111TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H.R. 5201

To improve the energy efficiency of outdoor lighting, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

May 4, 2010

Ms. Harman (for herself and Mr. Upton) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce

A BILL

To improve the energy efficiency of outdoor lighting, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Outdoor Lighting Effi-
- 5 ciency Act".
- 6 SEC. 2. OUTDOOR LIGHTING.
- 7 (a) Definitions.—
- 8 (1) COVERED EQUIPMENT.—Section 340(1) of
- 9 the Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C.
- 10 6311(1)) is amended—

1	(A) by redesignating subparagraph (L) as
2	subparagraph (O); and
3	(B) by inserting after subparagraph (K)
4	the following:
5	"(L) Pole-mounted outdoor luminaires.
6	"(M) High light output double-ended
7	quartz halogen lamps.
8	"(N) General purpose mercury vapor
9	lamps.".
10	(2) Industrial Equipment.—Section
11	340(2)(B) of the Energy Policy and Conservation
12	Act (42 U.S.C. 6311(2)(B)) is amended—
13	(A) by striking "and" before "unfired hot
14	water''; and
15	(B) by inserting after "tanks" the fol-
16	lowing: ", pole-mounted outdoor luminaires,
17	high light output double-ended quartz halogen
18	lamps, and general purpose mercury vapor
19	lamps".
20	(3) New Definitions.—Section 340 of the
21	Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C.
22	6311) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
23	lowing:

1	"(24) Area luminaire.—The term 'area lumi-
2	naire' means a luminaire intended for lighting park-
3	ing lots and general areas that—
4	"(A) is designed to mount on a pole using
5	an arm, pendant, or vertical tenon;
6	"(B) has an opaque top or sides, but may
7	contain a transmissive ornamental element;
8	"(C) has an optical aperture that is open
9	or enclosed with a flat, sag, or drop lens;
10	"(D) is mounted in a fixed position with
11	the optical aperture near horizontal, or tilted
12	up; and
13	"(E) has photometric output measured
14	using Type C photometry per IESNA LM–75–
15	01.
16	"(25) Decorative Posttop Luminaire.—The
17	term 'decorative posttop luminaire' means a lumi-
18	naire with—
19	"(A) open or transmissive sides that is de-
20	signed to be mounted directly over a pole using
21	a vertical tenon or by fitting the luminaire di-
22	rectly into the pole; and
23	"(B) photometric output measured using
24	Type C photometry per IESNA LM-75-01.

1	"(26) Dusk-to-dawn luminaire.—The term
2	'dusk-to-dawn luminaire' means a fluorescent, induc-
3	tion, or high intensity discharge luminaire that—
4	"(A) is designed to be mounted on a hori-
5	zontal or horizontally slanted tenon or arm;
6	"(B) has an optical assembly that is co-
7	axial with the axis of symmetry of the light
8	source;
9	"(C) has an optical assembly that is—
10	"(i) a reflector or lamp enclosure that
11	surrounds the light source with an open
12	lower aperture; or
13	"(ii) a refractive optical assembly sur-
14	rounding the light source with an open or
15	closed lower aperture;
16	"(D) contains a receptacle for a
17	photocontrol that enables the operation of the
18	light source and is either coaxial with both the
19	axis of symmetry of the light source and the op-
20	tical assembly or offset toward the mounting
21	bracket by less than 3 inches, or contains an in-
22	tegral photocontrol; and
23	"(E) has photometric output measured
24	using Type C photometry per IESNA LM-75-
25	01.

1	"(27) FLOODLIGHT LUMINAIRE.—The term
2	'floodlight luminaire' means an outdoor luminaire
3	designed with a yoke, knuckle, or other mechanism
4	allowing the luminaire to be aimed 40 degrees or
5	more with its photometric distributions established
6	with only Type B photometry in accordance with
7	IESNA LM-75, revised 2001.
8	"(28) General purpose mercury vapor
9	LAMP.—The term 'general purpose mercury vapor
10	lamp' means a mercury vapor lamp (as defined in
11	section 321) that—
12	"(A) has a screw base;
13	"(B) is designed for use in general lighting
14	applications (as defined in section 321);
15	"(C) is not a specialty application mercury
16	vapor lamp; and
17	"(D) is designed to operate on a mercury
18	vapor lamp ballast (as defined in section 321)
19	or is a self-ballasted lamp.
20	"(29) High light output double-ended
21	QUARTZ HALOGEN LAMP.—The term 'high light out-
22	put double-ended quartz halogen lamp' means a
23	lamp that—
24	"(A) is designed for general outdoor light-
25	ing purposes;

