H. R. 2482

To establish the sense of Congress that Congress should enact, and the President should sign, bipartisan legislation to strengthen public safety and to enhance wireless communications, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

July 11, 2011

Mr. Dingell (for himself and Mr. Gene Green of Texas) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committees on Science, Space, and Technology and Armed Services, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To establish the sense of Congress that Congress should enact, and the President should sign, bipartisan legislation to strengthen public safety and to enhance wireless communications, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Public Safety Spectrum and Wireless Innovation Act".

1 (b) Table of Contents for

2 this Act is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
- Sec. 2. Definitions.

TITLE I—REALLOCATION OF PUBLIC SAFETY SPECTRUM

- Sec. 101. Reallocation of D block to public safety.
- Sec. 102. Flexible use of narrowband spectrum.

TITLE II—GOVERNANCE OF PUBLIC SAFETY SPECTRUM

Subtitle A—Public Safety Broadband Corporation

- Sec. 201. Single public safety wireless network licensee.
- Sec. 202. Establishment of Public Safety Broadband Corporation.
- Sec. 203. Board of Directors of the Corporation.
- Sec. 204. Officers, employees, and committees of the Corporation.
- Sec. 205. Nonprofit and nonpolitical nature of the Corporation.
- Sec. 206. Powers, duties, and responsibilities of the Corporation.
- Sec. 207. Initial funding for the Corporation.
- Sec. 208. Permanent self-funding; duty to assess and collect fees for network use.
- Sec. 209. Audit and report.
- Sec. 210. Annual report to Congress.
- Sec. 211. Public safety roaming and priority access.
- Sec. 212. Transitional analysis of public safety network attributes.
- Sec. 213. Prohibition on direct offering of commercial telecommunications service directly to consumers.
- Sec. 214. Provision of technical assistance.

Subtitle B—Public Safety Commitments

- Sec. 221. State and Local Implementation Fund.
- Sec. 222. State and local implementation.
- Sec. 223. Public safety wireless communications research and development.
- Sec. 224. Advanced information and communications technology research.

TITLE III—SPECTRUM AUCTION AUTHORITY

- Sec. 301. Extension of auction authority.
- Sec. 302. Auction of spectrum.
- Sec. 303. Incentive auction authority.
- Sec. 304. Efficient use of public safety spectrum.
- Sec. 305. Report on satellite broadband.
- Sec. 306. Federal infrastructure sharing.
- Sec. 307. Report on unlicensed spectrum.

TITLE IV—PUBLIC SAFETY TRUST FUND

Sec. 401. Public Safety Trust Fund.

TITLE V—SPECTRUM POLICY

Subtitle A—Inventory and Planning

- Sec. 501. Radio spectrum inventory.
- Sec. 502. Federal spectrum planning.

Subtitle B—Markets

- Sec. 511. Promoting secondary spectrum markets.
- Sec. 512. Unlicensed use in 5 GHz.
- Sec. 513. Experimental licenses.
- Sec. 514. Repurposing Federal spectrum for commercial purposes and Federal spectrum sharing.
- Sec. 515. Report on spectrum sharing.

Subtitle C—Efficiency and Management

- Sec. 521. Functional responsibility of the NTIA to ensure efficient use of spectrum
- Sec. 522. Spectrum efficiency analytic tools.
- Sec. 523. Study on receiver performance and spectrum efficiency.
- Sec. 524. Frequency assignment.
- Sec. 525. Spectrum opportunity cost transparency.
- Sec. 526. System certification.
- Sec. 527. Report to Congress on improving spectrum management.
- Sec. 528. Wireless facilities deployment.

TITLE VI—STUDIES ON NEXT GENERATION 9-1-1 SERVICES

- Sec. 601. Definitions.
- Sec. 602. NHTSA report on costs for requirements and specifications of Next Generation 9–1–1 services.
- Sec. 603. FCC recommendations for legal and statutory framework for Next Generation 9–1–1 services.

TITLE VII—MISCELLANEOUS

- Sec. 701. Severability.
- Sec. 702. Rule of construction.

1 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

- 2 In this Act, the following definitions shall apply:
- 3 (1) 700 MHZ BAND.—The term "700 MHZ
- 4 band" means the portion of the electromagnetic
- 5 spectrum between the frequencies from 698 mega-
- 6 hertz to 806 megahertz.
- 7 (2) 700 MHZ D BLOCK SPECTRUM.—The term
- 8 "700 MHz D block spectrum" means the portion of
- 9 the electromagnetic spectrum between the fre-

1	quencies from 758 megahertz to 763 megahertz and
2	between the frequencies from 788 megahertz to 793
3	megahertz.
4	(3) Appropriate committees of con-
5	GRESS.—Except as otherwise specifically provided,
6	the term "appropriate committees of Congress"
7	means—
8	(A) the Committee on Commerce, Science,
9	and Transportation of the Senate; and
10	(B) the Committee on Energy and Com-
11	merce of the House of Representatives.
12	(4) Assistant secretary.—The term "Assist-
13	ant Secretary" means the Assistant Secretary of
14	Commerce for Communications and Information.
15	(5) Commission.—The term "Commission"
16	means the Federal Communications Commission.
17	(6) Corporation.—The term "Corporation"
18	means the Public Safety Broadband Corporation es-
19	tablished under subtitle A of title II.
20	(7) Existing public safety broadband
21	SPECTRUM.—The term "existing public safety
22	broadband spectrum" means the portion of the elec-
23	tromagnetic spectrum between the frequencies—
24	(A) from 763 megahertz to 768 megahertz:

1	(B) from 793 megahertz to 798 mega-
2	hertz;
3	(C) from 768 megahertz to 769 megahertz;
4	and
5	(D) from 798 megahertz to 799 mega-
6	hertz.
7	(8) FEDERAL ENTITY.—The term "Federal en-
8	tity" has the same meaning as in section 113(i) of
9	the National Telecommunications and Information
10	Administration Organization Act (47 U.S.C. 923(i)).
11	(9) NARROWBAND SPECTRUM.—The term
12	"narrowband spectrum" means the portion of the
13	electromagnetic spectrum between the frequencies
14	from 769 megahertz to 775 megahertz and between
15	the frequencies from 799 megahertz to 805 mega-
16	hertz.
17	(10) NIST.—The term "NIST" means the Na-
18	tional Institute of Standards and Technology.
19	(11) NTIA.—The term "NTIA" means the Na-
20	tional Telecommunications and Information Admin-
21	istration.
22	(12) Public safety entity.—The term "pub-
23	lic safety entity" means an entity that provides pub-
24	lic safety services.

1	(13) Public safety services.—The term
2	"public safety services"—
3	(A) has the meaning given the term in sec-
4	tion 337(f) of the Communications Act of 1934
5	(47 U.S.C. 337(f)); and
6	(B) includes services provided by emer-
7	gency response providers, as that term is de-
8	fined in section 2 of the Homeland Security Act
9	of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 101).
10	TITLE I—REALLOCATION OF
11	PUBLIC SAFETY SPECTRUM
12	SEC. 101. REALLOCATION OF D BLOCK TO PUBLIC SAFETY.
13	(a) In General.—The Commission shall reallocate
14	the 700 MHz D block spectrum for use by public safety
15	entities in accordance with the provisions of this Act.
16	(b) Spectrum Allocation.—Section 337(a) of the
17	Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 337(a)) is
18	amended—
19	(1) by striking "24" in paragraph (1) and in-
20	serting "34"; and
21	(2) by striking "36" in paragraph (2) and in-
22	serting "26".
23	SEC. 102. FLEXIBLE USE OF NARROWBAND SPECTRUM.
24	The Commission may allow the narrowband spectrum
25	to be used in a flexible manner, including usage for public

1	safety broadband communications, subject to such tech-
2	nical and interference protection measures as the Commis-
3	sion may require.
4	TITLE II—GOVERNANCE OF
5	PUBLIC SAFETY SPECTRUM
6	Subtitle A—Public Safety
7	Broadband Corporation
8	SEC. 201. SINGLE PUBLIC SAFETY WIRELESS NETWORK LI-
9	CENSEE.
10	(a) Reallocation and Grant of License.—Not-
11	withstanding any other provision of law, and subject to
12	the provisions of this Act, the Commission shall reallocate
13	and grant a license to the Public Safety Broadband Cor-
14	poration established under section 202 for the use of the
15	700 MHz D block spectrum and existing public safety
16	broadband spectrum.
17	(b) TERM OF LICENSE.—
18	(1) Initial license.—The license granted
19	under subsection (a) shall be for an initial term of
20	10 years from the date of the initial issuance of the
21	license.
22	(2) Renewal of License.—Prior to expiration
23	of the term of the initial license granted under sub-
24	section (a) or the expiration of any subsequent re-
25	newal of such license, the Corporation shall submit

- 1 to the Commission an application for the renewal of
- 2 such license. Such renewal application shall dem-
- onstrate that, during the preceding license term, the
- 4 Corporation has met the duties and obligations set
- 5 forth under this Act. A renewal license granted
- 6 under this paragraph shall be for a term of not to
- 7 exceed 10 years.
- 8 (c) Facilitation of Transition.—The Commis-
- 9 sion shall take all actions necessary to facilitate the transi-
- 10 tion of the existing public safety broadband spectrum to
- 11 the Public Safety Broadband Corporation established
- 12 under section 202.
- 13 SEC. 202. ESTABLISHMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY BROADBAND
- 14 CORPORATION.
- 15 (a) Establishment.—There is authorized to be es-
- 16 tablished a private, nonprofit corporation, to be known as
- 17 the "Public Safety Broadband Corporation", which is nei-
- 18 ther an agency nor establishment of the United States
- 19 Government or the District of Columbia Government.
- 20 (b) Application of Provisions.—The Corporation
- 21 shall be subject to the provisions of this Act, and, to the
- 22 extent consistent with this Act, to the District of Columbia
- 23 Nonprofit Corporation Act (sec. 29–301.01 et seq., D.C.
- 24 Official Code).

- 1 (c) Residence.—The Corporation shall have its place of business in the District of Columbia and shall be 3 considered, for purposes of venue in civil actions, to be a resident of the District of Columbia. 5 (d) Powers Under DC Act.—In order to carry out the duties and activities of the Corporation, the Corporation shall have the usual powers conferred upon a non-8 profit corporation by the District of Columbia Nonprofit Corporation Act. (e) Incorporation.—The members of the initial 10 Board of Directors of the Corporation shall serve as incorporators and shall take whatever steps that are necessary to establish the Corporation under the District of Columbia Nonprofit Corporation Act. 14 15 SEC. 203. BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE CORPORATION. 16 (a) Membership.—The management of the Corporation shall be vested in a Board of Directors (referred to in this subtitle as the "Board"), which shall consist of the 18 following members: 19 20 (1) Federal members.—The following indi-21 viduals, or their respective designees, shall serve as 22 Federal members:
- 23 (A) The Secretary of Commerce.
- (B) The Secretary of Homeland Security.

1	(C) The Attorney General of the United
2	States.
3	(D) The Director of the Office of Manage-
4	ment and Budget.
5	(2) Non-federal members.—
6	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Com-
7	merce shall appoint 11 individuals to serve as
8	non-Federal members of the Board.
9	(B) STATE AND LOCAL INTERESTS TO BE
10	REPRESENTED.—In making appointments
11	under subparagraph (A), the Secretary of Com-
12	merce, in consultation with the Secretary of
13	Homeland Security and the Attorney General of
14	the United States, should—
15	(i) appoint at least 3 individuals to
16	represent the collective interests of the
17	States, localities, tribes, and territories;
18	(ii) seek to ensure geographic and re-
19	gional representation of the United States
20	in such appointments; and
21	(iii) seek to ensure rural and urban
22	representation in such appointments.
23	(C) Public safety interests to be
24	REPRESENTED.—In making appointments
25	under subparagraph (A), the Secretary of Com-

1	merce should appoint at least 3 individuals who
2	have served or are currently serving as public
3	safety professionals.
4	(D) REQUIRED QUALIFICATIONS.—
5	(i) In General.—Each non-Federal
6	member appointed under subparagraph (A)
7	should meet at least 1 of the following cri-
8	teria:
9	(I) Public safety experi-
10	ENCE.—Knowledge and experience in
11	the use of Federal, State, local, or
12	tribal public safety or emergency re-
13	sponse.
14	(II) TECHNICAL EXPERTISE.—
15	Technical expertise and fluency re-
16	garding broadband communications,
17	including public safety communica-
18	tions.
19	(III) Network expertise.—
20	Expertise in building, deploying, and
21	operating commercial telecommuni-
22	cations networks.
23	(IV) Financial expertise.—
24	Expertise in financing and funding
25	telecommunications networks.

1	(ii) Expertise to be rep-
2	RESENTED.—In making appointments
3	under subparagraph (A), the Secretary of
4	Commerce shall appoint—
5	(I) at least one individual who
6	satisfies the requirement under sub-
7	clause (II) of clause (i);
8	(II) at least one individual who
9	satisfies the requirement under sub-
10	clause (III) of clause (i); and
11	(III) at least one individual who
12	satisfies the requirement under sub-
13	clause (IV) of clause (i).
14	(E) Independence.—
15	(i) IN GENERAL.—Each non-Federal
16	member of the Board shall be independent
17	and neutral.
18	(ii) Independence determina-
19	TION.—In order to be considered inde-
20	pendent for purposes of this subparagraph,
21	a member of the Board—
22	(I) may not, other than in his or
23	her capacity as a member of the
24	Board or any committee thereof—

1	(aa) accept any consulting,
2	advisory, or other compensatory
3	fee from the Corporation; or
4	(bb) be a person associated
5	with the Corporation or with any
6	affiliated company thereof; and
7	(II) shall be disqualified from
8	any deliberation involving any trans-
9	action of the Corporation in which the
10	Board member has a financial interest
11	in the outcome of the transaction.
12	(F) Not officers or employees.—The
13	non-Federal members of the Board shall not, by
14	reason of such membership, be considered to be
15	officers or employees of the United States Gov-
16	ernment or of the District of Columbia Govern-
17	ment.
18	(G) CITIZENSHIP.—No individual other
19	than a citizen of the United States may serve
20	as a non-Federal member of the Board.
21	(b) Terms of Appointment.—
22	(1) Initial appointment deadline.—Mem-
23	bers of the Board shall be appointed not later than
24	180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.
25	(2) Terms.—

1	(A) Length.—
2	(i) Federal members.—Each Fed-
3	eral member of the Board shall serve as a
4	member of the Board for the life of the
5	Corporation.
6	(ii) Non-federal members.—The
7	term of office of each non-Federal member
8	of the Board shall be 3 years. No non-Fed-
9	eral member of the Board may serve more
10	than 2 consecutive full 3-year terms.
11	(B) Expiration of Term.—Any member
12	whose term has expired may serve until such
13	member's successor has taken office, or until
14	the end of the calendar year in which such
15	member's term has expired, whichever is earlier.
16	(C) Appointment to fill vacancy.—
17	Any non-Federal member appointed to fill a va-
18	cancy occurring prior to the expiration of the
19	term for which that member's predecessor was
20	appointed shall be appointed for the remainder
21	of the predecessor's term.
22	(D) STAGGERED TERMS.—With respect to
23	the initial non-Federal members of the Board—
24	(i) 4 members shall serve for a term
25	of 3 years;

1	(ii) 4 members shall serve for a term
2	of 2 years; and
3	(iii) 3 members shall serve for a term
4	of 1 year.
5	(3) Vacancies.—A vacancy in the membership
6	of the Board shall not affect the Board's powers,
7	and shall be filled in the same manner as the origi-
8	nal member was appointed.
9	(e) Chair.—
10	(1) Selection.—The Secretary of Commerce
11	shall select, from among the non-Federal members
12	of the Board, an individual to serve for a 2-year
13	term as Chair of the Board.
14	(2) Consecutive terms.—An individual may
15	not serve for more than 2 consecutive terms as
16	Chair of the Board.
17	(3) Removal for cause.—The Secretary of
18	Commerce may remove the Chair of the Board and
19	any non-Federal member for good cause.
20	(d) Removal.—All members of the Board may by
21	majority vote—
22	(1) remove any non-Federal member of the
23	Board from office for conduct determined by the
24	Board to be detrimental to the Board or Corpora-
25	tion: and

(2) request that the Secretary of Commerce ex-1 2 ercise his or her authority to remove the Chair of 3 the Board for conduct determined by the Board to be detrimental to the Board or Corporation. (e) Meetings.— 6 (1) Frequency.—The Board shall meet in ac-7 cordance with the bylaws of the Corporation— 8 (A) at the call of the Chairperson; and 9 (B) not less frequently than once each 10 quarter. 11 (2) Transparency.—Meetings of the Board, 12 including any committee of the Board, shall be open 13 to the public. The Board may, by majority vote, 14 close any such meeting only for the time necessary 15 to preserve the confidentiality of commercial or fi-16 nancial information that is privileged or confidential, 17 to discuss personnel matters, or to discuss legal mat-18 ters affecting the Corporation, including pending or 19 potential litigation. 20 (f) QUORUM.—Eight members of the Board shall 21 constitute a quorum, including at least 6 non-Federal 22 members of the Board. 23 (g) Bylaws.—A majority of the members of the Board of Directors may amend the bylaws of the Corpora-

25 tion.

