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2020 -- S 2708

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2020

AN ACT

RELATING TO LABOR AND LABOR RELATIONS -- TEMPORARY DISABILITY INSURANCE--GENERAL PROVISIONS

Introduced By: Senators Goldin, Cano, Miller, Lawson, and Goodwin

Date Introduced: February 27, 2020

Referred To: Senate Labor

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Section 28-39-2 of the General Laws in Chapter 28-39 entitled "Temporary
- 2 Disability Insurance General Provisions" is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 3 **28-39-2. Definitions.**

4

- The following words and phrases, as used in chapters 39 through 41 of this title, have
- 5 the following meanings unless the context clearly requires otherwise:
- 6 (1) "Average weekly wage" means the amount determined by dividing the individual's total
 7 wages earned for services performed in employment within his or her base period by the number
 8 of that individual's credit weeks within the base period;
- 9 (2) "Base period" with respect to an individual's benefit year when the benefit year begins 10 on or after October 7, 1990, means the first four (4) of the most recently completed five (5) calendar 11 quarters immediately preceding the first day of an individual's benefit year; provided, that for any 12 individual's benefit year when the benefit year begins on or after October 4, 1992, and for any 13 individual deemed monetarily ineligible for benefits under the "base period" as defined in this 14 subdivision, the department shall make a re-determination of entitlement based upon an alternate 15 base period which consists of the last four (4) completed calendar quarters immediately preceding the first day of the claimant's benefit year. Notwithstanding anything contained to the contrary in 16 17 this subdivision, the base period shall not include any calendar quarter previously used to establish 18 a valid claim for benefits; provided, however, that the "base period" with respect to members of the

1 United States military service, the Rhode Island National Guard, or a United States military reserve 2 force, and who served in a United States declared combat operation during their military service, 3 who file a claim for benefits following their release from their state or federal active military service 4 and who are deemed to be monetarily ineligible for benefits under this section, shall mean the first 5 four (4) of the most recently completed five (5) calendar quarters immediately preceding the first day the individual was called into that state or federal active military service; provided, that for any 6 7 individual deemed monetarily ineligible for benefits under the "base period" as defined in this 8 section, the department shall make a re-determination of entitlement based upon an alternative base 9 period which consists of the last four (4) completed calendar quarters immediately preceding the 10 first day the claimant was called into that state or federal active military service. Notwithstanding 11 any provision of this section of the general or public laws to the contrary, the base period shall not 12 include any calendar quarter previously used to establish a valid claim for benefits;

13 (3) "Benefit" means the money payable, as provided in chapters 39 - through 41 of this 14 title, to an individual as compensation for his or her unemployment caused by sickness or reasons 15 allowed under this title;

16

(4) "Benefit credits" means the total amount of money payable to an individual as benefits, 17 as provided in § 28-41-7;

18 (5) "Benefit rate" means the money payable to an individual as compensation, as provided 19 in chapters 39 - through 41 of this title, for his or her wage losses with respect to any week during 20 which his or her unemployment is caused by sickness or reasons allowed under this title;

21 (6) "Benefit year" with respect to any individual who does not already have a benefit year 22 in effect, and who files a valid claim for benefits as of November 16, 1958 or any later date, means 23 fifty-two (52) consecutive calendar weeks, the first of which shall be the week containing the day 24 as of which he or she first files that valid claim in accordance with regulations adopted as 25 subsequently prescribed; provided, that for any benefit year beginning on or after October 7, 1990, 26 the benefit year shall be fifty-three (53) consecutive calendar weeks if the subsequent filing of a 27 new valid claim immediately following the end of a previous benefit year would result in the 28 overlapping of any quarter of the base period of the prior new claim. In no event shall a new benefit 29 year begin prior to the Sunday next following the end of the old benefit year;

30 (i) For benefit years that begin on or after July 1, 2012, an individual's benefit year will 31 begin on the Sunday of the calendar week in which an individual first became unemployed due to 32 sickness and for which the individual has filed a valid claim for benefits;

33 (7) "Board" means the board of review as created under chapter 19 of title 42;

34

(8) "Calendar quarter" has the same definition as contained in chapter 42 of this title;

- 1 (9) "Credit week" means any week within an individual's base period in which that 2 individual earns wages amounting to at least twenty (20) times the minimum hourly wage as 3 defined in chapter 12 of this title, for performing services in employment for one or more employers 4 subject to chapters 39 – through 41 of this title;
- 5

(10) "Director" means the director of the department of labor and training;

6

13

(11) "Employee" means any person who is or has been employed by an employer subject

7 to chapters 39 – <u>through</u> 41 of this title and in employment subject to those chapters;

8 (12) "Employer" means any employing unit that is an employer under chapters 42 –
9 <u>through</u> 44 of this title;

(13) "Employing unit" has the same definition as contained in chapter 42 of this title and
 includes any governmental entity that elects to become subject to the provisions of chapters 39 –
 through 41 of this title, in accordance with the provisions of §§ 28-39-3.1 and 28-39-3.2;

(14) "Employment" has the same definition as contained in chapter 42 of this title;

14 (15) "Employment office" has the same definition as contained in chapter 42 of this title;

15 (16) "Fund" means the Rhode Island temporary disability insurance fund established by16 this chapter;

(17) "Partial unemployment due to sickness". For weeks beginning on or after January 1,
2006 an individual shall be deemed partially unemployed due to sickness in any week of less than
full-time work if he or she fails to earn in wages for services for that week an amount equal to the
weekly benefit rate for total unemployment due to sickness to which he or she would be entitled if
totally unemployed due to sickness and eligible.

22 (i) For the purposes of this subdivision and subdivision (22) of this section, "Wages" 23 includes only that part of remuneration for any work, which is in excess of one-fifth (1/5) of the 24 weekly benefit rate for total unemployment, rounded to the next lower multiple of one dollar 25 (\$1.00), to which the individual would be entitled if totally unemployed and eligible in any one 26 week, and "services" includes only that part of any work for which remuneration in excess of one-27 fifth (1/5) of the weekly benefit rate for total unemployment, rounded to the next lower multiple of 28 one dollar (\$1.00), to which the individual would be entitled if totally unemployed and eligible in 29 any one week is payable; provided, that nothing contained in this paragraph shall permit any 30 individual to whom remuneration is payable for any work performed in any week in an amount 31 equal to, or greater than, his or her weekly benefit rate to receive benefits under this subdivision 32 for that week.

33 (18) "Reserve fund" means the temporary disability insurance reserve fund established by
34 § 28-39-7;

(19) "Services" means all endeavors undertaken by an individual that are paid for by
 another or with respect to which the individual performing the services expects to receive wages or
 profits;

4 (20) "Sickness". An individual shall be deemed to be sick in any week in which, because
5 of his or her physical or mental condition, including pregnancy, he or she is unemployed and unable
6 to perform his or her regular or customary work or services;

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7 (21)(i) "Taxes" means the money payments required by chapters 39 - <u>through</u> 41 of this
8 title, to be made to the temporary disability insurance fund or to the temporary disability insurance
9 reserve fund.

