THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

HOUSE RESOLUTION

No. 763

Session of 2020

INTRODUCED BY SCHLEGEL CULVER, BIZZARRO, DONATUCCI, HENNESSEY, READSHAW, MURT, KIM, RYAN, MILLARD, KORTZ, BROWN, LONGIETTI, BURNS, FREEMAN, STRUZZI, SCHMITT, ROZZI, PICKETT, MEHAFFIE, NEILSON AND DeLUCA, FEBRUARY 24, 2020

REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON HEALTH, FEBRUARY 24, 2020

A RESOLUTION

- 1 Recognizing the month of July 2020 as "Juvenile Idiopathic 2 Arthritis Month" in Pennsylvania.
- 3 WHEREAS, Juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA) is an
- 4 autoinflammatory disease of an unknown origin and the most
- 5 common type of arthritis in children; and
- 6 WHEREAS, An autoinflammatory disease causes the immune system
- 7 to become overactive even when there is no infection or illness
- 8 to fight or mistakenly attack healthy cells and tissues; and
- 9 WHEREAS, There is no evidence as to what causes JIA and no
- 10 links have been found that foods, toxins, allergies or the lack
- 11 of vitamins play a role in developing the disease; and
- 12 WHEREAS, Current research indicates that there is a genetic
- 13 predisposition to JIA; and
- 14 WHEREAS, Researchers believe that a trigger, such as a virus,
- 15 can initiate JIA in a child who has the genetic tendency; and
- 16 WHEREAS, Systemic JIA, oligoarticular JIA, polyarticular JIA,
- 17 juvenile psoriatic arthritis, enthesitis-related JIA and

- 1 undifferentiated arthritis are the six subtypes of JIA; and
- 2 WHEREAS, Nearly 300,000 children in the United States have
- 3 some form of arthritis; and
- 4 WHEREAS, Typical symptoms of arthritis include limping,
- 5 stiffness when awakening, reluctance to use an arm or leg,
- 6 reduced activity level, persistent fever, joint swelling and
- 7 difficulty with fine motor skills; and
- 8 WHEREAS, Most children with arthritis can expect to live
- 9 normal lives and some even have their arthritis go into
- 10 remission; and
- 11 WHEREAS, There is a small number of specialists who treat
- 12 JIA, and the Children's Hospital of Philadelphia is a leader in
- 13 the field; and
- 14 WHEREAS, According to the American College of Rheumatology,
- 15 the best care for a child who has JIA is provided by a pediatric
- 16 rheumatology team that has extensive experience and can diagnose
- 17 and manage their complex needs; and
- 18 WHEREAS, A pediatric rheumatology team may consist of a
- 19 pediatric rheumatologist, a physical therapist, an occupational
- 20 therapist, a social worker and a nurse specialist who coordinate
- 21 care with other health professionals and school and community
- 22 officials; and
- 23 WHEREAS, The overall treatment goal for a child who has JIA
- 24 is to control the symptoms, prevent joint damage and maintain
- 25 function; and
- 26 WHEREAS, Medications, including steroids, disease-modifying
- 27 drugs and biologics along with physical and occupational therapy
- 28 are used to treat JIA; and
- 29 WHEREAS, Parents and caregivers of children who have JIA
- 30 should be familiar with section 794 of the Rehabilitation Act of

- 1 1973 (Public Law 93-112, 29 U.S.C. § 794), which may provide for
- 2 special accommodations at school; and
- 3 WHEREAS, Children who have JIA may be eligible for assistance
- 4 through services provided by State agencies; therefore be it
- 5 RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives recognize the
- 6 month of July 2020 as "Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis Month" in
- 7 Pennsylvania.