# As Reported by the Senate Insurance and Financial Institutions Committee

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**Representative Perales** 

Cosponsors: Representatives Miller, A., O'Brien, Riedel, Romanchuk, Scherer, Seitz, Weinstein, Abrams, Baldridge, Blair, Boggs, Brent, Brown, Callender, Carruthers, Cera, Clites, Crawley, Cross, Crossman, Dean, Edwards, Fraizer, Ghanbari, Ginter, Green, Grendell, Hambley, Hillyer, Hoops, Ingram, Jones, Keller, Kelly, Kick, Lanese, Lang, LaRe, Leland, Lepore-Hagan, Liston, Manning, D., Manning, G., McClain, Miller, J., Miranda, Oelslager, Patterson, Plummer, Roemer, Rogers, Russo, Smith, K., Smith, T., Sobecki, Stephens, Stoltzfus, Strahorn, Sweeney, West, Wiggam

Senator Hackett

# A BILL

To amend sections 4113.21, 4123.026, 4123.52,	1
4123.56, 4123.58, 4123.65, and 4123.66 and to	2
enact section 4121.471 of the Revised Code	3
regarding employee medical examinations and	4
changes to the Worker's Compensation Law.	5

# BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 4113.21, 4123.026, 4123.52,	6
4123.56, 4123.58, 4123.65, and 4123.66 be amended and section	7
4121.471 of the Revised Code be enacted to read as follows:	8
Sec. 4113.21. (A) No private employer shall require any	9
prospective employee or applicant for employment to pay the cost	10
of a medical examination required by the employer as a condition	11

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of employment.

(B) No public employer or private employer furnishing 13 services to a public employer in accordance with a contract 14 subject to the "Service Contract Act of 1965," 41 U.S.C. 6701 et 15 seq., shall require any employee, prospective employee, or 16 applicant for employment to pay the cost of a an initial or any 17 subsequent medical examination examinations required by the 18 public employer or private employer as a condition of employment 19 or continued employment. 20

(C) As used in this section:

(1) "Private employer" means any individual, partnership,
trust, estate, joint-stock company, insurance company, common
carrier, public utility, or corporation, whether domestic or
foreign, or the receiver, trustee in bankruptcy, trustee, or the
successor thereof, who has in employment three or more
individuals at any one time within a calendar year.

(2) "Public employer" means the United States, the state,
any political subdivision of the state, and any agency of the
United States, the state, or a political subdivision of the
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state.

(3) "Employee" means any person who may be permitted,
required, or directed by any employer in consideration of direct
or indirect gain or profit, to engage in any employment.
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(D) Any employer who violates this section shall forfeit
 not more than one hundred dollars for each violation. The bureau
 of workers' compensation and the public utilities commission
 shall enforce this section.

Sec. 4121.471. A claim for an additional award under39Section 35 of Article II, Ohio Constitution, alleging that an40

injury, occupational disease, or death resulted from an	41
employer's failure to comply with a specific safety rule for the	42
protection of the lives, health, and safety of employees shall	43
be forever barred unless it is filed within one year after the	44
date of the injury or death or within one year after the	45
disability due to the occupational disease began.	46

Sec. 4123.026. (A) The administrator of workers' 47 compensation, or a self-insuring public employer for the peace 48 officers, firefighters, and emergency medical workers employed 49 by or volunteering for that self-insuring public employer, or a 50 detention facility that is a self-insuring employer for the 51 facility's employees, including corrections officers, shall pay 52 the costs of conducting post-exposure medical diagnostic 53 services, consistent with the standards of medical care existing 54 at the time of the exposure, to investigate whether an injury or 55 occupational disease was sustained by a peace officer, 56 firefighter, or emergency medical worker, or detention facility 57 employee, including a corrections officer, when coming into 58 contact with the blood or other body fluid of another person in 59 the course of and arising out of the peace officer's, 60 firefighter's, or emergency medical worker's, or detention 61 facility employee's employment, or when responding to an 62 inherently dangerous situation in the manner described in, and 63 in accordance with the conditions specified under, division (A) 64 (1) (a) of section 4123.01 of the Revised Code, through any of 65 the following means: 66

(1) Splash or spatter in the eye or mouth, including when received in the course of conducting mouth-to-mouth resuscitation;

(2) A puncture in the skin;

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as an open sore, wound, lesion, abrasion, or ulcer.

