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establishment; or

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2017

AN ACT

RELATING TO 2017 STATUTORY CONSTRUCTION BILL -- LAW REVISION **SUBMISSION**

ARTICLE I--STATUTORY CONSTRUCTION

Introduced By: Representatives Shekarchi, and Morgan

Date Introduced: January 26, 2017

Referred To: House Judiciary

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

2	SECTION 1. It is the express intention of the General Assembly to reenact the entirety of
3	titles 19 and 20 contained in volume 4 of the General Laws of R.I., including every chapter and
4	section therein, and any chapters and sections of titles 19 and 20 not included in this act may be
5	and are hereby reenacted as if fully set forth herein.
6	SECTION 2. Section 3-5-21 of the General Laws in Chapter 3-5 entitled "Licenses
7	Generally" is hereby amended to read as follows:
8	3-5-21. Revocation or suspension of licenses Fines for violating conditions of
9	<u>license.</u>
0	(a) Every license is subject to revocation or suspension and a licensee is subject to fine by
1	the board, body, or official issuing the license, or by the department or by the division of taxation,
2	on its own motion, for:
3	(1) Breach by the holder of the license of the conditions on which it was issued; or
4	(2) Violation by the holder of the license of any rule or regulation applicable; or
5	(3) Any fraudulent act or "material misrepresentation" made by an applicant for a license

or a licensee, including, but not limited to, any misrepresentation or of information upon which

the licensing board reasonably relies in rendering any decision concerning a license, licensee, or

1	(4) Breach of any provisions of this chapter; or
2	(5) Operating in any manner inconsistent with the license, or in any manner consistent
3	with another class license, without first coming before the board for a new license application.
4	(b) Any fine imposed pursuant to this section shall not exceed five hundred dollars (\$500)
5	for the first offense and shall not exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each subsequent
6	offense. For the purposes of this section, any offense committed by a licensee three (3) years after
7	a previous offense shall be considered a first offense.
8	(c) In the event that a licensee is required to hire a police detail and the police refuse to
9	place a detail at the location because a licensee has failed to pay outstanding police detail bills or
10	to reach a payment plan agreement with the police department, the license board may prohibit the
11	licensee from opening its place of business until such time as the police detail bills are paid or a
12	payment plan agreement is reached.
13	(d) Upon any violation by a licensee under § 3-5-21, the local licensing board, at its sole
14	discretion, may impose a limitation on the hours of operation of the licensee, regardless of the
15	license type, and notwithstanding any prior approval of an application for a later closing time.
16	SECTION 3. Section 5-69-2 of the General Laws in Chapter 5-69 entitled "License
17	Procedure for Chemical Dependency Professionals" is hereby amended to read as follows:
18	5-69-2. Definitions. [Effective January 1, 2017.]
19	As used in this chapter:
20	(1) "ACDP" means an advanced chemical dependency professional certification as per
21	the Rhode Island board for certification of chemical dependency professionals requirements.
22	(2) "ACDP II" means an advanced chemical dependency professional II certification as
23	per the International Certification and Reciprocity Consortium/Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse.
24	"ICRC/AODA".
25	(3) "Acudetox Specialist (ADS)" means an individual licensed as a chemical-dependency
26	professional or clinical supervisor who holds a certificate of training that meets or exceeds the
27	NADA training from a recognized agency.
28	(4) "Advertise" includes, but is not limited to, the issuing of, or causing to be distributed
29	any card, sign, or device to any person; or the causing, permitting, or allowing of any sign or
30	marking on, or in, any building or structure, or in any newspaper or magazine or in any directory,
31	or on radio or television, or by the use of any other means designed to secure public attention.
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32	(5) "Approved, continuing education" means research and training programs, college and
33	(5) "Approved, continuing education" means research and training programs, college and university courses, in-service training programs, seminars, and conferences designed to maintain

1	recognized by the ICRC/AODA member board.
2	(6) "Auricular acudetox" means the subcutaneous insertion of sterile, disposable,
3	acupuncture needles in consistent, predetermined, bilateral locations on the ear in accordance
4	with the NADA protocol.
5	(7) "CDCS" means chemical-dependency clinical supervisor.
6	(8) "Clergy" includes any minister, priest, rabbi, Christian Science practitioner, or any
7	other similar religious counselor.
8	(9) "Continuum of care network" means public and private substance-abuse care agencies
9	such as detoxification centers, emergency rooms, hospitals, treatment centers, outpatient- and
10	day-treatment clinics, and community residences for substance abusers. The services employ, or
11	refer to, medical, psychological, health, and counseling professions professionals that who treat
12	substance abuse and related concerns.
13	(10) "Department" means the Rhode Island department of health.
14	(11) "Director" means the director of the Rhode Island department of health.
15	(12) "Documented professional work experience" means the ICRC/AODA member
16	board-approved form, completed by an employer or approved supervisor, verifying dates of
17	employment and responsibilities.
18	(13) "Experience" means six thousand (6,000) hours of supervised practice of chemical-
19	dependency counseling in a department of behavioral healthcare, developmental disabilities and
20	hospitals licensed or ICRC/AODA member-board-approved facility during a sixty-month (60)
21	period of time immediately preceding the date of application for licensure.
22	(14) "General supervision" means available by telephone, cellphone, or electronic means
23	during business hours.
24	(15) "ICRC/AODA" means International Certification and Reciprocity
25	Consortium/Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse.
26	(16) "Licensed, chemical-dependency clinical supervisor" means an individual licensed
27	by the department of health to practice and supervise substance-abuse counseling and who meets
28	the qualification established in this section.
29	(17) "Licensed, chemical-dependency professional" means an individual licensed by the
30	department of health to practice substance-abuse counseling and who meets the qualifications
31	established in this section.
32	(18) "Licensing board" or "board" means the board of licensing for chemical-dependency
33	professionals.

(19) "Member Board" means the Rhode Island board for certification of chemical

1	dependency professionals.
2	(20) "National Acupuncture Detoxification Association" ("NADA") means a not-for-
3	profit organization that provides a certificate of acudetox training.
4	(21) "Practice of substance-abuse counseling" means rendering, or offering to render,
5	professional service for any fee, monetary or otherwise, documented to individuals, families, or
6	groups. Those professional services include the application of the ICRC/AODA, specific
7	knowledge, skills, counseling theory, and application of techniques to define goals and develop a
8	treatment plan of action aimed toward the prevention, education, or treatment in the recovery
9	process of substance abuse within the continuum-of-care service network. The practice further
10	includes, but is not limited to, networking and making referrals to medical, social services,
11	psychological, psychiatric, and/or legal resources when indicated.
12	(22) "Recognized education institution" means any educational institution, which that
13	grants an associate, bachelor, masters, or doctoral degree and which that is recognized by the
14	board, or by a nationally or regionally recognized educational or professional accrediting
15	organization.
16	(23) "Substance abuse" means addictive (chronic or habitual) consumption, injection,
17	inhalation, or behavior of/with a substance (such as alcohol and drugs), progressively injuring
18	and afflicting the user's psychological, physical, social, economical, and/or spiritual functioning.
19	(24) "Supervision" means no less than one hour per week and consists of individual or
20	group supervision with a clinician licensed or certified in substance-abuse counseling with
21	education, supervisory experience, and ethics approved by the ICRC/AODA member.
22	SECTION 4. Section 12-25-17 of the General Laws in Chapter 12-25 entitled "Criminal
23	Injuries Compensation" is hereby amended to read as follows:
24	<u>12-25-17. Definitions.</u>
25	As used in this chapter:
26	(1) "Administrator" means the program administrator of this chapter.
27	(2) "Child" means an unmarried person who is under eighteen (18) years of age and
28	includes a stepchild or an adopted child.
29	(3) "Court" means the superior court.
30	(4) "Dependent" means a person wholly or partially dependent upon the income of the
31	victim at the time of his or her death or would have been so dependent but for the incapacity due
32	to the injury from which the death resulted. The term includes a child of the victim born after the
33	death of the victim.

(5) "Office" means the office of the general treasurer.

I	(6) "Pecuniary loss" includes:
2	(i) For personal injury:
3	(A) Medical expenses (including psychiatric care) for which the victim is not
4	compensated by any other source;
5	(B) Hospital expenses for which the victim is not compensated by any other source;
6	(C) Loss of past earnings for which the victim is not compensated by any other source;
7	(D) Loss of future earnings because of a disability resulting from the personal injury for
8	which the victim is not compensated by any other source.
9	(ii) For death:
10	(A) Funeral and burial expenses for which the victim's estate is not compensated by any
11	other source; and
12	(B) Loss of support to the dependents of the victim for which the dependents are not
13	compensated by any other source.
14	(iii) Any other expenses actually and necessarily incurred as a result of the personal
15	injury or death for which the victim or his or her estate is not compensated by any other source,
16	but it does not include property damage.
17	(7) "Personal injury" means actual bodily harm, mental or nervous shock, and a
18	pregnancy resulting from sexual attack.
19	(8) "Relative" means a spouse, parent, grandparent, stepfather, stepmother, child,
20	grandchild, brother, sister, half-brother, half-sister, and a spouse's parents.
21	(9) "Resident" means any person who has his or her residence within the state of Rhode
22	Island.
23	(10) "State" includes the District of Columbia, the fifty (50) states, and the United States'
24	territories and possessions.
25	(11) "Treasurer" means the general treasurer of the state of Rhode Island or his or her
26	designee.
27	(12) "Victim" means a person who is injured or killed by any act of a person or persons
28	which is within the description of any of the offenses specified in § 12-25-20 and which act
29	occurs in the state of Rhode Island. "Victim" also means a resident of the state of Rhode Island
30	who is a victim of an act of terrorism as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 2331 occurring outside the United
31	States or within the United States as referred to in 42 U.S.C. § 10603b.
32	(13) "1972 Act" means the Criminal Injuries Compensation Act of 1972, established
33	pursuant to former §§ 12-25-1 12-25-12.1.

(14) "1996 Act" means the Criminal Injuries Compensation Act of 1996, established

1	pursuant to §§ 12-25-16 12-25-30 <u>12-25-31</u> .
2	SECTION 5. Section 12-32-5 of the General Laws in Chapter 12-32 entitled "Cell Phone
3	Tracking" is hereby amended to read as follows:
4	12-32-5. Reporting requirements.
5	(a) By January 31 of each calendar year, each law-enforcement agency that collects
6	collected any location information from electronic devices in the previous calendar year shall
7	issue a report identifying the number of warrants issued for location information for an electronic
8	device that were approved and denied in the previous year, including:
9	(1) The identity of the agency making the application; and
.0	(2) The offense specified in the warrant or application therefor; and
1	(3) The number of warrants granted, in full or in part, and the number denied; and
2	(4) The number and duration of any extensions of the warrant.
.3	SECTION 6. Section 15-7-26 of the General Laws in Chapter 15-7 entitled "Adoption of
4	Children" is hereby amended to read as follows:
.5	15-7-26. Notice to natural father.
6	(a) If the court, after examination, determines that the natural father has not joined in a
7	petition either for the termination of parental rights of or a petition for adoption or has not
8	executed a waiver, then the court shall cause inquiry to be made of the mother, as the court in its
9	discretion shall deem appropriate.
20	(b) (1) If, after the inquiry, the natural father is identified to the satisfaction of the court,
21	he or she shall be given notice in accordance with § 15-7-8 or in any other manner that the court
22	may direct. Proof of giving the notice shall be filed with the court before a petition for
23	termination of parental rights or a petition for adoption is granted. If the natural father fails to
24	appear, or if appearing fails to claim any rights to the child, the court shall enter an order
25	terminating his or her rights with reference to the child. If the natural father, or a man
26	representing himself or herself to be the natural father, claims rights to the child, the court shall
27	proceed to determine his or her rights.
28	(2) If, after the inquiry, the court is able to identify the natural father but his or her
29	whereabouts are unknown, or if the court is unable to identify the natural father, the court, on the
80	basis of all information available, shall determine whether there is a reasonable probability that
31	publication of notice of the proceeding will lead to the ascertainment of his or her identity or
32	whereabouts. If so, the court may order publication in accordance with § 15-7-9.
33	SECTION 7. Section 16-7.2-5 of the General Laws in Chapter 16-7.2 entitled "The
34	Education Equity and Property Tax Relief Act" is hereby amended to read as follows:

High School, and the Metropolitan Regional Career and Technical Center.

(a) Charter public schools, as defined in chapter 77 of this title, the William M. Davies, Jr. Career and Technical High School (Davies), and the Metropolitan Regional Career and Technical Center (the Met Center) shall be funded pursuant to § 16-7.2-3. If the October 1 actual enrollment data for any charter public school shows a ten percent (10%) or greater change from the prior year enrollment which is used as the reference year average daily membership, the last six (6) monthly payments to the charter public school will be adjusted to reflect actual enrollment. The state share of the permanent foundation education aid shall be paid by the state directly to the charter public schools, Davies, and the Met Center pursuant to § 16-7.2-9 and shall be calculated using the state-share ratio of the district of residence of the student as set forth in § 16-7.2-4. The department of elementary and secondary education shall provide the general assembly with the calculation of the state share of permanent foundation education aid for charter public schools delineated by school district.

(b) The local share of education funding shall be paid to the charter public school, Davies, and the Met Center by the district of residence of the student and shall be the local, perpupil cost calculated by dividing the local appropriation to education from property taxes, net of debt service, and capital projects, as defined in the uniform chart of accounts by the average daily membership for each city and town, pursuant to § 16-7-22, for the reference year.

(c) Beginning in FY 2017, there shall be a reduction to the local per pupil funding paid by the district of residence to charter public schools, Davies, and the Met Center. This reduction shall be equal to the greater (i) Of seven percent (7%) of the local, per-pupil funding of the district of residence pursuant to subsection (b) or (ii) The per-pupil value of the district's costs for non-public textbooks, transportation for non-public students, retiree health benefits, out-of-district special-education tuition and transportation, services for students age eighteen (18) to twenty-one (21) years old, pre-school screening and intervention, and career and technical education, tuition and transportation costs, debt service and rental costs minus the average expenses incurred by charter schools for those same categories of expenses as reported in the uniform chart of accounts for the prior preceding fiscal year pursuant to § 16-7-16(11) and verified by the department of elementary and secondary education. In the case where audited financials result in a change in the calculation after the first tuition payment is made, the remaining payments shall be based on the most recent audited data. For those districts whose greater reduction occurs under the calculation of (ii), there shall be an additional reduction to payments to mayoral academies with teachers who do not participate in the state teacher's retirement system under chapter 8 of title 36 equal to the

per-pupil value of teacher retirement costs attributable to unfunded liability as calculated by the state's actuary for the prior preceding fiscal year.

- (d) Local district payments to charter public schools, Davies, and the Met Center for each district's students enrolled in these schools shall be made on a quarterly basis in July, October, January, and April; however, the first local-district payment shall be made by August 15, instead of July. Failure of the community to make the local-district payment for its student(s) enrolled in a charter public school, Davies, and/or the Met Center may result in the withholding of state education aid pursuant to § 16-7-31.
- (e) Beginning in FY 2017, school districts with charter public school, Davies, and the Met Center enrollment, that, combined, comprise five percent (5%) or more of the average daily membership as defined in § 16-17-22 16-7-22, shall receive additional aid for a period of three (3) years. Aid in FY 2017 shall be equal to the number of charter public school, open-enrollment schools, Davies, or the Met Center students as of the reference year as defined in § 16-7-16 times a per-pupil amount of one hundred seventy-five dollars (\$175). Aid in FY 2018 shall be equal to the number of charter public school, open-enrollment schools, Davies, or the Met Center students as of the reference year as defined in § 16-7-16 times a per-pupil amount of one hundred dollars (\$100). Aid in FY 2019 shall be equal to the number of charter public school, open-enrollment schools, Davies, or the Met Center students as of the reference year as defined in § 16-7-16 times a per-pupil amount of fifty dollars (\$50.00). The additional aid shall be used to offset the adjusted fixed costs retained by the districts of residence.
- SECTION 8. Section 16-24-1 of the General Laws in Chapter 16-24 entitled "Children With Disabilities [See Title 16 Chapter 97 The Rhode Island Board of Education Act]" is hereby amended to read as follows:

<u>16-24-1.</u> Duty of school committee to provide special education.

- (a) In any city or town where there is a child with a disability within the age range as designated by the regulations of the state board of regents for elementary and secondary education, who is functionally limited to such an extent that normal educational growth and development is prevented, the school committee of the city or town where the child resides shall provide the type of special education that will best satisfy the needs of the child with a disability, as recommended and approved by the state board of regents for elementary and secondary education in accordance with its regulations governing the education of children with disabilities.
- (b) Notwithstanding any other federal or state law or regulation, the school committee where a parentally placed child who has, or develops, a disability in private school resides, shall provide the child with the same free and appropriate education as it provides to children in public

schools. These children shall have the same rights and remedies in the regulations of the board of regents for elementary and secondary education governing the education of children with disabilities as children in public school relative to initially determining eligibility, implementation, and/or any other rights and remedies relative to any special education services the child may be eligible or to receive from the public school district.

- (c) For the purpose of this statute, a parentally placed child who has, or develops, a disability in private school is defined as a child enrolled or placed in a private school by the unilateral decision of his or her parents and without consolation of the public school district, who either has, or at some point while at the private school is diagnosed with, a learning disability. Parents who unilaterally enroll their child in a private school are required to pay the tuition costs related to the child's education that are unrelated to the child's disability, and the public school district where the child resides is responsible for payment of the services related to the child's disability as developed and determined in the child's individual education plan.
- (d) For the purpose of this statute, a free and appropriate education is defined as special education services and related services that:
 - (1) Are provided at public expense, under public supervision and direction, and without charge;
 - (2) Meet all of the standards and requirements of the state of Rhode Island department of education and requirements of the regulations of the board of regents for elementary and secondary education governing the education of children with disabilities, which shall include initial evaluation and determination procedures;
 - (3) Include preschool, elementary school or secondary school education in the state; and
 - (4) Are provided in conformity with an individualized education program that meets the requirements of the regulations of the board of regents for elementary and secondary education governing the education of children with disabilities.
- (e) In those cases that an individual education plan has been adopted for a child and the child moves to another town or city, the plan shall remain in effect until a new plan is adopted for the child in the new town or city.
- (f) A child with a disability as referenced in subsection (a) of this section shall have available to them any benefits provided by this section up to their twenty-first birthday. Provided, in the event such a child with a disability is enrolled in a post-secondary or transitional educational program as part of the services provided to the child by the school committee or local education agency (LEA), and such child reaches twenty-one (21) years of age during a school or program year, then the school committee's or LEA's obligation to pay for the post-secondary or

1	transitional program shall continue through to the conclusion of the school or program's academic
2	year. Students who require more extensive care will remain under the direction of the department
3	of rehabilitative services and will be transitioned through the individual education plan prior to
4	reaching age twenty-one (21).
5	SECTION 9. Section 17-19-33 of the General Laws in Chapter 17-19 entitled "Conduct
6	of Election and Voting Equipment, and Supplies" is hereby amended to read as follows:
7	17-19-33. Sealing of voting equipment Sealing and forwarding of results,
8	programmed memory devices and keys.
9	(a) The copies of the printout tape from the optical-scan precinct-count unit obtained
10	pursuant to § 17-19-32 shall be distributed as follows:
11	(1) The first copy, which includes the opening of the polling place information,
12	signatures of the warden and clerk, a timed audit trail of certain events occurring with respect to
13	the optical-scan precinct-count system, and the vote totals for each candidate, shall be attached to
14	the return sheet as provided in § 17-19-11 and immediately delivered to the local board of
15	canvassers where it is processed and delivered to the state board of elections through a procedure
16	promulgated by the state board;
17	(2) A copy shall be made available to the public at the polling place;
18	(3) A copy shall be immediately delivered to the local board of canvassers attached to the
19	return sheet as provided in § 17-19-11, together with the polling place supplies, including the key
20	to the optical-scan precinct-count unit and other voting equipment and containers; and
21	(4) A copy shall be included with the voted ballots and packaged pursuant to this chapter.
22	(5) The certified paper or electronic voter list containing voters' signatures shall be
23	secured separately and returned to the local board of canvassers.
24	(6) All completed official affidavits, forms, reports, and supplies shall be packaged and
25	delivered to the local board for subsequent delivery to the state board.
26	(b) The warden shall:
27	(1) Remove all voted ballots from the compartment of the optical-scan precinct-count
28	unit and package them in the container provided and labeled as voted ballots and stored pursuant
29	to § 17-19-39.1;
30	(2) [Deleted by P.L. 2016, ch. 174, § 1 and P.L. 2016, ch. 190, § 1].
31	(3) Package all ballots from the emergency bin that have not been counted in the
32	container provided and labeled as manual-count ballots, and delivered deliver to the local
33	canvassing authority. Any ballots packaged and labeled as manual-count ballots shall remain
34	sealed and delivered to the state board through a procedure promulgated by the state board.