(ii) Wherever and whenever in chapters 39 - <u>through</u> 41 of this title, the words
"contribution" and/or "contributions" appear, those words shall be construed to mean the "taxes,"
as defined in this subdivision, which are the money payments required by those chapters to be made
to the temporary disability insurance fund or to the temporary disability insurance reserve fund;

14 (22) "Wages" has the same definition as contained in chapter 42 of this title; provided, that no individual shall be denied benefits under chapters 39 - through 41 of this title because his or 15 16 her employer continues to pay to that individual his or her regular wages, or parts of them, while 17 he or she is unemployed due to sickness and unable to perform his or her regular or customary work 18 or services. The amount of any payments, whether or not under a plan or system, made to or on 19 behalf of an employee by his or her employer after the expiration of six (6) calendar months 20 following the last calendar month in which the employee performed actual bona fide personal 21 services for his or her employer, shall not be deemed to be wages either for the purpose of paying 22 contributions thereon under chapter 40 of this title, or for the purpose of being used as a basis for paying benefits under chapter 41 of this title; and 23

24 (23) "Week" has the same definition as contained in chapter 42 of this title.

25 SECTION 2. Section 28-40-1 of the General Laws in Chapter 28-40 entitled "Temporary
 26 Disability Insurance - Contributions" is hereby amended to read as follows:

27

28-40-1. Amount of employee contributions -- Wages on which based.

(a)(1) For each calendar year prior to 2021, the The taxable wage base under this chapter for each calendar year shall be equal to the greater of thirty-eight thousand dollars (\$38,000) or the annual earnings needed by an individual to qualify for the maximum weekly benefit amount and the maximum duration under chapters 39 – through 41 of this title. That taxable wage base shall be computed as follows: Every September 30, the maximum weekly benefit amount in effect as of that date shall be multiplied by thirty (30) and the resultant product shall be divided by thirty-six hundredths (.36). If the result thus obtained is not an even multiple of one hundred dollars (\$100), it shall be rounded upward to the next higher even multiple of one hundred dollars (\$100). That
 taxable wage base shall be effective for the calendar year beginning on the next January 1.

3 (2) For calendar year 2021 and subsequent years, the taxable wage base shall be equal to 4 the greater of two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000) or the annual earnings needed by an 5 individual to qualify for the maximum weekly benefit amount and the maximum duration under chapters 39 through 41 of this title. That taxable wage base shall be computed as follows: Every 6 7 September 30, the maximum weekly benefit amount in effect as of that date shall be multiplied by 8 thirty (30) and the resultant product shall be divided by thirty-six hundredths (.36). If the result thus 9 obtained is not an even multiple of one hundred dollars (\$100), it shall be rounded upward to the 10 next higher even multiple of one hundred dollars (\$100). That taxable wage base shall be effective 11 for the calendar year beginning on the next January 1.

(b) Each employee shall contribute with respect to employment after the date upon which the employer becomes subject to chapters 39 – <u>through</u> 41 of this title, an amount equal to the fund cost rate times the wages paid by the employer to the employee up to the taxable wage base as defined and computed in subsection (a) of this section. The employee contribution rate for the following calendar year shall be determined by computing the fund cost rate on or before November 15 of each year as follows:

(1) The total amount of disbursements made from the fund for the twelve (12) month period
ending on the immediately preceding September 30 shall be divided by the total taxable wages paid
by employers during the twelve (12) month period ending on the immediately preceding June 30.
The ratio thus obtained shall be multiplied by one hundred (100) and the resultant product if not an
exact multiple of one-tenth of one percent (0.1%) shall be rounded down to the next lowest multiple
of one-tenth of one percent (0.1%);

(2) If the fund balance as of the preceding September 30 is less than the total disbursements from the fund for the six (6) month period ending on that September 30, that difference shall be added to the total disbursements for the twelve (12) month period ending September 30 for the purpose of computing the fund cost rate, and if the resulting fund cost rate is not an exact multiple of one-tenth of one percent (0.1%) it shall be rounded to the nearest multiple of one-tenth of one percent (0.1%).

30 SECTION 3. Sections 28-41-5, 28-41-34 and 28-41-35 of the General Laws in Chapter 28-

31 41 entitled "Temporary Disability Insurance - Benefits" are hereby amended to read as follows:

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28-41-5. Weekly benefit rate -- Dependents' allowances.

(a)(1) Benefit rate. (i) The benefit rate payable under this chapter to any eligible individual
 with respect to any week of his or her unemployment due to sickness reasons under this chapter,

when that week occurs within a benefit year, shall be, <u>computed as follows: For for benefit years</u> beginning on or after October 7, 1990, four and sixty-two hundredths percent (4.62%) of the wages paid to the individual in that calendar quarter of the base period in which the individual's wages were highest; provided, however, that the benefit rate shall not exceed eighty-five percent (85%) of the average weekly wage paid to individuals covered by chapters 42 – <u>through</u> 44 of this title for the preceding calendar year ending December 31.

7 (ii) For claimants whose high quarter average hourly wage is less than or equal to the
8 minimum wage, the benefit rate payable under this chapter to any eligible individual with respect
9 to any week of their unemployment due to reasons allowed under this chapter, when that week

10 occurs within the benefit year, shall be, for benefit years beginning on or after January 1, 2021,

11 <u>ninety percent (90%) of that individual's average weekly wage.</u>

(iii) For claimants whose high quarter average hourly wage is less than or equal to two (2)
times the minimum wage, the benefit rate payable under this chapter to any eligible individual with
respect to any week of their unemployment due to reasons allowed under this chapter, when that
week occurs within the benefit year, shall be, for benefit years beginning on or after January 1,
2021, seventy-five percent (75%) of their average weekly wage.

(iv) If the maximum weekly benefit rate is not an exact multiple of one dollar (\$1.00) then
the rate shall be raised to the next higher multiple of one dollar (\$1.00). Those weekly benefit rates
shall be effective throughout the benefit years beginning on or after July 1 of the year prior to July
of the succeeding calendar year.

(2) The benefit rate of any individual, if not an exact multiple of one dollar (\$1.00), shall
be raised to the next higher multiple of one dollar (\$1.00).

23 (b) Dependents' allowances. An individual to whom benefits for unemployment due to 24 sickness reasons allowed under this chapter are payable under this chapter with respect to any week, 25 shall, in addition to those benefits, be paid with respect to each week a dependent's allowance of 26 ten dollars (\$10.00) or seven percent (7%), of the individual's benefit rate, payable under subsection 27 (a) of this section, whichever is greater for each of that individual's children, including adopted and 28 stepchildren or that individual's court appointed wards who, at the beginning of the individual's 29 benefit year, is under eighteen (18) years of age and who is at that time in fact dependent on that 30 individual. A dependent's allowance shall also be paid to that individual for any child, including an 31 adopted child or a stepchild or that individual's court appointed ward, eighteen (18) years of age or 32 over, incapable of earning any wages because of mental or physical incapacity, and who is 33 dependent on that individual in fact at the beginning of the individual's benefit year, including 34 individuals who have been appointed the legal guardian of that child by the appropriate court.

1 However, in no instance shall the number of dependents for which an individual may receive 2 dependents' allowances exceed five (5) in total and in no instance shall the individual's weekly 3 benefit amount including both the benefit rate and dependent's allowance exceed that individual's 4 average weekly wage in the base period. The weekly total of dependents' allowances payable to 5 any individual, if not an exact multiple of one dollar (\$1.00), shall be rounded to the next lower multiple of one dollar (\$1.00). The number of an individual's dependents, and the fact of their 6 7 dependency, shall be determined as of the beginning of that individual's benefit year; provided, that 8 only one individual shall be entitled to a dependent's allowance for the same dependent with respect 9 to any week. Each individual who claims a dependent's allowance shall establish his or her claim 10 to it to the satisfaction of the director under procedures established by the director.

