As Reported by the House Criminal Justice Committee

133rd General Assembly

Regular Session 2019-2020 Am. H. B. No. 5

Representatives Hillyer, Leland

Cosponsors: Representatives Plummer, Galonski, Rogers, Smith, T., West

A BILL

| Т | o amend section 5747.01 and to enact sections | 1 |
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| | 120.61, 120.62, 120.63, 120.64, 120.65, 120.66, | 2 |
| | 120.67, and 120.68 of the Revised Code to | 3 |
| | establish the Ohio Public Defender State Loan | 4 |
| | Repayment Program. | 5 |

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

| Section 1. That section 5747.01 be amended and sections | 6 |
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| 120.61, 120.62, 120.63, 120.64, 120.65, 120.66, 120.67, and | 7 |
| 120.68 of the Revised Code be enacted to read as follows: | 8 |
| Sec. 120.61. As used in sections 120.61 to 120.68 of the | 9 |
| Revised Code: | 10 |
| "Employed as a public defender" means an attorney employed | 11 |
| by the state public defender, a county public defender | 12 |
| commission, or a joint county public defender commission to | 13 |
| represent indigent persons. | 14 |
| "Full-time practice" means working a minimum of forty | 15 |
| hours per week for a minimum of forty-five weeks each service | 16 |
| year. | 17 |

| "Part-time practice" means working a minimum of twenty and | 18 |
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| a maximum of thirty-nine hours per week for a minimum of forty- | 19 |
| five weeks per service year. | 20 |
| "Teaching activities" means providing education to | 21 |
| students regarding the attorney's normal course of practice and | 21 |
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| <u>expertise as a public defender.</u> | 23 |
| Sec. 120.62. There is hereby created the Ohio public | 24 |
| defender state loan repayment program, which shall be | 25 |
| administered by the state public defender. The program shall | 26 |
| provide loan repayment on behalf of attorneys who agree to | 27 |
| employment as public defenders in areas designated as public | 28 |
| defender shortage areas by the state public defender pursuant to | 29 |
| section 120.63 of the Revised Code. | 30 |
| <u>Under the program, the state public defender, by means of </u> | 31 |
| | 31 |
| a contract entered into under section 120.66 of the Revised | |
| Code, may agree to repay up to the amount set pursuant to | 33 |
| section 120.66 of the Revised Code of the principal and interest | 34 |
| of a government or other educational loan taken by an individual | 35 |
| for the following expenses, so long as the expenses were | 36 |
| incurred while the individual was enrolled in a law school in | 37 |
| the United States that was, during the time enrolled, accredited | 38 |
| by the American bar association, or a law school located outside | 39 |
| the United States for which the individual received a foreign | 40 |
| equivalency evaluation: | 41 |
| (A) Tuition; | 42 |
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| (B) Other educational expenses, such as fees, books, and | 43 |
| expenses, for specific purposes and in amounts determined to be | 44 |
| reasonable by the state public defender; | 45 |
| (C) Room and board, in an amount determined reasonable by | 46 |
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| Am. H. B. No. 5 As Reported by the House Criminal Justice Committee | Page 3 |
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| the state public defender. | 47 |
| Sec. 120.63. The state public defender shall designate | 48 |
| public defender shortage areas in this state based on case load | 49 |
| relative to the number of public defenders. The designations | 50 |
| shall be made by rule and may apply geographically by county. | 51 |
| Sec. 120.64. (A) An individual who meets both of the | 52 |
| following requirements may apply for participation in the Ohio | 53 |
| public defender state loan repayment program: | 54 |
| (1) The individual is a citizen of the United States, a | 55 |
| national of the United States, or a permanent resident of the | 56 |
| <u>United States.</u> | 57 |
| (2) The individual either: | 58 |
| (a) Is a student enrolled in the final year of law school; | 59 |
| or | 60 |
| (b) Has been admitted to the practice of law in this state | 61 |
| by the Ohio supreme court and remains in good standing. | 62 |
| (B) An application for participation in the Ohio public | 63 |
| defender state loan repayment program shall be submitted to the | 64 |
| state public defender on a form that the state public defender | 65 |
| shall prescribe. The individual shall submit the following | 66 |
| information with an application: | 67 |
| (1) The individual's name, permanent address or address at | 68 |
| which the individual is currently residing if different from the | 69 |
| permanent address, and telephone number; | 70 |
| (2) The law school the individual is attending or | 71 |
| attended, the dates of attendance, and verification of | 72 |
| <u>attendance;</u> | 73 |

| (3) The individual's employer, as applicable; | 74 |
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| (4) A summary and verification of the educational expenses | 75 |
| for which the individual seeks reimbursement under the program; | 76 |
| (5) Verification that the individual has been admitted to | 77 |
| the practice of law in this state by the Ohio supreme court and | 78 |
| remains in good standing, unless the individual is a student; | 79 |
| (6) Verification the individual is a citizen of the United | 80 |
| States, a national of the United States, or a permanent resident | 81 |
| of the United States. | 82 |
| Sec. 120.65. If funds are available in the Ohio public | 83 |
| defender state loan repayment fund created under section 120.67 | 84 |
| of the Revised Code and the general assembly has appropriated | 85 |
| funds for the Ohio public defender state loan repayment program, | 86 |
| the state public defender shall approve an individual for | 87 |
| participation in the program if the state public defender finds | 88 |
| that the individual is eligible for participation in the | 89 |
| program. | 90 |
| Upon approval, the state public defender shall notify and | 91 |
| enter into discussions with the individual. The object of the | 92 |
| discussions is to facilitate the recruitment of the individual | 93 |
| to become or remain employed as a public defender within a | 94 |
| public defender shortage area. | 95 |
| If the state public defender and individual agree on the | 96 |
| individual's employment as a public defender within a public | 97 |
| defender shortage area, the individual shall prepare, sign, and | 98 |
| deliver to the state public defender a letter of intent agreeing | 99 |
| to that placement. | 100 |
| Sec. 120.66. (A) After signing a letter of intent under | 101 |
| section 120.65 of the Revised Code, an individual and the state | 102 |

| public defender may enter into a contract for the individual's | 103 |
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| participation in the Ohio public defender state loan repayment | 104 |
| program. The individual's employer also may be a party to the | 105 |
| <u>contract.</u> | 106 |
| (B) The contract shall include all of the following | 107 |
| obligations: | 108 |
| (1) The individual agrees to remain employed as a public | 109 |
| defender within the public defender shortage area identified in | 110 |
| the letter of intent for the number of hours and duration | 111 |
| specified in the contract; | 112 |
| (2) The state public defender agrees, as provided in | 113 |
| section 120.62 of the Revised Code, to repay, so long as the | 114 |
| individual satisfies the service obligation agreed to under | 115 |
| division (B)(1) of this section, the following amount of the | 116 |
| principal and interest of a government or other educational loan | 117 |
| taken by the individual for expenses described in section 120.62 | 118 |
| of the Revised Code: | 119 |
| (a) For a three-year service obligation, up to fifty | 120 |
| thousand dollars to an individual practicing full time or up to | 121 |
| twenty-five thousand dollars to an individual practicing part | 122 |
| time; | 123 |
| (b) For an additional fourth or fifth year of service, up | 124 |
| to an additional thirty-five thousand dollars to an individual | 125 |
| practicing full time and up to an additional seventeen thousand | 126 |
| five hundred dollars to an individual practicing part time. | 127 |
| (3) The individual agrees to pay the state public defender | 128 |
| an amount established by rules adopted under section 120.68 of | 129 |
| the Revised Code if the individual fails to complete the service | 130 |
| obligation agreed to under division (B)(1) of this section. | 131 |

