111TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H.R. 1705

To create a Financial Product Safety Commission, to provide consumers with stronger protections and better information in connection with consumer financial products, and to give providers of consumer financial products more regulatory certainty.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

March 25, 2009

Mr. DELAHUNT (for himself and Mr. MILLER of North Carolina) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Financial Services

A BILL

- To create a Financial Product Safety Commission, to provide consumers with stronger protections and better information in connection with consumer financial products, and to give providers of consumer financial products more regulatory certainty.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- 4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Financial Product Safety Commission Act of 2009".
- 6 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for
- 7 this Act is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
- Sec. 2. Findings.
- Sec. 3. Definitions.
- Sec. 4. Establishment of Commission.
- Sec. 5. Objectives and responsibilities.
- Sec. 6. Coordination of enforcement.
- Sec. 7. Authorities.
- Sec. 8. Collaboration with Federal and State entities.
- Sec. 9. Prohibited acts.
- Sec. 10. Enforcement.
- Sec. 11. Reports.
- Sec. 12. Authorization of appropriations.

1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

2 Congress finds that—

3 (1) the Nation's multiagency financial services 4 regulatory structure has created a dispersion of reg-5 ulatory responsibility, which in turn has led to an in-6 adequate focus on protecting consumers from inap-7 propriate consumer financial products and practices; 8 (2) the absence of appropriate oversight has al-9 lowed excessively costly or predatory consumer fi-10 nancial products and practices to flourish; and 11 (3) the creation of a regulator whose sole focus 12 is the safety of consumer financial products would 13 help address this lack of consumer protection. 14 **SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.**

15 For purposes of this Act, the following definitions16 shall apply:

17 (1) COMMISSION, CHAIRPERSON, AND COMMIS18 SIONER.—The terms "Commission", "Chairperson",
19 and "Commissioner" mean the Financial Product
20 Safety Commission established under this Act and
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1	the Chairperson and any Commissioner thereof, re-
2	spectively.
3	(2) Consumer financial product.—The
4	term "consumer financial product" includes—
5	(A) any extension of credit, deposit ac-
6	count, payment mechanism, or other product or
7	service within the scope of—
8	(i) the Truth in Savings Act (12
9	U.S.C. 4301 et seq.);
10	(ii) the Consumer Credit Protection
11	Act (15 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.); or
12	(iii) article 3 (relating to negotiable
13	instruments) or article 4 (relating to bank
14	deposits) of the Uniform Commercial Code,
15	as in effect in any State;
16	(B) any other extension of credit, deposit
17	account, or payment mechanism; and
18	(C) any ancillary product, practice, or
19	transaction.
20	(3) Appropriate committees of the con-
21	GRESS.—The term "appropriate committees of Con-
22	gress" means the Committee on Banking, Housing,
23	and Urban Affairs and the Subcommittee on Finan-
24	cial Services and General Government of the Com-
25	mittee on Appropriations of the Senate, and the