(c) Any individual's benefit rate and/or dependents' allowance in effect for a benefit year
shall continue in effect until the end of that benefit year.

13 (d) Partial unemployment due to sickness reasons allowed under this chapter. For weeks 14 beginning on or after January 1, 2006, an individual partially unemployed due to sickness reasons 15 allowed under this chapter and otherwise eligible in any week shall be paid sufficient benefits with 16 respect to that week, so that his or her wages, rounded to the next higher multiple of one dollar 17 (\$1.00), and his or her benefits combined will equal in amount the weekly benefit rate to which he 18 or she would be entitled if totally unemployed due to sickness reasons allowed under this chapter 19 in that week; provided that an individual must have been totally unemployed due to sickness 20 reasons allowed under this chapter for at least seven (7) consecutive days prior to claiming partial 21 benefits under this provision; provided, that this provision shall not apply if the individual is entitled 22 to lag day benefits pursuant to § 28-41-9; provided, further, that nothing contained herein shall 23 permit any individual to whom remuneration is payable for any work performed in any week in an 24 amount equal to or greater than his or her weekly benefit rate to receive benefits or waiting period 25 credit for that week.

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28-41-34. Temporary caregiver insurance.

The purpose of this chapter is to establish, within the state temporary disability insurance program, a temporary caregiver insurance program to provide wage replacement benefits in accordance with the provisions of this chapter, to workers who take time off work to care for a seriously ill child, spouse, domestic partner, <u>sibling</u>, parent, parent-in-law, <u>care recipient</u>, grandparent, <u>grandchild</u>, or to bond with a new child.

32 Definitions as used in this chapter:

(1) "Child" means a biological, adopted, or foster son or daughter, a stepson or
 stepdaughter, a legal ward, a son or daughter of a domestic partner, or a son or daughter of an

1 employee who stands in loco parentis to that child. 2 (2) "Newborn child" means a child under one year of age. 3 (3) "Adopted child" means a child adopted by, or placed for adoption with, the employee. 4 (4) "Bonding or bond" means to develop a psychological and emotional attachment 5 between a child and his or her parent(s) or persons who stand in loco parentis. This shall involve being in one another's physical presence. 6 7 (5) "Parent" means a biological, foster, or adoptive parent, a stepparent, a legal guardian, 8 or other person who stands in loco parentis to the employee or the employee's spouse or domestic 9 partner when he/she was a child. 10 (6) "Domestic partner" means a party to a civil union as defined by chapter 15-3.1. 11 (7) "Spouse" means a party in a common law marriage, a party in a marriage conducted 12 and recognized by another state or country, or in a marriage as defined by chapter 15-3. 13 (8) "Grandparent" means a parent of the employee's parent. 14 (9) "Parent-in-law" means the parent of the employee's spouse or domestic partner. 15 (10) "Employee" means any person who is or has been employed by an employer subject 16 to chapters 39 through 41 of this title and in employment subject to those chapters. 17 (11) "Serious health condition" means any illness, injury, impairment, or physical or mental 18 condition that involves inpatient care in a hospital, hospice, residential health care facility, or 19 continued treatment or continuing supervision by a licensed health care provider. 20 (12) "Department" means the department of labor and training. 21 (13) "Persons who stand in loco parentis" means those with day-to-day responsibilities to 22 care for and financially support a child or, in the case of an employee, who had such responsibility for the employee when the employee was a child. A biological or legal relationship shall not be 23 24 required. 25 (14) "Sibling" means a brother or sister, whether related through half blood, whole blood 26 or adoption, a foster sibling, or a stepsibling. (15) "Grandchild" means the child of the employee's child. 27 28 (16) "Care recipient" means a person for whom the employee is responsible for providing 29 or arranging health- or safety-related care, including, but not limited to, helping the person obtain 30 diagnostic, preventive, routine, or therapeutic health treatment. 31 28-41-35. Benefits. 32 (a) Subject to the conditions set forth in this chapter, an employee shall be eligible for 33 temporary caregiver benefits for any week in which he or she is unable to perform his or her regular 34 and customary work because he or she is:

(1) Bonding with a newborn child or a child newly placed for adoption or foster care with
 the employee or domestic partner in accordance with the provisions of subdivision 28-41-36(c)(1);
 or

4 (2) Caring for a child, grandchild, a parent, parent-in-law, <u>care recipient</u>, grandparent,
5 <u>sibling</u>, spouse, or domestic partner, who has a serious health condition, subject to a waiting period
6 in accordance with the provisions of § 28-41-12. Employees may use accrued sick time during
7 eligibility waiting period in accordance with the policy of the individual's employer.

8 (b) Temporary caregiver benefits shall be available only to the employee exercising his or 9 her right to leave while covered by the temporary caregiver insurance program. An employee shall 10 file a written intent with their employer, in accordance with rules and regulations promulgated by 11 the department, with a minimum of thirty (30) days notice prior to commencement of the family 12 leave. Failure by the employee to provide the written intent may result in delay or reduction in the 13 claimant's benefits, except in the event the time of the leave is unforeseeable or the time of the leave 14 changes for unforeseeable circumstances.

(c) Employees cannot file for both temporary caregiver benefits and temporary disability
benefits for the same purpose, concurrently, in accordance with all provisions of this act and
chapters 39- <u>through</u> 41.

(d) Temporary caregiver benefits may be available to any individual exercising his or her right to leave while covered by the temporary caregiver insurance program, commencing on or after January 1, 2014, which shall not exceed the individual's maximum benefits in accordance with chapters 39 – through 41. The benefits for the temporary caregiver program shall be payable with respect to the first day of leave taken after the waiting period and each subsequent day of leave during that period of family temporary disability leave. Benefits shall be in accordance with the following:

(1) Beginning January 1, 2014 temporary caregiver benefits shall be limited to a maximum
of four (4) weeks in a benefit year;

27 (2) Beginning January 1, 2020, temporary caregiver benefits shall be limited to a maximum
 28 of twelve (12) weeks in a benefit year.

(e) In addition, no individual shall be paid temporary caregiver benefits and temporary
disability benefits which together exceed thirty (30) times his or her weekly benefit rate in any
benefit year the total amount of benefits payable in accordance with the provisions outlined in §
28-41-7.

(f) Any employee who exercises his or her right to leave covered by temporary caregiverinsurance under this chapter shall, upon the expiration of that leave, be entitled to be restored by

the employer to the position held by the employee when the leave commenced, or to a position with equivalent seniority, status, employment benefits, pay, and other terms and conditions of employment including fringe benefits and service credits that the employee had been entitled to at the commencement of leave.

5 (1) Any employee aggrieved by a violation of this subsection shall be entitled to file a
6 complaint with the department of labor and training.

7 (2) The director shall have the same powers and duties as set forth in chapter 12 and chapter

8 <u>14 of title 28 to investigate, inspect, subpoena and enforce through administrative hearings,</u>

9 <u>complaints that allege a violation of this subsection.</u>

10 (g) During any caregiver leave taken pursuant to this chapter, the employer shall maintain 11 any existing health benefits of the employee in force for the duration of the leave as if the employee 12 had continued in employment continuously from the date he or she commenced the leave until the 13 date the caregiver benefits terminate; provided, however, that the employee shall continue to pay 14 any employee shares of the cost of health benefits as required prior to the commencement of the 15 caregiver benefits.

