## THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

## HOUSE RESOLUTION

No. 333

Session of 2015

INTRODUCED BY ACOSTA, DERMODY, READSHAW, MURT, COHEN, DiGIROLAMO, HENNESSEY, BAKER, CONKLIN, DRISCOLL, MILLARD, V. BROWN, VEREB, TAYLOR, DUSH, SONNEY, BROWNLEE, KINSEY, YOUNGBLOOD, PASHINSKI, THOMAS, DAVIS, BENNINGHOFF, DONATUCCI, ROEBUCK, SABATINA, WATSON, CALTAGIRONE, PAYNE, MAHONEY, FARINA, GOODMAN AND D. COSTA, MAY 12, 2015

INTRODUCED AS NONCONTROVERSIAL RESOLUTION UNDER RULE 35, MAY 12, 2015

## A RESOLUTION

- Recognizing the Statewide impact of community-oriented policing on public safety in communities across this Commonwealth and acknowledging the role of community-oriented policing in helping law enforcement officials meet the demands and needs of the residents they serve and protect.

  WHEREAS, Community-oriented policing, or neighborhoodoriented policing, is a strategic approach to law enforcement
- 8 and represents a change in the way law enforcement agencies in
- 9 this Commonwealth and nationwide respond to the communities they
- 10 serve and protect; and
- 11 WHEREAS, Community-oriented policing is a partnership between
- 12 police officers and community institutions, including families,
- 13 schools, neighborhood associations, business owners and other
- 14 merchants; and
- 15 WHEREAS, These community institutions partner with police
- 16 officers in the creation of safe, secure communities; and
- 17 WHEREAS, While what constitutes community-oriented policing

- 1 varies across this Commonwealth and the nation, a 2014 study
- 2 published in the Journal of Experimental Criminology concluded
- 3 that "community-policing strategies have a positive effect on
- 4 citizens satisfaction and trust in the police, as well as in the
- 5 reduction of individuals' perception of disorderly conduct,
- 6 including drug dealing"; and
- 7 WHEREAS, One of the many State officials that advocate for
- 8 community-oriented policing is Captain P. Cram of the
- 9 Philadelphia Police Department; and
- 10 WHEREAS, Captain Cram began his career with the Philadelphia
- 11 Police Department in 1993 and worked his way through the ranks
- 12 as a patrol officer, Sergeant, Lieutenant and Captain; and
- 13 WHEREAS, Captain Cram was one of the youngest police officers
- 14 in the Philadelphia Police Department's history to attain the
- 15 rank of Captain and has served as Captain of both the 26th and
- 16 25th Police Districts, respectively; and
- 17 WHEREAS, While serving as commanding officer of the 26th
- 18 Police District, Captain Cram and his team of police officers
- 19 worked to eradicate criminal activity in the areas surrounding
- 20 North Philadelphia's Rainbow de Colores Park, which was commonly
- 21 referred to at the time as a "playground controlled by drug
- 22 dealers" because it served as the base of operations for local
- 23 drug traffickers; and
- 24 WHEREAS, Since drug traffickers controlled the streets, most
- 25 community residents were reluctant to venture outside their
- 26 homes, much less let their children play in the park; and
- 27 WHEREAS, Captain Cram, the police officers under his command,
- 28 community leaders and community residents partnered and worked
- 29 together to rid the park and surrounding neighborhoods of drug-
- 30 dealing and the resulting criminal activity and were

- 1 instrumental in making Rainbow de Colores Park what it is today,
- 2 a place where children come to play on hot summer days, with
- 3 handball courts, community gardens and solar lighting; and
- 4 WHEREAS, Captain Cram brought the lessons he learned and his
- 5 knowledge of community-oriented policing to the neighboring 25th
- 6 Police District; and
- 7 WHEREAS, As Commander of the 25th Police District, Captain
- 8 Cram and the police officers under his command helped organize
- 9 three community-based groups, whose memberships include block
- 10 captains, ward leaders and community members; and
- 11 WHEREAS, In addition to organizing community groups, Captain
- 12 Cram and his fellow police officers held community meetings,
- 13 knocked on doors, handed out flyers, held regular meetings and
- 14 worked with residents who attended; and
- 15 WHEREAS, These community groups and residents partnered with
- 16 Captain Cram and his command for the express purpose of
- 17 overcoming distrust, while working to reduce crime and
- 18 revitalizing their neighborhoods, thereby, achieving the primary
- 19 goals of community-oriented policing; and
- 20 WHEREAS, Within most cities and towns across this great
- 21 Commonwealth, there are individuals who, by virtue of their
- 22 commitment and dedication to public service, command respect and
- 23 admiration for their exemplary contributions and service on
- 24 behalf of others; and
- 25 WHEREAS, It is the custom of the House of Representatives to
- 26 recognize and commend those distinguished individuals who devote
- 27 themselves to public service, demonstrating great courage and
- 28 diligence in providing for the safety and welfare of their
- 29 communities and the people they swear to serve and protect; and
- 30 WHEREAS, Captain Michael P. Cram is one such individual; and

- 1 WHEREAS, Captain Cram's family includes his wife Julia,
- 2 daughter Victoria and son Michael; and
- 3 WHEREAS, Captain Cram has 25 years of combined active-duty
- 4 service in the United States Army and reserve service in the
- 5 United States Army Reserve, where he serves as a Military Police
- 6 Captain; and
- 7 WHEREAS, Captain Cram is a veteran of both the Iraq and
- 8 Afghanistan wars and has completed four overseas deployments;
- 9 and
- 10 WHEREAS, Captain Cram has unselfishly dedicated his life to
- 11 protecting the citizens of the City of Philadelphia and his
- 12 adoption of community-oriented policing as a law enforcement
- 13 strategy has improved the quality of life in the neighborhoods
- 14 he serves, proving the effectiveness of community-oriented
- 15 policing; and
- 16 WHEREAS, Captain Cram once stated that community residents
- 17 "are the eyes and ears of the community" and he is "a firm
- 18 believer that neighbors take back neighborhoods, not the
- 19 police"; and
- 20 WHEREAS, According to Captain Cram, community residents
- 21 "educate us on what's going on in the community and we (police
- 22 officers) educate them on how the police work and how they can
- 23 help us better"; and
- 24 WHEREAS, Individuals who commit themselves to public service
- 25 and who unselfishly dedicate their lives to the preservation of
- 26 order and the protection of others are worthy and due full
- 27 praise for their commitment and noble endeavors; and
- 28 WHEREAS, In 1962, President John Fitzgerald Kennedy
- 29 proclaimed May 15 as "National Law Enforcement Officers Memorial
- 30 Day" and the calendar week in which May 15 falls, as "National

- 1 Police Week"; therefore be it
- 2 RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives recognize the
- 3 Statewide impact of community-oriented policing on public safety
- 4 in communities across this Commonwealth and acknowledge the role
- 5 of community-oriented policing in helping law enforcement
- 6 officials meet the demands and needs of the residents they serve
- 7 and protect; and be it further
- 8 RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives urge law
- 9 enforcement agencies across this Commonwealth to study
- 10 community-oriented policing as a law enforcement strategy for
- 11 policing their communities and better satisfy the demands and
- 12 needs of the citizens they serve; and be it further
- 13 RESOLVED, That during "National Police Week" it is with great
- 14 and humbled appreciation that this House of Representatives
- 15 recognize, honor and commend Captain Michael P. Cram of the
- 16 Philadelphia Police Department for his commitment to community-
- 17 oriented policing.