- (c) All ballots so packaged shall be immediately delivered to the local canvassing authority.
- 3 (d) [Deleted by P.L. 2016, ch. 174, § 1 and P.L. 2016, ch. 190, § 1].
- SECTION 10. Section 23-17-38.1 of the General Laws in Chapter 23-17 entitled

 "Licensing of Health-Care Facilities" is hereby amended to read as follows:

23-17-38.1. Hospitals -- Licensing fee.

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- (a) There is also imposed a hospital licensing fee at the rate of five and eight hundred sixty-two thousandths percent (5.862%) upon the net patient-services revenue of every hospital for the hospital's first fiscal year ending on or after January 1, 2014, except that the license fee for all hospitals located in Washington County, Rhode Island shall be discounted by thirty-seven percent (37%). The discount for Washington County hospitals is subject to approval by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services of a state plan amendment submitted by the executive office of health and human services for the purpose of pursuing a waiver of the uniformity requirement for the hospital license fee. This licensing fee shall be administered and collected by the tax administrator, division of taxation within the department of revenue, and all the administration, collection, and other provisions of chapter 51 of title 44 shall apply. Every hospital shall pay the licensing fee to the tax administrator on or before July 11, 2016, and payments shall be made by electronic transfer of monies to the general treasurer and deposited to the general fund. Every hospital shall, on or before June 13, 2016, make a return to the tax administrator containing the correct computation of net patient-services revenue for the hospital fiscal year ending September 30, 2014, and the licensing fee due upon that amount. All returns shall be signed by the hospital's authorized representative, subject to the pains and penalties of perjury.
- (b) There is also imposed a hospital licensing fee at the rate of five and six hundred fifty-two thousandths percent (5.652%) upon the net patient-services revenue of every hospital for the hospital's first fiscal year ending on or after January 1, 2015, except that the license fee for all hospitals located in Washington County, Rhode Island shall be discounted by thirty-seven percent (37%). The discount for Washington County hospitals is subject to approval by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services of a state plan amendment submitted by the executive office of health and human services for the purpose of pursuing a waiver of the uniformity requirement for the hospital license fee. This licensing fee shall be administered and collected by the tax administrator, division of taxation within the department of revenue, and all the administration, collection, and other provisions of chapter 51 of title 44 shall apply. Every hospital shall pay the licensing fee to the tax administrator on or before July 10, 2017, and

- payments shall be made by electronic transfer of monies to the general treasurer and deposited to
 the general fund. Every hospital shall, on or before June 14, 2017, make a return to the tax
 administrator containing the correct computation of net patient-services revenue for the hospital
 fiscal year ending September 30, 2015 and the licensing fee due upon that amount. All returns
 shall be signed by the hospital's authorized representative, subject to the pains and penalties of
 perjury.
- 7 (c) For purposes of this section the following words and phrases have the following 8 meanings:

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- (1) "Hospital" means the actual facilities and buildings in existence in Rhode Island, licensed pursuant to § 23-17-1 et seq. on June 30, 2010, and thereafter any premises included on that license, regardless of changes in licensure status pursuant to chapter 17.14 of title 23 (hospital conversions) and § 23-17-6(b) (change in effective control), that provides short-term acute inpatient and/or outpatient care to persons who require definitive diagnosis and treatment for injury, illness, disabilities, or pregnancy. Notwithstanding the preceding language, the negotiated Medicaid managed care payment rates for a court-approved purchaser that acquires a hospital through receivership, special mastership, or other similar state insolvency proceedings (which court-approved purchaser is issued a hospital license after January 1, 2013) shall be based upon the newly negotiated rates between the court-approved purchaser and the health plan, and such rates shall be effective as of the date that the court-approved purchaser and the health plan execute the initial agreement containing the newly negotiated rate. The rate-setting methodology for inpatient hospital payments and outpatient hospital payments set forth in §§ 40-8-13.4(b)(1)(B)(iii) and 40-8-13.4(b)(2), respectively, shall thereafter apply to negotiated increases for each annual twelve-month (12) period as of July 1 following the completion of the first full year of the court-approved purchaser's initial Medicaid managed care contract.
- (2) "Gross patient-services revenue" means the gross revenue related to patient care services.
 - (3) "Net patient-services revenue" means the charges related to patient care services less (i) charges attributable to charity care; (ii) bad debt expenses; and (iii) contractual allowances.
- (d) The tax administrator shall make and promulgate any rules, regulations, and procedures not inconsistent with state law and fiscal procedures that he or she deems necessary for the proper administration of this section and to carry out the provisions, policy, and purposes of this section.
 - (e) The licensing fee imposed by this section shall apply to hospitals as defined herein that are duly licensed on July 1, 2016, and shall be in addition to the inspection fee imposed by §

- 23-17-38 and to any licensing fees previously imposed in accordance with § 23-17-38.1.
- 2 SECTION 11. Section 23-24.9-3 of the General Laws in Chapter 23-24.9 entitled
- 3 "Mercury Reduction and Education Act" is hereby amended to read as follows:

23-24.9-3. Definitions. [Effective until January 1, 2020.]

5 For the purpose of this chapter:

- (1) "Component" means a mercury-added product which that is incorporated into another product to form a fabricated mercury-added product, including, but not limited to, electrical switches and lamps.
- (2) "Department" means the department of environmental management.
- (3) "Director" means the director of the department of environmental management or any subordinate or subordinates to whom the director has delegated the powers and duties vested in him or her by this chapter.
 - (4) "Fabricated mercury-added product" means a product that consists of a combination of individual components that combine to make a single unit, including, but not limited to, mercury-added measuring devices, lamps, and switches to which mercury or a mercury compound is intentionally added in order to provide a specific characteristic, appearance, or quality, or to perform a specific function or for any other reason.
 - (5) "Formulated mercury-added product" means a product that includes, but is not limited to, laboratory chemicals, cleaning products, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, and coating materials that are sold as a consistent mixture of chemicals to which mercury or a mercury compound is intentionally added in order to provide a specific characteristic, appearance, or quality, or to perform a specific function or for any other reason.
 - (6) "Healthcare facility" means any hospital, nursing home, extended care extended care extended care facility, long-term care long-term-care facility, clinical or medical laboratory, state or private health or mental institution, clinic, physician's office, or health maintenance organization.
 - (7) "Manufacturer" means any person, firm, association, partnership, corporation, governmental entity, organization, combination, or joint venture that produces a mercury-added product or an importer or domestic distributor of a mercury-added product produced in a foreign country. In the case of a multi-component, mercury-added product, the manufacturer is the last manufacturer to produce or assemble the product. If the multi-component product is produced in a foreign country, the manufacturer is the importer or domestic distributor. In the case of mercury-containing thermostats, the manufacturer is the original equipment manufacturer who or that sells or sold a mercury-containing thermostat under a brand or label it the manufacturer owns, or is or was licensed to use a mercury-containing thermostat produced by other suppliers.

(8) "Mercury-added button cell battery" means a button cell battery to which the manufacturer intentionally introduces mercury for the operation of the battery.

- (9) "Mercury-added novelty" means a mercury-added product intended mainly for personal or household enjoyment or adornment. Mercury-added novelties include, but are not limited to, items intended for use as figurines, adornments, toys, games, cards, ornaments, yard statues and figures, candles, jewelry, holiday decorations, items of apparel (including footwear), or similar products.
- (10) "Mercury-added product" means a product, commodity, chemical, or a product with a component that contains mercury or a mercury compound intentionally added to the product, commodity, chemical, or component in order to provide a specific characteristic, appearance, or quality, or to perform a specific function or for any other reason. These products include formulated mercury-added products and fabricated mercury-added products.
- (11) "Mercury fever thermometer" means a mercury-added product that is used for measuring body temperature.
 - (12) "Mercury-containing thermostat" means a product or device that uses a mercury switch to sense and control room temperature through communication with heating, ventilating, or air-conditions equipment. "Mercury-containing thermostat" includes thermostats used to sense and control room temperature in residential, commercial, industrial, and other buildings, but does not include a thermostat used to sense and control temperature as part of a manufacturing process.
 - (13) "Person" means an individual, trust, firm, joint stock company, corporation (including a government corporation), partnership, association, the federal government or any agency or subdivision thereof, a state, municipality, commission, political subdivision of a state, or any interstate body.
 - (14) "Thermostat retailer" means a person <u>or entity</u> who <u>or that</u> sells thermostats of any kind directly to homeowners or other nonprofessionals through any selling or distribution mechanism, including, but not limited to, sales using the internet or catalogues. A retailer may also be a wholesaler if it meets the definition of wholesaler.
 - (15) "Thermostat wholesaler" means a person <u>or entity that is</u> engaged in the distribution and wholesale sale of thermostats and other heating, ventilation, and air-conditioning components to contractors who install heating, ventilation, and air-conditioning components.
- 31 (16) "Contractor" means a person engaged in the business of installation, service, or 32 removal of heating, ventilation, and air-conditioning components.
 - (17) "Qualified contractor" means a person engaged in the business of installation, service, or removal of heating, ventilation, and air-conditioning components who employs seven

1 (7) or more service technicians or installers or who is located in an area outside of an urban area, 2 as defined by the United States bureau of the census. (18) "Local government collections" means collections completed by household 3 4 hazardous waste facilities, solid waste management agencies, environmental management 5 agencies, or the department of health. 23-24.9-3. Definitions. [Effective January 1, 2020.] 6 7 For the purpose of this chapter: 8 (1) "Component" means a mercury-added product which that is incorporated into 9 another product to form a fabricated mercury-added product, including, but not limited to, 10 electrical switches and lamps. 11 (2) "Contractor" means a person engaged in the business of installation, service, or 12 removal of heating, ventilation, and air-conditioning components. 13 (3) "Corporation" means the Rhode Island resource recovery corporation created and 14 established pursuant to chapter 19 of title 23. 15 (4) "Covered entity" means any person who presents to a collection facility that is 16 included in an approved plan: 17 (i) Any number of compact fluorescent mercury-containing lamps; or 18 (ii) Ten (10) or fewer mercury-containing lamps that are not compact fluorescent lamps 19 and are not from a large-use application. 20 (5) "Department" means the department of environmental management. 21 (6) "Director" means the director of the department of environmental management or any 22 subordinate or subordinates to whom the director has delegated the powers and duties vested in him or her by this chapter. 23 24 (7) "Fabricated mercury-added product" means a product that consists of a combination 25 of individual components that combine to make a single unit, including, but not limited to, 26 mercury-added measuring devices, lamps, and switches to which mercury, or a mercury 27 compound, is intentionally added in order to provide a specific characteristic, appearance, or 28 quality, or to perform a specific function, or for any other reason. 29 (8) "Formulated mercury-added product" means a product that includes, but is not limited 30 to, laboratory chemicals, cleaning products, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, and coating materials 31 that are sold as a consistent mixture of chemicals to which mercury, or a mercury compound, is 32 intentionally added in order to provide a specific characteristic, appearance, or quality, or to 33 perform a specific function, or for any other reason.

(9) "Healthcare facility" means any hospital, nursing home, extended-care facility, long-

1	term care facility, clinical or medical laboratory, state or private health or mental institution,
2	clinic, physician's office, or health maintenance organization.
3	(10) "Local government collections" means collections completed by household
4	hazardous-waste facilities, solid-waste management agencies, environmental management
5	agencies, or the department of health.
6	(11) "Manufacturer" means any person, firm, association, partnership, corporation,
7	governmental entity, organization, combination, or joint venture that produces a mercury-added
8	product or an importer or domestic distributor of a mercury-added product produced in a foreign
9	country. In the case of a multi-component mercury-added product, the manufacturer is the last
10	manufacturer to produce or assemble the product. If the multi-component product is produced in
11	a foreign country, the manufacturer is the importer or domestic distributor. In the case of
12	mercury-containing thermostats, the manufacturer is the original equipment manufacturer who or
13	that sells or sold a mercury-containing thermostat under a brand or label it the manufacturer
14	owns, or is or was licensed to use a mercury-containing thermostat produced by other suppliers.
15	(12) In the case of mercury-containing lamps, the manufacturer is a person or entity who
16	or that:
17	(i) Manufactures or manufactured a mercury-containing lamp under his, her, or its own
18	brand or label for sale in the state;
19	(ii) Sells in the state under its own brand or label a mercury-containing lamp produced by
20	another supplier;
21	(iii) Owns a brand that he, she or it licenses, or licensed to another person or entity for
22	use on a mercury-containing lamp sold in the state;
23	(iv) Imports into the United States for sale in the state a mercury-containing lamp
24	manufactured by a person or entity without a presence in the United States;
25	(v) Manufactures a mercury-containing lamp for sale in the state without affixing a brand
26	name; or
27	(vi) Assumes the responsibilities, obligation, and liabilities of a manufacturer as defined
28	under paragraphs (i) through (v) of this subsection.
29	(13) "Mercury-added button cell battery" means a button cell battery to which the
30	manufacturer intentionally introduces mercury for the operation of the battery.
31	(14) "Mercury-added novelty" means a mercury-added product intended mainly for
32	personal or household enjoyment or adornment. Mercury-added novelties include, but are not
33	limited to, items intended for use as figurines, adornments, toys, games, cards, ornaments, yard

statues and figures, candles, jewelry, holiday decorations, items of apparel (including footwear),

or similar products.

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- 2 (15) "Mercury-added product" means a product, commodity, chemical, or a product with 3 a component that contains mercury or a mercury compound intentionally added to the product, 4 commodity, chemical, or component in order to provide a specific characteristic, appearance, or 5 quality, or to perform a specific function or for any other reason. These products include 6 formulated mercury-added products and fabricated mercury-added products.
 - (16) "Mercury-containing lamp" means a general-purpose lamp to which mercury is intentionally added during the manufacturing process. "Mercury-containing lamp" does not mean a lamp used for medical, disinfection, treatment, or industrial purposes.
 - (17) "Mercury-containing thermostat" means a product or device that uses a mercury switch to sense and control room temperature through communication with heating, ventilating, or air-conditioning equipment. "Mercury-containing thermostat" includes thermostats used to sense and control room temperature in residential, commercial, industrial, and other buildings, but does not include a thermostat used to sense and control temperature as part of a manufacturing process.
 - (18) "Mercury fever thermometer" means a mercury-added product that is used for measuring body temperature.
 - (19) "Person" means an individual, trust, firm, joint stock company, corporation (including a government corporation), partnership, association, the federal government or any agency or subdivision thereof, a state, municipality, commission, political subdivision of a state, or any interstate body.
 - (20) "Qualified contractor" means a person <u>or entity</u> engaged in the business of installation, service, or removal of heating, ventilation, and air-conditioning components who <u>or that</u> employs seven (7) or more service technicians or installers or who <u>or that</u> is located in an area outside of an urban area, as defined by the United States bureau of the census.
 - (21) "Thermostat retailer" means a person <u>or entity</u> who <u>or that</u> sells thermostats of any kind directly to homeowners or other nonprofessionals through any selling or distribution mechanism, including, but not limited to, sales using the internet or catalogues. A retailer may also be a wholesaler if it meets the definition of wholesaler.
- 30 (22) "Thermostat wholesaler" means a person <u>or entity who or</u> that is engaged in the 31 distribution and wholesale sale of thermostats and other heating, ventilation, and air-conditioning 32 components to contractors who install heating, ventilation, and air-conditioning components.
- 33 SECTION 12. Section 27-1.2-5 of the General Laws in Chapter 27-1.2 entitled 34 "Corporate Governance Annual Disclosure" is hereby amended to read as follows:

1	27 112 5. Contents of corporate governance aimain discressive, Effective bandary 1
2	<u>2017.]</u>
3	(a) The insurer or insurance group shall have discretion over the responses to the CGAD
4	inquiries, provided the CGAD shall contain the material information necessary to permit the
5	commissioner to obtain an understanding of the insurer's or group's corporate governance
6	structure, policies, and practices. The commissioner may request additional information that they
7	deem the commissioner deems material and necessary to provide the commissioner with a clear
8	understanding of the corporate governance policies; the reporting or information system; or
9	controls implementing those policies.
10	(b) Notwithstanding subsection (a), the CGAD shall be prepared consistent with the
11	corporate governance annual disclosure regulation adopted by the division of insurance and
12	supporting information shall be maintained and made available upon examination or upon request
13	of the commissioner.
14	SECTION 13. Section 34-25.2-6 of the General Laws in Chapter 34-25.2 entitled "Rhode
15	Island Home Loan Protection Act" is hereby amended to read as follows:
16	34-25.2-6. Limitations and prohibited practices regarding high-cost home loans.
17	A high-cost home loan shall be subject to the following additional limitations and
18	prohibited practices:
19	(a) In connection with a high-cost home loan, no creditor shall directly or indirectly
20	finance any points or fees which total is greater than five percent (5%) or of the total loan amount
21	of or eight hundred dollars (\$800) whichever is greater.
22	(b) No prepayment fees or penalties shall be included in the loan documents for a high-
23	cost home loan.
24	(c) No high-cost home loan may contain a scheduled payment that is more than twice as
25	large as the average of earlier scheduled payments. This provision does not apply when the
26	payment schedule is adjusted to the seasonal or irregular income of the borrower.
27	(d) No high-cost home loan may include payment terms under which the outstanding
28	principal balance or accrued interest will increase at any time over the course of the loan because
29	the regularly scheduled periodic payments do not cover the full amount of interest due.
30	(e) No high-cost home loan may contain a provision that increases the interest rate after
31	default. This provision does not apply to interest rate changes in a variable rate variable-rate
32	loan otherwise consistent with the provisions of the loan documents, provided the change in the
33	interest rate is not triggered by the event of default or the acceleration of the indebtedness.
34	(f) No high-cost home loan may include terms under which more than two (2) periodic

1	payments required under the loan are consolidated and paid in advance from the loan proceeds
2	provided to the borrower.

