As Passed by the House

133rd General Assembly Regular Session 2019-2020

H. B. No. 528

Representative LaRe

Cosponsors: Representatives Seitz, Carruthers, Clites, Ghanbari, Miller, J., Patton

A BILL

To amend sections 3901.62 and 3901.64 o	f the 1	
Revised Code to amend the law related	d to 2	
insurers receiving credit for reinsu:	rance. 3	

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 3901.62 and 3901.64 of the	4
Revised Code be amended to read as follows:	5
Sec. 3901.62. (A) Except as provided in sections 3901.63	6
and 3901.64 of the Revised Code, a domestic ceding insurer that	7
is authorized to do any insurance business in this state may	8
take credit for any reinsurance ceded as either an asset or a	9
reduction of liability only if one of the following applies:	10
(1) The uning the end of the end of the second second the the	1 1
(1) The reinsurance is ceded to an assuming insurer that	11
is authorized to do any insurance or reinsurance business in	12
this state.	13
(2) The reinsurance is ceded to an assuming insurer that	14
is accredited by the superintendent of insurance as a reinsurer	15
in this state in accordance with division (B) of this section.	16
(3) The reinsurance is ceded to an assuming insurer that	17

is not authorized to do any insurance or reinsurance business in
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this state, provided the reinsurance is ceded to a reinsurance
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pool or other risk-sharing entity in which participation is
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required by law, rule, or regulation of the jurisdiction in
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which the pool or entity is located.

(4) The reinsurance is ceded to an assuming insurer that maintains a trust fund in a qualified United States financial institution, as defined in section 3901.63 of the Revised Code, for the payment of the valid claims of its United States policyholders and ceding insurers, and their assigns and successors in interest in accordance with division (C) of this section.

(5) The reinsurance is ceded to an assuming insurer that has been certified by the superintendent as a reinsurer in this state and that secures its obligations in accordance with division (D) of this section.

(6) The reinsurance is ceded to an assuming insurer that meets all of the conditions set forth in division (E) of this section.

(B) (1) In order to be eligible for accreditation under
division (A) (2) of this section, the assuming insurer shall do
all of the following:

(a) File with the superintendent evidence of its40submission to this state's jurisdiction;41

(b) Submit to this state's authority to examine its books and records;

(c) Maintain a license to transact insurance or
reinsurance in at least one state or, in the case of a United
States branch of a foreign or alien assuming insurer, be entered
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through and licensed to transact insurance or reinsurance in at	47
least one state;	48
(d) File annually with the superintendent a copy of its	49
annual statement filed with the insurance department of its	50
state of domicile, and a copy of its most recent audited	51
financial statement;	52
(e) Demonstrate to the satisfaction of the superintendent	53
that it has adequate financial capacity to meet its reinsurance	54
obligations and is otherwise qualified to assume reinsurance	55
from domestic insurers.	56
(2) An assuming insurer is considered to meet the	57
requirement of division (B)(1)(e) of this section as of the time	58
of its application to the superintendent for accreditation if it	59
maintains a surplus with regard to policyholders in an amount	60
not less than twenty million dollars, and the superintendent has	61
not denied its accreditation within ninety days after submission	62
of its application.	63
(C)(1) A trust maintained by an assuming insurer under	64
division (A)(4) of this section shall meet the following	65
requirements:	66
(a) In the case of a single assuming insurer, the trust	67
shall consist of a trusteed account representing the assuming	68
insurer's liabilities attributable to business underwritten in	69
the United States. A trusteed surplus of not less than twenty	70
million dollars shall be maintained by the assuming insurer,	71
except that at any time after the assuming insurer has	72
permanently discontinued underwriting new business secured by	73
the trust for at least three full years, the superintendent with	74

principal regulatory oversight of the trust may authorize a

reduction in the required trusteed surplus, but only after a 76 finding, based on an assessment of the risk, that the new 77 required surplus level is adequate for the protection of ceding 78 insurers within the United States, policyholders, and claimants 79 in light of reasonably foreseeable adverse loss development. 80

The risk assessment may involve an actuarial review, 81 including an independent analysis of reserves and cash flows, 82 and shall consider all material risk factors, including when 83 applicable the lines of business involved, the stability of the 84 incurred loss estimates, and the effect of the surplus 85 requirements on the assuming insurer's liquidity or solvency. 86

The minimum required trusteed surplus shall not be reduced to an amount less than thirty per cent of the assuming insurer's liabilities attributable to reinsurance ceded by ceding insurers within the United States covered by the trust.