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1	Committee on Financial Services and the Sub-
2	committee on Financial Services and General Gov-
3	ernment of the Committee on Appropriations of the
4	House of Representatives, and any successor com-
5	mittees, as may be constituted.
6	(4) CONSUMER.—The term "consumer" means
7	any individual and any small business concern, as
8	defined in section 3 of the Small Business Act (15)
9	U.S.C. 632).
10	(5) CREDIT.—The term "credit" has the same
11	meaning as in section 103 of the Truth in Lending
12	Act (15 U.S.C. 1602).
13	SEC. 4. ESTABLISHMENT OF COMMISSION.
13 14	SEC. 4. ESTABLISHMENT OF COMMISSION. (a) ESTABLISHMENT; CHAIRPERSON.—
14	(a) Establishment; Chairperson.—
14 15	(a) ESTABLISHMENT; CHAIRPERSON.—(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established the
14 15 16	 (a) ESTABLISHMENT; CHAIRPERSON.— (1) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established the "Financial Product Safety Commission" which shall
14 15 16 17	 (a) ESTABLISHMENT; CHAIRPERSON.— (1) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established the "Financial Product Safety Commission" which shall be an independent establishment, as defined in sec-
14 15 16 17 18	 (a) ESTABLISHMENT; CHAIRPERSON.— (1) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established the "Financial Product Safety Commission" which shall be an independent establishment, as defined in section 104(1) of title 5, United States Code.
14 15 16 17 18 19	 (a) ESTABLISHMENT; CHAIRPERSON.— (1) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established the "Financial Product Safety Commission" which shall be an independent establishment, as defined in section 104(1) of title 5, United States Code. (2) MEMBERSHIP.—
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 	 (a) ESTABLISHMENT; CHAIRPERSON.— (1) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established the "Financial Product Safety Commission" which shall be an independent establishment, as defined in section 104(1) of title 5, United States Code. (2) MEMBERSHIP.— (A) IN GENERAL.—The Commission shall
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 	 (a) ESTABLISHMENT; CHAIRPERSON.— (1) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established the "Financial Product Safety Commission" which shall be an independent establishment, as defined in section 104(1) of title 5, United States Code. (2) MEMBERSHIP.— (A) IN GENERAL.—The Commission shall be comprised of 5 commissioners, appointed by
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 	 (a) ESTABLISHMENT; CHAIRPERSON.— (1) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established the "Financial Product Safety Commission" which shall be an independent establishment, as defined in section 104(1) of title 5, United States Code. (2) MEMBERSHIP.— (A) IN GENERAL.—The Commission shall be comprised of 5 commissioners, appointed by the President, by and with the advice and con-
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 	 (a) ESTABLISHMENT; CHAIRPERSON.— (1) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established the "Financial Product Safety Commission" which shall be an independent establishment, as defined in section 104(1) of title 5, United States Code. (2) MEMBERSHIP.— (A) IN GENERAL.—The Commission shall be comprised of 5 commissioners, appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.

1	shall consider individuals who, by reason of
2	their background and expertise in areas related
3	to consumer financial product safety, are quali-
4	fied to serve as members of the Commission.
5	(3) CHAIRPERSON.—The Chairperson of the
6	Commission shall be appointed by the President, by
7	and with the advice and consent of the Senate, from
8	among the members of the Commission.
9	(4) Removal.—Any Commissioner may be re-
10	moved by the President for neglect of duty or mal-
11	feasance in office, but for no other cause.
12	(b) TERM; VACANCIES.—
13	(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in para-
14	graph (2) —
15	(A) the Commissioners first appointed
16	under this section shall be appointed for terms
17	ending 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7 years, respectively,
18	after the date of enactment of this Act, the
19	term of each to be designated by the President
20	at the time of nomination; and
21	(B) each of their successors shall be ap-
22	pointed for a term of 5 years from the date of
23	the expiration of the term for which the prede-
24	cessor was appointed.

1 (2)LIMITATIONS.—Any Commissioner ap-2 pointed to fill a vacancy occurring prior to the expiration of the term for which the predecessor thereof 3 4 was appointed shall be appointed only for the remainder of such term. A Commissioner may con-5 6 tinue to serve after the expiration of such term until 7 a successor has taken office, except that such Com-8 missioner may not continue to serve more than 1 9 year after the date on which the term of that Com-10 missioner would otherwise expire under this sub-11 section. 12 (c) RESTRICTIONS ON OUTSIDE ACTIVITIES.— 13 (1) POLITICAL AFFILIATION.—Not more than 3 14 Commissioners may be affiliated with the same polit-15 ical party. (2) CONFLICTS OF INTEREST.—No individual 16 17 may serve as a Commissioner if that individual— 18 (A) is in the employ of, holding any official 19 relation to, or married to any person engaged 20 in selling or devising consumer financial prod-21 ucts: 22 (B) owns stock or bonds of substantial 23 value in a person so engaged; 24 (C) is in any other manner pecuniarily in-

25 terested in a person so engaged; or

1	(D) engages in any other business, voca-
2	tion, or employment.
3	(d) VACANCIES; QUORUM; SEAL; VICE CHAIR-
4	PERSON.—
5	(1) VACANCIES.—No vacancy on the Commis-
6	sion shall impair the right of the remaining Commis-
7	sioners to exercise all the powers of the Commission.
8	(2) Quorum.—Three members of the Commis-
9	sion shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of
10	business, except that—
11	(A) if there are only 3 members serving on
12	the Commission because of vacancies on the
13	Commission, 2 members of the Commission
14	shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of
15	business; and
16	(B) if there are only 2 members serving on
17	the Commission because of vacancies on the
18	Commission, 2 members shall constitute a
19	quorum for the 6-month period (or the 1-year
20	period, if the 2 members are not affiliated with
21	the same political party) beginning on the date
22	of the vacancy which caused the number of
23	Commissioners to decline to 2.
24	(3) SEAL.—The Commission shall have an offi-
25	cial seal, of which judicial notice shall be taken.

