865
Code. Beginning with the 2018-2019 school year, the school shall	4866
comply with the framework for granting units of high school	4867
credit to students who demonstrate subject area competency	4868
through work-based learning experiences, internships, or	4869
cooperative education developed by the department under division	4870
(J)(3) of section 3313.603 of the Revised Code.	4871

(g) The school governing authority will submit within four

months after the end of each school year a report of its	4873
activities and progress in meeting the goals and standards of	4874
divisions (A)(3) and (4) of this section and its financial	4875
status to the sponsor and the parents of all students enrolled	4876
in the school.	4877
(h) The school, unless it is an internet- or computer-	4878
based community school, will comply with section 3313.801 of the	4879
Revised Code as if it were a school district.	4880
(i) If the school is the recipient of moneys from a grant	4881
awarded under the federal race to the top program, Division (A),	4882
Title XIV, Sections 14005 and 14006 of the "American Recovery	4883
and Reinvestment Act of 2009," Pub. L. No. 111-5, 123 Stat. 115,	4884
the school will pay teachers based upon performance in	4885
accordance with section 3317.141 and will comply with section	4886
3319.111 of the Revised Code as if it were a school district.	4887
(j) If the school operates a preschool program that is	4888
(j) If the school operates a preschool program that is licensed by the department under sections 3301.52 to 3301.59 of	4888 4889
licensed by the department under sections 3301.52 to 3301.59 of	4889
licensed by the department under sections 3301.52 to 3301.59 of the Revised Code, the school shall comply with sections 3301.50	4889 4890
licensed by the department under sections 3301.52 to 3301.59 of the Revised Code, the school shall comply with sections 3301.50 to 3301.59 of the Revised Code and the minimum standards for	4889 4890 4891
licensed by the department under sections 3301.52 to 3301.59 of the Revised Code, the school shall comply with sections 3301.50 to 3301.59 of the Revised Code and the minimum standards for preschool programs prescribed in rules adopted by the department	4889 4890 4891 4892
licensed by the department under sections 3301.52 to 3301.59 of the Revised Code, the school shall comply with sections 3301.50 to 3301.59 of the Revised Code and the minimum standards for preschool programs prescribed in rules adopted by the department under section 3301.53 of the Revised Code.	4889 4890 4891 4892 4893
licensed by the department under sections 3301.52 to 3301.59 of the Revised Code, the school shall comply with sections 3301.50 to 3301.59 of the Revised Code and the minimum standards for preschool programs prescribed in rules adopted by the department under section 3301.53 of the Revised Code. (k) The school will comply with sections 3313.6021 and	4889 4890 4891 4892 4893
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licensed by the department under sections 3301.52 to 3301.59 of the Revised Code, the school shall comply with sections 3301.50 to 3301.59 of the Revised Code and the minimum standards for preschool programs prescribed in rules adopted by the department under section 3301.53 of the Revised Code. (k) The school will comply with sections 3313.6021 and 3313.6023 of the Revised Code as if it were a school district unless it is either of the following: (i) An internet- or computer-based community school; (ii) A community school in which a majority of the	4889 4890 4891 4892 4893 4894 4895 4896 4897

Revised Code, unless it is an internet- or computer-based	4902
community school that is subject to section 3314.261 of the	4903
Revised Code.	4904
Nevised Code.	4504
(12) Arrangements for providing health and other benefits	4905
to employees;	4906
(13) The length of the contract, which shall begin at the	4907
beginning of an academic year. No contract shall exceed five	4908
years unless such contract has been renewed pursuant to division	4909
(E) of this section.	4910
(14) The governing authority of the school, which shall be	4911
responsible for carrying out the provisions of the contract;	4912
(15) A financial plan detailing an estimated school budget	4913
for each year of the period of the contract and specifying the	4914
total estimated per pupil expenditure amount for each such year.	4915
total estimated per pupil expenditure amount for each such year.	4915
(16) Requirements and procedures regarding the disposition	4916
of employees of the school in the event the contract is	4917
terminated or not renewed pursuant to section 3314.07 of the	4918
terminated or not renewed pursuant to section 3314.07 of the Revised Code;	4918 4919
Revised Code;	4919
Revised Code; (17) Whether the school is to be created by converting all	4919 4920
Revised Code; (17) Whether the school is to be created by converting all or part of an existing public school or educational service	4919 4920 4921
Revised Code; (17) Whether the school is to be created by converting all or part of an existing public school or educational service center building or is to be a new start-up school, and if it is	4919 4920 4921 4922
Revised Code; (17) Whether the school is to be created by converting all or part of an existing public school or educational service center building or is to be a new start-up school, and if it is a converted public school or service center building,	4919 4920 4921 4922 4923
Revised Code; (17) Whether the school is to be created by converting all or part of an existing public school or educational service center building or is to be a new start-up school, and if it is a converted public school or service center building, specification of any duties or responsibilities of an employer	4919 4920 4921 4922 4923 4924
Revised Code; (17) Whether the school is to be created by converting all or part of an existing public school or educational service center building or is to be a new start-up school, and if it is a converted public school or service center building, specification of any duties or responsibilities of an employer that the board of education or service center governing board	4919 4920 4921 4922 4923 4924 4925
Revised Code; (17) Whether the school is to be created by converting all or part of an existing public school or educational service center building or is to be a new start-up school, and if it is a converted public school or service center building, specification of any duties or responsibilities of an employer that the board of education or service center governing board that operated the school or building before conversion is	4919 4920 4921 4922 4923 4924 4925
Revised Code; (17) Whether the school is to be created by converting all or part of an existing public school or educational service center building or is to be a new start-up school, and if it is a converted public school or service center building, specification of any duties or responsibilities of an employer that the board of education or service center governing board that operated the school or building before conversion is delegating to the governing authority of the community school	4919 4920 4921 4922 4923 4924 4925 4926 4927
Revised Code; (17) Whether the school is to be created by converting all or part of an existing public school or educational service center building or is to be a new start-up school, and if it is a converted public school or service center building, specification of any duties or responsibilities of an employer that the board of education or service center governing board that operated the school or building before conversion is delegating to the governing authority of the community school with respect to all or any specified group of employees provided	4919 4920 4921 4922 4923 4924 4925 4926 4927

(18) Provisions establishing procedures for resolving	4931
disputes or differences of opinion between the sponsor and the	4932
governing authority of the community school;	4933
(19) A provision requiring the governing authority to	4934
adopt a policy regarding the admission of students who reside	4935
outside the district in which the school is located. That policy	4936
shall comply with the admissions procedures specified in	4937
sections 3314.06 and 3314.061 of the Revised Code and, at the	4938
sole discretion of the authority, shall do one of the following:	4939
(a) Prohibit the enrollment of students who reside outside	4940
the district in which the school is located;	4941
(b) Permit the enrollment of students who reside in	4942
districts adjacent to the district in which the school is	4943
located;	4944
(c) Permit the enrollment of students who reside in any	4945
other district in the state.	4946
(20) A provision recognizing the authority of the	4947
department to take over the sponsorship of the school in	4948
accordance with the provisions of division (C) of section	4949
3314.015 of the Revised Code;	4950
(21) A provision recognizing the sponsor's authority to	4951
assume the operation of a school under the conditions specified	4952
in division (B) of section 3314.073 of the Revised Code;	4953
(22) A provision recognizing both of the following:	4954
(a) The authority of public health and safety officials to	4955
inspect the facilities of the school and to order the facilities	4956
closed if those officials find that the facilities are not in	4957
compliance with health and safety laws and regulations;	4958

under section 3326.032 of the Revised Code;

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(b) The authority of the department as the community	4959
school oversight body to suspend the operation of the school	4960
under section 3314.072 of the Revised Code if the department has	4961
evidence of conditions or violations of law at the school that	4962
pose an imminent danger to the health and safety of the school's	4963
students and employees and the sponsor refuses to take such	4964
action.	4965
(23) A description of the learning opportunities that will	4966
be offered to students including both classroom-based and non-	4967
classroom-based learning opportunities that is in compliance	4968
with criteria for student participation established by the	4969
department under division (H)(2) of section 3314.08 of the	4970
Revised Code;	4971
(24) The school will comply with sections 3302.04 and	4972
3302.041 of the Revised Code, except that any action required to	4973
be taken by a school district pursuant to those sections shall	4974
be taken by the sponsor of the school.	4975
(25) Beginning in the 2006-2007 school year, the school	4976
will open for operation not later than the thirtieth day of	4977
September each school year, unless the mission of the school as	4978
specified under division (A)(2) of this section is solely to	4979
serve dropouts. In its initial year of operation, if the school	4980
fails to open by the thirtieth day of September, or within one	4981
year after the adoption of the contract pursuant to division (D)	4982
of section 3314.02 of the Revised Code if the mission of the	4983
school is solely to serve dropouts, the contract shall be void.	4984
(26) Whether the school's governing authority is planning	4985
to seek designation for the school as a STEM school equivalent	4986

	4000
(27) That the school's attendance and participation	4988
policies will be available for public inspection;	4989
(28) That the school's attendance and participation	4990
records shall be made available to the department, auditor of	4991
state, and school's sponsor to the extent permitted under and in	4992
accordance with the "Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act	4993
of 1974," 88 Stat. 571, 20 U.S.C. 1232g, as amended, and any	4994
regulations promulgated under that act, and section 3319.321 of	4995
the Revised Code;	4996
(29) If a school operates using the blended learning	4997
model, as defined in section 3301.079 of the Revised Code, all	4998
of the following information:	4999
of the following information.	1999
(a) An indication of what blended learning model or models	5000
will be used;	5001
(b) A description of how student instructional needs will	5002
be determined and documented;	5003
(c) The method to be used for determining competency,	5004
granting credit, and promoting students to a higher grade level;	5005
(d) The school's attendance requirements, including how	5006
the school will document participation in learning	5007
opportunities;	5008
(e) A statement describing how student progress will be	5009
monitored;	5010
(f) A statement describing how private student data will	5011
be protected;	5012
(g) A description of the professional development	5013
activities that will be offered to teachers.	5014
3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	30-1

(30) A provision requiring that all moneys the school's	5015
operator loans to the school, including facilities loans or cash	5016
flow assistance, must be accounted for, documented, and bear	5017
interest at a fair market rate;	5018
(31) A provision requiring that, if the governing	5019
authority contracts with an attorney, accountant, or entity	5020
specializing in audits, the attorney, accountant, or entity	5021
shall be independent from the operator with which the school has	5022
contracted.	5023
(32) A provision requiring the governing authority to	5024
adopt an enrollment and attendance policy that requires a	5025
student's parent to notify the community school in which the	5026
student is enrolled when there is a change in the location of	5027
the parent's or student's primary residence.	5028
(33) A provision requiring the governing authority to	5029
adopt a student residence and address verification policy for	5030
students enrolling in or attending the school.	5031
(B) The community school shall also submit to the sponsor	5032
a comprehensive plan for the school. The plan shall specify the	5033
following:	5034
(1) The process by which the governing authority of the	5035
school will be selected in the future;	5036
(2) The management and administration of the school;	5037
(3) If the community school is a currently existing public	5038
school or educational service center building, alternative	5039
arrangements for current public school students who choose not	5040
to attend the converted school and for teachers who choose not	5041
to teach in the school or building after conversion;	5042

(4) The instructional program and educational philosophy	5043
of the school;	5044
(5) Internal financial controls.	5045
When submitting the plan under this division, the school	5046
shall also submit copies of all policies and procedures	5047
regarding internal financial controls adopted by the governing	5048
authority of the school.	5049
(C) A contract entered into under section 3314.02 of the	5050
Revised Code between a sponsor and the governing authority of a	5051
community school may provide for the community school governing	5052
authority to make payments to the sponsor, which is hereby	5053
authorized to receive such payments as set forth in the contract	5054
between the governing authority and the sponsor. The total	5055
amount of such payments for monitoring, oversight, and technical	5056
assistance of the school shall not exceed three per cent of the	5057
total amount of payments for operating expenses that the school	5058
receives from the state.	5059
(D) The contract shall specify the duties of the sponsor	5060
which shall be in accordance with the written agreement entered	5061
into with the department under division (B) of section 3314.015	5062
of the Revised Code and shall include the following:	5063
(1) Monitor the community school's compliance with all	5064
laws applicable to the school and with the terms of the	5065
contract;	5066
(2) Monitor and evaluate the academic and fiscal	5067
performance and the organization and operation of the community	5068
school on at least an annual basis;	5069
(3) Report on an annual basis the results of the	5070
evaluation conducted under division (D)(2) of this section to	5071

the department and to the parents of students enrolled in the	5072
community school;	5073
(4) Provide technical assistance to the community school	5074
in complying with laws applicable to the school and terms of the	5075
contract;	5076
(5) Take steps to intervene in the school's operation to	5077
correct problems in the school's overall performance, declare	5078
the school to be on probationary status pursuant to section	5079
3314.073 of the Revised Code, suspend the operation of the	5080
school pursuant to section 3314.072 of the Revised Code, or	5081
terminate the contract of the school pursuant to section 3314.07	5082
of the Revised Code as determined necessary by the sponsor;	5083
(6) Have in place a plan of action to be undertaken in the	5084
event the community school experiences financial difficulties or	5085
closes prior to the end of a school year.	5086
(E) Upon the expiration of a contract entered into under	5087
this section, the sponsor of a community school may, with the	5088
approval of the governing authority of the school, renew that	5089
contract for a period of time determined by the sponsor, but not	5090
ending earlier than the end of any school year, if the sponsor	5091
finds that the school's compliance with applicable laws and	5092
terms of the contract and the school's progress in meeting the	5093
academic goals prescribed in the contract have been	5094
satisfactory. Any contract that is renewed under this division	5095
remains subject to the provisions of sections 3314.07, 3314.072,	5096
and 3314.073 of the Revised Code.	5097
(F) If a community school fails to open for operation	5098
within one year after the contract entered into under this	5099
section is adopted pursuant to division (D) of section 3314.02	5100

of the Revised Code or permanently closes prior to the	5101
expiration of the contract, the contract shall be void and the	5102
school shall not enter into a contract with any other sponsor. A	5103
school shall not be considered permanently closed because the	5104
operations of the school have been suspended pursuant to section	5105
3314.072 of the Revised Code.	5106

Sec. 3326.11. Each science, technology, engineering, and 5107 mathematics school established under this chapter and its 5108 governing body shall comply with sections 9.90, 9.91, 109.65, 5109 121.22, 149.43, 2151.357, 2151.421, 2313.19, 2921.42, 2921.43, 5110 3301.0714, 3301.0715, 3301.0729, 3301.948, 3302.037, 3313.14, 5111 3313.15, 3313.16, 3313.18, 3313.201, 3313.26, 3313.472, 3313.48, 5112 3313.481, 3313.482, 3313.50, 3313.539, 3313.5310, 3313.5318, 5113 3313.5319, 3313.608, 3313.6012, 3313.6013, 3313.6014, 3313.6015, 5114 3313.6020, 3313.6021, 3313.6024, 3313.6025, 3313.6026, 5115 3313.6028, 3313.6029, 3313.6030, 3313.6031, 3313.61, 3313.611, 5116 3313.614, 3313.615, 3313.617, 3313.618, 3313.6114, 3313.643, 5117 3313.648, 3313.6411, 3313.6413, 3313.66, 3313.661, 3313.662, 5118 3313.666, 3313.667, 3313.668, 3313.669, 3313.6610, 3313.67, 5119 3313.671, 3313.672, 3313.673, 3313.69, 3313.71, 3313.716, 5120 3313.718, 3313.719, 3313.7112, 3313.7117, 3313.721, 3313.80, 5121 3313.801, 3313.814, 3313.816, 3313.817, 3313.818, 3313.819, 5122 3313.86, 3313.89, 3313.96, 3319.073, 3319.077, 3319.078, 5123 3319.0812, 3319.21, 3319.238, 3319.318, 3319.32, 3319.321, 5124 3319.324, 3319.35, 3319.39, 3319.391, 3319.393, 3319.41, 5125 3319.45, 3319.46, 3320.01, 3320.02, 3320.03, 3321.01, 3321.041, 5126 3321.05, 3321.13, 3321.14, 3321.141, 3321.17, 3321.18, 3321.19, 5127 3321.191, 3322.20, 3322.24, 3323.251, 3327.10, 4111.17, 4113.52, 5128 5502.262, 5502.703, and 5705.391 and Chapters 102., 117., 1347., 5129 2744., 3307., 3309., 3365., 3742., 4112., 4123., 4141., and 5130 4167. of the Revised Code as if it were a school district. 5131

Sec. 3328.24. A college-preparatory boarding school	5132
established under this chapter and its board of trustees shall	5133
comply with sections 102.02, 3301.0710, 3301.0711, 3301.0712,	5134
3301.0714, 3301.0729, 3301.948, 3302.037, 3313.5318, 3313.5319,	5135
3313.6013, 3313.6021, 3313.6024, 3313.6025, 3313.6026,	5136
3313.6029, <u>3313.6030, 3313.6031,</u> 3313.617, 3313.618, 3313.6114,	5137
3313.6411, 3313.6413, 3313.668, 3313.669, 3313.6610, 3313.7112,	5138
3313.7117, 3313.721, 3313.89, 3319.073, 3319.077, 3319.078,	5139
3319.318, 3319.324, 3319.39, 3319.391, 3319.393, 3319.46,	5140
3320.01, 3320.02, 3320.03, 3323.251, and 5502.262, and Chapter	5141
3365. of the Revised Code as if the school were a school	5142
district and the school's board of trustees were a district	5143
board of education.	5144
Sec. 3345.371. (A) Each state institution of higher	5145
education, as defined in section 3345.011 of the Revised Code,	5146
shall develop and implement an age-appropriate and research-	5147
based education program to advise students regarding the dangers	5148
of fentanyl.	5149
(B) The education program on fentanyl abuse prevention and	5150
drug poisoning awareness required under division (A) of this	5151
section shall include all of the following:	5152
(1) Information on fentanyl, including an explanation of	5153
the differences between synthetic and nonsynthetic opioids and	5154
illicit drugs, the variations of fentanyl, and the differences	5155
between the legal and illegal uses of fentanyl;	5156
(2) The side effects and risk factors of using fentanyl,	5157
along with information comparing the lethal amounts of fentanyl	5158
to other drugs. Information on risk factors may include:	5159
(a) The lethal dose of fentanyl;	5160

(b) How often fentanyl is placed in drugs without a	5161
<pre>person's knowledge;</pre>	5162
(c) An explanation of what fentanyl does to a person's	5163
body and the severity of fentanyl's addictive properties;	5164
(d) How the consumption of fentanyl can lead to hypoxia,	5165
as well as an explanation of what hypoxia precisely does to a	5166
person's body.	5167
(3) The process of lacing fentanyl in other drugs and why	5168
drugs get laced with fentanyl;	5169
(4) Detection of fentanyl in drugs and how to save someone	5170
from an overdose of fentanyl, which shall include instruction on	5171
how to do all of the following:	5172
(a) Buy and use fentanyl test strips;	5173
(b) Buy and use naloxone, either through a nasal spray or	5174
injections;	5175
(c) Recognize when a person is overdosing on fentanyl.	5176
(5) Awareness of university and community resources and	5177
any processes involved in accessing those resources;	5178
(6) Information about substance use and abuse.	5179
Sec. 3701.143. For purposes of sections 1547.11, 4511.19,	5180
and 4511.194 of the Revised Code, the director of health shall	5181
determine, or cause to be determined, techniques or methods for	5182
chemically analyzing a person's whole blood, blood serum or	5183
plasma, urine, breath, oral fluid, or other bodily substance in	5184
order to ascertain the <u>presence or amount</u> of alcohol, a drug of	5185
abuse, controlled substance, metabolite of a controlled	5186
substance, or combination of them in the person's whole blood,	5187