- 17 (h) ATTENDANCE.—Members of the Board of Direc-1 tors may attend meetings of the Corporation and vote in 2 3 person, via telephone conference, or via video conference. 4 (i) Prohibition on Compensation.—A member of the Board of the Corporation shall serve without pay, and shall not otherwise benefit, directly or indirectly, as a re-6 sult of their service to the Corporation, but shall be al-8 lowed a per diem allowance for travel expenses, at rates authorized for an employee of an agency under subchapter 10 I of chapter 57 of title 5, United States Code, while away from the home or regular place of business of the member in the performance of the duties of the Corporation.
- 13 SEC. 204. OFFICERS, EMPLOYEES, AND COMMITTEES OF THE CORPORATION.
 - (a) Officers and Employees.—
- 16 (1) In General.—The Corporation shall have 17 a Chief Executive Officer, and such other officers 18 and employees as may be named and appointed by 19 the Board for terms and at rates of compensation 20 fixed by the Board pursuant to this subsection. The 21 Chief Executive Officer may name and appoint such 22 employees as are necessary. All officers and employ-23 ees shall serve at the pleasure of the Board.

- (2) LIMITATION.—No individual other than a citizen of the United States may be an officer of the Corporation.
 - (3) Nonpolitical nature of appoint-Ment.—No political test or qualification shall be used in selecting, appointing, promoting, or taking other personnel actions with respect to officers, agents, or employees of the Corporation.

(4) Compensation.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—The Board may hire and fix the compensation of employees hired under this subsection as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of the Corporation.
- (B) APPROVAL OF COMPENSATION BY FEDERAL MEMBERS.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, or any bylaw adopted by the Corporation, all rates of compensation, including benefit plans and salary ranges, for officers and employees of the Board, shall be jointly approved by the Federal members of the Board.
- (C) Limitation on other compensation.—No officer or employee of the Corporation may receive any salary or other compensation (except for compensation for services on

- boards of directors of other organizations that
 do not receive funds from the Corporation, on
 committees of such boards, and in similar activities for such organizations) from any sources
 other than the Corporation for services rendered during the period of the employment of
 the officer or employee by the Corporation.
 - (5) Service on other Boards.—Service by any officer on boards of directors of other organizations, on committees of such boards, and in similar activities for such organizations shall be subject to annual advance approval by the Board and subject to the provisions of the Corporation's Statement of Ethical Conduct.
 - (6) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—No officer or employee of the Board or of the Corporation shall be considered to be an officer or employee of the United States Government or of the government of the District of Columbia.

(b) Advisory Committees.—The Board—

(1) shall establish a standing public safety advisory committee to assist the Board in carrying out its duties and responsibilities under this subtitle; and

1	(2) may establish additional standing or ad hoc
2	committees, panels, or councils as the Board deter-
3	mines are necessary.
4	(c) Selection of Agents, Consultants, and Ex-
5	PERTS.—
6	(1) In general.—The Board shall select par-
7	ties to serve as its agents, consultants, or experts in
8	a fair, transparent, and objective manner.
9	(2) BINDING AND FINAL.—If the selection of an
10	agent, consultant, or expert satisfies the require-
11	ments under paragraph (1), the selection of that
12	agent, consultant, or expert shall be final and bind-
13	ing.
14	SEC. 205. NONPROFIT AND NONPOLITICAL NATURE OF THE
14 15	SEC. 205. NONPROFIT AND NONPOLITICAL NATURE OF THE CORPORATION.
15	CORPORATION.
15 16 17	CORPORATION. (a) Stock.—The Corporation shall have no power to
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115 116 117 118 119 220	CORPORATION. (a) STOCK.—The Corporation shall have no power to issue any shares of stock, or to declare or pay any dividends. (b) Profit.—No part of the income or assets of the Corporation shall inure to the benefit of any director, officients.

23 for services.

1	(c) Politics.—The Corporation may not contribute
2	to or otherwise support any political party or candidate
3	for elective public office.
4	(d) Prohibition on Lobbying Activities.—The
5	Corporation shall not engage in lobbying activities (as de-
6	fined in section 3(7) of the Lobbying Disclosure Act of
7	1995 (5 U.S.C. 1602(7))).
8	SEC. 206. POWERS, DUTIES, AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE
9	CORPORATION.
10	(a) General Powers.—The Corporation shall have
11	the authority to do the following:
12	(1) To adopt and use a corporate seal.
13	(2) To have succession until dissolved by an Act
14	of Congress.
15	(3) To prescribe, through the actions of its
16	Board, bylaws not inconsistent with Federal law and
17	the laws of the District of Columbia, regulating the
18	manner in which the Corporation's general business
19	may be conducted and the manner in which the
20	privileges granted to the Corporation by law may be
21	exercised.
22	(4) To exercise, through the actions of its
23	Board, all powers specifically granted by the provi-
24	sions of this subtitle, and such incidental powers as
25	shall be necessary.

- 1 (5) To hold such hearings, sit and act at such 2 times and places, take such testimony, and receive 3 such evidence as the Corporation considers necessary 4 to carry out its responsibilities and duties.
 - (6) To obtain grants and funds from and make contracts with individuals, private companies, organizations, institutions, and Federal, State, regional, and local agencies.
 - (7) To accept, hold, administer, and utilize gifts, donations, and bequests of property, both real and personal, for the purposes of aiding or facilitating the work of the Corporation.
 - (8) To issue notes or bonds to purchasers of such instruments in the private capital markets.
 - (9) To incur indebtedness to carry out the purposes of this subtitle.
 - (10) To spend funds under paragraph (6) in a manner authorized by the Board, but only for purposes that will advance or enhance public safety communications consistent with this Act.
 - (11) To establish reserve accounts with funds that the Corporation may receive from time to time that exceed the amounts required by the Corporation to timely pay its debt service and other obligations.

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1	(12) To expend the funds placed in any reserve
2	accounts established under paragraph (11) (includ-
3	ing interest earned on any such amounts) in a man-
4	ner authorized by the Board, but only for purposes
5	that—
6	(A) will advance or enhance public safety
7	communications consistent with this Act; or
8	(B) are otherwise approved by an Act of
9	Congress.
10	(13) To take such other actions as the Corpora-
11	tion (through its Board) may from time to time de-
12	termine necessary, appropriate, or advisable to ac-
13	complish the purposes of this subtitle.
14	(b) Duty and Responsibility To Deploy and
15	OPERATE A NATIONWIDE PUBLIC SAFETY INTEROPER-
16	ABLE BROADBAND NETWORK.—
17	(1) In general.—The Corporation shall hold
18	the single public safety wireless license granted
19	under section 201 and take all actions necessary to
20	ensure the building, deployment, and operation of a
21	nationwide public safety interoperable broadband
22	network in consultation with Federal, State, tribal,
23	and local public safety entities, the Director of
24	NIST, the Commission, and the public safety advi-

1	sory committee established in section 204(b)(1), in-
2	cluding by, at a minimum—
3	(A) ensuring nationwide standards for use
4	and access of the network;
5	(B) issuing open, transparent, and com-
6	petitive requests for proposals to private sector
7	entities for the purposes of building, operating,
8	and maintaining the network;
9	(C) encouraging that such requests lever-
10	age, to the maximum extent economically desir-
11	able, existing commercial wireless infrastructure
12	to speed deployment of the network; and
13	(D) managing and overseeing the imple-
14	mentation and execution of contracts or agree-
15	ments with non-Federal entities to build, oper-
16	ate, and maintain the network.
17	(2) Interoperability.—In carrying out the
18	duties and responsibilities of this subsection, includ-
19	ing issuing requests for proposals, the Corporation
20	shall—
21	(A) ensure the safety, security, and resil-
22	iency of the network, including requirements for
23	protecting and monitoring the network to pro-
24	tect against cyberattack;

1	(B) promote competition in the equipment
2	market, including devices for public safety com-
3	munications, by requiring that equipment for
4	use on the network be—
5	(i) built to open, non-proprietary,
6	commercially available standards;
7	(ii) capable of being used by any pub-
8	lic safety entity and by multiple vendors
9	across all public safety broadband net-
10	works operating in the 700 MHz band;
11	and
12	(iii) backward-compatible with exist-
13	ing second and third generation commer-
14	cial networks to the extent that such capa-
15	bilities are necessary and technically and
16	economically reasonable; and
17	(C) promote integration of the network
18	with public safety answering points or their
19	equivalent.
20	(3) Rural coverage.—In carrying out the du-
21	ties and responsibilities of this subsection, including
22	issuing requests for proposals, the Corporation, con-
23	sistent with the license granted under section 201,
24	shall require deployment phases with substantial
25	rural coverage milestones as part of each phase of

1	the construction and deployment of the network. To
2	the maximum extent economically desirable, such
3	proposals shall include partnerships with existing
4	commercial mobile providers to utilize cost-effective
5	opportunities to speed deployment in rural areas.
6	(4) Execution of Authority.—In carrying
7	out the duties and responsibilities of this subsection,
8	the Corporation may—
9	(A) obtain grants from and make contracts
10	with individuals, private companies, and Fed-
11	eral, State, regional, and local agencies;
12	(B) hire or accept voluntary services of
13	consultants, experts, advisory boards, and pan-
14	els to aid the Corporation in carrying out such
15	duties and responsibilities;
16	(C) receive payment for use of—
17	(i) network capacity licensed to the
18	Corporation; and
19	(ii) network infrastructure con-
20	structed, owned, or operated by the Cor-
21	poration; and
22	(D) take such other actions as may be nec-
23	essary to accomplish the purposes set forth in
24	this subsection

1	(c) Other Specific Duties and Responsibil-
2	ITIES.—
3	(1) Establishment of Network Policies.—
4	In carrying out the requirements under subsection
5	(b), the Corporation shall develop—
6	(A) requests for proposals with appro-
7	priate—
8	(i) timetables for construction, includ-
9	ing by taking into consideration the time
10	needed to build out to rural areas and the
11	advantages offered through partnerships
12	with existing commercial providers under
13	paragraph (3);
14	(ii) coverage areas, including coverage
15	in rural and nonurban areas;
16	(iii) service levels;
17	(iv) performance criteria; and
18	(v) other similar matters for the con-
19	struction and deployment of such network;
20	(B) the technical and operational require-
21	ments of the network;
22	(C) practices, procedures, and standards
23	for the management and operation of such net-
24	work;

1	(D) terms of service for the use of such
2	network, including billing practices; and
3	(E) ongoing compliance review and moni-
4	toring of the—
5	(i) management and operation of such
6	network;
7	(ii) practices and procedures of the
8	entities operating on and the personnel
9	using such network; and
10	(iii) necessary training needs of net-
11	work operators and users.
12	(2) State and local planning.—
13	(A) REQUIRED CONSULTATION.—In devel-
14	oping requests for proposals and otherwise car-
15	rying out its responsibilities under this Act, the
16	Corporation shall consult with regional, State,
17	tribal, and local jurisdictions regarding the dis-
18	tribution and expenditure of any amounts re-
19	quired to carry out the policies established
20	under paragraph (1), including with regard to
21	the—
22	(i) construction of an Evolved Packet
23	Core and any Radio Access Network build
24	out;
25	(ii) placement of towers;

1	(iii) coverage areas of the network,
2	whether at the regional, State, tribal, or
3	local level;
4	(iv) adequacy of hardening, security,
5	reliability, and resiliency requirements;
6	(v) assignment of priority to local
7	users;
8	(vi) assignment of priority and selec-
9	tion of entities seeking access to or use of
10	the nationwide public safety interoperable
11	broadband network established under sub-
12	section (b); and
13	(vii) training needs of local users.
14	(B) METHOD OF CONSULTATION.—The
15	consultation required under subparagraph (A)
16	shall occur between the Corporation and the
17	single officer or governmental body designated
18	under section 222(d).
19	(3) Leveraging existing infrastruc-
20	TURE.—In carrying out the requirement under sub-
21	section (b), the Corporation shall enter into agree-
22	ments to utilize, to the maximum extent economi-
23	cally desirable, existing—
24	(A) commercial or other communications
25	infrastructure; and

- 1 (B) Federal, State, tribal, or local infra-2 structure.
 - (4) Maintenance and upgrades.—The Corporation shall ensure the maintenance, operation, and improvement of the nationwide public safety interoperable broadband network established under subsection (b), including by ensuring that the Corporation updates and revises any policies established under paragraph (1) to take into account new and evolving technologies.
 - (5) Roaming agreements.—The Corporation shall negotiate and enter into, as it determines appropriate, roaming agreements with commercial network providers to allow the nationwide public safety interoperable broadband network to roam onto commercial networks and gain prioritization of public safety communications over such networks in times of an emergency.
 - (6) Network infrastructure and device Criteria.—The Director of NIST, in consultation with the Corporation and the Commission, shall ensure the development of a list of certified devices and components meeting appropriate protocols and standards for public safety entities and commercial vendors to adhere to, if such entities or vendors seek

- to have access to, use of, or compatibility with the nationwide public safety interoperable broadband network established under subsection (b).
- (7) Representation before standard set-5 TING ENTITIES.—The Director of NIST, in con-6 sultation with the Corporation, the Commission, and 7 the public safety advisory committee established 8 under section 204(b)(1), shall represent the interests 9 of public safety users of the nationwide public safety 10 interoperable broadband network established under 11 subsection (b) before any proceeding, negotiation, or 12 other matter in which a standards organization, 13 standards body, standards development organization, 14 or any other recognized standards-setting entity re-15 garding the development of standards relating to 16 interoperability.
 - (8) Prohibition on Negotiation with for-Eign governments.—The Corporation shall not have the authority to negotiate or enter into any agreements with a foreign government on behalf of the United States.
- 22 (d) USE OF MAILS.—The Corporation may use the 23 United States mails in the same manner and under the 24 same conditions as the departments and agencies of the
- 25 United States.

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SEC. 207. INITIAL FUNDING FOR THE CORPORATION.

2 (a) NTIA LOANS TO THE CORPOR	RATION.—
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- (1) IN GENERAL.—Prior to the commencement of incentive auctions to be carried out under section 309(j)(8)(F) of the Communications Act of 1934 or the auction of spectrum pursuant to section 302, the NTIA is authorized to make loans to the Corporation.
 - (2) CONDITION OF LOANS.—At the time of application for, and as a condition to, any such loan, the Corporation shall file with the NTIA a statement with respect to the anticipated use of the proceeds of the loan.
 - (3) NTIA APPROVAL.—If the NTIA determines that such loan is necessary for the Corporation to carry out its duties and responsibilities under this subtitle and that the Corporation has submitted a plan which provides as reasonable an assurance of prompt repayment as may be feasible under the circumstances, then the NTIA shall so certify to the Secretary of the Treasury, and issue notes or other obligations to the Secretary of the Treasury pursuant to subsection (b).
- 24 (b) NTIA NOTES ISSUED TO TREASURY.—
- 25 (1) IN GENERAL.—To enable the NTIA to 26 make loans under subsection (a), the NTIA is au-

thorized to issue to the Secretary of the Treasury notes or other obligations, in such forms and denominations, bearing such maturities, and subject to such terms and conditions, as may be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury.