(b) In the case of a group of assuming insurers, including 91 incorporated and individual unincorporated underwriters, the 92 trust shall consist of a trusteed account representing the 93 group's liabilities attributable to business written in the 94 United States. A trusteed surplus shall be maintained by the 95 group, of which surplus one hundred million dollars shall be 96 held jointly for the benefit of the United States ceding 97 insurers of any member of the group. The following requirements 98 apply to the group of assuming insurers: 99

(i) The incorporated members of the group shall not engage
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in any business other than underwriting as a member of the
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group, and shall be subject to the same level of solvency
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regulation and control by the group's domiciliary regulator as
are the unincorporated members.

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(ii) The group shall make available to the superintendent
of insurance an annual certification of the solvency of each
underwriter in the group. The certification shall be provided by
the group's domiciliary regulator and its independent public
accountants.

(c) In the case of a group of incorporated insurers under 110 common administration with aggregate policyholders' surplus of 111 ten billion dollars that has continuously transacted an 112 insurance business outside the United States for at least three 113 years immediately prior to assuming reinsurance, the trust shall 114 be in an amount equal to the group's several liabilities 115 attributable to business ceded by United States ceding insurers 116 to any member of the group pursuant to reinsurance contracts 117 issued in the name of the group. A joint trusteed surplus shall 118 be maintained by the group, of which surplus one hundred million 119 dollars shall be held jointly for the benefit of United States 120 ceding insurers of any member of the group as additional 121 security for any such liabilities. The following requirements 122 apply to the group of incorporated insurers: 123

(i) The group shall comply with all filing requirements contained in this section.

(ii) The books and records of the group shall be subject to examination by the superintendent in the same manner as the books and records of insurers are subject to examination by the superintendent in accordance with section 3901.07 of the Revised Code. The group shall bear the expenses of these examinations in the manner provided by that section.

(iii) Each member of the group shall make available to the
superintendent an annual certification of the member's solvency
by the member's domiciliary regulator and an independent public
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accountant.

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(2) A trust maintained by an assuming insurer under	136
division (A)(4) of this section shall remain in effect for as	137
long as the assuming insurer has outstanding obligations due	138
under the reinsurance agreements subject to the trust. The trust	139
shall be in a form approved by the superintendent and shall	140
include the following:	141

(a) The trust instrument shall provide that contested
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claims are valid and enforceable upon the final order of any
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court of competent jurisdiction in the United States.
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(b) The trust shall vest legal title to its assets in the
trustees of the trust for its United States policyholders and
ceding insurers, and their assigns and successors in interest.

(c) The trust, and the assuming insurer maintaining the
trust, shall allow the superintendent to conduct examinations in
the same manner as the superintendent conducts examinations of
insurers under section 3901.07 of the Revised Code.

(3) No later than the last day of February of each year, 152 the trustees of a trust maintained by an assuming insurer under 153 division (A)(4) of this section shall provide the superintendent 154 with a written report setting forth the balance of the trust and 155 listing the trust's investments as of the preceding thirty-first 156 day of December. The trustees shall certify the date of the 157 termination of the trust, if termination of the trust is 158 planned, or shall certify that the trust does not expire prior 159 to the following thirty-first day of December. 160

(4) To enable the superintendent to determine the
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sufficiency of a trust maintained by an assuming insurer under
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division (A) (4) of this section, the assuming insurer shall
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annually report information on the trust to the superintendent164that is substantially the same as that information licensed165insurers are required to report under sections 3907.19, 3909.06,166and 3929.30 of the Revised Code on forms adopted under section1673901.77 of the Revised Code.168

(D) (1) In order to be eligible for certification under
division (A) (5) of this section, the assuming insurer shall do
all of the following:

(a) Be domiciled and licensed to transact insurance or 172
reinsurance in a qualified jurisdiction as determined by the 173
superintendent pursuant to division (D) (3) of this section; 174