| (C) The contract shall include the following terms as | 132 |
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| agreed upon by the parties: | 133 |
| (1) The individual's required length of service in the | 134 |
| public defender shortage area, which must be at least three | 135 |
| years with an optional fourth year and optional fifth year; | 136 |
| (2) The number of weekly hours the individual will be | 137 |
| engaged in full-time practice or part-time practice in the | 138 |
| <u>public defender shortage area;</u> | 139 |
| (3) The maximum amount that the state public defender will | 140 |
| repay on behalf of the individual; | 141 |
| (4) The extent to which the individual's teaching | 142 |
| activities will be counted toward the individual's full-time | 143 |
| practice or part-time practice hours under the contract. | 144 |
| (D) If the amount specified in division (C)(3) of this | 145 |
| section includes federal funds, the amount of state funds repaid | 146 |
| on the individual's behalf shall be the same as the amount of | 147 |
| those federal funds. | 148 |
| Sec. 120.67. The state public defender may accept gifts of | 149 |
| money from any source for the implementation and administration | 150 |
| of sections 120.61 to 120.68 of the Revised Code. The state | 151 |
| public defender shall pay all gifts accepted under this section | 152 |
| into the state treasury to the credit of the public defender | 153 |
| shortage area fund, which is hereby created. | 154 |
| The state public defender shall pay all damages collected | 155 |
| under division (B)(3) of section 120.66 of the Revised Code into | 156 |
| the state treasury to the credit of the public defender loan | 157 |
| repayment fund, which is hereby created. | 158 |
| The state public defender shall use the public defender | 159 |

| shortage area fund and the public defender loan repayment fund | 160 |
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| for the implementation and administration of sections 120.61 to | 161 |
| 120.68 of the Revised Code. | 162 |
| Sec. 120.68. The state public defender, in accordance with | 163 |
| section 111.15 of the Revised Code, shall adopt rules as | 164 |
| necessary to implement and administer sections 120.61 to 120.67 | 165 |
| of the Revised Code. | 166 |
| Sec. 5747.01. Except as otherwise expressly provided or | 167 |
| clearly appearing from the context, any term used in this | 168 |
| chapter that is not otherwise defined in this section has the | 169 |
| same meaning as when used in a comparable context in the laws of | 170 |
| the United States relating to federal income taxes or if not | 171 |
| used in a comparable context in those laws, has the same meaning | 172 |
| as in section 5733.40 of the Revised Code. Any reference in this | 173 |
| chapter to the Internal Revenue Code includes other laws of the | 174 |
| United States relating to federal income taxes. | 175 |
| As used in this chapter: | 176 |
| (A) "Adjusted gross income" or "Ohio adjusted gross | 177 |
| income" means federal adjusted gross income, as defined and used | 178 |
| in the Internal Revenue Code, adjusted as provided in this | 179 |
| section: | 180 |
| (1) Add interest or dividends on obligations or securities | 181 |
| of any state or of any political subdivision or authority of any | 182 |
| state, other than this state and its subdivisions and | 183 |
| authorities. | 184 |
| (2) Add interest or dividends on obligations of any | 185 |
| authority, commission, instrumentality, territory, or possession | 186 |
| of the United States to the extent that the interest or | 187 |
| dividends are exempt from federal income taxes but not from | 188 |

state income taxes.

(3) Deduct interest or dividends on obligations of the United States and its territories and possessions or of any 191 authority, commission, or instrumentality of the United States 192 to the extent that the interest or dividends are included in 193 federal adjusted gross income but exempt from state income taxes 194 under the laws of the United States.

(4) Deduct disability and survivor's benefits to the extent included in federal adjusted gross income.

(5) Deduct benefits under Title II of the Social Security 198 Act and tier 1 railroad retirement benefits to the extent 199 included in federal adjusted gross income under section 86 of 200 the Internal Revenue Code. 201

(6) In the case of a taxpayer who is a beneficiary of a 202 trust that makes an accumulation distribution as defined in 203 section 665 of the Internal Revenue Code, add, for the 204 beneficiary's taxable years beginning before 2002, the portion, 205 if any, of such distribution that does not exceed the 206 undistributed net income of the trust for the three taxable 207 years preceding the taxable year in which the distribution is 208 made to the extent that the portion was not included in the 209 trust's taxable income for any of the trust's taxable years 210 beginning in 2002 or thereafter. "Undistributed net income of a 211 trust" means the taxable income of the trust increased by (a) (i) 212 the additions to adjusted gross income required under division 213 (A) of this section and (ii) the personal exemptions allowed to 214 the trust pursuant to section 642(b) of the Internal Revenue 215 Code, and decreased by (b)(i) the deductions to adjusted gross 216 income required under division (A) of this section, (ii) the 217 amount of federal income taxes attributable to such income, and 218

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(iii) the amount of taxable income that has been included in the 219 adjusted gross income of a beneficiary by reason of a prior 220 accumulation distribution. Any undistributed net income included 221 in the adjusted gross income of a beneficiary shall reduce the 222 undistributed net income of the trust commencing with the 223 earliest years of the accumulation period. 224

(7) Deduct the amount of wages and salaries, if any, not 225 otherwise allowable as a deduction but that would have been 226 allowable as a deduction in computing federal adjusted gross 227 income for the taxable year, had the targeted jobs credit 228 allowed and determined under sections 38, 51, and 52 of the 229 Internal Revenue Code not been in effect. 230

(8) Deduct any interest or interest equivalent on public obligations and purchase obligations to the extent that the interest or interest equivalent is included in federal adjusted gross income.

(9) Add any loss or deduct any gain resulting from the
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sale, exchange, or other disposition of public obligations to
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the extent that the loss has been deducted or the gain has been
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included in computing federal adjusted gross income.

(10) Deduct or add amounts, as provided under section
5747.70 of the Revised Code, related to contributions to
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variable college savings program accounts made or tuition units
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purchased pursuant to Chapter 3334. of the Revised Code.
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(11) (a) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise allowable as a 243 deduction or exclusion in computing federal or Ohio adjusted 244 gross income for the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer paid 245 during the taxable year for medical care insurance and qualified 246 long-term care insurance for the taxpayer, the taxpayer's 247

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spouse, and dependents. No deduction for medical care insurance 248 under division (A) (11) of this section shall be allowed either 249 to any taxpayer who is eligible to participate in any subsidized 250 health plan maintained by any employer of the taxpayer or of the 251 taxpayer's spouse, or to any taxpayer who is entitled to, or on 2.52 application would be entitled to, benefits under part A of Title 253 XVIII of the "Social Security Act," 49 Stat. 620 (1935), 42 254 U.S.C. 301, as amended. For the purposes of division (A)(11)(a) 255 of this section, "subsidized health plan" means a health plan 256 for which the employer pays any portion of the plan's cost. The 257 deduction allowed under division (A) (11) (a) of this section 258 shall be the net of any related premium refunds, related premium 259 reimbursements, or related insurance premium dividends received 260 during the taxable year. 261

(b) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income during the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer paid during the taxable year, not compensated for by any insurance or otherwise, for medical care of the taxpayer, the taxpayer's spouse, and dependents, to the extent the expenses exceed seven and one-half per cent of the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income.