- (g) A creditor may not make a high-cost home loan without first receiving certification from a counselor with a third-party nonprofit organization approved by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development that the borrower has received counseling on the advisability of the loan transaction.
- (h) A high-cost home loan shall not be extended to a borrower unless a reasonable creditor would believe at the time the loan is closed that one or more of the borrowers will be able to make the scheduled payments associated with the loan based upon a consideration of his or her current and expected income, current obligations, employment status, and other financial resources, other than the borrower's equity in the collateral that secures the repayment of the loan. There is a rebuttable presumption that the borrower is able to make the scheduled payments to repay the obligation if, at the time the loan is consummated, said borrower's total monthly debts, including amounts under the loan, do not exceed fifty percent (50%) of said borrower's monthly gross income as verified by tax returns, payroll receipts, and other third-party income verification.
- (i) A creditor may not pay a contractor under a home-improvement contract from the proceeds of a high-cost home loan, unless:
- (1) The creditor is presented with a signed and dated completion certificate showing that the home improvements have been completed; and
- (2) The instrument is payable to the borrower or jointly to the borrower and the contractor, or, at the election of the borrower, through a third-party escrow agent in accordance with terms established in a written agreement signed by the borrower, the creditor, and the contractor prior to the disbursement.
- (j) A creditor may not charge a borrower any fees or other charges to modify, renew, extend, or amend a high-cost home loan or to defer any payment due under the terms of a high-cost home loan.
- (k) A creditor shall not make available a high-cost home loan that provides for a late payment fee except as follows:
- (1) The late payment fee shall not be in excess of three percent (3%) of the amount of the payment past due.
- 31 (2) The late payment fee shall only be assessed for a payment past due for fifteen (15) 32 days or more or ten (10) days or more in cases of bi-weekly mortgage payment arrangement.
 - (3) The late payment fee shall not be imposed more than once with respect to a single late payment. If a late payment fee is deducted from a payment made on the loan, and the deduction

1	causes a subsequent default on a subsequent payment, no late payment fee may be imposed for
2	the default.
3	(4) A creditor shall treat each payment as posted on the same business day as it was
4	received.
5	(l) All high-cost home loan documents that create a debt or pledge property as collateral
6	shall contain the following notice on the first page in a conspicuous manner: "Notice: This a high-
7	cost home loan subject to special rules under state law. Purchasers or assignees of this high-cost
8	home loan may be liable for all claims and defenses by the borrower with respect to the home
9	loan."
10	SECTION 14. Section 39-1-27.12 of the General Laws in Chapter 39-1 entitled "Public
11	Utilities Commission" is hereby amended to read as follows:
12	39-1-27.12. Low-Income Home-Energy Assistance Program Enhancement Plan.
13	(a) The Low-Income Home-Energy Assistance Program Enhancement Plan (hereinafter
14	"LIHEAP Enhancement Plan") is hereby created to supplement the federal Low-Income Home-
15	Energy Assistance Program ("LIHEAP") funding being received by customers of Rhode Island
16	electric- and gas-distribution companies.
17	(b) Within a period of time sufficient to accomplish the purposes of this section, but not
18	longer than ninety (90) days after the effective date of this chapter, the department of human
19	services shall develop a recommended monthly "LIHEAP enhancement charge" rate for the
20	following year and make a filing with the commission pursuant to this chapter recommending
21	rates. Thereafter annually, but no later than October 15 of each year, the department shall make
22	filings with the commission to recommend the LIHEAP enhancement charge rates for each class
23	of electric- and natural-gas distribution company customer for the following year.
24	(c) A LIHEAP enhancement charge approved by the commission shall have the following
25	limitations:
26	(1) For electric-distribution company customers, the charge shall not be more than ten
27	dollars (\$10.00) per year.
28	(2) For natural-gas-distribution company customers, the charge shall not be more than ten
29	dollars (\$10.00) per year.
30	(3) The total projected annual revenue for the LIHEAP enhancement plan through
31	charges to all electric- and natural-gas-distribution company customers shall not exceed seven
32	million five hundred thousand dollars (\$7,500,000) and shall not be below six million five
33	hundred thousand dollars (\$6,500,000).
34	A minimum of five percent (5%) shall be allocated to provide assistance to customers

who are seeking LIHEAP certification for the sole purpose of entering into an arrearage plan as defined in § 39-2-1(d)(2) between April 15 and September 30 of each year. Such customers must be a homeless family or individual who is transitioning from a shelter into housing and provide who have provided documentation acceptable to the department of human services. Any funds remaining at the end of the fiscal year shall be available for the upcoming winter season.

- (d) The commission shall open a docket, to consider for approval, LIHEAP enhancement charge rates proposed by the department. In reviewing the recommended rates, the commission shall give due consideration to the recommendations of the department and the standards set forth in subsection (c). The commission shall issue a decision within sixty (60) days after said recommendations and report are filed with the commission establishing the enhancement plan charge rates.
- (e) The electric- or gas-distribution company shall use the funds collected through this enhancement plan charge to provide a credit to customers' accounts that are receiving federal LIHEAP assistance payments in a manner determined by the department of human services. The department of human services shall designate to the gas- or electric-distribution company the qualifying customer accounts and the amounts to be credited to those customer accounts, provided that the total amount to be credited to those accounts shall be fully funded by, and not exceed, the total amount collected through the enhancement plan charge. The electric- or gas-distribution company's added administrative expenses to process the credit assignments provided to it by the department of human services will be recoverable either from the LIHEAP enhancement charge or through a separate charge approved by the public utilities commission.
- (f) As used in this section, "electric- and natural-gas-distribution company" means a company as defined in subsection 39-1-2(12), but not including the Block Island Power Company or the Pascoag Utility District.
- SECTION 15. Section 39-2-1 of the General Laws in Chapter 39-2 entitled "Duties of Utilities and Carriers" is hereby amended to read as follows:

39-2-1. Reasonable and adequate services -- Reasonable and just charges.

(a) Every public utility is required to furnish safe, reasonable, and adequate services and facilities. The rate, toll, or charge, or any joint rate made, exacted, demanded, or collected by any public utility for the conveyance or transportation of any persons or property, including sewage, between points within the state; or for any heat, light, water, or power produced, transmitted, distributed, delivered, or furnished; or for any telephone or telegraph message conveyed; or for any service rendered or to be rendered in connection therewith, shall be reasonable and just, and every unjust or unreasonable charge for the service is prohibited and declared unlawful, and no

- public utility providing heat, light, water, or power produced, transmitted, distributed, delivered, or furnished shall terminate the service or deprive any home or building, or whatsoever, of service if the reason therefor is nonpayment of the service without first notifying the user of the service, or the owner, or owners, of the building as recorded with the utility of the impending service termination by written notice at least ten (10) days prior to the effective date of the proposed termination of service.
- (1) Effective immediately, following the issuance of a decision by the commission under 39-1-27.2(d) § 39-1-27.12(d), the utility shall collect a LIHEAP enhancement charge from all utility customers, for the funding of the LIHEAP Enhancement Fund.

- (b) Any existing rules and regulations dealing with the termination of utility service and establishing reasonable methods of debt collection promulgated by the commission pursuant to this chapter and the provisions of § 39-1.1-3 including, but not limited to, any rules and regulations dealing with deposit and deferred-payment arrangements, winter moratorium and medical emergency protections, and customer dispute resolution procedures, shall be applicable to any public utility which that distributes electricity.
- (c) The commission shall promulgate such further rules and regulations as are necessary to protect consumers following the introduction of competition in the electric industry and which that are consistent with this chapter and the provisions of § 39-1.1-3. In promulgating such rules and regulations, the commission shall confer with the retail electric licensing commission and shall give reasonable consideration to any and all recommendations of the retail electric licensing commission.
- (d) (1) On or before August 15, 2011, the commission shall administer such rules and regulations, as may be necessary, to implement the purpose of subdivision (2) of this subsection and to provide for the restoration of electric and/or gas service to low-income home energy assistance program (LIHEAP)-eligible households, as this eligibility is defined in the current LIHEAP state plan for Rhode Island filed with the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.
- (2) Effective no later than September 1, 2016, notwithstanding the provisions of part V sections 4(E)(1)(B) and (C) of the public utilities commission rules and regulations governing the termination of residential electric-, gas-, and water-utility service, a LIHEAP-eligible customer, as defined above in this section, who has been terminated from gas and/or electric service or is recognized, pursuant to a rule or decision by the division, as being scheduled for actual shut-off of service on a specific date, shall not be deprived electric and/or gas utility service provided the following conditions are met:

1	(i) The customer has an account balance of at least three hundred dollars (\$300) that is
2	more than sixty (60) days past due;
3	(ii) The customer is eligible for the federal low-income home-energy assistance program
4	and the account is enrolled in the utility low-income rate if offered;
5	(iii) If utility service has been terminated, the customer shall make an initial payment of
6	twenty-five percent (25%) of the unpaid balance, unless the commission has enacted emergency
7	regulations in which case the customer shall pay the down payment required by the emergency
8	regulations;
9	(iv) The customer agrees to participate in energy efficiency programs;
10	(v) The customer applies for other available energy-assistance programs, including fuel
11	assistance and weatherization;
12	(vi) The customer agrees to make at least twelve (12) monthly payments in an amount
13	determined by the utility and based on the customer's average monthly usage of the previous year,
14	and the customer's actual or anticipated fuel assistance, if known. The electric- and/or gas-utility
15	company shall review the payment plan every three (3) months and may adjust said plan based on
16	the following: the amount of or change in fuel assistance; the customer moves, actual usage
17	differs from estimated usage; and/or significant changes in the company's energy costs or rates
18	from the time of anticipated enrollment;
19	(vii) With each payment, a portion of the customer's outstanding account balance shall be
20	forgiven in an amount equal to the total past-due balance divided by the number of months in the
21	customer agreement;
22	(viii) Up to one thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500) shall be forgiven in a twelve-
23	month (12) period. If the outstanding account balance is greater than one thousand five hundred
24	dollars (\$1,500), the length of the agreement may, at the request of the customer, be extended for
25	more than twelve (12) months to accommodate the total outstanding balance, provided that the
26	customer is current with payments at the conclusion of the previous twelve-month (12) period;
27	(ix) The customer agrees to remain current with payments. For purposes of this
28	subsection, remaining current shall mean that the customer: (A) Misses no more than two (2)
29	payments in a twelve-month (12) period covered by the agreement; and (B) That the amount due
30	under the agreement is paid in full, by the conclusion of the twelve-month (12) period of the
31	agreement;
32	(x) Failure to comply with the payment provisions set forth in this subsection shall be
33	grounds for the customer to be removed from the repayment program established by this
34	subsection and the balance due on the unpaid balance shall be due and payable in full, in

accordance with the rules of the commission governing the termination of residential electric-,
gas-, and water-utility service, provided, that any arrearage already forgiven under subsection
(d)(2)(ii) of this section shall remain forgiven and be written off by the utility. The amount of the
arrearage, so forgiven, shall be recovered by the electric and/or gas company through an annual
reconciling factor approved by the commission;

- (xi) The commission may promulgate rules and regulations to implement this section that ensure efficient administration of the program in a non-discriminatory manner consistent with the goal of providing assistance to customers who are willing and able to meet their obligations to the utility under this program;
- (xii) Each public utility that provides gas or electric service to residential ratepayers shall file tariffs implementing the requirements of this section on a date to be determined by the commission which shall allow for the program to be in place no later than October 1, 2016; and
- (xiii) After two (2) years from the date of completion of the plan or removal from the plan for failure to remain current with payments and upon recommendation from a community action partnership agency, a customer shall be eligible to enroll in a subsequent arrearage forgiveness plan.
- (xiv) A customer, who completes the schedule of payments pursuant to this subsection, shall have the balance of any arrearage forgiven, and the customer's obligation to the gas and/or electric company for such unpaid balance shall be deemed to be fully satisfied. The amount of the arrearage, so forgiven, shall be treated as bad debt for purposes of cost recovery by the gas or the electric company up to the amount allowed in the gas and/or electric company's most recent general rate filing. In the event the gas or electric company's bad debt for a calendar year exceeds the amount allowed in the most recent general-rate filing for the same period, the gas or electric company shall be entitled to recovery of those write-offs that were the result of the arrearage forgiveness plan set forth in this section.
- (3) A customer terminated from service under the provisions of subdivision (d)(1) or (d)(2) shall be eligible for restoration of service in accordance with the applicable provisions of part V section 4(E)(1)(C), or its successor provision, of the public utilities commission rules and regulations governing the termination of residential electric, gas, and water service.
- (e) The commission shall complete a comprehensive review of all utility- and energy-related programs and policies impacting protected classes and low-income ratepayers. In conducting its review, the commission shall consult with the division, the attorney general, the utility, the department of human services, the ratepayers advisory board established by § 39-1-37.1, community-based organizations, a homeless advisory group, and community action

- agencies, each of whom shall cooperate with meetings scheduled by the commission and any requests for information received by the commission by providing responses within twenty-one (21) days from issuance. The commission shall submit a report of its findings and recommendations to the governor and the general assembly no later than November 1, 2018. No later than November 15, 2017, and annually thereafter, the commission shall submit to the governor, the senate president, and the speaker of the house a report on the effectiveness of the customer arrearage program which shall include a cost-benefit analysis and recommendations to improve effectiveness of the arrearage program.
- 9 SECTION 16. Section 39-26.4-2 of the General Laws in Chapter 39-26.4 entitled "Net 10 Metering" is hereby amended to read as follows:

<u>39-26.4-2. Definitions.</u>

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Terms not defined in this section herein shall have the same meaning as contained in chapter 26 of title 39 of the general laws. When used in this chapter:

- (1) "Community remote-net-metering system" means a facility generating electricity using an eligible net-metering resource that allocates net-metering credits to a minimum of one account for system associated with low or moderate housing eligible credit recipients, or three (3) eligible credit-recipient customer accounts, provided that no more than fifty percent (50%) of the credits produced by the system are allocated to one eligible credit recipient, and provided further at least fifty percent (50%) of the credits produced by the system are allocated to the remaining eligible credit recipients in an amount not to exceed that which is produced annually by twentyfive kilowatt (25 kW) AC capacity. The community remote-net-metering system may transfer credits to eligible credit recipients in an amount that is equal to or less than the sum of the usage of the eligible credit recipient accounts measured by the three-year (3) average annual consumption of energy over the previous three (3) years. A projected annual consumption of energy may be used until the actual three-year (3) average annual consumption of energy over the previous three (3) years at the eligible credit recipient accounts becomes available for use in determining eligibility of the generating system. The community remote-net-metering system may be owned by the same entity that is the customer of record on the net-metered account or may be owned by a third party.
- (2) "Electric-distribution company" shall have the same meaning as § 39-1-2, but shall not include block island power company or Pascoag utility district, each of whom shall be required to offer net metering to customers through a tariff approved by the public utilities commission after a public hearing. Any tariff or policy on file with the public utilities commission on the date of passage of this chapter shall remain in effect until the commission

approves a new tariff.

- (3) "Eligible credit recipient" means one of the following eligible recipients in the electric-distribution company's service territory whose electric service account or accounts may receive net-metering credits from a community remote net-metering system. Eligible credit recipients include the following definitions:
 - (i) Residential accounts in good standing.
- (ii) "Low- or moderate-income housing eligible credit recipient" means an electric service account or accounts in good standing associated with any housing development or developments owned or operated by a public agency, nonprofit organization, limited-equity housing cooperative, or private developer, that receives assistance under any federal, state, or municipal government program to assist the construction or rehabilitation of housing affordable to low- or moderate-income households, as defined in the applicable federal or state statute, or local ordinance, encumbered by a deed restriction or other covenant recorded in the land records of the municipality in which the housing is located, that:
- (A) Restricts occupancy of no less than fifty percent (50%) of the housing to households with a gross, annual income that does not exceed eighty percent (80%) of the area median income as defined annually by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD);
- (B) Restricts the monthly rent, including a utility allowance, that may be charged to residents, to an amount that does not exceed thirty percent (30%) of the gross, monthly income of a household earning eight eighty percent (80%) of the area, median income as defined annually by HUD;
- (C) That has an original term of not less than thirty (30) years from initial occupancy. Electric service account or accounts in good standing associated with housing developments that are under common ownership or control may be considered a single low- or moderate-income housing-eligible credit recipient for purposes of this section. The value of the credits shall be used to provide benefits to tenants.
- (4) "Eligible net-metering resource" means eligible renewable-energy resource, as defined in § 39-26-5 including biogas created as a result of anaerobic digestion, but, specifically excluding all other listed eligible biomass fuels;
- (5) "Eligible net-metering system" means a facility generating electricity using an eligible net-metering resource that is reasonably designed and sized to annually produce electricity in an amount that is equal to, or less than, the renewable self-generator's usage at the eligible net-metering-system site measured by the three-year (3) average annual consumption of energy over the previous three (3) years at the electric-distribution account(s) located at the eligible net-

metering-system site. A projected annual consumption of energy may be used until the actual three-year (3) average annual consumption of energy over the previous three (3) years at the electric-distribution account(s) located at the eligible net-metering-system site becomes available for use in determining eligibility of the generating system. The eligible net-metering system may be owned by the same entity that is the customer of record on the net-metered accounts or may be owned by a third party that is not the customer of record at the eligible net-metering system site and which may offer a third-party, net-metering financing arrangement or public entity, net-metering financing arrangement, as applicable. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, any eligible net-metering resource: (i) Owned by a public entity or multi-municipal collaborative or (ii) Owned and operated by a renewable-generation developer on behalf of a public entity or multi-municipal collaborative through public entity net-metering financing arrangement shall be treated as an eligible net-metering system and all accounts designated by the public entity or multi-municipal collaborative for net metering shall be treated as accounts eligible for net metering within an eligible net-metering-system site.

(6) "Eligible net-metering-system site" means the site where the eligible net-metering system or community remote net-metering system is located or is part of the same campus or complex of sites contiguous to one another and the site where the eligible net-metering system or community remote-net-metering system is located or a farm in which the eligible net-metering system or community remote-net-metering system is located. Except for an eligible net-metering system owned by or operated on behalf of a public entity or multi-municipal collaborative through a public entity net-metering financing arrangement, the purpose of this definition is to reasonably assure that energy generated by the eligible net-metering system is consumed by netmetered electric service account(s) that are actually located in the same geographical location as the eligible net-metering system. All energy generated from any eligible net-metering system is, and will be considered, consumed at the meter where the renewable-energy resource is interconnected for valuation purposes. Except for an eligible net-metering system owned by, or operated on behalf of, a public entity or multi-municipal collaborative through a public entity netmetering financing arrangement, or except for a community remote-net-metering system, all of the net-metered accounts at the eligible net-metering-system site must be the accounts of the same customer of record and customers are not permitted to enter into agreements or arrangements to change the name on accounts for the purpose of artificially expanding the eligible net-meteringsystem site to contiguous sites in an attempt to avoid this restriction. However, a property owner may change the nature of the metered service at the accounts at the site to be master metered in the owner's name, or become the customer of record for each of the accounts, provided that the

owner becoming the customer of record actually owns the property at which the account is located. As long as the net-metered accounts meet the requirements set forth in this definition, there is no limit on the number of accounts that may be net metered within the eligible net-metering-system site.