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(4) VICE CHAIRPERSON.—The Commission
 shall annually elect a Vice Chairperson to act in the
 absence or disability of the Chairperson or in case
 of a vacancy in the office of the Chairperson.

5 (e) OFFICES.—The Commission shall maintain a 6 principal office and such field offices as it determines nec-7 essary, and may meet and exercise any of its powers at 8 any other place.

9 (f) FUNCTIONS OF CHAIRPERSON; REQUEST FOR AP-10 PROPRIATIONS.—

(1) DUTIES.—The Chairperson shall be the
principal executive officer of the Commission, and
shall exercise all of the executive and administrative
functions of the Commission, including functions of
the Commission with respect to—

16 (A) the appointment and supervision of
17 personnel employed by the Commission (and the
18 Commission shall fix their compensation at a
19 level comparable to that for employees of the
20 Securities and Exchange Commission);

(B) the distribution of business among personnel appointed and supervised by the Chairperson and among administrative units of the
Commission; and

25 (C) the use and expenditure of funds.

(2) GOVERNANCE.—In carrying out any of the
 functions of the Chairperson under this subsection,
 the Chairperson shall be governed by general policies
 of the Commission and by such regulatory decisions,
 findings, and determinations as the Commission
 may, by law, be authorized to make.

7 (3) REQUESTS FOR APPROPRIATIONS.—Re8 quests or estimates for regular, supplemental, or de9 ficiency appropriations on behalf of the Commission
10 may not be submitted by the Chairperson without
11 the prior approval of a majority vote of the Commis12 sion.

13 (g) Agenda and Priorities; Establishment and COMMENTS.—Not later than 30 days before the beginning 14 15 of each fiscal year, the Commission shall establish an agenda for Commission action under its jurisdiction and, 16 to the extent feasible, shall establish priorities for such 17 actions. Before establishing such agenda and priorities, 18 19 the Commission shall conduct a public hearing on the 20 agenda and priorities, and shall provide reasonable oppor-21 tunity for the submission of comments.

22 SEC. 5. OBJECTIVES AND RESPONSIBILITIES.

23 (a) OBJECTIVES.—The objectives of the Commission
24 are—

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(1) to minimize unreasonable consumer risk as sociated with buying and using consumer financial
 products;

4 (2) to prevent and eliminate practices that lead 5 consumers to incur unreasonable, inappropriate, or 6 excessive debt, or make it difficult for consumers to 7 repay existing debt, including practices or product 8 features that are abusive, fraudulent, unfair, decep-9 tive, predatory, anticompetitive, or otherwise incon-10 sistent with consumer protection;

(3) to promote practices that assist and encourage consumers to use credit and consumer financial
products responsibly, avoid excessive debt, and avoid
unnecessary or excessive charges derived from or associated with consumer financial products;

16 (4) to ensure that providers of consumer finan17 cial products provide credit based on the ability of
18 the consumer to repay the debt incurred;

19 (5) to ensure that consumer credit history is20 maintained, reported, and used fairly and accurately;

(6) to maintain strong privacy protections for
consumer transactions, credit history, and other personal information associated with the use of consumer financial products;

(7) to collect, investigate, resolve, and inform
the public about consumer complaints regarding con-
sumer financial products;
(8) to ensure a fair resolution of consumer dis-
putes regarding consumer financial products; and
(9) to take such other steps as are reasonable
to protect users of consumer financial products.
(b) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Commission shall—
(1) promulgate consumer financial product
safety rules that—
(A) ban abusive, fraudulent, unfair, decep-
tive, predatory, anticompetitive, or otherwise
anticonsumer practices, products, or product
features;
(B) place reasonable restrictions on con-
sumer financial products, practices, or product
features to reduce the likelihood that they may
be provided in a manner that is inconsistent
with the objectives specified in subsection (a);
and
(C) establish requirements for such clear
and adequate warnings or other information,
and the form and manner of delivery of such
warnings or other information, as may be ap-