(2) Interest on notes.—

- (A) Establishment.—Any notes or other obligations issued pursuant to paragraph (1) shall bear interest at a rate determined by the Secretary of the Treasury, taking into consideration the current average market yield on outstanding marketable obligations of the United States of comparable maturities during the month preceding the issuance of the notes or other obligations.
- (B) REDUCTION.—The Secretary of the Treasury may reduce the interest rate set forth under subparagraph (A) if he determines such reduction to be in the national interest.
- (3) AUTHORITY OF THE TREASURY TO SELL NOTES.—The Secretary of the Treasury may at any time sell any of the notes or other obligations acquired by him under this subsection. All redemptions, purchases, and sales by the Secretary of the Treasury of such notes or other obligations shall be

1	treated as public debt transactions of the United
2	States.
3	SEC. 208. PERMANENT SELF-FUNDING; DUTY TO ASSESS
4	AND COLLECT FEES FOR NETWORK USE.
5	(a) In General.—The Corporation is authorized to
6	assess and collect the following fees:
7	(1) Network user fee.—A user or subscrip-
8	tion fee from each entity, including any public safety
9	entity or secondary user, that seeks access to or use
10	of the nationwide public safety interoperable
11	broadband network established under this subtitle.
12	(2) Lease fees related to network ca-
13	PACITY.—
14	(A) IN GENERAL.—A fee from any entity
15	that seeks to enter into a covered leasing agree-
16	ment.
17	(B) COVERED LEASING AGREEMENT.—For
18	purposes of subparagraph (A), a "covered leas-
19	ing agreement" means a written agreement be-
20	tween the Corporation and secondary user to
21	permit—
22	(i) access to network capacity on a
23	secondary basis for non-public safety serv-
24	ices; and

1	(ii) the spectrum allocated to such en-
2	tity to be used for commercial trans-
3	missions along the dark fiber of the long-
4	haul network of such entity.
5	(3) Lease fees related to network equip-
6	MENT AND INFRASTRUCTURE.—A fee from any enti-
7	ty that seeks access to or use of any equipment or
8	infrastructure, including antennas or towers, con-
9	structed or otherwise owned by the Corporation.
10	(b) Establishment of Fee Amounts; Perma-
11	NENT SELF-FUNDING.—The total amount of the fees as-
12	sessed for each fiscal year pursuant to this section shall
13	be sufficient, and shall not exceed the amount necessary,
14	to recoup the total expenses of the Corporation in carrying
15	out its duties and responsibilities described under this sub-
16	title for the fiscal year involved.
17	(c) REQUIRED REINVESTMENT OF FUNDS.—The
18	Corporation shall reinvest amounts received from the as-
19	sessment of fees under this section in the nationwide pub-
20	lic safety interoperable broadband network by using such
21	funds only for constructing, maintaining, or improving the
22	network.
23	SEC. 209. AUDIT AND REPORT.
24	(a) Audit.—

- (1) In general.—The financial transactions of the Corporation for any fiscal year during which Federal funds are available to finance any portion of its operations shall be audited by the Comptroller General of the United States annually in accordance with the principles and procedures applicable to commercial corporate transactions and under such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the Comptroller General. Each audit conducted by the Comptroller General under this paragraph shall be made available to Congress.
 - (2) Location.—Any audit conducted under paragraph (1) shall be conducted at the place or places where accounts of the Corporation are normally kept.
 - (3) Access to corporation books and documents.—
 - (A) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of an audit conducted under paragraph (1), the representatives of the Comptroller General shall—
 - (i) have access to all books, accounts,records, reports, files, and all other papers,things, or property belonging to or in useby the Corporation that pertain to the financial transactions of the Corporation

1	and are necessary to facilitate the audit;
2	and
3	(ii) be afforded full facilities for
4	verifying transactions with the balances or
5	securities held by depositories, fiscal
6	agents, and custodians.
7	(B) Requirement.—All books, accounts,
8	records, reports, files, papers, and property of
9	the Corporation shall remain in the possession
10	and custody of the Corporation.
11	(b) Report.—
12	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Comptroller General of
13	the United States shall submit a report of each
14	audit conducted under subsection (a) to—
15	(A) the appropriate committees of Con-
16	gress;
17	(B) the President; and
18	(C) the Corporation.
19	(2) Contents.—Each report submitted under
20	paragraph (1) shall contain—
21	(A) such comments and information as the
22	Comptroller General determines necessary to in-
23	form Congress of the financial operations and
24	condition of the Corporation;

1	(B) any recommendations of the Comp-
2	troller General relating to the financial oper-
3	ations and condition of the Corporation; and
4	(C) a description of any program, expendi-
5	ture, or other financial transaction or under-
6	taking of the Corporation that was observed
7	during the course of the audit, which, in the
8	opinion of the Comptroller General, has been
9	carried on or made without the authority of
10	law.
11	SEC. 210. ANNUAL REPORT TO CONGRESS.
12	(a) In General.—Not later than 1 year after the
13	date of enactment of this Act, and each year thereafter,
14	the Corporation shall submit an annual report covering
15	the preceding fiscal year to the appropriate committees of
16	Congress.
17	(b) REQUIRED CONTENT.—The report required
18	under subsection (a) shall include—
19	(1) a comprehensive and detailed report of the
20	operations, activities, financial condition, and accom-
21	plishments of the Corporation under this section;
22	and
23	(2) such recommendations or proposals for leg-
24	islative or administrative action as the Corporation
25	deems appropriate.

1	(c) AVAILABILITY TO TESTIFY.—The directors, offi-
2	cers, employees, and agents of the Corporation shall be
3	available to testify before the appropriate committees of
4	the Congress with respect to—
5	(1) the report required under subsection (a);
6	(2) the report of any audit made by the Comp-
7	troller General under section 209; or
8	(3) any other matter which such committees
9	may determine appropriate.
10	SEC. 211. PUBLIC SAFETY ROAMING AND PRIORITY AC-
1 1	CESS.
11	CESS.
12	The Commission may adopt rules, if necessary in the
12	The Commission may adopt rules, if necessary in the
12 13	The Commission may adopt rules, if necessary in the public interest, to improve the ability of public safety net-
12 13 14	The Commission may adopt rules, if necessary in the public interest, to improve the ability of public safety networks to roam onto commercial networks and to gain pri-
12 13 14 15	The Commission may adopt rules, if necessary in the public interest, to improve the ability of public safety networks to roam onto commercial networks and to gain priority access to commercial networks in an emergency if—
12 13 14 15 16	The Commission may adopt rules, if necessary in the public interest, to improve the ability of public safety networks to roam onto commercial networks and to gain priority access to commercial networks in an emergency if— (1) the public safety entity equipment is tech-
12 13 14 15 16	The Commission may adopt rules, if necessary in the public interest, to improve the ability of public safety networks to roam onto commercial networks and to gain priority access to commercial networks in an emergency if— (1) the public safety entity equipment is technically compatible with the commercial network;
12 13 14 15 16 17	The Commission may adopt rules, if necessary in the public interest, to improve the ability of public safety networks to roam onto commercial networks and to gain priority access to commercial networks in an emergency if— (1) the public safety entity equipment is technically compatible with the commercial network; (2) the commercial network is reasonably com-
12 13 14 15 16 17 18	The Commission may adopt rules, if necessary in the public interest, to improve the ability of public safety networks to roam onto commercial networks and to gain priority access to commercial networks in an emergency if— (1) the public safety entity equipment is technically compatible with the commercial network; (2) the commercial network is reasonably compensated; and

I	SEC. 212. TRANSITIONAL ANALYSIS OF PUBLIC SAFETY
2	NETWORK ATTRIBUTES.
3	(a) Establishment of Evaluation Frame-
4	WORK.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enact-
5	ment of this Act, the Director of NIST, in consultation
6	with the Secretary of Homeland Security, the Attorney
7	General, and the Director of the Office of Management
8	and Budget, shall develop an evaluation framework. The
9	development of such an evaluation framework shall be in-
0	formed by a study commissioned by the Director of NIST
1	and completed by an independent and neutral agent, con-
2	sultant, or expert, who has—
3	(1) at least 5 years of technical and economic
4	experience in analyzing the costs and effectiveness of
5	communications networks; and
6	(2) agreed not to contract or subcontract with
7	the Corporation for at least 3 years from the date
8	such study is completed other than for follow-on and
9	related studies.
20	(b) Considerations.—The evaluation framework
21	required to be developed under subsection (a) shall take
22	into consideration the public safety network attributes
23	identified in a report completed by the Visiting Committee
24	on Advanced Technology of NIST. The report required
25	under this subsection shall identify the desired attributes
26	of the nationwide public safety interoperable broadband

- 1 network to be established under this title, as well as any
- 2 other attributes the Secretary of Commerce may request.
- 3 (c) REQUIRED EVALUATIONS.—The evaluation
- 4 framework required to be developed under subsection (a)
- 5 shall evaluate—

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- (1) the marginal cost of each public safety network attribute in developing, deploying, and operating the nationwide public safety interoperable
 broadband network to be established under this title;
 - (2) the benefit of each public safety network attribute to the nationwide public safety interoperable broadband network;
 - (3) the economic feasibility of requiring that each public safety attribute be required as part of the nationwide public safety interoperable broadband network;
 - (4) the resulting competitive vendor supply ecosystem created by each public safety attribute that is a part of the nationwide public safety interoperable broadband network; and
 - (5) the level of variability in regional requirements for each public safety attribute that is a part of the nationwide public safety interoperable broadband network.

- 1 (d) Provision of Framework to the Corpora-
- 2 TION.—The evaluation framework required to be devel-
- 3 oped under subsection (a) shall be provided to the Board
- 4 of Directors of the Corporation, and the Corporation shall
- 5 utilize the findings of such framework to develop a cost-
- 6 benefit analysis to inform the building, deployment, and
- 7 operation of the nationwide public safety interoperable
- 8 broadband network to be established under this title.
- 9 (e) OMB RESPONSIBILITY.—The Director of the Of-
- 10 fice of Management and Budget, or his designee, as a
- 11 member of the Board of Directors of the Corporation,
- 12 shall have the responsibility to ensure that evaluation
- 13 framework required to be developed under subsection (a)
- 14 is appropriately utilized by the Corporation.
- 15 SEC. 213. PROHIBITION ON DIRECT OFFERING OF COMMER-
- 16 CIAL TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICE DI-
- 17 RECTLY TO CONSUMERS.
- 18 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Corporation shall not offer,
- 19 provide, or market commercial telecommunications or in-
- 20 formation services directly to consumers.
- 21 (b) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this sec-
- 22 tion shall be construed to prohibit the Corporation and
- 23 a secondary user from entering into a covered leasing
- 24 agreement pursuant to section 208(a)(2)(B). Nothing in
- 25 this section shall be construed to limit the Corporation

1	from collecting lease fees related to network equipment
2	and infrastructure pursuant to section 208(a)(3).
3	SEC. 214. PROVISION OF TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.
4	The Commission may provide technical assistance to
5	the Corporation and may take any action necessary to as-
6	sist the Corporation in effectuating its duties and respon-
7	sibilities under this subtitle.
8	Subtitle B—Public Safety
9	Commitments
10	SEC. 221. STATE AND LOCAL IMPLEMENTATION FUND.
11	(a) Establishment.—There is established in the
12	Treasury of the United States a fund to be known as the
13	"State and Local Implementation Fund".
14	(b) Purpose.—The Assistant Secretary shall estab-
15	lish and administer the grant program under section 222
16	using the funds deposited in the State and Local Imple-
17	mentation Fund.
18	(c) Crediting of Receipts.—There shall be depos-
19	ited into or credited to the State and Local Implementa-
20	tion Fund—
21	(1) any amounts specified in section 401; and
22	(2) any amounts borrowed by the Assistant
23	Secretary under subsection (d).
24	(d) Borrowing Authority.—

- 1 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Assistant Secretary
 2 may borrow from the general fund of the Treasury
 3 beginning on October 1, 2011, such sums as may be
 4 necessary, but not to exceed \$250,000,000, to imple5 ment section 222.
- 6 (2) Reimbursement.—The Assistant Sec-7 retary shall reimburse the general fund of the Treas-8 ury, without interest, for any amounts borrowed 9 under subparagraph (A) as funds are deposited into 10 the State and Local Implementation Fund.

11 SEC. 222. STATE AND LOCAL IMPLEMENTATION.

- 12 (a) Establishment of State and Local Imple-
- 13 MENTATION GRANT PROGRAM.—The Assistant Secretary,
- 14 in consultation with the Corporation, shall take such ac-
- 15 tion as is necessary to establish a grant program to make
- 16 grants to States to assist State, regional, tribal, and local
- 17 jurisdictions to identify, plan, and implement the most ef-
- 18 ficient and effective way for such jurisdictions to utilize
- 19 and integrate the infrastructure, equipment, and other ar-
- 20 chitecture associated with the nationwide public safety
- 21 interoperable broadband network established under sub-
- 22 title A to satisfy the wireless communications and data
- 23 services needs of that jurisdiction, including with regards
- 24 to coverage, siting, and other needs.
- 25 (b) Matching Requirements; Federal Share.—

- 1 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Federal share of the 2 cost of any activity carried out using a grant under 3 this section may not exceed 80 percent of the eligible 4 costs of carrying out that activity, as determined by 5 the Assistant Secretary, in consultation with the 6 Corporation.
- 7 (2) WAIVER.—The Assistant Secretary may 8 waive, in whole or in part, the requirements of para-9 graph (1) for good cause shown if the Assistant Sec-10 retary determines that such a waiver is in the public 11 interest.
- 12 (c) Programmatic Requirements.—Not later than
 13 6 months after the establishment of the bylaws of the Cor14 poration pursuant to section 206, the Assistant Secretary,
 15 in consultation with the Corporation, shall establish re16 quirements relating to the grant program to be carried
 17 out under this section, including the following:
- 18 (1) Defining eligible costs for purposes of sub-19 section (b)(1).
- (2) Determining the scope of eligible activities
 for grant funding under this section.
- (3) Prioritizing grants for activities that ensure
 coverage in rural as well as urban areas.
- (d) CERTIFICATION AND DESIGNATION OF OFFICER
 OR GOVERNMENTAL BODY.—In carrying out the grant

1	program established under this section, the Assistant Sec-
2	retary shall require each State to certify in its application
3	for grant funds that the State has designated a single offi-
4	cer or governmental body to serve as the coordinator of
5	implementation of the grant funds.
6	SEC. 223. PUBLIC SAFETY WIRELESS COMMUNICATIONS RE-
7	SEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT.
8	(a) NIST DIRECTED RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT
9	PROGRAM.—From amounts made available from the Pub-
10	lic Safety Trust Fund established under section 401, the
11	Director of NIST, in consultation with the Commission,
12	the Secretary of Homeland Security, and the National In-
13	stitute of Justice of the Department of Justice, as appro-
14	priate, shall conduct research and assist with the develop-
15	ment of standards, technologies, and applications to ad-
16	vance wireless public safety communications.
17	(b) REQUIRED ACTIVITIES.—In carrying out the re-
18	quirement under subsection (a), the Director of NIST, in
19	consultation with the Corporation and the public safety
20	advisory committee established under section 204(b)(1),
21	shall—
22	(1) document public safety wireless communica-
23	tions technical requirements;
24	(2) accelerate the development of the capability
25	for communications between currently deployed pub-

- lic safety narrowband systems and the nationwide public safety interoperable broadband network to be established under this title;
 - (3) establish a research plan, and direct research, that addresses the wireless communications needs of public safety entities beyond what can be provided by the current generation of broadband technology;
 - (4) accelerate the development of mission critical voice, including device-to-device "talkaround" capability over broadband networks, public safety prioritization, authentication capabilities, and standard application programing interfaces for the nation-wide public safety interoperable broadband network to be established under this title, if necessary and practical;
 - (5) accelerate the development of communications technology and equipment that can facilitate the eventual migration of public safety narrowband communications to the nationwide public safety interoperable broadband network to be established under this title; and
 - (6) convene working groups of relevant government and commercial parties to achieve the requirements in paragraphs (1) through (5).