- (7) "Excess renewable net-metering credit" means a credit that applies to an eligible net-metering system or community remote-net-metering system for that portion of the production of electrical energy beyond one hundred percent (100%) and no greater than one hundred twenty-five percent (125%) of the renewable self-generator's own consumption at the eligible net-metering-system site or the sum of the usage of the eligible credit recipient accounts associated with the community remote-net-metering system during the applicable billing period. Such excess renewable net-metering credit shall be equal to the electric-distribution company's avoided cost rate, which is hereby declared to be the electric-distribution company's standard offer service kilowatt hour (kWh) charge for the rate class and time-of-use billing period (if applicable) applicable to the customer of record for the eligible net-metering system or applicable to the customer of record for the eligible net-metering system. The commission shall have the authority to make determinations as to the applicability of this credit to specific generation facilities to the extent there is any uncertainty or disagreement.
- (8) "Farm" shall be defined in accordance with § 44-27-2, except that all buildings associated with the farm shall be eligible for net-metering credits as long as: (i) The buildings are owned by the same entity operating the farm or persons associated with operating the farm; and (ii) The buildings are on the same farmland as the project on either a tract of land contiguous with, or reasonably proximate to, such farmland or across a public way from such farmland.
- (9) "Multi-municipal collaborative" means a group of towns and/or cities that enter into an agreement for the purpose of co-owning a renewable-generation facility or entering into a financing arrangement pursuant to subdivision (16).
- (10) "Municipality" means any Rhode Island town or city, including any agency or instrumentality thereof, with the powers set forth in title 45 of the general laws.
- (11) "Net metering" means using electrical energy generated by an eligible, net-metering system for the purpose of self-supplying electrical energy and power at the eligible net-metering-system site, or with respect to a community remote-net-metering system, for the purpose of generating net-metering credits to be applied to the electric bills of the eligible credit recipients associated with the community net-metering system. The amount so generated will thereby offset consumption at the eligible net-metering system site through the netting process established in this chapter, or with respect to a community remote-net-metering system, the amounts generated

in excess of that amount will result in credits being applied to the eligible credit-recipient accounts associated with the community remote-net-metering system.

- (12) "Net-metering customer" means a customer of the electric-distribution company receiving and being billed for distribution service whose distribution account(s) are being net metered.
 - (13) "Person" means an individual, firm, corporation, association, partnership, farm, town or city of the State of Rhode Island, multi-municipal collaborative, or the State of Rhode Island or any department of the state government, governmental agency, or public instrumentality of the state.
 - (14) "Project" means a distinct installation of an eligible net-metering system or a community remote-net-metering system. An installation will be considered distinct if it is installed in a different location, or at a different time, or involves a different type of renewable energy.
 - (15) "Public entity" means the state of Rhode Island, municipalities, wastewater treatment facilities, public transit agencies or any water distributing plant or system employed for the distribution of water to the consuming public within this state including the water supply board of the city of Providence.
 - (16) "Public entity net-metering financing arrangement" means arrangements entered into by a public entity or multi-municipal collaborative with a private entity to facilitate the financing and operation of a net-metering resource, in which the private entity owns and operates an eligible net-metering resource on behalf of a public entity or multi-municipal collaborative, where: (i) The eligible net-metering resource is located on property owned or controlled by the public entity or one of the municipalities, as applicable, and (ii) The production from the eligible net-metering resource and primary compensation paid by the public entity or multi-municipal collaborative to the private entity for such production is directly tied to the consumption of electricity occurring at the designated net-metered accounts.
 - (17) "Renewable net-metering credit" means a credit that applies to an eligible net-metering system or a community remote-net-metering system up to one hundred percent (100%) of either the renewable self-generator's usage at the eligible net-metering-system site or the sum of the usage of the eligible credit-recipient accounts associated with the community remote net-metering system over the applicable billing period. This credit shall be equal to the total kilowatt hours of electrical energy generated up to the amount consumed on-site, and/or generated up to the sum of the eligible credit-recipient account usage during the billing period multiplied by the sum of the distribution company's:

1	(1) Standard offer service kilowatt hour charge for the rate class applicable to the net-
2	metering customer, except that for remote public entity and multi-municipality collaborative net-
3	metering systems that submit an application for an interconnection study on or after July 1, 2017,
4	and community remote-net-metering systems, the standard offer service kilowatt-hour charge
5	shall be net of the renewable energy standard charge or credit;
6	(ii) Distribution kilowatt-hour charge;
7	(iii) Transmission kilowatt-hour charge; and
8	(iv) Transition kilowatt-hour charge.
9	Notwithstanding the foregoing, except for systems that have requested an interconnection
10	study for which payment has been received by the distribution company, or if an interconnection
11	study is not required, a completed and paid interconnection application, by December 31, 2018,
12	the renewable net-metering credit for all remote public entity and multi-municipal collaborative
13	net-metering systems shall not include the distribution kilowatt hour charge commencing on
14	January 1, 2050.
15	(18) "Renewable self-generator" means an electric distribution service customer of record
16	for the eligible net-metering system or community remote-net-metering system at the eligible net-
17	metering-system site which system is primarily designed to produce electrical energy for
18	consumption by that same customer at its distribution service account(s), and/or, with respect to
19	community remote-net-metering systems, electrical energy which generates net-metering credits
20	to be applied to offset the eligible credit-recipient account usage.
21	(19) "Third party" means and includes any person or entity, other than the renewable self-
22	generator, who owns or operates the eligible net-metering system or community remote-net-
23	metering system on the eligible net-metering-system site for the benefit of the renewable self-
24	generator.
25	(20) "Third-party, net-metering financing arrangement" means the financing of eligible
26	net-metering systems or community remote-net-metering systems through lease arrangements or
27	power/credit purchase agreements between a third party and renewable self-generator, except for
28	those entities under a public entity net-metering finance arrangement. A third party engaged in
29	providing financing arrangements related to such net-metering systems with a public or private
30	entity is not a public utility as defined in § 39-1-2.
31	SECTION 17. Section 42-11.2-3 of the General Laws in Chapter 42-11.2 entitled
32	"Affordable Housing Opportunity" is hereby amended to read as follows:
33	42-11.2-3. Definitions.

Terms used in this chapter shall be defined as follows, unless another meaning is

-	expressed of creatly apparent from the language of context.
2	(1) "Eligible owner" means any of the following entities, provided that it shall have the
3	legal right to lease or sub-lease existing, newly constructed, or substantially rehabilitated dwelling
4	units.
5	(i) A mutual housing association, a nonprofit housing development corporation, a
6	limited equity housing cooperative, a limited partnership in which a nonprofit housing
7	development corporation is the general partner, or a limited partnership in which a
8	corporation wholly owned by a nonprofit housing development corporation is the general
9	partner.
10	(ii) Any other person or entity the department elects to contract with.
11	(2) "Fair market rent" means the fair rental amount for a dwelling unit, as established by
12	the executive department pursuant to § 42-11.2-9.
13	(i) A mutual housing association, a nonprofit housing development corporation, a
14	limited equity housing cooperative, a limited partnership in which a nonprofit housing
15	development corporation is the general partner, or a limited partnership in which a
16	corporation wholly owned by a nonprofit housing development corporation is the general
17	partner.
18	(ii) Any other person or entity the department elects to contract with.
19	(3) "Housing costs" means an amount equal to the fair market rent for an assisted unit,
20	plus a utility allowance for that unit as determined by the executive department.
21	(4) "Limited equity housing cooperative" means a cooperative housing association or
22	corporation organized and operated primarily for the benefit of low and moderate income
23	persons, and whose equity, after allowance for maximum transfer value of its stock, is
24	permanently dedicated to providing housing to persons of low or moderate income or to a
25	charitable purpose.
26	(5) "Low-income family" means an individual or family whose total income does not
27	exceed sixty percent (60%) of the median family income adjusted by family size for the area of
28	the state in which the family lives, as determined annually by the U.S. Department of Housing
29	and Urban Development.
30	(6) "Mutual housing association" means a nonprofit corporation, incorporated pursuant to
31	chapter 6 of title 7 and having articles of incorporation approved by the executive director of the
32	Rhode Island housing and mortgage finance corporation, having as one of its purposes the
33	prevention and elimination of neighborhood deterioration and the preservation of neighborhood
34	stability by affording community and resident involvement in the provision of high-quality, long-

- 1 term housing for low and moderate income families in which residents: (i) participate in the
- 2 ongoing operation and management of that housing; (ii) have the right to continue residing in the
- 3 housing for as long as they comply with the terms of their occupancy agreement; and (iii) do not
- 4 possess an equity or ownership interest in the housing.
- 5 (7) "Nonprofit housing development corporation" means a nonprofit corporation, which
- 6 has applied under 42 U.S.C. § 501(c)(3) for approval as a § 501(c)(3) corporation with the
- 7 Internal Revenue Service, or been so approved, and which is organized and operated with one of
- 8 its principal purposes being to provide housing for low and moderate income persons.
- 9 (8) "Utility allowance" means an amount established by the executive department
- 10 pursuant to § 42-11.2-10.

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- SECTION 18. Section 42-17.1-2 of the General Laws in Chapter 16-77.4 entitled
- 12 "Department of Environmental Management" is hereby amended to read as follows:

42-17.1-2. Powers and duties.

- The director of environmental management shall have the following powers and duties:
- 15 (1) To supervise and control the protection, development, planning, and utilization of the
- 16 natural resources of the state, such resources, including, but not limited to: water, plants, trees,
- soil, clay, sand, gravel, rocks and other minerals, air, mammals, birds, reptiles, amphibians, fish,
- shellfish, and other forms of aquatic, insect, and animal life;
- 19 (2) To exercise all functions, powers, and duties heretofore vested in the department of
- 20 agriculture and conservation, and in each of the divisions of the department, such as the
- 21 promotion of agriculture and animal husbandry in their several branches, including the inspection
- 22 and suppression of contagious diseases among animals; the regulation of the marketing of farm
- products; the inspection of orchards and nurseries; the protection of trees and shrubs from
- 24 injurious insects and diseases; protection from forest fires; the inspection of apiaries and the

suppression of contagious diseases among bees; the prevention of the sale of adulterated or

- 26 misbranded agricultural seeds; promotion and encouragement of the work of farm bureaus, in
- 27 cooperation with the University of Rhode Island, farmers' institutes, and the various organizations
 - established for the purpose of developing an interest in agriculture; together with such other agencies and activities as the governor and the general assembly may, from time to time, place
- 30 under the control of the department; and as heretofore vested by such of the following chapters
- 31 and sections of the general laws as are presently applicable to the department of environmental
- 32 management and that were previously applicable to the department of natural resources and the
- department of agriculture and conservation or to any of its divisions: chapters 1 through 22,
- inclusive, as amended, in title 2 entitled "Agriculture and Forestry"; chapters 1 through 17,

- inclusive, as amended, in title 4 entitled "Animals and Animal Husbandry"; chapters 1 through
 19, inclusive, as amended, in title 20 entitled "Fish and Wildlife"; chapters 1 through 32,
 inclusive, as amended, in title 21 entitled "Food and Drugs"; chapter 7 of title 23, as amended,
 entitled "Mosquito Abatement"; and by any other general or public law relating to the department
- 5 of agriculture and conservation or to any of its divisions or bureaus;

parks and recreation;

- (3) To exercise all the functions, powers, and duties heretofore vested in the division of parks and recreation of the department of public works by chapters 1, 2, and 5 in title 32 entitled "Parks and Recreational Areas"; by chapter 22.5 of title 23, as amended, entitled "Drowning Prevention and Lifesaving"; and by any other general or public law relating to the division of
 - (4) To exercise all the functions, powers, and duties heretofore vested in the division of harbors and rivers of the department of public works, or in the department itself by such as were previously applicable to the division or the department, of chapters 1 through 22 and sections thereof, as amended, in title 46 entitled "Waters and Navigation"; and by any other general or public law relating to the division of harbors and rivers;
 - (5) To exercise all the functions, powers, and duties heretofore vested in the department of health by chapters 25, 18.9, and 19.5 of title 23, as amended, entitled "Health and Safety"; and by chapters 12 and 16 of title 46, as amended, entitled "Waters and Navigation"; by chapters 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 11, 13, 18, and 19 of title 4, as amended, entitled "Animals and Animal Husbandry"; and those functions, powers, and duties specifically vested in the director of environmental management by the provisions of § 21-2-22, as amended, entitled "Inspection of Animals and Milk"; together with other powers and duties of the director of the department of health as are incidental to, or necessary for, the performance of the functions transferred by this section;
 - (6) To cooperate with the Rhode Island commerce corporation in its planning and promotional functions, particularly in regard to those resources relating to agriculture, fisheries, and recreation;
 - (7) To cooperate with, advise, and guide conservation commissions of cities and towns created under chapter 35 of title 45 entitled "Conservation Commissions", as enacted by chapter 203 of the Public Laws, 1960;
- 30 (8) To assign or reassign, with the approval of the governor, any functions, duties, or powers established by this chapter to any agency within the department, except as hereinafter limited;
 - (9) To cooperate with the water resources board and to provide to the board facilities, administrative support, staff services, and such other services as the board shall reasonably

- 1 require for its operation and, in cooperation with the board and the statewide planning program,
- 2 to formulate and maintain a long-range guide plan and implementing program for development of
- 3 major water-sources transmission systems needed to furnish water to regional- and local-
- 4 distribution systems;

- (10) To cooperate with the solid waste management corporation and to provide to the corporation such facilities, administrative support, staff services, and such other services within the department as the corporation shall reasonably require for its operation;
- (11) To provide for the maintenance of waterways and boating facilities, consistent with chapter 6.1 of title 46, by: (i) Establishing minimum standards for upland beneficial use and disposal of dredged material; (ii) Promulgating and enforcing rules for water quality, ground water protection, and fish and wildlife protection pursuant to § 42-17.1-24; (iii) Planning for the upland beneficial use and/or disposal of dredged material in areas not under the jurisdiction of the council pursuant to § 46-23-6(2); and (iv) Cooperating with the coastal resources management council in the development and implementation of comprehensive programs for dredging as provided for in §§ 46-23-6(1)(ii)(H) and 46-23-18.3; and (v) Monitoring dredge material management and disposal sites in accordance with the protocols established pursuant to § 46-6.1-5(3) and the comprehensive program provided for in § 46-23-6(1)(ii)(H); no powers or duties granted herein shall be construed to abrogate the powers or duties granted to the coastal resources management council under chapter 23 of title 46, as amended;
- (12) To establish minimum standards, subject to the approval of the environmental standards board, relating to the location, design, construction, and maintenance of all sewage-disposal systems;
- (13) To enforce, by such means as provided by law, the standards for the quality of air, and water, and the design, construction, and operation of all sewage-disposal systems; any order or notice issued by the director relating to the location, design, construction, or maintenance of a sewage-disposal system shall be eligible for recordation under chapter 13 of title 34. The director shall forward the order or notice to the city or town wherein the subject property is located and the order or notice shall be recorded in the general index by the appropriate municipal official in the land evidence records in the city or town wherein the subject property is located. Any subsequent transferee of that property shall be responsible for complying with the requirements of the order or notice. Upon satisfactory completion of the requirements of the order or notice, the director shall provide written notice of the same, which notice shall be similarly eligible for recordation. The original written notice shall be forwarded to the city or town wherein the subject property is located and the notice of satisfactory completion shall be recorded in the general index

by the appropriate municipal official in the land evidence records in the city or town wherein the subject property is located. A copy of the written notice shall be forwarded to the owner of the subject property within five (5) days of a request for it, and, in any event, shall be forwarded to the owner of the subject property within thirty (30) days after correction;

- (14) To establish minimum standards for the establishment and maintenance of salutary environmental conditions, including standards and methods for the assessment and the consideration of the cumulative effects on the environment of regulatory actions and decisions, which standards for consideration of cumulative effects shall provide for: (i) Evaluation of potential cumulative effects that could adversely effect public health and/or impair ecological functioning; (ii) Analysis of such other matters relative to cumulative effects as the department may deem appropriate in fulfilling its duties, functions and powers; which standards and methods shall only be applicable to ISDS systems in the town of Jamestown in areas that are dependent for water supply on private and public wells, unless broader use is approved by the general assembly. The department shall report to the general assembly not later than March 15, 2008, with regard to the development and application of such standards and methods in Jamestown;
- (15) To establish and enforce minimum standards for permissible types of septage, industrial-waste disposal sites, and waste-oil disposal sites;
- (16) To establish minimum standards, subject to the approval of the environmental standards board, for permissible types of refuse disposal facilities; the design, construction, operation, and maintenance of disposal facilities; and the location of various types of facilities;
- (17) To exercise all functions, powers, and duties necessary for the administration of chapter 19.1 of title 23 entitled "Rhode Island Hazardous Waste Management Act";
- (18) To designate, in writing, any person in any department of the state government or any official of a district, county, city, town, or other governmental unit, with that official's consent, to enforce any rule, regulation, or order promulgated and adopted by the director under any provision of law; provided, however, that enforcement of powers of the coastal resources management council shall be assigned only to employees of the department of environmental management, except by mutual agreement or as otherwise provided in chapter 23 of title 46;
- (19) To issue and enforce such rules, regulations, and orders as may be necessary to carry out the duties assigned to the director and the department by any provision of law; and to conduct such investigations and hearings and to issue, suspend, and revoke such licenses as may be necessary to enforce those rules, regulations, and orders. Any license suspended under such rules, regulations, and/or orders shall be terminated and revoked if the conditions that led to the suspension are not corrected to the satisfaction of the director within two (2) years; provided that