(3) A cut in the skin or another opening in the skin such

(B) The administrator, a self-insuring public employer, or 73 a detention facility that is a self-insuring employer shall pay 74 the costs of conducting post-exposure medical diagnostic 75 services to investigate whether an employee described in 76 division (A) of this section sustained an injury or occupational 77 disease if both of the following apply: 78 79 (1) In the course of employment the employee is exposed to a drug or other chemical substance. 80 (2) The post-exposure medical diagnostic service is 81 consistent with the standards of medical care existing at the 82 time of exposure. 83 (C) As used in this section: 84 (1) "Peace officer" has the same meaning as in section 85 2935.01 of the Revised Code. 86 (2) "Firefighter" means a firefighter, whether paid or 87 volunteer, of a lawfully constituted fire department. 88 (3) "Emergency medical worker" means a first responder, 89 90 emergency medical technician-basic, emergency medical technician-intermediate, or emergency medical technician-91 paramedic, certified under Chapter 4765. of the Revised Code, 92 whether paid or volunteer. 93 (4) "Corrections officer" means a person employed by a 94 detention facility as a corrections officer. 95

(5) "Detention facility" means any public or private place96used for the confinement of a person charged with or convicted97of any crime in this state or another state or under the laws of98

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the United States or alleged or found to be a delinguent child	99
or unruly child in this state or another state or under the laws	100
of the United States .	101
Sec. 4123.52. (A) The jurisdiction of the industrial	102
commission and the authority of the administrator of workers'	103
compensation over each case is continuing, and the commission	104
may make such modification or change with respect to former	105
findings or orders with respect thereto, as, in its opinion is	106
justified. No modification or change nor any finding or award in	107
respect of any claim shall be made with respect to disability,	108
compensation, dependency, or benefits, after five years from the	109
date of injury in the absence of <del>the payment of</del> medical benefits	110
being provided under this chapter or in the absence of payment	111
of compensation under section 4123.57, 4123.58, or division (A)	112
or (B) of section 4123.56 of the Revised Code or wages in lieu	113
of compensation in a manner so as to satisfy the requirements of	114
section 4123.84 of the Revised Code, in which event the	115
modification, change, finding, or award shall be made within	116
five years from the date of the last medical services being	117
rendered or the date of the last payment of compensation or from	118
the date of death, nor unless written notice of claim for the	119
specific part or parts of the body injured or disabled has been	120
given as provided in section 4123.84 or 4123.85 of the Revised	121
Code. The commission shall not make any modification, change,	122
finding, or award which shall award compensation for a back	123
period in excess of two years prior to the date of filing	124
application therefor.	125
(B) Notwithstanding division (A) of this section, and	126

except as otherwise provided in a rule that shall be adopted by 127 the administrator, with the advice and consent of the bureau of 128 workers' compensation board of directors, neither the 129

administrator nor the commission shall make any finding or award 130 for payment of medical or vocational rehabilitation services 131 submitted for payment more than one year after the date the 132 services were rendered or more than one year after the date the 133 services became payable under division (I) of section 4123.511 134 of the Revised Code, whichever is later. No medical or 135 vocational rehabilitation provider shall bill a claimant for 136 services rendered if the administrator or commission is 137 prohibited from making that payment under this division. 138

(C) Division (B) of this section does not apply to 139 requests made by the centers for medicare and medicaid services 140 in the United States department of health and human services for 141 reimbursement of conditional payments made pursuant to section 142 1395y(b)(2) of title 42, United States Code (commonly known as 143 the "Medicare Secondary Payer Act"). 144

(D) This section does not affect the right of a claimant to compensation accruing subsequent to the filing of any such application, provided the application is filed within the time limit provided in this section.