1	SEC. 224. ADVANCED INFORMATION AND COMMUNICA-
2	TIONS TECHNOLOGY RESEARCH.
3	(a) Advanced Communications Services for
4	ALL AMERICANS.—The Director of NIST shall continue
5	to support research and support standards development
6	in advanced information and communications technologies
7	focused on enhancing or facilitating the availability and
8	affordability of advanced communications services to all
9	Americans, in order to implement the Institute's respon-
10	sibilities under section 2(c)(12) of the National Institute
11	of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 272(e)(12)).
12	The Director of NIST shall support intramural research
13	and cooperative research with institutions of higher edu-
14	cation (as defined in section 101(a) of the Higher Edu-
15	eation Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001(a))) and industry.
16	(b) DARPA RESEARCH.—
17	(1) In general.—From amounts made avail-
18	able from the Public Safety Trust Fund established
19	under section 401, the Defense Advanced Research
20	Projects Agency (referred to in this subsection as
21	"DARPA") shall conduct wireless communications
22	research to develop more secure, reliable, and flexi-
23	ble radio-frequency systems for Federal wireless
24	users. Areas of research to be supported by this sub-
25	section include, but are not limited to—

1	(A) technologies to increase wireless data
2	transmission speeds to enable the next genera-
3	tion of Federal networks;
4	(B) spectrum sharing and interference
5	mitigation techniques to enable more efficient
6	uses of wireless spectrum;
7	(C) technologies to allow and foster the re-
8	allocation of spectrum, if appropriate, for non-
9	Federal use; and
10	(D) research that fosters the conversion of
11	the Department of Defense's wireless commu-
12	nications systems, and those of other Federal
13	users, to more advanced or more efficient sys-
14	tems.
15	(2) Cooperation.—In carrying out this sub-
16	section, DARPA shall collaborate where appropriate
17	with NTIA, NIST, NSF, and other interested Fed-
18	eral agencies.
19	(3) Limitation on use.—Not more than 5
20	percent of any amounts made available in a fiscal
21	year from the Public Safety Trust Fund established
22	under section 401 may be used by DARPA to cover
23	the administrative expenses incurred in carrying out

this subsection.

- 1 (4) OMB REVIEW.—Amounts appropriated to
- 2 DARPA under this subsection shall be available
- 3 upon approval by the Director of the Office of Man-
- 4 agement and Budget of an implementation plan that
- 5 has been developed and submitted to the Director by
- 6 the head of DARPA.

7 TITLE III—SPECTRUM AUCTION

8 **AUTHORITY**

- 9 SEC. 301. EXTENSION OF AUCTION AUTHORITY.
- Section 309(j)(11) of the Communications Act of
- 11 1934 (47 U.S.C. 309(j)(11)) is amended by striking
- 12 "2012" and inserting "2021".
- 13 SEC. 302. AUCTION OF SPECTRUM.
- 14 (a) IDENTIFICATION OF SPECTRUM.—Not later than
- 15 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Assist-
- 16 ant Secretary shall identify and make available for imme-
- 17 diate reallocation, at a minimum, 15 megahertz of contig-
- 18 uous spectrum at frequencies located between 1675 mega-
- 19 hertz and 1710 megahertz, inclusive, minus the geo-
- 20 graphic exclusion zones, or any amendment thereof, identi-
- 21 fied in NTIA's October 2010 report entitled "An Assess-
- 22 ment of Near-Term Viability of Accommodating Wireless
- 23 Broadband Systems in 1675–1710 MHz, 1755–1780
- 24 MHz, 3500–3650 MHz, and 4200–4220 MHz, 4380–
- 25 4400 MHz Bands".

1 (b) Auction.—Not later than January 31, 2014, the 2 Commission shall conduct the auctions of the following li-3 censes, by commencing the bidding for: 4 (1) The spectrum between the frequencies of 5 1915 megahertz and 1920 megahertz, inclusive. 6 (2) The spectrum between the frequencies of 7 1995 megahertz and 2000 megahertz, inclusive. 8 (3) The spectrum between the frequencies of 9 2020 megahertz and 2025 megahertz, inclusive. 10 (4) The spectrum between the frequencies of 11 2155 megahertz and 2175 megahertz, inclusive. 12 (5) The spectrum between the frequencies of 13 2175 megahertz and 2180 megahertz, inclusive. 14 (6) The spectrum between the frequencies of 15 1755 megahertz and 1850 megahertz, inclusive. 16 (7) The spectrum identified pursuant to sub-17 section (a). 18 (c) Auction Organization.—The Commission may, if technically feasible and consistent with the public inter-19 20 est, combine the spectrum identified in paragraphs (4), 21 (5), and the portion of paragraph (6) between the frequencies of 1755 megahertz and 1780 megahertz, inclusive, of subsection (b) in an auction of licenses for paired

spectrum blocks.

1	(d) Further RealLocation of Certain Other
2	Spectrum.—
3	(1) Covered spectrum.—For purposes of this
4	subsection, the term "covered spectrum" means the
5	portion of the electromagnetic spectrum between the
6	frequencies of 3550 to 3650 megahertz, inclusive,
7	minus the geographic exclusion zones, or any amend-
8	ment thereof, identified in NTIA's October 2010 re-
9	port entitled "An Assessment of Near-Term Viabil-
10	ity of Accommodating Wireless Broadband Systems
11	in $1675-1710$ MHz, $1755-1780$ MHz, $3550-3650$
12	MHz, and 4200–4220 MHz, 4380–4400 MHz
13	Bands".
14	(2) In General.—Consistent with require-
15	ments of section 309(j) of the Communications Act
16	of 1934, the Commission shall reallocate covered
17	spectrum for assignment by competitive bidding un-
18	less the President of the United States determines
19	that—
20	(A) such spectrum cannot be reallocated
21	due to the need to protect incumbent Federal
22	systems from interference; or
23	(B) allocation of other spectrum—
24	(i) better serves the public interest,
25	convenience, and necessity; and

1	(ii) can reasonably be expected to
2	produce receipts comparable to what the
3	covered spectrum might auction for with-
4	out the geographic exclusion zones.
5	(3) Actions required if covered spectrum
6	CANNOT BE REALLOCATED.—
7	(A) In general.—If the President makes
8	a determination under paragraph (2) that the
9	covered spectrum cannot be reallocated, then
10	the President shall, within 1 year after the date
11	of such determination—
12	(i) identify alternative bands of fre-
13	quencies totaling more than 20 megahertz
14	and no more than 100 megahertz of spec-
15	trum used primarily by Federal agencies
16	that satisfy the requirements of clauses (i)
17	and (ii) of paragraph (2)(B);
18	(ii) report to the appropriate commit-
19	tees of Congress and the Commission an
20	identification of such alternative spectrum
21	for assignment by competitive bidding; and
22	(iii) make such alternative spectrum
23	for assignment immediately available for
24	reallocation.

- 1 (B) AUCTION.—If the President makes a
 2 determination under paragraph (2) that the
 3 covered spectrum cannot be reallocated, the
 4 Commission shall commence the bidding of the
 5 alternative spectrum identified pursuant to sub6 paragraph (A) within 3 years of the date of en7 actment of this Act.
- (4) ACTIONS REQUIRED IF COVERED SPECTRUM

 CAN BE REALLOCATED.—If the President does not
 make a determination under paragraph (1) that the
 covered spectrum cannot be reallocated, the Commission shall commence the competitive bidding for the
 covered spectrum within 3 years of the date of enactment of this Act.
- 15 (e) PROCEEDS.—Notwithstanding section 309(j)(8)(A) of the Communications Act of 1934, and ex-16 17 cept as provided in subparagraphs (B), (C), and (D) of 18 such section 309(j)(8), all proceeds (including deposits 19 and up front payments from successful bidders) from the 20 auctions to be carried out pursuant to subsections (b) and 21 (d) shall be deposited with the Public Safety Trust Fund 22 established under section 401.
- 23 (f) AMENDMENTS TO DESIGN REQUIREMENTS RE-24 LATED TO COMPETITIVE BIDDING.—Section 309(j) of the

1	Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 309(j)) is
2	amended—
3	(1) in paragraph (3)—
4	(A) in subparagraph (E)(ii), by striking ";
5	and" and inserting a semicolon;
6	(B) in subparagraph (F), by striking the
7	period at the end and inserting a semicolon;
8	and
9	(C) by adding at the end the following:
10	"(G) ensuring that there is an adequate
11	opportunity for applicants to obtain licenses
12	covering both large and small geographic areas,
13	as such areas are determined by the Commis-
14	sion."; and
15	(2) by amending clause (i) of the second sen-
16	tence of paragraph (8)(C) to read as follows:
17	"(i) the deposits—
18	"(I) of successful bidders of any
19	auction conducted pursuant to sub-
20	paragraph (F) or to section 302 of
21	the Public Safety Spectrum and Wire-
22	less Innovation Act shall be paid to
23	the Public Safety Trust Fund estab-
24	lished under section 401 of such Act;
25	and

1	"(II) of successful bidders of any
2	other auction shall be paid to the
3	Treasury;".
4	SEC. 303. INCENTIVE AUCTION AUTHORITY.
5	(a) In General.—Paragraph (8) of section 309(j)
6	of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 309(j))
7	is amended—
8	(1) in subparagraph (A), by striking "(B), (D),
9	and (E)," and inserting "(B), (D), (E), and (F),";
10	and
11	(2) by adding at the end the following:
12	"(F) Incentive Auction Authority.—
13	"(i) Authority.—Notwithstanding
14	any other provision of law, if the Commis-
15	sion determines that it is consistent with
16	the public interest in utilization of the
17	spectrum for a licensee to relinquish volun-
18	tarily some or all of its licensed spectrum
19	usage rights in order to permit the assign-
20	ment of new initial licenses through a com-
21	petitive bidding process subject to new
22	service rules, or the designation of new
23	spectrum for unlicensed use, the Commis-
24	sion may disburse to that licensee a por-
25	tion of any auction proceeds that the Com-

mission determines, in its discretion, are attributable to the licensee's relinquished spectrum usage rights, provided that television broadcast stations required to be carried pursuant to sections 338, 614, or 615 that voluntarily elect to share a channel shall retain the rights to carriage set forth in such sections and the rules of the Commission, as such rights apply to such station at its shared location.

"(ii) LIMITATION.—The Commission may not conduct more than one incentive auction of frequencies licensed to television stations pursuant to the provisions of section 303 of this Act.

"(iii) Prohibition.—

"(I) IN GENERAL.—The Commission may not reclaim spectrum licensed on a primary basis to a television broadcast station, directly or indirectly, on an involuntary basis for purposes of providing spectrum to carry out an incentive auction under this subparagraph.

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1	"(II) Modification or revoca-
2	TION.—Notwithstanding the provi-
3	sions in sections 303 and 304, the
4	Commission shall have no authority to
5	modify or revoke a license or take any
6	action if the effect of such modifica-
7	tion, revocation, or other action is to
8	compel a licensee to participate in an
9	incentive auction as authorized in this
10	section or otherwise make frequencies
11	available for such an auction.
12	"(III) Repacking permitted.—
13	The Commission may reassign the fre-
14	quency which a television broadcast
15	station licensee is permitted to utilize,
16	or a portion thereof in accordance
17	with the provisions of this section,
18	only if such reassignment—
19	"(aa) consists of a 6 MHz
20	channel, located between chan-
21	nels 14 and 50, inclusive, in the
22	same geographic market and with
23	the same city of license, to each
24	such licensee, and

1	"(bb) preserves such licens-
2	ee's—
3	"(AA) signal power
4	level;
5	"(BB) tower height or
6	transmission architecture;
7	and
8	"(CC) interference lev-
9	els with respect to such li-
10	censee's signal.
11	"(IV) LOW-POWER TELE-
12	VISION.—
13	"(aa) In GENERAL.—The
14	Commission may not reclaim
15	spectrum licensed to a low-power
16	television licensee, directly or in-
17	directly, on an involuntary basis,
18	unless the Commission finds the
19	low-power television licensee a re-
20	placement channel with similar
21	population coverage in the UHF
22	television band of frequencies.
23	"(bb) Exception.—If the
24	Commission or the licensee can-
25	not locate a suitable channel

1	within the UHF band, after an
2	explanation to the licensee show-
3	ing the basis for the determina-
4	tion that no channel is available,
5	the Commission shall—
6	"(AA) collocate mul-
7	tiple low-power television li-
8	censees in a channel in the
9	UHF band, by using chan-
10	nel sharing, with each li-
11	censee assigned half of the
12	total bandwidth; or
13	"(BB) if no space ex-
14	ists for collocation of low-
15	power television licensees in
16	the UHF band as described
17	in item (aa), assign a low-
18	power television licensee a
19	full channel between chan-
20	nels seven and 13, inclusive,
21	in the VHF band.
22	"(V) Prohibition.—The Com-
23	mission may not require any television
24	station licensee involuntarily to collo-
25	cate its facilities with the facilities of

1	any other television broadcast station
2	licensee in order to transmit on the
3	same frequency.
4	"(VI) COLLOCATION PER-
5	MITTED.—Notwithstanding the re-
6	quirement of subclause (III)(aa) that
7	a frequency reassignment must con-
8	sist of a 6 MHz channel, in any given
9	market any 2 television broadcast sta-
10	tion licensees shall be permitted to
11	collocate their facilities in order to
12	transmit on the same frequency.
13	"(VII) TREATMENT OF TRANS-
14	MISSION FROM COLLOCATED FACILI-
15	TIES.—The transmission of any tele-
16	vision broadcast stations voluntarily
17	electing to share a 6 MHz channel
18	shall each be treated as a 'primary
19	channel' for purposes of the Commis-
20	sion's regulations implementing sec-
21	tions 338, 614, and 615 as in effect
22	on the date of enactment of this sub-
23	clause.
24	"(VIII) REIMBURSEMENT OF
25	COSTS.—Any licensee that is affected

1	directly or indirectly, by the Commis-
2	sion reassigning a licensee to a dif-
3	ferent channel shall be reimbursed for
4	the costs resulting from such reas-
5	signment, including—
6	"(aa) those associated with
7	the modification or replacement
8	of broadcast signal transmission
9	facilities and equipment, includ-
10	ing the cost of temporary facili-
11	ties;
12	"(bb) those associated with
13	the construction, replacement, or
14	relocation of a broadcast trans-
15	mission tower, to the extent that
16	those costs are related either to
17	the reassignment to a different
18	channel that a licensee is author-
19	ized to utilize, or to mitigate in-
20	terference resulting from the re-
21	assignment of another licensee;
22	"(ce) those associated with
23	the upgrade, replacement, or re-
24	location of translator or booster

1	stations affiliated with the rel-
2	evant full-power licensee;
3	"(dd) those associated with
4	consumer education efforts con-
5	cerning the effect of a Commis-
6	sion reassignment of channels in
7	a designated market area; and
8	"(ee) any other costs di-
9	rectly or indirectly resulting from
10	the reassignment of channels in a
11	designated market area.
12	"(IX) Unlicensed spec-
13	TRUM.—With respect to frequency
14	bands between 54 and 72 MHz, 76
15	and 88 MHz, 174 and 216 MHz, 470
16	and 698 MHz, 84 MHz shall be as-
17	signed via a competitive bidding proc-
18	ess. A portion of the proceeds from
19	the competitive bidding of the fre-
20	quency bands identified in the prior
21	sentence may, if consistent with the
22	public interest, be disbursed to other
23	licensees, for the purpose of ensuring
24	that unlicensed spectrum remains

1	available in these frequency bands,
2	nationwide, and in each local market.
3	"(iv) Treatment of revenues.—
4	Notwithstanding subparagraph (A), and
5	except as provided in subparagraphs (B),
6	(C), and (D), all proceeds (including de-
7	posits and up front payments from suc-
8	cessful bidders) from the auction of spec-
9	trum under this subparagraph shall be de-
10	posited with the Public Safety Trust Fund
11	established under section 401 of the Public
12	Safety Spectrum and Wireless Innovation
13	Act.
14	"(G) Establishment of incentive auc-
15	TION RELOCATION FUND.—
16	"(i) In General.—There is estab-
17	lished in the Treasury of the United States
18	a fund to be known as the 'Incentive Auc-
19	tion Relocation Fund'.
20	"(ii) Administration.—The Assist-
21	ant Secretary shall administer the Incen-
22	tive Auction Relocation Fund using the
23	amounts deposited pursuant to this sec-
24	tion.