1	written notice is given by certified mail, return receipt requested, no less than sixty (60) days
2	prior to the date of termination.
3	Notwithstanding the provisions of § 42-35-9 to the contrary, no informal disposition of a
4	contested licensing matter shall occur where resolution substantially deviates from the original
5	application unless all interested parties shall be notified of said proposed resolution and provided
6	with opportunity to comment upon said resolution pursuant to applicable law and any rules and
7	regulations established by the director;
8	(20) To enter, examine, or survey, at any reasonable time, such places as the director
9	deems necessary to carry out his or her responsibilities under any provision of law subject to the
10	following provisions:
11	(i) For criminal investigations, the director shall, pursuant to chapter 5 of title 12, seek a
12	search warrant from an official of a court authorized to issue warrants, unless a search without a
13	warrant is otherwise allowed or provided by law;
14	(ii) (A) All administrative inspections shall be conducted pursuant to administrative
15	guidelines promulgated by the department in accordance with chapter 35 of title 42;
16	(B) A warrant shall not be required for administrative inspections if conducted under the
17	following circumstances, in accordance with the applicable constitutional standards:
18	(I) For closely regulated industries;
19	(II) In situations involving open fields or conditions that are in plain view;
20	(III) In emergency situations;
21	(IV) In situations presenting an imminent threat to the environment or public health,
22	safety, or welfare;
23	(V) If the owner, operator, or agent in charge of the facility, property, site, or location
24	consents; or
25	(VI) In other situations in which a warrant is not constitutionally required.
26	(C) Whenever it shall be constitutionally or otherwise required by law, or whenever the
27	director in his or her discretion deems it advisable, an administrative search warrant, or its
28	functional equivalent, may be obtained by the director from a neutral magistrate for the purpose
29	of conducting an administrative inspection. The warrant shall be issued in accordance with the
30	applicable constitutional standards for the issuance of administrative search warrants. The
31	administrative standard of probable cause, not the criminal standard of probable cause, shall
32	apply to applications for administrative search warrants;
33	(I) The need for, or reliance upon, an administrative warrant shall not be construed as
34	requiring the department to forfeit the element of surprise in its inspection efforts;

(II) An administrative warrant issued pursuant to this subsection must be executed and
returned within ten (10) days of its issuance date unless, upon a showing of need for additional
time, the court orders otherwise;
(III) An administrative warrant may authorize the review and copying of documents that
are relevant to the purpose of the inspection. If documents must be seized for the purpose of

- are relevant to the purpose of the inspection. If documents must be seized for the purpose of copying, and the warrant authorizes such seizure, the person executing the warrant shall prepare an inventory of the documents taken. The time, place, and manner regarding the making of the inventory shall be set forth in the terms of the warrant itself, as dictated by the court. A copy of the inventory shall be delivered to the person from whose possession or facility the documents were taken. The seized documents shall be copied as soon as feasible under circumstances preserving their authenticity, then returned to the person from whose possession or facility the documents were taken;
- (IV) An administrative warrant may authorize the taking of samples of air, water, or soil or of materials generated, stored, or treated at the facility, property, site, or location. Upon request, the department shall make split samples available to the person whose facility, property, site, or location is being inspected;
- (V) Service of an administrative warrant may be required only to the extent provided for in the terms of the warrant itself, by the issuing court.
- (D) Penalties. Any willful and unjustified refusal of right of entry and inspection to department personnel pursuant to an administrative warrant shall constitute a contempt of court and shall subject the refusing party to sanctions, which in the court's discretion may result in up to six (6) months imprisonment and/or a monetary fine of up to ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) per refusal.
- (21) To give notice of an alleged violation of law to the person responsible therefor whenever the director determines that there are reasonable grounds to believe that there is a violation of any provision of law within his or her jurisdiction or of any rule or regulation adopted pursuant to authority granted to him or her, unless other notice and hearing procedure is specifically provided by that law. Nothing in this chapter shall limit the authority of the attorney general to prosecute offenders as required by law;
- (i) The notice shall provide for a time within which the alleged violation shall be remedied, and shall inform the person to whom it is directed that a written request for a hearing on the alleged violation may be filed with the director within ten (10) days after service of the notice. The notice will be deemed properly served upon a person if a copy thereof is served him or her personally; or sent by registered or certified mail to his or her last known address; or if he

or she is served with notice by any other method of service now or hereafter authorized in a civil action under the laws of this state. If no written request for a hearing is made to the director within ten (10) days of the service of notice, the notice shall automatically become a compliance order;

- (ii) (A) Whenever the director determines that there exists a violation of any law, rule, or regulation within his or her jurisdiction that requires immediate action to protect the environment, he or she may, without prior notice of violation or hearing, issue an immediate-compliance order stating the existence of the violation and the action he or she deems necessary. The compliance order shall become effective immediately upon service or within such time as is specified by the director in such order. No request for a hearing on an immediate-compliance order may be made;
- (B) Any immediate-compliance order issued under this section without notice and prior hearing shall be effective for no longer than forty-five (45) days; provided, however, that for good cause shown, the order may be extended one additional period not exceeding forty-five (45) days.
- (iii) The director may, at his or her discretion and for the purposes of timely and effective resolution and return to compliance, cite a person for alleged noncompliance through the issuance of an expedited citation in accordance with subsection 42-17.6-3(c);
- (iv) If a person upon whom a notice of violation has been served under the provisions of this section or if a person aggrieved by any such notice of violation requests a hearing before the director within ten (10) days of the service of notice of violation, the director shall set a time and place for the hearing, and shall give the person requesting that hearing at least five (5) days written notice thereof. After the hearing, the director may make findings of fact and shall sustain, modify, or withdraw the notice of violation. If the director sustains or modifies the notice, that decision shall be deemed a compliance order and shall be served upon the person responsible in any manner provided for the service of the notice in this section;
- (v) The compliance order shall state a time within which the violation shall be remedied, and the original time specified in the notice of violation shall be extended to the time set in the order;
- (vi) Whenever a compliance order has become effective, whether automatically where no hearing has been requested, where an immediate compliance order has been issued, or upon decision following a hearing, the director may institute injunction proceedings in the superior court of the state for enforcement of the compliance order and for appropriate temporary relief, and in that proceeding, the correctness of a compliance order shall be presumed and the person attacking the order shall bear the burden of proving error in the compliance order, except that the

1	director shall bear the burden of proving in the proceeding the correctness of an immediate
2	compliance order. The remedy provided for in this section shall be cumulative and not exclusive
3	and shall be in addition to remedies relating to the removal or abatement of nuisances or any
4	other remedies provided by law;
5	(vii) Any party aggrieved by a final judgment of the superior court may, within thirty (30)
6	days from the date of entry of such judgment, petition the supreme court for a writ of certiorari to
7	review any questions of law. The petition shall set forth the errors claimed. Upon the filing of the
8	petition with the clerk of the supreme court, the supreme court may, if it sees fit, issue its writ of
9	certiorari.
10	(22) To impose administrative penalties in accordance with the provisions of chapter 17.6
11	of this title and to direct that such penalties be paid into the account established by subdivision
12	(26); and
13	(23) The following definitions shall apply in the interpretation of the provisions of this
14	chapter:
15	(i) Director: The term "director" shall mean the director of environmental management of
16	the state of Rhode Island or his or her duly authorized agent;
17	(ii) Person: The term "person" shall include any individual, group of individuals, firm,
18	corporation, association, partnership, or private or public entity, including a district, county, city,
19	town, or other governmental unit or agent thereof, and in the case of a corporation, any individual
20	having active and general supervision of the properties of such corporation;
21	(iii) Service: (A) Service upon a corporation under this section shall be deemed to include
22	service upon both the corporation and upon the person having active and general supervision of
23	the properties of such corporation;
24	(B) For purposes of calculating the time within which a claim for a hearing is made
25	pursuant to subdivision (21)(i), service shall be deemed to be the date of receipt of such notice or
26	three (3) days from the date of mailing of said notice, whichever shall first occur.
27	(24) (i) To conduct surveys of the present private and public camping and other
28	recreational areas available and to determine the need for and location of such other camping and
29	recreational areas as may be deemed necessary and in the public interest of the state of Rhode
30	Island and to report back its findings on an annual basis to the general assembly on or before
31	March 1 of every year;
32	(ii) Additionally, the director of the department of environmental management shall take
33	such additional steps, including, but not limited to, matters related to funding as may be necessary
34	to establish such other additional recreational facilities and areas as are deemed to be in the public

interest.

(25) (i) To apply for and accept grants and bequests of funds, with the approval of the director of administration, from other states, interstate agencies, and independent authorities, and private firms, individuals, and foundations, for the purpose of carrying out his or her lawful responsibilities. The funds shall be deposited with the general treasurer in a restricted receipt account created in the natural resources program for funds made available for that program's purposes or in a restricted receipt account created in the environmental protection program for funds made available for that program's purposes. All expenditures from the accounts shall be subject to appropriation by the general assembly, and shall be expended in accordance with the provisions of the grant or bequest. In the event that a donation or bequest is unspecified, or in the event that the trust account balance shows a surplus after the project as provided for in the grant or bequest has been completed, the director may utilize said appropriated unspecified or appropriated surplus funds for enhanced management of the department's forest and outdoor public recreation areas, or other projects or programs that promote the accessibility of recreational opportunities for Rhode Island residents and visitors;

(ii) The director shall submit to the house fiscal advisor and the senate fiscal advisor, by October 1 of each year, a detailed report on the amount of funds received and the uses made of such funds.

(26) To establish fee schedules by regulation, with the approval of the governor, for the processing of applications and the performing of related activities in connection with the department's responsibilities pursuant to subdivision (12); chapter 19.1 of title 23, as it relates to inspections performed by the department to determine compliance with chapter 19.1 and rules and regulations promulgated in accordance therewith; chapter 18.9 of title 23, as it relates to inspections performed by the department to determine compliance with chapter 18.9 and the rules and regulations promulgated in accordance therewith; chapters 19.5 and 23 of title 23; chapter 12 of title 46, insofar as it relates to water-quality certifications and related reviews performed pursuant to provisions of the federal Clean Water Act; the regulation and administration of underground storage tanks and all other programs administered under chapter 12 of title 46 and § 2-1-18 et seq., and chapter 13.1 of title 46 and chapter 13.2 of title 46, insofar as they relate to any reviews and related activities performed under the provisions of the Groundwater Protection Act; chapter 24.9 of title 23 as it relates to the regulation and administration of mercury-added products; and chapter 17.7 of this title, insofar as it relates to administrative appeals of all enforcement, permitting and licensing matters to the administrative adjudication division for environmental matters. Two (2) fee ranges shall be required: for "Appeal of enforcement

actions", a range of fifty dollars (\$50) to one hundred dollars (\$100), and for "Appeal of application decisions", a range of five hundred dollars (\$500) to ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).

The monies from the administrative adjudication fees will be deposited as general revenues and the amounts appropriated shall be used for the costs associated with operating the administrative adjudication division.

There is hereby established an account within the general fund to be called the water and air protection program. The account shall consist of sums appropriated for water and air pollution control and waste-monitoring programs and the state controller is hereby authorized and directed to draw his or her orders upon the general treasurer for the payment of such sums, or such portions thereof, as may be required, from time to time, upon receipt by him or her of properly authenticated vouchers. All amounts collected under the authority of this subdivision for the sewage-disposal-system program and fresh-waters wetlands program will be deposited as general revenues and the amounts appropriated shall be used for the purposes of administering and operating the programs. The director shall submit to the house fiscal advisor and the senate fiscal advisor by January 15 of each year a detailed report on the amount of funds obtained from fines and fees and the uses made of such funds.

- (27) To establish and maintain a list or inventory of areas within the state worthy of special designation as "scenic" to include, but not be limited to, certain state roads or highways, scenic vistas, and scenic areas, and to make the list available to the public;
- (28) To establish and maintain an inventory of all interests in land held by public and private land trust and to exercise all powers vested herein to insure the preservation of all identified lands;
- (i) The director may promulgate and enforce rules and regulations to provide for the orderly and consistent protection, management, continuity of ownership and purpose, and centralized records-keeping for lands, water, and open spaces owned in fee or controlled in full or in part through other interests, rights, or devices such as conservation easements or restrictions, by private and public land trusts in Rhode Island. The director may charge a reasonable fee for filing of each document submitted by a land trust;
- (ii) The term "public land trust" means any public instrumentality created by a Rhode Island municipality for the purposes stated herein and financed by means of public funds collected and appropriated by the municipality. The term "private land trust" means any group of five (5) or more private citizens of Rhode Island who shall incorporate under the laws of Rhode Island as a nonbusiness corporation for the purposes stated herein, or a national organization such as the nature conservancy. The main purpose of either a public or a private land trust shall be the

protection, acquisition, or control of land, water, wildlife, wildlife habitat, plants, and/or other natural features, areas, or open space for the purpose of managing or maintaining, or causing to be managed or maintained by others, the land, water, and other natural amenities in any undeveloped and relatively natural state in perpetuity. A private land trust must be granted exemption from federal income tax under Internal Revenue Code 501c(3) [26 U.S.C. § 501(c)(3)] within two (2) years of its incorporation in Rhode Island or it may not continue to function as a land trust in Rhode Island. A private land trust may not be incorporated for the exclusive purpose of acquiring or accepting property or rights in property from a single individual, family, corporation, business, partnership, or other entity. Membership in any private land trust must be open to any individual subscribing to the purposes of the land trust and agreeing to abide by its rules and regulations including payment of reasonable dues;

- (iii) (A) Private land trusts will, in their articles of association or their bylaws, as appropriate, provide for the transfer to an organization, created for the same or similar purposes, the assets, lands and land rights and interests held by the land trust in the event of termination or dissolution of the land trust.
- (B) All land trusts, public and private, will record in the public records, of the appropriate towns and cities in Rhode Island, all deeds, conservation easements, or restrictions or other interests and rights acquired in land and will also file copies of all such documents and current copies of their articles of association, their bylaws, and their annual reports with the secretary of state and with the director of the Rhode Island department of environmental management. The director is hereby directed to establish and maintain permanently a system for keeping records of all private and public land trust land holdings in Rhode Island.
- (29) The director will contact in writing, not less often than once every two (2) years, each public or private land trust to ascertain: that all lands held by the land trust are recorded with the director; the current status and condition of each land holding; that any funds or other assets of the land trust held as endowment for specific lands have been properly audited at least once within the two-year (2) period; the name of the successor organization named in the public or private land trust's bylaws or articles of association; and any other information the director deems essential to the proper and continuous protection and management of land and interests or rights in land held by the land trust. In the event that the director determines that a public or private land trust holding land or interest in land appears to have become inactive, he or she shall initiate proceedings to effect the termination of the land trust and the transfer of its lands, assets, land rights, and land interests to the successor organization named in the defaulting trust's bylaws or articles of association or to another organization created for the same or similar purposes. Should

such a transfer not be possible, then the land trust, assets, and interest and rights in land will be held in trust by the state of Rhode Island and managed by the director for the purposes stated at the time of original acquisition by the trust. Any trust assets or interests other than land or rights in land accruing to the state under such circumstances will be held and managed as a separate fund for the benefit of the designated trust lands;

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- (30) Consistent with federal standards, issue and enforce such rules, regulations, and orders as may be necessary to establish requirements for maintaining evidence of financial responsibility for taking corrective action and compensating third parties for bodily injury and property damage caused by sudden and non-sudden accidental releases arising from operating underground storage tanks;
- (31) To enforce, by such means as provided by law, the standards for the quality of air, and water, and the location, design, construction, and operation of all underground storage facilities used for storing petroleum products or hazardous materials; any order or notice issued by the director relating to the location, design construction, operation, or maintenance of an underground storage facility used for storing petroleum products or hazardous materials shall be eligible for recordation under chapter 13 of title 34. The director shall forward the order or notice to the city or town wherein the subject facility is located, and the order or notice shall be recorded in the general index by the appropriate municipal officer in the land-evidence records in the city or town wherein the subject facility is located. Any subsequent transferee of that facility shall be responsible for complying with the requirements of the order or notice. Upon satisfactory completion of the requirements of the order or notice, the director shall provide written notice of the same, which notice shall be eligible for recordation. The original, written notice shall be forwarded to the city or town wherein the subject facility is located, and the notice of satisfactory completion shall be recorded in the general index by the appropriate municipal official in the land-evidence records in the city or town wherein the subject facility is located. A copy of the written notice shall be forwarded to the owner of the subject facility within five (5) days of a request for it, and, in any event, shall be forwarded to the owner of the subject facility within thirty (30) days after correction;
- (32) To manage and disburse any and all funds collected pursuant to § 46-12.9-4, in accordance with § 46-12.9-5, and other provisions of the Rhode Island Underground Storage Tank Financial Responsibility Act, as amended;
- (33) To support, facilitate, and assist the Rhode Island Natural History Survey, as appropriate and/or as necessary, in order to accomplish the important public purposes of the survey in gathering and maintaining data on Rhode Island natural history; making public

presentations and reports on natural history topics; ranking species and natural communities; monitoring rare species and communities; consulting on open-space acquisitions and management plans; reviewing proposed federal and state actions and regulations with regard to their potential impact on natural communities; and seeking outside funding for wildlife management, land management, and research;

- (34) To promote the effective stewardship of lakes and ponds, including collaboration with associations of lakefront property owners on planning and management actions that will prevent and mitigate water quality degradation, the loss of native habitat due to infestation of non-native species, and nuisance conditions that result from excessive growth of algal or non-native plant species. By January 31, 2012, the director shall prepare and submit a report to the governor and general assembly that, based upon available information, provides: (a) An assessment of lake conditions including a description of the presence and extent of aquatic invasive species in lakes and ponds; (b) Recommendations for improving the control and management of aquatic invasives species in lakes and ponds; and (c) An assessment of the feasibility of instituting a boat-sticker program for the purpose of generating funds to support implementation actions to control aquatic invasive species in the freshwaters of the state; and
- (35) In implementing the programs established pursuant to this chapter, to identify critical areas for improving service to customers doing business with the department, and to develop and implement strategies to improve performance and effectiveness in those areas. Key aspects of a customer-service program shall include, but not necessarily be limited to, the following components:
- (a) Maintenance of an organizational unit within the department with the express purpose of providing technical assistance to customers and helping customers comply with environmental regulations and requirements;
- (b) Maintenance of an employee-training program to promote customer service across the department;
- (c) Implementation of a continuous business process evaluation and improvement effort, including process reviews to encourage development of quality proposals; ensure timely and predictable reviews; and result in effective decisions and consistent follow up and implementation throughout the department; and publish an annual report on such efforts;
- (d) Creation of a centralized location for the acceptance of permit applications and other submissions to the department;
- (e) Maintenance of a process to promote, organize, and facilitate meetings prior to the submission of applications or other proposals in order to inform the applicant on options and

1	opportunities to minimize environmental impact; improve the potential for sustainable
2	environmental compliance; and support an effective and efficient review and decision-making
3	process on permit applications related to the proposed project;
4	(f) Development of single permits under multiple authorities otherwise provided in state
5	law to support comprehensive and coordinated reviews of proposed projects. The director may
6	address and resolve conflicting or redundant process requirements in order to achieve an effective
7	and efficient review process that meets environmental objectives; and
8	(g) Exploration of the use of performance-based regulations coupled with adequate
9	inspection and oversight, as an alternative to requiring applications or submissions for approval
10	prior to initiation of projects. The department shall work with the office of regulatory reform to
11	evaluate the potential for adopting alternative compliance approaches and provide a report to the
12	governor and the general assembly by May 1, 2015.
13	SECTION 19. Section 44-18-7.3 of the General Laws in Chapter 44-18 entitled "Sales
14	and Use Taxes - Liability and Computation" is hereby amended to read as follows:
15	44-18-7.3. Services defined.
16	(a) "Services" means all activities engaged in for other persons for a fee, retainer,
17	commission, or other monetary charge, which activities involve the performance of a service in
18	this state as distinguished from selling property.
19	(b) The following businesses and services performed in this state, along with the
20	applicable 2007 North American Industrial Classification System (NAICS) codes, are included in
21	the definition of services:
22	(1) Taxicab and limousine services including but not limited to:
23	(i) Taxicab services including taxi dispatchers (485310); and
24	(ii) Limousine services (485320).
25	(2) Other road transportation service including but not limited to:
26	(i) Charter bus service (485510);
27	(ii) "Transportation network companies" (TNC) defined as an entity that uses a digital
28	network to connect transportation network company riders to transportation network operators
29	who provide prearranged rides. Any TNC operating in this state is a retailer as provided in § 44-
30	18-15 and is required to file a business application and registration form and obtain a permit to
31	make sales at retail with the tax administrator, to charge, collect, and remit Rhode Island sales
32	and use tax; and
33	(iii) All other transit and ground passenger transportation (485999).
34	(3) Pet care services (812910) except veterinary and testing laboratories services.