(h) No individual shall be entitled to waiting period credit or temporary caregiver benefits
under this section for any week beginning prior to January 1, 2014. An employer may require an
employee who is entitled to leave under the federal Family and Medical Leave Act, PL 103-3 and/or
the Rhode Island Parental and Family Medical Leave Act, 28-41 et seq., who exercises his or her
right to benefits under the temporary caregiver insurance program under this chapter, to take any
temporary caregiver benefits received, concurrently, with any leave taken pursuant to the federal
Family and Medical Leave Act and/or the Rhode Island Parental and Family Medical Leave Act.

(i) Temporary caregiver benefits shall be in accordance with federal Family and Medical 23 24 Leave Act (FMLA) P.L. 103-3 and Rhode Island Family Parental and Family Leave Act in 25 accordance with § 28-48-1, et seq. An employer may require an employee who is entitled to leave 26 under the federal Family and Medical Leave Act, PL 103-3 and/or the Rhode Island Parental and 27 Family Medical Leave Act, 28-41 et seq., who exercises his or her right to benefits under the 28 temporary caregiver insurance program under this chapter, to take any temporary caregiver benefits 29 received, concurrently, with any leave taken pursuant to the federal Family and Medical Leave Act 30 and/or the Rhode Island Parental and Family Medical Leave Act.

31 SECTION 4. Section 44-30-2.6 of the General Laws in Chapter 44-30 entitled "Personal
 32 Income Tax" is hereby amended to read as follows:

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44-30-2.6. Rhode Island taxable income -- Rate of tax.

34

(a) "Rhode Island taxable income" means federal taxable income as determined under the

Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. § 1 et seq., not including the increase in the basic, standard deduction amount for married couples filing joint returns as provided in the Jobs and Growth Tax
 Relief Reconciliation Act of 2003 and the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of
 2001 (EGTRRA), and as modified by the modifications in § 44-30-12.

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5 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of §§ 44-30-1 and 44-30-2, for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2001, a Rhode Island personal income tax is imposed upon the Rhode Island 6 7 taxable income of residents and nonresidents, including estates and trusts, at the rate of twenty-five 8 and one-half percent (25.5%) for tax year 2001, and twenty-five percent (25%) for tax year 2002 9 and thereafter of the federal income tax rates, including capital gains rates and any other special 10 rates for other types of income, except as provided in § 44-30-2.7, which were in effect immediately 11 prior to enactment of the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001 (EGTRRA); 12 provided, rate schedules shall be adjusted for inflation by the tax administrator beginning in taxable 13 year 2002 and thereafter in the manner prescribed for adjustment by the commissioner of Internal 14 Revenue in 26 U.S.C. § 1(f). However, for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2006, a 15 taxpayer may elect to use the alternative flat tax rate provided in § 44-30-2.10 to calculate his or 16 her personal income tax liability.

17 (c) For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2001, if a taxpayer has an alternative 18 minimum tax for federal tax purposes, the taxpayer shall determine if he or she has a Rhode Island 19 alternative minimum tax. The Rhode Island alternative minimum tax shall be computed by 20 multiplying the federal tentative minimum tax without allowing for the increased exemptions under 21 the Jobs and Growth Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2003 (as redetermined on federal form 6251 22 Alternative Minimum Tax-Individuals) by twenty-five and one-half percent (25.5%) for tax year 2001, and twenty-five percent (25%) for tax year 2002 and thereafter, and comparing the product 23 24 to the Rhode Island tax as computed otherwise under this section. The excess shall be the taxpayer's 25 Rhode Island alternative minimum tax.

(1) For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, and thereafter, the exemption
amount for alternative minimum tax, for Rhode Island purposes, shall be adjusted for inflation by
the tax administrator in the manner prescribed for adjustment by the commissioner of Internal
Revenue in 26 U.S.C. § 1(f).

30 (2) For the period January 1, 2007, through December 31, 2007, and thereafter, Rhode
31 Island taxable income shall be determined by deducting from federal adjusted gross income as
32 defined in 26 U.S.C. § 62 as modified by the modifications in § 44-30-12 the Rhode Island
33 itemized-deduction amount and the Rhode Island exemption amount as determined in this section.
34 (A) Tax imposed.