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1 propriate to advance the objectives specified in 2 subsection (a); (2) establish and maintain a best practices 3 4 guide for all providers of consumer financial prod-5 ucts; 6 (3) conduct such continuing studies and inves-7 tigations of consumer financial products industry 8 practices as it determines necessary; 9 (4) award grants or enter into contracts for the 10 conduct of such studies and investigations with any 11 person (including a governmental entity), as nec-12 essary to advance the objectives specified in sub-13 section (a); 14 (5) following publication of a rule, assist public 15 and private organizations or groups of consumer fi-16 nancial product providers, administratively and tech-17 nically, in the development of safety standards or 18 guidelines that would assist such providers in com-19 plying with such rule; 20 (6) comment on selected rulemakings of agen-21 cies designated in section 6(d) affecting consumer fi-22 nancial products; and 23 (7) establish and operate a consumer financial 24 product customer hotline which consumers can call

1 to register complaints and receive information on 2 how to combat anticonsumer products or practices. 3 (c) STATE REGULATION OF THE BUSINESS OF IN-SURANCE.—The Act entitled "An Act to express the intent 4 5 of Congress with reference to the regulation of the business of insurance" and approved March 9, 1945 (15 6 7 U.S.C. 1011 et seq.) (commonly referred to as the 8 "McCarran-Ferguson Act") remains the law of the United 9 States.

10 SEC. 6. COORDINATION OF ENFORCEMENT.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any concurrent
or similar authority of any other agency, the Commission
shall enforce the requirements of this Act.

14 (b) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—The authority grant-15 ed to the Commission to make and enforce rules under this Act shall not be construed to impair the authority 16 17 of any other Federal department or agency to make and enforce rules under any other provision of law, provided 18 that any portion of any rule promulgated by any other 19 20such department or agency that conflicts with a rule pro-21 mulgated by the Commission and that is less protective 22 of consumers than the rule promulgated by the Commis-23 sion shall be superseded by the rule promulgated by the 24 Commission, to the extent of the conflict. Any portion of 25 any rule promulgated by any other such department or agency that is not superseded by a rule promulgated by
 the Commission shall remain in force without regard to
 this Act.

4 (c) AGENCY AUTHORITY.—Any department or agen5 cy designated in subsection (d) may exercise, for the pur6 pose of enforcing compliance with any requirement im7 posed under this Act, any authority conferred on such de8 partment or agency by any other Act.

9 (d) DESIGNATED DEPARTMENTS AND AGENCIES.—
10 The departments and agencies designated in this sub11 section are—

12 (1) the Board of Governors of the Federal Re-13 serve System;

14 (2) the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation;

15 (3) the Comptroller of the Currency;

16 (4) the Director of the Office of Thrift Super-17 vision;

18 (5) the National Credit Union Administration;

19 (6) the Federal Housing Finance Authority;

20 (7) the Federal Housing Administration;

21 (8) the Secretary of Housing and Urban Devel-22 opment;

23 (9) the Federal Trade Commission; and

(10) any successor to the agencies, referred to
 in paragraphs (1) through (9), as may be con stituted.

4 (e) COORDINATION OF RULEMAKING.—Any depart5 ment or agency designated in subsection (d) that engages
6 in a rulemaking affecting consumer financial products
7 shall consult with the Commission in the promulgation of
8 such rules.

9 SEC. 7. AUTHORITIES.

10 (a) AUTHORITY TO CONDUCT HEARINGS OR OTHER
11 INQUIRIES.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Commission may, by 1
or more of its members, or by such agents or agency
as it may designate, conduct any hearing or other
inquiry necessary or appropriate to its functions
anywhere in the United States.

17 (2) MEMBER PARTICIPATION.—A Commissioner
18 who participates in a hearing, or other inquiry de19 scribed in paragraph (1), shall not be disqualified
20 solely by reason of such participation from subse21 quently participating in a decision of the Commis22 sion in the same matter.

23 (3) NOTICE REQUIRED.—The Commission shall
24 publish notice of any proposed hearing in the Fed25 eral Register, and shall afford a reasonable oppor-

tunity for interested persons to present relevant tes timony and data.