(E) This section does not deprive the commission of its
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continuing jurisdiction to determine the questions raised by any
application for modification of award which has been filed with
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the commission after June 1, 1932, and prior to the expiration
of the applicable period but in respect to which no award has
been granted or denied during the applicable period.

(F) The commission may, by general rules, provide for thedestruction of files of cases in which no further action may betaken.

(G) The commission and administrator of workers'

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compensation each may, by general rules, provide for the 159 retention and destruction of all other records in their 160 possession or under their control pursuant to section 121.211 161 and sections 149.34 to 149.36 of the Revised Code. The bureau of 162 workers' compensation may purchase or rent required equipment 163 for the document retention media, as determined necessary to 164 preserve the records. Photographs, microphotographs, microfilm, 165 films, or other direct document retention media, when properly 166 identified, have the same effect as the original record and may 167 be offered in like manner and may be received as evidence in 168 proceedings before the industrial commission, staff hearing 169 officers, and district hearing officers, and in any court where 170 the original record could have been introduced. 171

Sec. 4123.56. (A) Except as provided in division (D) of 172 this section, in the case of temporary disability, an employee 173 shall receive sixty-six and two-thirds per cent of the 174 employee's average weekly wage so long as such disability is 175 total, not to exceed a maximum amount of weekly compensation 176 which is equal to the statewide average weekly wage as defined 177 in division (C) of section 4123.62 of the Revised Code, and not 178 less than a minimum amount of compensation which is equal to 179 thirty-three and one-third per cent of the statewide average 180 weekly wage as defined in division (C) of section 4123.62 of the 181 Revised Code unless the employee's wage is less than thirty-182 three and one-third per cent of the minimum statewide average 183 weekly wage, in which event the employee shall receive 184 compensation equal to the employee's full wages; provided that 185 for the first twelve weeks of total disability the employee 186 shall receive seventy-two per cent of the employee's full weekly 187 wage, but not to exceed a maximum amount of weekly compensation 188 which is equal to the lesser of the statewide average weekly 189

wage as defined in division (C) of section 4123.62 of the 190 Revised Code or one hundred per cent of the employee's net take-191 home weekly wage. In the case of a self-insuring employer, 192 payments shall be for a duration based upon the medical reports 193 of the attending physician. If the employer disputes the 194 attending physician's report, payments may be terminated only 195 upon application and hearing by a district hearing officer 196 pursuant to division (C) of section 4123.511 of the Revised 197 Code. Payments shall continue pending the determination of the 198 matter, however payment shall not be made for the period when 199 any employee has returned to work, when an employee's treating 200 physician has made a written statement that the employee is 201 capable of returning to the employee's former position of 202 employment, when work within the physical capabilities of the 203 employee is made available by the employer or another employer, 204 or when the employee has reached the maximum medical 205 improvement. Where the employee is capable of work activity, but 206 the employee's employer is unable to offer the employee any 207 employment, the employee shall register with the director of job 208 and family services, who shall assist the employee in finding 209 suitable employment. The termination of temporary total 210 disability, whether by order or otherwise, does not preclude the 211 commencement of temporary total disability at another point in 212 time if the employee again becomes temporarily totally disabled. 213

After two hundred weeks of temporary total disability214benefits, the medical section of the bureau of workers'215compensation shall schedule the claimant for an examination for216an evaluation to determine whether or not the temporary217disability has become permanent. A self-insuring employer shall218notify the bureau immediately after payment of two hundred weeks219of temporary total disability and request that the bureau220

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schedule the claimant for such an examination.
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When the employee is awarded compensation for temporary 222 total disability for a period for which the employee has 223 received benefits under Chapter 4141. of the Revised Code, the 224 bureau shall pay an amount equal to the amount received from the 225 award to the director of job and family services and the 226 director shall credit the amount to the accounts of the 227 employers to whose accounts the payment of benefits was charged 228 or is chargeable to the extent it was charged or is chargeable. 229