1	(1) There is hereby imposed on	the taxable income of married individuals filing joint	
2	returns and surviving spouses a tax determined in accordance with the following table:		
3	If taxable income is:	The tax is:	
4	Not over \$53,150	3.75% of taxable income	
5	Over \$53,150 but not over \$128,500	\$1,993.13 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$53,150	
6	Over \$128,500 but not over \$195,850	\$7,267.63 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$128,500	
7	Over \$195,850 but not over \$349,700	\$12,487.25 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$195,850	
8	Over \$349,700	\$26,333.75 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$349,700	
9	(2) There is hereby imposed on	the taxable income of every head of household a tax	
10	determined in accordance with the followi	ng table:	
11	If taxable income is:	The tax is:	
12	Not over \$42,650	3.75% of taxable income	
13	Over \$42,650 but not over \$110,100	\$1,599.38 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$42,650	
14	Over \$110,100 but not over \$178,350	\$6,320.88 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$110,100	
15	Over \$178,350 but not over \$349,700 \$11,610.25 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$178,350		
16	Over \$349,700 \$27,031.75 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$349,700		
17	(3) There is hereby imposed on the taxable income of unmarried individuals (other than		
18	surviving spouses and heads of household	ds) a tax determined in accordance with the following	
18 19	surviving spouses and heads of household table:	ds) a tax determined in accordance with the following	
		ds) a tax determined in accordance with the following The tax is:	
19	table:		
19 20	table: If taxable income is:	The tax is:	
19 20 21	table: If taxable income is: Not over \$31,850	The tax is: 3.75% of taxable income	
19 20 21 22	table: If taxable income is: Not over \$31,850 Over \$31,850 but not over \$77,100	The tax is: 3.75% of taxable income \$1,194.38 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$31,850	
 19 20 21 22 23 	table: If taxable income is: Not over \$31,850 Over \$31,850 but not over \$77,100 Over \$77,100 but not over \$160,850	The tax is: 3.75% of taxable income \$1,194.38 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$31,850 \$4,361.88 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$77,100	
 19 20 21 22 23 24 	table: If taxable income is: Not over \$31,850 Over \$31,850 but not over \$77,100 Over \$77,100 but not over \$160,850 Over \$160,850 but not over \$349,700 Over \$349,700	The tax is: 3.75% of taxable income \$1,194.38 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$31,850 \$4,361.88 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$77,100 \$10,852.50 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$160,850	
 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 	table: If taxable income is: Not over \$31,850 Over \$31,850 but not over \$77,100 Over \$77,100 but not over \$160,850 Over \$160,850 but not over \$349,700 Over \$349,700 (4) There is hereby imposed on the	The tax is: 3.75% of taxable income \$1,194.38 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$31,850 \$4,361.88 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$77,100 \$10,852.50 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$160,850 \$27,849.00 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$349,700	
 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 	table: If taxable income is: Not over \$31,850 Over \$31,850 but not over \$77,100 Over \$77,100 but not over \$160,850 Over \$160,850 but not over \$349,700 Over \$349,700 (4) There is hereby imposed on the	The tax is: 3.75% of taxable income \$1,194.38 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$31,850 \$4,361.88 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$77,100 \$10,852.50 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$160,850 \$27,849.00 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$349,700 he taxable income of married individuals filing separate	
 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 	table: If taxable income is: Not over \$31,850 Over \$31,850 but not over \$77,100 Over \$77,100 but not over \$160,850 Over \$160,850 but not over \$349,700 Over \$349,700 (4) There is hereby imposed on the returns and bankruptcy estates a tax determined	The tax is: 3.75% of taxable income \$1,194.38 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$31,850 \$4,361.88 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$77,100 \$10,852.50 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$160,850 \$27,849.00 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$349,700 he taxable income of married individuals filing separate nined in accordance with the following table:	
 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 	table: If taxable income is: Not over \$31,850 Over \$31,850 but not over \$77,100 Over \$77,100 but not over \$160,850 Over \$160,850 but not over \$349,700 Over \$349,700 (4) There is hereby imposed on the returns and bankruptcy estates a tax determ If taxable income is:	The tax is: 3.75% of taxable income \$1,194.38 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$31,850 \$4,361.88 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$77,100 \$10,852.50 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$160,850 \$27,849.00 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$349,700 the taxable income of married individuals filing separate mined in accordance with the following table: The tax is:	
 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 	table: If taxable income is: Not over \$31,850 Over \$31,850 but not over \$77,100 Over \$77,100 but not over \$160,850 Over \$160,850 but not over \$349,700 Over \$349,700 (4) There is hereby imposed on the returns and bankruptcy estates a tax determ If taxable income is: Not over \$26,575	The tax is: 3.75% of taxable income \$1,194.38 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$31,850 \$4,361.88 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$77,100 \$10,852.50 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$160,850 \$27,849.00 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$349,700 the taxable income of married individuals filing separate inined in accordance with the following table: The tax is: 3.75% of taxable income	
 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 	table: If taxable income is: Not over \$31,850 Over \$31,850 but not over \$77,100 Over \$77,100 but not over \$160,850 Over \$160,850 but not over \$349,700 Over \$349,700 (4) There is hereby imposed on the returns and bankruptcy estates a tax determ If taxable income is: Not over \$26,575 Over \$26,575 but not over \$64,250	The tax is: 3.75% of taxable income \$1,194.38 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$31,850 \$4,361.88 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$77,100 \$10,852.50 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$160,850 \$27,849.00 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$349,700 the taxable income of married individuals filing separate inined in accordance with the following table: The tax is: 3.75% of taxable income \$996.56 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$26,575	
 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 	table: If taxable income is: Not over \$31,850 Over \$31,850 but not over \$77,100 Over \$77,100 but not over \$160,850 Over \$160,850 but not over \$349,700 Over \$349,700 (4) There is hereby imposed on the returns and bankruptcy estates a tax determ If taxable income is: Not over \$26,575 Over \$26,575 but not over \$64,250 Over \$64,250 but not over \$97,925	The tax is: 3.75% of taxable income \$1,194.38 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$31,850 \$4,361.88 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$77,100 \$10,852.50 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$160,850 \$27,849.00 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$349,700 the taxable income of married individuals filing separate inined in accordance with the following table: The tax is: 3.75% of taxable income \$996.56 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$26,575 \$3,633.81 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$64,250	

1	accordance with the following table:		
2	If taxable income is:	The tax is:	
3	Not over \$2,150	3.75% of taxable income	
4	Over \$2,150 but not over \$5,000	\$80.63 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$2,150	
5	Over \$5,000 but not over \$7,650	\$280.13 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$5,000	
6	Over \$7,650 but not over \$10,450	\$485.50 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$7,650	
7	Over \$10,450	\$737.50 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$10,450	
8	(6) Adjustments for inflation.		
9	The dollars amount contained in paragrap	bh (A) shall be increased by an amount equal to:	
10	(a) Such dollar amount contained in parag	graph (A) in the year 1993, multiplied by;	
11	(b) The cost-of-living adjustment determine	ned under section (J) with a base year of 1993;	
12	(c) The cost-of-living adjustment referred	d to in subparagraphs (a) and (b) used in making	
13	adjustments to the nine percent (9%) and nine and	d nine tenths percent (9.9%) dollar amounts shall	
14	be determined under section (J) by substituting "1	994" for "1993."	
15	(B) Maximum capital gains rates.		
16	(1) In general.		
17	If a taxpayer has a net capital gain for tax years ending prior to January 1, 2010, the tax		
18	imposed by this section for such taxable year shall not exceed the sum of:		
19	(a) 2.5 % of the net capital gain as reported for federal income tax purposes under section		
20	26 U.S.C. § 1(h)(1)(a) and 26 U.S.C. § 1(h)(1)(b).		
21	(b) 5% of the net capital gain as reported for federal income tax purposes under 26 U.S.C.		
22	§ 1(h)(1)(c).		
23	(c) 6.25% of the net capital gain as repo	orted for federal income tax purposes under 26	
24	U.S.C. § 1(h)(1)(d).		
25	(d) 7% of the net capital gain as reported	for federal income tax purposes under 26 U.S.C.	
26	§ 1(h)(1)(e).		
27	(2) For tax years beginning on or after Jar	nuary 1, 2010, the tax imposed on net capital gain	
28	shall be determined under subdivision 44-30-2.6(c)(2)(A).	
29	(C) Itemized deductions.		
30	(1) In general.		
31	For the purposes of section (2), "itemi	zed deductions" means the amount of federal	
32	itemized deductions as modified by the modificat	ions in § 44-30-12.	
33	(2) Individuals who do not itemize their of	leductions.	
34	In the case of an individual who does not	ot elect to itemize his deductions for the taxable	

1 year, they may elect to take a standard deduction.

2	(3) Basic standard deduction.		
3	The Rhode Island standard deduction shall be allowed in accordance with the following		
4	table:		
5	Filing status Amount		
6	Single \$5,350		
7	Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) \$8,900		
8	Married filing separately \$4,450		
9	Head of Household \$7,850		
10	(4) Additional standard deduction for the aged and blind.		
11	An additional standard deduction shall be allowed for individuals age sixty-five (65) or		
12	older or blind in the amount of \$1,300 for individuals who are not married and \$1,050 for		
13	individuals who are married.		
14	(5) Limitation on basic standard deduction in the case of certain dependents.		
15	In the case of an individual to whom a deduction under section (E) is allowable to another		
16	taxpayer, the basic standard deduction applicable to such individual shall not exceed the greater of:		
17	(a) \$850;		
18	(b) The sum of \$300 and such individual's earned income;		
19	(6) Certain individuals not eligible for standard deduction.		
20	In the case of:		
21	(a) A married individual filing a separate return where either spouse itemizes deductions;		
22	(b) Nonresident alien individual;		
23	(c) An estate or trust;		
24	The standard deduction shall be zero.		
25	(7) Adjustments for inflation.		
26	Each dollar amount contained in paragraphs (3), (4) and (5) shall be increased by an amount		
27	equal to:		
28	(a) Such dollar amount contained in paragraphs (3), (4) and (5) in the year 1988, multiplied		
29	by		
30	(b) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with a base year of 1988.		
31	(D) Overall limitation on itemized deductions.		
32	(1) General rule.		
33	In the case of an individual whose adjusted gross income as modified by § 44-30-12		
34	exceeds the applicable amount, the amount of the itemized deductions otherwise allowable for the		

