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2024 -- H 7219

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2024

AN ACT

RELATING TO HEALTH AND SAFETY -- PREVENTION AND SUPPRESSION OF CONTAGIOUS DISEASES -- HIV/AIDS

Introduced By: Representatives Ajello, Craven, Tanzi, Cruz, Shallcross Smith, Potter, McGaw, Handy, Sanchez, and Kislak Date Introduced: January 18, 2024

Referred To: House Judiciary

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

1	SECTION 1. WHEREAS, The Rhode Island House of Representatives passed House
2	Resolution 5250, creating a "Special Legislative Study Commission Ensuring Racial Equity and
3	Optimizing Health and Safety Laws Affecting Marginalized Individuals" (hereinafter "the
4	Commission") in 2021; and
5	WHEREAS, This thirteen member Commission specifically sought to draw from and
6	expand upon the significant research on the health and safety implications of laws related to
7	violence, exploitation, stigma, human trafficking and sexual health; laws that disproportionately
8	impact women, transgender individuals, and people of color; and
9	WHEREAS, Members of the Commission met seven times between November 2021 and
10	April 2023 and heard testimony from a variety of experts and individuals with lived experience in
11	the sex trade. This included public health testimony that supported the removal of mandatory HIV
12	testing laws; and
13	WHEREAS, The Commission issued a comprehensive final report on August 14, 2023,
14	calling for numerous recommendations. In relevant part, the report issued the following
15	recommendation on page 7:
16	Recommend the General Assembly repeal § 23-6.3-4(a)(7), which requires any individual
17	convicted of prostitution to have an HIV test performed on them; and
18	WHEREAS, States around the country have similarly amended laws in accordance with

public health data, recommendations by experts, and legislative task force findings. Nevada,
 Virginia, and Colorado recently made similar amendments to repeal mandatory HIV testing for
 those arrested for prostitution crimes; and

WHEREAS, Existing Rhode Island law provides necessary access to resources for those
persons living with HIV that are arrested for commercial sexual activity that will stay intact.

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SECTION 2. Section 23-6.3-4 of the General Laws in Chapter 23-6.3 entitled "Prevention and Suppression of Contagious Diseases — HIV/AIDS" is hereby amended to read as follows:

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23-6.3-4. Exceptions to consent requirements.

9 (a) A healthcare provider may test for the presence of HIV without obtaining consent from
10 the individual to be tested under the following conditions:

11 (1) When the individual to be tested is under one year of age;

12 (2) When a child between one and thirteen (13) years of age appears to be symptomatic for13 HIV;

(3) When the individual to be tested is a minor under the care and authority of the
department of children, youth and families, and the director of that department certifies that an HIV
test is necessary to secure health or human services for that individual;

17 (4) In a licensed healthcare facility or healthcare setting, in the event that an occupational 18 health representative or physician, registered nurse practitioner, physician assistant, or nurse-19 midwife, not directly involved in the exposure, determines that an employee or emergency service 20 worker, other than one in a supervisory position to the person making the determination, had a 21 significant exposure to the blood and/or body fluids of a patient and the patient or the patient's 22 guardian refuses to grant consent for an HIV test to determine whether the patient has HIV, then, 23 if a sample of the patient's blood is available, that blood shall be tested for HIV.

(i) If a sample of the patient's blood is not otherwise available and the patient refuses to
grant consent to draw blood, the employee or emergency service worker may petition the superior
court for a court order mandating that the test be performed.

(ii) Before a patient or a sample of the patient's blood is required to undergo an HIV test,
the employee or emergency service worker must submit to a baseline HIV test within seventy-two
(72) hours of the exposure.

30 (iii) No person who determines that an employee or emergency service worker has 31 sustained a significant exposure and authorizes the HIV testing of a patient, nor any person or 32 healthcare facility who acts in good faith and recommends the test be performed, shall have any 33 liability as a result of their actions carried out under this chapter, unless those persons are proven 34 to have acted in bad faith. 1 (iv) For the purposes of this section, "emergency service worker" means a worker 2 responding on behalf of a licensed ambulance/rescue service, or a fire department or a law 3 enforcement agency, who, in the course of his/her professional duties, has been exposed to bodily 4 fluids in circumstances that present a significant risk of transmission of HIV, and has completed a 5 pre-hospital exposure form in accordance with § 23-4.1-19.