269 (c) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income, any 270 amount included in federal adjusted gross income under section 271 105 or not excluded under section 106 of the Internal Revenue 272 Code solely because it relates to an accident and health plan 273 for a person who otherwise would be a "qualifying relative" and 274 thus a "dependent" under section 152 of the Internal Revenue 275 Code but for the fact that the person fails to meet the income 276 and support limitations under section 152(d)(1)(B) and (C) of 277 the Internal Revenue Code. 278

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(d) For purposes of division (A)(11) of this section, 279 "medical care" has the meaning given in section 213 of the 280 Internal Revenue Code, subject to the special rules, 281 limitations, and exclusions set forth therein, and "qualified 282 long-term care" has the same meaning given in section 7702B(c) 2.8.3 of the Internal Revenue Code. Solely for purposes of divisions 284 (A) (11) (a) and (c) of this section, "dependent" includes a 285 person who otherwise would be a "qualifying relative" and thus a 286 "dependent" under section 152 of the Internal Revenue Code but 287 for the fact that the person fails to meet the income and 288 support limitations under section 152(d)(1)(B) and (C) of the 289 Internal Revenue Code. 290

291 (12) (a) Deduct any amount included in federal adjusted gross income solely because the amount represents a 292 reimbursement or refund of expenses that in any year the 293 taxpayer had deducted as an itemized deduction pursuant to 294 section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code and applicable United 295 States department of the treasury regulations. The deduction 296 otherwise allowed under division (A) (12) (a) of this section 297 shall be reduced to the extent the reimbursement is attributable 298 299 to an amount the taxpayer deducted under this section in any taxable year. 300

(b) Add any amount not otherwise included in Ohio adjusted
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gross income for any taxable year to the extent that the amount
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is attributable to the recovery during the taxable year of any
amount deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio
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adjusted gross income in any taxable year.

(13) Deduct any portion of the deduction described in
section 1341(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, for repaying
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previously reported income received under a claim of right, that
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meets both of the following requirements:

(a) It is allowable for repayment of an item that was
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included in the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for a prior
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taxable year and did not qualify for a credit under division (A)
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or (B) of section 5747.05 of the Revised Code for that year;
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(b) It does not otherwise reduce the taxpayer's adjusted314gross income for the current or any other taxable year.315

(14) Deduct an amount equal to the deposits made to, and 316 net investment earnings of, a medical savings account during the 317 taxable year, in accordance with section 3924.66 of the Revised 318 Code. The deduction allowed by division (A) (14) of this section 319 does not apply to medical savings account deposits and earnings 320 otherwise deducted or excluded for the current or any other 321 taxable year from the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income. 322

(15) (a) Add an amount equal to the funds withdrawn from a 323 medical savings account during the taxable year, and the net 324 investment earnings on those funds, when the funds withdrawn 325 were used for any purpose other than to reimburse an account 326 holder for, or to pay, eligible medical expenses, in accordance 327 with section 3924.66 of the Revised Code; 328

(b) Add the amounts distributed from a medical savings
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account under division (A) (2) of section 3924.68 of the Revised
Code during the taxable year.
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(16) Add any amount claimed as a credit under section
5747.059 or 5747.65 of the Revised Code to the extent that such
amount satisfies either of the following:
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(a) The amount was deducted or excluded from the
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 computation of the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income as
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 required to be reported for the taxpayer's taxable year under
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the Internal Revenue Code;

(b) The amount resulted in a reduction of the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income as required to be reported for any of the taxpayer's taxable years under the Internal Revenue Code.

(17) Deduct the amount contributed by the taxpayer to an 342 individual development account program established by a county 343 department of job and family services pursuant to sections 344 329.11 to 329.14 of the Revised Code for the purpose of matching 345 funds deposited by program participants. On request of the tax 346 commissioner, the taxpayer shall provide any information that, 347 in the tax commissioner's opinion, is necessary to establish the 348 amount deducted under division (A) (17) of this section. 349

(18) Beginning in taxable year 2001 but not for any 350 taxable year beginning after December 31, 2005, if the taxpayer 351 is married and files a joint return and the combined federal 352 adjusted gross income of the taxpayer and the taxpayer's spouse 353 for the taxable year does not exceed one hundred thousand 354 dollars, or if the taxpayer is single and has a federal adjusted 355 gross income for the taxable year not exceeding fifty thousand 356 dollars, deduct amounts paid during the taxable year for 357 qualified tuition and fees paid to an eligible institution for 358 the taxpayer, the taxpayer's spouse, or any dependent of the 359 taxpayer, who is a resident of this state and is enrolled in or 360 attending a program that culminates in a degree or diploma at an 361 eligible institution. The deduction may be claimed only to the 362 extent that qualified tuition and fees are not otherwise 363 deducted or excluded for any taxable year from federal or Ohio 364 adjusted gross income. The deduction may not be claimed for 365 educational expenses for which the taxpayer claims a credit 366 under section 5747.27 of the Revised Code. 367

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(19) Add any reimbursement received during the taxable
year of any amount the taxpayer deducted under division (A) (18)
of this section in any previous taxable year to the extent the
amount is not otherwise included in Ohio adjusted gross income.

(20) (a) (i) Subject to divisions (A) (20) (a) (iii), (iv), and 372 (v) of this section, add five-sixths of the amount of 373 depreciation expense allowed by subsection (k) of section 168 of 374 the Internal Revenue Code, including the taxpayer's 375 proportionate or distributive share of the amount of 376 depreciation expense allowed by that subsection to a pass-377 through entity in which the taxpayer has a direct or indirect 378 ownership interest. 379

(ii) Subject to divisions (A) (20) (a) (iii), (iv), and (v)
of this section, add five-sixths of the amount of qualifying
section 179 depreciation expense, including the taxpayer's
proportionate or distributive share of the amount of qualifying
section 179 depreciation expense allowed to any pass-through
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entity in which the taxpayer has a direct or indirect ownership
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(iii) Subject to division (A) (20) (a) (v) of this section, 387
for taxable years beginning in 2012 or thereafter, if the 388
increase in income taxes withheld by the taxpayer is equal to or 389
greater than ten per cent of income taxes withheld by the 390
taxpayer during the taxpayer's immediately preceding taxable 391
year, "two-thirds" shall be substituted for "five-sixths" for 392
the purpose of divisions (A) (20) (a) (i) and (ii) of this section. 393

(iv) Subject to division (A) (20) (a) (v) of this section,
for taxable years beginning in 2012 or thereafter, a taxpayer is
not required to add an amount under division (A) (20) of this
section if the increase in income taxes withheld by the taxpayer
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and by any pass-through entity in which the taxpayer has a 398 direct or indirect ownership interest is equal to or greater 399 than the sum of (I) the amount of qualifying section 179 400 depreciation expense and (II) the amount of depreciation expense 401 allowed to the taxpayer by subsection (k) of section 168 of the 402 Internal Revenue Code, and including the taxpayer's 403 proportionate or distributive shares of such amounts allowed to 404 any such pass-through entities. 405

(v) If a taxpayer directly or indirectly incurs a net
operating loss for the taxable year for federal income tax
purposes, to the extent such loss resulted from depreciation
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expense allowed by subsection (k) of section 168 of the Internal
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Revenue Code and by qualifying section 179 depreciation expense,
the entire" shall be substituted for "five-sixths of the" for
the purpose of divisions (A) (20) (a) (i) and (ii) of this section.

The tax commissioner, under procedures established by the413commissioner, may waive the add-backs related to a pass-through414entity if the taxpayer owns, directly or indirectly, less than415five per cent of the pass-through entity.416

(b) Nothing in division (A) (20) of this section shall beconstrued to adjust or modify the adjusted basis of any asset.418

(c) To the extent the add-back required under division (A) 419 (20) (a) of this section is attributable to property generating 420 nonbusiness income or loss allocated under section 5747.20 of 421 the Revised Code, the add-back shall be sitused to the same 422 location as the nonbusiness income or loss generated by the 423 property for the purpose of determining the credit under 424 division (A) of section 5747.05 of the Revised Code. Otherwise, 425 the add-back shall be apportioned, subject to one or more of the 426 four alternative methods of apportionment enumerated in section 427

5747.21 of the Revised Code.

(d) For the purposes of division (A) (20) (a) (v) of this
section, net operating loss carryback and carryforward shall not
include the allowance of any net operating loss deduction
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carryback or carryforward to the taxable year to the extent such
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loss resulted from depreciation allowed by section 168 (k) of the
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Internal Revenue Code and by the qualifying section 179
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depreciation expense amount.