1	"(iii) Crediting of receipts.—
2	There shall be deposited into or credited to
3	the Incentive Auction Relocation Fund any
4	amounts specified in section 401 of the
5	Public Safety Spectrum and Wireless Inno-
6	vation Act.
7	"(iv) Availability.—Amounts in the
8	Incentive Auction Relocation Fund shall be
9	available to the NTIA for use—
10	"(I) for a period not to exceed 18
11	months following the later of—
12	"(aa) the completion of in-
13	centive auction from which such
14	amounts were derived; or
15	"(bb) the date on which the
16	Commission issues all the new
17	channel assignments pursuant to
18	any repacking required under
19	subparagraph (F)(iii)(III); and
20	"(II) without further appropria-
21	tion.
22	"(v) USE OF FUNDS.—Amounts in the
23	Incentive Auction Relocation Fund may
24	only be used by the NTIA, in consultation
25	with the Commission, to cover—

1	"(I) the costs identified in sub-
2	paragraph (F)(iii)(VIII); and
3	"(II) the costs incurred by multi-
4	channel video programming distribu-
5	tors for new equipment, installation,
6	and construction related to the car-
7	riage of such relocated stations or the
8	carriage of stations that voluntarily
9	elect to share a channel, but retain
10	their existing rights to carriage pursu-
11	ant to sections 338, 614, and 615.".
12	(b) Incentive Auctions To Repurpose Certain
13	Mobile Satellite Services Spectrum for Terres-
14	TRIAL BROADBAND USE.—To the extent that the Com-
15	mission makes available spectrum licenses on some or all
16	of the frequencies between 2000 and 2020 MHz and 2180
17	and 2200 MHz for terrestrial broadband use, such licenses
18	shall be assigned pursuant to the authority provided in
19	section 309(j)(8) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47
20	U.S.C. 309(j)(8)), including, as appropriate, subpara-
21	graph (F) of such section.
22	(c) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-
23	gress that any spectrum identified for auction under this
24	section should be licensed—

1	(1) on a flexible use basis to the extent techno-
2	logically feasible; and
3	(2) consistent with the public interest, conven-
4	ience, and necessity.
5	SEC. 304. EFFICIENT USE OF PUBLIC SAFETY SPECTRUM.
6	(a) STUDY AND REPORT.—Not later than 180 days
7	after the date of enactment of this Act and not later than
8	every 2 years thereafter, the Commission shall conduct a
9	study and submit a report to the appropriate committees
10	of Congress and to the Corporation on the spectrum used
11	by public safety licensees or for public safety services pur-
12	suant to section 337(f) of the Communications Act of
13	1934 (47 U.S.C. 337).
14	(b) Requirements.—The report required under
15	subsection (a) shall—
16	(1) inventory the spectrum assigned to public
17	safety use; and
18	(2) include—
19	(A) the amount of spectrum allocated to
20	public safety use;
21	(B) the number of licensees and amount of
22	spectrum assigned to each licensee;
23	(C) a general description of technologies
24	and systems in each band:

(D) an approximation of network coverage, 1 2 as appropriate, of major systems (such as an 3 estimation of land mobile radio coverage by 4 population) in major metropolitan areas; and (E) an approximate number of users of 6 major systems, such as the number of first re-7 sponders using land mobile radio, in major 8 metro areas; 9 (3) assess if spectrum is adequate to meet the 10 current and future needs for public safety services; 11 and 12 (4) assess the opportunity for return of any ad-13 ditional spectrum to the Commission for realloca-14 tion. 15 SEC. 305. REPORT ON SATELLITE BROADBAND. 16 Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall conduct a study and submit to the appropriate com-18 mittees of Congress a report on the current and future 19 20 capabilities of fixed and mobile satellite broadband to as-21 sist public safety entities during an emergency. 22 SEC. 306. FEDERAL INFRASTRUCTURE SHARING. 23 The Administrator of General Services shall establish rules to allow public safety entities licensed or otherwise

permitted to use spectrum allocated to the Public Safety

1	Broadband Corporation to have access to those compo-
2	nents of Federal infrastructure appropriate for the con-
3	struction and maintenance of the nationwide public safety
4	interoperable broadband network to be established under
5	title II.
6	SEC. 307. REPORT ON UNLICENSED SPECTRUM.
7	Not later than 5 years after the date of enactment
8	of this Act, the Commission shall submit to the appro-
9	priate committees of Congress a report on—
10	(1) the status of development of any spectrum
11	designated as unlicensed spectrum by the Commis-
12	sion under this Act; and
13	(2) the use of any unlicensed spectrum de-
14	scribed in paragraph (1).
15	TITLE IV—PUBLIC SAFETY
16	TRUST FUND
17	SEC. 401. PUBLIC SAFETY TRUST FUND.
18	(a) Establishment of Public Safety Trust
19	Fund.—
20	(1) In general.—There is established in the
21	Treasury of the United States a trust fund to be
22	known as the "Public Safety Trust Fund".
23	(2) Crediting of Receipts.—
24	(A) In general.—There shall be depos-
25	ited into or credited to the Public Safety Trust

1	Fund the proceeds from the auction of spec-
2	trum carried out pursuant to—
3	(i) section 302 of this Act; and
4	(ii) section $309(j)(8)(F)$ of the Com-
5	munications Act of 1934, as added by sec-
6	tion 303 of this Act.
7	(B) Availability.—Amounts deposited
8	into or credited to the Public Safety Trust
9	Fund in accordance with subparagraph (A)
10	shall remain available until the end of fiscal
11	year 2021. Upon the expiration of the period
12	described in the prior sentence such amounts
13	shall be deposited in the General Fund of the
14	Treasury, where such amounts shall be dedi-
15	cated for the sole purpose of deficit reduction.
16	(b) USE OF FUND.—Amounts deposited in the Public
17	Safety Trust Fund shall be used in the following manner:
18	(1) Payment of Auction incentive.—
19	(A) REQUIRED DISBURSALS.—Amounts in
20	the Public Safety Trust Fund shall be used to
21	make any required disbursal of payments to li-
22	censees required pursuant to—
23	(i) clause (i) and subclause (VIII) of
24	clause (iii) of section $309(j)(8)(F)$ of the
25	Communications Act of 1934; and

1	(ii) section 303(b) of this Act.
2	(B) Notification to congress.—
3	(i) In general.—At least 3 months
4	in advance of any incentive auction con-
5	ducted pursuant to subparagraph (F) of
6	section 309(j)(8) of the Communications
7	Act of 1934, the Chairman of the Commis-
8	sion, in consultation with the Director of
9	the Office of Management and Budget,
10	shall notify the appropriate committees of
11	Congress—
12	(I) of the methodology for calcu-
13	lating the disbursal of payments to
14	certain licensees required pursuant to
15	clause (i) and subclause (VIII) of
16	clause (iii) of such subparagraph; and
17	(II) that such methodology con-
18	siders the value of the spectrum vol-
19	untarily relinquished in its current use
20	and the timeliness with which the li-
21	censee will clear its use of such spec-
22	trum.
23	(ii) Definition.—In this clause, the
24	term "appropriate committees of Con-
25	gress'' means—

1	(I) the Committee on Commerce,
2	Science, and Transportation of the
3	Senate;
4	(II) the Committee on Appropria-
5	tions of the Senate;
6	(III) the Committee on Energy
7	and Commerce of the House of Rep-
8	resentatives; and
9	(IV) the Committee on Appro-
10	priations of the House of Representa-
11	tives.
12	(2) Incentive auction relocation fund.—
13	Not less than 5 percent of the amounts in the Public
14	Safety Trust Fund but not more than
15	\$1,500,000,000 shall be deposited in the Incentive
16	Auction Relocation Fund established under section
17	309(j)(8)(G) of the Communications Act of 1934.
18	(3) State and local implementation
19	FUND.—\$250,000,000 shall be deposited in the
20	State and Local Implementation Fund established
21	under section 221.
22	(4) Public safety broadband corpora-
23	TION.—\$11,750,000,000 shall deposited with the
24	Public Safety Broadband Corporation established
25	under section 202, of which pursuant to its respon-

- sibilities and duties set forth under section 206 to deploy and operate a nationwide public safety interoperable broadband network—
- 4 (A) not less than \$10,500,000,000 shall be 5 made available for any Radio Access Network 6 build out; and
 - (B) not less than \$1,250,000,000 shall be made available to develop an Evolved Packet Core.
 - (5) Public safety research and development.—\$100,000,000 per year for each of the fiscal years 2012 through 2016 shall be made available for use by the Director of NIST to carry out the research program established under section 223.
 - (6) ADVANCED INFORMATION AND TECHNOLOGY RESEARCH.—\$70,000,000 per year for each of the fiscal years 2012 through 2016 shall be made available to carry out the research program established under section 224(b).
 - (7) DEFICIT REDUCTION.—Any amounts remaining after the deduction of the amounts required under paragraphs (1) through (6) shall be deposited in the General Fund of the Treasury, where such amounts shall be dedicated for the sole purpose of deficit reduction.

1	(c) Investment.—Amounts in the Public Safety
2	Trust Fund shall be invested in accordance with section
3	9702 of title 31, United States Code, and any interest on,
4	and proceeds from, any such investment shall be credited
5	to, and become a part of, the Fund.
6	TITLE V—SPECTRUM POLICY
7	Subtitle A—Inventory and
8	Planning
9	SEC. 501. RADIO SPECTRUM INVENTORY.
10	(a) Spectrum Inventory.—Part I of title III of the
11	Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 301 et seq.) is
12	amended by adding at the end the following:
13	"SEC. 342. SPECTRUM INVENTORY.
14	"(a) Radio Spectrum Inventory.—Not later than
15	180 days after the date of enactment of the Public Safety
16	Spectrum and Wireless Innovation Act, and biennially
17	thereafter, the Commission, in consultation with the NTIA
18	and the Office of Science and Technology Policy, shall
19	carry out the following activities:
20	"(1) Report.—Prepare a report that includes
21	an inventory of each radio spectrum band, from 300
22	MHz to 3.5 GHz, at a minimum, managed by each
23	such agency. Except as provided in subsection (b),
24	the report shall include—

1	"(A) the licensee or government user au-
2	thorized in the band;
3	"(B) the total spectrum authorized for
4	each licensee or government user (in percentage
5	terms and in sum) in the band;
6	"(C) the approximate number of transmit-
7	ters, end-user terminals, or receivers, excluding
8	unintended radiators, that have been deployed
9	or authorized, for each licensee or government
10	user, in the band; and
11	"(D) if such information is available—
12	"(i) the type of transmitters, end-user
13	terminals, or receivers, excluding unin-
14	tended radiators, operating in the band
15	and whether they are space-, air-, or
16	ground-based;
17	"(ii) the type of transmitters, end-
18	user terminals, or receivers, excluding un-
19	intended radiators, authorized to operate
20	in the band and whether they are space-,
21	air-, or ground-based;
22	"(iii) contour maps or other informa-
23	tion that illustrate the coverage area, re-
24	ceiver performance, and other parameters

1	relevant to an assessment of the avail-
2	ability of spectrum in each band;
3	"(iv) the approximate geolocation of
4	base stations or fixed transmitters;
5	"(v) the approximate extent of use, by
6	geography, of each band of frequencies,
7	such as the amount and percentage of time
8	of use, number of end-users, or other
9	measures as appropriate to the particular
10	band;
11	"(vi) the activities, capabilities, func-
12	tions, or missions supported by the trans-
13	mitters, end-user terminals, or receivers;
14	and
15	"(vii) the types of unlicensed devices
16	authorized to operate in the band.
17	"(2) Public Access.—Create a centralized
18	portal or website utilizing data from the Commission
19	and the NTIA to make a centralized inventory of the
20	bands of each agency available to the public via an
21	Internet-accessible website.
22	"(3) UPDATES.—Make all reasonable efforts to
23	maintain and update the information required under
24	paragraph (2) no less frequently than quarterly to
25	reflect, at a minimum, any transfer or auction of li-

1	censes or change in allocation, assignment, or au-
2	thorization.
3	"(4) FCC TO BEAR COSTS.—Notwithstanding
4	any other provision of law, all costs incurred by the
5	Commission and the NTIA in establishing and main-
6	taining the centralized inventory and the centralized
7	portal or website shall be borne exclusively by the
8	Commission.
9	"(5) Paperwork reduction act exemp-
10	TION.—Any forms prescribed by the Commission
11	under this section, and any information-gathering
12	activities of the Commission under this section, shall
13	not be subject to the provisions of sections 3507 or
14	3512 of title 44, United States Code (44 U.S.C.
15	3507, 3512).
16	"(b) National Security; Classified Informa-
17	TION.—
18	"(1) IN GENERAL.—If the head of a Federal
19	agency determines that disclosure of information re-
20	quired by subsection (a) would be harmful to the na-
21	tional security of the United States, the agency
22	shall—
23	"(A) notify the NTIA of its determination;
24	and
25	"(B) provide to the NTIA—

1	"(i) the other publicly releasable infor-
2	mation required by subsection (a);
3	"(ii) to the maximum extent prac-
4	ticable, a summary description of the infor-
5	mation with respect to which the deter-
6	mination was made; and
7	"(iii) an annex containing the infor-
8	mation with respect to which the deter-
9	mination was made.
10	"(2) Classified information.—If the head
11	of a Federal agency determines that any information
12	required by subsection (a) is classified in accordance
13	with Executive Order 13526 of December 29, 2009,
14	or any successor Executive Order establishing or
15	modifying the uniform system for classifying, safe-
16	guarding, and declassifying national security infor-
17	mation, the agency shall—
18	"(A) notify the NTIA of its determination;
19	and
20	"(B) provide to the NTIA—
21	"(i) the information required by sub-
22	section (a)(1) that is not classified;
23	"(ii) to the maximum extent prac-
24	ticable, a summary description of the infor-
25	mation that is classified; and

1 "(iii) an annex containing the infor-2 mation that is classified.

"(3) ANNEX RESTRICTION.—The NTIA shall make an annex described in paragraph (1)(B)(iii) or (2)(B)(iii) available to the Commission. Neither the NTIA nor the Commission may make any such annex available to the public pursuant to subsection (a)(2) or to any unauthorized person through any other means.

"(c) Public Safety Nondisclosure.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—If a licensee of non-Federal spectrum determines that public disclosure of certain information held by that licensee and required to be included in the report under subsection (a) would reveal information for which public disclosure would be detrimental to public safety, or that the licensee is otherwise prohibited by law from disclosing, the licensee may petition the Commission for a partial or total exemption from inclusion on the centralized portal or website under subsection (a)(2) and in the reports required under subsection (d).

"(2) BURDEN.—A licensee seeking an exemption under this subsection bears the burden of justifying the exemption and shall provide clear and convincing evidence to support the requested exemption.