(b) Maintain minimum capital and surplus, or its equivalent, in an amount to be determined by the superintendent in rule or regulation;

(c) Maintain financial strength ratings from two or more rating agencies that meet criteria the superintendent sets forth in rule or regulation;

(d) Agree to submit to the jurisdiction of this state, 181 appoint the superintendent as its agent for service of process 182 in this state, and agree to provide security for one hundred per 183 cent of the assuming insurer's liabilities attributable to 184 reinsurance ceded by ceding insurers in the United States if it 185 resists enforcement of a final judgment from the United States; 186

(e) Agree to meet applicable information filing
requirements as determined by the superintendent with respect to
an initial application for certification and on an ongoing
basis;

(f) Satisfy any other requirements for certification191considered relevant by the superintendent.192

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(2) An association, including incorporated and individual
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unincorporated underwriters, may be a certified reinsurer. In
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order to be eligible for certification, an association, in
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addition to satisfying the requirements of division (D) (1) of
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this section, shall also meet the following requirements:

(a) The association shall satisfy its minimum capital and
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surplus requirements through the capital and surplus equivalents
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(net of liabilities), or the net liabilities, of the association
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and its members which shall include a joint central fund that
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may be applied to any unsatisfied obligation of the association
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or any of its members, in an amount determined by the
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superintendent in order to provide adequate protection.

(b) The incorporated members of the association shall not be engaged in any business other than underwriting as a member of the association, and shall be subject to the same level of regulation and solvency control by the association's domiciliary regulator as the unincorporated members.

(c) The association shall provide the superintendent an 210 annual certification by the association's domiciliary regulator 211 of the solvency of each underwriter member within ninety days 212 after its financial statements are due to be filed with the 213 association's domiciliary regulator. If a certification is 214 unavailable, the association shall provide the superintendent 215 with financial statements prepared by independent public 216 accountants of each underwriter member of the association. 217

(3) The superintendent shall create and publish a list of
qualified jurisdictions under which an assuming insurer licensed
and domiciled in such jurisdiction is eligible to be considered
by the superintendent for certification as a certified
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reinsurer.

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(a) The superintendent shall consider the list of 223 qualified jurisdictions published through the national 224 association of insurance commissioner's committee process in 225 determining qualified jurisdictions. If the superintendent 226 approves a jurisdiction as qualified that does not appear on the 227 list, the superintendent shall provide justification in 228 accordance with criteria to be developed by the superintendent 229 under rule or regulation. 230

(b) Jurisdictions within the United States that meet the requirement for accreditation under the national association of insurance commissioner's financial standards and accreditation program shall be recognized as qualified.

(c) To determine if a domiciliary jurisdiction not located 235 within the United States is eligible to be recognized as a 236 qualified jurisdiction, the superintendent shall evaluate the 237 appropriateness and effectiveness of the reinsurance supervisory 238 system of the jurisdiction, both initially and on an ongoing 239 basis, and consider the rights, benefits, and the extent of 240 reciprocal recognition afforded by the jurisdiction to 241 reinsurers licensed and domiciled in the United States. 242

(d) A qualified jurisdiction shall agree to share
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information and cooperate with the superintendent with respect
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to all certified reinsurers domiciled within that jurisdiction.
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(e) A jurisdiction shall not be recognized as a qualified
jurisdiction if the superintendent has determined that the
jurisdiction does not adequately and promptly enforce final
judgments and arbitration awards from the United States.

(f) If a certified reinsurer's domiciliary jurisdiction 250ceases to be a qualified jurisdiction, the superintendent may 251

