## STATE OF OKLAHOMA

2nd Session of the 58th Legislature (2022)

SENATE BILL 1740 By: Standridge

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AS INTRODUCED

An Act relating to employer vaccination mandates; requiring employers to allow employees to be exempted from the employer's vaccination mandate; providing exemptions employees may use; requiring health exemptions to be verified by certain medical personnel; providing for religious exemption; allowing for medical evidence to be presented as evidence to immunity; allowing for periodic testing or protective equipment supplied by the employer; allowing employee to file a complaint for noncompliance; authorizing the Office of the Attorney General to conduct investigations; providing for terminated employees to file complaint to Attorney General; promulgation of rules; amending 40 O.S. 2021, Section 192, which relates to violations; providing fine structure for violations; providing conditions for determination of fine; providing for codification; and declaring an emergency.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

- SECTION 1. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 191.1 of Title 40, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
- A. A private employer shall not impose a COVID-19 vaccination mandate for any full-time, part-time, or contract employee without providing individual exemptions that allow an employee to opt out of

such requirement on the basis of medical reasons including, but not limited to, pregnancy or anticipated pregnancy, religions reasons, COVID-19 immunity, periodic testing, and the use of employer-provided personal protective equipment. For purposes of this section, "COVID-19" means the novel coronavirus identified as SARS-COV-2, any disease caused by SARS-COV-2, its viral fragments, a virus mutating therefrom, and all conditions associated with the disease which are caused by SARS-COV-2, its viral fragments, or a virus mutating therefrom. Employers shall use forms adopted by the State Department of Health, or substantially similar forms, for employees to submit exemption statements:

1. To claim an exemption based on medical reasons including, but not limited to, pregnancy or anticipated pregnancy, the employee shall present to the employer an exemption statement, dated and signed by a licensed physician or a physician assistant who holds a valid, active license as provided in Section 519.1 et seq. of Title 59 of the Oklahoma Statutes, or an advanced practice registered nurse who holds a valid, active license as provided in Section 567.1 et seq. of Title 59 of the Oklahoma Statues. The statement shall provide that, in the professional opinion of the physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse, COVID-19 vaccination is not in the best medical interest of the employee. The State Department of Health shall adopt rules specifying circumstances that are considered an anticipated pregnancy

including, but not limited to, a maximum timeframe within which one anticipates pregnancy for the purpose of claiming an exemption pursuant to this paragraph;

- 2. To claim an exemption based on religious reasons, the employee shall present to the employer an exemption statement indicating that the employee declines COVID-19 vaccination because of a sincerely held religious belief;
- 3. To claim an exemption based on COVID-19 immunity, the employee shall present to the employer an exemption statement demonstrating competent medical evidence that the employee has immunity to COVID-19, documented by the results of a valid laboratory test performed on the employee. The State Department of Health shall adopt a standard for demonstrating competent medical evidence of such immunity;
- 4. To claim an exemption based on periodic testing, the employee shall present to the employer an exemption statement indicating that the employee agrees to comply with regular testing for the presence of COVID-19 at no cost to the employee; or
- 5. To claim an exemption based on employer-provided personal protective equipment, the employee shall present to the employer an exemption statement indicating that the employee agrees to comply with the employer's reasonable written requirement to use employer-provided personal protective equipment when in the presence of other employees or other persons.

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- B. If an employer receives a completed exemption statement authorized by subsection A of this section, the employer shall allow the employee to opt out of the employer's COVID-19 vaccination mandate.
- C. An employee may file a complaint with the Office of the Attorney General alleging that an exemption has not been offered or has been improperly applied or denied in violation of this section. If the Attorney General investigates and finds that the exemption was not offered or was improperly applied or denied, it shall notify the employer of its determination and allow the employer the opportunity to cure the noncompliance.
- D. The State Department of Health, the Office of the Attorney General, and Department of Labor shall promulgate the rules necessary to implement this section. Such rules shall be adopted within fifteen (15) days after the effective date of this act. An employer COVID-19 vaccination mandate is deemed invalid until the State Department of Health adopts rules or fifteen (15) days after the effective date of this act, whichever occurs first.
- SECTION 2. AMENDATORY 40 O.S. 2021, Section 192, is amended to read as follows:

Section 192. A. Each and every violation of any provision of Section 1 of this act Section 191 of this title shall constitute a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine in any amount not exceeding One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00).

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B. 1. An employer who fails to comply with Section 1 of this act and terminates an employee based on a COVID-19 vaccination mandate commits a violation of Section 1 of this act. Termination includes the functional equivalent of termination. The terminated employee may file a complaint with the Attorney General alleging that an exemption has not been offered or has been improperly applied or denied, resulting in the employee's termination. The Attorney General shall conduct an investigation of the complaint filed by a terminated employee. The investigation, at a minimum, shall determine whether the employer has imposed a COVID-19 vaccination mandate, whether the employee has submitted a proper exemption statement and complied with a specified condition, and whether the employee was terminated as a result of the COVID-19 vaccination mandate. If the Attorney General finds that an employee has been improperly terminated, the Attorney General shall impose an administrative fine not to exceed:

- <u>a.</u> <u>Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) per violation for an</u> employer with fewer than one hundred employees, and
- b. Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00) per violation for an employer with more than one hundred employees.

However, the Attorney General may not impose a fine on an employer that reinstates, prior to the issuance of a final order, a terminated employee with back pay to the date that the complaint was received by the Attorney General pursuant to this subsection.

1	2. In determining the amount of fine to be levied for a
2	violation, the Attorney General may consider any of the following
3	<pre>factors:</pre>
4	a. whether the employer knowingly and willfully violated
5	this section,
6	b. whether the employer has shown good faith in
7	attempting to comply with this section,
8	c. whether the employer has taken action to correct the
9	violation,
10	d. whether the employer has previously been assessed a
11	fine for violating this section, or
12	e. any other mitigating or aggravating factor that
13	fairness or due process requires.
14	3. Fines collected pursuant to this subsection shall be
15	deposited in the General Revenue Fund.
16	SECTION 3. It being immediately necessary for the preservation
17	of the public peace, health or safety, an emergency is hereby
18	declared to exist, by reason whereof this act shall take effect and
19	be in full force from and after its passage and approval.
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