1	"(3) Information required.—If the Com-
2	mission grants an exemption under this subsection,
3	the licensee shall provide to the Commission—
4	"(A) the publicly releasable information re-
5	quired by subsection (a)(1) for the inventory;
6	"(B) to the maximum extent practicable, a
7	summary description, suitable for public re-
8	lease, of the information for which public disclo-
9	sure would be detrimental to public safety or
10	that the licensee is prohibited by law from dis-
11	closing; and
12	"(C) an annex, under appropriate cover,
13	containing the information that the Commission
14	has determined should be withheld from public
15	disclosure.
16	"(d) Informing the Congress.—
17	"(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
18	graph (3), the NTIA and the Commission shall sub-
19	mit each report required by subsection (a)(1) to the
20	appropriate committees of Congress.
21	"(2) Nondisclosure of Annexes.—Each
22	such report shall be submitted in unclassified form,
23	but may include 1 or more annexes as provided for
24	by subsections $(b)(1)(B)(iii)$, $(b)(2)(B)(iii)$, and
25	(c)(3)(C). No Congressional committee may make

1	any such annex available to the public or to any un-
2	authorized person.
3	"(3) Classified annexes.—If a report in-
4	cludes a classified annex as provided for by sub-
5	section (b)(2)(B)(iii), the NTIA and the Commission
6	shall—
7	"(A) submit the classified annex only to
8	the appropriate committees of Congress with
9	primary oversight jurisdiction for the user agen-
10	cies or licensees concerned; and
11	"(B) provide notice of the submission to
12	the other appropriate committees of Congress.
13	"(e) Definitions.—In this section:
14	"(1) Appropriate committees of con-
15	GRESS.—The term 'appropriate committees of Con-
16	gress' means the Committee on Commerce, Science,
17	and Transportation of the Senate, the Committee or
18	Energy and Commerce of the House of Representa-
19	tives, and any other congressional committee with
20	primary oversight jurisdiction for the user agencies
21	or licensees concerned.
22	"(2) NTIA.—The term 'NTIA' means the Na-
23	tional Telecommunications and Information Admin-
24	istration.".

(b) Progress Report.—Within 180 days after the
date of enactment of this title, the Commission and the
NTIA shall provide an update as to the status of the in-
ventory and report required by section 342(a) of the Com-
munications Act of 1934, as added by subsection (a), to
the appropriate committees of Congress.
SEC. 502. FEDERAL SPECTRUM PLANNING.
(a) REVIEW OF EVALUATION PROCESS.—Not later
than 6 months after the date of enactment of this title,
the Comptroller General of the United States shall—
(1) conduct a review of the processes that Fed-
eral entities utilize to evaluate their spectrum needs
and manage their spectrum resources;
(2) make recommendations on how to improve
such processes; and
(3) submit a written report to the appropriate
committees of Congress on the review, analysis, and
recommendations made pursuant to paragraphs (1)
and (2).
(b) REVISION OF EVALUATION PROCESS.—
(1) In general.—Not later than 1 year after
the date of enactment of this title, each Federal en-
tity shall establish, update, or revise the process
used by such entity to evaluate their proposed spec-

trum needs, taking into account any applicable rec-

1 ommendations made in the report required under 2 subsection (a). 3 (2) Required inclusions.— 4 (A) Analysis of options.—Each process described under paragraph (1), whether newly 6 established or otherwise revised, shall include 7 an analysis and assessment of— 8 (i) the options available to a Federal 9 entity to obtain associated communications 10 services that are the most spectrum-effi-11 cient; and 12 (ii) the effective alternatives available 13 to such entity that will permit the entity to 14 continue to satisfy the mission require-15 ments of the entity. 16 (B) Analysis submitted to NTIA.—The 17 analysis and assessment carried out pursuant to 18 subparagraph (A) shall be submitted by the 19 Federal entity to the NTIA at the same time 20 that the entity seeks certification or recertifi-21 cation, if applicable, of spectrum support from 22 the NTIA pursuant to the requirements of the 23 National Telecommunications and Information 24 Administration Organization Act and OMB Cir-25 cular A-11.

1	(c) Spectrum Plans of Federal Entities.—
2	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after
3	the date of enactment of this title, and every 2 years
4	thereafter, each Federal entity shall provide an enti-
5	ty-specific strategic spectrum plan to the Assistant
6	Secretary and the Director of the Office of Manage-
7	ment and Budget.
8	(2) REQUIRED INCLUSIONS.—Each strategie
9	spectrum plan submitted pursuant to paragraph (1)
10	shall include—
11	(A) the spectrum requirements of the enti-
12	ty;
13	(B) the planned uses of new technologies
14	or expanded services requiring spectrum over a
15	period of time agreed to by the entity;
16	(C) suggested spectrum-efficient ap-
17	proaches to meeting the spectrum requirements
18	identified under subparagraph (A); and
19	(D) progress reports on what the entity is
20	doing to improve its spectrum management.
21	(d) National Security; Classified Informa-
22	TION.—
23	(1) IN GENERAL.—If the head of a Federal en-
24	tity determines that disclosure of information re-
25	quired by subsection (c) would be harmful to the na-

1	tional security of the United States, the entity
2	shall—
3	(A) notify the NTIA of its determination;
4	and
5	(B) provide to the NTIA—
6	(i) the other publicly releasable infor-
7	mation required by subsection (c);
8	(ii) to the maximum extent prac-
9	ticable, a summary description of the infor-
10	mation with respect to which the deter-
11	mination was made; and
12	(iii) an annex containing the informa-
13	tion with respect to which the determina-
14	tion was made.
15	(2) Classified information.—If the head of
16	a Federal entity determines that any information re-
17	quired by subsection (c) is classified in accordance
18	with Executive Order 13526 of December 29, 2009,
19	or any successor Executive Order establishing or
20	modifying the uniform system for classifying, safe-
21	guarding, and declassifying national security infor-
22	mation, the entity shall—
23	(A) notify the NTIA of its determination;
24	and
25	(B) provide to the NTIA—

1	(i) the information required by sub-
2	section (c) that is not classified;
3	(ii) to the maximum extent prac-
4	ticable, a summary description of the infor-
5	mation that is classified; and
6	(iii) an annex containing the informa-
7	tion that is classified.
8	(3) ANNEX RESTRICTION.—The NTIA shall
9	make an annex described in paragraph (1)(B)(iii) or
10	(2)(B)(iii) available to the Secretary of Commerce
11	and the Director of the Office of Management and
12	Budget. Neither the NTIA, the Secretary of Com-
13	merce, nor the Director of the Office of Management
14	and Budget may make any such annex available to
15	the public or to any unauthorized person through
16	any other means.
17	(e) Federal Strategic Spectrum Plan.—
18	(1) Development and submission.—
19	(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 6
20	months after the receipt of the initial entity-
21	specific strategic spectrum plans required under
22	subsection (c), the Secretary of Commerce shall
23	develop a Federal Strategic Spectrum Plan, in
24	coordination with the Assistant Secretary and

1	the Director of the Office of Management and
2	Budget.
3	(B) Submission to congress.—Con-
4	sistent with the requirements set forth in sub-
5	section (d)(3), the Secretary of Commerce shall
6	submit the Federal Strategic Spectrum Plan
7	developed under subparagraph (A) to the ap-
8	propriate committees of Congress.
9	(C) Nondisclosure of annexes.—The
10	Federal Strategic Spectrum Plan required to be
11	submitted under subparagraph (B) shall be
12	submitted in unclassified form, but shall in-
13	clude, if appropriate, 1 or more annexes as pro-
14	vided for by subsections $(d)(1)(B)(iii)$ and
15	(d)(2)(B)(iii). No Congressional committee may
16	make any such annex available to the public or
17	to any unauthorized person.
18	(D) CLASSIFIED ANNEXES.—If the Federal
19	Strategic Spectrum Plan includes a classified
20	annex as provided for by subsection
21	(d)(2)(B)(iii), the Secretary of Commerce
22	shall—
23	(i) submit the classified annex only to
24	the appropriate committees of Congress

1	with primary oversight jurisdiction for the
2	user entities or licensees concerned; and
3	(ii) provide notice of the submission to
4	the other appropriate committees of Con-
5	gress.
6	(E) DEFINITION.—In this subsection, the
7	term "appropriate committees of Congress"
8	means the Committee on Commerce, Science
9	and Transportation of the Senate, the Com-
10	mittee on Energy and Commerce of the House
11	of Representatives, and any other congressional
12	committee with primary oversight jurisdiction
13	for the user entity or licensees concerned.
14	(2) Incorporation of entity plans.—The
15	Federal Strategic Spectrum Plan developed under
16	paragraph (1) shall incorporate, consistent with the
17	requirements of subsection (d), the initial entity-spe-
18	cific strategic spectrum plans submitted under sub-
19	section (c).
20	(3) REQUIRED INCLUSIONS.—The Federal
21	Strategic Spectrum Plan developed under paragraph
22	(1) shall include—
23	(A) information on how spectrum assigned
24	and used by Federal entities is being used:

1	(B) opportunities to increase efficient use
2	of infrastructure and spectrum assigned and
3	used by Federal entities;
4	(C) an assessment of the future spectrum
5	needs of the Federal Government; and
6	(D) plans to incorporate such needs in the
7	NTIA's frequency assignment, equipment cer-
8	tification, and review processes.
9	(4) Updates.—The Secretary of Commerce
10	shall revise and update the Federal Strategic Spec-
11	trum Plan developed under paragraph (1) accord-
12	ingly pursuant to the biennial submission of the en-
13	tity-specific strategic spectrum plans submitted
14	under subsection (c).
15	(f) NATIONAL STRATEGIC SPECTRUM PLAN.—
16	(1) In general.—Not later than 2 years after
17	the date of enactment of this title, the NTIA and
18	the Commission, in consultation with other Federal,
19	State, local, and tribal governments and commercial
20	spectrum interests, shall develop a quadrennial Na-
21	tional Strategic Spectrum Plan.
22	(2) REQUIRED INCLUSION.—The National Stra-
23	tegic Spectrum Plan shall include the following:
24	(A) The Federal Strategic Spectrum Plan
25	developed under subsection (e).

1	(B) Long-range spectrum planning of both
2	commercial, State and local government, and
3	Federal Government users.
4	(C) New technologies or expanded services
5	requiring spectrum.
6	(D) The nature and characteristics of the
7	new radio communication systems required and
8	the nature and characteristics of the spectrum
9	required.
10	(E) Efficient approaches to meeting the
11	future spectrum requirements of all users, in-
12	cluding—
13	(i) requiring certain standards-based
14	technologies that improve spectrum effi-
15	ciencies;
16	(ii) spectrum sharing and reuse op-
17	portunities;
18	(iii) possible reallocation; and
19	(iv) any other approaches that pro-
20	mote efficient use of spectrum.
21	(F) An evaluation of current auction proc-
22	esses to determine the effectiveness of such
23	processes in—
24	(i) promoting competition;

1	(ii) improving spectrum use efficiency;
2	and
3	(iii) maximizing the full economic
4	value to customers, industry, and the tax-
5	payer of the spectrum.
6	Subtitle B—Markets
7	SEC. 511. PROMOTING SECONDARY SPECTRUM MARKETS.
8	(a) In General.—Not later than 18 months after
9	the date of enactment of this title, the Commission shall
10	conduct a rulemaking proceeding to determine how to fur-
11	ther promote a more robust secondary spectrum market.
12	(b) Consideration.—In carrying out the rule-
13	making required under subsection (a), the Commission
14	shall consider the feasability and value of establishing a
15	national database to collect and disseminate information
16	on secondary spectrum market opportunities.
17	SEC. 512. UNLICENSED USE IN 5 GHZ.
18	(a) Modification of Regulations.—
19	(1) In general.—Not later than 1 year after
20	the date of enactment of this title, the Commission
21	shall modify part 15 of title 47, Code of Federal
22	Regulations, to allow unlicensed devices intended
23	and marketed for indoor use to operate in the 5350-
24	5470 MHz band.

- (2) Concerns and considerations.—In carrying out the modification requirement set forth under paragraph (1), the Commission shall allow the unlicensed devices described in paragraph (1) to operate in the 5350–5470 MHz band, on an indoor basis only, if it—
 - (A) finds that technical solutions will protect licensed users, including use of existing, modified, or new spectrum sharing technologies and solutions, such as dynamic frequency selection; and
 - (B) determines that the primary mission of Federal spectrum users in the 5350–5470 MHz band will not be compromised by the introduction of unlicensed devices in the 5350–5470 MHz band.

(b) NTIA STUDY.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 8 months after the date of enactment of this title, and in consultation with the Commission, the NTIA shall conduct and submit a study as provided in paragraph (2) evaluating known and proposed sharing technologies and the risk to Federal users if unlicensed U–NII devices were allowed to operate indoors in the 5350–5470 MHz band.

1	(2) Submitting study.—The study required
2	by paragraph (1) shall be submitted to the appro-
3	priate committees of Congress and the Commission.
4	SEC. 513. EXPERIMENTAL LICENSES.
5	Not later than 9 months after the date of enactment
6	of this title, the Commission shall revise part 5 of chapter
7	I of title 47, Code of Federal Regulations, to—
8	(1) streamline such regulations to promote
9	greater experimentation;
10	(2) broaden opportunities for market trials;
11	(3) promote advancements in health care;
12	(4) establish innovation zones; and
13	(5) establish a process by which qualified enti-
14	ties, including colleges, universities, public and pri-
15	vate companies, and non-profit research organiza-
16	tions, will be permitted to use a broad range of radio
17	frequencies for research and experimentation on a
18	non-interference basis without having to obtain prior
19	authorization from the Commission for the use of
20	specific frequencies.
21	SEC. 514. REPURPOSING FEDERAL SPECTRUM FOR COM-
22	MERCIAL PURPOSES AND FEDERAL SPEC-
23	TRUM SHARING.
24	(a) Eligible Federal Entities.—Section
25	113(g)(1) of the National Telecommunications and Infor-

- 1 mation Administration Organization Act (47 U.S.C.
- 2 923(g)(1)) is amended to read as follows:
- 3 "(1) Eligible federal entities.—Any Fed-
- 4 eral entity that operates a Federal Government sta-
- 5 tion authorized to use a band of frequencies speci-
- 6 fied in paragraph (2) and that incurs relocation
- 7 costs because of planning for a potential auction of
- 8 spectrum frequencies, a planned auction of spectrum
- 9 frequencies, or the reallocation of spectrum fre-
- quencies from Federal use to exclusive non-Federal
- use, or shared Federal and non-Federal use shall re-
- ceive payment for such costs from the Spectrum Re-
- location Fund, in accordance with section 118 of
- this Act. For purposes of this paragraph, Federal
- power agencies exempted under subsection (c)(4)
- that choose to relocate from the frequencies identi-
- fied for reallocation pursuant to subsection (a), are
- eligible to receive payment under this paragraph.".
- 19 (b) ELIGIBLE FREQUENCIES.—Section 113(g)(2)(B)
- 20 of the National Telecommunications and Information Ad-
- 21 ministration Organization Act (47 U.S.C. 923(g)(2)(B))
- 22 is amended to read as follows:
- 23 "(B) any other band of frequencies reallo-
- cated from Federal use to non-Federal or

1 shared use, whether for licensed or unlicensed 2 use, after January 1, 2003, that is assigned— 3 "(i) by competitive bidding pursuant 4 to section 309(j) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 309(j)); or 6 "(ii) as a result of an Act of Congress 7 or any other administrative or executive di-8 rection.". 9 (c) Definition of Relocation and Sharing 10 Costs.—Section 113(g)(3) of the National Telecommuni-11 cations and Information Administration Organization Act 12 (47 U.S.C. 923(g)(3)) is amended to read as follows: "(3) Definition of relocation and shar-13 14 ING COSTS.—For purposes of this subsection, the 15 terms 'relocation costs' and 'sharing costs' mean the 16 costs incurred by a Federal entity to plan for a po-17 tential or planned auction or sharing of spectrum 18 frequencies and to achieve comparable capability of 19 systems, regardless of whether that capability is 20 achieved by relocating to a new frequency assign-21 ment, relocating a Federal Government station to a 22 different geographic location, modifying Federal 23 Government equipment to mitigate interference or 24 use less spectrum, in terms of bandwidth, geog-25 raphy, or time, and thereby permitting spectrum

sharing (including sharing among relocated Federal entities and incumbents to make spectrum available for non-Federal use) or relocation, or by utilizing an alternative technology. Comparable capability of systems includes the acquisition of state-of-the art replacement systems intended to meet comparable operational scope, which may include incidental increases in functionality, including those necessary to achieve security, reliability, and resiliency. Such costs include—