3 (b) COMMISSION POWERS; ORDERS.—The Commis-4 sion shall have the power—

5 (1) to require, by special or general orders, any 6 person to submit in writing such reports and an-7 swers to questions as the Commission may prescribe 8 to carry out a specific regulatory or enforcement 9 function of the Commission, and such submission 10 shall be made within such reasonable period and 11 under oath or otherwise as the Commission may de-12 termine, and such order shall contain a complete 13 statement of the reasons that the Commission re-14 quires the report or answers specified in the order 15 to carry out a specific regulatory or enforcement 16 function of the Commission;

17 (2) to administer oaths;

(3) to require by subpoena the attendance and
testimony of witnesses and the production of all documentary evidence relating to the execution of its
duties;

(4) in any proceeding or investigation to order
testimony to be taken by deposition before any person who is designated by the Commission and has
the power to administer oaths and, in such in-

stances, to compel testimony and the production of
 evidence in the same manner as authorized under
 paragraph (3);

4 (5) to pay witnesses the same fees and mileage
5 costs as are paid in like circumstances in the courts
6 of the United States;

7 (6) to accept voluntary and uncompensated 8 services relevant to the performance of the duties of 9 the Commission, notwithstanding the provisions of 10 section 1342 of title 31, United States Code, and to 11 accept voluntary and uncompensated services (but 12 not gifts) relevant to the performance of the duties 13 of the Commission provided that any such services 14 shall not be from parties that have or are likely to 15 have business before the Commission;

- 16 (7) to—
- 17 (A) issue an order requiring compliance18 with applicable legal requirements;

(B) issue a civil penalty order in accord-ance with section 10(b);

(C) initiate, prosecute, defend, intervene
in, or appeal (other than to the Supreme Court
of the United States), through its own legal
representative and in the name of the Commission, any civil action, if the Commission makes

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1	a written request to the Attorney General of the
2	United States for representation in such civil
3	action and the Attorney General does not, with-
4	in the 45-day period beginning on the date on
5	which such request was made, notify the Com-
6	mission in writing that the Attorney General
7	will represent the Commission in such civil ac-
8	tion; and
9	(D) whenever the Commission obtains evi-
10	dence that any person has engaged in conduct
11	that may constitute a violation of Federal
12	criminal law, including a violation of section 9,
13	transmit such evidence to the Attorney General
14	of the United States; and
15	(8) to delegate any of its functions or powers,
16	other than the power to issue subpoenas under para-
17	graph (3), to any officer or employee of the Commis-
18	sion.
19	(c) Noncompliance With Subpoena or Commis-
20	SION ORDER.—If a person refuses to obey a subpoena or
21	order of the Commission issued under subsection (b), the
22	Commission (subject to subsection (b)(7)) or the Attorney

23 General of the United States may bring an action in the24 United States district court for the district and division25 in which the inquiry is carried out or any other appro-

priate United States district court seeking an order requir ing compliance with the subpoena or order.

3 (d) DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION.—No person shall
4 be subject to civil liability to any person (other than the
5 Commission or the United States) for disclosing informa6 tion to the Commission.

7 (e) CUSTOMER AND REVENUE DATA.—The Commis8 sion may, by rule, require any provider of consumer finan9 cial products to provide to the Commission such customer
10 and revenue data as may be required to carry out this
11 Act.

(f) PURCHASE OF CONSUMER FINANCIAL PRODUCTS
BY COMMISSION.—For purposes of carrying out this Act,
the Commission may purchase any consumer financial
product and it may require any provider of consumer financial products to sell the product to the Commission at
cost.

(g) CONTRACT AUTHORITY.—The Commission is authorized to enter into contracts with governmental entities,
private organizations, or individuals for the conduct of activities authorized by this Act.

(h) BUDGET ESTIMATES AND REQUESTS; LEGISLATIVE RECOMMENDATIONS; TESTIMONY; COMMENTS ON
LEGISLATION.—

1 (1) BUDGET COPIES TO CONGRESS.—Whenever 2 the Commission submits any budget estimate or re-3 quest to the President or the Office of Management 4 and Budget, it shall concurrently transmit a copy of 5 that estimate or request to the appropriate commit-6 tees of Congress.

7 (2) LEGISLATIVE RECOMMENDATION.—When-8 ever the Commission submits any legislative rec-9 ommendations, testimony, or comments on legisla-10 tion to the President or the Office of Management 11 and Budget, it shall concurrently transmit a copy 12 thereof to the appropriate committees of Congress. 13 No officer or agency of the United States shall have 14 any authority to require the Commission to submit 15 its legislative recommendations, testimony, or com-16 ments on legislation, to any officer or agency of the 17 United States for approval, comments, or review, 18 prior to the submission of such recommendations, 19 testimony, or comments to the appropriate commit-20 tees of Congress.