1 taxable year shall be reduced by the lesser of: 2 (a) Three percent (3%) of the excess of adjusted gross income as modified by § 44-30-12 3 over the applicable amount; or 4 (b) Eighty percent (80%) of the amount of the itemized deductions otherwise allowable for 5 such taxable year. 6 (2) Applicable amount. 7 (a) In general. 8 For purposes of this section, the term "applicable amount" means \$156,400 (\$78,200 in the 9 case of a separate return by a married individual) 10 (b) Adjustments for inflation. 11 Each dollar amount contained in paragraph (a) shall be increased by an amount equal to: 12 (i) Such dollar amount contained in paragraph (a) in the year 1991, multiplied by 13 (ii) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with a base year of 1991. 14 (3) Phase-out of Limitation. 15 (a) In general. 16 In the case of taxable year beginning after December 31, 2005, and before January 1, 2010, 17 the reduction under section (1) shall be equal to the applicable fraction of the amount which would 18 be the amount of such reduction. 19 (b) Applicable fraction. 20 For purposes of paragraph (a), the applicable fraction shall be determined in accordance 21 with the following table: The applicable fraction is 22 For taxable years beginning in calendar year 23 2006 and 2007 2/32008 and 2009 1/324 25 (E) Exemption amount. 26 (1) In general. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the term "exemption amount" means 27 28 \$3,400. 29 (2) Exemption amount disallowed in case of certain dependents. 30 In the case of an individual with respect to whom a deduction under this section is allowable 31 to another taxpayer for the same taxable year, the exemption amount applicable to such individual 32 for such individual's taxable year shall be zero. 33 (3) Adjustments for inflation. 34 The dollar amount contained in paragraph (1) shall be increased by an amount equal to:

1	(a) Such dollar amount contained in paragraph (1) in the year 1989, multiplied by
2	(b) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with a base year of 1989.
3	(4) Limitation.
4	(a) In general.
5	In the case of any taxpayer whose adjusted gross income as modified for the taxable year
6	exceeds the threshold amount shall be reduced by the applicable percentage.
7	(b) Applicable percentage.
8	In the case of any taxpayer whose adjusted gross income for the taxable year exceeds the
9	threshold amount, the exemption amount shall be reduced by two (2) percentage points for each
10	\$2,500 (or fraction thereof) by which the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for the taxable year
11	exceeds the threshold amount. In the case of a married individual filing a separate return, the
12	preceding sentence shall be applied by substituting "\$1,250" for "\$2,500." In no event shall the
13	applicable percentage exceed one hundred percent (100%).
14	(c) Threshold Amount.
15	For the purposes of this paragraph, the term "threshold amount" shall be determined with
16	the following table:
17	Filing status Amount
18	Single \$156,400
19	Married filing jointly of qualifying widow(er) \$234,600
20	Married filing separately \$117,300
21	Head of Household \$195,500
22	(d) Adjustments for inflation.
23	Each dollar amount contained in paragraph (b) shall be increased by an amount equal to:
24	(i) Such dollar amount contained in paragraph (b) in the year 1991, multiplied by
25	(ii) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with a base year of 1991.
26	(5) Phase-out of limitation.
27	(a) In general.
28	In the case of taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, and before January 1,
29	2010, the reduction under section 4 shall be equal to the applicable fraction of the amount which
30	would be the amount of such reduction.
31	(b) Applicable fraction.
32	For the purposes of paragraph (a), the applicable fraction shall be determined in accordance
33	with the following table:
34	For taxable years beginning in calendar year The applicable fraction is

1	2006 and 2007	2/3	
2	2008 and 2009	1/3	
3	(F) Alternative minimum tax.		
4	(1) General rule. There is hereby imposed (in additional states of the s	tion to any other tax imposed by this	
5	subtitle) a tax equal to the excess (if any) of:		
6	(a) The tentative minimum tax for the taxable year, o	over	
7	(b) The regular tax for the taxable year.		
8	(2) The tentative minimum tax for the taxable year is	s the sum of:	
9	(a) 6.5 percent of so much of the taxable excess as d	oes not exceed \$175,000, plus	
10	(b) 7.0 percent of so much of the taxable excess abo	ve \$175,000.	
11	(3) The amount determined under the preceding sente	ence shall be reduced by the alternative	
12	minimum tax foreign tax credit for the taxable year.		
13	(4) Taxable excess. For the purposes of this subsection	on the term "taxable excess" means so	
14	much of the federal alternative minimum taxable income as n	nodified by the modifications in § 44-	
15	30-12 as exceeds the exemption amount.		
16	(5) In the case of a married individual filing a sepa	rate return, subparagraph (2) shall be	
17	applied by substituting "\$87,500" for \$175,000 each place it	appears.	
18	(6) Exemption amount.		
19	For purposes of this section "exemption amount" means:		
20	Filing status	Amount	
21	Single	\$39,150	
22	Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(e	r) \$53,700	
23	Married filing separately	\$26,850	
24	Head of Household	\$39,150	
25	Estate or trust	\$24,650	
26	(7) Treatment of unearned income of minor children		
27	(a) In general.		
28	In the case of a minor child, the exemption amount	t for purposes of section (6) shall not	
29	exceed the sum of:		
30	(i) Such child's earned income, plus		
31	(ii) \$6,000.		
32	(8) Adjustments for inflation.		
33	The dollar amount contained in paragraphs (6) and	(7) shall be increased by an amount	
34	equal to:		

1	(a) Such dollar amount contained in paragraphs (6) and (7) in the	e year 2004, multiplied by
2	(b) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) v	with a base year of 2004.
3	(9) Phase-out.	
4	(a) In general.	
5	The exemption amount of any taxpayer shall be reduced (but not	below zero) by an amount
6	equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of the amount by which alternative	minimum taxable income
7	of the taxpayer exceeds the threshold amount.	
8	(b) Threshold amount.	
9	For purposes of this paragraph, the term "threshold amount" sha	all be determined with the
10	following table:	
11	Filing status	Amount
12	Single	\$123,250
13	Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er)	\$164,350
14	Married filing separately	\$82,175
15	Head of Household	\$123,250
16	Estate or Trust	\$82,150
17	(c) Adjustments for inflation	
18	Each dollar amount contained in paragraph (9) shall be increased	d by an amount equal to:
19	(i) Such dollar amount contained in paragraph (9) in the year 20	04, multiplied by
20	(ii) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) v	with a base year of 2004.
21	(G) Other Rhode Island taxes.	
22	(1) General rule. There is hereby imposed (in addition to any	other tax imposed by this
23	subtitle) a tax equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of:	
24	(a) The Federal income tax on lump-sum distributions.	
25	(b) The Federal income tax on parents' election to report child's	interest and dividends.
26	(c) The recapture of Federal tax credits that were previously	claimed on Rhode Island
27	return.	
28	(H) Tax for children under 18 with investment income.	
29	(1) General rule. There is hereby imposed a tax equal to twenty-	five percent (25%) of:
30	(a) The Federal tax for children under the age of 18 with investment	nent income.
31	(I) Averaging of farm income.	
32	(1) General rule. At the election of an individual engaged in a fa	arming business or fishing
33	business, the tax imposed in section 2 shall be equal to twenty-five perce	ent (25%) of:
34	(a) The Federal averaging of farm income as determined in IRC	section 1301 [26 U.S.C. §