"(A) the costs of any modification or replacement of equipment, spares, associated ancillary equipment, software, facilities, operating manuals, training costs, or regulations that are attributable to relocation or sharing;

"(B) the costs of all engineering, equipment, software, site acquisition, and construction costs, as well as any legitimate and prudent transaction expense, including term-limited Federal civil servant and contractor staff necessary to carry out the relocation activities of an eligible Federal entity, and reasonable additional costs incurred by the Federal entity that are attributable to relocation or sharing, includ-

1	ing increased recurring costs associated with
2	the replacement of facilities;
3	"(C) the costs of research, engineering
4	studies, economic analyses, or other expenses
5	reasonably incurred in connection with—
6	"(i) calculating the estimated reloca-
7	tion costs that are provided to the Com-
8	mission pursuant to paragraph (4) of this
9	subsection, or in calculating the estimated
10	sharing costs;
11	"(ii) determining the technical or
12	operational feasibility of relocation to 1 or
13	more potential relocation bands; or
14	"(iii) planning for or managing a relo-
15	cation or sharing project (including spec-
16	trum coordination with auction winners) or
17	potential relocation or sharing project;
18	"(D) the one-time costs of any modifica-
19	tion of equipment reasonably necessary to ac-
20	commodate commercial use of shared fre-
21	quencies or, in the case of frequencies reallo-
22	cated to exclusive commercial use, prior to the
23	termination of the Federal entity's primary allo-
24	cation or protected status, when the eligible fre-
25	quencies as defined in paragraph (2) of this

subsection are made available for private sector
uses by competitive bidding and a Federal entity retains primary allocation or protected status
in those frequencies for a period of time after
the completion of the competitive bidding process;

- "(E) the costs associated with the accelerated replacement of systems and equipment if such acceleration is necessary to ensure the timely relocation of systems to a new frequency assignment or the timely accommodation of sharing of Federal frequencies; and
- "(F) the costs of the use of commercial systems (including systems not utilizing spectrum) to replace Federal systems discontinued or relocated pursuant to this Act, including lease (including lease of land), subscription, and equipment costs over an appropriate period, such as the anticipated life of an equivalent Federal system or other period determined by the Director of the Office of Management and Budget.".
- 23 (d) Spectrum Sharing.—Section 113(g) of the Na-24 tional Telecommunications and Information Administra-

- 1 tion Organization Act (47 U.S.C. 923(g)) is amended by
- 2 adding at the end the following:
- 3 "(7) Spectrum sharing.—A Federal entity is
- 4 permitted to allow access to its frequency assign-
- 5 ments by a non-Federal entity upon approval of
- 6 NTIA, in consultation with the Director of the Of-
- 7 fice of Management and Budget. Such non-Federal
- 8 entities shall comply with all applicable rules of the
- 9 Commission and the NTIA, including any regula-
- tions promulgated pursuant to this section. Any re-
- muneration associated with such access shall be de-
- posited into the Spectrum Relocation Fund estab-
- lished under section 118. A Federal entity that in-
- curs costs as a result of such access is eligible for
- payment from the Fund for the purposes specified in
- paragraph (3) of this section. The revenue associ-
- ated with such access shall be at least 110 percent
- of the estimated Federal costs.".
- 19 (e) Spectrum Relocation Fund.—Section 118 of
- 20 the National Telecommunications and Information Ad-
- 21 ministration Organization Act (47 U.S.C. 928) is amend-
- 22 ed—
- (1) in subsection (b), by inserting before the pe-
- riod at the end the following: "and any payments
- 25 made by non-Federal entities for access to Federal

1	spectrum pursuant to section 113(g)(7) (47 U.S.C.
2	113(g)(7))";
3	(2) by amending subsection (c) to read as fol-
4	lows:
5	"(c) USE OF FUNDS.—
6	"(1) Funds from Auctions.—The amounts in
7	the Fund from auctions of eligible frequencies are
8	authorized to be used to pay relocation costs, as
9	such costs are defined in section 113(g)(3), of an eli-
10	gible Federal entity incurring such costs with re-
11	spect to relocation from any eligible frequency.
12	"(2) Funds from payments by non-fed-
13	ERAL ENTITIES.—The amounts in the Fund from
14	payments by non-Federal entities for access to Fed-
15	eral spectrum are authorized to be used to pay the
16	sharing costs, as such costs are defined in section
17	113(g)(3), of an eligible Federal entity incurring
18	such costs.
19	"(3) Transfer of funds.—
20	"(A) In general.—Subject to subpara-
21	graph (B), the Director of OMB may transfer
22	at any time (including prior to any auction or
23	contemplated auction, or sharing initiative)
24	such sums as may be available in the Fund to

an eligible Federal entity to pay eligible reloca-

1	tion or sharing costs related to pre-auction esti-
2	mates or research, as such costs are described
3	in section $113(g)(3)(C)$.
4	"(B) NOTIFICATION.—No funds may be
5	transferred pursuant to subparagraph (A) un-
6	less the notification provided under subsection
7	(d)(2)(B) of this section includes a certification
8	from the Director of OMB that—
9	"(i) funds transferred before an auc-
10	tion will likely allow for a timely relocation,
11	thereby increasing net expected auction
12	proceeds by an amount equal to or greater
13	than the time value of the amount of funds
14	transferred; and
15	"(ii) the auction is intended to occur
16	within 5 years of transfer of funds.
17	"(C) Applicability.—
18	"(i) Prior costs incurred.—The
19	Director of OMB may transfer up to
20	\$10,000,000 to eligible Federal entities for
21	eligible relocation or sharing costs related
22	to pre-auction estimates or research, as
23	such costs are described in section
24	113(g)(3)(C), for costs incurred prior to
25	the date of the enactment of the Public

1	Safety Spectrum and Wireless Innovation
2	Act, but after June 28th, 2010.
3	"(ii) Supplement not supplant.—
4	Any amounts transferred by the Director
5	of OMB pursuant to clause (i) shall be in
6	addition to any amounts that the Director
7	of OMB may transfer after the date of the
8	enactment of the Public Safety Spectrum
9	and Wireless Innovation Act.";
10	(3) in subsection (d)—
11	(A) in paragraph (1), by inserting "and
12	sharing" before "costs";
13	(B) in paragraph (2)(B)—
14	(i) by inserting "and sharing" before
15	"costs"; and
16	(ii) by inserting "and sharing" before
17	the period at the end; and
18	(C) by amending paragraph (3) to read as
19	follows:
20	"(3) Reversion of unused funds.—
21	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Any amounts in the
22	Fund that are remaining after the payment of
23	the relocation and sharing costs that are pay-
24	able from the Fund shall revert to and be de-
25	posited in the General Fund of the Treasury

1	not later than 8 years after the date of the de-
2	posit of such proceeds to the Fund, unless with-
3	in 60 days in advance of the reversion of such
4	funds, the Director of OMB, in consultation
5	with the Assistant Secretary for Communica-
6	tions and Information, notifies the appropriate
7	committees of Congress that such funds are
8	needed to complete or to implement current or
9	future relocations or sharing initiatives.
10	"(B) Definition.—In this paragraph, the
11	term 'appropriate committees of Congress'
12	means—
13	"(i) the Committee on Appropriations
14	of the Senate;
15	"(ii) the Committee on Commerce,
16	Science, and Transportation of the Senate
17	"(iii) the Committee on Appropria-
18	tions of the House of Representatives; and
19	"(iv) the Committee on Energy and
20	Commerce of the House of Representa-
21	tives.";
22	(4) in subsection $(e)(2)$ —
23	(A) by inserting "and sharing" before
24	"costs";

1	(B) by inserting "or sharing" before "is
2	complete"; and
3	(C) by inserting "or sharing" before "in
4	accordance"; and
5	(5) by adding at the end the following:
6	"(f) Additional Payments From the Fund.—
7	Notwithstanding subsections (c) through (e), after the
8	date of the enactment of the Public Safety Spectrum and
9	Wireless Innovation Act, and following the credit of any
10	amounts specified in subsection (b), there are hereby ap-
11	propriated from the Fund and available to the Director
12	of the OMB up to 10 percent of the amounts deposited
13	in the Fund from the auction of licenses for frequencies
14	of spectrum vacated by Federal entities, or up to 10 per-
15	cent of the amounts deposited in the Fund by non-Federal
16	entities for sharing of Federal spectrum. The Director of
17	OMB, in consultation with the Assistant Secretary for
18	Communications and Information, may use such amounts
19	to pay eligible Federal entities for the purpose of encour-
20	aging timely access to such spectrum, provided that—
21	"(1) any such payment by the Director of OMB
22	is based on the market value of the spectrum, the
23	timeliness with which the licensee cleared its use of
24	such spectrum, and the need for such spectrum in

- order for the Federal entity to conduct its essential missions;
- "(2) any such payment by the Director of OMB is used to carry out the purposes specified in subparagraphs (A) through (F) of paragraph (3) of subsection 113(g) to achieve enhanced capability for those systems affected by reallocation of Federal spectrum to commercial use, or by sharing of Federal frequencies with non-Federal entities;
 - "(3) the amount remaining in the Fund after any such payment by the Director is not less than 10 percent of the winning bids in the relevant auction, or is not less than 10 percent of the payments from non-Federal entities in the relevant sharing agreement; and
 - "(4) any such payment by the Director shall not be made until 30 days after the Director has notified the Committees on Appropriations and Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate, and the Committees on Appropriations and Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives.".
- 22 (f) Competitive Bidding; Treatment of Reve-23 Nues.—Subparagraph (D) of section 309(j)(8) of the 24 Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 309(j)(8)) is 25 amended by inserting "excluding frequencies identified by

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- 1 the Federal Communications Commission to be auctioned
- 2 in conjunction with eligible frequencies described in sec-
- 3 tion 113(g)(2)" before "shall be deposited".
- 4 (g) Public Disclosure and Nondisclosure.—If
- 5 the head of an executive agency of the Federal Govern-
- 6 ment determines that public disclosure of any information
- 7 contained in notifications and reports required by sections
- 8 113 or 118 of the National Telecommunications and In-
- 9 formation Administration Organization Act (47 U.S.C.
- 10 923 and 928) would reveal classified national security in-
- 11 formation or other information for which there is a legal
- 12 basis for nondisclosure and such public disclosure would
- 13 be detrimental to national security, homeland security,
- 14 public safety, or jeopardize law enforcement investiga-
- 15 tions, the head of the executive agency shall notify the
- 16 NTIA of that determination prior to release of such infor-
- 17 mation. In that event, such classified information shall be
- 18 included in a separate annex, as needed. These annexes
- 19 shall be provided to the appropriate subcommittee in ac-
- 20 cordance with appropriate national security stipulations,
- 21 but shall not be disclosed to the public or provided to any
- 22 unauthorized person through any other means.
- 23 SEC. 515. REPORT ON SPECTRUM SHARING.
- 24 (a) Identification of Spectrum; Report to
- 25 Congress.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enact-

1 ment of this Act, the NTIA shall conduct a study and sub-

2 mit a report to the appropriate committees of Congress—

(1) that identifies spectrum between 225 MHz and 3700 MHz operated or licensed by a Federal entity that the NTIA, in consultation with the Commission, determines appropriate for sharing with non-government entities or non-Federal government entities, including, after taking into account any spectrum identified by the NTIA in its October 2010 report entitled "An Assessment of the Near-Term Viability of Accommodating Wireless Broadband Systems in the 1675–1710 MHz, 1755–1780 MHz, 3500–3650 MHz, and 4200–4220 MHz, 4380–4400 MHz Bands", the additional 100 MHz most likely to be appropriate for wireless broadband operations; and

(2) on how Federal entities can utilize dynamic spectrum sharing technologies to allow non-government entities or non-Federal government entities to share underutilized spectrum without interference to the primary usage by the Federal Government of that spectrum, including through use of cognitive radio and sensing technologies and database and geolocation approaches.

1	(b) Considerations.—In carrying out the study
2	and report required under subsection (a), the NTIA
3	should consider—
4	(1) radio systems that are utilized in fixed or
5	predictable geographic locations;
6	(2) radio systems that are only utilized inter-
7	mittently at fixed or predictable times;
8	(3) spectrum allocations in which radio systems
9	are currently not deployed; and
10	(4) spectrum that is harmonized regionally or
11	globally.
12	(c) Public Consultation and Rule Changes.—
13	(1) In general.—Not later than 6 months
14	after the report required under subsection (a) is sub-
15	mitted, the NTIA shall conduct a public consultation
16	and, with the Interdepartment Radio Advisory Com-
17	mittee, develop rules for Federal users to increase
18	spectrum sharing by Federal entities.
19	(2) Considerations.—In carrying out the
20	rulemaking required under paragraph (1), the NTIA
21	shall consider—
22	(A) the findings of the report required
23	under subsection (a); and
24	(B) the recommendations in the Final Re-
25	port, dated November 8, 2010, issued by the

1	Interference and Dynamic Spectrum Access
2	Subcommittee of the Commerce Spectrum Man-
3	agement Advisory Committee.
4	Subtitle C—Efficiency and
5	Management
6	SEC. 521. FUNCTIONAL RESPONSIBILITY OF THE NTIA TO
7	ENSURE EFFICIENT USE OF SPECTRUM.
8	Section 103(b)(2) of the National Telecommuni-
9	cations and Information Administration Organization Act
10	(47 U.S.C. 902(b)(2)) is amended—
11	(1) by redesignating subparagraphs (B)
12	through (T) as subparagraphs (C) through (U), re-
13	spectively; and
14	(2) by inserting after subparagraph (A) the fol-
15	lowing:
16	"(B) The responsibility to promote the
17	best possible and most efficient use of electro-
18	magnetic spectrum resources across the Federal
19	Government, subject to and consistent with the
20	needs and missions of Federal agencies.".
21	SEC. 522. SPECTRUM EFFICIENCY ANALYTIC TOOLS.
22	(a) In General.—Not later than 18 months after
23	the date of enactment of this title, the NTIA, in consulta-
24	tion with NIST and the Commission, as appropriate, shall
25	develop analytic tools or metrics for the NTIA and Federal

1	entities to measure the spectrum efficiency of Federal
2	spectrum systems used by such entities.
3	(b) REQUIRED CONSIDERATION.—In developing the
4	tools or metrics to measure spectrum efficiency pursuant
5	to subsection (a)(1), the NTIA shall consider the conclu-
6	sions reached in the report entitled "Definitions of Effi-
7	ciency in Spectrum Use", authored by the Commerce
8	Spectrum Management Advisory Committee and dated
9	October 1, 2008.
10	SEC. 523. STUDY ON RECEIVER PERFORMANCE AND SPEC
11	TRUM EFFICIENCY.
12	(a) In General.—The Comptroller General of the
13	United States shall conduct a study to consider efforts to
14	ensure that each transmission system that employs radio
15	spectrum is designed and operated so that reasonable use
16	of adjacent spectrum does not excessively impair the func-
17	tioning of such system.
18	(b) Required Considerations.—At a minimum,
19	the study required under subsection (a) shall consider—
20	(1) the value of—
21	(A) improving receiver performance as it
	relates to increasing spectral efficiency;
22	
22 23	(B) improving operation of services in ad-

