## STATE OF OKLAHOMA

2nd Session of the 59th Legislature (2024)

SENATE BILL 1813 By: Paxton

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AS INTRODUCED

An Act relating to insurance claims; defining terms; providing application of act; requiring compliance with act by insurer; providing for certain payments for noncompliance by insurer; construing provision; requiring Insurance Commissioner to determine postjudgment interest rate monthly; requiring posting of rate on Insurance Department website; setting postjudgment rates; providing date of accrual for interest awarded as damages; requiring presuit notice by claimant or representative of claimant prior to filing certain action; stating requirements of notice; stating exemptions from presuit notice; requiring court to dismiss certain claims under certain circumstances; providing for admissibility of presuit notice in civil action or alternative dispute resolution; authorizing inspection of property damage at issue upon written notice; providing procedure for inspection; authorizing filing of plea in abatement under certain circumstances; authorizing court to abate an action upon certain findings; providing for automatic abatement without court order under certain circumstances; providing requirements of affidavit by claimant controverting failure to provide presuit notice; providing for specified duration of abatement; prohibiting court from compelling alternative dispute resolution during abatement period; authorizing insurer to make election to accept liability of producer; providing for dismissal of action against producer under certain circumstances; requiring insurer to make producer available for deposition under certain circumstances; stating exception; stating exception to dismissing suit against producer; prohibiting revocation by insurer or nullification by court of election by insurer for producer liability; providing for

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admissibility of certain evidence against producer under certain circumstances; providing admissibility of evidence for this act to supersede civil procedure provisions when conflict exists; prohibiting election of producer liability by insurer if insurer is in receivership; prohibiting making jury aware of election by insurer; providing for determination of amount of attorney fees as determined by trier of fact; stating exception for award of attorney fees; setting time of filing pleadings under this act; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

SECTION 1. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 1231 of Title 36, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

- A. As used in this section:
- 1. "Claim" means a first-party claim that:
  - a. is made by an insured under an insurance policy providing coverage for real property or improvements to real property,
  - b. must be paid by the insurer directly to the insured, and
  - c. arises from damage to or loss of covered property caused, wholly or partly, by forces of nature, including an earthquake or earth tremor, a wildfire, a flood, a tornado, lightning, a hurricane, hail, wind, a snowstorm, or a rainstorm;

1 2. "Claimant" means a claimant as defined pursuant to Section 2 1250.2 of Title 36 of the Oklahoma Statutes; 3 3. "Insurance adjuster" or "adjuster" means an insurance 4 adjuster as defined pursuant to Section 6202 of Title 36 of the 5 Oklahoma Statutes; 6 4. "Insurer" means a corporation, association, partnership, or 7 individual engaged as a principal in the business of insurance and 8 authorized or eligible to write property insurance in this state, 9 including: 10 an insurance company, a. 11 b. 12 a mutual insurance company, C. 13 d. a capital stock insurance company, 14 a county mutual insurance company, е.

a reciprocal or interinsurance exchange,

- f. a farm mutual insurance company,
- a Lloyd's plan, or g.
- an eligible surplus lines insurer; and
- "Insurance producer" or "producer" means an insurance producer as defined pursuant to Section 1435.2 of Title 36 of the Oklahoma Statutes.
- SECTION 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 1232 of Title 36, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

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- A. The provisions of this act shall apply to an action on a claim against an insurer, producer, or adjuster, including:
  - 1. An action alleging a breach of contract;
- 2. An action alleging negligence, misrepresentation, fraud, or breach of a common law duty; or
- 3. An action brought under the Unfair Claims Settlement Practices Act.
- B. Except as provided in subsection C of this section, if an insurer liable for a claim is not in compliance with this act, the insurer shall pay the holder of the policy or the beneficiary making the claim under the policy interest on the amount of the claim at the rate of eighteen percent (18%) a year as damages, together with reasonable attorney fees, in addition to the claim. Nothing in this section shall prevent the award of prejudgment interest on the amount of the claim as provided by law.
- C. In an action constituting an unfair claim settlement practice, if an insurer of an insurance policy is not in compliance with this act, the insurer shall pay the holder of the policy, in addition to the claim, reasonable attorney fees, and simple interest on the amount of the claim as damages each year at the rate determined on the date of judgment by adding five percent (5%) to the interest rate determined in subsection D of this section.
- D. 1. On the fifteenth day of each month, the Insurance Commissioner shall determine the postjudgment interest rate to be

applied to a money judgment rendered during the succeeding calendar month. The Insurance Department shall publish the determined rate on the website of the Department.

