111TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H.R.4000

To provide assistance to local educational agencies for the prevention and reduction of conflict and violence.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

NOVEMBER 3, 2009

Mr. RUSH introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Education and Labor

A BILL

To provide assistance to local educational agencies for the prevention and reduction of conflict and violence.

1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-

2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "Conflict Resolution and

5 Mediation Act of 2009".

6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSE.

7 (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds the following:

8 (1) On Wednesday, October 7, 2009, in a
9 speech detailing the violence that our youth face,
10 Secretary of Education Arne Duncan noted that,

1	currently, 30 percent of students, or about
2	1,200,000 students a year, fail to complete high
3	school on time.
4	(2) The Division of Violence Prevention within
5	the Centers for Disease Control observed that "vio-
6	lence diminishes and destroys the quality of life and
7	freedom of individuals, families and communities
8	young people cannot learn and succeed in life
9	if they are afraid to go to school".
10	(3) The Centers for Disease Control and Pre-
11	vention find that young people are both the victims
12	and perpetrators of violence, with homicide being the
13	second leading cause of death for young people be-
14	tween the ages of 10 and 24.
15	(4) The U.S. Conference of Mayors states that
16	youth violence is a public health crisis and have de-
17	clared that "[w]e can't arrest our way out of this
18	problem prevention is the key to long-term suc-
19	cess''.
20	(7) I 2007 (, , , , ,) (, , , ,)

(5) In 2007, of a nationally representative sample of students in grades 9 through 12, 4.2 percent
reported being in a physical fight one or more times
in the previous 12 months that resulted in injuries
that had to be treated by a doctor or nurse.

(6) In a 2007 nationally representative sample 2 of youth in grades 9 through 12 regarding violencerelated behaviors, the CDC found— 3

(A) 12.4 percent reported being in a physical fight on school property in the 12 months preceding the survey, with 16.3 percent of male students and 8.5 percent of female students reported being in a physical fight on school property in the 12 months preceding the survey;

10 (B) 27.1 percent of students reported hav-11 ing property stolen or deliberately damaged on 12 school property and 5.5 percent did not go to 13 school on one or more days in the 30 days pre-14 ceding the survey because they felt unsafe at 15 school or on their way to or from school; and

16 (C) 5.9 percent reported carrying a weapon 17 (gun, knife, or club) on school property on one 18 or more days in the 30 days preceding the sur-19 vev and 7.8 percent reported being threatened 20 or injured with a weapon on school property 21 one or more times.

22 (7) In a 2007 nationally representative sample 23 of youth in grades 9 through 12 regarding youth vi-24 olence, the CDC found—

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1 (A) 35.5 percent reported being in a phys-2 ical fight in the 12 months preceding the sur-3 vey; the prevalence was higher among males 4 (44.4 percent) than females (26.5 percent); and 5 (B) 18 percent reported carrying a weapon 6 (gun, knife, or club) on one or more days in the 7 30 days preceding the survey and 5.2 percent 8 carried a gun on one or more days in the 30 9 days preceding the survey. 10 (8) An estimated 30 percent of 6th to 10th 11 graders in the United States were either a bully, a 12 target of bullying, or both. 13 (9) From 1992 to 1999, perpetrators of school-14 associated homicides were nine times as likely as vic-15 tims to have exhibited some form of suicidal behav-16 ior before the event, and were more than twice as 17 likely as victims to have been bullied by their peers 18 and more than half of the incidents over this period 19 were preceded by some signal, such as threats, 20 notes, or journal entries that indicated the potential 21 for the coming event. 22 (10) Most of the violent events involving stu-23 dents occur during the transition times around the

start of the school day, the lunch period, and at the

25 end of the school day.

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1	(11) While rates of school-associated student
2	homicides decreased between 1992 and 2006, they
3	remained relatively stable in recent years and were
4	significantly higher for males, students in secondary
5	schools, and students in central cities.
6	(12) From 1999 to 2006, most school-associ-
7	ated homicides included gunshot wounds (65 per-
8	cent), stabbing or cutting (27 percent), and beating
9	(12 percent).
10	(13) The CDC estimates that women experience
11	4,800,000 Intimate Partner Violence, or domestic-
12	related, physical assaults and rapes per year and
13	men are the victims of about 2,900,000 IPV-related
14	physical assaults annually.
15	(14) Children who bear the burden of wit-
16	nessing violent acts, whether at home, in school, or
17	in their communities must be taught coping mecha-
18	nisms before they are desensitized to violence and
19	violent acts.
20	(b) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this Act is to provide
21	assistance to local educational agencies for the prevention
22	and reduction of conflict and violence in schools through-
23	out the country.