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revoke the reinsurer's certification or suspend the reinsurer's 252 certification indefinitely. 253 (q) The superintendent may consider additional factors as 254 the superintendent considers appropriate. 255 (4) The superintendent shall assign a rating to each 2.56 certified reinsurer giving due consideration to the financial 2.57 strength ratings assigned by rating agencies pursuant to 258 division (D)(1)(c) of this section. The superintendent shall 259 publish a list of all certified reinsurers and their ratings. 260 (5) A certified reinsurer shall secure obligations assumed 261 262 from a ceding insurer within the United States at a level consistent with its rating as specified by the superintendent in 263 rule or regulation. 264 (a) Except as otherwise provided in division (D)(5) of 265

this section, a certified reinsurer shall maintain security in a266form acceptable to the superintendent and consistent with267section 3901.63 of the Revised Code, or in a multibeneficiary268trust on behalf of the ceding insurer in accordance with269division (A) (4) of this section, in order for a domestic ceding270insurer to qualify for full financial statement credit for271reinsurance ceded to a certified reinsurer.272

(b) If a certified reinsurer chooses to secure its 273 obligations incurred as a certified reinsurer in the form of a 274 multibeneficiary trust for the benefit of the ceding insurer, 275 the certified reinsurer shall maintain separate trust accounts 276 for its obligations incurred under reinsurance agreements issued 277 or renewed as a certified reinsurer with reduced security as 278 permitted by this division or comparable laws of other 279 jurisdictions within the United States, and for its obligations 280 (c) Upon termination of any such trust account described 282 in division (A) (4) of this section, a certified reinsurer shall 283 be bound by the language of the trust and agreement with the 284 superintendent that has principal regulatory oversight of each 285 trust account to fund any deficiency of any other trust account 286 out of the remaining surplus of such trust as a condition to 287 certification under division (D) (1) of this section. 288

(d) The minimum trusteed surplus requirements provided in
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division (C) of this section are not applicable with respect to
a multibeneficiary trust maintained by a certified reinsurer for
the purpose of securing obligations incurred under division (A)
(5) of this section, except that such trust shall maintain a
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minimum trusteed surplus of ten million dollars.

(e) With respect to obligations incurred by a certified reinsurer under division (A)(5) of this section, if the security is insufficient, the superintendent shall reduce the allowable credit by an amount proportionate to the deficiency, and the superintendent may impose further reductions in allowable credit upon finding that there is a material risk that the certified reinsurer's obligations will not be paid in full when due.

302 (f) Except as otherwise provided in division (D)(5) of this section, a reinsurer whose certification has been 303 terminated for any reason shall be treated under this section as 304 a certified reinsurer required to secure one hundred per cent of 305 its obligations. The superintendent may continue to assign a 306 higher rating to the reinsurer if the reinsurer is in inactive 307 status or the reinsurer's certification has been suspended. As 308 used in division (D)(5)(f) of this section, "terminated" means 309 revocation, suspension, voluntary surrender, or inactive status. 310

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(6) If an applicant for certification has been certified
as a reinsurer in a national association of insurance
commissioners accredited jurisdiction, the superintendent may
defer to that jurisdiction's certification and rating
assignment, and the assuming insurer shall be considered to be a
certified reinsurer in this state.

(7) A certified reinsurer that ceases to assume new 317 business in this state may request to maintain its certification 318 in inactive status in order to continue to qualify for a 319 reduction in security for its in-force business. An inactive 320 certified reinsurer shall continue to comply with all applicable 321 requirements of division (A)(5) of this section, and the 322 superintendent shall assign a rating that takes into account, if 323 relevant, the reasons why the reinsurer is not assuming new 324 business. 325

(E) (1) (a) The assuming insurer shall have its head office,326or be domiciled in, as applicable, and be licensed in a327reciprocal jurisdiction.328

(b) (i) The assuming insurer shall have and maintain, on an ongoing basis, minimum capital and surplus, or its equivalent, calculated according to the methodology of its domiciliary jurisdiction, in an amount to be set forth in rule adopted by the superintendent.