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blood serum or plasma, urine, breath, oral fluid, or other	5188
bodily substance. The director shall approve satisfactory	5189
techniques or methods, ascertain the qualifications of	5190
individuals to conduct such analyses, and issue permits to	5191
qualified persons authorizing them to perform such analyses.	5192
Such permits shall be subject to termination or revocation at	5193
the discretion of the director.	5194
As used in this section, "drug of abuse" has the same	5195
meaning as in section 4506.01 of the Revised Code.	5196
Sec. 3705.08. (A) The director of health, by rule, shall	5197
prescribe the form of records and certificates required by this	5198
chapter. Records and certificates shall include the items and	5199
information prescribed by the director, including the items	5200
recommended by the national center for health statistics of the	5201
United States department of health and human services, subject	5202
to approval of and modification by the director.	5203
(B) All birth certificates shall include a statement	5204
setting forth the names of the child's parents.	5205
(C) All death certificates shall include, in the medical	5206
certification portion of the certificate, a space to indicate,	5207
if the deceased individual is female and the manner of death is	5208
determined to be a suspicious or violent death, whether any of	5209
the following conditions apply to the individual:	5210
(1) Not pregnant within the past year;	5211
(2) Pregnant at the time of death;	5212
(3) Not pregnant, but had been pregnant within forty-two	5213
days prior to the time of death;	5214

(4) Not pregnant, but had been pregnant within forty-three

days to one year prior to the time of death;	5216
(5) Unknown whether pregnant within the past year.	5217
(D)(1) (D) All death certificates shall include, in the	5218
medical certification portion of the certificate, a space to	5219
indicate whether the cause of death was due to fentanyl	5220
poisoning and shall include the term "fentanyl poisoning" on the	5221
certificate if both of the following apply:	5222
(1) A toxicology examination reveals fentanyl or a	5223
fentanyl-related compound, as defined in section 2925.01 of the	5224
Revised Code, was present in the body of the decedent in an	5225
amount or concentration that is considered to be lethal by	5226
generally accepted scientific standards;	5227
(2) The results of an autopsy performed on the decedent	5228
are consistent with an opioid overdose as the cause of death.	5229
(E)(1) The director shall prescribe electronic methods and	5230
forms for obtaining registration of births, deaths, and other	5231
vital statistics in each registration district, and for	5232
preserving the records of the office of vital statistics, and no	5233
forms or blanks shall be used other than those prescribed by the	5234
director.	5235
(2) All birth, fetal death, and death records and	5236
certificates shall be certified. Except as provided in division	5237
(G) of section 3705.09, section 3705.12, 3705.121, 3705.122, or	5238
3705.124, division (D) of section 3705.15, or section 3705.16 of	5239
the Revised Code, a birth certificate requiring signature may be	5240
electronically certified by the person in charge of the	5241
institution or that person's designee. A death certificate may	5242
be electronically certified by the individual who attests to the	5243
facts of death.	5244

(3) All vital records shall contain the date received for	5245
filing.	5246
(4) Information and signatures required in certificates,	5247
records, or reports authorized by this chapter may be filed and	5248
registered by photographic, electronic, or other means as	5249
prescribed by the director.	5250
Sec. 4506.17. (A) Both of the following are deemed to have	5251
given consent to a test or tests of the person's whole blood,	5252
blood serum or plasma, breath, oral fluid, or urine for the	5253
purpose of determining the person's alcohol concentration or the	5254
presence of any controlled substance or a metabolite of a	5255
controlled substance:	5256
(1) A person while operating a commercial motor vehicle	5257
that requires a commercial driver's license or commercial	5258
driver's license temporary instruction permit;	5259
(2) A person who holds a commercial driver's license or	5260
commercial driver's license temporary instruction permit while	5261
operating a motor vehicle, including a commercial motor vehicle.	5262
(B) A test or tests as provided in division (A) of this	5263
section may be administered at the direction of a peace officer	5264
having reasonable ground to stop or detain the person and, after	5265
investigating the circumstances surrounding the operation of the	5266
motor vehicle, also having reasonable ground to believe the	5267
person was driving the motor vehicle while having a measurable	5268
or detectable amount of alcohol or of a controlled substance or	5269
a metabolite of a controlled substance in the person's whole	5270
blood, blood serum or plasma, breath, oral fluid, or urine. Any	5271
such test shall be given within two hours of the time of the	5272
alleged violation.	5273

(C) A person requested by a peace officer to submit to a	5274
test under division (A) of this section shall be advised by the	5275
peace officer that a refusal to submit to the test will result	5276
in the person immediately being placed out-of-service for a	5277
period of twenty-four hours and being disqualified from	5278
operating a commercial motor vehicle for a period of not less	5279
than one year, and that the person is required to surrender the	5280
person's commercial driver's license or permit to the peace	5281
officer.	5282

- (D) If a person refuses to submit to a test after being 5283 warned as provided in division (C) of this section or submits to 5284 a test that discloses the presence of an amount of alcohol or a 5285 controlled substance prohibited by divisions (A)(1) to (6) of 5286 section 4506.15 of the Revised Code or a metabolite of a 5287 controlled substance, the person immediately shall surrender the 5288 person's commercial driver's license or permit to the peace 5289 officer. The peace officer shall forward the license or permit, 5290 together with a sworn report, to the registrar of motor vehicles 5291 certifying that the test was requested pursuant to division (A) 5292 of this section and that the person either refused to submit to 5293 testing or submitted to a test that disclosed the presence of 5294 one of the prohibited concentrations of a substance listed in 5295 divisions (A)(1) to (6) of section 4506.15 of the Revised Code 5296 or a metabolite of a controlled substance. The form and contents 5297 of the report required by this section shall be established by 5298 the registrar by rule, but shall contain the advice to be read 5299 to the driver and a statement to be signed by the driver 5300 acknowledging that the driver has been read the advice and that 5301 the form was shown to the driver. 5302
- (E) Upon receipt of a sworn report from a peace officer as 5303 provided in division (D) of this section, or upon receipt of 5304

notification that a person has been disqualified under a similar 5305 law of another state or foreign jurisdiction, the registrar 5306 shall disqualify the person named in the report from driving a 5307 commercial motor vehicle for the period described below: 5308

- (1) Upon a first incident, one year;
- (2) Upon an incident of refusal or of a prohibited 5310 concentration of alcohol, a controlled substance, or a 5311 metabolite of a controlled substance after one or more previous 5312 incidents of either refusal or of a prohibited concentration of 5313 alcohol, a controlled substance, or a metabolite of a controlled 5314 substance, the person shall be disqualified for life or such 5315 lesser period as prescribed by rule by the registrar. 5316
- (F) A test of a person's whole blood or a person's blood 5317 serum or plasma given under this section shall comply with the 5318 applicable provisions of division (D) of section 4511.19 of the 5319 Revised Code and any physician, registered nurse, emergency 5320 medical technician-intermediate, emergency medical technician-5321 paramedic, or qualified technician, chemist, or phlebotomist who 5322 withdraws whole blood or blood serum or plasma from a person 5323 under this section, and any hospital, first-aid station, clinic, 5324 or other facility at which whole blood or blood serum or plasma 5325 is withdrawn from a person pursuant to this section, is immune 5326 from criminal liability, and from civil liability that is based 5327 upon a claim of assault and battery or based upon any other 5328 claim of malpractice, for any act performed in withdrawing whole 5329 blood or blood serum or plasma from the person. The immunity 5330 provided in this division also extends to an emergency medical 5331 service organization that employs an emergency medical 5332 technician-intermediate or emergency medical technician-5333 paramedic who withdraws blood under this section. 5334

- (G) When a person submits to a test under this section, 5335 the results of the test, at the person's request, shall be made 5336 available to the person, the person's attorney, or the person's 5337 agent, immediately upon completion of the chemical test 5338 analysis. The person also may have an additional test 5339 administered by a physician, a registered nurse, or a qualified 5340 technician, chemist, or phlebotomist of the person's own 5341 choosing as provided in division (D) of section 4511.19 of the 5342 Revised Code for tests administered under that section, and the 5343 failure to obtain such a test has the same effect as in that 5344 division. 5345
- (H) No person shall refuse to immediately surrender the5346person's commercial driver's license or permit to a peace5347officer when required to do so by this section.5348
- (I) A peace officer issuing an out-of-service order or

 receiving a commercial driver's license or permit surrendered

 under this section may remove or arrange for the removal of any

 commercial motor vehicle affected by the issuance of that order

 or the surrender of that license.

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- (J)(1) Except for civil actions arising out of the 5354 operation of a motor vehicle and civil actions in which the 5355 state is a plaintiff, no peace officer of any law enforcement 5356 agency within this state is liable in compensatory damages in 5357 any civil action that arises under the Revised Code or common 5358 law of this state for an injury, death, or loss to person or 5359 property caused in the performance of official duties under this 5360 section and rules adopted under this section, unless the 5361 officer's actions were manifestly outside the scope of the 5362 officer's employment or official responsibilities, or unless the 5363 officer acted with malicious purpose, in bad faith, or in a 5364

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wanton or reckless manner.

- (2) Except for civil actions that arise out of the 5366 operation of a motor vehicle and civil actions in which the 5367 state is a plaintiff, no peace officer of any law enforcement 5368 agency within this state is liable in punitive or exemplary 5369 damages in any civil action that arises under the Revised Code 5370 or common law of this state for any injury, death, or loss to 5371 person or property caused in the performance of official duties 5372 under this section of the Revised Code and rules adopted under 5373 this section, unless the officer's actions were manifestly 5374 outside the scope of the officer's employment or official 5375 responsibilities, or unless the officer acted with malicious 5376 purpose, in bad faith, or in a wanton or reckless manner. 5377
- (K) When disqualifying a driver, the registrar shall cause the records of the bureau of motor vehicles to be updated to reflect the disqualification within ten days after it occurs.
- (L) The registrar immediately shall notify a driver who is 5381 subject to disqualification of the disqualification, of the 5382 length of the disqualification, and that the driver may request 5383 a hearing within thirty days of the mailing of the notice to 5384 show cause why the driver should not be disqualified from 5385 operating a commercial motor vehicle. If a request for such a 5386 hearing is not made within thirty days of the mailing of the 5387 notice, the order of disqualification is final. The registrar 5388 may designate hearing examiners who, after affording all parties 5389 reasonable notice, shall conduct a hearing to determine whether 5390 the disqualification order is supported by reliable evidence. 5391 The registrar shall adopt rules to implement this division. 5392
- (M) Any person who is disqualified from operating a5393commercial motor vehicle under this section may apply to the5394

registrar for a driver's license to operate a motor vehicle	5395
other than a commercial motor vehicle, provided the person's	5396
commercial driver's license or permit is not otherwise	5397
suspended. A person whose commercial driver's license or permit	5398
is suspended shall not apply to the registrar for or receive a	5399
driver's license under Chapter 4507. of the Revised Code during	5400
the period of suspension.	5401
(N) Whoever violates division (H) of this section is	5402
guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree.	5403
(O) As used in this section, "emergency medical	5404
technician-intermediate" and "emergency medical technician-	5405
paramedic" have the same meanings as in section 4765.01 of the	5406
Revised Code.	5407
Sec. 4511.19. (A) (1) No person shall operate any vehicle,	5408
streetcar, or trackless trolley within this state, if, at the	5409
time of the operation, any of the following apply:	5410
(a) The person is under the influence of alcohol, a drug	5411
of abuse, or a combination of them.	5412
(b) The person has a concentration of eight-hundredths of	5413
one per cent or more but less than seventeen-hundredths of one	5414
per cent by weight per unit volume of alcohol in the person's	5415
whole blood.	5416
(c) The person has a concentration of ninety-six-	5417
thousandths of one per cent or more but less than two hundred	5418
four-thousandths of one per cent by weight per unit volume of	5419
alcohol in the person's blood serum or plasma.	5420
(d) The person has a concentration of eight-hundredths of	5421
one gram or more but less than seventeen-hundredths of one gram	5422

by weight of alcohol per two hundred ten liters of the person's

breath.	5424
(e) The person has a concentration of eleven-hundredths of	5425
one gram or more but less than two hundred thirty-eight-	5426
thousandths of one gram by weight of alcohol per one hundred	5427
milliliters of the person's urine.	5428
(f) The person has a concentration of seventeen-hundredths	5429
of one per cent or more by weight per unit volume of alcohol in	5430
the person's whole blood.	5431
(g) The person has a concentration of two hundred four-	5432
thousandths of one per cent or more by weight per unit volume of	5433
alcohol in the person's blood serum or plasma.	5434
(h) The person has a concentration of seventeen-hundredths	5435
of one gram or more by weight of alcohol per two hundred ten	5436
liters of the person's breath.	5437
(i) The person has a concentration of two hundred thirty-	5438
eight-thousandths of one gram or more by weight of alcohol per	5439
one hundred milliliters of the person's urine.	5440
(j) Except as provided in division (K) of this section,	5441
the person has a concentration of any of the following	5442
controlled substances or metabolites of a controlled substance	5443
in the person's whole blood, blood serum or plasma, or urine	5444
that equals or exceeds any of the following:	5445
(i) The person has a concentration of amphetamine in the	5446
person's urine of at least five hundred nanograms of amphetamine	5447
per milliliter of the person's urine or has a concentration of	5448
amphetamine in the person's whole blood or blood serum or plasma	5449
of at least one hundred nanograms of amphetamine per milliliter	5450
of the person's whole blood or blood serum or plasma	5451

(ii) The person has a concentration of cocaine in the	5452
person's urine of at least one hundred fifty nanograms of	5453
cocaine per milliliter of the person's urine or has a	5454
concentration of cocaine in the person's whole blood or blood	5455
serum or plasma of at least fifty nanograms of cocaine per	5456
milliliter of the person's whole blood or blood serum or plasma.	5457
(iii) The person has a concentration of cocaine metabolite	5458
in the person's urine of at least one hundred fifty nanograms of	5459
cocaine metabolite per milliliter of the person's urine or has a	5460
concentration of cocaine metabolite in the person's whole blood	5461
or blood serum or plasma of at least fifty nanograms of cocaine	5462
metabolite per milliliter of the person's whole blood or blood	5463
serum or plasma.	5464
(iv) The person has a concentration of heroin in the	5465
person's urine of at least two thousand nanograms of heroin per	5466
milliliter of the person's urine or has a concentration of	5467
heroin in the person's whole blood or blood serum or plasma of	5468
at least fifty nanograms of heroin per milliliter of the	5469
person's whole blood or blood serum or plasma.	5470
(v) The person has a concentration of heroin metabolite	5471
(6-monoacetyl morphine) in the person's urine of at least ten	5472
nanograms of heroin metabolite (6-monoacetyl morphine) per	5473
milliliter of the person's urine or has a concentration of	5474
heroin metabolite (6-monoacetyl morphine) in the person's whole	5475
blood or blood serum or plasma of at least ten nanograms of	5476
heroin metabolite (6-monoacetyl morphine) per milliliter of the	5477
person's whole blood or blood serum or plasma.	5478
(vi) The person has a concentration of L.S.D. in the	5479
person's urine of at least twenty-five nanograms of L.S.D. per	5480

milliliter of the person's urine or a concentration of L.S.D. in

the person's whole blood or blood serum or plasma of at least	5482
ten nanograms of L.S.D. per milliliter of the person's whole	5483
blood or blood serum or plasma.	5484
(vii) The person has a concentration of marihuana in the	5485
person's urine of at least ten nanograms of marihuana per	5486
milliliter of the person's urine or has a concentration of	5487
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marihuana in the person's whole blood or blood serum or plasma	5488
of at least two nanograms of marihuana per milliliter of the	5489
person's whole blood or blood serum or plasma.	5490
(viii) Either of the following applies:	5491
(I) The person is under the influence of alcohol, a drug	5492
of abuse, or a combination of them, and the person has a	5493
concentration of marihuana metabolite in the person's urine of	5494
at least fifteen nanograms of marihuana metabolite per	5495
milliliter of the person's urine or has a concentration of	5496
marihuana metabolite in the person's whole blood or blood serum	5497
or plasma of at least five nanograms of marihuana metabolite per	5498
milliliter of the person's whole blood or blood serum or plasma.	5499
(II) The person has a concentration of marihuana	5500
metabolite in the person's urine of at least thirty-five	5501
nanograms of marihuana metabolite per milliliter of the person's	5502
urine or has a concentration of marihuana metabolite in the	5503
person's whole blood or blood serum or plasma of at least fifty	5504
nanograms of marihuana metabolite per milliliter of the person's	5505
whole blood or blood serum or plasma.	5506
(ix) The person has a concentration of methamphetamine in	5507
the person's urine of at least five hundred nanograms of	5508
methamphetamine per milliliter of the person's urine or has a	5509

concentration of methamphetamine in the person's whole blood or

blood serum or plasma of at least one hundred nanograms of	5511
methamphetamine per milliliter of the person's whole blood or	5512
blood serum or plasma.	5513
(x) The person has a concentration of phencyclidine in the	5514
person's urine of at least twenty-five nanograms of	5515
phencyclidine per milliliter of the person's urine or has a	5516
concentration of phencyclidine in the person's whole blood or	5517
blood serum or plasma of at least ten nanograms of phencyclidine	5518
per milliliter of the person's whole blood or blood serum or	5519
plasma.	5520
(xi) The state board of pharmacy has adopted a rule	5521
pursuant to section 4729.041 of the Revised Code that specifies	5522
the amount of salvia divinorum and the amount of salvinorin A	5523
that constitute concentrations of salvia divinorum and	5524
salvinorin A in a person's urine, in a person's whole blood, or	5525
in a person's blood serum or plasma at or above which the person	5526
is impaired for purposes of operating any vehicle, streetcar, or	5527
trackless trolley within this state, the rule is in effect, and	5528
the person has a concentration of salvia divinorum or salvinorin	5529
A of at least that amount so specified by rule in the person's	5530
urine, in the person's whole blood, or in the person's blood	5531
serum or plasma.	5532
(2) No person who, within twenty years of the conduct	5533
described in division (A)(2)(a) of this section, previously has	5534
been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of this	5535
division, a violation of division (A)(1) of this section, or any	5536
other equivalent offense shall do both of the following:	5537
(a) Operate any vehicle, streetcar, or trackless trolley	5538
within this state while under the influence of alcohol, a drug	5539
of abuse, or a combination of them;	5540

(b) Subsequent to being arrested for operating the	5541
vehicle, streetcar, or trackless trolley as described in	5542
division (A)(2)(a) of this section, being asked by a law	5543
enforcement officer to submit to a chemical test or tests under	5544
section 4511.191 of the Revised Code, and being advised by the	5545
officer in accordance with section 4511.192 of the Revised Code	5546
of the consequences of the person's refusal or submission to the	5547
test or tests, refuse to submit to the test or tests.	5548
(B) No person under twenty-one years of age shall operate	5549
any vehicle, streetcar, or trackless trolley within this state,	5550
if, at the time of the operation, any of the following apply:	5551
(1) The person has a concentration of at least two-	5552
hundredths of one per cent but less than eight-hundredths of one	5553
per cent by weight per unit volume of alcohol in the person's	5554
whole blood.	5555
(2) The person has a concentration of at least three-	5556
hundredths of one per cent but less than ninety-six-thousandths	5557
of one per cent by weight per unit volume of alcohol in the	5558
person's blood serum or plasma.	5559
(3) The person has a concentration of at least two-	5560
hundredths of one gram but less than eight-hundredths of one	5561
gram by weight of alcohol per two hundred ten liters of the	5562
person's breath.	5563
(4) The person has a concentration of at least twenty-	5564
eight one-thousandths of one gram but less than eleven-	5565
hundredths of one gram by weight of alcohol per one hundred	5566
milliliters of the person's urine.	5567
(C) In any proceeding arising out of one incident, a	5568

person may be charged with a violation of division (A)(1)(a) or

(A) (2) and a violation of division (B) (1), (2), or (3) of this	5570
section, but the person may not be convicted of more than one	5571
violation of these divisions.	5572