21 SEC. 8. COLLABORATION WITH FEDERAL AND STATE ENTI-

22 **TIES**.

(a) PREEMPTION.—Nothing in this Act or any rule
promulgated under this Act may be construed to annul,
alter, affect, or exempt any person from complying with

the laws of any State, except to the extent that those laws 1 2 are inconsistent with a consumer financial product safety 3 rule promulgated by the Commission, and then only to the 4 extent of the inconsistency. For purposes of this section, 5 a State law is not inconsistent with this Act or a consumer financial product safety rule, or the purposes of the Act 6 7 or rule, if the protection afforded by such State law to 8 any consumer is greater than the protection provided by 9 the consumer financial product safety rule or this Act. 10 Nothing in this Act or any rule promulgated under this Act precludes any remedy under State law to or on behalf 11 12 of a consumer.

13 (b) PROGRAMS TO PROMOTE FEDERAL-STATE CO-14 OPERATION.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Commission shall establish a program to promote cooperation between the
Federal Government and State governments for purposes of carrying out this Act.

19 (2) AUTHORITIES.—In implementing the pro20 gram under paragraph (1), the Commission may—

(A) accept from any State or local authority engaged in activities relating to consumer
protection assistance in such functions as data
collection, investigation, and educational programs, as well as other assistance in the admin-

istration and enforcement of this Act which
 such States or local governments may be able
 and willing to provide and, if so agreed, may
 pay in advance or otherwise for the reasonable
 cost of such assistance; and

6 (B) commission any qualified officer or
7 employee of any State or local government
8 agency as an officer of the Commission for the
9 purpose of conducting investigations.

(c) COOPERATION OF FEDERAL DEPARTMENTS AND 10 AGENCIES.—The Commission may obtain from any Fed-11 12 eral department or agency such statistics, data, program 13 reports, and other materials as it may determine necessary to carry out its functions under this Act. Each such de-14 15 partment or agency shall cooperate with the Commission and, to the extent permitted by law, furnish such materials 16 to the Commission. The Commission and the heads of 17 other departments and agencies engaged in administering 18 programs relating to consumer financial product safety 19 20 shall, to the maximum extent practicable, cooperate and 21 consult in order to ensure fully coordinated efforts.

22 SEC. 9. PROHIBITED ACTS.

23 It shall be unlawful for any person—

24 (1) to advertise, offer, or attempt to enforce25 any agreement, term, change in term, fee, or charge

in connection with any consumer financial product,
 or engage in any practice, that is not in conformity
 with this Act or an applicable consumer financial
 product safety rule under this Act; or

5 (2) to fail or refuse to permit access to or copy6 ing of records, or fail or refuse to establish or main7 tain records, or fail or refuse to make reports or
8 provide information to the Commission, as required
9 under this Act or any rule under this Act.

10 SEC. 10. ENFORCEMENT.

11 (a) CRIMINAL PENALTIES.—

(1) KNOWING AND WILLFUL VIOLATIONS.—Any
person who knowingly and willfully violates section 9
shall be fined not more than \$500,000, imprisoned
not more than 1 year, or both for each such violation.

17 (2) EXECUTIVES AND AGENTS.—Any individual 18 director, officer, or agent of a business entity who 19 knowingly and willfully authorizes, orders, or per-20 forms any of the acts or practices constituting in 21 whole or in part a violation of section 9 shall be sub-22 ject to penalties under this section, without regard 23 to any penalties to which that person may be other-24 wise subject.

25 (b) CIVIL PENALTIES.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Any person who violates sec-1 2 tion 9 shall be subject to a civil penalty in an 3 amount established under paragraph (2). A violation 4 of section 9 shall constitute a separate civil offense with respect to each consumer financial product 5 6 transaction involved. 7 (2)PUBLICATION OF SCHEDULE OF PEN-

8 ALTIES.—Not later than December 1, 2009, and De-9 cember 1 of each fifth year thereafter, the Commis-10 sion shall prescribe and publish in the Federal Reg-11 ister a schedule of the maximum authorized civil 12 penalty that shall apply for any violation of section 13 9 that occurs on or after January 1 of the year im-14 mediately following the date of such publication.