(ii) If the assuming insurer is an association, including334incorporated and individual unincorporated underwriters, it335shall have and maintain, on an ongoing basis, minimum capital336and surplus equivalents, net of liabilities, calculated337according to the methodology applicable in its domiciliary338jurisdiction, and a central fund containing a balance in amounts339determined by the superintendent in rule or regulation.340

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(c)(i) The assuming insurer shall have and maintain, on an	341
ongoing basis, a minimum solvency or capital ratio, as	342
applicable, that will be set forth in rule adopted by the	343
superintendent.	344
(ii) If the assuming insurer is an association, including	345
incorporated and individual unincorporated underwriters, it	346
shall have and maintain, on an ongoing basis, a minimum solvency	347
or capital ratio in the reciprocal jurisdiction where the	348
assuming insurer has its head office or is domiciled, as	349
applicable, and is also licensed.	350
(d) The assuming insurer shall agree and provide adequate	351
assurance to the superintendent, in a form specified in rule	352
adopted by the superintendent, as follows:	353
(i) The assuming insurer shall provide prompt written	354
notice and explanation to the superintendent if it falls below	355
the minimum requirements set forth in division (E)(1)(b) or (c)	356
of this section, or if any regulatory action is taken against it	357
for serious noncompliance with applicable law.	358
(ii) The assuming insurer shall consent in writing to the	359
jurisdiction of the courts of this state and to the appointment	360
of the superintendent as agent for service of process. The	361
superintendent may require that consent for service of process	362
be provided to the superintendent and included in each	363
reinsurance agreement. Nothing in this provision shall be	364
construed as limiting, or in any way altering, the capacity of	365
parties to a reinsurance agreement to agree to alternative	366
dispute resolution mechanisms, except to the extent such	367
agreements are unenforceable under applicable insolvency or	368
delinquency laws.	369

(iii) The assuming insurer shall consent in writing to pay	370
all final judgments, wherever enforcement is sought, obtained by	371
a ceding insurer or its legal successor, that have been declared	372
enforceable in the jurisdiction where the judgment was obtained.	373
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(iv) Each reinsurance agreement shall include a provision	374
requiring the assuming insurer to provide security in an amount	375
equal to one hundred per cent of the assuming insurer's	376
liabilities attributable to reinsurance ceded pursuant to that	377
agreement if the assuming insurer resists enforcement of a final	378
judgment that is enforceable under the law of the jurisdiction	379
in which it was obtained or a properly enforceable arbitration	380
award, whether obtained by the ceding insurer or by its legal	381
successor on behalf of its resolution estate.	382
(v) The assuming insurer shall confirm that it is not	383
presently participating in any solvent scheme of arrangement	384
that involves this state's ceding insurers, and agree to notify	385
the ceding insurer and the superintendent and to provide	386
security in an amount equal to one hundred per cent of the	387
assuming insurer's liabilities to the ceding insurer, should the	388
assuming insurer enter into such a solvent scheme of	389
arrangement. Such security shall be in a form consistent with	390
the provisions of division (A)(5) of this section and section	391
3901.63 of the Revised Code and as specified by the	392
superintendent in rule or regulation.	393
(e) The assuming insurer or its legal successor shall	394
provide, if requested by the superintendent, on behalf of itself	395
and any legal predecessors, certain documentation to the	396
superintendent, as specified in rule adopted by the	397
superintendent.	398
<u>(f) The assuming insurer shall maintain a practice of</u>	399

prompt payment of claims under reinsurance agreements, pursuant	400
to criteria set forth in rule adopted by the superintendent.	401
(g) The assuming insurer's supervisory authority shall	402
confirm to the superintendent on an annual basis, as of the	403
preceding thirty-first day of December, or on the annual date	404
that the assuming insurer is statutorily required to report to	405
the reciprocal jurisdiction, that the assuming insurer complies	406
with the requirements set forth in divisions (E)(1)(b) and (c)	407
of this section.	408
(h) Nothing in division (E) of this section precludes an	409
assuming insurer from providing the superintendent with	410
information on a voluntary basis.	411
(2) The superintendent shall timely create and publish a	412
list of reciprocal jurisdictions.	413
(a) The superintendent's list shall include any reciprocal	414
jurisdiction as defined under divisions (E)(8)(b)(i) and (ii) of	415
this section, and shall consider any other reciprocal	416
jurisdiction included on the list compiled by the national	417
association of insurance commissioners. The superintendent may	418
approve a jurisdiction that does not appear on the national	419
association of insurance commissioners' list of reciprocal	420
jurisdictions in accordance with criteria established rules or	421
regulations issued by the superintendent.	422
(b)(i) The superintendent may remove a jurisdiction from	423
the list of reciprocal jurisdictions upon a determination that	424
the jurisdiction no longer meets the requirements of a	425
reciprocal jurisdiction, in accordance with a process set forth	426
in rules or regulations issued by the superintendent, except	427
that the superintendent shall not remove from the list a	428