- (D)(1)(a) In any criminal prosecution or juvenile court 5573 proceeding for a violation of division (A)(1)(a) of this section 5574 or for an equivalent offense that is vehicle-related, the result 5575 of any test of any blood, oral fluid, or urine withdrawn and 5576 analyzed at any health care provider, as defined in section 5577 2317.02 of the Revised Code, may be admitted with expert 5578 testimony to be considered with any other relevant and competent 5579 evidence in determining the quilt or innocence of the defendant. 5580
- (b) In any criminal prosecution or juvenile court 5581 proceeding for a violation of division (A) or (B) of this 5582 section or for an equivalent offense that is vehicle-related, 5583 the court may admit evidence on the presence and concentration 5584 of alcohol, drugs of abuse, controlled substances, metabolites 5585 of a controlled substance, or a combination of them in the 5586 defendant's whole blood, blood serum or plasma, breath, urine, 5587 oral fluid, or other bodily substance at the time of the alleged 5588 violation as shown by chemical analysis of the substance 5589 withdrawn within three hours of the time of the alleged 5590 violation. The three-hour time limit specified in this division 5591 regarding the admission of evidence does not extend or affect 5592 the two-hour time limit specified in division (A) of section 5593 4511.192 of the Revised Code as the maximum period of time 5594 during which a person may consent to a chemical test or tests as 5595 described in that section. The court may admit evidence on the 5596 presence and concentration of alcohol, drugs of abuse, or a 5597 combination of them as described in this division when a person 5598 submits to a blood, breath, urine, oral fluid, or other bodily 5599 substance test at the request of a law enforcement officer under 5600

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section 4511.191 of the Revised Code or a blood or urine sample	5601
is obtained pursuant to a search warrant. Only a physician, a	5602
registered nurse, an emergency medical technician-intermediate,	5603
an emergency medical technician-paramedic, or a qualified	5604
technician, chemist, or phlebotomist shall withdraw a blood	5605
sample for the purpose of determining the alcohol, drug,	5606
controlled substance, metabolite of a controlled substance, or	5607
combination content of the whole blood, blood serum, or blood	5608
plasma. This limitation does not apply to the taking of breath.	5609
oral fluid, or urine specimens. A person authorized to withdraw	5610
blood under this division may refuse to withdraw blood under	5611
this division, if in that person's opinion, the physical welfare	5612
of the person would be endangered by the withdrawing of blood.	5613

The bodily substance withdrawn under division (D)(1)(b) of this section shall be analyzed in accordance with methods approved by the director of health by an individual possessing a valid permit issued by the director pursuant to section 3701.143 of the Revised Code.

- (c) As used in division (D)(1)(b) of this section, 5619
 "emergency medical technician-intermediate" and "emergency 5620
 medical technician-paramedic" have the same meanings as in 5621
 section 4765.01 of the Revised Code. 5622
- (2) In a criminal prosecution or juvenile court proceeding 5623 for a violation of division (A) of this section or for an 5624 equivalent offense that is vehicle-related, if there was at the 5625 time the bodily substance was withdrawn a concentration of less 5626 than the applicable concentration of alcohol specified in 5627 divisions (A)(1)(b), (c), (d), and (e) of this section or less 5628 than the applicable concentration of a listed controlled 5629 substance or a listed metabolite of a controlled substance 5630

specified for a violation of division (A)(1)(j) of this section,	5631
that fact may be considered with other competent evidence in	5632
determining the guilt or innocence of the defendant. This	5633
division does not limit or affect a criminal prosecution or	5634
juvenile court proceeding for a violation of division (B) of	5635
this section or for an equivalent offense that is substantially	5636
equivalent to that division.	5637

(3) Upon the request of the person who was tested, the 5638 results of the chemical test shall be made available to the 5639 person or the person's attorney, immediately upon the completion 5640 of the chemical test analysis. 5641

If the chemical test was obtained pursuant to division (D) 5642 (1) (b) of this section, the person tested may have a physician, 5643 a registered nurse, or a qualified technician, chemist, or 5644 phlebotomist of the person's own choosing administer a chemical 5645 test or tests, at the person's expense, in addition to any 5646 administered at the request of a law enforcement officer. If the 5647 person was under arrest as described in division (A)(5) of 5648 section 4511.191 of the Revised Code, the arresting officer 5649 shall advise the person at the time of the arrest that the 5650 person may have an independent chemical test taken at the 5651 5652 person's own expense. If the person was under arrest other than described in division (A)(5) of section 4511.191 of the Revised 5653 Code, the form to be read to the person to be tested, as 5654 required under section 4511.192 of the Revised Code, shall state 5655 that the person may have an independent test performed at the 5656 person's expense. The failure or inability to obtain an 5657 additional chemical test by a person shall not preclude the 5658 admission of evidence relating to the chemical test or tests 5659 taken at the request of a law enforcement officer. 5660

(4)(a) As used in divisions (D)(4)(b) and (c) of this	5661
section, "national highway traffic safety administration" means	5662
the national highway traffic safety administration established	5663
as an administration of the United States department of	5664
transportation under 96 Stat. 2415 (1983), 49 U.S.C.A. 105.	5665
(b) In any criminal prosecution or juvenile court	5666
proceeding for a violation of division (A) or (B) of this	5667
section, of a municipal ordinance relating to operating a	5668
vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse,	5669
or alcohol and a drug of abuse, or of a municipal ordinance	5670
relating to operating a vehicle with a prohibited concentration	5671
of alcohol, a controlled substance, or a metabolite of a	5672
controlled substance in the whole blood, blood serum or plasma,	5673
breath, oral fluid, or urine, if a law enforcement officer has	5674
administered a field sobriety test to the operator of the	5675
vehicle involved in the violation and if it is shown by clear	5676
and convincing evidence that the officer administered the test	5677
in substantial compliance with the testing standards for any	5678
reliable, credible, and generally accepted field sobriety tests	5679
that were in effect at the time the tests were administered,	5680
including, but not limited to, any testing standards then in	5681
effect that were set by the national highway traffic safety	5682
administration, all of the following apply:	5683
(i) The officer may testify concerning the results of the	5684
field sobriety test so administered.	5685

- field sobriety test so administered.
- (ii) The prosecution may introduce the results of the 5686 field sobriety test so administered as evidence in any 5687 proceedings in the criminal prosecution or juvenile court 5688 proceeding. 5689
 - (iii) If testimony is presented or evidence is introduced

under division (D)(4)(b)(i) or (ii) of this section and if the	5691
testimony or evidence is admissible under the Rules of Evidence,	5692
the court shall admit the testimony or evidence and the trier of	5693
fact shall give it whatever weight the trier of fact considers	5694
to be appropriate.	5695
(c) Division (D)(4)(b) of this section does not limit or	5696
preclude a court, in its determination of whether the arrest of	5697
a person was supported by probable cause or its determination of	5698
any other matter in a criminal prosecution or juvenile court	5699
proceeding of a type described in that division, from	5700
considering evidence or testimony that is not otherwise	5701
disallowed by division (D)(4)(b) of this section.	5702
(E)(1) Subject to division (E)(3) of this section, in any	5703
criminal prosecution or juvenile court proceeding for a	5704
violation of division (A)(1)(b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h),	5705
(i), or (j) or (B)(1), (2), (3), or (4) of this section or for	5706
an equivalent offense that is substantially equivalent to any of	5707
those divisions, a laboratory report from any laboratory	5708
personnel issued a permit by the department of health	5709
authorizing an analysis as described in this division that	5710
contains an analysis of the whole blood, blood serum or plasma,	5711
breath, urine, or other bodily substance tested and that	5712
contains all of the information specified in this division shall	5713
be admitted as prima-facie evidence of the information and	5714
statements that the report contains. The laboratory report shall	5715
contain all of the following:	5716
(a) The signature, under oath, of any person who performed	5717
the analysis;	5718
(b) Any findings as to the identity and quantity of	5719

alcohol, a drug of abuse, a controlled substance, a metabolite

of a controlled substance, or a combination of them that was	5721
found;	5722
(c) A copy of a notarized statement by the laboratory	5723
director or a designee of the director that contains the name of	5724
each certified analyst or test performer involved with the	5725
report, the analyst's or test performer's employment	5726
relationship with the laboratory that issued the report, and a	5727
notation that performing an analysis of the type involved is	5728
part of the analyst's or test performer's regular duties;	5729
(d) An outline of the analyst's or test performer's	5730
education, training, and experience in performing the type of	5731
analysis involved and a certification that the laboratory	5732
satisfies appropriate quality control standards in general and,	5733
in this particular analysis, under rules of the department of	5734
health.	5735
(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law regarding	5736
the admission of evidence, a report of the type described in	5737
division (E)(1) of this section is not admissible against the	5738
defendant to whom it pertains in any proceeding, other than a	5739
preliminary hearing or a grand jury proceeding, unless the	5740
prosecutor has served a copy of the report on the defendant's	5741
attorney or, if the defendant has no attorney, on the defendant.	5742
(3) A report of the type described in division (E)(1) of	5743
this section shall not be prima-facie evidence of the contents,	5744
identity, or amount of any substance if, within seven days after	5745
the defendant to whom the report pertains or the defendant's	5746
attorney receives a copy of the report, the defendant or the	5747
defendant's attorney demands the testimony of the person who	5748
signed the report. The judge in the case may extend the seven-	5749
day time limit in the interest of justice.	5750

(F) Except as otherwise provided in this division, any	5751
physician, registered nurse, emergency medical technician-	5752
intermediate, emergency medical technician-paramedic, or	5753
qualified technician, chemist, or phlebotomist who withdraws	5754
blood from a person pursuant to this section or section 4511.191	5755
or 4511.192 of the Revised Code, and any hospital, first-aid	5756
station, or clinic at which blood is withdrawn from a person	5757
pursuant to this section or section 4511.191 or 4511.192 of the	5758
Revised Code, is immune from criminal liability and civil	5759
liability based upon a claim of assault and battery or any other	5760
claim that is not a claim of malpractice, for any act performed	5761
in withdrawing blood from the person. The immunity provided in	5762
this division also extends to an emergency medical service	5763
organization that employs an emergency medical technician-	5764
intermediate or emergency medical technician-paramedic who	5765
withdraws blood under this section. The immunity provided in	5766
this division is not available to a person who withdraws blood	5767
if the person engages in willful or wanton misconduct.	5768

As used in this division, "emergency medical technician- 5769 intermediate" and "emergency medical technician-paramedic" have 5770 the same meanings as in section 4765.01 of the Revised Code. 5771

(G)(1) Whoever violates any provision of divisions (A)(1) 5772 (a) to (i) or (A)(2) of this section is guilty of operating a 5773 vehicle under the influence of alcohol, a drug of abuse, or a 5774 combination of them. Whoever violates division (A)(1)(j) of this 5775 section is quilty of operating a vehicle while under the 5776 influence of a listed controlled substance or a listed 5777 metabolite of a controlled substance. The court shall sentence 5778 the offender for either offense under Chapter 2929. of the 5779 Revised Code, except as otherwise authorized or required by 5780 divisions (G)(1)(a) to (e) of this section: 5781

(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (G)(1)(b),	5782
(c), (d), or (e) of this section, the offender is guilty of a	5783
misdemeanor of the first degree, and the court shall sentence	5784
the offender to all of the following:	5785

(i) If the sentence is being imposed for a violation of 5786 division (A)(1)(a), (b), (c), (d), (e), or (j) of this section, 5787 a mandatory jail term of three consecutive days. As used in this 5788 division, three consecutive days means seventy-two consecutive 5789 hours. The court may sentence an offender to both an 5790 5791 intervention program and a jail term. The court may impose a jail term in addition to the three-day mandatory jail term or 5792 intervention program. However, in no case shall the cumulative 5793 jail term imposed for the offense exceed six months. 5794

The court may suspend the execution of the three-day jail 5795 term under this division if the court, in lieu of that suspended 5796 term, places the offender under a community control sanction 5797 pursuant to section 2929.25 of the Revised Code and requires the 5798 offender to attend, for three consecutive days, a drivers' 5799 intervention program certified under section 5119.38 of the 5800 Revised Code. The court also may suspend the execution of any 5801 part of the three-day jail term under this division if it places 5802 the offender under a community control sanction pursuant to 5803 section 2929.25 of the Revised Code for part of the three days, 5804 requires the offender to attend for the suspended part of the 5805 term a drivers' intervention program so certified, and sentences 5806 the offender to a jail term equal to the remainder of the three 5807 consecutive days that the offender does not spend attending the 5808 program. The court may require the offender, as a condition of 5809 community control and in addition to the required attendance at 5810 a drivers' intervention program, to attend and satisfactorily 5811 complete any treatment or education programs that comply with 5812

the minimum standards adopted pursuant to Chapter 5119. of the	5813
Revised Code by the director of mental health and addiction	5814
services that the operators of the drivers' intervention program	5815
determine that the offender should attend and to report	5816
periodically to the court on the offender's progress in the	5817
programs. The court also may impose on the offender any other	5818
conditions of community control that it considers necessary.	5819

If the court grants unlimited driving privileges to a 5820 first-time offender under section 4510.022 of the Revised Code, 5821 all penalties imposed upon the offender by the court under 5822 division (G)(1)(a)(i) of this section for the offense apply, 5823 except that the court shall suspend any mandatory or additional 5824 jail term imposed by the court under division (G)(1)(a)(i) of 5825 this section upon granting unlimited driving privileges in 5826 accordance with section 4510.022 of the Revised Code. 5827

(ii) If the sentence is being imposed for a violation of 5828 division (A)(1)(f), (g), (h), or (i) or division (A)(2) of this 5829 section, except as otherwise provided in this division, a 5830 mandatory jail term of at least three consecutive days and a 5831 requirement that the offender attend, for three consecutive 5832 days, a drivers' intervention program that is certified pursuant 5833 to section 5119.38 of the Revised Code. As used in this 5834 division, three consecutive days means seventy-two consecutive 5835 hours. If the court determines that the offender is not 5836 conducive to treatment in a drivers' intervention program, if 5837 the offender refuses to attend a drivers' intervention program, 5838 or if the jail at which the offender is to serve the jail term 5839 imposed can provide a driver's intervention program, the court 5840 shall sentence the offender to a mandatory jail term of at least 5841 5842 six consecutive days.

If the court grants unlimited driving privileges to a	5843
first-time offender under section 4510.022 of the Revised Code,	5844
all penalties imposed upon the offender by the court under	5845
division (G)(1)(a)(ii) of this section for the offense apply,	5846
except that the court shall suspend any mandatory or additional	5847
jail term imposed by the court under division (G)(1)(a)(ii) of	5848
this section upon granting unlimited driving privileges in	5849
accordance with section 4510.022 of the Revised Code.	5850

The court may require the offender, under a community control sanction imposed under section 2929.25 of the Revised Code, to attend and satisfactorily complete any treatment or education programs that comply with the minimum standards adopted pursuant to Chapter 5119. of the Revised Code by the director of mental health and addiction services, in addition to the required attendance at drivers' intervention program, that the operators of the drivers' intervention program determine that the offender should attend and to report periodically to the court on the offender's progress in the programs. The court also may impose any other conditions of community control on the offender that it considers necessary.

- (iii) In all cases, a fine of not less than three hundred 5863
 seventy-five and not more than one thousand seventy-five 5864
 dollars; 5865
- (iv) In all cases, a suspension of the offender's driver's 5866 or commercial driver's license or permit or nonresident 5867 operating privilege for a definite period of one to three years. 5868 The court may grant limited driving privileges relative to the 5869 suspension under sections 4510.021 and 4510.13 of the Revised 5870 Code. The court may grant unlimited driving privileges with an 5871 ignition interlock device relative to the suspension and may 5872

reduce the period of suspension a	as authorized under section	5873
4510.022 of the Revised Code.		5874

- (b) Except as otherwise provided in division (G) (1) (e) of 5875 this section, an offender who, within ten years of the offense, 5876 previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one 5877 violation of division (A) of this section or one other 5878 equivalent offense is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first 5879 degree. The court shall sentence the offender to all of the 5880 following:
- (i) If the sentence is being imposed for a violation of 5882 division (A)(1)(a), (b), (c), (d), (e), or (j) of this section, 5883 a mandatory jail term of ten consecutive days. The court shall 5884 impose the ten-day mandatory jail term under this division 5885 unless, subject to division (G)(3) of this section, it instead 5886 imposes a sentence under that division consisting of both a jail 5887 term and a term of house arrest with electronic monitoring, with 5888 continuous alcohol monitoring, or with both electronic 5889 monitoring and continuous alcohol monitoring. The court may 5890 impose a jail term in addition to the ten-day mandatory jail 5891 term. The cumulative jail term imposed for the offense shall not 5892 exceed six months. 5893

In addition to the jail term or the term of house arrest 5894 with electronic monitoring or continuous alcohol monitoring or 5895 both types of monitoring and jail term, the court shall require 5896 the offender to be assessed by a community addiction services 5897 provider that is authorized by section 5119.21 of the Revised 5898 Code, subject to division (I) of this section, and shall order 5899 the offender to follow the treatment recommendations of the 5900 services provider. The purpose of the assessment is to determine 5901 the degree of the offender's alcohol usage and to determine 5902

whether or not treatment is warranted. Upon the request of the	5903
court, the services provider shall submit the results of the	5904
assessment to the court, including all treatment recommendations	5905
and clinical diagnoses related to alcohol use.	5906

(ii) If the sentence is being imposed for a violation of 5907 division (A)(1)(f), (g), (h), or (i) or division (A)(2) of this 5908 section, except as otherwise provided in this division, a 5909 mandatory jail term of twenty consecutive days. The court shall 5910 impose the twenty-day mandatory jail term under this division 5911 unless, subject to division (G)(3) of this section, it instead 5912 imposes a sentence under that division consisting of both a jail 5913 term and a term of house arrest with electronic monitoring, with 5914 continuous alcohol monitoring, or with both electronic 5915 monitoring and continuous alcohol monitoring. The court may 5916 impose a jail term in addition to the twenty-day mandatory jail 5917 term. The cumulative jail term imposed for the offense shall not 5918 exceed six months. 5919

In addition to the jail term or the term of house arrest 5920 with electronic monitoring or continuous alcohol monitoring or 5921 both types of monitoring and jail term, the court shall require 5922 the offender to be assessed by a community addiction service 5923 provider that is authorized by section 5119.21 of the Revised 5924 Code, subject to division (I) of this section, and shall order 5925 the offender to follow the treatment recommendations of the 5926 services provider. The purpose of the assessment is to determine 5927 the degree of the offender's alcohol usage and to determine 5928 whether or not treatment is warranted. Upon the request of the 5929 court, the services provider shall submit the results of the 5930 assessment to the court, including all treatment recommendations 5931 and clinical diagnoses related to alcohol use. 5932

