THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

HOUSE RESOLUTION No. 806 Session of 2020

INTRODUCED BY STEPHENS, READSHAW, KORTZ, HILL-EVANS, DONATUCCI, KIM, RYAN, DELLOSO, BURNS, MURT, HOWARD, BARRAR, ROTHMAN, ULLMAN, SCHMITT, CONKLIN, COX, MALAGARI, POLINCHOCK, ROZZI AND MACKENZIE, MARCH 10, 2020

REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON VETERANS AFFAIRS AND EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS, MARCH 10, 2020

A RESOLUTION

1 2 3 4 5 6	Requesting that the President and the Congress of the United States recognize naturalized Korean Americans who served during the Vietnam Conflict as veterans of the armed forces of the United States, making these individuals eligible for benefits through the United States Department of Veterans Affairs.
7	WHEREAS, The United States, having recognized the commitment
8	of European allies in the aftermath of World War I and World War
9	II, is expanding recognition for allied forces from the Vietnam
10	era; and
11	WHEREAS, For the duration of the Vietnam Conflict, United
12	States military and paramilitary operations in Southeast Asia
13	involved various allied combatants; and
14	WHEREAS, Lao-Hmong tribe members, in keeping with their
15	warrior culture, served in guerilla units the United States
16	formed in Laos; and
17	WHEREAS, These fighters, recruited and trained by the United
18	States, guarded the Long Tieng air base, rescued downed American

pilots and disrupted enemy movements and supplies along the Ho
Chi Minh trail; and

3 WHEREAS, The Hmong Veterans' Naturalization Act of 2000 4 established special naturalization provisions for Hmong refugees 5 from Laos who supported United States forces between February 6 28, 1961, and September 18, 1978; and

7 WHEREAS, The Hmong Veterans' Service Recognition Act, signed 8 in 2018, provided that individuals naturalized under the 2000 9 act were eligible for interment in certain national cemeteries; 10 and

11 WHEREAS, South Korea, our largest allied force, deployed more 12 than 325,000 troops for counterinsurgency, offensive and 13 pacification operations; and

14 WHEREAS, South Korean troops were instrumental in protecting 15 overland supply, helping to retake and hold the line from Cam 16 Ranh Bay to Qui Nhon; and

WHEREAS, South Korea entered the war in 1964 and maintained a presence through the final phase; and

19 WHEREAS, Honoring a ceasefire in effect as United States 20 troops exited the region in 1973, South Korean troops incurred 21 casualties during that period; and

22 WHEREAS, Through years of combat, the South Korean nation 23 sustained nearly 11,000 casualties and 5,099 deaths; and 24 WHEREAS, An estimated 3,000 Korean-American veterans of the 25 Vietnam Conflict are excluded from benefits provided by the 26 United States Department of Veterans Affairs; and

27 WHEREAS, Granting treatment for combat-related conditions 28 such as posttraumatic stress disorder or Agent Orange exposure 29 and extending eligibility for burial and memorial benefits would 30 rightfully honor their contributions to American security; and

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1 WHEREAS, The House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of 2 Pennsylvania affirms that Korean-American veterans of the 3 Vietnam Conflict have earned access to veterans benefits and 4 services, being part of an integral contingent committed to 5 military action along with United States service members; 6 therefore be it

7 RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives of the 8 Commonwealth of Pennsylvania request that the President and the 9 Congress of the United States recognize naturalized Korean 10 Americans who served during the Vietnam Conflict as veterans of 11 the armed forces of the United States, making these individuals 12 eligible for benefits through the United States Department of 13 Veterans Affairs; and be it further

RESOLVED, That copies of this resolution be transmitted to the President of the United States, the presiding officers of each house of Congress and each member of Congress from Pennsylvania.

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