reciprocal jurisdiction as defined under division (E)(8)(b)(i)	429
or (ii) of this section.	430
(ii) Upon removal of a reciprocal jurisdiction from this	431
list credit for reinsurance ceded to an assuming insurer that	432
has its home office or is domiciled in that jurisdiction shall	433
be allowed, if otherwise allowed pursuant to sections 3901.61 to	434
<u>3901.65 of the Revised Code.</u>	435
<u>sources of the newford code.</u>	100
(3)(a) The superintendent shall timely create and publish	436
a list of assuming insurers that have satisfied the conditions	437
set forth in division (E)(1) of this section and to which	438
cessions shall be granted credit in accordance with this	439
section.	440
(b) The superintendent may add an assuming insurer to such	441
list if a jurisdiction accredited by the national association of	442
insurance commissioners has added such assuming insurer to a	443
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list of such assuming insurers or if, upon initial eligibility,	
the assuming insurer submits the information to the	445
superintendent as required under division (E)(1)(d) of this	446
section and complies with any additional requirements that the	447
superintendent may impose by rule or regulation, except to the	448
extent that they conflict with an applicable covered agreement.	449
(4) (a) If the superintendent determines that an assuming	450
insurer no longer meets one or more of the requirements	451
prescribed in division (E)(1) of this section, the	452
superintendent may revoke or suspend the eligibility of the	453
assuming insurer for recognition under this section in	454
accordance with rules adopted by the superintendent.	455
(b) While an assuming insurer's eligibility is suspended,	456
no reinsurance agreement issued, amended, or renewed after the	457

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effective date of the suspension qualifies for credit except to	458
the extent that the assuming insurer's obligations under the	459
contract are secured in accordance with section 3901.63 of the	460
Revised Code.	461
(c) If an assuming insurer's eligibility is revoked, no	462
credit for reinsurance may be granted after the effective date	463
of the revocation with respect to any reinsurance agreements	464
entered into by the assuming insurer, including reinsurance	465
agreements entered into prior to the date of revocation, except	466
to the extent that the assuming insurer's obligations under the	467
contract are secured in a form acceptable to the superintendent	468
and consistent with the provisions of section 3901.63 of the	469
Revised Code.	470
(5) If subject to a legal process of rehabilitation,	471
liquidation, or conservation, as applicable, the ceding insurer,	472
or its representative, may seek and, if determined appropriate	473
by the court in which the proceedings are pending, may obtain an	474
order requiring that the assuming insurer post security for all	475
outstanding ceded liabilities.	476
(6) Nothing in division (E) of this section shall limit,	477
or in any way alter, the capacity of parties to a reinsurance	478
agreement to agree on requirements for security or other terms	479
in that reinsurance agreement, except as expressly prohibited by	480
sections 3901.61 to 3901.65 of the Revised Code or other	481
applicable law, rule, or regulation.	482
(7)(a) Credit may be taken under division (E) of this	483
section only for reinsurance agreements entered into, amended,	484
or renewed on or after the effective date of this amendment, and	485
only with respect to losses incurred and reserves reported on or	486
after the later of the following:	487

(i) The date on which the assuming insurer has met all	488
eligibility requirements pursuant to division (E)(1) of this	489
section;	490
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(ii) The effective date of the new reinsurance agreement,	491
amendment, or renewal.	492
(b) Division (E)(7)(a) of this section does not alter or	493
impair a ceding insurer's right to take credit for reinsurance,	494
to the extent that credit is not available under division (E) of	495
this section, as long as the reinsurance qualifies for credit	496
under any other applicable provision of sections 3901.61 to	497
3901.65 of the Revised Code.	498
(c) Nothing in division (E)(7) of this section shall be	499
construed as authorizing an assuming insurer to withdraw or	500
reduce the security provided under any reinsurance agreement,	501
except as permitted by the terms of the agreement.	502
(d) Nothing in division (E)(7) of this section shall	503
limit, or in any way alter, the capacity of parties to any	504
reinsurance agreement to renegotiate the agreement.	505
(8) As used in division (E) of this section:	506
(a) "Covered agreement" means an agreement entered into	507
pursuant to the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer	508
Protection Act, 31 U.S.C. 313 and 314, that is currently in	509
effect or in a period of provisional application and addresses	510
the elimination, under specified conditions, of collateral	511
requirements as a condition for entering into any reinsurance	512
agreement with a ceding insurer domiciled in this state or for	513
allowing the ceding insurer to recognize credit for reinsurance.	514
(b) "Reciprocal jurisdiction" means a jurisdiction that	515
meets one of the following:	516