(iii) In all cases, notwithstanding the fines set forth in	5933
Chapter 2929. of the Revised Code, a fine of not less than five	5934
hundred twenty-five and not more than one thousand six hundred	5935
twenty-five dollars;	5936
(iv) In all cases, a suspension of the offender's driver's	5937
license, commercial driver's license, temporary instruction	5938
permit, probationary license, or nonresident operating privilege	5939
for a definite period of one to seven years. The court may grant	5940
limited driving privileges relative to the suspension under	5941
sections 4510.021 and 4510.13 of the Revised Code.	5942
sections 4310.021 and 4310.13 of the Nevised Code.	3942
(v) In all cases, if the vehicle is registered in the	5943
offender's name, immobilization of the vehicle involved in the	5944
offense for ninety days in accordance with section 4503.233 of	5945
the Revised Code and impoundment of the license plates of that	5946
vehicle for ninety days.	5947
(c) Except as otherwise provided in division (G)(1)(e) of	5948
this section, an offender who, within ten years of the offense,	5949
previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to two	5950
violations of division (A) of this section or other equivalent	5951
offenses is guilty of a misdemeanor. The court shall sentence	5952
the offender to all of the following:	5953
	5054
(i) If the sentence is being imposed for a violation of	5954
division (A)(1)(a), (b), (c), (d), (e), or (j) of this section,	5955
a mandatory jail term of thirty consecutive days. The court	5956
shall impose the thirty-day mandatory jail term under this	5957
division unless, subject to division (G)(3) of this section, it	5958
instead imposes a sentence under that division consisting of	5959
both a jail term and a term of house arrest with electronic	5960
monitoring, with continuous alcohol monitoring, or with both	5961

electronic monitoring and continuous alcohol monitoring. The

court may impose a jail term in addition to the thirty-day	5963
mandatory jail term. Notwithstanding the jail terms set forth in	5964
sections 2929.21 to 2929.28 of the Revised Code, the additional	5965
jail term shall not exceed one year, and the cumulative jail	5966
term imposed for the offense shall not exceed one year.	5967
(ii) If the sentence is being imposed for a violation of	5968
division (A)(1)(f), (g), (h), or (i) or division (A)(2) of this	5969
section, a mandatory jail term of sixty consecutive days. The	5970
court shall impose the sixty-day mandatory jail term under this	5971
division unless, subject to division (G)(3) of this section, it	5972
instead imposes a sentence under that division consisting of	5973
both a jail term and a term of house arrest with electronic	5974
monitoring, with continuous alcohol monitoring, or with both	5975
electronic monitoring and continuous alcohol monitoring. The	5976
court may impose a jail term in addition to the sixty-day	5977
mandatory jail term. Notwithstanding the jail terms set forth in	5978
sections 2929.21 to 2929.28 of the Revised Code, the additional	5979
jail term shall not exceed one year, and the cumulative jail	5980
term imposed for the offense shall not exceed one year.	5981
(iii) In all cases, notwithstanding the fines set forth in	5982
Chapter 2929. of the Revised Code, a fine of not less than eight	5983
hundred fifty and not more than two thousand seven hundred fifty	5984
dollars;	5985
(iv) In all cases, a suspension of the offender's driver's	5986
license, commercial driver's license, temporary instruction	5987
permit, probationary license, or nonresident operating privilege	5988
for a definite period of two to twelve years. The court may	5989
grant limited driving privileges relative to the suspension	5990
under sections 4510.021 and 4510.13 of the Revised Code.	5991

(v) In all cases, if the vehicle is registered in the

offender's name, criminal forfeiture of the vehicle involved in	5993
the offense in accordance with section 4503.234 of the Revised	5994
Code. Division (G)(6) of this section applies regarding any	5995
vehicle that is subject to an order of criminal forfeiture under	5996
this division.	5997

- (vi) In all cases, the court shall order the offender to 5998 participate with a community addiction services provider 5999 authorized by section 5119.21 of the Revised Code, subject to 6000 division (I) of this section, and shall order the offender to 6001 follow the treatment recommendations of the services provider. 6002 The operator of the services provider shall determine and assess 6003 the degree of the offender's alcohol dependency and shall make 6004 recommendations for treatment. Upon the request of the court, 6005 the services provider shall submit the results of the assessment 6006 to the court, including all treatment recommendations and 6007 clinical diagnoses related to alcohol use. 6008
- (d) Except as otherwise provided in division (G)(1)(e) of 6009 this section, an offender who, within ten years of the offense, 6010 previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to three or 6011 four violations of division (A) of this section or other 6012 equivalent offenses, an offender who, within twenty years of the 6013 offense, previously has been convicted of or pleaded quilty to 6014 five or more violations of that nature, or an offender who 6015 previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a 6016 specification of the type described in section 2941.1413 of the 6017 Revised Code is guilty of a felony of the fourth degree. The 6018 court shall sentence the offender to all of the following: 6019
- (i) If the sentence is being imposed for a violation of 6020 division (A)(1)(a), (b), (c), (d), (e), or (j) of this section, 6021 a mandatory prison term of one, two, three, four, or five years 6022

as required by and in accordance with division (G)(2) of section	6023
2929.13 of the Revised Code if the offender also is convicted of	6024
or also pleads guilty to a specification of the type described	6025
in section 2941.1413 of the Revised Code or, in the discretion	6026
of the court, either a mandatory term of local incarceration of	6027
sixty consecutive days in accordance with division (G)(1) of	6028
section 2929.13 of the Revised Code or a mandatory prison term	6029
of sixty consecutive days in accordance with division (G)(2) of	6030
that section if the offender is not convicted of and does not	6031
plead guilty to a specification of that type. If the court	6032
imposes a mandatory term of local incarceration, it may impose a	6033
jail term in addition to the sixty-day mandatory term, the	6034
cumulative total of the mandatory term and the jail term for the	6035
offense shall not exceed one year, and, except as provided in	6036
division (A)(1) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code, no	6037
prison term is authorized for the offense. If the court imposes	6038
a mandatory prison term, notwithstanding division (A)(4) of	6039
section 2929.14 of the Revised Code, it also may sentence the	6040
offender to a definite prison term that shall be not less than	6041
six months and not more than thirty months and the prison terms	6042
shall be imposed as described in division (G)(2) of section	6043
2929.13 of the Revised Code. If the court imposes a mandatory	6044
prison term or mandatory prison term and additional prison term,	6045
in addition to the term or terms so imposed, the court also may	6046
sentence the offender to a community control sanction for the	6047
offense, but the offender shall serve all of the prison terms so	6048
imposed prior to serving the community control sanction.	6049

(ii) If the sentence is being imposed for a violation of 6050 division (A)(1)(f), (g), (h), or (i) or division (A)(2) of this 6051 section, a mandatory prison term of one, two, three, four, or 6052 five years as required by and in accordance with division (G)(2) 6053

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of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code if the offender also is	6054
convicted of or also pleads guilty to a specification of the	6055
type described in section 2941.1413 of the Revised Code or, in	6056
the discretion of the court, either a mandatory term of local	6057
incarceration of one hundred twenty consecutive days in	6058
accordance with division (G)(1) of section 2929.13 of the	6059
Revised Code or a mandatory prison term of one hundred twenty	6060
consecutive days in accordance with division (G)(2) of that	6061
section if the offender is not convicted of and does not plead	6062
guilty to a specification of that type. If the court imposes a	6063
mandatory term of local incarceration, it may impose a jail term	6064
in addition to the one hundred twenty-day mandatory term, the	6065
cumulative total of the mandatory term and the jail term for the	6066
offense shall not exceed one year, and, except as provided in	6067
division (A)(1) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code, no	6068
prison term is authorized for the offense. If the court imposes	6069
a mandatory prison term, notwithstanding division (A)(4) of	6070
section 2929.14 of the Revised Code, it also may sentence the	6071
offender to a definite prison term that shall be not less than	6072
six months and not more than thirty months and the prison terms	6073
shall be imposed as described in division (G)(2) of section	6074
2929.13 of the Revised Code. If the court imposes a mandatory	6075
prison term or mandatory prison term and additional prison term,	6076
in addition to the term or terms so imposed, the court also may	6077
sentence the offender to a community control sanction for the	6078
offense, but the offender shall serve all of the prison terms so	6079
imposed prior to serving the community control sanction.	6080

(iii) In all cases, notwithstanding section 2929.18 of the Revised Code, a fine of not less than one thousand three hundred fifty nor more than ten thousand five hundred dollars;

(iv) In all cases, a class two license suspension of the

offender's driver's license, commercial driver's license,	6085
temporary instruction permit, probationary license, or	6086
nonresident operating privilege from the range specified in	6087
division (A)(2) of section 4510.02 of the Revised Code. The	6088
court may grant limited driving privileges relative to the	6089
suspension under sections 4510.021 and 4510.13 of the Revised	6090
Code.	6091

- (v) In all cases, if the vehicle is registered in the 6092 offender's name, criminal forfeiture of the vehicle involved in 6093 the offense in accordance with section 4503.234 of the Revised 6094 Code. Division (G) (6) of this section applies regarding any 6095 vehicle that is subject to an order of criminal forfeiture under 6096 this division.
- (vi) In all cases, the court shall order the offender to 6098 participate with a community addiction services provider 6099 authorized by section 5119.21 of the Revised Code, subject to 6100 division (I) of this section, and shall order the offender to 6101 follow the treatment recommendations of the services provider. 6102 The operator of the services provider shall determine and assess 6103 the degree of the offender's alcohol dependency and shall make 6104 recommendations for treatment. Upon the request of the court, 6105 the services provider shall submit the results of the assessment 6106 to the court, including all treatment recommendations and 6107 clinical diagnoses related to alcohol use. 6108
- (vii) In all cases, if the court sentences the offender to 6109 a mandatory term of local incarceration, in addition to the 6110 mandatory term, the court, pursuant to section 2929.17 of the 6111 Revised Code, may impose a term of house arrest with electronic 6112 monitoring. The term shall not commence until after the offender 6113 has served the mandatory term of local incarceration. 6114

(e) An offender who previously has been convicted of or	6115
pleaded guilty to a violation of division (A) of this section	6116
that was a felony, regardless of when the violation and the	6117
conviction or guilty plea occurred, is guilty of a felony of the	6118
third degree. The court shall sentence the offender to all of	6119
the following:	6120
(i) If the offender is being sentenced for a violation of	6121
division (A)(1)(a), (b), (c), (d), (e), or (j) of this section,	6122
a mandatory prison term of one, two, three, four, or five years	6123
as required by and in accordance with division (G)(2) of section	6124
2929.13 of the Revised Code if the offender also is convicted of	6125
or also pleads guilty to a specification of the type described	6126
in section 2941.1413 of the Revised Code or a mandatory prison	6127
term of sixty consecutive days in accordance with division (G)	6128
(2) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code if the offender is	6129
not convicted of and does not plead guilty to a specification of	6130
that type. The court may impose a prison term in addition to the	6131
mandatory prison term. The cumulative total of a sixty-day	6132
mandatory prison term and the additional prison term for the	6133
offense shall not exceed five years. In addition to the	6134
mandatory prison term or mandatory prison term and additional	6135
prison term the court imposes, the court also may sentence the	6136
offender to a community control sanction for the offense, but	6137
the offender shall serve all of the prison terms so imposed	6138
prior to serving the community control sanction.	6139
(ii) If the sentence is being imposed for a violation of	6140
division $(A)(1)(f)$, (g) , (h) , or (i) or division $(A)(2)$ of this	6141

division (A)(1)(f), (g), (h), or (i) or division (A)(2) of this 6141 section, a mandatory prison term of one, two, three, four, or 6142 five years as required by and in accordance with division (G)(2) 6143 of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code if the offender also is 6144 convicted of or also pleads guilty to a specification of the 6145

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type described in section 2941.1413 of the Revised Code or a	6146
mandatory prison term of one hundred twenty consecutive days in	6147
accordance with division (G)(2) of section 2929.13 of the	6148
Revised Code if the offender is not convicted of and does not	6149
plead guilty to a specification of that type. The court may	6150
impose a prison term in addition to the mandatory prison term.	6151
The cumulative total of a one hundred twenty-day mandatory	6152
prison term and the additional prison term for the offense shall	6153
not exceed five years. In addition to the mandatory prison term	6154
or mandatory prison term and additional prison term the court	6155
imposes, the court also may sentence the offender to a community	6156
control sanction for the offense, but the offender shall serve	6157
all of the prison terms so imposed prior to serving the	6158
community control sanction.	6159
(iii) In all cases, notwithstanding section 2929.18 of the	6160
Revised Code, a fine of not less than one thousand three hundred	6161
fifty nor more than ten thousand five hundred dollars;	6162
(iv) In all cases, a class two license suspension of the	6163
offender's driver's license, commercial driver's license,	6164
temporary instruction permit, probationary license, or	6165
nonresident operating privilege from the range specified in	6166
division (A)(2) of section 4510.02 of the Revised Code. The	6167
court may grant limited driving privileges relative to the	6168
suspension under sections 4510.021 and 4510.13 of the Revised	6169
Code.	6170
(v) In all cases, if the vehicle is registered in the	6171
offender's name, criminal forfeiture of the vehicle involved in	6172
the offense in accordance with section 4503.234 of the Revised	6173

Code. Division (G) (6) of this section applies regarding any

vehicle that is subject to an order of criminal forfeiture under

this division. 6176

- (vi) In all cases, the court shall order the offender to 6177 participate with a community addiction services provider 6178 authorized by section 5119.21 of the Revised Code, subject to 6179 division (I) of this section, and shall order the offender to 6180 follow the treatment recommendations of the services provider. 6181 The operator of the services provider shall determine and assess 6182 the degree of the offender's alcohol dependency and shall make 6183 recommendations for treatment. Upon the request of the court, 6184 the services provider shall submit the results of the assessment 6185 to the court, including all treatment recommendations and 6186 clinical diagnoses related to alcohol use. 6187
- (2) An offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a
 violation of division (A) of this section and who subsequently
 seeks reinstatement of the driver's or occupational driver's
 license or permit or nonresident operating privilege suspended
 under this section as a result of the conviction or guilty plea
 shall pay a reinstatement fee as provided in division (F)(2) of
 section 4511.191 of the Revised Code.
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- 6195 (3) If an offender is sentenced to a jail term under division (G)(1)(b)(i) or (ii) or (G)(1)(c)(i) or (ii) of this 6196 section and if, within sixty days of sentencing of the offender, 6197 the court issues a written finding on the record that, due to 6198 the unavailability of space at the jail where the offender is 6199 required to serve the term, the offender will not be able to 6200 begin serving that term within the sixty-day period following 6201 the date of sentencing, the court may impose an alternative 6202 sentence under this division that includes a term of house 6203 arrest with electronic monitoring, with continuous alcohol 6204 monitoring, or with both electronic monitoring and continuous 6205

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alcohol monitoring.

As an alternative to a mandatory jail term of ten 6207 consecutive days required by division (G)(1)(b)(i) of this 6208 section, the court, under this division, may sentence the 6209 offender to five consecutive days in jail and not less than 6210 eighteen consecutive days of house arrest with electronic 6211 monitoring, with continuous alcohol monitoring, or with both 6212 electronic monitoring and continuous alcohol monitoring. The 6213 cumulative total of the five consecutive days in jail and the 6214 period of house arrest with electronic monitoring, continuous 6215 alcohol monitoring, or both types of monitoring shall not exceed 6216 six months. The five consecutive days in jail do not have to be 6217 served prior to or consecutively to the period of house arrest. 6218

As an alternative to the mandatory jail term of twenty 6219 consecutive days required by division (G)(1)(b)(ii) of this 6220 section, the court, under this division, may sentence the 6221 offender to ten consecutive days in jail and not less than 6222 thirty-six consecutive days of house arrest with electronic 6223 monitoring, with continuous alcohol monitoring, or with both 6224 electronic monitoring and continuous alcohol monitoring. The 6225 6226 cumulative total of the ten consecutive days in jail and the period of house arrest with electronic monitoring, continuous 6227 alcohol monitoring, or both types of monitoring shall not exceed 6228 six months. The ten consecutive days in jail do not have to be 6229 served prior to or consecutively to the period of house arrest. 6230

As an alternative to a mandatory jail term of thirty 6231 consecutive days required by division (G)(1)(c)(i) of this 6232 section, the court, under this division, may sentence the 6233 offender to fifteen consecutive days in jail and not less than 6234 fifty-five consecutive days of house arrest with electronic 6235

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monitoring, with continuous alcohol monitoring, or with both	6236
electronic monitoring and continuous alcohol monitoring. The	6237
cumulative total of the fifteen consecutive days in jail and the	6238
period of house arrest with electronic monitoring, continuous	6239
alcohol monitoring, or both types of monitoring shall not exceed	6240
one year. The fifteen consecutive days in jail do not have to be	6241
served prior to or consecutively to the period of house arrest.	6242

As an alternative to the mandatory jail term of sixty consecutive days required by division (G)(1)(c)(ii) of this section, the court, under this division, may sentence the offender to thirty consecutive days in jail and not less than one hundred ten consecutive days of house arrest with electronic monitoring, with continuous alcohol monitoring, or with both electronic monitoring and continuous alcohol monitoring. The cumulative total of the thirty consecutive days in jail and the period of house arrest with electronic monitoring, continuous alcohol monitoring, or both types of monitoring shall not exceed one year. The thirty consecutive days in jail do not have to be served prior to or consecutively to the period of house arrest.