1	"(B) contains a tungsten filament;
2	"(C) has a rated initial lumen value of
3	greater than 6,000 and less than 40,000
4	lumens;
5	"(D) has at each end a recessed single
6	contact, R7s base;
7	"(E) has a maximum overall length (MOL)
8	between 4 and 11 inches;
9	"(F) has a nominal diameter less than 3/4
10	inch (T6);
11	"(G) is designed to be operated at a volt-
12	age not less than 110 volts and not greater
13	than 200 volts or is designed to be operated at
14	a voltage between 235 volts and 300 volts;
15	"(H) is not a tubular quartz infrared heat
16	lamp; and
17	"(I) is not a lamp marked and marketed
18	as a Stage and Studio lamp with a rated life of
19	500 hours or less.
20	"(30) Mean rated lamp lumens.—The term
21	'mean rated lamp lumens' means the rated lumens
22	at—
23	"(A) 40 percent of rated lamp life for
24	metal halide, induction, and fluorescent lamps;
25	or

1	"(B) 50 percent of rated lamp life for high
2	pressure sodium lamps.
3	"(31) Outdoor Luminaire.—The term 'out-
4	door luminaire' means a luminaire that—
5	"(A) is intended for outdoor use and suit-
6	able for wet locations; and
7	"(B) may be shipped with or without a
8	lamp.
9	"(32) Pole-mounted outdoor luminaire.—
10	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'pole-mount-
11	ed outdoor luminaire' means an outdoor lumi-
12	naire that is designed to be mounted on an out-
13	door pole and is—
14	"(i) an area luminaire;
15	"(ii) a roadway and highmast lumi-
16	naire;
17	"(iii) a decorative posttop luminaire;
18	or
19	"(iv) a dusk-to-dawn luminaire.
20	"(B) Exclusions.—The term 'pole-
21	mounted outdoor luminaire' does not include—
22	"(i) a portable luminaire designed for
23	use at construction sites;
24	"(ii) a luminaire designed to be used
25	in emergency conditions that—

1	"(I) incorporates a means of
2	storing energy and a device to switch
3	the stored energy supply to emergency
4	lighting loads automatically on failure
5	of the normal power supply; and
6	"(II) is listed and labeled as
7	Emergency Lighting Equipment;
8	"(iii) a decorative gas lighting system;
9	"(iv) a luminaire designed explicitly
10	for lighting for theatrical purposes, includ-
11	ing performance, stage, film production,
12	and video production;
13	"(v) a luminaire designed as theme
14	elements in theme or amusement parks
15	and that cannot be used in most general
16	lighting applications;
17	"(vi) a luminaire designed explicitly
18	for hazardous locations meeting the re-
19	quirements of Underwriters Laboratories
20	Standard 844–2006, 'Luminaires for Use
21	in Hazardous (Classified) Locations';
22	"(vii) a residential pole-mounted lumi-
23	naire that is not rated for commercial use
24	utilizing 1 or more lamps meeting the en-
25	erey conservation standards established

1	under section 325(i) and mounted on a
2	post or pole not taller than 10.5 feet above
3	ground and not rated for a power draw of
4	more than 145 watts;
5	"(viii) a floodlight luminaire;
6	"(ix) an outdoor luminaire designed
7	for sports and recreational area use in ac-
8	cordance with IESNA RP-6 and utilizing
9	an 875 watt or greater metal halide lamp;
10	"(x) a decorative posttop luminaire
11	designed for using high intensity discharge
12	lamps with total lamp wattage of 150 or
13	less, or designed for using other lamp
14	types with total lamp wattage of 50 watts
15	or less;
16	"(xi) an area luminaire, roadway and
17	highmast luminaire, or dusk-to-dawn lumi-
18	naire designed for using high intensity dis-
19	charge lamps or pin-based compact fluores-
20	cent lamps with total lamp wattage of 100
21	or less, or other lamp types with total lamp
22	wattage of 50 watts or less; and
23	"(xii) an area luminaire, roadway and
24	highmast luminaire, or dusk-to-dawn lumi-
25	naire with a backlight rating less than 2

1	and with the maximum of the uplight or
2	glare rating 3 or less.
3	"(33) Roadway and highmast luminaire.—
4	The term 'roadway and highmast luminaire' means
5	a luminaire intended for lighting streets and road-
6	ways that—
7	"(A) is designed to mount on a pole by
8	clamping onto the exterior of a horizontal or
9	horizontally slanted, circular cross-section pipe
10	tenon;
11	"(B) has opaque tops or sides;
12	"(C) has an optical aperture that is open
13	or enclosed with a flat, sag or drop lens;
14	"(D) is mounted in a fixed position with
15	the optical aperture near horizontal, or tilted
16	up; and
17	"(E) has photometric output measured
18	using Type C photometry per IESNA LM-75-
19	01.
20	"(34) Specialty application mercury
21	VAPOR LAMP.—The term 'specialty application mer-
22	cury vapor lamp' means a mercury vapor lamp (as
23	defined in section 321) that is—