(4) (i) "Room reseller" or "reseller" means any person, except a tour operator as defined
in § 42-63.1-2, having any right, permission, license, or other authority from or through a hotel as
defined in § 42-63.1-2, to reserve, or arrange the transfer of occupancy of, accommodations the
reservation or transfer of which is subject to this chapter, such that the occupant pays all or a
portion of the rental and other fees to the room reseller or reseller, room reseller or reseller shall
include, but not be limited to, sellers of travel packages as defined in this section.
Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law, where said reservation or transfer of occupancy
is done using a room reseller or reseller, the application of the sales and use <u>tax</u> under §§ 44-18-
18 and 44-18-20, and the hotel tax under § 44-18-36.1 shall be as follows: The room reseller or
reseller is required to register with, and shall collect and pay to, the tax administrator the sales
and use and hotel taxes, with said taxes being calculated upon the amount of rental and other fees
paid by the occupant to the room reseller or reseller, less the amount of any rental and other fees
paid by the room reseller or reseller to the hotel. The hotel shall collect and pay to the tax
administrator said taxes upon the amount of rental and other fees paid to the hotel by the room
reseller or reseller and/or the occupant. No assessment shall be made by the tax administrator
against a hotel because of an incorrect remittance of the taxes under this chapter by a room
reseller or reseller. No assessment shall be made by the tax administrator against a room reseller
or reseller because of an incorrect remittance of the taxes under this chapter by a hotel. If the
hotel has paid the taxes imposed under this chapter, the occupant and/or room reseller or reseller,
as applicable, shall reimburse the hotel for said taxes. If the room reseller or reseller has paid said
taxes, the occupant shall reimburse the room reseller or reseller for said taxes. Each hotel and
room reseller or reseller shall add and collect, from the occupant or the room reseller or the
reseller, the full amount of the taxes imposed on the rental and other fees. When added to the
rental and other fees, the taxes shall be a debt owed by the occupant to the hotel or room reseller
or reseller, as applicable, and shall be recoverable at law in the same manner as other debts. The
amount of the taxes collected by the hotel and/or room reseller or reseller from the occupant
under this chapter shall be stated and charged separately from the rental and other fees, and shall
be shown separately on all records thereof, whether made at the time the transfer of occupancy
occurs, or on any evidence of the transfer issued or used by the hotel or the room reseller or the
reseller. A room reseller or reseller shall not be required to disclose to the occupant the amount of
tax charged by the hotel; provided, however, the room reseller or reseller shall represent to the
occupant that the separately stated taxes charged by the room reseller or reseller include taxes
charged by the hotel. No person shall operate a hotel in this state, or act as a room reseller or
reseller for any hotel in the state, unless the tax administrator has issued a permit pursuant to §

(ii) "Travel package" means a room, or rooms, bundled with one or more other, separate
components of travel such as air transportation, car rental, or similar items, which travel package
is charged to the customer or occupant for a single, retail price. When the room occupancy is
bundled for a single consideration, with other property, services, amusement charges, or any other
items, the separate sale of which would not otherwise be subject to tax under this chapter, the
entire single consideration shall be treated as the rental or other fees for room occupancy subject
to tax under this chapter; provided, however, that where the amount of the rental, or other fees for
room occupancy is stated separately from the price of such other property, services, amusement
charges, or other items, on any sales slip, invoice, receipt, or other statement given the occupant,
and such rental and other fees are determined by the tax administrator to be reasonable in relation
to the value of such other property, services, amusement charges, or other items, only such
separately stated rental and other fees will be subject to tax under this chapter. The value of the
transfer of any room, or rooms, bundled as part of a travel package may be determined by the tax
administrator from the room reseller's and/or reseller's and/or hotel's books and records that are
kept in the regular course of business.

- (c) All services as defined herein are required to file a business application and registration form and obtain a permit to make sales at retail with the tax administrator, to charge, collect, and remit Rhode Island sales and use tax.
- (d) The tax administrator is authorized to promulgate rules and regulations in accordance with the provisions of chapter 42-35 to carry out the provisions, policies, and purposes of this chapter.
- SECTION 20. Section 44-30-2.6 of the General Laws in Chapter 44-30 entitled "Personal Income Tax" is hereby amended to read as follows:

44-30-2.6. Rhode Island taxable income -- Rate of tax. [Effective January 1, 2017.]

- (a) "Rhode Island taxable income" means federal taxable income as determined under the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. § 1 et seq., not including the increase in the basic, standard-deduction amount for married couples filing joint returns as provided in the Jobs and Growth Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2003 and the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001 (EGTRRA), and as modified by the modifications in § 44-30-12.
- (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of §§ 44-30-1 and 44-30-2, for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2001, a Rhode Island personal income tax is imposed upon the Rhode Island taxable income of residents and nonresidents, including estates and trusts, at the rate of twenty-five and one-half percent (25.5%) for tax year 2001, and twenty-five percent (25%) for

1	tax year 2002 and thereafter of the federal income tax rates, including capital gains rates and any
2	other special rates for other types of income, except as provided in § 44-30-2.7, which were in
3	effect immediately prior to enactment of the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation
4	Act of 2001 (EGTRRA); provided, rate schedules shall be adjusted for inflation by the tax
5	administrator beginning in taxable year 2002 and thereafter in the manner prescribed for
6	adjustment by the commissioner of Internal Revenue in 26 U.S.C. § 1(f). However, for tax years
7	beginning on or after January 1, 2006, a taxpayer may elect to use the alternative flat tax rate
8	provided in § 44-30-2.10 to calculate his or her personal income tax liability.
9	(c) For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2001, if a taxpayer has an alternative
10	minimum tax for federal tax purposes, the taxpayer shall determine if he or she has a Rhode
11	Island alternative minimum tax. The Rhode Island alternative minimum tax shall be computed
12	by multiplying the federal tentative minimum tax without allowing for the increased exemptions
13	under the Jobs and Growth Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2003 (as redetermined on federal
14	form 6251 Alternative Minimum Tax-Individuals) by twenty-five and one-half percent (25.5%)
15	for tax year 2001, and twenty-five percent (25%) for tax year 2002 and thereafter, and
16	comparing the product to the Rhode Island tax as computed otherwise under this section. The
17	excess shall be the taxpayer's Rhode Island alternative minimum tax.
18	(1) For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, and thereafter, the exemption
19	amount for alternative minimum tax, for Rhode Island purposes, shall be adjusted for inflation
20	by the tax administrator in the manner prescribed for adjustment by the commissioner of Internal
21	Revenue in 26 U.S.C. § 1(f).
22	(2) For the period January 1, 2007, through December 31, 2007, and thereafter, Rhode
23	Island taxable income shall be determined by deducting from federal adjusted gross income as
24	defined in 26 U.S.C. § 62 as modified by the modifications in § 44-30-12 the Rhode Island
25	itemized-deduction amount and the Rhode Island exemption amount as determined in this
26	section.
27	(A) Tax imposed.
28	(1) There is hereby imposed on the taxable income of married individuals filing joint
29	returns and surviving spouses a tax determined in accordance with the following table:
30	If taxable income is: The tax is:
31	Not over \$53,150 3.75% of taxable income
32	Over \$53,150 but not over \$128,500 \$1,993.13 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$53,150
33	Over \$128,500 but not over \$195,850 \$7,267.63 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$128,500
34	Over \$195,850 but not over \$349,700 \$12,487.25 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$195,850

C2) There is hereby imposed on the taxable income of every head of household a tax determined in accordance with the following table: If taxable income is: The tax is:	1	Over \$349,700	\$26,333.75 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$349,700
If taxable income is: The tax is: Not over \$42,650	2	(2) There is hereby imposed on	the taxable income of every head of household a tax
5 Not over \$42,650 3.75% of taxable income 6 Over \$42,650 but not over \$110,100 \$1,599.38 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$42,650 7 Over \$110,100 but not over \$178,350 \$6,320.88 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$110,100 8 Over \$178,350 but not over \$349,700 \$11,610.25 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$178,350 9 Over \$349,700 \$27,031.75 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$349,700 10 (3) There is hereby imposed on the taxable income of unmarried individuals (other than surviving spouses and heads of households) a tax determined in accordance with the following table: 12 If taxable income is: The tax is: 14 Not over \$31,850 3.75% of taxable income 15 Over \$31,850 but not over \$77,100 \$1,194.38 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$31,850 16 Over \$77,100 but not over \$160,850 \$4,361.88 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$3160,850 18 Over \$160,850 but not over \$349,700 \$10,852.50 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$349,700 19 (4) There is hereby imposed on the taxable income of married individuals filing separate returns and bankruptcy estates a tax determined in accordance with the following table: 21 If taxable income is: The tax is: 20 Over \$26	3	determined in accordance with the following	ng table:
6 Over \$42,650 but not over \$110,100 7 Over \$110,100 but not over \$178,350 8 Over \$110,100 but not over \$178,350 8 Over \$178,350 but not over \$349,700 8 11,610,25 plus 9,00% of the excess over \$178,350 9 Over \$349,700 8 27,031,75 plus 9,90% of the excess over \$349,700 10 (3) There is hereby imposed on the taxable income of unmarried individuals (other than surviving spouses and heads of households) a tax determined in accordance with the following table: 11 If taxable income is: 12 The tax is: 13 Not over \$31,850 15 Over \$31,850 but not over \$77,100 16 Over \$31,850 but not over \$77,100 17 Over \$160,850 but not over \$160,850 18 Over \$349,700 19 (4) There is hereby imposed on the taxable income of married individuals filing separate returns and bankruptcy estates a tax determined in accordance with the following table: 16 If taxable income is: 17 The tax is: 18 Not over \$26,575 19 Over \$349,700 10 (4) There is hereby imposed on the taxable income of married individuals filing separate returns and bankruptcy estates a tax determined in accordance with the following table: 19 If taxable income is: 10 Over \$26,575 but not over \$64,250 10 Over \$40,250 but not over \$64,250 10 Over \$97,925 but not over \$174,850 11 Over \$14,850 12 Over \$97,925 but not over \$174,850 13 S6,243,63 plus 9,00% of the excess over \$97,925 14 Over \$40,250 but not over \$174,850 15 S6,243,63 plus 9,00% of the excess over \$174,850 16 Over \$174,850 17 The tax is: 18 The tax is: 19 Not over \$2,150 10 S80,63 plus 7,00% of the excess over \$174,850 21 Over \$2,150 but not over \$5,000 22 Over \$5,000 but not over \$5,000 23 Over \$5,000 but not over \$5,000 24 S80,63 plus 7,00% of the excess over \$2,150 25 Over \$7,650 but not over \$5,000 25 S80,63 plus 7,00% of the excess over \$2,150 26 Over \$5,000 but not over \$1,0450 27 S80,63 plus 7,00% of the excess over \$2,150 28 S80,63 plus 7,00% of the excess over \$2,150 29 Over \$5,000 but not over \$5,000 20 S80,63 plus 7,00% of the excess over \$2,150 20 S80,63 plus 7,00%	4	If taxable income is:	The tax is:
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Over \$174,850 \$13,166.88 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$174,850 (5) There is hereby imposed a taxable income of an estate or trust a tax determined in accordance with the following table: If taxable income is: The tax is: Not over \$2,150 3.75% of taxable income Over \$2,150 but not over \$5,000 \$80.63 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$2,150 Over \$5,000 but not over \$7,650 \$280.13 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$5,000 Over \$7,650 but not over \$10,450 \$485.50 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$7,650	21 22	If taxable income is: Not over \$26,575	The tax is: 3.75% of taxable income
27 (5) There is hereby imposed a taxable income of an estate or trust a tax determined in accordance with the following table: 29 If taxable income is: 30 Not over \$2,150 3.75% of taxable income 31 Over \$2,150 but not over \$5,000 \$80.63 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$2,150 32 Over \$5,000 but not over \$7,650 \$280.13 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$5,000 33 Over \$7,650 but not over \$10,450 \$485.50 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$7,650	21 22 23	If taxable income is: Not over \$26,575 Over \$26,575 but not over \$64,250	The tax is: 3.75% of taxable income \$996.56 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$26,575
28 accordance with the following table: 29 If taxable income is: 30 Not over \$2,150 3.75% of taxable income 31 Over \$2,150 but not over \$5,000 \$80.63 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$2,150 32 Over \$5,000 but not over \$7,650 \$280.13 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$5,000 33 Over \$7,650 but not over \$10,450 \$485.50 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$7,650	21222324	If taxable income is: Not over \$26,575 Over \$26,575 but not over \$64,250 Over \$64,250 but not over \$97,925	The tax is: 3.75% of taxable income \$996.56 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$26,575 \$3,633.81 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$64,250
29 If taxable income is: The tax is: 30 Not over \$2,150 3.75% of taxable income 31 Over \$2,150 but not over \$5,000 \$80.63 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$2,150 32 Over \$5,000 but not over \$7,650 \$280.13 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$5,000 33 Over \$7,650 but not over \$10,450 \$485.50 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$7,650	2122232425	If taxable income is: Not over \$26,575 Over \$26,575 but not over \$64,250 Over \$64,250 but not over \$97,925 Over \$97,925 but not over \$174,850	The tax is: 3.75% of taxable income \$996.56 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$26,575 \$3,633.81 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$64,250 \$6,243.63 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$97,925
30 Not over \$2,150 3.75% of taxable income 31 Over \$2,150 but not over \$5,000 \$80.63 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$2,150 32 Over \$5,000 but not over \$7,650 \$280.13 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$5,000 33 Over \$7,650 but not over \$10,450 \$485.50 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$7,650	212223242526	If taxable income is: Not over \$26,575 Over \$26,575 but not over \$64,250 Over \$64,250 but not over \$97,925 Over \$97,925 but not over \$174,850 Over \$174,850	The tax is: 3.75% of taxable income \$996.56 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$26,575 \$3,633.81 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$64,250 \$6,243.63 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$97,925 \$13,166.88 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$174,850
31 Over \$2,150 but not over \$5,000 \$80.63 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$2,150 32 Over \$5,000 but not over \$7,650 \$280.13 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$5,000 33 Over \$7,650 but not over \$10,450 \$485.50 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$7,650	21222324252627	If taxable income is: Not over \$26,575 Over \$26,575 but not over \$64,250 Over \$64,250 but not over \$97,925 Over \$97,925 but not over \$174,850 Over \$174,850 (5) There is hereby imposed a tax	The tax is: 3.75% of taxable income \$996.56 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$26,575 \$3,633.81 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$64,250 \$6,243.63 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$97,925 \$13,166.88 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$174,850
32 Over \$5,000 but not over \$7,650 \$280.13 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$5,000 33 Over \$7,650 but not over \$10,450 \$485.50 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$7,650	21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	If taxable income is: Not over \$26,575 Over \$26,575 but not over \$64,250 Over \$64,250 but not over \$97,925 Over \$97,925 but not over \$174,850 Over \$174,850 (5) There is hereby imposed a taxaccordance with the following table:	The tax is: 3.75% of taxable income \$996.56 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$26,575 \$3,633.81 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$64,250 \$6,243.63 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$97,925 \$13,166.88 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$174,850 xable income of an estate or trust a tax determined in
33 Over \$7,650 but not over \$10,450 \$485.50 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$7,650	21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	If taxable income is: Not over \$26,575 Over \$26,575 but not over \$64,250 Over \$64,250 but not over \$97,925 Over \$97,925 but not over \$174,850 Over \$174,850 (5) There is hereby imposed a taxaccordance with the following table: If taxable income is:	The tax is: 3.75% of taxable income \$996.56 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$26,575 \$3,633.81 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$64,250 \$6,243.63 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$97,925 \$13,166.88 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$174,850 Exable income of an estate or trust a tax determined in
	21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	If taxable income is: Not over \$26,575 Over \$26,575 but not over \$64,250 Over \$64,250 but not over \$97,925 Over \$97,925 but not over \$174,850 Over \$174,850 (5) There is hereby imposed a taxaccordance with the following table: If taxable income is: Not over \$2,150	The tax is: 3.75% of taxable income \$996.56 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$26,575 \$3,633.81 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$64,250 \$6,243.63 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$97,925 \$13,166.88 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$174,850 Exable income of an estate or trust a tax determined in The tax is: 3.75% of taxable income
34 Over \$10,450 \$737.50 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$10,450	21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	If taxable income is: Not over \$26,575 Over \$26,575 but not over \$64,250 Over \$64,250 but not over \$97,925 Over \$97,925 but not over \$174,850 Over \$174,850 (5) There is hereby imposed a taxaccordance with the following table: If taxable income is: Not over \$2,150 Over \$2,150 but not over \$5,000	The tax is: 3.75% of taxable income \$996.56 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$26,575 \$3,633.81 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$64,250 \$6,243.63 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$97,925 \$13,166.88 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$174,850 xable income of an estate or trust a tax determined in The tax is: 3.75% of taxable income \$80.63 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$2,150
	21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	If taxable income is: Not over \$26,575 Over \$26,575 but not over \$64,250 Over \$64,250 but not over \$97,925 Over \$97,925 but not over \$174,850 Over \$174,850 (5) There is hereby imposed a taxaccordance with the following table: If taxable income is: Not over \$2,150 Over \$2,150 but not over \$5,000 Over \$5,000 but not over \$7,650	The tax is: 3.75% of taxable income \$996.56 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$26,575 \$3,633.81 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$64,250 \$6,243.63 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$97,925 \$13,166.88 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$174,850 xable income of an estate or trust a tax determined in The tax is: 3.75% of taxable income \$80.63 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$2,150 \$280.13 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$5,000