(4) If an offender's driver's or occupational driver's 6255 license or permit or nonresident operating privilege is 6256 6257 suspended under division (G) of this section and if section 4510.13 of the Revised Code permits the court to grant limited 6258 driving privileges, the court may grant the limited driving 6259 privileges in accordance with that section. If division (A)(7) 6260 of that section requires that the court impose as a condition of 6261 the privileges that the offender must display on the vehicle 6262 that is driven subject to the privileges restricted license 6263 plates that are issued under section 4503.231 of the Revised 6264 Code, except as provided in division (B) of that section, the 6265 court shall impose that condition as one of the conditions of 6266

the limited driving privileges granted to the offender, except	6267
as provided in division (B) of section 4503.231 of the Revised	6268
Code.	6269
(5) Fines imposed under this section for a violation of	6270
division (A) of this section shall be distributed as follows:	6271
division (n, or this section sharr be distributed as rollows.	0271
(a) Twenty-five dollars of the fine imposed under division	6272
(G)(1)(a)(iii), thirty-five dollars of the fine imposed under	6273
division (G)(1)(b)(iii), one hundred twenty-three dollars of the	6274
fine imposed under division (G)(1)(c)(iii), and two hundred ten	6275
dollars of the fine imposed under division (G)(1)(d)(iii) or (e)	6276
(iii) of this section shall be paid to an enforcement and	6277
education fund established by the legislative authority of the	6278
law enforcement agency in this state that primarily was	6279
responsible for the arrest of the offender, as determined by the	6280
court that imposes the fine. The agency shall use this share to	6281
pay only those costs it incurs in enforcing this section or a	6282
municipal OVI ordinance and in informing the public of the laws	6283
governing the operation of a vehicle while under the influence	6284
of alcohol, the dangers of the operation of a vehicle under the	6285
influence of alcohol, and other information relating to the	6286
operation of a vehicle under the influence of alcohol and the	6287
consumption of alcoholic beverages.	6288
(b) Difty dollars of the fine imposed under division (C)	6289
(b) Fifty dollars of the fine imposed under division (G)	
(1) (a) (iii) of this section shall be paid to the political	6290
subdivision that pays the cost of housing the offender during	6291
the offender's term of incarceration. If the offender is being	6292
sentenced for a violation of division (A)(1)(a), (b), (c), (d),	6293
(e), or (j) of this section and was confined as a result of the	6294
offense prior to being sentenced for the offense but is not	6295

sentenced to a term of incarceration, the fifty dollars shall be

paid to the political subdivision that paid the cost of housing	6297
the offender during that period of confinement. The political	6298
subdivision shall use the share under this division to pay or	6299
reimburse incarceration or treatment costs it incurs in housing	6300
or providing drug and alcohol treatment to persons who violate	6301
this section or a municipal OVI ordinance, costs of any	6302
immobilizing or disabling device used on the offender's vehicle,	6303
and costs of electronic house arrest equipment needed for	6304
persons who violate this section.	6305

- (c) Twenty-five dollars of the fine imposed under division 6306 (G) (1) (a) (iii) and fifty dollars of the fine imposed under 6307 division (G) (1) (b) (iii) of this section shall be deposited into 6308 the county or municipal indigent drivers' alcohol treatment fund 6309 under the control of that court, as created by the county or 6310 municipal corporation under division (F) of section 4511.191 of 6311 the Revised Code.
- (d) One hundred fifteen dollars of the fine imposed under 6313 division (G)(1)(b)(iii), two hundred seventy-seven dollars of 6314 the fine imposed under division (G)(1)(c)(iii), and four hundred 6315 forty dollars of the fine imposed under division (G)(1)(d)(iii) 6316 or (e)(iii) of this section shall be paid to the political 6317 subdivision that pays the cost of housing the offender during 6318 the offender's term of incarceration. The political subdivision 6319 shall use this share to pay or reimburse incarceration or 6320 treatment costs it incurs in housing or providing drug and 6321 alcohol treatment to persons who violate this section or a 6322 municipal OVI ordinance, costs for any immobilizing or disabling 6323 device used on the offender's vehicle, and costs of electronic 6324 house arrest equipment needed for persons who violate this 6325 section. 6326

(e) Fifty dollars of the fine imposed under divisions (G)	6327
(1) (a) (iii), (G) (1) (b) (iii), (G) (1) (c) (iii), (G) (1) (d) (iii), and	6328
(G)(1)(e)(iii) of this section shall be deposited into the	6329
special projects fund of the court in which the offender was	6330
convicted and that is established under division (E)(1) of	6331
section 2303.201, division (B)(1) of section 1901.26, or	6332
division (B)(1) of section 1907.24 of the Revised Code, to be	6333
used exclusively to cover the cost of immobilizing or disabling	6334
devices, including certified ignition interlock devices, and	6335
remote alcohol monitoring devices for indigent offenders who are	6336
required by a judge to use either of these devices. If the court	6337
in which the offender was convicted does not have a special	6338
projects fund that is established under division (E)(1) of	6339
section 2303.201, division (B)(1) of section 1901.26, or	6340
division (B)(1) of section 1907.24 of the Revised Code, the	6341
fifty dollars shall be deposited into the indigent drivers	6342
interlock and alcohol monitoring fund under division (I) of	6343
section 4511.191 of the Revised Code.	6344
(f) Seventy-five dollars of the fine imposed under	6345
division (G)(1)(a)(iii), one hundred twenty-five dollars of the	6346
fine imposed under division (G)(1)(b)(iii), two hundred fifty	6347
dollars of the fine imposed under division (G)(1)(c)(iii), and	6348
five hundred dollars of the fine imposed under division (G)(1)	6349
(d)(iii) or (e)(iii) of this section shall be transmitted to the	6350
treasurer of state for deposit into the indigent defense support	6351
fund established under section 120.08 of the Revised Code.	6352
(g) The balance of the fine imposed under division (G)(1)	6353
(a)(iii), (b)(iii), (c)(iii), (d)(iii), or (e)(iii) of this	6354
section shall be disbursed as otherwise provided by law.	6355

(6) If title to a motor vehicle that is subject to an

order of criminal forfeiture under division (G)(1)(c), (d), or	6357
(e) of this section is assigned or transferred and division (B)	6358
(2) or (3) of section 4503.234 of the Revised Code applies, in	6359
addition to or independent of any other penalty established by	6360
law, the court may fine the offender the value of the vehicle as	6361
determined by publications of the national automobile dealers	6362
association. The proceeds of any fine so imposed shall be	6363
distributed in accordance with division (C)(2) of that section.	6364
(7) In all cases in which an offender is sentenced under	6365
division (G) of this section, the offender shall provide the	6366
court with proof of financial responsibility as defined in	6367
section 4509.01 of the Revised Code. If the offender fails to	6368
provide that proof of financial responsibility, the court, in	6369
addition to any other penalties provided by law, may order	6370
restitution pursuant to section 2929.18 or 2929.28 of the	6371
Revised Code in an amount not exceeding five thousand dollars	6372
for any economic loss arising from an accident or collision that	6373
was the direct and proximate result of the offender's operation	6374
of the vehicle before, during, or after committing the offense	6375
for which the offender is sentenced under division (G) of this	6376
section.	6377
(8) A court may order an offender to reimburse a law	6378
enforcement agency for any costs incurred by the agency with	6379
respect to a chemical test or tests administered to the offender	6380
if all of the following apply:	6381
(a) The offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	6382
violation of division (A) of this section.	6383
(b) The test or tests were of the offender's whole blood,	6384
blood serum or plasma, oral fluid, or urine.	6385

(c) The test or tests indicated that the offender had $\frac{a}{}$	6386
one of the following at the time of the offense:	6387
(i) A prohibited concentration of a controlled substance	6388
or a metabolite of a controlled substance in the offender's	6389
whole blood, blood serum or plasma, or urine at the time of the	6390
offense;	6391
(ii) A drug of abuse or a metabolite of a drug of abuse in	6392
the offender's oral fluid.	6393
(9) As used in division (G) of this section, "electronic	6394
monitoring," "mandatory prison term," and "mandatory term of	6395
local incarceration" have the same meanings as in section	6396
2929.01 of the Revised Code.	6397
(H) Whoever violates division (B) of this section is	6398
guilty of operating a vehicle after underage alcohol consumption	6399
and shall be punished as follows:	6400
(1) Except as otherwise provided in division (H)(2) of	6401
this section, the offender is guilty of a misdemeanor of the	6402
fourth degree. In addition to any other sanction imposed for the	6403
offense, the court shall impose a class six suspension of the	6404
offender's driver's license, commercial driver's license,	6405
temporary instruction permit, probationary license, or	6406
nonresident operating privilege from the range specified in	6407
division (A)(6) of section 4510.02 of the Revised Code. The	6408
court may grant limited driving privileges relative to the	6409
suspension under sections 4510.021 and 4510.13 of the Revised	6410
Code. The court may grant unlimited driving privileges with an	6411
ignition interlock device relative to the suspension and may	6412
reduce the period of suspension as authorized under section	6413
4510.022 of the Revised Code. If the court grants unlimited	6414

driving privileges under section 4510.022 of the Revised Code,	6415
the court shall suspend any jail term imposed under division (H)	6416
(1) of this section as required under that section.	6417
(2) If, within one year of the offense, the offender	6418
previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one or	6419
more violations of division (A) of this section or other	6420
equivalent offenses, the offender is guilty of a misdemeanor of	6421
the third degree. In addition to any other sanction imposed for	6422
the offense, the court shall impose a class four suspension of	6423
the offender's driver's license, commercial driver's license,	6424
temporary instruction permit, probationary license, or	6425
nonresident operating privilege from the range specified in	6426
division (A)(4) of section 4510.02 of the Revised Code. The	6427
court may grant limited driving privileges relative to the	6428
suspension under sections 4510.021 and 4510.13 of the Revised	6429
Code.	6430
(3) The offender shall provide the court with proof of	6431
financial responsibility as defined in section 4509.01 of the	6432
Revised Code. If the offender fails to provide that proof of	6433
financial responsibility, then, in addition to any other	6434
penalties provided by law, the court may order restitution	6435
pursuant to section 2929.28 of the Revised Code in an amount not	6436
exceeding five thousand dollars for any economic loss arising	6437
from an accident or collision that was the direct and proximate	6438
result of the offender's operation of the vehicle before,	6439
during, or after committing the violation of division (B) of	6440
this section.	6441
(I)(1) No court shall sentence an offender to an alcohol	6442
treatment program under this section unless the treatment	6443

program complies with the minimum standards for alcohol

treatment programs adopted under Chapter 5119. of the Revised	6445
Code by the director of mental health and addiction services.	6446
(2) An offender who stays in a drivers' intervention	6447
program or in an alcohol treatment program under an order issued	6448
under this section shall pay the cost of the stay in the	6449
program. However, if the court determines that an offender who	6450
stays in an alcohol treatment program under an order issued	6451
under this section is unable to pay the cost of the stay in the	6452
program, the court may order that the cost be paid from the	6453
court's indigent drivers' alcohol treatment fund.	6454
(J) If a person whose driver's or commercial driver's	6455
license or permit or nonresident operating privilege is	6456
suspended under this section files an appeal regarding any	6457
aspect of the person's trial or sentence, the appeal itself does	6458
not stay the operation of the suspension.	6459
(K) Division (A)(1)(j) of this section does not apply to a	6460
person who operates a vehicle, streetcar, or trackless trolley	6461
while the person has a concentration of a listed controlled	6462
substance or a listed metabolite of a controlled substance in	6463
the person's whole blood, blood serum or plasma, or urine that	6464
equals or exceeds the amount specified in that division, if both	6465
of the following apply:	6466
(1) The person obtained the controlled substance pursuant	6467
to a prescription issued by a licensed health professional	6468
authorized to prescribe drugs.	6469
(2) The person injected, ingested, or inhaled the	6470
controlled substance in accordance with the health	6471
professional's directions.	6472

(L) The prohibited concentrations of a controlled

substance or a metabolite of a controlled substance listed in	6474
division (A)(1)(j) of this section also apply in a prosecution	6475
of a violation of division (D) of section 2923.16 of the Revised	6476
Code in the same manner as if the offender is being prosecuted	6477
for a prohibited concentration of alcohol.	6478
(M) All terms defined in section 4510.01 of the Revised	6479
Code apply to this section. If the meaning of a term defined in	6480
section 4510.01 of the Revised Code conflicts with the meaning	6481
of the same term as defined in section 4501.01 or 4511.01 of the	6482
Revised Code, the term as defined in section 4510.01 of the	6483
Revised Code applies to this section.	6484
(N)(1) The Ohio Traffic Rules in effect on January 1,	6485
2004, as adopted by the supreme court under authority of section	6486
2937.46 of the Revised Code, do not apply to felony violations	6487
of this section. Subject to division (N)(2) of this section, the	6488
Rules of Criminal Procedure apply to felony violations of this	6489
section.	6490
(2) If, on or after January 1, 2004, the supreme court	6491
modifies the Ohio Traffic Rules to provide procedures to govern	6492
felony violations of this section, the modified rules shall	6493
apply to felony violations of this section.	6494
Sec. 4511.191. (A) (1) As used in this section:	6495
(a) "Physical control" has the same meaning as in section	6496
4511.194 of the Revised Code.	6497
(b) "Alcohol monitoring device" means any device that	6498
provides for continuous alcohol monitoring, any ignition	6499
interlock device, any immobilizing or disabling device other	6500
than an ignition interlock device that is constantly available	6501
to monitor the concentration of alcohol in a person's system, or	6502

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any other device that provides for the automatic testing and 6503 periodic reporting of alcohol consumption by a person and that a 6504 court orders a person to use as a sanction imposed as a result 6505 of the person's conviction of or plea of guilty to an offense. 6506

- (c) "Community addiction services provider" has the same meaning as in section 5119.01 of the Revised Code.
- (2) Any person who operates a vehicle, streetcar, or 6509 6510 trackless trolley upon a highway or any public or private property used by the public for vehicular travel or parking 6511 within this state or who is in physical control of a vehicle, 6512 streetcar, or trackless trolley shall be deemed to have given 6513 consent to a chemical test or tests of the person's whole blood, 6514 blood serum or plasma, breath, oral fluid, or urine to determine 6515 the alcohol, drug of abuse, controlled substance, metabolite of 6516 a controlled substance, or combination content of the person's 6517 whole blood, blood serum or plasma, breath, oral fluid, or urine 6518 if arrested for a violation of division (A) or (B) of section 6519 4511.19 of the Revised Code, section 4511.194 of the Revised 6520 Code or a substantially equivalent municipal ordinance, or a 6521 6522 municipal OVI ordinance.
- (3) The chemical test or tests under division (A)(2) of 6523 this section shall be administered at the request of a law 6524 enforcement officer having reasonable grounds to believe the 6525 person was operating or in physical control of a vehicle, 6526 streetcar, or trackless trolley in violation of a division, 6527 section, or ordinance identified in division (A)(2) of this 6528 section. The law enforcement agency by which the officer is 6529 employed shall designate which of the tests shall be 6530 administered. 6531
 - (4) Any person who is dead or unconscious, or who

otherwise is in a condition rendering the person incapable of 6533 refusal, shall be deemed to have consented as provided in 6534 division (A)(2) of this section, and the test or tests may be 6535 administered, subject to sections 313.12 to 313.16 of the 6536 Revised Code.

(5)(a) If a law enforcement officer arrests a person for a 6538 violation of division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the 6539 Revised Code, section 4511.194 of the Revised Code or a 6540 substantially equivalent municipal ordinance, or a municipal OVI 6541 ordinance and if the person if convicted would be required to be 6542 6543 sentenced under division (G)(1)(c), (d), or (e) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code, the law enforcement officer shall 6544 request the person to submit, and the person shall submit, to a 6545 chemical test or tests of the person's whole blood, blood serum 6546 or plasma, breath, oral fluid, or urine for the purpose of 6547 determining the alcohol, drug of abuse, controlled substance, 6548 metabolite of a controlled substance, or combination content of 6549 the person's whole blood, blood serum or plasma, breath, oral 6550 fluid, or urine. A law enforcement officer who makes a request 6551 pursuant to this division that a person submit to a chemical 6552 test or tests is not required to advise the person of the 6553 consequences of submitting to, or refusing to submit to, the 6554 test or tests and is not required to give the person the form 6555 described in division (B) of section 4511.192 of the Revised 6556 Code, but the officer shall advise the person at the time of the 6557 arrest that if the person refuses to take a chemical test the 6558 officer may employ whatever reasonable means are necessary to 6559 ensure that the person submits to a chemical test of the 6560 person's whole blood or blood serum or plasma. The officer shall 6561 also advise the person at the time of the arrest that the person 6562 may have an independent chemical test taken at the person's own 6563

expense. Divisions (A)(3) and (4) of this section apply	to the 6564
administration of a chemical test or tests pursuant to t	this 6565
division.	6566

- (b) If a person refuses to submit to a chemical test upon 6567 a request made pursuant to division (A)(5)(a) of this section, 6568 the law enforcement officer who made the request may employ 6569 whatever reasonable means are necessary to ensure that the 6570 person submits to a chemical test of the person's whole blood or 6571 blood serum or plasma. A law enforcement officer who acts 6572 pursuant to this division to ensure that a person submits to a 6573 chemical test of the person's whole blood or blood serum or 6574 plasma is immune from criminal and civil liability based upon a 6575 claim for assault and battery or any other claim for the acts, 6576 unless the officer so acted with malicious purpose, in bad 6577 faith, or in a wanton or reckless manner. 6578
- (B)(1) Upon receipt of the sworn report of a law 6579 enforcement officer who arrested a person for a violation of 6580 division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code, 6581 section 4511.194 of the Revised Code or a substantially 6582 equivalent municipal ordinance, or a municipal OVI ordinance 6583 that was completed and sent to the registrar of motor vehicles 6584 and a court pursuant to section 4511.192 of the Revised Code in 6585 regard to a person who refused to take the designated chemical 6586 test, the registrar shall enter into the registrar's records the 6587 fact that the person's driver's or commercial driver's license 6588 or permit or nonresident operating privilege was suspended by 6589 the arresting officer under this division and that section and 6590 the period of the suspension, as determined under this section. 6591 The suspension shall be subject to appeal as provided in section 6592 4511.197 of the Revised Code. The suspension shall be for 6593 whichever of the following periods applies: 6594

- (a) Except when division (B)(1)(b), (c), or (d) of this 6595 section applies and specifies a different class or length of 6596 suspension, the suspension shall be a class C suspension for the 6597 period of time specified in division (B)(3) of section 4510.02 6598 of the Revised Code.
- (b) If the arrested person, within ten years of the date 6600 on which the person refused the request to consent to the 6601 chemical test, had refused one previous request to consent to a 6602 chemical test or had been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one 6603 violation of division (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code 6604 or one other equivalent offense, the suspension shall be a class 6605 B suspension imposed for the period of time specified in 6606 division (B)(2) of section 4510.02 of the Revised Code. 6607
- (c) If the arrested person, within ten years of the date 6608 on which the person refused the request to consent to the 6609 chemical test, had refused two previous requests to consent to a 6610 chemical test, had been convicted of or pleaded quilty to two 6611 violations of division (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised 6612 Code or other equivalent offenses, or had refused one previous 6613 request to consent to a chemical test and also had been 6614 convicted of or pleaded guilty to one violation of division (A) 6615 of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or other equivalent 6616 offenses, which violation or offense arose from an incident 6617 other than the incident that led to the refusal, the suspension 6618 shall be a class A suspension imposed for the period of time 6619 specified in division (B)(1) of section 4510.02 of the Revised 6620 Code. 6621
- (d) If the arrested person, within ten years of the date 6622 on which the person refused the request to consent to the 6623 chemical test, had refused three or more previous requests to 6624

consent to a chemical test, had been convicted of or pleaded	6625
guilty to three or more violations of division (A) of section	6626
4511.19 of the Revised Code or other equivalent offenses, or had	6627
refused a number of previous requests to consent to a chemical	6628
test and also had been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a	6629
number of violations of division (A) of section 4511.19 of the	6630
Revised Code or other equivalent offenses that cumulatively	6631
total three or more such refusals, convictions, and guilty	6632
pleas, the suspension shall be for five years.	6633

(2) The registrar shall terminate a suspension of the 6634 driver's or commercial driver's license or permit of a resident 6635 or of the operating privilege of a nonresident, or a denial of a 6636 driver's or commercial driver's license or permit, imposed 6637 pursuant to division (B)(1) of this section upon receipt of 6638 notice that the person has entered a plea of guilty to, or that 6639 the person has been convicted after entering a plea of no 6640 contest to, operating a vehicle in violation of section 4511.19 6641 of the Revised Code or in violation of a municipal OVI 6642 ordinance, if the offense for which the conviction is had or the 6643 plea is entered arose from the same incident that led to the 6644 6645 suspension or denial.

The registrar shall credit against any judicial suspension 6646 of a person's driver's or commercial driver's license or permit 6647 or nonresident operating privilege imposed pursuant to section 6648 4511.19 of the Revised Code, or pursuant to section 4510.07 of 6649 the Revised Code for a violation of a municipal OVI ordinance, 6650 any time during which the person serves a related suspension 6651 imposed pursuant to division (B)(1) of this section.