- 2. The postjudgment interest rate is:
  - of the Federal Reserve System on the date of computation,
  - b. five percent (5%) a year if the prime rate as published by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System described by subparagraph a is less than five percent (5%), or
  - c. fifteen percent (15%) a year if the prime rate as published by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System described by subparagraph a is more than fifteen percent (15%).

Nothing in this section shall prevent the award of prejudgment interest on the amount of the claim as provided by law. Interest awarded under this section as damages shall accrue beginning on the date the claim was required to be paid.

- SECTION 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 1233 of Title 36, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
- A. In addition to any other notice required by law or the applicable insurance policy, not later than the sixty-first day

before the date a claimant files an action seeking damages from any insurer, the claimant shall give written notice to the insurer in accordance with this section as a prerequisite to filing an action pursuant to this act.

- B. Notice required under this section shall provide:
- 1. A statement of the acts or omissions giving rise to the claim;
- 2. The specific amount alleged to be owed by the insurer on the claim for damage to or loss of covered property; and
  - 3. Reasonable attorney fees.

- C. If an attorney or other representative provides notice under this section on behalf of a claimant, the attorney or representative shall:
  - 1. Provide a copy of the notice to the claimant; and
- 2. Include in the notice a statement that a copy of the notice was provided to the claimant.
- D. Presuit notice required under this section is not required if giving notice is impracticable and:
- 1. The claimant has a reasonable belief that there is insufficient time to give presuit notice before the statute of limitations will expire; or
  - 2. The action is asserted as a counterclaim.
- E. To ensure that a claimant is not prejudiced by having given the presuit notice required by this section, a court shall dismiss

without prejudice an action relating to the claim for which notice is given by the claimant and commenced:

- 1. Before the sixty-first day after the date the claimant provides presuit notice under subsection A of this section;
- 2. By an insurer to whom presuit notice is given under subsection A of this section; and
  - 3. Against the claimant giving the notice.
- F. A claimant who gives notice in accordance with this section is not relieved of the obligation to give notice under any other applicable law. Notice given pursuant to this section may be combined with notice given under any other law.
- G. Notice given pursuant to this section is admissible in evidence in a civil action or an alternative dispute resolution proceeding.
- H. Giving notice pursuant to this section shall not provide a basis for limiting the evidence of attorney fees, damages, or losses a claimant may offer at trial.
- I. An insurer who receives notice pursuant to this section may make a settlement offer during a period beginning the date notice is received and ending on the sixtieth day following the receipt date.
- SECTION 4. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 1234 of Title 36, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

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Not later than the thirtieth day after receiving a presuit

notice given under Section 3 of this act, an insurer to whom notice

is given may send a written request to the claimant to inspect,

photograph, or evaluate, in a reasonable manner and at a reasonable

time, the property that is the subject of the claim. If reasonably

possible, the inspection, photography, or evaluation must be

completed not later than the sixtieth day after the date the insurer

receives the presuit notice.

SECTION 5. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 1235 of Title 36, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

- A. In addition to taking any other act allowed by contract or by any other law, an insurer against whom an action to which this act applies is pending may file a plea in abatement not later than the thirtieth day after the date the insurer files an original answer in the court in which the action is pending if the insurer:
- 1. Did not receive a presuit notice complying with Section 3 of this act; or
- 2. Completed a request pursuant to Section 4 of this act but was not provided a reasonable opportunity to inspect, photograph, or evaluate the property that is the subject of the claim.
- B. The court shall abate the action if the court finds that the insurer filing the plea in abatement:

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- 1. Did not, for any reason, receive a presuit notice complying with Section 3 of this act; or
- 2. Completed a request pursuant to Section 4 of this act but was not provided a reasonable opportunity to inspect, photograph, or evaluate the property that is the subject of the claim.
- C. An action is automatically abated without a court order beginning on the eleventh day after the date a plea in abatement is filed if the plea:
- 1. Is verified and alleges that the insurer against whom the action is pending:
  - a. did not receive a presuit notice complying with Section 3 of this act, or
  - b. completed a request under Section 4 of this act but was not provided a reasonable opportunity to inspect, photograph, or evaluate the property that is the subject of the claim; and
- 2. Is not controverted by an affidavit filed by the claimant before the eleventh day after the date the plea in abatement is filed.
- D. An affidavit described by paragraph 2 of subsection C of this section controverting whether the insurer against whom the action is pending received a presuit notice complying with Section 3 of this act shall:

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- 1. Include as an attachment a copy of the document the claimant sent to give notice of the claimant's action; and
  - 2. State the date on which the notice was given.
- E. An abatement under this section continues until the later of:
- 1. The sixtieth day after the date a notice complying with Section 3 of this act is given; or
- 2. The fifteenth day after the date of the requested inspection, photography, or evaluation of the property is completed under Section 4 of this act.
- F. If an action is abated under this section, a court may not compel participation in an alternative dispute resolution proceeding until after the abatement period provided by subsection E of this section has expired.
- SECTION 6. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 1236 of Title 36, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
- A. Except as provided by subsection H of this section, in an action to which this act applies, an insurer that is a party to the action may elect to accept whatever liability a producer or adjuster might have to the claimant for the acts or omissions of the producer or adjuster related to the claim by providing written notice to the claimant.