6 (5) In an emergency, where due to a grave medical or psychiatric condition, and it is 7 impossible to obtain consent from the patient or, if applicable under state law, the patient's parent, 8 guardian, or agent.

9 (6) As permitted under § 23-1-38 entitled "HIV Antibody Testing-Sperm Collection or
10 Donation."

(7) Any individual convicted of a violation of any provisions of chapter 34.1 of title 11 entitled "Commercial Sexual Activity," shall be required to be tested for HIV unless already documented HIV positive. All individuals tested under this section shall be informed of their test results. All individuals tested under this section who are determined to be injecting and/or intranasal drug users shall be referred to appropriate substance abuse treatment as outlined in § 23-6.3-3(e).

17 (8) Any individual convicted of possession of any controlled substance as defined in 18 chapter 28 of title 21 entitled "Uniform Controlled Substances Act," that has been administered 19 with a hypodermic instrument, retractable hypodermic syringe, needle, intra-nasally, or any similar 20 instrument adapted for the administration of drugs shall be required to be tested for HIV unless 21 already documented HIV positive.

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(9) All individuals tested under this section shall be informed of their test results.

(10) In accordance with the provisions of chapter 37 of title 11, entitled, "Sexual Assault," any individual who has admitted to or been convicted of or adjudicated wayward or delinquent by reason of having committed any sexual offense involving penetration whether or not a sentence or fine is imposed or probation granted, shall be ordered by the court upon petition of the victim, immediate family members of the victim or legal guardian of the victim, to submit to a blood test for the presence of a sexually transmitted disease including, but not limited to, HIV. All individua ls tested under this section shall be informed of their test results.

(11) In accordance with the provisions or § 42-56-37, entitled "HIV Testing," every
individual who is committed to the adult correctional institutions to any criminal offense, after
conviction, is required to be tested for HIV.

(b) It is unlawful for any person to disclose to a third party the results of an individual's
HIV test without the prior written consent of that individual, except in accordance with § 23-6.3-7.

SECTION 3. Section 11-34.1-12 of the General Laws in Chapter 11-34.1 entitled
 "Commercial Sexual Activity" is hereby amended to read as follows:

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<u>11-34.1-12. Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV).</u>

4 (a) Any person convicted of a violation of any provisions of this chapter shall be required
5 provided the option to be tested for Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV). No consent for the
6 testing shall be required.

7 (b) The department of health shall maintain sites for providing both anonymous and 8 confidential HIV testing, and HIV counseling and referral. Each site, funded by the department of 9 health, shall offer free testing, counseling and referral for indigent parties and other individuals 10 without health insurance, offer a sliding scale for payment for all other individuals and, in the case 11 of confidential testing, screen for ability to pay through a third-party insurer. In the case of 12 nonfunded sites for HIV testing, organizations and/or institutions performing the test shall offer 13 free testing, counseling and referral for indigent parties and other individuals without health 14 insurance.

15 (c) All persons tested under this section shall be provided pre-test and post-test counseling 16 by individuals trained by the department of health, as an HIV testing counselor, in accordance with 17 regulations promulgated by the department of health; provided, that the counseling shall be in 18 accordance with acceptable medical standards.

(d) All persons who are tested under this section, who are determined to be injecting drug
users, shall be referred to appropriate sources of substance abuse treatment by the HIV testing
counselor and/or the attending practitioner as follows:

(1) Those persons who test positive for HIV infection shall be given priority for those
 outpatient substance abuse treatment programs that are sponsored or supported by the appropriate
 state agency responsible for these services.

(2) Those persons who are injecting drug users and test negative for HIV infection shall be
 referred, by the HIV testing counselor and/or attending practitioner, to the appropriate state agency
 responsible for these services for earliest possible evaluation and treatment.

28 SECTION 4. This act shall take effect upon passage.

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EXPLANATION

BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

AN ACT

RELATING TO HEALTH AND SAFETY -- PREVENTION AND SUPPRESSION OF CONTAGIOUS DISEASES -- HIV/AIDS

- 1 This act would repeal the required HIV testing for an individual convicted under chapter
- 2 34.1 of title 11 ("commercial sexual activity"). It would also allow the option for HIV testing for

3 any person convicted under this chapter.

4 This act would take effect upon passage.

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