112TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H.R. 2649

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to treat certain amounts paid for physical activity, fitness, and exercise as amounts paid for medical care.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

July 26, 2011

Mr. BRADY of Texas (for himself, Mr. KIND, Mr. CLAY, Mr. GERLACH, Mr. BARTON of Texas, Mr. McINTYRE, Mr. PAUL, Mr. BLUMENAUER, Mr. RUPPERSBERGER, and Mr. SHUSTER) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means

A BILL

- To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to treat certain amounts paid for physical activity, fitness, and exercise as amounts paid for medical care.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "Personal Health In-

5 vestment Today Act of 2011" or the "PHIT Act of 2011".

6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSE.

7 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—

1	(1) almost 20 percent of American children be-
2	tween the ages of 2 and 19 are overweight or suffer
3	from obesity;
4	(2) 8 of the 9 most expensive illnesses in the
5	United States are more common among overweight
6	and obese individuals;
7	(3) according to the Centers for Disease Con-
8	trol and Prevention, the increase in the number of
9	overweight and obese Americans between 1987 and
10	2001 resulted in a 27 percent increase in per capita
11	health care costs;
12	(4) the World Health Organization determined
13	that in the United States a \$1 investment in phys-
14	ical activity alone (in time and equipment) would re-
15	duce medical expenses by \$3.20;
16	(5) research indicates that 2 in 5 Americans
17	would become more physically active if offered a fi-
18	nancial incentive;
19	(6) the United States ranks last in the world in
20	reducing the number of preventable deaths resulting
21	from obesity-related chronic illnesses; and
22	(7) engaging in physical activities at young ages
23	when children are learning lifelong behaviors can
24	have a significant impact on their long-term health.

(b) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this Act is to promote
 health and prevent disease, particularly diseases related
 to being overweight and obese, by—

(1) encouraging healthier lifestyles;

5 (2) providing financial incentives to ease the fi6 nancial burden of engaging in healthy behavior; and
7 (3) increasing the ability of individuals and
8 families to participate in physical fitness activities.

9 SEC. 3. CERTAIN AMOUNTS PAID FOR PHYSICAL ACTIVITY,

10FITNESS, AND EXERCISE TREATED AS11AMOUNTS PAID FOR MEDICAL CARE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Paragraph (1) of section 213(d)
of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by striking "or" at the end of subparagraph (C), by striking the
period at the end of subparagraph (D) and inserting ",
or", and by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

18 "(E) for qualified sports and fitness ex-19 penses.".

20 (b) QUALIFIED SPORTS AND FITNESS EXPENSES.—
21 Subsection (d) of section 213 of such Code is amended
22 by adding at the end the following paragraph:

23 "(12) QUALIFIED SPORTS AND FITNESS EX24 PENSES.—

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1	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'qualified
2	sports and fitness expenses' means amounts
3	paid—
4	"(i) for membership at a fitness cen-
5	ter,
6	"(ii) for participation or instruction in
7	a program of physical exercise or physical
8	activity, and
9	"(iii) for equipment for use in a pro-
10	gram (including a self-directed program) of
11	physical exercise or physical activity.
12	"(B) Overall dollar limitation.—The
13	aggregate amount treated as qualified sports
14	and fitness expenses with respect to any tax-
15	payer for any taxable year shall not exceed
16	\$1,000 (\$2,000 in the case of a joint return or
17	a head of household (as defined in section
18	2(b))).
19	"(C) FITNESS FACILITY DEFINED.—For
20	purposes of subparagraph (A)(i), the term 'fit-
21	ness facility' means a facility—
22	"(i) providing instruction in a pro-
23	gram of physical exercise, offering facilities
24	for the preservation, maintenance, encour-
25	agement, or development of physical fit-

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1	ness, or serving as the site of such a pro-
2	gram of a State or local government,
3	"(ii) which is not a private club owned
4	and operated by its members,
5	"(iii) which does not offer golf, hunt-
6	ing, sailing, or riding facilities,
7	"(iv) whose health or fitness facility is
8	not incidental to its overall function and
9	purpose, and
10	"(v) which is fully compliant with the
11	State of jurisdiction and Federal anti-dis-
12	crimination laws.
13	"(D) Limitations related to sports
14	AND FITNESS EQUIPMENT.—Amounts paid for
15	equipment described in subparagraph (A)(iii)
16	shall be treated as a qualified sports and fitness
17	expense only—
18	"(i) if such equipment is utilized ex-
19	clusively for participation in fitness, exer-
20	cise, sport, or other physical activity pro-
21	grams,
22	"(ii) if such equipment is not apparel
23	or footwear, and
24	"(iii) in the case of any item of sports
25	equipment (other than exercise equip-

1	ment), with respect to so much of the
2	amount paid for such item as does not ex-
3	ceed \$250.

4 "(E) PROGRAMS WHICH INCLUDE COMPO-5 NENTS OTHER THAN PHYSICAL EXERCISE AND 6 PHYSICAL ACTIVITY.—Rules similar to the rules 7 of section 213(d)(6) shall apply in the case of 8 any program that includes physical exercise or 9 physical activity and also other components. For purposes of the preceding sentence, travel 10 11 and accommodations shall be treated as an 12 other component.".

(c) EXCEPTION FOR HEALTH SAVINGS ACCOUNTS.—
14 Subparagraph (A) of section 223(d)(2) of such Code is
15 amended by inserting ", determined without regard to
16 paragraph (1)(E) thereof)" after "section 213(d)".

17 (d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by18 this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after19 the date of the enactment of this Act.

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