If any compensation under this section has been paid for 230 the same period or periods for which temporary nonoccupational 231 accident and sickness insurance is or has been paid pursuant to 232 an insurance policy or program to which the employer has made 233 the entire contribution or payment for providing insurance or 234 under a nonoccupational accident and sickness program fully 235 funded by the employer, except as otherwise provided in this 236 division compensation paid under this section for the period or 237 periods shall be paid only to the extent by which the payment or 238 payments exceeds the amount of the nonoccupational insurance or 239 program paid or payable. Offset of the compensation shall be 240 made only upon the prior order of the bureau or industrial 241 commission or agreement of the claimant. If an employer provides 242 supplemental sick leave benefits in addition to temporary total 243 disability compensation paid under this section, and if the 244 employer and an employee agree in writing to the payment of the 245 supplemental sick leave benefits, temporary total disability 246 benefits may be paid without an offset for those supplemental 247 sick leave benefits. 248

As used in this division, "net take-home weekly wage" 249 means the amount obtained by dividing an employee's total 250

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remuneration, as defined in section 4141.01 of the Revised Code, 251 252 paid to or earned by the employee during the first four of the last five completed calendar quarters which immediately precede 253 the first day of the employee's entitlement to benefits under 254 this division, by the number of weeks during which the employee 255 was paid or earned remuneration during those four quarters, less 256 the amount of local, state, and federal income taxes deducted 257 for each such week. 258

(B)(1) If an employee in a claim allowed under this 259 260 chapter suffers a wage loss as a result of returning to 261 employment other than the employee's former position of employment due to an injury or occupational disease, the 262 employee shall receive compensation at sixty-six and two-thirds 263 per cent of the difference between the employee's average weekly 264 wage and the employee's present earnings not to exceed the 265 statewide average weekly wage. The payments may continue for up 266 to a maximum of two hundred weeks, but the payments shall be 267 reduced by the corresponding number of weeks in which the 268 employee receives payments pursuant to division (A)(2) of 269 section 4121.67 of the Revised Code. 270

(2) If an employee in a claim allowed under this chapter 271 272 suffers a wage loss as a result of being unable to find employment consistent with the employee's disability resulting 273 from the employee's injury or occupational disease, the employee 274 shall receive compensation at sixty-six and two-thirds per cent 275 of the difference between the employee's average weekly wage and 276 the employee's present earnings, not to exceed the statewide 277 average weekly wage. The payments may continue for up to a 278 maximum of fifty-two weeks. The first twenty-six weeks of 279 payments under division (B)(2) of this section shall be in 280 addition to the maximum of two hundred weeks of payments allowed 281

under division (B)(1) of this section. If an employee in a claim 282
allowed under this chapter receives compensation under division 283
(B)(2) of this section in excess of twenty-six weeks, the number 284
of weeks of compensation allowable under division (B)(1) of this 285
section shall be reduced by the corresponding number of weeks in 286
excess of twenty-six, and up to fifty-two, that is allowable 287
under division (B)(1) of this section. 288

(3) The number of weeks of wage loss payable to an
(3) The number of weeks of wage loss payable to an
(3) employee under divisions (B) (1) and (2) of this section shall
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(C) In the event an employee of a professional sports franchise domiciled in this state is disabled as the result of an injury or occupational disease, the total amount of payments made under a contract of hire or collective bargaining agreement to the employee during a period of disability is deemed an advanced payment of compensation payable under sections 4123.56 to 4123.58 of the Revised Code. The employer shall be reimbursed the total amount of the advanced payments out of any award of compensation made pursuant to sections 4123.56 to 4123.58 of the Revised Code.

(D) If an employee receives temporary total disability
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benefits pursuant to division (A) of this section and social
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security retirement benefits pursuant to the "Social Security
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Act," the weekly benefit amount under division (A) of this
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section shall not exceed sixty-six and two-thirds per cent of
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the statewide average weekly wage as defined in division (C) of
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section 4123.62 of the Revised Code.