1	1301].
2	(J) Cost-of-living adjustment.
3	(1) In general.
4	The cost-of-living adjustment for any calendar year is the percentage (if any) by which:
5	(a) The CPI for the preceding calendar year exceeds
6	(b) The CPI for the base year.
7	(2) CPI for any calendar year.
8	For purposes of paragraph (1), the CPI for any calendar year is the average of the consumer
9	price index as of the close of the twelve (12) month period ending on August 31 of such calendar
10	year.
11	(3) Consumer price index.
12	For purposes of paragraph (2), the term "consumer price index" means the last consumer
13	price index for all urban consumers published by the department of labor. For purposes of the
14	preceding sentence, the revision of the consumer price index that is most consistent with the
15	consumer price index for calendar year 1986 shall be used.
16	(4) Rounding.
17	(a) In general.
18	If any increase determined under paragraph (1) is not a multiple of \$50, such increase shall
19	be rounded to the next lowest multiple of \$50.
20	(b) In the case of a married individual filing a separate return, subparagraph (a) shall be
21	applied by substituting "\$25" for \$50 each place it appears.
22	(K) Credits against tax. For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2001, a taxpayer
23	entitled to any of the following federal credits enacted prior to January 1, 1996, shall be entitled to
24	a credit against the Rhode Island tax imposed under this section:
25	(1) [Deleted by P.L. 2007, ch. 73, art. 7, § 5].
26	(2) Child and dependent care credit;
27	(3) General business credits;
28	(4) Credit for elderly or the disabled;
29	(5) Credit for prior year minimum tax;
30	(6) Mortgage interest credit;
31	(7) Empowerment zone employment credit;
32	(8) Qualified electric vehicle credit.
33	(L) Credit against tax for adoption. For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2006, a

34 taxpayer entitled to the federal adoption credit shall be entitled to a credit against the Rhode Island

tax imposed under this section if the adopted child was under the care, custody, or supervision of
the Rhode Island department of children, youth and families prior to the adoption.

3 (M) The credit shall be twenty-five percent (25%) of the aforementioned federal credits 4 provided there shall be no deduction based on any federal credits enacted after January 1, 1996, 5 including the rate reduction credit provided by the federal Economic Growth and Tax 6 Reconciliation Act of 2001 (EGTRRA). In no event shall the tax imposed under this section be 7 reduced to less than zero. A taxpayer required to recapture any of the above credits for federal tax 8 purposes shall determine the Rhode Island amount to be recaptured in the same manner as 9 prescribed in this subsection.

10

(N) Rhode Island earned-income credit .

11 (1) In general.

For tax years beginning before January 1, 2015, a taxpayer entitled to a federal earnedincome credit shall be allowed a Rhode Island earned-income credit equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of the federal earned-income credit. Such credit shall not exceed the amount of the Rhode Island income tax.

For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2015, and before January 1, 2016, a taxpayer entitled to a federal earned-income credit shall be allowed a Rhode Island earned-income credit equal to ten percent (10%) of the federal earned-income credit. Such credit shall not exceed the amount of the Rhode Island income tax.

For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2016, a taxpayer entitled to a federal earnedincome credit shall be allowed a Rhode Island earned-income credit equal to twelve and one-half percent (12.5%) of the federal earned-income credit. Such credit shall not exceed the amount of the Rhode Island income tax.

For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2017, a taxpayer entitled to a federal earnedincome credit shall be allowed a Rhode Island earned-income credit equal to fifteen percent (15%) of the federal earned-income credit. Such credit shall not exceed the amount of the Rhode Island income tax.

28

(2) Refundable portion.

In the event the Rhode Island earned-income credit allowed under paragraph (N)(1) of this section exceeds the amount of Rhode Island income tax, a refundable earned-income credit shall be allowed as follows.

(i) For tax years beginning before January 1, 2015, for purposes of paragraph (2) refundable
earned-income credit means fifteen percent (15%) of the amount by which the Rhode Island earnedincome credit exceeds the Rhode Island income tax.

(ii) For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2015, for purposes of paragraph (2)
 refundable earned-income credit means one hundred percent (100%) of the amount by which the
 Rhode Island earned-income credit exceeds the Rhode Island income tax.

- 4 (O) Rhode Island paid leave credit:
- 5 (1) For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2021, a taxpayer who paid into the
 6 temporary disability insurance and temporary caregiver insurance fund ("TDI/TCI") as defined in
- 7 § 28-39-2, but who did not receive TDI/TCI benefits over the calendar year and whose annual
- 8 <u>earnings were less than twenty-five (25) times the hourly minimum wage, shall be entitled to a</u>
- 9 credit in the amount the taxpayer paid into the program or one hundred fifty dollars (\$150),
- 10 <u>whichever is higher.</u>
- (O)(P) The tax administrator shall recalculate and submit necessary revisions to paragraphs
 (A) through (J) to the general assembly no later than February 1, 2010, and every three (3) years
 thereafter for inclusion in the statute.
- (3) For the period January 1, 2011, through December 31, 2011, and thereafter, "Rhode
 Island taxable income" means federal adjusted gross income as determined under the Internal
 Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. § 1 et seq., and as modified for Rhode Island purposes pursuant to § 4430-12 less the amount of Rhode Island Basic Standard Deduction allowed pursuant to subparagraph
 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(B), and less the amount of personal exemption allowed pursuant to subparagraph
 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(C).
- 20
- (A) Tax imposed.

(I) There is hereby imposed on the taxable income of married individuals filing joint
 returns, qualifying widow(er), every head of household, unmarried individuals, married individuals
 filing separate returns and bankruptcy estates, a tax determined in accordance with the following
 table:

25	RI Taxable Income	;		RI Income Tax
26	Over	But not over	Pay +% on Excess	on the amount over
27	\$0 -	\$ 55,000	\$ 0 + 3.75%	\$0
28	55,000 -	125,000	2,063 + 4.75%	55,000
29	125,000 -		5,388 + 5.99%	125,000

30 (II) There is hereby imposed on the taxable income of an estate or trust a tax determined in
31 accordance with the following table:

32	RI Taxable Income	2		RI Income Tax
33	Over	But not over	Pay + % on Excess	on the amount over
34	\$0 -	\$ 2,230	\$ 0 + 3.75%	\$0

