1	STATE OF OKLAHOMA
2	1st Session of the 56th Legislature (2017)
3	CONFERENCE COMMITTEE
4	SUBSTITUTE FOR ENGROSSED
5	HOUSE BILL NO. 1868 By: Dunnington of the House
6	and
7	Thompson of the Senate
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10	CONFERENCE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
11	An Act relating to state government; amending 74 O.S.
12	2011, Section 840-2.15, which relates to the Oklahoma Personnel Act; providing for overtime pay for state
13	employees earning certain salary; and providing an effective date.
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16	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:
17	SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 74 O.S. 2011, Section 840-2.15, is
18	amended to read as follows:
19	Section 840-2.15. A. The federal Fair Labor Standards Act, 29
20	U.S.C., Section 201, et seq., provides for minimum standards for
21	overtime entitlement, and spells out administrative procedures by
22	which covered work time must be compensated. This section is not a
23	comprehensive listing of the provisions of the Fair Labor Standards
24	Act and regulations promulgated thereunder, and is not intended to

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- conflict with either the Act or the regulations. No Except as otherwise provided by this section, no agency, board, commission, department, institution, bureau, executive officer or other entity of the executive branch shall exceed the minimum overtime entitlement provisions of the Fair Labor Standards Act and regulations promulgated thereunder except as herein provided.
- B. Nothing in this title or the federal Fair Labor Standards
 Act shall be construed to prohibit an employer from paying an
 employee who is required to work on a holiday, as defined in Section
 82.1 of Title 25 of the Oklahoma Statutes, for such work at a rate
 of two times the employee's regular hourly rate, or from
 rescheduling the holiday at the discretion of the appointing
 authority; provided, however, any state employee who is required to
 work on a holiday, as defined in Section 82.1 of Title 25 of the
 Oklahoma Statutes, in the performance of fire suppression duties
 shall receive holiday pay at a rate of two times the employee's
 regular hourly rate.
- C. Any employee receiving compensatory time consistent with the provisions of the federal Fair Labor Standards Act shall exhaust such compensatory time prior to the taking of annual leave, except where the employee is subject to losing such annual leave due to the application of the accumulation limits in Section 840-2.20 of this title.

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- D. An employee receiving compensatory time under the provisions of subsection A of this section shall be permitted to use accrued compensatory time within one hundred eighty (180) days following the day on which it was accrued, provided the taking of compensatory time does not unduly impact agency operations or the health, safety or welfare of the public, or endanger public property. Agencies shall not be allowed to extend this one-hundred-eighty-day time period for employees in an institutional setting. The balance of any unused compensatory time received but not taken during this time period shall be paid to the employee at the employee's current regular hourly rate.
- E. Beginning November 1, 2017, any state employee earning less than Thirty Thousand Dollars (\$30,000.00) income annually shall receive overtime pay, instead of compensatory time, for all hours worked over forty (40) hours a week.
- $\underline{F.}$ As used in this section, "institutional setting" shall mean any agency or part of any agency where twenty-four-hour care, monitoring or supervision is required for patients, clients or inmates to protect public health, safety or property.
- 20 | SECTION 2. This act shall become effective November 1, 2017.

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