(E) If an employee is eligible for compensation under 309division (A) of this section, but the employee's full weekly 310wage has not been determined at the time payments are to 311

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commence under division (H) of section 4123.511 of the Revised312Code, the employee shall receive thirty-three and one-third per313cent of the statewide average weekly wage as defined in division314(C) of section 4123.62 of the Revised Code. On determination of315the employee's full weekly wage, the compensation an employee316receives shall be adjusted pursuant to division317section.318

If the amount of compensation an employee receives under 319 this division is greater than the adjusted amount the employee 320 receives under division (A) of this section that is based on the 321 322 employee's full weekly wage, the excess amount shall be recovered in the manner provided in division (K) of section 323 4123.511 of the Revised Code. If the amount of compensation an 324 employee receives under this division is less than the adjusted 325 amount the employee receives under that division that is based 326 on the employee's full weekly wage, the employee shall receive 327 the difference between those two amounts. 328

(F) If an employee is unable to work or suffers a wage 329 loss as the direct result of an impairment arising from an 330 injury or occupational disease, the employee is entitled to 331 receive compensation under this section, provided the employee 332 is otherwise qualified. If an employee is not working or has 333 suffered a wage loss as the direct result of reasons unrelated 334 to the allowed injury or occupational disease, the employee is 335 not eligible to receive compensation under this section. It is 336 the intent of the general assembly to supersede any previous 337 judicial decision that applied the doctrine of voluntary\_ 338 abandonment to a claim brought under this section. 339

Sec. 4123.58. (A) In cases of permanent total disability, 340 the employee shall receive an award to continue until the 341

employee's death in the amount of sixty-six and two-thirds per 342 cent of the employee's average weekly wage, but, except as 343 otherwise provided in division (B) of this section, not more 344 than a maximum amount of weekly compensation which is equal to 345 sixty-six and two-thirds per cent of the statewide average 346 weekly wage as defined in division (C) of section 4123.62 of the 347 Revised Code in effect on the date of injury or on the date the 348 disability due to the occupational disease begins, nor not less 349 than a minimum amount of weekly compensation which is equal to 350 fifty per cent of the statewide average weekly wage as defined 351 in division (C) of section 4123.62 of the Revised Code in effect 352 on the date of injury or on the date the disability due to the 353 occupational disease begins, unless the employee's average 354 weekly wage is less than fifty per cent of the statewide average 355 weekly wage at the time of the injury, in which event the 356 employee shall receive compensation in an amount equal to the 357 employee's average weekly wage. 358

(B) In the event the weekly workers' compensation amount 359 360 when combined with disability benefits received pursuant to the Social Security Act is less than the statewide average weekly 361 wage as defined in division (C) of section 4123.62 of the 362 Revised Code, then the maximum amount of weekly compensation 363 shall be the statewide average weekly wage as defined in 364 division (C) of section 4123.62 of the Revised Code. At any time 365 that social security disability benefits terminate or are 366 reduced, the workers' compensation award shall be recomputed to 367 pay the maximum amount permitted under this division. 368

(C) Permanent total disability shall be compensated
according to this section only when at least one of the
following applies to the claimant:
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(1) The claimant has lost, or lost the use of both hands
or both arms, or both feet or both legs, or both eyes, or of any
two thereof; however, the loss or loss of use of one limb does
not constitute the loss or loss of use of two body parts;
(2) The impairment resulting from the employee's injury or
occupational disease prevents the employee from engaging in
sustained remunerative employment utilizing the employment
skills that the employee has or may reasonably be expected to
develop.
(D) Permanent total disability shall not be compensated

when the reason the employee is unable to engage in sustained 382
remunerative employment is due to any of the following reasons, 383
whether individually or in combination: 384

(1) Impairments of the employee that are not the result of 385an allowed injury or occupational disease; 386

(2) Solely the employee's age or aging;

(3) The employee retired or otherwise voluntarily388abandoned the workforce is not working for reasons unrelated to389the allowed injury or occupational disease.390

(4) The employee has not engaged in educational or
rehabilitative efforts to enhance the employee's employability,
unless such efforts are determined to be in vain.