(C) (1) Upon receipt of the sworn report of the law 6653 enforcement officer who arrested a person for a violation of 6654

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- (a) Except when division (C)(1)(b), (c), or (d) of this section applies and specifies a different period, the suspension shall be a class E suspension imposed for the period of time specified in division (B)(5) of section 4510.02 of the Revised Code.
- (b) The suspension shall be a class C suspension for the period of time specified in division (B)(3) of section 4510.02 6685

of the Revised Code if the person has been convicted of or	6686
pleaded guilty to, within ten years of the date the test was	6687
conducted, one violation of division (A) of section 4511.19 of	6688
the Revised Code or one other equivalent offense.	6689

- (c) If, within ten years of the date the test was 6690 conducted, the person has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to 6691 two violations of a statute or ordinance described in division 6692 (C) (1) (b) of this section, the suspension shall be a class B 6693 suspension imposed for the period of time specified in division 6694 (B) (2) of section 4510.02 of the Revised Code. 6695
- (d) If, within ten years of the date the test was 6696 conducted, the person has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to 6697 more than two violations of a statute or ordinance described in 6698 division (C)(1)(b) of this section, the suspension shall be a 6699 class A suspension imposed for the period of time specified in 6700 division (B)(1) of section 4510.02 of the Revised Code. 6701
- (2) The registrar shall terminate a suspension of the 6702 driver's or commercial driver's license or permit of a resident 6703 or of the operating privilege of a nonresident, or a denial of a 6704 driver's or commercial driver's license or permit, imposed 6705 pursuant to division (C)(1) of this section upon receipt of 6706 notice that the person has entered a plea of quilty to, or that 6707 the person has been convicted after entering a plea of no 6708 contest to, operating a vehicle in violation of section 4511.19 6709 of the Revised Code or in violation of a municipal OVI 6710 ordinance, if the offense for which the conviction is had or the 6711 plea is entered arose from the same incident that led to the 6712 suspension or denial. 6713

The registrar shall credit against any judicial suspension 6714 of a person's driver's or commercial driver's license or permit 6715

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or nonresident operating privilege imposed pursuant to section	6716
4511.19 of the Revised Code, or pursuant to section 4510.07 of	6717
the Revised Code for a violation of a municipal OVI ordinance,	6718
any time during which the person serves a related suspension	6719
imposed pursuant to division (C)(1) of this section.	6720

- (D) (1) A suspension of a person's driver's or commercial driver's license or permit or nonresident operating privilege under this section for the time described in division (B) or (C) of this section is effective immediately from the time at which the arresting officer serves the notice of suspension upon the arrested person. Any subsequent finding that the person is not guilty of the charge that resulted in the person being requested to take the chemical test or tests under division (A) of this section does not affect the suspension.
- (2) If a person is arrested for operating a vehicle, 6730 streetcar, or trackless trolley in violation of division (A) or 6731 (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or a municipal OVI 6732 ordinance, or for being in physical control of a vehicle, 6733 streetcar, or trackless trolley in violation of section 4511.194 6734 of the Revised Code or a substantially equivalent municipal 6735 ordinance, regardless of whether the person's driver's or 6736 commercial driver's license or permit or nonresident operating 6737 privilege is or is not suspended under division (B) or (C) of 6738 this section or Chapter 4510. of the Revised Code, the person's 6739 initial appearance on the charge resulting from the arrest shall 6740 be held within five days of the person's arrest or the issuance 6741 of the citation to the person, subject to any continuance 6742 granted by the court pursuant to section 4511.197 of the Revised 6743 Code regarding the issues specified in that division. 6744
 - (E) When it finally has been determined under the

proceedures of this section and sections (511 102 to (511 107 of	6746
procedures of this section and sections 4511.192 to 4511.197 of	
the Revised Code that a nonresident's privilege to operate a	6747
vehicle within this state has been suspended, the registrar	6748
shall give information in writing of the action taken to the	6749
motor vehicle administrator of the state of the person's	6750
residence and of any state in which the person has a license.	6751
(F) At the end of a suspension period under this section,	6752
under section 4511.194, section 4511.196, or division (G) of	6753
section 4511.19 of the Revised Code, or under section 4510.07 of	6754
the Revised Code for a violation of a municipal OVI ordinance	6755
and upon the request of the person whose driver's or commercial	6756
driver's license or permit was suspended and who is not	6757
otherwise subject to suspension, cancellation, or	6758
disqualification, the registrar shall return the driver's or	6759
commercial driver's license or permit to the person upon the	6760
occurrence of all of the conditions specified in divisions (F)	6761
(1) and (2) of this section:	6762
(1) A showing that the person has proof of financial	6763
responsibility, a policy of liability insurance in effect that	6764
meets the minimum standards set forth in section 4509.51 of the	6765
Revised Code, or proof, to the satisfaction of the registrar,	6766
that the person is able to respond in damages in an amount at	6767
least equal to the minimum amounts specified in section 4509.51	6768
of the Revised Code.	6769
(2) Subject to the limitation contained in division (F)(3)	6770
of this section, payment by the person to the registrar or an	6771
eligible deputy registrar of a license reinstatement fee of four	6772
hundred seventy-five dollars, which fee shall be deposited in	6773
the state treasury and credited as follows:	6774

(a) One hundred twelve dollars and fifty cents shall be

credited to the statewide treatment and prevention fund created	6776
by section 4301.30 of the Revised Code. Money credited to the	6777
fund under this section shall be used for purposes identified	6778
under section 5119.22 of the Revised Code.	6779

- (b) Seventy-five dollars shall be credited to the 6780 reparations fund created by section 2743.191 of the Revised 6781 Code. 6782
- (c) Thirty-seven dollars and fifty cents shall be credited 6783 to the indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund, which is hereby 6784 established in the state treasury. The department of mental 6785 health and addiction services shall distribute the moneys in 6786 that fund to the county indigent drivers alcohol treatment 6787 funds, the county juvenile indigent drivers alcohol treatment 6788 funds, and the municipal indigent drivers alcohol treatment 6789 funds that are required to be established by counties and 6790 municipal corporations pursuant to division (H) of this section 6791 to be used only as provided in division (H)(3) of this section. 6792 Moneys in the fund that are not distributed to a county indigent 6793 drivers alcohol treatment fund, a county juvenile indigent 6794 drivers alcohol treatment fund, or a municipal indigent drivers 6795 alcohol treatment fund under division (H) of this section 6796 because the director of mental health and addiction services 6797 does not have the information necessary to identify the county 6798 or municipal corporation where the offender or juvenile offender 6799 was arrested may be transferred by the director of budget and 6800 management to the statewide treatment and prevention fund 6801 created by section 4301.30 of the Revised Code, upon 6802 certification of the amount by the director of mental health and 6803 addiction services. 6804
 - (d) Seventy-five dollars shall be credited to the

opportunities for Ohioans with disabilities agency established	6806
by section 3304.15 of the Revised Code, to the services for	6807
rehabilitation fund, which is hereby established. The fund shall	6808
be used to match available federal matching funds where	6809
appropriate or for any other purpose or program of the agency.	6810
(e) Seventy-five dollars shall be deposited into the state	6811
treasury and credited to the drug abuse resistance education	6812
programs fund, which is hereby established, to be used by the	6813
attorney general for the purposes specified in division (F)(4)	6814
of this section.	6815
(f) Thirty dollars shall be credited to the public safety	6816
- highway purposes fund created by section 4501.06 of the	6817
Revised Code.	6818
(g) Twenty dollars shall be credited to the trauma and	6819
emergency medical services fund created by section 4513.263 of	6820
the Revised Code.	6821
(h) Fifty dollars shall be credited to the indigent	6822
drivers interlock and alcohol monitoring fund, which is hereby	6823
established in the state treasury. Moneys in the fund shall be	6824
distributed by the department of public safety to the county	6825
indigent drivers interlock and alcohol monitoring funds, the	6826
county juvenile indigent drivers interlock and alcohol	6827
monitoring funds, and the municipal indigent drivers interlock	6828
and alcohol monitoring funds that are required to be established	6829
by counties and municipal corporations pursuant to this section,	6830
and shall be used only to pay the cost of an immobilizing or	6831
disabling device, including a certified ignition interlock	6832
device, or an alcohol monitoring device used by an offender or	6833
juvenile offender who is ordered to use the device by a county,	6834

juvenile, or municipal court judge and who is determined by the

county, juvenile, or municipal court judge not to have the means 6836 to pay for the person's use of the device. 6837

- (3) If a person's driver's or commercial driver's license 6838 or permit is suspended under this section, under section 6839 4511.196 or division (G) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code, 6840 under section 4510.07 of the Revised Code for a violation of a 6841 municipal OVI ordinance or under any combination of the 6842 suspensions described in division (F)(3) of this section, and if 6843 the suspensions arise from a single incident or a single set of 6844 6845 facts and circumstances, the person is liable for payment of, and shall be required to pay to the registrar or an eligible 6846 deputy registrar, only one reinstatement fee of four hundred 6847 seventy-five dollars. The reinstatement fee shall be distributed 6848 by the bureau in accordance with division (F)(2) of this 6849 section. 6850
- (4) The attorney general shall use amounts in the drug 6851 abuse resistance education programs fund to award grants to law 6852 enforcement agencies to establish and implement drug abuse 6853 resistance education programs in public schools. Grants awarded 6854 to a law enforcement agency under this section shall be used by 6855 the agency to pay for not more than fifty per cent of the amount 6856 6857 of the salaries of law enforcement officers who conduct drug abuse resistance education programs in public schools. The 6858 attorney general shall not use more than six per cent of the 6859 amounts the attorney general's office receives under division 6860 (F)(2)(e) of this section to pay the costs it incurs in 6861 administering the grant program established by division (F)(2) 6862 (e) of this section and in providing training and materials 6863 relating to drug abuse resistance education programs. 6864

The attorney general shall report to the governor and the

general assembly each fiscal year on the progress made in	6866
establishing and implementing drug abuse resistance education	6867
programs. These reports shall include an evaluation of the	6868
effectiveness of these programs.	6869

- (5) In addition to the reinstatement fee under this 6870 section, if the person pays the reinstatement fee to a deputy 6871 registrar, the deputy registrar shall collect a service fee of 6872 ten dollars to compensate the deputy registrar for services 6873 performed under this section. The deputy registrar shall retain 6874 eight dollars of the service fee and shall transmit the 6875 reinstatement fee, plus two dollars of the service fee, to the 6876 registrar in the manner the registrar shall determine. 6877
- (G) Suspension of a commercial driver's license under 6878 division (B) or (C) of this section shall be concurrent with any 6879 period of disqualification under section 3123.611 or 4506.16 of 6880 the Revised Code or any period of suspension under section 6881 3123.58 of the Revised Code. No person who is disqualified for 6882 life from holding a commercial driver's license under section 6883 4506.16 of the Revised Code shall be issued a driver's license 6884 under Chapter 4507. of the Revised Code during the period for 6885 which the commercial driver's license was suspended under 6886 division (B) or (C) of this section. No person whose commercial 6887 driver's license is suspended under division (B) or (C) of this 6888 section shall be issued a driver's license under Chapter 4507. 6889 of the Revised Code during the period of the suspension. 6890
- (H) (1) Each county shall establish an indigent drivers 6891 alcohol treatment fund and a juvenile indigent drivers alcohol 6892 treatment fund. Each municipal corporation in which there is a 6893 municipal court shall establish an indigent drivers alcohol 6894 treatment fund. All revenue that the general assembly 6895

appropriates to the indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund for	6896
transfer to a county indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund, a	6897
county juvenile indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund, or a	6898
municipal indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund, all portions	6899
of fees that are paid under division (F) of this section and	6900
that are credited under that division to the indigent drivers	6901
alcohol treatment fund in the state treasury for a county	6902
indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund, a county juvenile	6903
indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund, or a municipal indigent	6904
drivers alcohol treatment fund, all portions of additional costs	6905
imposed under section 2949.094 of the Revised Code that are	6906
specified for deposit into a county, county juvenile, or	6907
municipal indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund by that	6908
section, and all portions of fines that are specified for	6909
deposit into a county or municipal indigent drivers alcohol	6910
treatment fund by section 4511.193 of the Revised Code shall be	6911
deposited into that county indigent drivers alcohol treatment	6912
fund, county juvenile indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund,	6913
or municipal indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund. The	6914
portions of the fees paid under division (F) of this section	6915
that are to be so deposited shall be determined in accordance	6916
with division (H)(2) of this section. Additionally, all portions	6917
of fines that are paid for a violation of section 4511.19 of the	6918
Revised Code or of any prohibition contained in Chapter 4510. of	6919
the Revised Code, and that are required under section 4511.19 or	6920
any provision of Chapter 4510. of the Revised Code to be	6921
deposited into a county indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund	6922
or municipal indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund shall be	6923
deposited into the appropriate fund in accordance with the	6924
applicable division of the section or provision.	6925

(2) That portion of the license reinstatement fee that is

paid under division (F) of this section and that is credited	6927
under that division to the indigent drivers alcohol treatment	6928
fund shall be deposited into a county indigent drivers alcohol	6929
treatment fund, a county juvenile indigent drivers alcohol	6930
treatment fund, or a municipal indigent drivers alcohol	6931
treatment fund as follows:	6932
(a) Regarding a suspension imposed under this section,	6933
that portion of the fee shall be deposited as follows:	6934
(i) If the fee is paid by a person who was charged in a	6935
county court with the violation that resulted in the suspension	6936
or in the imposition of the court costs, the portion shall be	6937
deposited into the county indigent drivers alcohol treatment	6938
fund under the control of that court;	6939
(ii) If the fee is paid by a person who was charged in a	6940
juvenile court with the violation that resulted in the	6941
suspension or in the imposition of the court costs, the portion	6942
shall be deposited into the county juvenile indigent drivers	6943
alcohol treatment fund established in the county served by the	6944
court;	6945
(iii) If the fee is paid by a person who was charged in a	6946
municipal court with the violation that resulted in the	6947
suspension or in the imposition of the court costs, the portion	6948
shall be deposited into the municipal indigent drivers alcohol	6949
treatment fund under the control of that court.	6950
(b) Regarding a suspension imposed under section 4511.19	6951
of the Revised Code or under section 4510.07 of the Revised Code	6952
for a violation of a municipal OVI ordinance, that portion of	6953
the fee shall be deposited as follows:	6954
(i) If the fee is paid by a person whose license or permit	6955

section 5119.36 of the Revised Code;

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was suspended by a county court, the portion shall be deposited	6956
into the county indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund under	6957
the control of that court;	6958
(ii) If the fee is paid by a person whose license or	6959
permit was suspended by a municipal court, the portion shall be	6960
deposited into the municipal indigent drivers alcohol treatment	6961
fund under the control of that court.	6962
(3) (a) As used in division (H)(3) of this section,	6963
"indigent person" means a person who is convicted of a violation	6964
of division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or	6965
a substantially similar municipal ordinance or found to be a	6966
juvenile traffic offender by reason of a violation of division	6967
(A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or a	6968
substantially similar municipal ordinance, who is ordered by the	6969
court to attend an alcohol and drug addiction treatment program,	6970
and who is determined by the court under division (H)(5) of this	6971
section to be unable to pay the cost of the assessment or the	6972
cost of attendance at the treatment program.	6973
(b) A county, juvenile, or municipal court judge, by	6974
order, may make expenditures from a county indigent drivers	6975
alcohol treatment fund, a county juvenile indigent drivers	6976
alcohol treatment fund, or a municipal indigent drivers alcohol	6977
treatment fund with respect to an indigent person for any of the	6978
following:	6979
(i) To pay the cost of an assessment that is conducted by	6980
an appropriately licensed clinician at either a driver	6981
intervention program that is certified under section 5119.38 of	6982
the Revised Code or at a community addiction services provider	6983
whose alcohol and drug addiction services are certified under	6984

(ii) To pay the cost of alcohol addiction services, drug	6986
addiction services, or integrated alcohol and drug addiction	6987
services at a community addiction services provider whose	6988
alcohol and drug addiction services are certified under section	6989
5119.36 of the Revised Code;	6990

(iii) To pay the cost of transportation to attend an 6991 assessment as provided under division (H)(3)(b)(i) of this 6992 section or addiction services as provided under division (H)(3) 6993 (b)(ii) of this section.

The alcohol and drug addiction services board or the board 6995 of alcohol, drug addiction, and mental health services 6996 established pursuant to section 340.02 or 340.021 of the Revised 6997 Code and serving the alcohol, drug addiction, and mental health 6998 service district in which the court is located shall administer 6999 the indigent drivers alcohol treatment program of the court. 7000 When a court orders an offender or juvenile traffic offender to 7001 obtain an assessment or attend an alcohol and drug addiction 7002 treatment program, the board shall determine which program is 7003 suitable to meet the needs of the offender or juvenile traffic 7004 7005 offender, and when a suitable program is located and space is available at the program, the offender or juvenile traffic 7006 offender shall attend the program designated by the board. A 7007 7008 reasonable amount not to exceed five per cent of the amounts credited to and deposited into the county indigent drivers 7009 alcohol treatment fund, the county juvenile indigent drivers 7010 alcohol treatment fund, or the municipal indigent drivers 7011 alcohol treatment fund serving every court whose program is 7012 administered by that board shall be paid to the board to cover 7013 the costs it incurs in administering those indigent drivers 7014 7015 alcohol treatment programs.

