

2024 South Dakota Legislature House Bill 1234

Introduced by: Representative Mulally

1 An Act to address the issuance and revocation requirements pertaining to a permit 2 to carry a concealed weapon. BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA: 3 Section 1. That § 23-7-7 be AMENDED: 4 5 **23-7-7.** A permit to carry a concealed pistol must be issued to any applicant by 6 the sheriff of the county in which the applicant resides. The permit must be valid 7 throughout the state and must be issued pursuant to \S 23-7-7.1. 8 For purposes of verifying the qualifications of an applicant, prior to issuing a permit, 9 the sheriff shall execute, and the applicant shall pass, a background investigation, 10 including a computer check of available on-line records and a check utilizing the National Instant Criminal Background Check System. 11 12 The issuance of a permit to carry a concealed pistol under this chapter does not 13 impose a general prohibition on the carrying of a pistol without a permit. 14 Nothing in this section requires an individual to obtain a permit as a condition of 15 carrying a concealed pistol in this state. 16 Section 2. That § 23-7-7.1 be AMENDED: 17 23-7-7.1. A temporary permit to carry a concealed pistol-shall must be issued to 18 a person under § 23-7-7, within five days of <u>the</u> application, if the person: 19 (1)Is eighteen years of age or older; 20 Has never pled guilty to, nolo contendere to, or been convicted of a: (2) 21 (a) <u>A</u> felony or a; 22 (b) A crime of violence, as defined in \S 22-1-2; Is not Has no documented history of habitually being in an intoxicated or drugged 23 (3) 24 condition; 25 (4) Has no documented history of violence;

24.672.11

| 1 | (5) | Has not-been found in the previous ten years, in the immediately preceding ten- |
|----|--------------------------|---|
| 2 | | <u>year period, been adjudged by a court</u> to be a : |
| 3 | | (a) A danger to others or a, as defined in § 27A-1-1; or |
| 4 | | (b) A danger to self, as defined in § 27A-1-1 or is; |
| 5 | <u>(6)</u> | <u>Is</u> not currently adjudged by a court to be mentally incompetent; |
| 6 | (6)<u>(7)</u> | Has not been acquitted of a crime by reason of insanity, as provided for in § 23A- |
| 7 | | <u>26-5;</u> |
| 8 | <u>(8)</u> | _Has physically resided in and is a resident of the county where the application is |
| 9 | | being made for at least thirty days immediately preceding the date of the |
| 10 | | application; |
| 11 | (7)<u>(9)</u> | Has-had no violation of not, in the immediately preceding five-year period, been |
| 12 | | convicted of violating this chapter 23-7, chapter 22-14, or chapter 22-42, |
| 13 | | constituting a felony or misdemeanor-in the five years preceding the date of |
| 14 | | application or is <u>;</u> |
| 15 | <u>(10)</u> | <u>Is</u> not currently known to be charged under indictment or information for such an |
| 16 | | offense listed in subdivision (9) of this section; |
| 17 | (8)<u>(</u>11 | .) Is a citizen or legal resident of the United States; |
| 18 | (9)<u>(12</u> | Is not a fugitive from justice; and |
| 19 | (10)<u>(1</u> | <u>.3)</u> Is not otherwise prohibited by state law, 18 U.S.C. § 922(g) as amended to |
| 20 | | October 26, 2005, or 18 U.S.C. § 922(n) as amended to October 26, 2005, from |
| 21 | | receiving, possessing, or transporting a firearm, by: |
| 22 | | (a) State law; |
| 23 | | (b) 18 U.S.C. § 922(g) (January 1, 2024); or |
| 24 | | (c) 18 U.S.C. § 922(n) (January 1, 2024); and passes |
| 25 | <u>(14)</u> | Passes a National Instant Criminal Background Check. |
| 26 | | If the sheriff denies an application for a permit under this section, the sheriff must, |
| 27 | <u>at the</u> | time of denial, provide the applicant with a copy of each document and record that |
| 28 | <u>the sh</u> | eriff reviewed in making the determination. |
| 29 | | A person denied a permit may appeal the denial to the circuit court, pursuant to |
| 30 | chapte | er 1-26. The standard for review of a denial under this section is clear and convincing |
| 31 | <u>evider</u> | <u>nce</u> . |
| 32 | | For purposes of this section, the term "documented history" means substantiated |
| 33 | <u>facts c</u> | contained in court records. |
| | | |

34 Section 3. That § 23-7-8.4 be AMENDED:

| 1 | 23-7-8.4. A prosecuting attorney, upon application of a certified law enforcement |
|----|--|
| 2 | officer, may apply to the circuit court for an order to show cause why <u>revoking</u> a person's |
| 3 | permit to carry a concealed pistol-should not be revoked. Upon order of the court, after |
| 4 | hearing, the permit shall be revoked and the holder of the permit shall or revoking a |
| 5 | person's constitutional right to bear arms. An order of revocation issued under this section |
| 6 | must be based on a finding that: |
| 7 | (1) The person no longer meets the requirements set forth in § 23-7-7.1; or |
| 8 | (2) The person's right to bear arms is otherwise prohibited by state law. |
| 9 | The burden of proof under this section, which rests with the prosecuting attorney, |
| 10 | is clear and convincing evidence. |
| 11 | If after a hearing, findings of fact, and conclusions of law, a court orders the |
| 12 | revocation of a person's permit, the person must immediately surrender the permit to the |
| 13 | sheriff of the county in which he the person resides. The person's right to bear arms is |
| 14 | terminated upon the order of revocation. |
| 15 | A revocation under this section is appealable to the Supreme Court, pursuant to |
| 16 | chapter 15-26A. |
| | |