B. If an insurer makes an election under subsection A of this section before a claimant files an action to which this act applies, no cause of action exists against the producer or adjuster related to the claim, and, if the claimant files an action against the producer or adjuster, the court shall dismiss that action with prejudice.

C. If a claimant files an action to which this act applies against a producer or adjuster and the insurer thereafter makes an election under subsection A of this section with respect to the producer or adjuster, the court shall dismiss the action against the producer or adjuster with prejudice.

- D. If an insurer makes an election under subsection A of this section and, after having been served with a notice of intent to take a deposition of the producer or adjuster who is the subject of the election, fails to make that producer or adjuster available at a reasonable time and place to give deposition testimony, the provisions of subsections A, B, and C of Section 7 of this act shall not apply to the action with respect to which the insurer made the election unless the court finds that:
- 1. It is impracticable for the insurer to make the producer or adjuster available due to a change in circumstances arising after the insurer made the election under subsection A of this section;
- 2. The producer or adjuster whose liability was assumed would not have been a proper party to the action; or

3. Obtaining the producer or adjuster's deposition testimony is not warranted under the law.

E. An election by an insurer under subsection A of this section is ineffective to obtain the dismissal of an action against a producer or adjuster if the election is conditioned in a way that will result in the insurer avoiding liability for any claim-related damage caused to the claimant by the acts or omissions of the producer or adjuster.

F. An insurer may not revoke, and a court may not nullify, an insurer's election under subsection A of this section.

G. If an insurer makes an election under subsection A of this section and the producer or adjuster is not a party to the action, evidence of the acts or omissions of the producer or adjuster may be offered at trial and, if supported by sufficient evidence, the trier of fact may be asked to resolve fact issues as if the producer or adjuster were a defendant, and a judgment against the insurer must include any liability that would have been assessed against the producer or adjuster. To the extent that there is a conflict between this subsection and Title 12 of the Oklahoma Statutes, this subsection shall supersede the provisions of Title 12 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

H. If an insurer is in receivership at the time the claimant commences an action against the insurer, the insurer may not make an election under subsection A of this section, and the court shall

1 disregard any prior election made by the insurer relating to the 2 claim. 3 In an action tried by a jury, an insurer's election under 4 subsection A of this section may not be made known to the jury. 5 SECTION 7. A new section of law to be codified NEW LAW 6 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 1237 of Title 36, unless there 7 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows: 8 9

- In an action pursuant to this act and except as otherwise provided by this section, the amount of attorney fees that may be awarded to a claimant shall be the lesser of:
- The amount of reasonable attorney fees supported at trial by sufficient evidence and determined by the trier of fact to have been incurred by the claimant in bringing the action;
- The amount of attorney fees that may be awarded to the claimant under other applicable law; or
  - The amount calculated by:

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- dividing the amount to be awarded in the judgment to the claimant for the claim under the insurance policy for damage to or loss of covered property by the amount alleged to be owed on the claim for that damage or loss in a notice given under Section 3 of this act, and
- b. multiplying the amount calculated under subparagraph a of this paragraph by the total amount of reasonable

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attorney fees supported at trial by sufficient evidence and determined by the trier of fact to have been incurred by the claimant in bringing the action.

- B. Except as provided by subsection D of this section, the court shall award to the claimant the full amount of reasonable attorney fees supported at trial by sufficient evidence and determined by the trier of fact to have been incurred by the claimant in bringing the action if the amount calculated under subparagraph a of paragraph 3 of subsection A of this section is:
  - 1. Greater than or equal to 0.8;
- 2. Not limited by this section or any other provision of law;
  - 3. Otherwise recoverable under law.
- C. The court may not award attorney fees to the claimant if the amount calculated under subparagraph a of paragraph 3 of subsection A of this section is less than 0.2.
- D. If a defendant in an action to which this act applies pleads and proves that the defendant was entitled to but was not given a presuit notice stating the specific amount alleged to be owed by the insurer under Section 3 of this act at least sixty-one days before the date the action was filed by the claimant, the court shall not award to the claimant any attorney fees incurred after the date the defendant files the pleading with the court. A pleading under this subsection shall be filed not later than the thirtieth day after the

1	date the defendant files an original answer in the court where the
2	action is pending.
3	SECTION 8. This act shall become effective November 1, 2024.
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