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3 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Education is au4 thorized to make grants to local educational agencies to
5 provide assistance to schools served by the agency that are
6 most directly affected by conflict and violence.

7 (b) MODEL PROJECT.—The Secretary shall develop
8 a written model for conflict resolution and mediation writ9 ten within 90 days and make such model available to any
10 local educational agency that requests such information.

11 (c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There 12 are authorized to be appropriated \$25,000,000 for fiscal 13 year 2010 and such sums as may be necessary for each 14 of the fiscal years 2011 through 2015 to carry out the 15 projects under this Act.

16 SEC. 4. USE OF FUNDS.

Grants made by the Secretary under this Act shall
be used to develop programs for conflict resolution and
mediation for students, teachers, and other personnel in
regular contact with students at school.

21 SEC. 5. ELIGIBLE APPLICANTS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—In order to be eligible to receive
a grant under this Act for any fiscal year, a local educational agency shall submit an application to the Secretary in such form and containing such information as
the Secretary may reasonably require.

(b) REQUIREMENTS.—Each application under sub section (a) shall include—

3 (1) a request for funds for the purposes de4 scribed in section 2(b);

5 (2) information about the schools and commu6 nities to be served by the grant, including the nature
7 of the conflict and violence problems within and
8 around the schools;

9 (3) statistical information in such form and
10 containing such information that the Secretary may
11 require regarding conflict and violence within such
12 schools and surrounding communities; and

(4) assurances that Federal funds received
under this Act shall be used to supplement, not supplement, non-Federal funds that would otherwise be
available for activities funded under this Act.

17 (c) COMPREHENSIVE PLAN.—Each application shall18 include a comprehensive plan that shall contain—

(1) a description of the conflict and violence
problems within the schools served by the local educational agency and surrounding community targeted for assistance;

(2) a description of the resources available inthe community to help implement the plan together

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with a description of the areas in the plan that can not be filled with existing resources; and

3 (3) a description of the system the applicant
4 will establish to prevent and reduce ongoing conflict
5 and violence problems.

6 SEC. 6. ALLOCATION OF FUNDS; LIMITATIONS ON GRANTS.

7 (a) ADMINISTRATIVE COST LIMITATION.—The Sec8 retary shall use not more than 5 percent of the funds
9 available under this Act for the purposes of administration
10 and technical assistance.

(b) RENEWAL OF GRANTS.—A grant under this Act
may be renewed for not more than 2 additional years after
the first fiscal year during which the recipient receives an
initial grant under this Act, subject to the availability of
funds, if—

16 (1) the Secretary determines that the funds
17 made available to the recipient during the previous
18 year were used in a manner required under the approved application; and

(2) the Secretary determines that an additional
grant is necessary to implement the violence prevention program described in the comprehensive plan as
required by section 5(c).

1 SEC. 7. AWARD OF GRANTS.

2 (a) SELECTION OF RECIPIENTS.—The Secretary
3 shall consider the following factors in awarding grants to
4 local educational agencies:

5 (1) CONFLICT AND VIOLENCE PROBLEM.—The
6 nature and scope of the violence problem in the tar7 geted schools.

8 (2) NEED AND ABILITY.—Demonstrated need
9 and evidence of the ability to provide the services de10 scribed in the plan required under section 5(c).

11 (3) POPULATION.—The number of students to
12 be served by the plan required under section 5(c).

(b) GEOGRAPHIC DISTRIBUTION.—The Secretary
shall attempt, to the extent practicable, to achieve an equitable geographic distribution of grant awards.

16 SEC. 8. REPORTS.

(a) REPORTS.—Local educational agencies that receive funds under this Act shall submit to the Secretary
a detailed report not later than March 1 of each year that
describes progress achieved in carrying out the plan required under section 5(c).

(b) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—The Secretary shall
submit to the Congress a report by October 1 of each year
in which grants are made available under this Act which
shall contain a detailed statement regarding grant awards,
activities of grant recipients, a compilation of statistical
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information submitted by applicants under section
 5(b)(3), and an evaluation of programs established under
 this Act.

4 SEC. 9. DEFINITIONS.

5 For the purpose of this Act:

6 (1) The term "local educational agency" has
7 the meaning given such term in section 9101 of the
8 Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965
9 (20 U.S.C. 7801).

10 (2) The term "Secretary" means the Secretary11 of Education.

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