## 1 HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES - FLOOR VERSION 2 STATE OF OKLAHOMA 3 2nd Session of the 55th Legislature (2016) HOUSE 4 RESOLUTION 1076 By: Derby 5 6 7 8 AS INTRODUCED 9 A Resolution recognizing chronic pain and abuse of pain medicine as serious health problems; encouraging 10 state agencies to implement certain recommendations; encouraging patients and providers to follow appropriate pain management; recognizing September as 11 Pain Awareness Month; and encouraging citizens to 12 become informed. 1.3 14 15 WHEREAS, pain is a major public health problem and is the number 16 one reason Americans seek medical care; and 17 WHEREAS, according to the Institute of Medicine, over 100 18 million Americans live with chronic pain as a result of serious 19 illnesses and injuries; and 20 WHEREAS, chronic pain costs America up to \$635 billion a year in 21 added health costs and lost productivity, including billions of 22 dollars in state Medicaid costs; and 23 WHEREAS, significant barriers to adequate pain care exist and 24 millions of Americans get inadequate pain care; and

1 WHEREAS, increased awareness about the effects of chronic pain 2 results in better outcomes, increased access to efficient pain care 3 and empowerment and validation for those living with pain; and WHEREAS, the 2011 report "Relieving Pain in America: A Blueprint 4 5 for Transforming Prevention, Care, Education and Research" by the Institute of Medicine includes a number of recommendations to 6 7 improve pain care, education and research; and WHEREAS, the report by the Institute of Medicine also found that 8 9 significant savings can be achieved through better treatment of 10 acute pain by reducing workers' compensation costs, lost tax revenue 11 and the economic burden of opioid abuse and misuse; and 12 WHEREAS, the use and misuse of prescription pain drugs and 13 opioids is a problem in Oklahoma that is increasing; and 14 WHEREAS, in 2012, Oklahoma tied Kentucky for the third highest 15 rate of painkillers prescribed; and 16 WHEREAS, according to the State Department of Health in 2014, 17 510 people in Oklahoma died from unintentional drug overdose; and 18 WHEREAS, new technologies are available that can protect the 19 integrity of pain medications by preventing their form from being 20 altered in a manner that would facilitate misuse or abuse of the 21 medications; and 22 WHEREAS, the introduction of technologies that deter abuse into 23 the pain medication area is of great potential significance to 24 Oklahoma as a method to support the continued access of patients to

these important medicines and to the general interests of Oklahoma as a strategy to limit prescription opioid abuse problems.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE 2ND SESSION OF THE 55TH OKLAHOMA LEGISLATURE:

THAT the Oklahoma House of Representatives recognizes that chronic pain is a serious health problem.

THAT the Oklahoma House of Representatives encourages the appropriate agencies of state government to examine how the state can improve the health and productivity of citizens and reduce personal and government health expenditures by implementing the recommendations made in the report "Relieving Pain in America: A Blueprint for Transforming Prevention, Care, Education and Research" by the Institute of Medicine.

THAT the Oklahoma House of Representatives recognizes that prescription drug abuse of pain medications is a serious health problem for the state.

THAT the Oklahoma House of Representatives encourages patients and providers to follow appropriate pain management including the use of nonpharmacological treatments, nonopioid medications and abuse-deterrent medications when appropriate.

THAT the Oklahoma House of Representatives hereby recognizes

September as Pain Awareness Month and encourages all Oklahomans to

become more informed and aware of the impacts of chronic pain and avenues to prevent prescription opioid abuse. DIRECT TO CALENDAR.