(e) For the purposes of divisions (A)(20) and (21) of this 436 section: 437

(i) "Income taxes withheld" means the total amount
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withheld and remitted under sections 5747.06 and 5747.07 of the
Revised Code by an employer during the employer's taxable year.
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(ii) "Increase in income taxes withheld" means the amount
by which the amount of income taxes withheld by an employer
during the employer's current taxable year exceeds the amount of
income taxes withheld by that employer during the employer's
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immediately preceding taxable year.

(iii) "Qualifying section 179 depreciation expense" means
the difference between (I) the amount of depreciation expense
directly or indirectly allowed to a taxpayer under section 179
of the Internal Revised Code, and (II) the amount of
depreciation expense directly or indirectly allowed to the
taxpayer under section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code as that
section existed on December 31, 2002.

(21) (a) If the taxpayer was required to add an amount
under division (A) (20) (a) of this section for a taxable year,
deduct one of the following:
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(i) One-fifth of the amount so added for each of the five 456

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succeeding taxable years if the amount so added was five-sixths 457 of qualifying section 179 depreciation expense or depreciation 458 expense allowed by subsection (k) of section 168 of the Internal 459 Revenue Code; 460

 (ii) One-half of the amount so added for each of the two succeeding taxable years if the amount so added was two-thirds of such depreciation expense;

(iii) One-sixth of the amount so added for each of the six
succeeding taxable years if the entire amount of such
depreciation expense was so added.

467 (b) If the amount deducted under division (A) (21) (a) of this section is attributable to an add-back allocated under 468 division (A)(20)(c) of this section, the amount deducted shall 469 be sitused to the same location. Otherwise, the add-back shall 470 be apportioned using the apportionment factors for the taxable 471 year in which the deduction is taken, subject to one or more of 472 the four alternative methods of apportionment enumerated in 473 section 5747.21 of the Revised Code. 474

(c) No deduction is available under division (A)(21)(a) of 475 this section with regard to any depreciation allowed by section 476 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code and by the qualifying 477 section 179 depreciation expense amount to the extent that such 478 depreciation results in or increases a federal net operating 479 loss carryback or carryforward. If no such deduction is 480 available for a taxable year, the taxpayer may carry forward the 481 amount not deducted in such taxable year to the next taxable 482 year and add that amount to any deduction otherwise available 483 under division (A)(21)(a) of this section for that next taxable 484 year. The carryforward of amounts not so deducted shall continue 485 until the entire addition required by division (A) (20) (a) of 486

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this section has been deducted.

(d) No refund shall be allowed as a result of adjustments488made by division (A)(21) of this section.489

(22) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for
the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer received during the
taxable year as reimbursement for life insurance premiums under
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section 5919.31 of the Revised Code.

(23) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or
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excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for
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the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer received during the
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taxable year as a death benefit paid by the adjutant general
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under section 5919.33 of the Revised Code.

(24) Deduct, to the extent included in federal adjusted 500 gross income and not otherwise allowable as a deduction or 501 exclusion in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for 502 the taxable year, military pay and allowances received by the 503 taxpayer during the taxable year for active duty service in the 504 United States army, air force, navy, marine corps, or coast 505 guard or reserve components thereof or the national guard. The 506 deduction may not be claimed for military pay and allowances 507 508 received by the taxpayer while the taxpayer is stationed in this 509 state.

(25) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise allowable as a 510 deduction or exclusion in computing federal or Ohio adjusted 511 gross income for the taxable year and not otherwise compensated 512 for by any other source, the amount of qualified organ donation 513 expenses incurred by the taxpayer during the taxable year, not 514 to exceed ten thousand dollars. A taxpayer may deduct qualified 515

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organ donation expenses only once for all taxable years516beginning with taxable years beginning in 2007.517

For the purposes of division (A)(25) of this section:

(a) "Human organ" means all or any portion of a humanliver, pancreas, kidney, intestine, or lung, and any portion ofhuman bone marrow.

(b) "Qualified organ donation expenses" means travel
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expenses, lodging expenses, and wages and salary forgone by a
taxpayer in connection with the taxpayer's donation, while
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living, of one or more of the taxpayer's human organs to another
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human being.

(26) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or 527 excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for 528 the taxable year, amounts received by the taxpayer as retired 529 personnel pay for service in the uniformed services or reserve 530 components thereof, or the national guard, or received by the 531 surviving spouse or former spouse of such a taxpayer under the 532 survivor benefit plan on account of such a taxpayer's death. If 533 the taxpayer receives income on account of retirement paid under 534 535 the federal civil service retirement system or federal employees retirement system, or under any successor retirement program 536 enacted by the congress of the United States that is established 537 and maintained for retired employees of the United States 538 government, and such retirement income is based, in whole or in 539 part, on credit for the taxpayer's uniformed service, the 540 deduction allowed under this division shall include only that 541 portion of such retirement income that is attributable to the 542 taxpayer's uniformed service, to the extent that portion of such 543 retirement income is otherwise included in federal adjusted 544 gross income and is not otherwise deducted under this section. 545

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Any amount deducted under division (A) (26) of this section is546not included in a taxpayer's adjusted gross income for the547purposes of section 5747.055 of the Revised Code. No amount may548be deducted under division (A) (26) of this section on the basis549of which a credit was claimed under section 5747.055 of the550Revised Code.551

(27) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for
the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer received during the
taxable year from the military injury relief fund created in
section 5902.05 of the Revised Code.

(28) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer received as a veterans bonus during the taxable year from the Ohio department of veterans services as authorized by Section 2r of Article VIII, Ohio Constitution.

(29) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or 563 excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for 564 the taxable year, any income derived from a transfer agreement 565 or from the enterprise transferred under that agreement under 566 section 4313.02 of the Revised Code. 567

(30) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or 568 excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for 569 the taxable year, Ohio college opportunity or federal Pell grant 570 amounts received by the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse or 571 dependent pursuant to section 3333.122 of the Revised Code or 20 572 U.S.C. 1070a, et seq., and used to pay room or board furnished 573 by the educational institution for which the grant was awarded 574 at the institution's facilities, including meal plans 575

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administered by the institution. For the purposes of this 576 division, receipt of a grant includes the distribution of a 577 grant directly to an educational institution and the crediting 578 of the grant to the enrollee's account with the institution. 579

(31) (a) For taxable years beginning in 2015, deduct from
the portion of an individual's adjusted gross income that is
business income, to the extent not otherwise deducted or
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for
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the taxable year, the lesser of the following amounts:

(i) Seventy-five per cent of the individual's business585income;586

(ii) Ninety-three thousand seven hundred fifty dollars for
each spouse if spouses file separate returns under section
5747.08 of the Revised Code or one hundred eighty-seven thousand
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five hundred dollars for all other individuals.

(b) For taxable years beginning in 2016 or thereafter, 591 deduct from the portion of an individual's adjusted gross income 592 that is business income, to the extent not otherwise deducted or 593 excluded in computing federal adjusted gross income for the 594 595 taxable year, one hundred twenty-five thousand dollars for each spouse if spouses file separate returns under section 5747.08 of 596 the Revised Code or two hundred fifty thousand dollars for all 597 other individuals. 598

(32) Deduct, as provided under section 5747.78 of the599Revised Code, contributions to ABLE savings accounts made in600accordance with sections 113.50 to 113.56 of the Revised Code.601

(33) (a) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income
during the taxable year, all of the following:
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(i) Compensation paid to a qualifying employee described
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in division (A) (14) (a) of section 5703.94 of the Revised Code to
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the extent such compensation is for disaster work conducted in
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this state during a disaster response period pursuant to a
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qualifying solicitation received by the employee's employer;
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(ii) Compensation paid to a qualifying employee described 610 in division (A) (14) (b) of section 5703.94 of the Revised Code to 611 the extent such compensation is for disaster work conducted in 612 this state by the employee during the disaster response period 613 on critical infrastructure owned or used by the employee's 614 employer; 615

(iii) Income received by an out-of-state disaster business 616 for disaster work conducted in this state during a disaster 617 response period, or, if the out-of-state disaster business is a 618 pass-through entity, a taxpayer's distributive share of the 619 pass-through entity's income from the business conducting 620 disaster work in this state during a disaster response period, 621 if, in either case, the disaster work is conducted pursuant to a 622 qualifying solicitation received by the business. 623

(b) All terms used in division (A) (33) of this section
have the same meanings as in section 5703.94 of the Revised
Code.