(i) A non-United States jurisdiciction that is subject to	517
an in-force covered agreement with the United States, each	518
within its legal authority, or, in the case of a covered	519
agreement between the United States and the European Union, is a	520
member state of the European Union;	521
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(ii) A United States jurisdiction that meets the	522
requirements for accreditation under the national association of	523
insurance commissioners' financial standards and accreditation	524
program;	525
(iii) A qualified jurisdiction, as determined by the	526
superintendent pursuant to division (D)(3) of this section, that	527
<u>is not otherwise described in division (E)(8)(b)(i) or (ii) of</u>	528
this section, and that meets certain additional requirements,	529
consistent with the terms and conditions of in-force covered	530
agreements, as specified in rule adopted by the superintendent.	531
agreements, as specified in fare adopted by the superintendent.	551
<u>(F)</u> An assuming insurer shall file a written instrument	532
appointing an attorney as its agent in this state upon whom all	533
service of process may be served. Service of process upon this	534
agent shall bring the assuming insurer within the jurisdiction	535
of the courts of this state as if served upon an agent pursuant	536
to section 3927.03 of the Revised Code.	537
(F) <u>(</u>G) Nothing in this section shall prohibit the parties	538
to a reinsurance agreement from agreeing to provisions in the	539
agreement establishing security requirements that exceed the	540
minimum security requirements established for certified	541
reinsurers under this section.	542
(G) (1) (H) (1) In order to facilitate the prompt payment of	543
claims, the superintendent may permit a certified reinsurer to	544
defer the posting of security for catastrophe recoverables for a	545

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period of up to one year from the date of the first instance of 546 a liability reserve entry by the ceding insurer as a result of a 547 loss from a catastrophic occurrence. 548 (2) Upon notice by the ceding insurer to the 549 superintendent that the certified reinsurer has failed to pay 550 claims owed under a reinsurance agreement in a timely manner, 551 the superintendent shall notify the certified reinsurer that it 552 is no longer permitted to defer the posting of security for 553 catastrophe recoverables. 554 (3) Reinsurance recoverables for only the following lines 555 of business, as reported on the national association of 556 insurance commissioners' annual financial statement related 557 specifically to the catastrophic occurrence, shall be included 558 in the deferral: 559 (a) Fire; 560 (b) Allied lines; 561 (c) Farmowner's multiple peril; 562 (d) Homeowners multiple peril; 563 (e) Commercial multiple peril; 564 (f) Inland marine; 565 566 (g) Earthquake; (h) Auto physical damage. 567

(4) The superintendent may adopt rules in accordance with
Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to establish the process for a
certified reinsurer to seek a deferral of posting of security
for catastrophe recoverables.

Sec. 3901.64. (A) A domestic ceding insurer may take 572

credit for any reinsurance ceded as provided in sections 3901.61 573 to 3901.63 of the Revised Code only if the reinsurance agreement 574 contained in the reinsurance contract, and any agreement that 575 provides security for the payment of the obligations under the 576 reinsurance agreement, including any trust agreement, provide, 577 in substance, for the following: 578

(1) In the event of the insolvency of the ceding insurer, 579 the reinsurance, whether paid directly or from trust assets 580 securing the reinsurance agreement, shall be payable by the 581 assuming insurer on the basis of the liability of the ceding 582 insurer under the policy or contract reinsured, without any 583 diminution because the ceding insurer is insolvent or because 584 the liquidator or statutory receiver has failed to pay all or 585 any portion of any claims; 586