(E) Compensation payable under this section for permanent
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total disability is in addition to benefits payable under
division (B) of section 4123.57 of the Revised Code.
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(F) If an employee is awarded compensation for permanent
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total disability under this section because the employee
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sustained a traumatic brain injury, the employee is entitled to
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that compensation regardless of the employee's employment in a 400 sheltered workshop subsequent to the award, on the condition 401 that the employee does not receive income, compensation, or 402 remuneration from that employment in excess of two thousand 403 dollars in any calendar quarter. As used in this division, 404 "sheltered workshop" means a state agency or nonprofit 405 organization established to carry out a program of 406 rehabilitation for handicapped individuals or to provide these 407 individuals with remunerative employment or other occupational 408 rehabilitating activity. 409

Sec. 4123.65. (A) A state fund employer or the employee of 410 such an employer may file an application with the administrator 411 of workers' compensation for approval of a final settlement of a 412 claim under this chapter. The application shall include the 413 settlement agreement, and except as otherwise specified in this 414 division, be signed by the claimant and employer, and clearly 415 set forth the circumstances by reason of which the proposed 416 settlement is deemed desirable and that the parties agree to the 417 terms of the settlement agreement. A claimant may file an 418 application without an employer's signature in the following 419 situations: 420

(1) The employer is no longer doing business in Ohio;

(2) The claim no longer is in the employer's industrial
accident or occupational disease experience as provided in
division (B) of section 4123.34 of the Revised Code and the
claimant no longer is employed with that employer;

(3) The employer has failed to comply with section 4123.35426 of the Revised Code.

If a claimant files an application without an employer's

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signature, and the employer still is doing business in this 429 state, the administrator shall send written notice of the 430 application to the employer immediately upon receipt of the 431 application. If the employer fails to respond to the notice 432 within thirty days after the notice is sent, the application 433 need not contain the employer's signature. 434

If a state fund employer or an employee of such an 435 employer has not filed an application for a final settlement 436 under this division, the administrator may file an application 437 on behalf of the employer or the employee, provided that the 438 administrator gives notice of the filing to the employer and the 439 employee and to the representative of record of the employer and 440 of the employee immediately upon the filing. An application 441 filed by the administrator shall contain all of the information 442 and signatures required of an employer or an employee who files 443 an application under this division. Every self-insuring employer 444 that enters into a final settlement agreement with an employee 445 shall mail, within seven days of executing the agreement, a copy 446 447 of the agreement to the administrator and the employee's representative. The administrator shall place the agreement into 448 the claimant's file. 449

(B) Except as provided in divisions (C) and (D) of this
section, a settlement agreed to under this section is binding
upon all parties thereto and as to items, injuries, and
occupational diseases to which the settlement applies.

(C) No settlement agreed to under division (A) of this
section or agreed to by a self-insuring employer and the selfinsuring employer's employee shall take effect until thirty days
after the administrator approves the settlement for state fund
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employees and employers, or after the self-insuring employer and
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employee sign the final settlement agreement. During Except as 459 provided in division (G) of this section, during the thirty-day 460 period, the employer, employee, or administrator, for state fund 461 settlements, and the employer or employee, for self-insuring 462 settlements, may withdraw consent to the settlement by an 463 employer providing written notice to the employer's employee and 464 the administrator or by an employee providing written notice to 465 the employee's employer and the administrator, or by the 466 administrator providing written notice to the state fund 467 employer and employee. If an employee dies during the thirty-day 468 waiting period following the approval of a settlement, the 469 settlement can be voided by any party for good cause shown. 470