(34) Deduct, to the extent included in federal adjusted627gross income, income attributable to loan repayments on behalf628of the taxpayer under the Ohio public defender state loan629repayment program under section 120.66 of the Revised Code.630

(B) "Business income" means income, including gain or
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loss, arising from transactions, activities, and sources in the
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regular course of a trade or business and includes income, gain,
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or loss from real property, tangible property, and intangible634property if the acquisition, rental, management, and disposition635of the property constitute integral parts of the regular course636of a trade or business operation. "Business income" includes637income, including gain or loss, from a partial or complete638liquidation of a business, including, but not limited to, gain639or loss from the sale or other disposition of goodwill.640

(C) "Nonbusiness income" means all income other than
business income and may include, but is not limited to,
compensation, rents and royalties from real or tangible personal
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property, capital gains, interest, dividends and distributions,
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patent or copyright royalties, or lottery winnings, prizes, and
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awards.

(D) "Compensation" means any form of remuneration paid to an employee for personal services.

(E) "Fiduciary" means a guardian, trustee, executor,
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administrator, receiver, conservator, or any other person acting
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in any fiduciary capacity for any individual, trust, or estate.
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(F) "Fiscal year" means an accounting period of twelvemonths ending on the last day of any month other than December.653

(G) "Individual" means any natural person.

(H) "Internal Revenue Code" means the "Internal Revenue655Code of 1986," 100 Stat. 2085, 26 U.S.C.A. 1, as amended.656

(I) "Resident" means any of the following, provided that
division (I) (3) of this section applies only to taxable years of
a trust beginning in 2002 or thereafter:

(1) An individual who is domiciled in this state, subjectto section 5747.24 of the Revised Code;661

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(2) The estate of a decedent who at the time of death was
domiciled in this state. The domicile tests of section 5747.24
of the Revised Code are not controlling for purposes of division
(1) (2) of this section.

(3) A trust that, in whole or part, resides in this state.
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If only part of a trust resides in this state, the trust is a
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resident only with respect to that part.
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For the purposes of division (I)(3) of this section:

(a) A trust resides in this state for the trust's current
(b) taxable year to the extent, as described in division (I) (3) (d)
(c) f this section, that the trust consists directly or indirectly,
(c) f this section, that the trust consists directly or indirectly,
(c) f this section, that the trust consists directly or for the trust,
(c) f this section, for assets, net of any related liabilities,
(c) f that were transferred, or caused to be transferred, directly or
(c) f the trust by any of the following:

(i) A person, a court, or a governmental entity orinstrumentality on account of the death of a decedent, but onlyif the trust is described in division (I)(3)(e)(i) or (ii) ofthis section;

(ii) A person who was domiciled in this state for the
purposes of this chapter when the person directly or indirectly
transferred assets to an irrevocable trust, but only if at least
one of the trust's qualifying beneficiaries is domiciled in this
state for the purposes of this chapter during all or some
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portion of the trust's current taxable year;

(iii) A person who was domiciled in this state for the
purposes of this chapter when the trust document or instrument
or part of the trust document or instrument became irrevocable,
but only if at least one of the trust's qualifying beneficiaries
is a resident domiciled in this state for the purposes of this

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chapter during all or some portion of the trust's current691taxable year. If a trust document or instrument became692irrevocable upon the death of a person who at the time of death693was domiciled in this state for purposes of this chapter, that694person is a person described in division (I)(3)(a)(iii) of this695section.696

(b) A trust is irrevocable to the extent that the
(b) A trust is irrevocable to the extent that the
(c) A trust is irrevocable to be the owner of the net assets
(c) A trust under sections 671 to 678 of the Internal Revenue
(c) A trust under sections
(c) A trust un

(c) With respect to a trust other than a charitable lead 701 trust, "qualifying beneficiary" has the same meaning as 702 "potential current beneficiary" as defined in section 1361(e)(2) 703 of the Internal Revenue Code, and with respect to a charitable 704 lead trust "qualifying beneficiary" is any current, future, or 705 contingent beneficiary, but with respect to any trust 706 "qualifying beneficiary" excludes a person or a governmental 707 entity or instrumentality to any of which a contribution would 708 qualify for the charitable deduction under section 170 of the 709 Internal Revenue Code. 710

(d) For the purposes of division (I)(3)(a) of this 711 712 section, the extent to which a trust consists directly or indirectly, in whole or in part, of assets, net of any related 713 liabilities, that were transferred directly or indirectly, in 714 whole or part, to the trust by any of the sources enumerated in 715 that division shall be ascertained by multiplying the fair 716 market value of the trust's assets, net of related liabilities, 717 by the qualifying ratio, which shall be computed as follows: 718

(i) The first time the trust receives assets, thenumerator of the qualifying ratio is the fair market value of720

those assets at that time, net of any related liabilities, from721sources enumerated in division (I)(3)(a) of this section. The722denominator of the qualifying ratio is the fair market value of723all the trust's assets at that time, net of any related724liabilities.725

(ii) Each subsequent time the trust receives assets, a 726 revised qualifying ratio shall be computed. The numerator of the 727 revised qualifying ratio is the sum of (1) the fair market value 728 of the trust's assets immediately prior to the subsequent 729 730 transfer, net of any related liabilities, multiplied by the qualifying ratio last computed without regard to the subsequent 731 transfer, and (2) the fair market value of the subsequently 732 transferred assets at the time transferred, net of any related 733 liabilities, from sources enumerated in division (I)(3)(a) of 734 this section. The denominator of the revised qualifying ratio is 735 the fair market value of all the trust's assets immediately 736 after the subsequent transfer, net of any related liabilities. 737

(iii) Whether a transfer to the trust is by or from any of 738 the sources enumerated in division (I)(3)(a) of this section 739 shall be ascertained without regard to the domicile of the 740 trust's beneficiaries. 741

(e) For the purposes of division (I)(3)(a)(i) of this 742
section: 743

(i) A trust is described in division (I) (3) (e) (i) of this
section if the trust is a testamentary trust and the testator of
that testamentary trust was domiciled in this state at the time
of the testator's death for purposes of the taxes levied under
Chapter 5731. of the Revised Code.

(ii) A trust is described in division (I)(3)(e)(ii) of

Page 26

this section if the transfer is a qualifying transfer described750in any of divisions (I)(3)(f)(i) to (vi) of this section, the751trust is an irrevocable inter vivos trust, and at least one of752the trust's qualifying beneficiaries is domiciled in this state753for purposes of this chapter during all or some portion of the754trust's current taxable year.755

(f) For the purposes of division (I)(3)(e)(ii) of this 756
section, a "qualifying transfer" is a transfer of assets, net of 757
any related liabilities, directly or indirectly to a trust, if 758
the transfer is described in any of the following: 759

(i) The transfer is made to a trust, created by the
decedent before the decedent's death and while the decedent was
domiciled in this state for the purposes of this chapter, and,
prior to the death of the decedent, the trust became irrevocable
while the decedent was domiciled in this state for the purposes
of this chapter.

