THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

HOUSE BILL No. 1064 Session of 2015

INTRODUCED BY EVANKOVICH, CUTLER, SACCONE, SIMMONS, MACKENZIE, TALLMAN, MURT, GROVE, PICKETT, GREINER, MILLARD, BOBACK, PEIFER, GINGRICH, EVERETT, GODSHALL, TOEPEL, GABLER, FARRY, BLOOM, HICKERNELL, SAYLOR, MENTZER, KILLION, REGAN, TURZAI, MOUL, WATSON, ZIMMERMAN, GRELL, MILNE, GILLEN AND QUINN, MAY 6, 2015

AS REPORTED FROM COMMITTEE ON INSURANCE, HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, AS AMENDED, MAY 17, 2016

AN ACT

Amending the act of March 20, 2002 (P.L.154, No.13), entitled 1 "An act reforming the law on medical professional liability; 2 providing for patient safety and reporting; establishing the 3 Patient Safety Authority and the Patient Safety Trust Fund; 4 abrogating regulations; providing for medical professional 5 liability informed consent, damages, expert qualifications, 6 7 limitations of actions and medical records; establishing the Interbranch Commission on Venue; providing for medical 8 professional liability insurance; establishing the Medical 9 Care Availability and Reduction of Error Fund; providing for 10 medical professional liability claims; establishing the Joint 11 Underwriting Association; regulating medical professional 12 liability insurance; providing for medical licensure 13 regulation; providing for administration; imposing penalties; 14 and making repeals, "in medical professional liability, 15 providing for emergency care. 16

17 The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

18 hereby enacts as follows:

19 Section 1. The act of March 20, 2002 (P.L.154, No.13), known

20 as the Medical Care Availability and Reduction of Error (Mcare)

21 Act, is amended by adding a section to read:

22 <u>Section 517. Emergency care.</u>

1	(a) Qualified immunityIn a medical professional liability
2	action arising out of the provision of emergency health care,
3	UNDER CIRCUMSTANCES IN WHICH THE HEALTH CARE PROVIDER DID NOT <
4	HAVE, AND COULD NOT REASONABLY OBTAIN AT THE TIME THE CARE WAS
5	RENDERED, THE PATIENT'S PERTINENT MEDICAL HISTORY, no physician <
6	or other health care provider may be held liable for any act or
7	failure to act OMISSION unless it is proven by clear and <
8	convincing evidence that the physician or health care provider's <
9	actions or omissions were HEALTH CARE PROVIDER WAS grossly <
10	negligent.
11	(b) Mitigating circumstancesIn a medical professional <
12	liability action arising out of the provision of emergency
13	health care, the trier of the fact shall consider, together with
14	all other relevant matters:
15	(1) Whether the person providing the care had the
16	patient's pertinent medical history, either from medical
16 17	<u>patient's pertinent medical history, either from medical</u> <u>records or from a reliable person, including information as</u>
17	records or from a reliable person, including information as
17 18	records or from a reliable person, including information as to preexisting medical conditions, allergies and medications
17 18 19	records or from a reliable person, including information as to preexisting medical conditions, allergies and medications being taken.
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1	(1) The circumstances constituting the need for	<
2	emergency health care.	
3	(4) (2) The circumstances surrounding the delivery of	<
4	the emergency health care, including, if relevant, factors	
5	such as where the care was provided, the demands on the	
6	emergency department at the time and the promptness with	
7	which it was necessary to make medical decisions and to order	_
8	and provide care.	
9	(3) WHETHER THERE WAS A PREEXISTING HEALTH CARE	<
10	PROVIDER-PATIENT RELATIONSHIP.	
11	(c) (D) DefinitionsThe following words and phrases when	<
12	used in this section shall have the meanings given to them in	
13	this subsection unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:	
14	"Emergency health care." As follows:	<
15	(1) Health care services that are provided to an	
16	<u>individual:</u>	
17	(i) All HEALTH CARE SERVICES PROVIDED TO A PATIENT	<
18	after the onset, AND UNTIL SUCH TIME AS THE PATIENT IS	<
19	STABILIZED, of a medical or traumatic condition	
20	manifesting itself by acute symptoms of sufficient	
21	severity, including severe pain, such that the absence of	_
22	immediate medical attention could reasonably be expected	
23	to result in placing the individual's health in serious	
24	jeopardy, serious impairment of bodily functions or	
25	serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part ; or .	<
26	(ii) pursuant to a mandate under Federal or State	<
27	law, including the Emergency Medical Treatment and Labor-	
28	<u>Act (Public Law 99-272, 100 Stat. 164).</u>	
29	(2) The term includes:	
30	(i) The described care in all settings, including	

1	probagnital amorgangy gare by a modical command
	prehospital emergency care by a medical command
2	physician, emergency care in a hospital emergency
3	department or obstetrical unit or emergency care in a
4	surgical suite immediately following the evaluation or
5	treatment of a patient in a hospital emergency
6	department.
7	(ii) All care or treatment, regardless of setting,
8	until an individual is stabilized.
9	(3) The term does not include care or treatment that
10	occurs after a patient is stabilized and is capable of
11	receiving medical treatment as a nonemergency patient or care
12	that is unrelated to the original emergency or mandate.
13	"Emergency health care provider." A health care provider
14	providing emergency medical care, including physicians in all
15	specialties.
16	"Health care service." An act or treatment that is performed
17	or furnished, or that should have been performed or furnished,
18	by a health care provider for, to or on behalf of a patient
19	during a patient's medical care, OR treatment or confinement. <
20	The term includes the direction to perform, not perform, furnish
21	or not furnish a health care service.
22	"Stabilized." Based on the clinical judgment of the medical <
23	professional assessing the patient for an emergency health care
24	condition as described in paragraph (1) of the definition of
25	<u>"emergency health care," to provide such medical treatment of</u>
26	the condition as may be necessary to assure, within reasonable
27	medical probability, that no material deterioration of the
28	<u>condition is likely to result from or occur during transfer from</u>
29	a facility or discharge from the facility.
30	"STABILIZED." IN REFERENCE TO AN EMERGENCY MEDICAL <

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1	CONDITION, THAT NO MATERIAL DETERIORATION OF THE EMERGENCY
2	MEDICAL CONDITION IS LIKELY, WITHIN REASONABLE MEDICAL
3	PROBABILITY, TO RESULT FROM OR OCCUR DURING A TRANSFER OF THE
4	PATIENT TO ANOTHER DEPARTMENT WITHIN THE FACILITY, TRANSFER TO
5	ANOTHER FACILITY OR DISCHARGE FROM THE FACILITY.
6	Section 2. The addition of section 517 of the act shall
7	apply to all medical professional liability actions arising on
8	or after the effective date of this section.
9	Section 3. This act shall take effect in 60 days.