(3) RELEVANT FACTORS IN DETERMINING
AMOUNT OF PENALTY.—In determining the amount
of any civil penalty in an action for a violation of
section 9, the Commission—

19 (A) shall consider—

20 (i) the nature of the consumer finan-21 cial product;

22 (ii) the severity of the unreasonable23 risk to the consumer;

24 (iii) the number of products or serv-25 ices sold or distributed;

1	(iv) the occurrence or absence of con-
2	sumer injury; and
3	(v) the appropriateness of such pen-
4	alty in relation to the size of the business
5	of the person charged; and
6	(B) shall ensure that penalties in each case
7	are sufficient to induce compliance by all regu-
8	lated entities.
9	(4) Compromise of penalty; deductions
10	FROM PENALTY.—
11	(A) IN GENERAL.—Any civil penalty under
12	this section may be compromised by the Com-
13	mission.
14	(B) Considerations.—In determining
15	the amount of such penalty or whether it should
16	be remitted or mitigated and in what amount,
17	the Commission—
18	(i) shall consider—
19	(I) the nature of the consumer fi-
20	nancial product;
21	(II) the severity of the unreason-
22	able risk to the consumer;
23	(III) the number of offending
24	products or services sold;

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1	(IV) the occurrence or absence of
2	consumer injury; and
3	(V) the appropriateness of such
4	penalty to the size of the business of
5	the person charged; and
6	(ii) shall ensure that compromise pen-
7	alties remain sufficient to induce compli-
8	ance by all regulated entities.
9	(C) Amount.—The amount of a penalty
10	compromised under this paragraph, when fi-
11	nally determined, or the amount agreed on com-
12	promise, may be deducted from any sums owing
13	by the United States to the person charged.
14	(c) Collection and Use of Penalties.—
15	(1) ESTABLISHMENT OF FUND.—There is es-
16	tablished within the Treasury of the United States
17	a fund, into which shall be deposited all criminal and
18	civil penalties collected under this section.
19	(2) USE OF FUND.—The fund established
20	under this subsection shall be used to defray the
21	costs of the operations of the Commission or, where
22	appropriate, provide restitution to harmed con-
23	sumers.
24	(d) Private Enforcement.—

1	(1) IN GENERAL.—A person may bring a civil
2	action for a violation of section 9 for equitable relief
3	and other charges and costs in an amount equal to
4	the sum of—
5	(A) any actual damages sustained by such
6	person as a result of such violation, if actual
7	damages resulted;
8	(B) twice the amount of any finance
9	charge in connection with the transaction, ex-
10	cept that such liability shall not be less than
11	\$1,000, such minimum to be adjusted on an an-
12	nual basis by the Commission based upon the
13	consumer price index; and
14	(C) reasonable attorney fees and costs.
15	(e) JURISDICTION.—
16	(1) IN GENERAL.—Any action under this Act
17	may be brought in any appropriate United States
18	district court, or in any other court of competent ju-
19	risdiction, not later than 2 years after the date of
20	the discovery of the violation.
21	(2) RULES OF CONSTRUCTION.—This section
22	does not bar a person from asserting a violation of
23	this Act in an action to collect a debt, or if fore-
24	closure has been initiated, as a matter of defense by
25	recoupment or set-off. An action under this Act shall

not be the basis for removal of an action to a United
 States district court. Neither this section nor any
 other section of this Act preempts or otherwise dis places claims and remedies available under State
 law, except as otherwise specifically provided in this
 Act.

7 (f) STATE ACTIONS FOR VIOLATIONS.—

8 (1) AUTHORITY OF STATES.—In addition to 9 such other remedies as are provided under State 10 law, if the chief law enforcement officer of a State, 11 or an official or agency designated by a State, has 12 reason to believe that any person has violated or is 13 violating section 9, the State—

14 (A) may bring an action to enjoin such vio15 lation in any appropriate United States district
16 court or in any other court of competent juris17 diction;

18 (B) may bring an action on behalf of the19 residents of the State to recover—

20 (i) damages for which the person is
21 liable to such residents under subsection
22 (d) as a result of the violation; and
23 (ii) civil penalties, as established