(ii) The transfer is made to a trust to which the 766 decedent, prior to the decedent's death, had directly or 767 indirectly transferred assets, net of any related liabilities, 768 while the decedent was domiciled in this state for the purposes 769 of this chapter, and prior to the death of the decedent the 770 trust became irrevocable while the decedent was domiciled in 771 this state for the purposes of this chapter. 772

(iii) The transfer is made on account of a contractual 773 relationship existing directly or indirectly between the 774 transferor and either the decedent or the estate of the decedent 775 at any time prior to the date of the decedent's death, and the 776 decedent was domiciled in this state at the time of death for 777 purposes of the taxes levied under Chapter 5731. of the Revised 778 Code. 779

(iv) The transfer is made to a trust on account of a 780 contractual relationship existing directly or indirectly between 781 the transferor and another person who at the time of the 782 decedent's death was domiciled in this state for purposes of 783 this chapter. 784

(v) The transfer is made to a trust on account of the will
of a testator who was domiciled in this state at the time of the
testator's death for purposes of the taxes levied under Chapter
5731. of the Revised Code.

(vi) The transfer is made to a trust created by or caused
to be created by a court, and the trust was directly or
indirectly created in connection with or as a result of the
death of an individual who, for purposes of the taxes levied
under Chapter 5731. of the Revised Code, was domiciled in this
state at the time of the individual's death.

(g) The tax commissioner may adopt rules to ascertain the part of a trust residing in this state.

(J) "Nonresident" means an individual or estate that is
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not a resident. An individual who is a resident for only part of
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a taxable year is a nonresident for the remainder of that
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taxable year.

(K) "Pass-through entity" has the same meaning as in801section 5733.04 of the Revised Code.802

(L) "Return" means the notifications and reports required
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 to be filed pursuant to this chapter for the purpose of
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 reporting the tax due and includes declarations of estimated tax
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 when so required.

(M) "Taxable year" means the calendar year or the807taxpayer's fiscal year ending during the calendar year, or808

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fractional part thereof, upon which the adjusted gross income is 809 calculated pursuant to this chapter. 810

(N) "Taxpayer" means any person subject to the tax imposed
by section 5747.02 of the Revised Code or any pass-through
entity that makes the election under division (D) of section
5747.08 of the Revised Code.

(O) "Dependents" means dependents as defined in the
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Internal Revenue Code and as claimed in the taxpayer's federal
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income tax return for the taxable year or which the taxpayer
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would have been permitted to claim had the taxpayer filed a
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federal income tax return.

(P) "Principal county of employment" means, in the case of
a nonresident, the county within the state in which a taxpayer
performs services for an employer or, if those services are
performed in more than one county, the county in which the major
portion of the services are performed.

(Q) As used in sections 5747.50 to 5747.55 of the Revised Code:

(1) "Subdivision" means any county, municipal corporation, park district, or township.

(2) "Essential local government purposes" includes all
functions that any subdivision is required by general law to
exercise, including like functions that are exercised under a
charter adopted pursuant to the Ohio Constitution.

(R) "Overpayment" means any amount already paid that
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 exceeds the figure determined to be the correct amount of the
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 tax.
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(S) "Taxable income" or "Ohio taxable income" applies only 836

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to estates and trusts, and means federal taxable income, as 837 defined and used in the Internal Revenue Code, adjusted as 838 follows: 839

(1) Add interest or dividends, net of ordinary, necessary, 840 and reasonable expenses not deducted in computing federal 841 taxable income, on obligations or securities of any state or of 842 any political subdivision or authority of any state, other than 843 this state and its subdivisions and authorities, but only to the 844 extent that such net amount is not otherwise includible in Ohio 845 taxable income and is described in either division (S)(1)(a) or 846 (b) of this section: 847

 (a) The net amount is not attributable to the S portion of an electing small business trust and has not been distributed to beneficiaries for the taxable year;

(b) The net amount is attributable to the S portion of an851electing small business trust for the taxable year.852

(2) Add interest or dividends, net of ordinary, necessary, 853 and reasonable expenses not deducted in computing federal 854 taxable income, on obligations of any authority, commission, 855 856 instrumentality, territory, or possession of the United States to the extent that the interest or dividends are exempt from 857 federal income taxes but not from state income taxes, but only 858 to the extent that such net amount is not otherwise includible 859 in Ohio taxable income and is described in either division (S) 860 (1) (a) or (b) of this section; 861

(3) Add the amount of personal exemption allowed to the862estate pursuant to section 642(b) of the Internal Revenue Code;863

(4) Deduct interest or dividends, net of related expenses864deducted in computing federal taxable income, on obligations of865

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the United States and its territories and possessions or of any 866 authority, commission, or instrumentality of the United States 867 to the extent that the interest or dividends are exempt from 868 state taxes under the laws of the United States, but only to the 869 extent that such amount is included in federal taxable income 870 and is described in either division (S)(1)(a) or (b) of this 871 section; 872

(5) Deduct the amount of wages and salaries, if any, not 873 otherwise allowable as a deduction but that would have been 874 allowable as a deduction in computing federal taxable income for 875 the taxable year, had the targeted jobs credit allowed under 876 sections 38, 51, and 52 of the Internal Revenue Code not been in 877 effect, but only to the extent such amount relates either to 878 income included in federal taxable income for the taxable year 879 or to income of the S portion of an electing small business 880 trust for the taxable year; 881

(6) Deduct any interest or interest equivalent, net of 882 related expenses deducted in computing federal taxable income, 883 on public obligations and purchase obligations, but only to the 884 extent that such net amount relates either to income included in 885 federal taxable income for the taxable year or to income of the 886 S portion of an electing small business trust for the taxable 887 year; 888

(7) Add any loss or deduct any gain resulting from sale, 889
exchange, or other disposition of public obligations to the 890
extent that such loss has been deducted or such gain has been 891
included in computing either federal taxable income or income of 892
the S portion of an electing small business trust for the 893
taxable year; 894

(8) Except in the case of the final return of an estate,

add any amount deducted by the taxpayer on both its Ohio estate 896 tax return pursuant to section 5731.14 of the Revised Code, and 897 on its federal income tax return in determining federal taxable 898 income; 899

(9) (a) Deduct any amount included in federal taxable 900 income solely because the amount represents a reimbursement or 901 refund of expenses that in a previous year the decedent had 902 deducted as an itemized deduction pursuant to section 63 of the 903 Internal Revenue Code and applicable treasury regulations. The 904 deduction otherwise allowed under division (S)(9)(a) of this 905 section shall be reduced to the extent the reimbursement is 906 attributable to an amount the taxpayer or decedent deducted 907 908 under this section in any taxable year.

(b) Add any amount not otherwise included in Ohio taxable
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income for any taxable year to the extent that the amount is
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attributable to the recovery during the taxable year of any
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amount deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio taxable
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income in any taxable year, but only to the extent such amount
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has not been distributed to beneficiaries for the taxable year.

(10) Deduct any portion of the deduction described in
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section 1341(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, for repaying
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previously reported income received under a claim of right, that
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meets both of the following requirements:
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(a) It is allowable for repayment of an item that was
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included in the taxpayer's taxable income or the decedent's
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adjusted gross income for a prior taxable year and did not
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qualify for a credit under division (A) or (B) of section
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5747.05 of the Revised Code for that year.

