THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

HOUSE RESOLUTION No. 929 Session of 2020

INTRODUCED BY MURT, KIM, BIZZARRO, KORTZ, MALAGARI, LONGIETTI, COX, RYAN, READSHAW, FREEMAN, DONATUCCI, SCHMITT, STAATS AND MILLARD, JULY 1, 2020

REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON STATE GOVERNMENT, JULY 1, 2020

A RESOLUTION

Designating May 1, 2020, as "The Battle of the Crooked Billet 1 Day" in Pennsylvania. 2 3 WHEREAS, During the American War of Independence at the time of the Valley Forge encampment in 1777 and 1778, President 4 5 Thomas Wharton of the Pennsylvania Supreme Executive Council commissioned Brigadier General John Lacey, the youngest general 6 in American history and a native of Bucks County, to lead the 7 8 Pennsylvania Militia in patrolling the countryside outside 9 Philadelphia; and

10 WHEREAS, General George Washington, commander in chief of the Continental Army, charged Brigadier General John Lacey with the 11 mission of keeping the local inhabitants from selling supplies 12 13 to the British Army occupying Philadelphia and rerouting those 14 supplies to the Continental Army at Valley Forge; and 15 WHEREAS, Due to the success of the Pennsylvania Militia, the British Army developed a plan to annihilate the Pennsylvania 16 Militia by ambush; and 17

WHEREAS, The British Army also planned to capture Brigadier
General John Lacey; and

3 WHEREAS, The Pennsylvania Militia was comprised of 4 approximately 400 men from Bucks County and historic Cumberland 5 County as well as from other places throughout this 6 Commonwealth; and

7 WHEREAS, The British Army attacked the Pennsylvania Militia 8 with a force of approximately 850 men in the early morning hours 9 of May 1, 1778, in present-day Hatboro Borough, Montgomery 10 County, and present-day Warminster Township, Bucks County; and 11 WHEREAS, The Queen's Rangers attempted to push the 12 Pennsylvania Militia south toward the point of ambush along 13 present-day Horsham Road; and

14 WHEREAS, Brigadier General John Lacey was not fooled by the 15 trap and led the Pennsylvania Militia north, fighting its way 16 through a blockade held by British Dragoons, escaping deeper 17 into Bucks County; and

18 WHEREAS, The British committed war atrocities on the wounded 19 and surrendering militiamen by throwing them into burning piles 20 of buckwheat straw and stabbing them with their bayonets and 21 cutlasses; and

22 WHEREAS, Twenty-six Pennsylvania militiamen were killed in 23 action that day; and

24 WHEREAS, Fifty-eight Pennsylvania militiamen were captured; 25 and

26 WHEREAS, Brigadier General John Lacey's heroic leadership and 27 quick thinking on that fateful day prevented further casualties, 28 saving the lives of hundreds of Pennsylvania militiamen; and 29 WHEREAS, Brigadier General John Lacey, 48 hours after the 30 battle, continued with his orders of keeping supplies from

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occupied Philadelphia and redirecting supplies to Valley Forge;
and

3 WHEREAS, Brigadier General John Lacey continued to serve the people of Pennsylvania when, in November 1778, he was elected to 4 the Pennsylvania General Assembly and, in November 1779, he was 5 elected to the Pennsylvania Supreme Executive Council; and 6 WHEREAS, It is fitting to honor the men of the Pennsylvania 7 8 Militia under the command and leadership of Brigadier General John Lacey for their heroism and for those men who paid the 9 10 ultimate sacrifice on May 1, 1778; and

11 WHEREAS, It is fitting to recognize the competent and heroic 12 leadership of Brigadier General John Lacey in preserving the 13 Pennsylvania Militia from annihilation and leading it to safety 14 as we remember the Pennsylvania Militia's sacred participation 15 in the fight and struggle for freedom in the early years of the 16 young republic that would become the United States of America; 17 therefore be it

18 RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives designate May 1, 19 2020, as "The Battle of the Crooked Billet Day" in Pennsylvania.

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