24 under subsection (b); and

1	(C) in the case of any successful action
2	under subparagraph (A) or (B), shall be award-
3	ed the costs of the action and reasonable attor-
4	ney fees, as determined by the court.
5	(2) Rights of federal regulators.—
6	(A) NOTICE OF STATE ACTION.—A State
7	shall serve prior written notice of any action
8	under paragraph (1) upon the Commission and
9	provide the Commission with a copy of its com-
10	plaint, except in any case in which such prior
11	notice is not feasible, in which case the State
12	shall serve such notice immediately upon insti-
13	tuting such action.
14	(B) Commission Authorization.—Upon
15	notice of an action under subparagraph (A), the
16	Commission shall have the right—
17	(i) to intervene in the action;
18	(ii) upon so intervening, to be heard
19	on all matters arising therein;
20	(iii) to remove the action to the appro-
21	priate United States district court; and
22	(iv) to file petitions for appeal.
23	(3) INVESTIGATORY POWERS.—For purposes of
24	bringing any action under this subsection, nothing in
25	this subsection or in any other provision of Federal

1 law shall prevent the chief law enforcement officer of 2 a State, or an official or agency designated by a 3 State, from exercising the powers conferred on the 4 chief law enforcement officer or such official by the laws of such State to conduct investigations or to 5 6 administer oaths or affirmations or to compel the at-7 tendance of witnesses or the production of documen-8 tary and other evidence.

9 (4) LIMITATION ON STATE ACTION WHILE FED-10 ERAL ACTION PENDING.—If the Commission has in-11 stituted a civil action or an administrative action for 12 a violation of section 9, a State may not, during the 13 pendency of such action, bring an action under this 14 section against any defendant named in the com-15 plaint of the Commission for any violation of section 16 9 that is alleged in that complaint.

17 SEC. 11. REPORTS.

(a) REPORTS TO THE PUBLIC.—The Commission
shall determine what reports should be produced and distributed to the public on a recurring and ad hoc basis,
and shall prepare and publish such reports on a website
that provides free access to the general public.

(b) REPORT TO THE PRESIDENT AND CONGRESS.—
(1) IN GENERAL.—The Commission shall prepare and submit to the President and the appro-

1	priate committees of Congress, at the beginning of
2	each regular session of Congress, a comprehensive
3	report on the administration of this Act for the pre-
4	ceding fiscal year.
5	(2) Report content.—The reports required
6	by this subsection shall include—
7	(A) a thorough appraisal, including statis-
8	tical analyses, estimates, and long-term projec-
9	tions, of the incidence and effects of practices
10	associated with the provision of consumer finan-
11	cial products that are inconsistent with the ob-
12	jectives specified in section 5(a), with a break-
13	down, insofar as practicable, among the various
14	sources of injury, as the Commission finds ap-
15	propriate;
16	(B) a list of consumer financial product
17	safety rules prescribed or in effect during such
18	year;
19	(C) an evaluation of the degree of observ-
20	ance of consumer financial product safety rules,
21	including a list of enforcement actions, court
22	decisions, and compromises of civil penalties, by
23	location and company name;

1	(D) a summary of outstanding problems
2	confronting the administration of this Act in
3	order of priority;
4	(E) an analysis and evaluation of public
5	and private consumer financial product safety
6	research activities;
7	(F) a list, with a brief statement of the
8	issues, of completed or pending judicial actions
9	under this Act;
10	(G) the extent to which technical informa-
11	tion was disseminated to the research and con-
12	sumer communities and consumer information
13	was made available to the public;
14	(H) the extent of cooperation between
15	Commission officials, representatives of the con-
16	sumer financial products industry, and other in-
17	terested parties in the implementation of this
18	Act, including a log or summary of meetings
19	held between Commission officials and rep-
20	resentatives of industry and other interested
21	parties;
22	(I) an appraisal of significant actions of
23	State and local governments relating to the re-
24	sponsibilities of the Commission;

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(J) such recommendations for additional 1 2 legislation as the Commission deems necessary 3 to carry out the purposes of this Act; and (K) the extent of cooperation with, and the 4 5 joint efforts undertaken by, the Commission in conjunction with other regulators with whom 6 7 the Commission shares responsibilities for con-8 sumer financial product safety. SEC. 12. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS. 9

10 There are authorized to be appropriated to the Com-11 mission for purposes of carrying out this Act such sums12 as may be necessary.

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