(b) It does not otherwise reduce the taxpayer's taxable

income or the decedent's adjusted gross income for the current or any other taxable year. (11) Add any amount claimed as a credit under section 5747.059 or 5747.65 of the Revised Code to the extent that the amount satisfies either of the following:

(a) The amount was deducted or excluded from the
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computation of the taxpayer's federal taxable income as required
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to be reported for the taxpayer's taxable year under the
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Internal Revenue Code;
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(b) The amount resulted in a reduction in the taxpayer's
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federal taxable income as required to be reported for any of the
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taxpayer's taxable years under the Internal Revenue Code.
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(12) Deduct any amount, net of related expenses deducted 937 in computing federal taxable income, that a trust is required to 938 report as farm income on its federal income tax return, but only 939 if the assets of the trust include at least ten acres of land 940 satisfying the definition of "land devoted exclusively to 941 agricultural use" under section 5713.30 of the Revised Code, 942 regardless of whether the land is valued for tax purposes as 943 such land under sections 5713.30 to 5713.38 of the Revised Code. 944 If the trust is a pass-through entity investor, section 5747.231 945 of the Revised Code applies in ascertaining if the trust is 946 eligible to claim the deduction provided by division (S)(12) of 947 this section in connection with the pass-through entity's farm 948 income. 949

Except for farm income attributable to the S portion of an950electing small business trust, the deduction provided by951division (S)(12) of this section is allowed only to the extent952that the trust has not distributed such farm income. Division953

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(S) (12) of this section applies only to taxable years of a trust954beginning in 2002 or thereafter.955

(13) Add the net amount of income described in section
641(c) of the Internal Revenue Code to the extent that amount is
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not included in federal taxable income.
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(14) Add or deduct the amount the taxpayer would be 959 required to add or deduct under division (A) (20) or (21) of this 960 section if the taxpayer's Ohio taxable income were computed in 961 the same manner as an individual's Ohio adjusted gross income is 962 computed under this section. In the case of a trust, division 963 (S) (14) of this section applies only to any of the trust's 964 taxable years beginning in 2002 or thereafter. 965

(T) "School district income" and "school district income 966
tax" have the same meanings as in section 5748.01 of the Revised 967
Code. 968

(U) As used in divisions (A) (8), (A) (9), (S) (6), and (S)
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(7) of this section, "public obligations," "purchase
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obligations," and "interest or interest equivalent" have the
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same meanings as in section 5709.76 of the Revised Code.
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(V) "Limited liability company" means any limited
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liability company formed under Chapter 1705. of the Revised Code
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or under the laws of any other state.
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(W) "Pass-through entity investor" means any person who,
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during any portion of a taxable year of a pass-through entity,
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is a partner, member, shareholder, or equity investor in that
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pass-through entity.
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(X) "Banking day" has the same meaning as in section9801304.01 of the Revised Code.981

(Z) "Quarter" means the first three months, the second
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three months, the third three months, or the last three months
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of the taxpayer's taxable year.
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(AA) (1) "Eligible institution" means a state university or state institution of higher education as defined in section 3345.011 of the Revised Code, or a private, nonprofit college, university, or other post-secondary institution located in this state that possesses a certificate of authorization issued by the chancellor of higher education pursuant to Chapter 1713. of the Revised Code or a certificate of registration issued by the state board of career colleges and schools under Chapter 3332. of the Revised Code.

(2) "Qualified tuition and fees" means tuition and fees 995 imposed by an eligible institution as a condition of enrollment 996 or attendance, not exceeding two thousand five hundred dollars 997 in each of the individual's first two years of post-secondary 998 education. If the individual is a part-time student, "qualified 999 tuition and fees" includes tuition and fees paid for the 1000 academic equivalent of the first two years of post-secondary 1001 education during a maximum of five taxable years, not exceeding 1002 a total of five thousand dollars. "Qualified tuition and fees" 1003 does not include: 1004

(a) Expenses for any course or activity involving sports, 1005
games, or hobbies unless the course or activity is part of the 1006
individual's degree or diploma program; 1007

(b) The cost of books, room and board, student activity1008fees, athletic fees, insurance expenses, or other expenses1009unrelated to the individual's academic course of instruction;1010

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(c) Tuition, fees, or other expenses paid or reimbursed
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through an employer, scholarship, grant in aid, or other
educational benefit program.
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(BB)(1) "Modified business income" means the business 1014 income included in a trust's Ohio taxable income after such 1015 taxable income is first reduced by the qualifying trust amount, 1016 if any. 1017

(2) "Qualifying trust amount" of a trust means capital
gains and losses from the sale, exchange, or other disposition
of equity or ownership interests in, or debt obligations of, a
qualifying investee to the extent included in the trust's Ohio
taxable income, but only if the following requirements are
satisfied:

(a) The book value of the qualifying investee's physical
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assets in this state and everywhere, as of the last day of the
qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar year ending immediately
prior to the date on which the trust recognizes the gain or
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loss, is available to the trust.

(b) The requirements of section 5747.011 of the Revised
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Code are satisfied for the trust's taxable year in which the
trust recognizes the gain or loss.
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Any gain or loss that is not a qualifying trust amount is1032modified business income, qualifying investment income, or1033modified nonbusiness income, as the case may be.1034

(3) "Modified nonbusiness income" means a trust's Ohio
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taxable income other than modified business income, other than
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the qualifying trust amount, and other than qualifying
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investment income, as defined in section 5747.012 of the Revised
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Code, to the extent such qualifying investment income is not
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(4) "Modified Ohio taxable income" applies only to trusts, 1041
and means the sum of the amounts described in divisions (BB) (4) 1042
(a) to (c) of this section: 1043

(a) The fraction, calculated under section 5747.013, and 1044applying section 5747.231 of the Revised Code, multiplied by the 1045sum of the following amounts: 1046

(i) The trust's modified business income;

(ii) The trust's qualifying investment income, as defined
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in section 5747.012 of the Revised Code, but only to the extent
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the qualifying investment income does not otherwise constitute
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modified business income and does not otherwise constitute a
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qualifying trust amount.

(b) The qualifying trust amount multiplied by a fraction, 1053 the numerator of which is the sum of the book value of the 1054 qualifying investee's physical assets in this state on the last 1055 1056 day of the qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar year ending immediately prior to the day on which the trust recognizes the 1057 qualifying trust amount, and the denominator of which is the sum 1058 of the book value of the qualifying investee's total physical 1059 assets everywhere on the last day of the qualifying investee's 1060 fiscal or calendar year ending immediately prior to the day on 1061 which the trust recognizes the qualifying trust amount. If, for 1062 a taxable year, the trust recognizes a qualifying trust amount 1063 with respect to more than one qualifying investee, the amount 1064 described in division (BB)(4)(b) of this section shall equal the 1065 sum of the products so computed for each such qualifying 1066 investee. 1067

(c) (i) With respect to a trust or portion of a trust that 1068

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is a resident as ascertained in accordance with division (I)(3) 1069
(d) of this section, its modified nonbusiness income. 1070

(ii) With respect to a trust or portion of a trust that is 1071 not a resident as ascertained in accordance with division (I)(3) 1072 (d) of this section, the amount of its modified nonbusiness 1073 income satisfying the descriptions in divisions (B)(2) to (5) of 1074 section 5747.20 of the Revised Code, except as otherwise 1075 provided in division (BB) (4) (c) (ii) of this section. With 1076 respect to a trust or portion of a trust that is not a resident 1077 as ascertained in accordance with division (I)(3)(d) of this 1078 section, the trust's portion of modified nonbusiness income 1079 recognized from the sale, exchange, or other disposition of a 1080 debt interest in or equity interest in a section 5747.212 1081 entity, as defined in section 5747.212 of the Revised Code, 1082 without regard to division (A) of that section, shall not be 1083 allocated to this state in accordance with section 5747.20 of 1084 the Revised Code but shall be apportioned to this state in 1085 accordance with division (B) of section 5747.212 of the Revised 1086 Code without regard to division (A) of that section. 1087

If the allocation and apportionment of a trust's income 1088 under divisions (BB)(4)(a) and (c) of this section do not fairly 1089 represent the modified Ohio taxable income of the trust in this 1090 state, the alternative methods described in division (C) of 1091 section 5747.21 of the Revised Code may be applied in the manner 1092 and to the same extent provided in that section. 1093

(5) (a) Except as set forth in division (BB) (5) (b) of this 1094 section, "qualifying investee" means a person in which a trust 1095 has an equity or ownership interest, or a person or unit of 1096 government the debt obligations of either of which are owned by 1097 a trust. For the purposes of division (BB) (2) (a) of this section 1098

and for the purpose of computing the fraction described in 1099 division (BB)(4)(b) of this section, all of the following apply: 1100

(i) If the qualifying investee is a member of a qualifying
1101
controlled group on the last day of the qualifying investee's
fiscal or calendar year ending immediately prior to the date on
which the trust recognizes the gain or loss, then "qualifying
1104
investee" includes all persons in the qualifying controlled
group on such last day.