471 (D) At the time of agreement to any final settlement agreement under division (A) of this section or agreement 472 between a self-insuring employer and the self-insuring 473 employer's employee, the administrator, for state fund 474 settlements, and the self-insuring employer, for self-insuring 475 settlements, immediately shall send a copy of the agreement to 476 the industrial commission who shall assign the matter to a staff 477 hearing officer. The staff hearing officer shall determine, 478 within the time limitations specified in division (C) of this 479 section, whether the settlement agreement is or is not a gross 480 miscarriage of justice. If the staff hearing officer determines 481 within that time period that the settlement agreement is clearly 482 unfair, the staff hearing officer shall issue an order 483 disapproving the settlement agreement. If the staff hearing 484 officer determines that the settlement agreement is not clearly 485 unfair or fails to act within those time limits, the settlement 486 agreement is approved. 487

(E) A settlement entered into under this section may488pertain to one or more claims of a claimant, or one or more489

parts of a claim, or the compensation or benefits pertaining to 490 either, or any combination thereof, provided that nothing in 491 this section shall be interpreted to require a claimant to enter 492 into a settlement agreement for every claim that has been filed 493 with the bureau of workers' compensation by that claimant under 494 Chapter 4121., 4123., 4127., or 4131. of the Revised Code. 495

(F) A settlement entered into under this section is not496appealable under section 4123.511 or 4123.512 of the RevisedCode.498

(G) Notwithstanding any provision of the Revised Code to the contrary, an employer shall not deny or withdraw consent to a settlement application filed under this section if both of the following apply to the claim that is the subject of the application:

(1) The claim is no longer within the date of impact pursuant to the employer's industrial accident or occupational disease experience as provided in division (B) of section 4123.34 of the Revised Code;

(2) The employee named in the claim is no longer employed by the employer.

Sec. 4123.66. (A) In addition to the compensation provided 510 for in this chapter, the administrator of workers' compensation 511 shall disburse and pay from the state insurance fund the amounts 512 for medical, nurse, and hospital services and medicine as the 513 administrator deems proper and, in case death ensues from the 514 injury or occupational disease, the administrator shall disburse 515 and pay from the fund reasonable funeral expenses in an amount 516 not to exceed fifty-five seven thousand five hundred dollars. 517 The bureau of workers' compensation shall reimburse anyone, 518

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whether dependent, volunteer, or otherwise, who pays the funeral 519 expenses of any employee whose death ensues from any injury or 520 occupational disease as provided in this section. The 521 administrator may adopt rules, with the advice and consent of 522 the bureau of workers' compensation board of directors, with 523 respect to furnishing medical, nurse, and hospital service and 524 medicine to injured or disabled employees entitled thereto, and 525 for the payment therefor. In case an injury or industrial 526 accident that injures an employee also causes damage to the 527 employee's eyeqlasses, artificial teeth or other denture, or 528 hearing aid, or in the event an injury or occupational disease 529 makes it necessary or advisable to replace, repair, or adjust 530 the same, the bureau shall disburse and pay a reasonable amount 531 to repair or replace the same. 532

(B) The administrator, in the rules the administrator 533 adopts pursuant to division (A) of this section, may adopt rules 534 specifying the circumstances under which the bureau may make 535 immediate payment for the first fill of prescription drugs for 536 medical conditions identified in an application for compensation 537 or benefits under section 4123.84 or 4123.85 of the Revised Code 538 that occurs prior to the date the administrator issues an 539 initial determination order under division (B) of section 540 4123.511 of the Revised Code. If the claim is ultimately 541 disallowed in a final administrative or judicial order, and if 542 the employer is a state fund employer who pays assessments into 543 the surplus fund account created under section 4123.34 of the 544 Revised Code, the payments for medical services made pursuant to 545 this division for the first fill of prescription drugs shall be 546 charged to and paid from the surplus fund account and not 547 charged through the state insurance fund to the employer against 548 whom the claim was filed. 549