1	2,230 -	7,022	84 + 4.75%	2,230
2	7,022 -		312 + 5.99%	7,022
3	(B) Deductions:			
4	(I) Rhode Island	Basic Standard	Deduction.	
5	Only the Rhode	e Island standa	rd deduction shall be allowed	in accordance with the
6	following table:			
7	Filing st	atus:		Amount
8	Single			\$7,500
9	Married	filing jointly or	qualifying widow(er)	\$15,000
10	Married	filing separately	1	\$7,500
11	Head of	Household		\$11,250
12	(II) Nonresiden	t alien individ	uals, estates and trusts are r	not eligible for standard
13	deductions.			
14	(III) In the case of	f any taxpayer w	vhose adjusted gross income, as	modified for Rhode Island
15	purposes pursuant to § 4	4-30-12, for the	taxable year exceeds one hund	red seventy-five thousand
16	dollars (\$175,000), the s	tandard deduction	on amount shall be reduced by	the applicable percentage.
17	The term "applicable pe	ercentage" mean	s twenty (20) percentage poin	ts for each five thousand
18	dollars (\$5,000) (or fraction thereof) by which the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for the taxable			
19	year exceeds one hundred seventy-five thousand dollars (\$175,000).			
20	(C) Exemption A	Amount:		
21	(I) The term "ex	kemption amound	nt" means three thousand five	hundred dollars (\$3,500)
22	multiplied by the numb	er of exemption	ns allowed for the taxable year	ar for federal income tax
23	purposes. For tax years b	beginning on or	after 2018, the term "exemption	amount" means the same
24	as it does in 26 U.S.C. §	151 and 26 U.S	S.C. § 152 just prior to the enact	tment of the Tax Cuts and
25	Jobs Act (Pub. L. 115-97) on December	22, 2017.	
26	(II) Exemption	amount disallo	wed in case of certain depen	dents. In the case of an
27	individual with respect to	whom a deduct	tion under this section is allowa	ble to another taxpayer for
28	the same taxable year, the	ne exemption ar	nount applicable to such indivi	dual for such individual's
29	taxable year shall be zero).		
30	(III) Identifying	information requ	uired.	
31	(1) Except as pro	ovided in § 44-3	30-2.6(c)(3)(C)(II) of this section	on, no exemption shall be
32	allowed under this section	n with respect to	any individual unless the Taxpa	yer Identification Number
33	of such individual is incl	uded on the fed	eral return claiming the exempt	ion for the same tax filing
34	period.			

1 (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of § 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(C)(I) of this section, in the event 2 that the Taxpayer Identification Number for each individual is not required to be included on the 3 federal tax return for the purposes of claiming a personal exemption(s), then the Taxpayer 4 Identification Number must be provided on the Rhode Island tax return for the purpose of claiming 5 said exemption(s).

6 (D) In the case of any taxpayer whose adjusted gross income, as modified for Rhode Island 7 purposes pursuant to § 44-30-12, for the taxable year exceeds one hundred seventy-five thousand 8 dollars (\$175,000), the exemption amount shall be reduced by the applicable percentage. The term 9 "applicable percentage" means twenty (20) percentage points for each five thousand dollars 10 (\$5,000) (or fraction thereof) by which the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for the taxable year 11 exceeds one hundred seventy-five thousand dollars (\$175,000).

(E) Adjustment for inflation. The dollar amount contained in subparagraphs 44-302.6(c)(3)(A), 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(B) and 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(C) shall be increased annually by an amount
equal to:

(I) Such dollar amount contained in subparagraphs 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(A), 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(B)
and 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(C) adjusted for inflation using a base tax year of 2000, multiplied by;

17 (II) The cost-of-living adjustment with a base year of 2000.

(III) For the purposes of this section, the cost-of-living adjustment for any calendar year is the percentage (if any) by which the consumer price index for the preceding calendar year exceeds the consumer price index for the base year. The consumer price index for any calendar year is the average of the consumer price index as of the close of the twelve-month (12) period ending on August 31, of such calendar year.

(IV) For the purpose of this section the term "consumer price index" means the last consumer price index for all urban consumers published by the department of labor. For the purpose of this section the revision of the consumer price index that is most consistent with the consumer price index for calendar year 1986 shall be used.

(V) If any increase determined under this section is not a multiple of fifty dollars (\$50.00),
such increase shall be rounded to the next lower multiple of fifty dollars (\$50.00). In the case of a
married individual filing separate return, if any increase determined under this section is not a
multiple of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00), such increase shall be rounded to the next lower multiple
of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00).

32 (F) Credits against tax.

(I) Notwithstanding any other provisions of Rhode Island Law, for tax years beginning on
 or after January 1, 2011, the only credits allowed against a tax imposed under this chapter shall be

- 1 as follows:
- 2 (a) Rhode Island earned-income credit: Credit shall be allowed for earned-income credit
 3 pursuant to subparagraph 44-30-2.6(c)(2)(N).
- 4 (b) Property Tax Relief Credit: Credit shall be allowed for property tax relief as provided
 5 in § 44-33-1 et seq.
- 6 (c) Lead Paint Credit: Credit shall be allowed for residential lead abatement income tax
 7 credit as provided in § 44-30.3-1 et seq.
- 8 (d) Credit for income taxes of other states. Credit shall be allowed for income tax paid to
 9 other states pursuant to § 44-30-74.
- (e) Historic Structures Tax Credit: Credit shall be allowed for historic structures tax credit
 as provided in § 44-33.2-1 et seq.
- (f) Motion Picture Productions Tax Credit: Credit shall be allowed for motion picture
 production tax credit as provided in § 44-31.2-1 et seq.
- (g) Child and Dependent Care: Credit shall be allowed for twenty-five percent (25%) of
 the federal child and dependent care credit allowable for the taxable year for federal purposes;
 provided, however, such credit shall not exceed the Rhode Island tax liability.
- (h) Tax credits for contributions to Scholarship Organizations: Credit shall be allowed for
 contributions to scholarship organizations as provided in chapter 62 of title 44.
- (i) Credit for tax withheld. Wages upon which tax is required to be withheld shall be taxable as if no withholding were required, but any amount of Rhode Island personal income tax actually deducted and withheld in any calendar year shall be deemed to have been paid to the tax administrator on behalf of the person from whom withheld, and the person shall be credited with having paid that amount of tax for the taxable year beginning in that calendar year. For a taxable year of less than twelve (12) months, the credit shall be made under regulations of the tax administrator.
- 26 (j) Stay Invested in RI Wavemaker Fellowship: Credit shall be allowed for stay invested in
 27 RI wavemaker fellowship program as provided in § 42-64.26-1 et seq.
- 28 (k) Rebuild Rhode Island: Credit shall be allowed for rebuild RI tax credit as provided in
 29 § 42-64.20-1 et seq.
- 30 (1) Rhode Island Qualified Jobs Incentive Program: Credit shall be allowed for Rhode
 31 Island new qualified jobs incentive program credit as provided in § 44-48.3-1 et seq.
- (m) Historic homeownership assistance act: Effective for tax year 2017 and thereafter,
 unused carryforward for such credit previously issued shall be allowed for the historic
 homeownership assistance act as provided in § 44-33.1-4. This allowance is for credits already

- 1 issued pursuant to § 44-33.1-4 and shall not be construed to authorize the issuance of new credits
- 2 under the historic homeownership assistance act.
- 3 (2) Except as provided in section 1 above, no other state and federal tax credit shall be
- 4 available to the taxpayers in computing tax liability under this chapter.
- 5 SECTION 5. This act shall take effect on January 1, 2021.

LC004644

EXPLANATION

BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

AN ACT

RELATING TO LABOR AND LABOR RELATIONS -- TEMPORARY DISABILITY INSURANCE--GENERAL PROVISIONS

1	This act would increase the taxable wage base on which employees make contributions to
2	the temporary disability income (TDI) and the temporary caregiver insurance (TCI) funds; change
3	the wage replacement formula to increase individual benefit rates for lower wage individuals;
4	include sibling, grandchild and care recipient in the coverage for temporary caregiver benefits;
5	increase the maximum temporary caregiver weeks; and institute fines and penalties for not
6	reinstating an employee to work if they use the program.
7	It would also create a new tax credit for low wage taxpayers who pay into the program but
8	are not income eligible to receive benefits.

9 This act would take effect on January 1, 2021.

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