(ii) If the qualifying investee, or if the qualifying 1107 investee and any members of the qualifying controlled group of 1108 which the qualifying investee is a member on the last day of the 1109 qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar year ending immediately 1110 prior to the date on which the trust recognizes the gain or 1111 loss, separately or cumulatively own, directly or indirectly, on 1112 the last day of the qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar 1113 year ending immediately prior to the date on which the trust 1114 recognizes the qualifying trust amount, more than fifty per cent 1115 of the equity of a pass-through entity, then the qualifying 1116 investee and the other members are deemed to own the 1117 proportionate share of the pass-through entity's physical assets 1118 which the pass-through entity directly or indirectly owns on the 1119 last day of the pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year 1120 ending within or with the last day of the qualifying investee's 1121 fiscal or calendar year ending immediately prior to the date on 1122 which the trust recognizes the qualifying trust amount. 1123

(iii) For the purposes of division (BB)(5)(a)(iii) of this 1124 section, "upper level pass-through entity" means a pass-through 1125 entity directly or indirectly owning any equity of another passthrough entity, and "lower level pass-through entity" means that 1127 other pass-through entity. 1128

An upper level pass-through entity, whether or not it is 1129 also a qualifying investee, is deemed to own, on the last day of 1130 the upper level pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year, 1131 the proportionate share of the lower level pass-through entity's 1132 physical assets that the lower level pass-through entity 1133 directly or indirectly owns on the last day of the lower level 1134 pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year ending within or 1135 with the last day of the upper level pass-through entity's 1136 fiscal or calendar year. If the upper level pass-through entity 1137 directly and indirectly owns less than fifty per cent of the 1138 equity of the lower level pass-through entity on each day of the 1139 upper level pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year in 1140 which or with which ends the calendar or fiscal year of the 1141 lower level pass-through entity and if, based upon clear and 1142 convincing evidence, complete information about the location and 1143 cost of the physical assets of the lower pass-through entity is 1144 not available to the upper level pass-through entity, then 1145 solely for purposes of ascertaining if a gain or loss 1146 constitutes a qualifying trust amount, the upper level pass-1147 through entity shall be deemed as owning no equity of the lower 1148 level pass-through entity for each day during the upper level 1149 pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year in which or with 1150 which ends the lower level pass-through entity's calendar or 1151 fiscal year. Nothing in division (BB) (5) (a) (iii) of this section 1152 shall be construed to provide for any deduction or exclusion in 1153 computing any trust's Ohio taxable income. 1154

(b) With respect to a trust that is not a resident for the 1155 taxable year and with respect to a part of a trust that is not a 1156 resident for the taxable year, "qualifying investee" for that 1157 taxable year does not include a C corporation if both of the 1158 following apply: 1159

| (i) During the taxable year the trust or part of the trust | 1160 |
|---|------|
| recognizes a gain or loss from the sale, exchange, or other | 1161 |
| disposition of equity or ownership interests in, or debt | 1162 |
| obligations of, the C corporation. | 1163 |
| (ii) Such gain or loss constitutes nonbusiness income. | 1164 |
| (6) "Available" means information is such that a person is | 1165 |
| able to learn of the information by the due date plus | 1166 |
| extensions, if any, for filing the return for the taxable year | 1167 |
| in which the trust recognizes the gain or loss. | 1168 |
| (CC) "Qualifying controlled group" has the same meaning as | 1169 |
| in section 5733.04 of the Revised Code. | 1170 |
| (DD) "Related member" has the same meaning as in section | 1171 |
| 5733.042 of the Revised Code. | 1172 |
| (EE)(1) For the purposes of division (EE) of this section: | 1173 |
| (a) "Qualifying person" means any person other than a | 1174 |
| qualifying corporation. | 1175 |
| (b) "Qualifying corporation" means any person classified | 1176 |
| for federal income tax purposes as an association taxable as a | 1177 |
| corporation, except either of the following: | 1178 |
| (i) A corporation that has made an election under | 1179 |
| subchapter S, chapter one, subtitle A, of the Internal Revenue | 1180 |
| Code for its taxable year ending within, or on the last day of, | 1181 |
| the investor's taxable year; | 1182 |
| (ii) A subsidiary that is wholly owned by any corporation | 1183 |
| that has made an election under subchapter S, chapter one, | 1184 |
| subtitle A of the Internal Revenue Code for its taxable year | 1185 |
| ending within, or on the last day of, the investor's taxable | 1186 |
| year. | 1187 |
| | |

(2) For the purposes of this chapter, unless expressly
stated otherwise, no qualifying person indirectly owns any asset
directly or indirectly owned by any qualifying corporation.
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(FF) For purposes of this chapter and Chapter 5751. of the 1191 Revised Code: 1192

(1) "Trust" does not include a qualified pre-income taxtrust.

(2) A "qualified pre-income tax trust" is any pre-income
tax trust that makes a qualifying pre-income tax trust election
as described in division (FF) (3) of this section.

(3) A "qualifying pre-income tax trust election" is an 1198 election by a pre-income tax trust to subject to the tax imposed 1199 by section 5751.02 of the Revised Code the pre-income tax trust 1200 and all pass-through entities of which the trust owns or 1201 controls, directly, indirectly, or constructively through 1202 related interests, five per cent or more of the ownership or 1203 equity interests. The trustee shall notify the tax commissioner 1204 in writing of the election on or before April 15, 2006. The 1205 election, if timely made, shall be effective on and after 1206 January 1, 2006, and shall apply for all tax periods and tax 1207 years until revoked by the trustee of the trust. 1208

(4) A "pre-income tax trust" is a trust that satisfies allof the following requirements:1210

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(a) The document or instrument creating the trust wasexecuted by the grantor before January 1, 1972;1212
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(b) The trust became irrevocable upon the creation of the 1213 trust; and 1214

(c) The grantor was domiciled in this state at the time 1215

Page 43

1235

| the trust was created. | 1216 |
|--|------|
| (GG) "Uniformed services" has the same meaning as in 10 | 1217 |
| U.S.C. 101. | 1218 |
| (HH) "Taxable business income" means the amount by which | 1219 |
| an individual's business income that is included in federal | 1220 |
| adjusted gross income exceeds the amount of business income the | 1221 |
| individual is authorized to deduct under division (A)(31) of | 1222 |
| this section for the taxable year. | 1223 |
| (II) "Employer" does not include a franchisor with respect | 1224 |
| to the franchisor's relationship with a franchisee or an | 1225 |
| employee of a franchisee, unless the franchisor agrees to assume | 1226 |
| that role in writing or a court of competent jurisdiction | 1227 |
| determines that the franchisor exercises a type or degree of | 1228 |
| control over the franchisee or the franchisee's employees that | 1229 |
| is not customarily exercised by a franchisor for the purpose of | 1230 |
| protecting the franchisor's trademark, brand, or both. For | 1231 |
| purposes of this division, "franchisor" and "franchisee" have | 1232 |
| the same meanings as in 16 C.F.R. 436.1. | 1233 |
| Section 2. That existing section 5747.01 of the Revised | 1234 |

Code is hereby repealed.