1	(6) Adjustments for inflation.	
2	The dollars amount contained in paragraph (A) shall be increased by an amount equal	to:
3	(a) Such dollar amount contained in paragraph (A) in the year 1993, multiplied by;	
4	(b) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with a base year of 199	3;
5	(c) The cost-of-living adjustment referred to in subparagraphs (a) and (b) used in make	ing
6	adjustments to the nine percent (9%) and nine and nine tenths percent (9.9%) dollar amounts si	hall
7	be determined under section (J) by substituting "1994" for "1993."	
8	(B) Maximum capital gains rates.	
9	(1) In general.	
10	If a taxpayer has a net capital gain for tax years ending prior to January 1, 2010, the	tax
11	imposed by this section for such taxable year shall not exceed the sum of:	
12	(a) 2.5 % of the net capital gain as reported for federal income tax purposes under sect	ion
13	26 U.S.C. 1(h)(1)(a) and 26 U.S.C. 1(h)(1)(b).	
14	(b) 5% of the net capital gain as reported for federal income tax purposes under 26 U.S.	S.C.
15	1(h)(1)(c).	
16	(c) 6.25% of the net capital gain as reported for federal income tax purposes under	26
17	U.S.C. 1(h)(1)(d).	
18	(d) 7% of the net capital gain as reported for federal income tax purposes under 26 U.S.	S.C.
19	1(h)(1)(e).	
20	(2) For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2010, the tax imposed on net cap	ital
21	gain shall be determined under subdivision 44-30-2.6(c)(2)(A).	
22	(C) Itemized deductions.	
23	(1) In general.	
24	For the purposes of section (2), "itemized deductions" means the amount of federal	eral
25	itemized deductions as modified by the modifications in § 44-30-12.	
26	(2) Individuals who do not itemize their deductions.	
27	In the case of an individual who does not elect to itemize his deductions for the taxa	ıble
28	year, they may elect to take a standard deduction.	
29	(3) Basic standard deduction.	
30	The Rhode Island standard deduction shall be allowed in accordance with the follow	ing
31	table:	
32	Filing status Amount	
33	Single \$5,350	
34	Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) \$8,900	

1	Married filing separately \$4,450
2	Head of Household \$7,850
3	(4) Additional standard deduction for the aged and blind.
4	An additional standard deduction shall be allowed for individuals age sixty-five (65) or
5	older or blind in the amount of \$1,300 for individuals who are not married and \$1,050 for
6	individuals who are married.
7	(5) Limitation on basic standard deduction in the case of certain dependents.
8	In the case of an individual to whom a deduction under section (E) is allowable to another
9	taxpayer, the basic standard deduction applicable to such individual shall not exceed the greater
10	of:
11	(a) \$850;
12	(b) The sum of \$300 and such individual's earned income;
13	(6) Certain individuals not eligible for standard deduction.
14	In the case of:
15	(a) A married individual filing a separate return where either spouse itemizes deductions;
16	(b) Nonresident alien individual;
17	(c) An estate or trust;
18	The standard deduction shall be zero.
19	(7) Adjustments for inflation.
20	Each dollar amount contained in paragraphs (3), (4) and (5) shall be increased by an
21	amount equal to:
22	(a) Such dollar amount contained in paragraphs (3), (4) and (5) in the year 1988
23	multiplied by
24	(b) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with a base year of 1988.
25	(D) Overall limitation on itemized deductions.
26	(1) General rule.
27	In the case of an individual whose adjusted gross income as modified by § 44-30-12
28	exceeds the applicable amount, the amount of the itemized deductions otherwise allowable for the
29	taxable year shall be reduced by the lesser of:
30	(a) Three percent (3%) of the excess of adjusted gross income as modified by § 44-30-12
31	over the applicable amount; or
32	(b) Eighty percent (80%) of the amount of the itemized deductions otherwise allowable
33	for such taxable year.
34	(2) Applicable amount.

1	(a) In general.	
2	For purposes of this section, the term "applicable amount" means \$156,400 (\$78,200 in	
3	the case of a separate return by a married individual)	
4	(b) Adjustments for inflation.	
5	Each dollar amount contained in paragraph (a) shall be increased by an amount equal to:	
6	(i) Such dollar amount contained in paragraph (a) in the year 1991, multiplied by	
7	(ii) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with a base year of 1991.	
8	(3) Phase-out of Limitation.	
9	(a) In general.	
10	In the case of taxable year beginning after December 31, 2005, and before January 1	
11	2010, the reduction under section (1) shall be equal to the applicable fraction of the amount which	
12	would be the amount of such reduction.	
13	(b) Applicable fraction.	
14	For purposes of paragraph (a), the applicable fraction shall be determined in accordance	
15	with the following table:	
16	For taxable years beginning in calendar year The applicable fraction is	
17	2006 and 2007 2/3	
18	2008 and 2009 1/3	
19	(E) Exemption amount.	
19 20	(E) Exemption amount.(1) In general.	
20	(1) In general.	
20 21	(1) In general. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the term "exemption amount" means	
202122	(1) In general. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the term "exemption amount" means \$3,400.	
20212223	(1) In general.Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the term "exemption amount" means \$3,400.(2) Exemption amount disallowed in case of certain dependents.	
20 21 22 23 24	 (1) In general. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the term "exemption amount" means \$3,400. (2) Exemption amount disallowed in case of certain dependents. In the case of an individual with respect to whom a deduction under this section is 	
20 21 22 23 24 25	(1) In general. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the term "exemption amount" means \$3,400. (2) Exemption amount disallowed in case of certain dependents. In the case of an individual with respect to whom a deduction under this section is allowable to another taxpayer for the same taxable year, the exemption amount applicable to such	
20 21 22 23 24 25 26	(1) In general. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the term "exemption amount" means \$3,400. (2) Exemption amount disallowed in case of certain dependents. In the case of an individual with respect to whom a deduction under this section is allowable to another taxpayer for the same taxable year, the exemption amount applicable to such individual for such individual's taxable year shall be zero.	
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	(1) In general. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the term "exemption amount" means \$3,400. (2) Exemption amount disallowed in case of certain dependents. In the case of an individual with respect to whom a deduction under this section is allowable to another taxpayer for the same taxable year, the exemption amount applicable to such individual for such individual's taxable year shall be zero. (3) Adjustments for inflation.	
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	(1) In general. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the term "exemption amount" means \$3,400. (2) Exemption amount disallowed in case of certain dependents. In the case of an individual with respect to whom a deduction under this section is allowable to another taxpayer for the same taxable year, the exemption amount applicable to such individual for such individual's taxable year shall be zero. (3) Adjustments for inflation. The dollar amount contained in paragraph (1) shall be increased by an amount equal to:	
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	(1) In general. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the term "exemption amount" means \$3,400. (2) Exemption amount disallowed in case of certain dependents. In the case of an individual with respect to whom a deduction under this section is allowable to another taxpayer for the same taxable year, the exemption amount applicable to such individual for such individual's taxable year shall be zero. (3) Adjustments for inflation. The dollar amount contained in paragraph (1) shall be increased by an amount equal to: (a) Such dollar amount contained in paragraph (1) in the year 1989, multiplied by	
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	(1) In general. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the term "exemption amount" means \$3,400. (2) Exemption amount disallowed in case of certain dependents. In the case of an individual with respect to whom a deduction under this section is allowable to another taxpayer for the same taxable year, the exemption amount applicable to such individual for such individual's taxable year shall be zero. (3) Adjustments for inflation. The dollar amount contained in paragraph (1) shall be increased by an amount equal to: (a) Such dollar amount contained in paragraph (1) in the year 1989, multiplied by (b) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with a base year of 1989.	
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	(1) In general. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the term "exemption amount" means \$3,400. (2) Exemption amount disallowed in case of certain dependents. In the case of an individual with respect to whom a deduction under this section is allowable to another taxpayer for the same taxable year, the exemption amount applicable to such individual for such individual's taxable year shall be zero. (3) Adjustments for inflation. The dollar amount contained in paragraph (1) shall be increased by an amount equal to: (a) Such dollar amount contained in paragraph (1) in the year 1989, multiplied by (b) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with a base year of 1989. (4) Limitation.	

1	(b) Applicable percentage.	
2	In the case of any taxpayer whose adjusted gross income	for the taxable year exceeds the
3	threshold amount, the exemption amount shall be reduced by tw	vo (2) percentage points for each
4	\$2,500 (or fraction thereof) by which the taxpayer's adjusted gr	ross income for the taxable year
5	exceeds the threshold amount. In the case of a married individ	dual filing a separate return, the
6	preceding sentence shall be applied by substituting "\$1,250" for	r "\$2,500." In no event shall the
7	applicable percentage exceed one hundred percent (100%).	
8	(c) Threshold Amount.	
9	For the purposes of this paragraph, the term "threshold a	mount" shall be determined with
10	the following table:	
11	Filing status	Amount
12	Single	\$156,400
13	Married filing jointly of qualifying widow(er)	\$234,600
14	Married filing separately	\$117,300
15	Head of Household	\$195,500
16	(d) Adjustments for inflation.	
17	Each dollar amount contained in paragraph (b) shall be in	ncreased by an amount equal to:
18	(i) Such dollar amount contained in paragraph (b) in the	year 1991, multiplied by
19	(ii) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section	on (J) with a base year of 1991.
20	(5) Phase-out of limitation.	
21	(a) In general.	
22	In the case of taxable years beginning after December	31, 2005, and before January 1,
23	2010, the reduction under section 4 shall be equal to the application	ble fraction of the amount which
24	would be the amount of such reduction.	
25	(b) Applicable fraction.	
26	For the purposes of paragraph (a), the applicable f	raction shall be determined in
27	accordance with the following table:	
28	For taxable years beginning in calendar year	The applicable fraction is
29	2006 and 2007	2/3
30	2008 and 2009	1/3
31	(F) Alternative minimum tax.	
32	(1) General rule. There is hereby imposed (in addition	to any other tax imposed by this
33	subtitle) a tax equal to the excess (if any) of:	
34	(a) The tentative minimum tax for the taxable year, over	

1	(b) The regular tax for the taxable year.	
2	(2) The tentative minimum tax for the taxable year is the sum of:	
3	(a) 6.5 percent of so much of the taxable excess as does not exceed \$175,000, plus	
4	(b) 7.0 percent of so much of the taxable excess above \$175,000.	
5	(3) The amount determined under the preceding sentence shall be reduced by the	
6	alternative minimum tax foreign tax credit for the taxable year.	
7	(4) Taxable excess. For the purposes of this subsection the term "taxable excess" means	
8	so much of the federal alternative minimum taxable income as modified by the modifications in §	
9	44-30-12 as exceeds the exemption amount.	
10	(5) In the case of a married individual filing a separate return, subparagraph (2) shall be	
11	applied by substituting "\$87,500" for \$175,000 each place it appears.	
12	(6) Exemption amount.	
13	For purposes of this section "exemption amount" means:	
14	Filing status Amount	
15	Single \$39,150	
16	Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) \$53,700	
17	Married filing separately \$26,850	
18	Head of Household \$39,150	
19	Estate or trust \$24,650	
20	(7) Treatment of unearned income of minor children	
21	(a) In general.	
22	In the case of a minor child, the exemption amount for purposes of section (6) shall no	
23	exceed the sum of:	
24	(i) Such child's earned income, plus	
25	(ii) \$6,000.	
26	(8) Adjustments for inflation.	
27	The dollar amount contained in paragraphs (6) and (7) shall be increased by an amoun	
28	equal to:	
29	(a) Such dollar amount contained in paragraphs (6) and (7) in the year 2004, multiplied	
30	by	
31	(b) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with a base year of 2004.	
32	(9) Phase-out.	
33	(a) In general.	
34	The exemption amount of any taxpayer shall be reduced (but not below zero) by an	

1 amount equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of the amount by which alternative minimum taxable 2 income of the taxpayer exceeds the threshold amount. 3 (b) Threshold amount. 4 For purposes of this paragraph, the term "threshold amount" shall be determined with the 5 following table: Filing status Amount 6 \$123,250 7 Single 8 Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) \$164,350 9 Married filing separately \$82,175 10 Head of Household \$123,250 Estate or Trust \$82,150 11 12 (c) Adjustments for inflation 13 Each dollar amount contained in paragraph (9) shall be increased by an amount equal to: 14 (i) Such dollar amount contained in paragraph (9) in the year 2004, multiplied by (ii) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with a base year of 2004. 15 16 (G) Other Rhode Island taxes. 17 (1) General rule. There is hereby imposed (in addition to any other tax imposed by this 18 subtitle) a tax equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of: 19 (a) The Federal income tax on lump-sum distributions. 20 (b) The Federal income tax on parents' election to report child's interest and dividends. 21 (c) The recapture of Federal tax credits that were previously claimed on Rhode Island 22 return. (H) Tax for children under 18 with investment income. 23 24 (1) General rule. There is hereby imposed a tax equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of: 25 (a) The Federal tax for children under the age of 18 with investment income. 26 (I) Averaging of farm income. 27 (1) General rule. At the election of an individual engaged in a farming business or fishing 28 business, the tax imposed in section 2 shall be equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of: 29 (a) The Federal averaging of farm income as determined in IRC section 1301 [26 U.S.C. 30 § 1301]. 31 (J) Cost-of-living adjustment. 32 (1) In general. 33 The cost-of-living adjustment for any calendar year is the percentage (if any) by which: 34 (a) The CPI for the preceding calendar year exceeds

1	(b) The CPI for the base year.
2	(2) CPI for any calendar year.
3	For purposes of paragraph (1), the CPI for any calendar year is the average of the
4	consumer price index as of the close of the twelve (12) month period ending on August 31 of
5	such calendar year.
6	(3) Consumer price index.
7	For purposes of paragraph (2), the term "consumer price index" means the last consumer
8	price index for all urban consumers published by the department of labor. For purposes of the
9	preceding sentence, the revision of the consumer price index that is most consistent with the
10	consumer price index for calendar year 1986 shall be used.
11	(4) Rounding.
12	(a) In general.
13	If any increase determined under paragraph (1) is not a multiple of \$50, such increase
14	shall be rounded to the next lowest multiple of \$50.
15	(b) In the case of a married individual filing a separate return, subparagraph (a) shall be
16	applied by substituting "\$25" for \$50 each place it appears.
17	(K) Credits against tax. For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2001, a taxpayer
18	entitled to any of the following federal credits enacted prior to January 1, 1996 shall be entitled to
19	a credit against the Rhode Island tax imposed under this section:
20	(1) [Deleted by P.L. 2007, ch. 73, art. 7, § 5].
21	(2) Child and dependent care credit;
22	(3) General business credits;
23	(4) Credit for elderly or the disabled;
24	(5) Credit for prior year minimum tax;
25	(6) Mortgage interest credit;
26	(7) Empowerment zone employment credit;
27	(8) Qualified electric vehicle credit.
28	(L) Credit against tax for adoption. For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2006, a
29	taxpayer entitled to the federal adoption credit shall be entitled to a credit against the Rhode
30	Island tax imposed under this section if the adopted child was under the care, custody, or
31	supervision of the Rhode Island department of children, youth and families prior to the adoption.
32	(M) The credit shall be twenty-five percent (25%) of the aforementioned federal credits
33	provided there shall be no deduction based on any federal credits enacted after January 1, 1996,
34	including the rate reduction credit provided by the federal Economic Growth and Tax

•	recommunity for or 2001 (2017ata). In no event share the tax imposed under this section of
2	reduced to less than zero. A taxpayer required to recapture any of the above credits for federal tax
3	purposes shall determine the Rhode Island amount to be recaptured in the same manner as
4	prescribed in this subsection.
5	(N) Rhode Island earned-income credit.
6	(1) In general.
7	For tax years beginning before January 1, 2015, a taxpayer entitled to a federal earned-
8	income credit shall be allowed a Rhode Island earned-income credit equal to twenty-five percent
9	(25%) of the federal earned-income credit. Such credit shall not exceed the amount of the Rhode
0	Island income tax.
1	For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2015, and before January 1, 2016, a
2	taxpayer entitled to a federal earned-income credit shall be allowed a Rhode Island earned-
3	income credit equal to ten percent (10%) of the federal earned-income credit. Such credit shall
4	not exceed the amount of the Rhode Island income tax.
.5	For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2016, a taxpayer entitled to a federal
6	earned-income credit shall be allowed a Rhode Island earned-income credit equal to twelve and
7	one-half percent (12.5%) of the federal earned-income credit. Such credit shall not exceed the
8	amount of the Rhode Island income tax.
9	For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2017, a taxpayer entitled to a federal
20	earned-income credit shall be allowed a Rhode Island earned-income credit equal to fifteen
21	percent (15%) of the federal earned-income credit. Such credit shall not exceed the amount of the
22	Rhode Island income tax.
23	(2) Refundable portion.
24	In the event the Rhode Island earned-income credit allowed under paragraph (N)(1) of
2.5	this section exceeds the amount of Rhode Island income tax, a refundable earned-income credit
26	shall be allowed as follows.
27	(i) For tax years beginning before January 1, 2015, for purposes of paragraph (2)
28	refundable earned-income credit means fifteen percent (15%) of the amount by which the Rhode
29	Island earned-income credit exceeds the Rhode Island income tax.
80	(ii) For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2015, for purposes of paragraph (2)
31	refundable earned-income credit means one hundred percent (100%) of the amount by which the
32	Rhode Island earned-income credit exceeds the Rhode Island income tax.
3	(O) The tax administrator shall recalculate and submit necessary revisions to paragraphs
84	(A) through (I) to the general assembly no later than February 1, 2010 and every three (3) years

- 1 thereafter for inclusion in the statute.
- 2 (3) For the period January 1, 2011 through December 31, 2011, and thereafter, "Rhode
- 3 Island taxable income" means federal adjusted gross income as determined under the Internal
- 4 Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 1 et seq., and as modified for Rhode Island purposes pursuant to § 44-
- 5 30-12 less the amount of Rhode Island Basic Standard Deduction allowed pursuant to
- 6 subparagraph 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(B), and less the amount of personal exemption allowed pursuant to
- 7 subparagraph 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(C).
- 8 (A) Tax imposed.
- 9 (I) There is hereby imposed on the taxable income of married individuals filing joint
- 10 returns, qualifying widow(er), every head of household, unmarried individuals, married
- individuals filing separate returns and bankruptcy estates, a tax determined in accordance with the
- 12 following table:

13 RI Taxable Income

RI Income Tax

14	Over	But not over	Pay +% on Excess	on the amount over
15	\$0 -	\$ 55,000	\$ 0 + 3.75%	\$0
16	55,000 -	125,000	2,063 + 4.75%	55,000
17	125,000 -		5,388 + 5.99%	125,000

- 18 (II) There is hereby imposed on the taxable income of an estate or trust a tax determined
- in accordance with the following table:

20 RI Taxable Income

RI Income Tax

21	Over	But not over	Pay + % on Excess	on the amount over
22	\$0 -	\$ 2,230	\$ 0 + 3.75%	\$0
23	2,230 -	7,022	84 + 4.75%	2,230
24	7,022 -		312 + 5.99%	7,022

- 25 (B) Deductions:
- 26 (I) Rhode Island Basic Standard Deduction. Only the Rhode Island standard deduction

21	shall be allowed in acco	ordance with the following table:	

28	Filing status:	Amount
29	Single	\$7,500
30	Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er)	\$15,000
31	Married filing separately	\$7,500
32	Head of Household	\$11,250

33 (II) Nonresident alien individuals, estates and trusts are not eligible for standard deductions.