(2) The reinsurance payments, whether paid directly or 587 from trust assets securing the reinsurance agreement, shall be 588 made by the assuming insurer directly to the ceding insurer, or 589 in the event of its insolvency or liquidation, to its liquidator 590 or statutory receiver except where the reinsurance contract or 591 other written agreement specifically provides for direct payment 592 of the reinsurance to the insured or beneficiary of the 593 insurance policy in the event of the insolvency of the ceding 594 insurer. 595

(B) (1) The reinsurance agreement may provide that the
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domiciliary liquidator or statutory receiver shall give written
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notice to the assuming insurer that a claim is pending against
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the ceding insurer on the policy or contract reinsured. The
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notice shall be given within a reasonable amount of time after
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the claim is filed with the liquidator or statutory receiver.
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During the pendency of the claim, any assuming insurer may

investigate the claim and interpose, at its own expense, in the 603
proceeding where the claim is to be adjudicated any defenses 604
which it deems to be available to the ceding insurer or its 605
liquidator. 606

(2) The expense may be filed as a claim against the insolvent ceding insurer to the extent of a proportionate share of the benefit that may accrue to the ceding insurer solely as a result of the defense undertaken by the assuming insurer. Where two or more assuming insurers are involved in the same claim and a majority in interest elect to interpose a defense to the claim, the expense shall be apportioned in accordance with the terms of the reinsurance agreement as though the expense had been incurred by the ceding insurer.

(C) If the assuming insurer is not licensed, or accredited or certified to transact insurance or reinsurance in this state, the credit permitted by division (A)(4) of section 3901.62 of the Revised Code shall not be allowed unless the assuming insurer agrees to do both of the following in the reinsurance agreements:

622 (1) (a) If the assuming insurer fails to perform its obligations under the terms of the reinsurance agreement, at the 623 request of the ceding insurer, the assuming insurer shall submit 624 to the jurisdiction of any court of competent jurisdiction in 625 any state within the United States, comply with all requirements 626 necessary to give the court jurisdiction, and abide by the final 627 decision of the court or of any appellate court in the event of 628 an appeal. 629

(b) The assuming insurer shall designate the630superintendent or a designated attorney as its true and lawful631attorney upon whom may be served any lawful process in any632

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ceding insurer.

(2) This division is not intended to conflict with or 635 override the obligation of the parties to a reinsurance 636 agreement to arbitrate their disputes, if this obligation is 637 created in the agreement. 638

(D) If the assuming insurer does not meet the requirements 639 of division (A)(1), (2), or (3), or (6) of section 3901.62 of 640 the Revised Code, the credit permitted by divisions (A)(4) and 641 (5) of that section shall not be allowed unless the assuming 642 insurer agrees in the trust agreements to the following 643 conditions: 644

(1) Notwithstanding any other provisions in the trust 645 instrument, if the trust fund is inadequate because it contains 646 an amount less than the amount required by division (C)(1) of 647 section 3901.62 of the Revised Code, or if the grantor of the 648 trust has been declared insolvent or placed into receivership, 649 rehabilitation, liquidation, or similar proceedings under the 650 laws of its state or country of domicile, the trustee shall 651 comply with an order of the superintendent with regulatory 652 oversight over the trust or with an order of a court of 653 competent jurisdiction directing the trustee to transfer to the 654 superintendent with regulatory oversight all of the assets of 655 the trust fund. 656

(2) The assets shall be distributed by, and claims shall 657 be filed with and valued by, the superintendent with regulatory 658 oversight in accordance with the laws of the state, in which the 659 trust is domiciled, that are applicable to the liquidation of 660 domestic insurance companies. 661

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(3) If the superintendent with regulatory oversight	662
determines that the assets of the trust fund, or any part	663
thereof, are not necessary to satisfy the claims of the ceding	664
insurers within the United States or the grantor of the trust,	665
the superintendent with regulatory oversight shall return the	666
assets or part thereof to the trustee for distribution in	667
accordance with the trust agreement.	668
(4) The grantor shall waive any right otherwise available	669
to it under the laws of the United States that are inconsistent	670
with this division.	671

Section 2. That existing sections 3901.62 and 3901.64 of672the Revised Code are hereby repealed.673