- (c) Upon exhaustion of moneys in the indigent drivers 7016 interlock and alcohol monitoring fund for the use of an alcohol 7017 monitoring device, a county, juvenile, or municipal court judge 7018 may use moneys in the county indigent drivers alcohol treatment 7019 fund, county juvenile indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund, 7020 or municipal indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund in either 7021 of the following manners:
- 7023 (i) If the source of the moneys was an appropriation of the general assembly, a portion of a fee that was paid under 7024 division (F) of this section, a portion of a fine that was 7025 7026 specified for deposit into the fund by section 4511.193 of the Revised Code, or a portion of a fine that was paid for a 7027 violation of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or of a 7028 provision contained in Chapter 4510. of the Revised Code that 7029 was required to be deposited into the fund, to pay for the 7030 continued use of an alcohol monitoring device by an offender or 7031 juvenile traffic offender, in conjunction with a treatment 7032 program approved by the department of mental health and 7033 addiction services, when such use is determined clinically 7034 necessary by the treatment program and when the court determines 7035 that the offender or juvenile traffic offender is unable to pay 7036 all or part of the daily monitoring or cost of the device; 7037
- (ii) If the source of the moneys was a portion of an 7038 additional court cost imposed under section 2949.094 of the 7039 Revised Code, to pay for the continued use of an alcohol 7040 monitoring device by an offender or juvenile traffic offender 7041 when the court determines that the offender or juvenile traffic 7042 offender is unable to pay all or part of the daily monitoring or 7043 cost of the device. The moneys may be used for a device as 7044 described in this division if the use of the device is in 7045 conjunction with a treatment program approved by the department 7046

of mental health and addiction services, when the use of the	7047
device is determined clinically necessary by the treatment	7048
program, but the use of a device is not required to be in	7049
conjunction with a treatment program approved by the department	7050
in order for the moneys to be used for the device as described	7051
in this division.	7052

- (4) If a county, juvenile, or municipal court determines, 7053 in consultation with the alcohol and drug addiction services 7054 board or the board of alcohol, drug addiction, and mental health 7055 services established pursuant to section 340.02 or 340.021 of 7056 the Revised Code and serving the alcohol, drug addiction, and 7057 mental health district in which the court is located, that the 7058 funds in the county indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund, the 7059 county juvenile indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund, or the 7060 municipal indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund under the 7061 control of the court are more than sufficient to satisfy the 7062 purpose for which the fund was established, as specified in 7063 divisions (H)(1) to (3) of this section, the court may declare a 7064 surplus in the fund. If the court declares a surplus in the 7065 fund, the court may take one or more of the following actions 7066 with regard to the amount of the surplus in the fund: 7067
- (a) Expend any of the surplus amount for alcohol and drug

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 abuse assessment and treatment, and for the cost of

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 transportation related to assessment and treatment, of persons

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 who are charged in the court with committing a criminal offense

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 or with being a delinquent child or juvenile traffic offender

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 and in relation to whom both of the following apply:

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- (i) The court determines that substance abuse was a 7074 contributing factor leading to the criminal or delinquent 7075 activity or the juvenile traffic offense with which the person 7076

is charged.	7077
(ii) The court determines that the person is unable to pay	7078
the cost of the alcohol and drug abuse assessment and treatment	7079
for which the surplus money will be used.	7080
(b) Expend any of the surplus amount to pay all or part of	7081
the cost of purchasing alcohol monitoring devices to be used in	7082
conjunction with division (H)(3)(c) of this section, upon	7083
exhaustion of moneys in the indigent drivers interlock and	7084
alcohol monitoring fund for the use of an alcohol monitoring	7085
device.	7086
(c) Transfer to another court in the same county any of	7087
the surplus amount to be utilized in a manner consistent with	7088
division (H)(3) of this section. If surplus funds are	7089
transferred to another court, the court that transfers the funds	7090
shall notify the alcohol and drug addiction services board or	7091
the board of alcohol, drug addiction, and mental health services	7092
that serves the alcohol, drug addiction, and mental health	7093
service district in which that court is located.	7094
(d) Transfer to the alcohol and drug addiction services	7095
board or the board of alcohol, drug addiction, and mental health	7096
services that serves the alcohol, drug addiction, and mental	7097
health service district in which the court is located any of the	7098
surplus amount to be utilized in a manner consistent with	7099
division (H)(3) of this section or for board contracted recovery	7100
support services.	7101
(e) Expend any of the surplus amount for the cost of	7102
staffing, equipment, training, drug testing, supplies, and other	7103
expenses of any specialized docket program established within	7104
the court and certified by the supreme court.	7105

- (5) In order to determine if an offender does not have the 7106 means to pay for the offender's attendance at an alcohol and 7107 drug addiction treatment program for purposes of division (H)(3) 7108 of this section or if an alleged offender or delinquent child is 7109 unable to pay the costs specified in division (H)(4) of this 7110 section, the court shall use the indigent client eligibility 7111 quidelines and the standards of indigency established by the 7112 state public defender to make the determination. 7113
- (6) The court shall identify and refer any community 7114 addiction services provider that intends to provide alcohol and 7115 drug addiction services and has not had its alcohol and drug 7116 addiction services certified under section 5119.36 of the 7117 Revised Code and that is interested in receiving amounts from 7118 the surplus in the fund declared under division (H)(4) of this 7119 section to the department of mental health and addiction 7120 services in order for the community addiction services provider 7121 to have its alcohol and drug addiction services certified by the 7122 department. The department shall keep a record of applicant 7123 referrals received pursuant to this division and shall submit a 7124 report on the referrals each year to the general assembly. If a 7125 community addiction services provider interested in having its 7126 alcohol and drug addiction services certified makes an 7127 application pursuant to section 5119.36 of the Revised Code, the 7128 community addiction services provider is eliqible to receive 7129 surplus funds as long as the application is pending with the 7130 department. The department of mental health and addiction 7131 services must offer technical assistance to the applicant. If 7132 the interested community addiction services provider withdraws 7133 the certification application, the department must notify the 7134 court, and the court shall not provide the interested community 7135 addiction services provider with any further surplus funds. 7136

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(7)(a) Each alcohol and drug addiction services board and	7137
board of alcohol, drug addiction, and mental health services	7138
established pursuant to section 340.02 or 340.021 of the Revised	7139
Code shall submit to the department of mental health and	7140
addiction services an annual report for each indigent drivers	7141
alcohol treatment fund in that board's area.	7142
(b) The report, which shall be submitted not later than	7143
sixty days after the end of the state fiscal year, shall provide	7144
the total payment that was made from the fund, including the	7145
number of indigent consumers that received treatment services	7146
and the number of indigent consumers that received an alcohol	7147
monitoring device. The report shall identify the treatment	7148
program and expenditure for an alcohol monitoring device for	7149
which that payment was made. The report shall include the fiscal	7150
year balance of each indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund	7151
located in that board's area. In the event that a surplus is	7152
declared in the fund pursuant to division (H)(4) of this	7153
section, the report also shall provide the total payment that	7154
was made from the surplus moneys and identify the authorized	7155
purpose for which that payment was made.	7156
(c) If a board is unable to obtain adequate information to	7157
develop the report to submit to the department for a particular	7158
indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund, the board shall submit	7159
a report detailing the effort made in obtaining the information.	7160
(I)(1) Each county shall establish an indigent drivers	7161

interlock and alcohol monitoring fund and a juvenile indigent

drivers interlock and alcohol treatment fund. Each municipal

corporation in which there is a municipal court shall establish

an indigent drivers interlock and alcohol monitoring fund. All

revenue that the general assembly appropriates to the indigent

drivers interlock and alcohol monitoring fund for transfer to a	7167
county indigent drivers interlock and alcohol monitoring fund, a	7168
county juvenile indigent drivers interlock and alcohol	7169
monitoring fund, or a municipal indigent drivers interlock and	7170
alcohol monitoring fund, all portions of license reinstatement	7171
fees that are paid under division (F)(2) of this section and	7172
that are credited under that division to the indigent drivers	7173
interlock and alcohol monitoring fund in the state treasury, and	7174
all portions of fines that are paid under division (G) of	7175
section 4511.19 of the Revised Code and that are credited by	7176
division (G)(5)(e) of that section to the indigent drivers	7177
interlock and alcohol monitoring fund in the state treasury	7178
shall be deposited in the appropriate fund in accordance with	7179
division (I)(2) of this section.	7180

- (2) That portion of the license reinstatement fee that is 7181 paid under division (F) of this section and that portion of the 7182 fine paid under division (G) of section 4511.19 of the Revised 7183 Code and that is credited under either division to the indigent 7184 drivers interlock and alcohol monitoring fund shall be deposited 7185 into a county indigent drivers interlock and alcohol monitoring 7186 fund, a county juvenile indigent drivers interlock and alcohol 7187 monitoring fund, or a municipal indigent drivers interlock and 7188 alcohol monitoring fund as follows: 7189
- (a) If the fee or fine is paid by a person who was charged

 in a county court with the violation that resulted in the

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 suspension or fine, the portion shall be deposited into the

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 county indigent drivers interlock and alcohol monitoring fund

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 under the control of that court.
- (b) If the fee or fine is paid by a person who was charged 7195 in a juvenile court with the violation that resulted in the 7196

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suspension or fine, the portion shall be deposited into the	7197
county juvenile indigent drivers interlock and alcohol	7198
monitoring fund established in the county served by the court.	7199
(c) If the fee or fine is paid by a person who was charged	7200
in a municipal court with the violation that resulted in the	7201
suspension, the portion shall be deposited into the municipal	7202
indigent drivers interlock and alcohol monitoring fund under the	7203
control of that court.	7204
(3) If a county, juvenile, or municipal court determines	7205
that the funds in the county indigent drivers interlock and	7206
alcohol monitoring fund, the county juvenile indigent drivers	7207
interlock and alcohol monitoring fund, or the municipal indigent	7208
drivers interlock and alcohol monitoring fund under the control	7209
of that court are more than sufficient to satisfy the purpose	7210
for which the fund was established as specified in division (F)	7210
(2) (h) of this section, the court may declare a surplus in the	7211
fund. The court then may order the transfer of a specified	7212
amount into the county indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund,	7213
the county juvenile indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund, or	7215
the municipal indigent drivers alcohol treatment fund under the	7215
control of that court to be utilized in accordance with division	7217
(H) of this section.	7217
(II) OI CHIS SECCION.	7210
Sec. 4511.192. (A) Except as provided in division (A) (5)	7219
of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code, the arresting law	7220
enforcement officer shall give advice in accordance with this	7221
section to any person under arrest for a violation of division	7222
(A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code, section	7223
4511.194 of the Revised Code or a substantially equivalent	7224

municipal ordinance, or a municipal OVI ordinance. The officer

shall give that advice in a written form that contains the

information described in division (B) of this section and shall	7227
read the advice to the person. The form shall contain a	7228
statement that the form was shown to the person under arrest and	7229
read to the person by the arresting officer. One or more persons	7230
shall witness the arresting officer's reading of the form, and	7231
the witnesses shall certify to this fact by signing the form.	7232
The person must submit to the chemical test or tests, subsequent	7233
to the request of the arresting officer, within two hours of the	7234
time of the alleged violation and, if the person does not submit	7235
to the test or tests within that two-hour time limit, the	7236
failure to submit automatically constitutes a refusal to submit	7237
to the test or tests.	7238

(B) Except as provided in division (A)(5) of section 7239 4511.191 of the Revised Code, if a person is under arrest as 7240 described in division (A) of this section, before the person may 7241 be requested to submit to a chemical test or tests to determine 7242 the alcohol, drug of abuse, controlled substance, metabolite of 7243 a controlled substance, or combination content of the person's 7244 whole blood, blood serum or plasma, breath, oral fluid, or 7245 urine, the arresting officer shall read the following form to 7246 7247 the person:

"You now are under arrest for (specifically state the 7248 7249 offense under state law or a substantially equivalent municipal ordinance for which the person was arrested - operating a 7250 vehicle under the influence of alcohol, a drug, or a combination 7251 of them; operating a vehicle while under the influence of a 7252 listed controlled substance or a listed metabolite of a 7253 controlled substance; operating a vehicle after underage alcohol 7254 consumption; or having physical control of a vehicle while under 7255 the influence). 7256

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If you refuse to take any chemical test required by law,	7257
your Ohio driving privileges will be suspended immediately, and	7258
you will have to pay a fee to have the privileges reinstated. If	7259
you have a prior conviction of OVI or operating a vehicle while	7260
under the influence of a listed controlled substance or a listed	7261
metabolite of a controlled substance under state or municipal	7262
law within the preceding twenty years, you now are under arrest	7263
for state OVI, and, if you refuse to take a chemical test, you	7264
will face increased penalties if you subsequently are convicted	7265
of the state OVI.	7266

(Read this part unless the person is under arrest for solely having physical control of a vehicle while under the influence.) If you take any chemical test required by law and are found to be at or over the prohibited amount of alcohol, a controlled substance, or a metabolite of a controlled substance in your whole blood, blood serum or plasma, breath, or urine as set by law, your Ohio driving privileges will be suspended immediately, and you will have to pay a fee to have the privileges reinstated.

If you take a chemical test, you may have an independent chemical test taken at your own expense."

(C) If the arresting law enforcement officer does not ask 7278 a person under arrest as described in division (A) of this 7279 section or division (A)(5) of section 4511.191 of the Revised 7280 Code to submit to a chemical test or tests under section 7281 4511.191 of the Revised Code, the arresting officer shall seize 7282 the Ohio or out-of-state driver's or commercial driver's license 7283 or permit of the person and immediately forward it to the court 7284 in which the arrested person is to appear on the charge. If the 7285 arrested person is not in possession of the person's license or 7286

permit or it is not in the person's vehicle, the officer shall	7287
order the person to surrender it to the law enforcement agency	7288
that employs the officer within twenty-four hours after the	7289
arrest, and, upon the surrender, the agency immediately shall	7290
forward the license or permit to the court in which the person	7291
is to appear on the charge. Upon receipt of the license or	7292
permit, the court shall retain it pending the arrested person's	7293
initial appearance and any action taken under section 4511.196	7294
of the Revised Code.	7295

(D) (1) If a law enforcement officer asks a person under 7296 arrest as described in division (A)(5) of section 4511.191 of 7297 the Revised Code to submit to a chemical test or tests under 7298 that section and the test results indicate a prohibited 7299 concentration of alcohol, a controlled substance, or a 7300 metabolite of a controlled substance in the person's whole 7301 blood, blood serum or plasma, breath, or urine at the time of 7302 the alleged offense, or if a law enforcement officer asks a 7303 person under arrest as described in division (A) of this section 7304 to submit to a chemical test or tests under section 4511.191 of 7305 the Revised Code, the officer advises the person in accordance 7306 with this section of the consequences of the person's refusal or 7307 submission, and either the person refuses to submit to the test 7308 or tests or, unless the arrest was for a violation of section 7309 4511.194 of the Revised Code or a substantially equivalent 7310 municipal ordinance, the person submits to the test or tests and 7311 the test results indicate a prohibited concentration of alcohol, 7312 a controlled substance, or a metabolite of a controlled 7313 substance in the person's whole blood, blood serum or plasma, 7314 breath, or urine at the time of the alleged offense, the 7315 arresting officer shall do all of the following: 7316

(a) On behalf of the registrar of motor vehicles, notify

the person that, independent of any penalties or sanctions	7318
imposed upon the person, the person's Ohio driver's or	7319
commercial driver's license or permit or nonresident operating	7320
privilege is suspended immediately, that the suspension will	7321
last at least until the person's initial appearance on the	7322
charge, which will be held within five days after the date of	7323
the person's arrest or the issuance of a citation to the person,	7324
and that the person may appeal the suspension at the initial	7325
appearance or during the period of time ending thirty days after	7326
that initial appearance;	7327
(b) Seize the driver's or commercial driver's license or	7328
permit of the person and immediately forward it to the	7329
registrar. If the arrested person is not in possession of the	7330
person's license or permit or it is not in the person's vehicle,	7331
the officer shall order the person to surrender it to the law	7332
enforcement agency that employs the officer within twenty-four	7333
hours after the person is given notice of the suspension, and,	7334
upon the surrender, the officer's employing agency immediately	7335
shall forward the license or permit to the registrar.	7336
(c) Verify the person's current residence and, if it	7337
differs from that on the person's driver's or commercial	7338
driver's license or permit, notify the registrar of the change;	7339
(d) Send to the registrar, within forty-eight hours after	7340
the arrest of the person, a sworn report that includes all of	7341
the following statements:	7342
(i) That the officer had reasonable grounds to believe	7343
that, at the time of the arrest, the arrested person was	7344
operating a vehicle, streetcar, or trackless trolley in	7345
violation of division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the	7346

Revised Code or a municipal OVI ordinance or for being in

physical control of a stationary vehicle, streetcar, or	7348
trackless trolley in violation of section 4511.194 of the	7349
Revised Code or a substantially equivalent municipal ordinance;	7350
(ii) That the person was arrested and charged with a	7351
violation of division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the	7352
Revised Code, section 4511.194 of the Revised Code or a	7353
substantially equivalent municipal ordinance, or a municipal OVI	7354
ordinance;	7355
(iii) Unless division (D)(1)(d)(v) of this section	7356
applies, that the officer asked the person to take the	7357
designated chemical test or tests, advised the person in	7358
accordance with this section of the consequences of submitting	7359
to, or refusing to take, the test or tests, and gave the person	7360
the form described in division (B) of this section;	7361
(iv) Unless division (D)(1)(d)(v) of this section applies,	7362
that either the person refused to submit to the chemical test or	7363
tests or, unless the arrest was for a violation of section	7364
4511.194 of the Revised Code or a substantially equivalent	7365
municipal ordinance, the person submitted to the chemical test	7366
or tests and the test results indicate a prohibited	7367
concentration of alcohol, a controlled substance, or a	7368
metabolite of a controlled substance in the person's whole	7369
blood, blood serum or plasma, breath, or urine at the time of	7370
the alleged offense;	7371
(v) If the person was under arrest as described in	7372
division (A)(5) of section 4511.191 of the Revised Code and the	7373
chemical test or tests were performed in accordance with that	7374
division, that the person was under arrest as described in that	7375
division, that the chemical test or tests were performed in	7376
accordance with that division, and that test results indicated a	7377

prohibited concentration of alcohol, a controlled substance, or	7378
a metabolite of a controlled substance in the person's whole	7379
blood, blood serum or plasma, breath, or urine at the time of	7380
the alleged offense.	7381

- (2) Division (D)(1) of this section does not apply to a 7382 person who is arrested for a violation of section 4511.194 of 7383 the Revised Code or a substantially equivalent municipal 7384 ordinance, who is asked by a law enforcement officer to submit 7385 to a chemical test or tests under section 4511.191 of the 7386 Revised Code, and who submits to the test or tests, regardless 7387 of the amount of alcohol, a controlled substance, or a 7388 metabolite of a controlled substance that the test results 7389 indicate is present in the person's whole blood, blood serum or 7390 plasma, breath, oral fluid, or urine. 7391
- (E) The arresting officer shall give the officer's sworn 7392 report that is completed under this section to the arrested 7393 person at the time of the arrest, or the registrar of motor 7394 vehicles shall send the report to the person by regular first 7395 class mail as soon as possible after receipt of the report, but 7396 not later than fourteen days after receipt of it. An arresting 7397 officer may give an unsworn report to the arrested person at the 7398 time of the arrest provided the report is complete when given to 7399 the arrested person and subsequently is sworn to by the 7400 arresting officer. As soon as possible, but not later than 7401 forty-eight hours after the arrest of the person, the arresting 7402 officer shall send a copy of the sworn report to the court in 7403 which the arrested person is to appear on the charge for which 7404 the person was arrested. 7405
- (F) The sworn report of an arresting officer completed 7406 under this section is prima-facie proof of the information and 7407

statements that it contains. It shall be admitted and considered	7408
as prima-facie proof of the information and statements that it	7409
contains in any appeal under section 4511.197 of the Revised	7410
Code relative to any suspension of a person's driver's or	7411
commercial driver's license or permit or nonresident operating	7412
privilege that results from the arrest covered by the report.	7413
Section 2. That existing sections 1547.11, 1547.111,	7414
2317.02, 2317.022, 2925.01, 2925.03, 2925.11, 2929.14,	7415
2941.1422, 3313.60, 3314.03, 3326.11, 3328.24, 3701.143,	7416
3705.08, 4506.17, 4511.19, 4511.191, and 4511.192 of the Revised	7417
Code are hereby repealed.	7418
Section 3. That the version of section 3314.03 of the	7419
Revised Code that is scheduled to take effect January 1, 2025,	7420
be amended to read as follows:	7421
Sec. 3314.03. A copy of every contract entered into under	7422
this section shall be filed with the director of education and	7423
workforce. The department of education and workforce shall make	7424
available on its web site a copy of every approved, executed	7425
contract filed with the director under this section.	7426
(A) Each contract entered into between a sponsor and the	7427
governing authority of a community school shall specify the	7428
following:	7429
(1) That the school shall be established as either of the	7430
following:	7431
(a) A nonprofit corporation established under Chapter	7432
1702. of the Revised Code, if established prior to April 8,	7433
2003;	7434
(b) A public benefit corporation established under Chapter	7435
1702. of the Revised Code, if established after April 8, 2003.	7436