1	(III) In the case of any taxpayer whose adjusted gross income, as modified for Rhode
2	Island purposes pursuant to § 44-30-12, for the taxable year exceeds one hundred seventy-five
3	thousand dollars (\$175,000), the standard deduction amount shall be reduced by the applicable
4	percentage. The term "applicable percentage" means twenty (20) percentage points for each five
5	thousand dollars (\$5,000) (or fraction thereof) by which the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for
6	the taxable year exceeds one hundred seventy-five thousand dollars (\$175,000).
7	(C) Exemption Amount:
8	(I) The term "exemption amount" means three thousand five hundred dollars (\$3,500)
9	multiplied by the number of exemptions allowed for the taxable year for federal income tax
10	purposes.
11	(II) Exemption amount disallowed in case of certain dependents. In the case of an
12	individual with respect to whom a deduction under this section is allowable to another taxpayer
13	for the same taxable year, the exemption amount applicable to such individual for such
14	individual's taxable year shall be zero.
15	(D) In the case of any taxpayer whose adjusted gross income, as modified for Rhode
16	Island purposes pursuant to § 33-30-12 44-30-12, for the taxable year exceeds one hundred
17	seventy-five thousand dollars (\$175,000), the exemption amount shall be reduced by the
18	applicable percentage. The term "applicable percentage" means twenty (20) percentage points for
19	each five thousand dollars (\$5,000) (or fraction thereof) by which the taxpayer's adjusted gross
20	income for the taxable year exceeds one hundred seventy-five thousand dollars (\$175,000).
21	(E) Adjustment for inflation. The dollar amount contained in subparagraphs 44-30-
22	2.6(c)(3)(A), 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(B) and 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(C) shall be increased annually by an amount
23	equal to:
24	(I) Such dollar amount contained in subparagraphs 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(A), 44-30-
25	2.6(c)(3)(B) and $44-30-2.6(c)(3)(C)$ adjusted for inflation using a base tax year of 2000,
26	multiplied by;
27	(II) The cost-of-living adjustment with a base year of 2000.
28	(III) For the purposes of this section, the cost-of-living adjustment for any calendar year
29	is the percentage (if any) by which the consumer price index for the preceding calendar year
30	exceeds the consumer price index for the base year. The consumer price index for any calendar
31	year is the average of the consumer price index as of the close of the twelve-month (12) period
32	ending on August 31, of such calendar year.
33	(IV) For the purpose of this section the term "consumer price index" means the last
34	consumer price index for all urban consumers published by the department of labor. For the

1 purpose of this section the revision of the consumer price index that is most consistent with the 2 consumer price index for calendar year 1986 shall be used. 3 (V) If any increase determined under this section is not a multiple of fifty dollars 4 (\$50.00), such increase shall be rounded to the next lower multiple of fifty dollars (\$50.00). In the 5 case of a married individual filing separate return, if any increase determined under this section is not a multiple of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00), such increase shall be rounded to the next lower 6 7 multiple of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00). 8 (F) Credits against tax. 9 (I) Notwithstanding any other provisions of Rhode Island Law, for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2011, the only credits allowed against a tax imposed under this chapter shall be 10 11 as follows: 12 (a) Rhode Island earned-income credit: Credit shall be allowed for earned-income credit 13 pursuant to subparagraph 44-30-2.6(c)(2)(N). 14 (b) Property Tax Relief Credit: Credit shall be allowed for property tax relief as provided 15 in § 44-33-1 et seq. 16 (c) Lead Paint Credit: Credit shall be allowed for residential lead abatement income tax 17 credit as provided in § 44-30.3-1 et seq. 18 (d) Credit for income taxes of other states. Credit shall be allowed for income tax paid to 19 other states pursuant to § 44-30-74. 20 (e) Historic Structures Tax Credit: Credit shall be allowed for historic structures tax 21 credit as provided in § 44-33.2-1 et seq. (f) Motion Picture Productions Tax Credit: Credit shall be allowed for motion picture 22 23 production tax credit as provided in § 44-31.2-1 et seq. 24 (g) Child and Dependent Care: Credit shall be allowed for twenty-five percent (25%) of 25 the federal child and dependent care credit allowable for the taxable year for federal purposes; 26 provided, however, such credit shall not exceed the Rhode Island tax liability. 27 (h) Tax credits for contributions to Scholarship Organizations: Credit shall be allowed for 28 contributions to scholarship organizations as provided in chapter 62 of title 44. 29 (i) Credit for tax withheld. Wages upon which tax is required to be withheld shall be 30 taxable as if no withholding were required, but any amount of Rhode Island personal income tax 31 actually deducted and withheld in any calendar year shall be deemed to have been paid to the tax 32 administrator on behalf of the person from whom withheld, and the person shall be credited with

having paid that amount of tax for the taxable year beginning in that calendar year. For a taxable

year of less than twelve (12) months, the credit shall be made under regulations of the tax

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2	(j) Stay Invested in RI Wavemaker Fellowship: Credit shall be allowed for stay invested
3	in RI wavemaker fellowship program as provided in § 42-64.26-1 et seq.
4	(k) Rebuild Rhode Island: Credit shall be allowed for rebuild RI tax credit as provided in
5	§ 42-64.20-1 et seq.
6	(l) Rhode Island Qualified Jobs Incentive Program: Credit shall be allowed for Rhode
7	Island new qualified jobs incentive program credit as provided in § 44-48.3-1 et seq.
8	(2) Except as provided in section 1 above, no other state and federal tax credit shall be
9	available to the taxpayers in computing tax liability under this chapter.
10	ARTICLE IISTATUTORY REENACTMENT
11	SECTION 21. Section 19-7-1 of the General Laws in Chapter 19-7 entitled "Interstate
12	Banking, Interstate Branching and Bank Holding Company Mergers and Acquisitions" is hereby
13	amended to read as follows:
14	19-7-1. Definitions.
15	(a) For the purposes of this chapter, the term or terms:
16	(1) "Bank;", "bank holding bank-holding company;", "company;", "subsidiary;", and
17	"control" have the meanings set forth in the Federal Bank Holding Company Act of 1956, 12
18	U.S.C. § 1841 et seq., except that "bank" shall also includes include financial institutions, as
19	defined in this title, and other forms of federally insured deposit-taking institutions. and bank
20	holding Bank-holding companies shall include thrift holding thrift-holding companies as set
21	forth in the Home Owners' Loan Act, 12 U.S.C. § 1461 et seq., whether organized with or without
22	capital stock.
23	(2) "Out-of-state bank" means a bank whose principal office is located in any other state.
24	(3) "Out-of-state bank holding bank-holding company" means a holding company for
25	which the operations of its bank subsidiaries are principally conducted in any other state.
26	(4) "Rhode Island bank holding bank-holding company" means a bank holding bank-
27	holding company that controls a financial institution, provided that an out-of-state bank or bank
28	holding bank-holding company that acquired control of one or more financial institutions shall
29	not be deemed to be a Rhode Island bank holding bank-holding company, unless operations of
30	its bank subsidiaries are principally conducted in this state.
31	(b) For the purposes of this chapter, the state in which operations of a bank holding
32	bank-holding company's bank subsidiaries are principally conducted is the state in which total
33	deposits of all of its bank subsidiaries are the largest.
34	SECTION 22. Section 20-1-9 of the General Laws in Chapter 20-1 entitled "General

administrator.

Provisions" is hereby amended to read as follows:

20-1-9. Operation of patrol boats.

The general assembly shall annually appropriate any sum that it may deem necessary to patrol and police the shellfish grounds; check the licenses of fishermen; protect the scallop areas; collect animal specimens; and execute special work incidental to the lobster and other shellfisheries; and enforce the provisions of chapter 22 of title 46, this sum to be expended under the direction of the director of the department of environmental management for the purpose of maintaining and operating patrol boats and their crews. The controller is hereby authorized and directed to draw orders upon the general treasurer for the payment of the sum; or sums; as may be required from time to time; upon the receipt by the controller of proper vouchers approved by the director.

SECTION 23. Sections 20-2-3 and 20-2-27.1 of the General Laws in Chapter 20-2 entitled "Licensing" are hereby amended to read as follows:

20-2-3. Record of licenses issued -- Accounting for fees.

Every city and town clerk or agent appointed under this chapter shall record all licenses issued under this chapter in books kept for that purpose, one coupon of which shall be retained in his or her record. The books shall be supplied by the department; shall remain the property of the state; shall be open to public inspection during the usual office hours of the clerk or appointee; and shall be subject at all times to audit and inspection by the director, by the director of administration, or by the agents of either; and, each Each of these clerks or appointees shall, on the first Monday of every month, pay to the department all moneys received by the clerk or appointee for the registrations issued during the month preceding, except for recording fee, together with a receipted bill for fees retained in accordance with § 20-2-4, and shall, within thirty (30) days succeeding January first of each year, return to the department all registration books and unused and void certificates. The director shall pay the money received to the general treasurer with a list of the number and kind of registrations recorded by each city and town clerk or agent during the month.

20-2-27.1. Rhode Island party and charter boat license.

(a) All party and charter boats carrying recreational passengers to take or attempt to take marine fish upon the navigable state and coastal waters of Rhode Island shall be required to obtain a Rhode Island party and charter boat license. The licenses shall be issued by the department on a biennial basis for a fee of twenty-five dollars (\$25) per vessel. All licensed party and charter boats shall be required to display a party and charter boat decal provided by the department. To obtain a license, the owner of a qualified vessel must submit:

•	(1) It earliest copy of the operator's closest court between court of the control of the operator's closest court of the control of the control of the operator's closest court of the control of the operator's closest court of the control of the operator's closest court of the operator's closest court of the control of the operator's closest court of the control of the operator's closest court of the operator's closest closest closest court of the operator's closest
2	carry passengers for hire;
3	(2) A current copy of the vessel's "Certificate of Documentation" certifying that the
4	vessel is documented "Coastwise," or if the vessel is under five (5) net tons, a copy of the vessel's
5	state registration;
6	(3) Proof that the operator and crew are currently enrolled in a random drug testing
7	program that complies with the federal government's 46_CFR § 16.101 et seq. "Drug Testing
8	Program" regulations; and
9	(4) A signed, license-application form certifying that the vessel is, and will be, operated
10	in compliance with all state and federal safety regulations for the vessel.
11	(b) Rhode Island party and charter boat licenses shall expire on the last day of February
12	every other year, with the first expiration date being in February 2001.
13	SECTION 24. Section 20-2.2-2 of the General Laws in Chapter 20-2.2 entitled
14	"Recreational Saltwater Fishing License" is hereby amended to read as follows:
15	<u>20-2.2-2. Purposes.</u>
16	The purposes of this chapter are to:
17	(1) Enable recreational fisherman to fish legally in the marine waters of Rhode Island.
18	and in all offshore federal waters, via a state-based recreational fishing licensing program,
19	established in accordance with the requirements set forth by the federal Magnuson-Stevens
20	Fishery Conservation and Management Act (16 U.S.C. § 1601 1801 et seq.);
21	(2) Establish a state-based licensing program that will: provide Rhode Island recreational
22	fisherman, including residents and non-resident visitors, with a convenient and inexpensive
23	licensing process; support and contribute to more accurate state-based fishing and resource
24	assessments; and provide for fair and effective management programs that optimize benefits and
25	opportunities for Rhode Island recreational fisherman; and
26	(3) Establish a dedicated funding vehicle to support improved coastal access
27	opportunities for recreational fisherman along the Rhode Island shoreline.
28	SECTION 25. Section 20-4-13 of the General Laws in Chapter 20-4 entitled
29	"Commercial Fisheries" is hereby amended to read as follows:
30	20-4-13. Commercial gill net fishery License or permit required.
31	It shall be unlawful for any person to set, haul, and/or maintain a commercial gill net in
32	the public waters of the state without first obtaining a license or permit as provided in § 20-2-26.1
33	20-2.1-5(2)(ii)(C). Any person violating the provisions of this section shall, upon conviction, be
34	punished by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars (\$500) or imprisoned for not more than one

year, or both.

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2 SECTION 26. Sections 20-6-10 and 20-6-11 of the General Laws in Chapter 20-6 3 entitled "Shellfish" are hereby amended to read as follows:

20-6-10. Allowance of shellfish taking under license.

- (a) Unless otherwise specified by regulation of the marine fisheries council, a holder of a commercial shellfishing license may take and/or possess, in any one day, up to twelve (12) bushels of quahaugs, twelve (12) bushels of soft-shell clams, and three (3) bushels of oysters.
- (b) A holder of a non-resident shellfishing license may take in any one day not more than one peck each of oysters, quahaugs, soft-shell clams, surf clams, or mussels. Any person taking more than these allowances in any one day shall be fined upon conviction one hundred dollars (\$100) for each bushel or part of a bushel exceeding the prescribed quantity or be imprisoned **for** not exceeding thirty (30) days, or both.

20-6-11. Minimum size of shellfish -- Penalty.

- (a) No person shall take and/or possess any quahogs less than one inch (1") shell thickness (hinge width). In addition, no person shall take and/or possess soft-shell soft-shell clams, taken from the free and common soft shell soft-shell clam fisheries, of a diameter less than one and one half inches (1 1/2") taking the maximum shell diameter, or any oysters, taken from the free and common oyster fisheries, measuring less than three inches (3") measured parallel to the long axis of the oyster, unless greater minimum sizes are established by the director, in consultation with the marine fisheries council. Any person who takes and/or possesses shellfish of less than the minimum size, as delineated above, upon conviction, shall be fined not less than ten dollars (\$10.00) nor more than fifty dollars (\$50.00) for each and every fifteen (15) shellfish taken. Additionally, any person who takes and/or possesses shellfish of less than the minimum size commingled and/or otherwise stored or contained with shellfish of not less than the minimum size, where the percentage of the less than minimum size shellfish is not less than ten percent (10%) of the total piece count of the commingled and/or otherwise stored or contained package, shipment, or container, shall be subject to seizure and/or forfeiture of the entire commingled and/or otherwise stored or contained package, shipment, or container, in accordance with the provisions of §§ 20-1-8(e) and (f)(a)(5) and (6) and 20-1-8.1.
- (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) above, the director of the department of environmental management is authorized to promulgate regulations establishing a special exemption permit that would exempt Department of Health licensed department of health-licensed food processing facilities from the one inch (1") minimum size one-inch-minimum

- 1 (1") size restriction governing bay quahogs. The exemption permit may only apply to frozen, 2 packaged, cultured bay quahog products shipped into Rhode Island for redistribution outside of 3 the state. The regulations shall prescribe the procedures to apply for the exemption permit and the 4 standards to be employed by the director in his or her consideration of the application. The 5 regulations shall prescribe rules governing the conduct and operation of the facility and may include restrictions on product forms, sizes, possession requirements, and other provisions in 6 7 order to maintain the protection of the quahog resource and enforcement of the provisions of this 8 chapter. 9 SECTION 27. Section 20-8.1-3 of the General Laws in Chapter 20-8.1 entitled "Shellfish Grounds" is hereby amended to read as follows: 10 11 20-8.1-3. Investigation of shellfish grounds -- Notice of polluted areas. 12 The director shall investigate the sanitary condition of the waters overlying shellfish 13 grounds. Those waters that are found to be in an unsatisfactory sanitary condition for the taking 14 of shellfish for human consumption shall be declared to be polluted areas. The director shall give 15 annual notice as to those areas of the waters of the state that he or she has declared to be polluted 16 by advertising this action in at least one public newspaper published in the city of Providence. 17 The director shall provide notice with each shellfish license issued or reissued after December 31, 18 1994, that it is the obligation of each licensee to inquire by calling a dedicated telephone line, or 19 dedicated teletext phone for persons who are deaf, hard of hearing, or speech impaired speech-20 impaired (TTY) line maintained by the department of environmental management prior to taking 21 any shellfish in the waters of the state that are conditionally approved waters. The director shall 22 arrange for notice to be provided on the telephone and TTY telephone lines as to those 23 conditionally approved waters of the state which that the director declares to be polluted and in 24 **from** which no shellfish may be taken. 25 SECTION 28. Sections 20-10-3.1 and 20-10-17 of the General Laws in Chapter 20-10 26 entitled "Aquaculture" are hereby amended to read as follows: 27 20-10-3.1. Sales and use tax exemption. 28 Any person engaging in aquaculture shall be eligible for the tax exemption in § 44-18-29 30(33-32) provided that the requirements set forth in that section are met. 30 20-10-17. Arrest, seizure, and prosecution of violators. 31 (a) Any police officer authorized to make arrests, the director, and conservation officers 32 appointed under the authority of $\S \frac{20-1-10}{20-1-6}$ shall be empowered:
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(2) To execute all warrants and search warrants for the violation of laws, rules, and

(1) To enforce all laws, rules, and regulations relating to this chapter;

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2	(3) To serve subpoenas issued for the trial of all offenses hereunder;
3	(4) To arrest, without a warrant and on view, any person found violating any law, rule, or
4	regulation relating to this chapter; take that person before a court having jurisdiction for trials;
5	detain that person in custody at the expense of the state until arraignment; and to make and
6	execute complaints within any district; to the justice or clerk of the court; against any person for
7	any of the offenses enumerated under this chapter, committed within the district.
8	(b) The director, and the director's deputies and assistants, may, by virtue of their
9	respective offices, make complaints of any violation of this chapter, and they shall not be required
10	to give recognizance or to furnish surety for costs or be liable for costs on those complaints.
11	SECTION 29. Section 20-38-5 of the General Laws in Chapter 20-38 entitled "The
12	Rhode Island Seafood Marketing Collaborative of 2011" is hereby amended to read as follows:
13	20-38-5. Powers and duties.
14	The collaborative shall support and work collaboratively with the Rhode Island fishing
15	community to promote the marketing and sustainability of Rhode Island seafood, including but
16	not limited to:
17	(1) Identify Identifying regulatory restrictions preventing and/or inhibiting local seafood
18	marketing initiatives and identify identifying opportunities to remove those regulatory
19	restrictions;
20	(2) Identify Identifying and facilitate facilitating opportunities to increase consumer
21	demand for local seafood;
22	(3) Identify Identifying and facilitate facilitating opportunities to establish agreements
23	with local fishermen and seafood dealers for potential seafood marketplace expansion;
24	(4) Review Reviewing and identify identifying existing studies, pilot programs and
25	initiatives of this state and other states regarding seafood-marketing practices;
26	(5) Provide Providing educational opportunities for consumers and the fishing
27	community regarding local seafood issues and initiatives;
28	(6) Identify Identifying funding sources available to the fishing community to support
29	seafood marketing;
30	(7) Respond Responding to requests for information from the legislature and comment
31	commenting on proposed legislation;
32	(8) <u>Issue</u> <u>Issuing</u> recommendations necessary to achieve these goals;
33	(9) Identify Identifying opportunities for potential funding to support Rhode Island
34	seafood marketing efforts and initiatives.

regulations relating to this chapter;

1	SECTION 30. This act shall take effect upon passage.

====== LC000790/SUB A

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EXPLANATION

BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

$A\ N\quad A\ C\ T$

RELATING TO 2017 STATUTORY CONSTRUCTION BILL -- LAW REVISION SUBMISSION

This act would make a number of technical amendments to the general laws, prepared at
the recommendation of the Law Revision Office. Article I of the act includes the statutory
construction bill. Article II of the act contains reenactments of selected general laws.
Article I of this act would take effect on December 31, 2017. The remaining portions of
this act would take effect upon passage.
====== LC000790/SUB A