(C) (1) If an employer or a welfare plan has provided to or 550 on behalf of an employee any benefits or compensation for an 551 injury or occupational disease and that injury or occupational 552 disease is determined compensable under this chapter, the 553 employer or a welfare plan may request that the administrator 554 reimburse the employer or welfare plan for the amount the 555 employer or welfare plan paid to or on behalf of the employee in 556 compensation or benefits. The administrator shall reimburse the 557 employer or welfare plan for the compensation and benefits paid 558 if, at the time the employer or welfare plan provides the 559 benefits or compensation to or on behalf of employee, the injury 560 or occupational disease had not been determined to be 561 compensable under this chapter and if the employee was not 562 receiving compensation or benefits under this chapter for that 563 injury or occupational disease. The administrator shall 564 reimburse the employer or welfare plan in the amount that the 565 administrator would have paid to or on behalf of the employee 566 under this chapter if the injury or occupational disease 567 originally would have been determined compensable under this 568 chapter. If the employer is a merit-rated employer, the 569 administrator shall adjust the amount of premium next due from 570 the employer according to the amount the administrator pays the 571 employer. The administrator shall adopt rules, in accordance 572 with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, to implement this 573 division. 574

(2) As used in this division, "welfare plan" has the same575meaning as in division (1) of 29 U.S.C.A. 1002.576

(D) (1) Subject to the requirements of division (D) (2) of 577
this section, the administrator may make a payment of up to five 578
hundred dollars to either of the following: 579

(a) The centers of medicare and medicaid services, for	580
reimbursement of conditional payments made pursuant to the	581
"Medicare Secondary Payer Act," 42 U.S.C. 1395y;	582
(b) The Ohio department of medicaid, or a medical	583
assistance provider to whom the department has assigned a right	584
of recovery for a claim for which the department has notified	585
the provider that the department intends to recoup the	586
department's prior payment for the claim, for reimbursement	587
under sections 5160.35 to 5160.43 of the Revised Code for the	588
cost of medical assistance paid on behalf of a medical	589
assistance recipient.	590
(2) The administrator may make a payment under division	591
(D)(1) of this section if the administrator makes a reasonable	592
determination that both of the following apply:	593
(a) The payment is for reimbursement of benefits for an	594
injury or occupational disease.	595
(b) The injury or occupational disease is compensable, or	596
is likely to be compensable, under this chapter or Chapter	597
4121., 4127., or 4131. of the Revised Code.	598
(3) Any payment made pursuant to this division shall be	599
charged to and paid from the surplus fund account created under	600
section 4123.34 of the Revised Code.	601
(4) Nothing in this division shall be construed as	602
limiting the centers of medicare and medicaid services, the	603
department, or any other entity with a lawful right to	604
reimbursement from recovering sums greater than five hundred	605
dollars.	606
(5) The administrator may adopt rules, with the advice and	607
consent of the bureau of workers' compensation board of	608

Am. Sub. H. B. No. 81	
As Reported by the Senate Insurance and Financial Institutions Committee	

Page 22

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directors, to implement this division.

 Section 2. That existing sections 4113.21, 4123.026,
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 4123.52, 4123.56, 4123.58, 4123.65, and 4123.66 of the Revised
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 Code are hereby repealed.
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Section 3. The amendments made to section 4123.52 of the 61.3 Revised Code by this act apply to claims arising on or after 614 July 1, 2020. The amendments made to sections 4123.56, 4123.58, 615 and 4123.65 of the Revised Code by this act apply to claims 616 pending on or arising after the effective date of this section. 617 The amendments made to section 4123.66 of the Revised Code by 618 this act apply to claims arising on or after the effective date 619 of this section. 620

Section 4121.471 of the Revised Code, as enacted by this 621 act, applies to claims arising on or after the effective date of 622 this section. 623

Section 4. Division (A) of Section 4123.512 of the Revised624Code, as amended by H.B. 27 of the 132nd General Assembly,625applies to claims under Chapter 4121., 4123., 4127., or 4131. of626the Revised Code pending on or arising after September 29, 2017.627