(2) The education program of the school, including the	7437
school's mission, the characteristics of the students the school	7438
is expected to attract, the ages and grades of students, and the	7439
focus of the curriculum;	7440
(3) The academic goals to be achieved and the method of	7441
measurement that will be used to determine progress toward those	7442
goals, which shall include the statewide achievement	7443
assessments;	7444
(4) Performance standards, including but not limited to	7445
all applicable report card measures set forth in section 3302.03	7446
or 3314.017 of the Revised Code, by which the success of the	7447
school will be evaluated by the sponsor;	7448
(5) The admission standards of section 3314.06 of the	7449
Revised Code and, if applicable, section 3314.061 of the Revised	7450
Code;	7451
(6)(a) Dismissal procedures;	7452
(b) A requirement that the governing authority adopt an	7453
attendance policy that includes a procedure for automatically	7454
withdrawing a student from the school if the student without a	7455
legitimate excuse fails to participate in seventy-two	7456
consecutive hours of the learning opportunities offered to the	7457
student.	7458
(7) The ways by which the school will achieve racial and	7459
ethnic balance reflective of the community it serves;	7460
(8) Requirements for financial audits by the auditor of	7461
state. The contract shall require financial records of the	7462
school to be maintained in the same manner as are financial	7463
records of school districts, pursuant to rules of the auditor of	7464
state Audits shall be conducted in accordance with section	7465

117.10 of the Revised Code.	7466
(9) An addendum to the contract outlining the facilities	7467
to be used that contains at least the following information:	7468
(a) A detailed description of each facility used for	7469
instructional purposes;	7470
(b) The annual costs associated with leasing each facility	7471
that are paid by or on behalf of the school;	7472
(c) The annual mortgage principal and interest payments	7473
that are paid by the school;	7474
(d) The name of the lender or landlord, identified as	7475
such, and the lender's or landlord's relationship to the	7476
operator, if any.	7477
(10) Qualifications of employees, including both of the	7478
following:	7479
(a) A requirement that the school's classroom teachers be	7480
licensed in accordance with sections 3319.22 to 3319.31 of the	7481
Revised Code, except that a community school may engage	7482
noncertificated persons to teach up to twelve hours or forty	7483
hours per week pursuant to section 3319.301 of the Revised Code;	7484
(b) A prohibition against the school employing an	7485
individual described in section 3314.104 of the Revised Code in	7486
any position.	7487
(11) That the school will comply with the following	7488
requirements:	7489
(a) The school will provide learning opportunities to a	7490
minimum of twenty-five students for a minimum of nine hundred	7491
twenty hours per school year.	7492

(b) The governing authority will purchase liability	7493
insurance, or otherwise provide for the potential liability of	7494
the school.	7495
(c) The school will be nonsectarian in its programs,	7496
admission policies, employment practices, and all other	7497
operations, and will not be operated by a sectarian school or	7498
religious institution.	7499
(d) The school will comply with sections 9.90, 9.91,	7500
109.65, 121.22, 149.43, 2151.357, 2151.421, 2313.19, 3301.0710,	7501
3301.0711, 3301.0712, 3301.0715, 3301.0729, 3301.948, 3302.037,	7502
3313.472, 3313.50, 3313.539, 3313.5310, 3313.5318, 3313.5319,	7503
3313.608, 3313.609, 3313.6012, 3313.6013, 3313.6014, 3313.6015,	7504
3313.6020, 3313.6024, 3313.6025, 3313.6026, 3313.6028,	7505
3313.6029, 3313.6030, 3313.6031, 3313.643, 3313.648, 3313.6411,	7506
3313.6413, 3313.66, 3313.661, 3313.662, 3313.666, 3313.667,	7507
3313.668, 3313.669, 3313.6610, 3313.67, 3313.671, 3313.672,	7508
3313.673, 3313.69, 3313.71, 3313.716, 3313.718, 3313.719,	7509
3313.7112, 3313.7117, 3313.721, 3313.80, 3313.814, 3313.816,	7510
3313.817, 3313.818, 3313.819, 3313.86, 3313.89, 3313.96,	7511
3319.073, 3319.077, 3319.078, 3319.0812, 3319.238, 3319.318,	7512
3319.321, 3319.324, 3319.39, 3319.391, 3319.393, 3319.41,	7512
3319.46, 3320.01, 3320.02, 3320.03, 3321.01, 3321.041, 3321.13,	7513
3321.14, 3321.141, 3321.17, 3321.18, 3321.19, 3322.20, 3322.24,	7514
3323.251, 3327.10, 4111.17, 4113.52, 5502.262, 5502.703, and	7516
5705.391 and Chapters 117., 1347., 2744., 3365., 3742., 4112.,	7517
4123., 4141., and 4167. of the Revised Code as if it were a	7518
school district and will comply with section 3301.0714 of the	7519
Revised Code in the manner specified in section 3314.17 of the	7520
Revised Code.	7521

(e) The school shall comply with Chapter 102. and section

2921.42 of the Revised Code.

(f) The school will comply with sections 3313.61, 7524 3313.611, 3313.614, 3313.617, 3313.618, and 3313.6114 of the 7525 Revised Code, except that for students who enter ninth grade for 7526 the first time before July 1, 2010, the requirement in sections 7527 3313.61 and 3313.611 of the Revised Code that a person must 7528 successfully complete the curriculum in any high school prior to 7529 receiving a high school diploma may be met by completing the 7530 curriculum adopted by the governing authority of the community 7531 school rather than the curriculum specified in Title XXXIII of 7532 7533 the Revised Code or any rules of the department. Beginning with students who enter ninth grade for the first time on or after 7534 July 1, 2010, the requirement in sections 3313.61 and 3313.611 7535 of the Revised Code that a person must successfully complete the 7536 curriculum of a high school prior to receiving a high school 7537 diploma shall be met by completing the requirements prescribed 7538 in section 3313.6027 and division (C) of section 3313.603 of the 7539 Revised Code, unless the person qualifies under division (D) or 7540 (F) of that section. Each school shall comply with the plan for 7541 awarding high school credit based on demonstration of subject 7542 area competency, and beginning with the 2017-2018 school year, 7543 with the updated plan that permits students enrolled in seventh 7544 and eighth grade to meet curriculum requirements based on 7545 subject area competency adopted by the department under 7546 divisions (J)(1) and (2) of section 3313.603 of the Revised 7547 Code. Beginning with the 2018-2019 school year, the school shall 7548 comply with the framework for granting units of high school 7549 credit to students who demonstrate subject area competency 7550 through work-based learning experiences, internships, or 7551 cooperative education developed by the department under division 7552 (J)(3) of section 3313.603 of the Revised Code. 7553

(g) The school governing authority will submit within four	7554
months after the end of each school year a report of its	7555
activities and progress in meeting the goals and standards of	7556
divisions (A)(3) and (4) of this section and its financial	7557
status to the sponsor and the parents of all students enrolled	7558
in the school.	7559
(h) The school, unless it is an internet- or computer-	7560
based community school, will comply with section 3313.801 of the	7561
Revised Code as if it were a school district.	7562
(i) If the school is the recipient of moneys from a grant	7563
awarded under the federal race to the top program, Division (A),	7564
Title XIV, Sections 14005 and 14006 of the "American Recovery	7565
and Reinvestment Act of 2009," Pub. L. No. 111-5, 123 Stat. 115,	7566
the school will pay teachers based upon performance in	7567
accordance with section 3317.141 and will comply with section	7568
3319.111 of the Revised Code as if it were a school district.	7569
(j) If the school operates a preschool program that is	7570
licensed by the department under sections 3301.52 to 3301.59 of	7571
the Revised Code, the school shall comply with sections 3301.50	7572
to 3301.59 of the Revised Code and the minimum standards for	7573
preschool programs prescribed in rules adopted by the department	7574
of children and youth under section 3301.53 of the Revised Code.	7575
(k) The school will comply with sections 3313.6021 and	7576
3313.6023 of the Revised Code as if it were a school district	7577
unless it is either of the following:	7578
(i) An internet- or computer-based community school;	7579
(ii) A community school in which a majority of the	7580
enrolled students are children with disabilities as described in	7581
division (A)(4)(b) of section 3314.35 of the Revised Code.	7582

(1) The school will comply with section 3321.191 of the	7583
Revised Code, unless it is an internet- or computer-based	7584
community school that is subject to section 3314.261 of the	7585
Revised Code.	7586
(12) Arrangements for providing health and other benefits	7587
to employees;	7588
(13) The length of the contract, which shall begin at the	7589
beginning of an academic year. No contract shall exceed five	7590
years unless such contract has been renewed pursuant to division	7591
(E) of this section.	7592
(14) The governing authority of the school, which shall be	7593
responsible for carrying out the provisions of the contract;	7594
(15) A financial plan detailing an estimated school budget	7595
for each year of the period of the contract and specifying the	7596
total estimated per pupil expenditure amount for each such year.	7597
(16) Requirements and procedures regarding the disposition	7598
of employees of the school in the event the contract is	7599
terminated or not renewed pursuant to section 3314.07 of the	7600
Revised Code;	7601
(17) Whether the school is to be created by converting all	7602
or part of an existing public school or educational service	7603
center building or is to be a new start-up school, and if it is	7604
a converted public school or service center building,	7605
specification of any duties or responsibilities of an employer	7606
that the board of education or service center governing board	7607
that operated the school or building before conversion is	7608
delegating to the governing authority of the community school	7609
with respect to all or any specified group of employees provided	7610
the delegation is not prohibited by a collective bargaining	7611

agreement applicable to such employees;	7612
(18) Provisions establishing procedures for resolving	7613
disputes or differences of opinion between the sponsor and the	7614
governing authority of the community school;	7615
(19) A provision requiring the governing authority to	7616
adopt a policy regarding the admission of students who reside	7617
outside the district in which the school is located. That policy	7618
shall comply with the admissions procedures specified in	7619
sections 3314.06 and 3314.061 of the Revised Code and, at the	7620
sole discretion of the authority, shall do one of the following:	7621
(a) Prohibit the enrollment of students who reside outside	7622
the district in which the school is located;	7623
(b) Permit the enrollment of students who reside in	7624
districts adjacent to the district in which the school is	7625
located;	7626
(c) Permit the enrollment of students who reside in any	7627
other district in the state.	7628
(20) A provision recognizing the authority of the	7629
department to take over the sponsorship of the school in	7630
accordance with the provisions of division (C) of section	7631
3314.015 of the Revised Code;	7632
(21) A provision recognizing the sponsor's authority to	7633
assume the operation of a school under the conditions specified	7634
in division (B) of section 3314.073 of the Revised Code;	7635
(22) A provision recognizing both of the following:	7636
(a) The authority of public health and safety officials to	7637
inspect the facilities of the school and to order the facilities	7638
closed if those officials find that the facilities are not in	7639

compliance with health and safety laws and regulations;	7640
(b) The authority of the department as the community	7641
school oversight body to suspend the operation of the school	7642
under section 3314.072 of the Revised Code if the department has	7643
evidence of conditions or violations of law at the school that	7644
pose an imminent danger to the health and safety of the school's	7645
students and employees and the sponsor refuses to take such	7646
action.	7647
(23) A description of the learning opportunities that will	7648
be offered to students including both classroom-based and non-	7649
classroom-based learning opportunities that is in compliance	7650
with criteria for student participation established by the	7651
department under division (H)(2) of section 3314.08 of the	7652
Revised Code;	7653
(24) The school will comply with sections 3302.04 and	7654
3302.041 of the Revised Code, except that any action required to	7655
3302.041 of the Revised Code, except that any action required to be taken by a school district pursuant to those sections shall	7655 7656
be taken by a school district pursuant to those sections shall	7656
be taken by a school district pursuant to those sections shall be taken by the sponsor of the school.	7656 7657
be taken by a school district pursuant to those sections shall be taken by the sponsor of the school. (25) Beginning in the 2006-2007 school year, the school	7656 7657 7658
be taken by a school district pursuant to those sections shall be taken by the sponsor of the school. (25) Beginning in the 2006-2007 school year, the school will open for operation not later than the thirtieth day of	7656 7657 7658 7659
be taken by a school district pursuant to those sections shall be taken by the sponsor of the school. (25) Beginning in the 2006-2007 school year, the school will open for operation not later than the thirtieth day of September each school year, unless the mission of the school as	7656 7657 7658 7659 7660
be taken by a school district pursuant to those sections shall be taken by the sponsor of the school. (25) Beginning in the 2006-2007 school year, the school will open for operation not later than the thirtieth day of September each school year, unless the mission of the school as specified under division (A)(2) of this section is solely to	7656 7657 7658 7659 7660 7661
be taken by a school district pursuant to those sections shall be taken by the sponsor of the school. (25) Beginning in the 2006-2007 school year, the school will open for operation not later than the thirtieth day of September each school year, unless the mission of the school as specified under division (A)(2) of this section is solely to serve dropouts. In its initial year of operation, if the school	7656 7657 7658 7659 7660 7661 7662
be taken by a school district pursuant to those sections shall be taken by the sponsor of the school. (25) Beginning in the 2006-2007 school year, the school will open for operation not later than the thirtieth day of September each school year, unless the mission of the school as specified under division (A)(2) of this section is solely to serve dropouts. In its initial year of operation, if the school fails to open by the thirtieth day of September, or within one	7656 7657 7658 7659 7660 7661 7662 7663
be taken by a school district pursuant to those sections shall be taken by the sponsor of the school. (25) Beginning in the 2006-2007 school year, the school will open for operation not later than the thirtieth day of September each school year, unless the mission of the school as specified under division (A)(2) of this section is solely to serve dropouts. In its initial year of operation, if the school fails to open by the thirtieth day of September, or within one year after the adoption of the contract pursuant to division (D)	7656 7657 7658 7659 7660 7661 7662 7663 7664

to seek designation for the school as a STEM school equivalent

under section 3326.032 of the Revised Code;	7669
(27) That the school's attendance and participation	7670
policies will be available for public inspection;	7671
(28) That the school's attendance and participation	7672
records shall be made available to the department, auditor of	7673
state, and school's sponsor to the extent permitted under and in	7674
accordance with the "Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act	7675
of 1974," 88 Stat. 571, 20 U.S.C. 1232g, as amended, and any	7676
regulations promulgated under that act, and section 3319.321 of	7677
the Revised Code;	7678
(29) If a school operates using the blended learning	7679
model, as defined in section 3301.079 of the Revised Code, all	7680
of the following information:	7681
(a) An indication of what blended learning model or models	7682
will be used;	7683
(b) A description of how student instructional needs will	7684
be determined and documented;	7685
(c) The method to be used for determining competency,	7686
granting credit, and promoting students to a higher grade level;	7687
(d) The school's attendance requirements, including how	7688
the school will document participation in learning	7689
opportunities;	7690
(e) A statement describing how student progress will be	7691
monitored;	7692
(f) A statement describing how private student data will	7693
be protected;	7694
(g) A description of the professional development	7695

activities that will be offered to teachers.	7696
(30) A provision requiring that all moneys the school's	7697
operator loans to the school, including facilities loans or cash	7698
flow assistance, must be accounted for, documented, and bear	7699
interest at a fair market rate;	7700
(31) A provision requiring that, if the governing	7701
authority contracts with an attorney, accountant, or entity	7702
specializing in audits, the attorney, accountant, or entity	7703
shall be independent from the operator with which the school has	7704
contracted.	7705
(32) A provision requiring the governing authority to	7706
adopt an enrollment and attendance policy that requires a	7707
student's parent to notify the community school in which the	7708
student is enrolled when there is a change in the location of	7709
the parent's or student's primary residence.	7710
(33) A provision requiring the governing authority to	7711
adopt a student residence and address verification policy for	7712
students enrolling in or attending the school.	7713
(B) The community school shall also submit to the sponsor	7714
a comprehensive plan for the school. The plan shall specify the	7715
following:	7716
(1) The process by which the governing authority of the	7717
school will be selected in the future;	7718
(2) The management and administration of the school;	7719
(3) If the community school is a currently existing public	7720
school or educational service center building, alternative	7721
arrangements for current public school students who choose not	7722
to attend the converted school and for teachers who choose not	7723

to teach in the school or building after conversion;	7724
(4) The instructional program and educational philosophy	7725
of the school;	7726
(5) Internal financial controls.	7727
When submitting the plan under this division, the school	7728
shall also submit copies of all policies and procedures	7729
regarding internal financial controls adopted by the governing	7730
authority of the school.	7731
(C) A contract entered into under section 3314.02 of the	7732
Revised Code between a sponsor and the governing authority of a	7733
community school may provide for the community school governing	7734
authority to make payments to the sponsor, which is hereby	7735
authorized to receive such payments as set forth in the contract	7736
between the governing authority and the sponsor. The total	7737
amount of such payments for monitoring, oversight, and technical	7738
assistance of the school shall not exceed three per cent of the	7739
total amount of payments for operating expenses that the school	7740
receives from the state.	7741
(D) The contract shall specify the duties of the sponsor	7742
which shall be in accordance with the written agreement entered	7743
into with the department under division (B) of section 3314.015	7744
of the Revised Code and shall include the following:	7745
(1) Monitor the community school's compliance with all	7746
laws applicable to the school and with the terms of the	7747
contract;	7748
(2) Monitor and evaluate the academic and fiscal	7749
performance and the organization and operation of the community	7750
school on at least an annual basis;	7751

(3) Report on an annual basis the results of the 7752 evaluation conducted under division (D)(2) of this section to 7753 the department and to the parents of students enrolled in the 7754 community school; 7755 (4) Provide technical assistance to the community school 7756 in complying with laws applicable to the school and terms of the 7757 contract; 7758 (5) Take steps to intervene in the school's operation to 7759 correct problems in the school's overall performance, declare 7760 the school to be on probationary status pursuant to section 7761 3314.073 of the Revised Code, suspend the operation of the 7762 school pursuant to section 3314.072 of the Revised Code, or 7763 terminate the contract of the school pursuant to section 3314.07 7764 of the Revised Code as determined necessary by the sponsor; 7765 (6) Have in place a plan of action to be undertaken in the 7766 event the community school experiences financial difficulties or 7767 closes prior to the end of a school year. 7768 (E) Upon the expiration of a contract entered into under 7769 this section, the sponsor of a community school may, with the 7770 7771 approval of the governing authority of the school, renew that contract for a period of time determined by the sponsor, but not 7772 ending earlier than the end of any school year, if the sponsor 7773 finds that the school's compliance with applicable laws and 7774 terms of the contract and the school's progress in meeting the 7775 academic goals prescribed in the contract have been 7776 satisfactory. Any contract that is renewed under this division 7777 remains subject to the provisions of sections 3314.07, 3314.072, 7778 and 3314.073 of the Revised Code. 7779

(F) If a community school fails to open for operation

within one year after the contract entered into under this	7781
section is adopted pursuant to division (D) of section 3314.02	7782
of the Revised Code or permanently closes prior to the	7783
expiration of the contract, the contract shall be void and the	7784
school shall not enter into a contract with any other sponsor. A	7785
school shall not be considered permanently closed because the	7786
operations of the school have been suspended pursuant to section	7787
3314.072 of the Revised Code.	7788
Section 4. That the existing version of section 3314.03 of	7789
the Revised Code that is scheduled to take effect January 1,	7790
2025, is hereby repealed.	7791
Section 5. Sections 3 and 4 of this act take effect on	7792
January 1, 2025.	7793
Section 6. Section 2925.01 of the Revised Code is	7794
presented in this act as a composite of the section as amended	7795
by H.B. 281, H.B. 509, and S.B. 25, all of the 134th General	7796
Assembly. The General Assembly, applying the principle stated in	7797
division (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that amendments	7798
are to be harmonized if reasonably capable of simultaneous	7799
operation, finds that the composite is the resulting version of	7800

the section in effect prior to the effective date of the section

as presented in this act.