1	(C) narrowing the guard bands between
2	adjacent spectrum use.
3	(2) the role of manufacturers, commercial li-
4	censees, and government users with respect to their
5	transmission systems and use of adjacent spectrum
6	described in subsection (a);
7	(3) the feasibility of industry self-compliance
8	with respect to the design and operational require-
9	ments of transmission systems and the reasonable
10	use of adjacent spectrum described in subsection (a)
11	and
12	(4) the value of Commission and NTIA action
13	to establish, by rule, technical requirements or
14	standards for non-Federal or Federal use, respec-
15	tively, with respect to the reasonable use of adjacent
16	spectrum described in subsection (a).
17	(c) Definition.—For purposes of this section, the
18	term "transmission system" means any telecommuni-
19	cations, broadcast, satellite, commercial mobile service, or
20	other communications system that employs radio spec-
21	trum.
22	(d) Report.—Not later than 1 year after the date
23	of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the

24 United States shall submit a report to the appropriate

- 1 committees of Congress on the results of the study re-
- 2 quired under subsection (a).
- 3 SEC. 524. FREQUENCY ASSIGNMENT.
- 4 (a) Examination.—Not later than 6 months after
- 5 the date of enactment of this title, the NTIA, in consulta-
- 6 tion with the Interdepartment Radio Advisory Committee,
- 7 shall—
- 8 (1) examine its frequency assignment processes,
- 9 including the 5-year frequency assignment review
- 10 program, and
- 11 (2) consider best practices to determine if the
- current approach for collecting and validating data
- from Federal entities can be streamlined or im-
- proved to help ensure that such entities are man-
- aging current and future spectrum assignments effi-
- ciently.
- 17 (b) REQUIRED CONSIDERATIONS.—In carrying out
- 18 the requirements of subsection (a), the NTIA shall con-
- 19 sider—
- 20 (1) providing Federal entities with specific
- 21 guidance or requirements on how to justify to the
- NTIA that requested spectrum frequency assign-
- 23 ments would fulfill an established mission need and
- 24 that other means of communication are not appro-
- 25 priate or available;

1	(2) requiring Federal entities to submit docu-
2	mentation, as part of the spectrum frequency assign-
3	ment process;
4	(3) verifying that such entity has completed an
5	analysis to support the use and need of the re-
6	quested assignment; and
7	(4) requiring managers of spectrum resources
8	at each Federal entity to validate, verify, or attest
9	to the accuracy of spectrum information submitted
10	by their entity to the NTIA.
11	SEC. 525. SPECTRUM OPPORTUNITY COST TRANSPARENCY.
12	(a) Analysis of Economic Opportunity Cost.—
13	(1) Development of Framework.—
14	(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year
15	after the date of enactment of this title, the
16	NTIA, in consultation with the Commission and
17	the Director of the Office of Management and
18	Budget, shall develop a framework for deter-
19	mining the annual economic opportunity cost of
20	each specific Federal spectrum band assigned
21	or otherwise allocated for use by Federal enti-
22	ties.
23	(B) Considerations.—In developing the
24	framework required under subparagraph (A),
25	the NTIA shall take into account the spectrum

1	pricing methodologies adopted by other coun-
2	tries which utilize administered incentive pric-
3	ing of spectrum for government users.
4	(2) Scope.—The framework developed under
5	paragraph (1) shall cover all federally allocated spec-
6	trum bands between 150 MHz and 6000 MHz, in-
7	clusive.
8	(3) Goals.—The goal of the framework devel-
9	oped under paragraph (1) is—
10	(A) to provide Federal entities with a sus-
11	tained long-term signal of spectrum value to in-
12	form the spectrum management decisions of
13	such entities; and
14	(B) to provide the public with increased
15	transparency about how Federal entities use a
16	scare physical resource.
17	(4) Requirements.—The framework devel-
18	oped under paragraph (1) shall—
19	(A) define the term "opportunity cost" as
20	the value of the spectrum, in dollar terms, as
21	if such spectrum were to be reallocated to the
22	highest commercial alternative use that cur-
23	rently does not have access to that spectrum;
24	(B) be updated, on an annual basis, to
25	take into account observed market valuations

1	from spectrum auctions, secondary spectrum
2	trading, and other market indicators of spec-
3	trum value;
4	(C) determine the opportunity costs borne
5	by each Federal entity for each spectrum band
6	that is entirely under the control of a single
7	agency; and
8	(D) determine the opportunity costs for
9	spectrum assigned or otherwise allocated to
10	Federal entities for both primary use and sec-
11	ondary use.
12	(b) Report on Opportunity Costs.—Each Fed-
13	eral entity that has been assigned or otherwise allocated
14	use of a Federal spectrum band shall report, as an off-
15	budget item, the opportunity cost borne by the entity for
16	each spectrum band the entity uses—
17	(1) in the budget of the entity to be included
18	in the budget of the United States Government sub-
19	mitted by the President under section 1105 of title
20	31, United States Code; and
21	(2) in the annual financial statement of the en-
22	tity required to be filed under section 3515 of title
23	31, United States Code.
24	(c) Spectrum Value Analysis.—Not later than 5
25	years after the date of the enactment of this title, and

- 1 every 5 years thereafter, each Federal entity that has been
- 2 assigned or otherwise allocated use of a Federal spectrum
- 3 band, or otherwise utilizes such spectrum, shall engage in
- 4 an analysis comparing the opportunity cost of that spec-
- 5 trum, as such cost is determined by the framework devel-
- 6 oped by the NTIA under subsection (a), to the projected
- 7 costs of the entity relocating to other government spec-
- 8 trum holdings, co-locating with other government agen-
- 9 cies, leasing other non-Federal spectrum, or contracting
- 10 out for its spectrum activities.

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(d) Spectrum Technology Study.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 18 months after the date of the enactment of this title, and every 5 years thereafter, the Comptroller General of the United States, in consultation with NTIA, shall examine the technologies and equipment used by Federal entities operating on Federal spectrum allocations and determine if such technologies and equipment are the most spectrum efficient available.
- (2) CERTAIN DETERMINATIONS MADE.—If the results of any study required under paragraph (1) determines that the technologies and equipment of Federal entities operating on Federal spectrum allocations are not the most spectrum efficient available, the Comptroller General shall determine—

1	(A) what the costs would be to upgrade
2	such systems to more up-to-date and readily
3	available systems;
4	(B) what benefits would be gained from
5	upgrading, particularly any cost savings or in-
6	creases in spectrum utilization efficiency; and
7	(C) if there are any possible problems with
8	upgrading to more up-to-date systems.
9	SEC. 526. SYSTEM CERTIFICATION.
10	Not later than 6 months after the date of enactment
11	of this title, the Director of the Office of Management and
12	Budget shall update and revise section 33.4 of OMB Cir-
13	cular A–11 to reflect the recommendations regarding such
14	Circular made in the Commerce Spectrum Management
15	Advisory Committee Incentive Subcommittee report,
16	adopted January 11, 2011.
17	SEC. 527. REPORT TO CONGRESS ON IMPROVING SPEC-
18	TRUM MANAGEMENT.
19	Not later than 3 months after the date of enactment
20	of this title, the NTIA shall submit to the appropriate
21	committees of Congress a report on the status of the
22	NTIA's plan to implement the recommendations contained
23	in the "President's Memorandum on Improving Spectrum
24	Management for the 21st Century", 49 Weekly Comp.
25	Pres. Doc. 2875, Nov. 29, 2004.

1 SEC. 528. WIRELESS FACILITIES DEPLOYMENT.

2	(a) Facility Modifications.—
3	(1) In general.—Notwithstanding section 704
4	of the Telecommunications Act of 1996 or any other
5	provision of law, a State or local government may
6	not deny, and shall approve, any eligible facilities re-
7	quest for a modification of an existing wireless tower
8	that does not substantially change the physical di-
9	mensions of such tower.
10	(2) Eligible facilities request.—For pur-
11	poses this subsection, the term "eligible facilities re-
12	quest" means any request for modification of an ex-
13	isting wireless tower that involves—
14	(A) collocation of new transmission equip-
15	ment;
16	(B) removal of transmission equipment;
17	and
18	(C) replacement of transmission equip-
19	ment.
20	(b) Federal Easements and Rights-of-Way.—
21	(1) Grant.—If an executive agency, a State, a
22	political subdivision or agency of a State, or a per-
23	son, firm, or organization applies for the grant of an
24	easement or rights-of-way to, in, over, or on a build-
25	ing owned by the Federal Government for the right
26	to install, construct, and maintain wireless service

antenna structures and equipment, and backhaul transmission, the executive agency having control of the building may grant to the applicant, on behalf of the Federal Government, an easement or rights-of-way to perform such installation, construction, and maintenance.

(2) APPLICATION.—The Administrator of the General Services Administration shall develop a common form for rights-of-way applications required under paragraph (1) for all executive agencies that shall be used by applicants with respect to the buildings or property of each such agency.

(3) Fee.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in making a grant of an easement or rights-of-way pursuant to paragraph (1), the Administrator of the General Services Administration shall establish a fee for the award of such grant that is based on direct cost recovery.
- (B) EXCEPTIONS.—The Administrator of the General Services Administration may establish exceptions to the fee amount required under subparagraph (A)—

1	(i) in consideration of the public ben-
2	efit provided by a grant of an easement or
3	rights-of-way; and
4	(ii) in the interest of expanding wire-
5	less and broadband coverage.
6	(4) Use of fees collected.—Any fee
7	amounts collected by an executive agency pursuant
8	to paragraph (2) shall be made available, without
9	further appropriation, to such agency for purposes
10	of the agency's telecommunications and information
11	technology needs and any excess funds shall then be
12	deposited into the Federal Building Fund.
13	(c) Master Contracts for Wireless Tower
14	SITINGS.—
15	(1) In general.—Notwithstanding section 704
16	of the Telecommunications Act of 1996 or any other
17	provision of law, and not later than 60 days after
18	the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator
19	of the General Services Administration shall—
20	(A) develop 1 or more master contracts
21	that shall govern the placement of wireless serv-
22	ice antenna structures on buildings and prop-
23	erty owned by the Federal Government; and
24	(B) in developing the master contract, with
25	respect to the siting of wireless service antenna

- structures, standardize the treatment of the
 placement of wireless service antenna structures
 on rooftop or building facades, the placement of
 equipment on rooftops or inside buildings, and
 technology, and any other key issues that the
 Administrator determines appropriate.
 - (2) APPLICABILITY.—The master contract developed by the Administrator of the General Services Administration under paragraph (1) shall apply to all publicly accessible property owned by the Federal Government, unless the Administrator decides that issues with respect to the siting of a wireless service antenna structure on a specific building or property warrant nonstandard treatment of a specific property.
 - (3) APPLICATION.—The Administrator of the General Services Administration shall develop a common form or set of forms for wireless service antenna structure siting applications required under this section for all executive agencies that shall be used by applicants with respect to the buildings of each such agency.

TITLE VI—STUDIES ON NEXT GENERATION 9-1-1 SERVICES

3	SEC. 601. DEFINITIONS.
4	As used in this title, the following definitions shall
5	apply:
6	(1) $9-1-1$ SERVICES.—The term " $9-1-1$ serv-
7	ices" includes both E9-1-1 services and Next Gen-
8	eration 9–1–1 services.
9	(2) E9 -1 -1 SERVICES.—The term "E9 -1 -1
10	services" means both phase I and phase II enhanced
11	9-1-1 services, as described in section 20.18 of the
12	Commission's regulations (47 C.F.R. 20.18), as in
13	effect on the date of enactment of this title, or as
14	subsequently revised by the Commission.
15	(3) Next Generation 9–1–1 services.—The
16	term "Next Generation 9–1–1 services" means an
17	IP-based system comprised of hardware, software,
18	data, and operational policies and procedures that—
19	(A) provides standardized interfaces from
20	emergency call and message services to support
21	emergency communications;
22	(B) processes all types of emergency calls,
23	including voice, data, and multimedia informa-
24	tion;

1	(C) acquires and integrates additional
2	emergency call data useful to call routing and
3	handling;
4	(D) delivers the emergency calls, messages,
5	and data to the appropriate public safety an-
6	swering point and other appropriate emergency
7	entities;
8	(E) supports data or video communications
9	needs for coordinated incident response and
10	management; or
11	(F) provides broadband service to public
12	safety answering points or other first responder
13	entities.
14	(4) Public safety answering point.—The
15	term "public safety answering point" has the mean-
16	ing given the term in section 222 of the Communica-
17	tions Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 222).
18	SEC. 602. NHTSA REPORT ON COSTS FOR REQUIREMENTS
19	AND SPECIFICATIONS OF NEXT GENERATION
20	9-1-1 SERVICES.
21	(a) In General.—Not later than 1 year after the
22	date of enactment of this title, the Administrator of the
23	National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, in con-
24	sultation with the Commission and the Secretary of Home-
25	land Security, shall prepare and submit a report to Con-

- 1 gress that analyzes and determines detailed costs for spe-
- 2 cific Next Generation 9–1–1 service requirements and
- 3 specifications.
- 4 (b) Purpose of Report.—The purpose of the re-
- 5 port required under subsection (a) is to serve as a resource
- 6 for Congress as it considers creating a coordinated, long-
- 7 term funding mechanism for the deployment and oper-
- 8 ation, accessibility, application development, equipment
- 9 procurement, and training of personnel for Next Genera-
- 10 tion 9–1–1 services.
- 11 (c) REQUIRED INCLUSIONS.—The report required
- 12 under subsection (a) shall include the following:
- 13 (1) How costs would be broken out geographi-
- cally and/or allocated among public safety answering
- points, broadband service providers, and third-party
- providers of Next Generation 9–1–1 services.
- 17 (2) An assessment of the current state of Next
- Generation 9–1–1 service readiness among public
- safety answering points.
- 20 (3) How differences in public safety answering
- 21 points' access to broadband across the country may
- affect costs.
- 23 (4) A technical analysis and cost study of dif-
- 24 ferent delivery platforms such as wireline, wireless,
- and satellite.

1	(5) An assessment of the architectural charac-
2	teristics, feasibility, and limitations of Next Genera-
3	tion 9–1–1 service delivery.
4	(6) An analysis of the needs for Next Genera-
5	tion 9–1–1 service of persons with disabilities.
6	(7) Standards and protocols for Next Genera-
7	tion 9–1–1 service and for incorporating Voice over
8	Internet Protocol and "Real-Time Text" standards.
9	SEC. 603. FCC RECOMMENDATIONS FOR LEGAL AND STATU-
10	TORY FRAMEWORK FOR NEXT GENERATION
11	9-1-1 SERVICES.
12	Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment
13	of this title, the Commission, in coordination with the Sec-
14	retary of Homeland Security and the Administrator of the
15	National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, shall
16	prepare and submit a report to Congress that contains
17	recommendations for the legal and statutory framework
18	for Next Generation 9–1–1 services, consistent with rec-
19	ommendations in the National Broadband Plan developed
20	by the Commission pursuant to Public Law 111–5, includ-
21	ing the following:
22	(1) A legal and regulatory framework for the
23	development of Next Generation 9-1-1 services and
24	the transition from legacy 9–1–1 to Next Generation
25	9–1–1 networks.

1	(2) Legal mechanisms to ensure efficient and
2	accurate transmission of 9–1–1 caller information to
3	emergency response agencies.
4	(3) Recommendations for removing jurisdic-
5	tional barriers and inconsistent legacy regulations
6	including—
7	(A) proposals that would require States to
8	remove regulatory roadblocks to Next Genera-
9	tion 9–1–1 services development, while recog-
10	nizing existing State authority over 9-1-1 serv-
11	ices;
12	(B) eliminating outdated 9-1-1 regula-
13	tions at the Federal level; and
14	(C) preempting inconsistent State regula-
15	tions.
16	TITLE VII—MISCELLANEOUS
17	SEC. 701. SEVERABILITY.
18	If any provision of this Act or an amendment made
19	by this Act, or the application of the provision to any per-
20	son or circumstance, is held to be unconstitutional, the
21	remainder of this Act and the amendments made by this
22	Act, and the application of the provisions of this Act and
23	the amendments made by this Act to any other person
24	or circumstance, shall not be affected thereby.

1 SEC. 702. RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.

- Nothing in this Act shall be construed as adding or
- 3 subtracting from the authority the Commission may or
- 4 may not have to regulate broadband Internet access serv-

5 ice.

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