1	"(A) designed only to operate on a spe-
2	cialty application mercury vapor lamp ballast
3	(as defined in section 321); and
4	"(B) is marked and marketed for specialty
5	applications only.
6	"(35) Target efficacy rating.—The term
7	'target efficacy rating' means a measure of luminous
8	efficacy of a luminaire (as defined in NEMA LE-6-
9	2009).
10	"(36) Tubular quartz infrared heat
11	LAMP.—The term 'tubular quartz infrared heat
12	lamp' means a double-ended quartz halogen lamp
13	that—
14	"(A) is marked and marketed as an infra-
15	red heat lamp; and
16	"(B) radiates predominately in the infra-
17	red radiation range and in which the visible ra-
18	diation is not of principle interest.".
19	(b) Standards.—Section 342 of the Energy Policy
20	and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6313) is amended by
21	adding at the end the following:
22	"(g) Pole-Mounted Outdoor Luminaires.—
23	"(1) Target efficacy rating, lumen main-
24	TENANCE, AND POWER FACTOR REQUIREMENTS.—

1	"(A) DEFINITION OF MAXIMUM OF
2	UPLIGHT OR GLARE RATING.—In this para-
3	graph, the term 'maximum of uplight or glare
4	rating' means, for any specific outdoor lumi-
5	naire, the higher of the uplight rating or glare
6	rating of the luminaire.

"(B) Requirements.—Each pole-mounted outdoor luminaire manufactured on or after the date that is 3 years after the date of enactment of this subsection shall—

"(i) meet or exceed the target efficacy ratings in the following table when tested at full system input watts:

"Area, roadway or highmast luminaires

	Maximum of uplight or glare rating		
Backlight rating	0 or 1	2 or 3	4 or 5
0 or 1	38	38	38
2 or 3	38	38	42
4 or 5	38	42	43

"Decorative posttop or dusk-to-dawn luminaires

	Maximum of uplight or glare rating		
Backlight rating	0 or 1	2 or 3	4 or 5
0 or 1	25	25	25
2 or 3	25	25	28
4 or 5	25	28	28

14 "(ii) use lamps that have a minimum 15 of 0.6 lumen maintenance, as determined 16 in accordance with IESNA LM-80 for

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1	Solid State Lighting sources or calculated
2	as mean rated lamp lumens divided by ini-
3	tial rated lamp lumens for other light
4	sources; and
5	"(iii) have a power factor equal to or
6	greater than 0.9 at ballast full power, ex-
7	cept in the case of pole-mounted outdoor
8	luminaires designed for using high inten-
9	sity discharge lamps with a total rated
10	lamp wattage of 150 watts or less, which
11	shall have no power factor requirement.
12	"(2) Control requirements.—
13	"(A) In general.—Except as provided in
14	subparagraph (B), each area luminaire manu-
15	factured on or after the date that is 3 years
16	after the date of enactment of this subsection
17	shall be sold—
18	"(i) with integral controls that shall
19	have the capability of operating the lumi-
20	naire at full power and a minimum of 1 re-
21	duced power level plus off, in which case
22	the power reduction shall be at least 30
23	percent of the rated lamp power; or
24	"(ii) with internal electronics and con-
25	nective wiring or hardware (including wire

1	leads, pigtails, inserts for wires, pin bases,
2	or the equivalent) that—
3	"(I) collectively enable the area
4	luminaire, if properly connected to an
5	appropriate control system, to operate
6	at full power and a minimum of 1 re-
7	duced power level plus off, in which
8	case the reduced power level shall be
9	at least 30 percent lower than the
10	rated lamp power in response to sig-
11	nals sent by controls not integral to
12	the luminaire as sold, that may be
13	connected in the field; and
14	"(II) have connections from the
15	components that are easily accessible
16	in the luminaire housing and have in-
17	structions applicable to appropriate
18	control system connections that are
19	included with the luminaire.
20	"(B) Nonapplication.—The control re-
21	quirements of this paragraph shall not apply
22	to—
23	"(i) pole-mounted outdoor luminaires
24	utilizing probe-start metal halide lamps
25	with rated lamp power greater than 500

1	watts operating in non-base-up positions;
2	or
3	"(ii) pole-mounted outdoor luminaires
4	utilizing induction lamps.
5	"(C) Integral photosensors.—Each
6	pole-mounted outdoor luminaire sold with an in-
7	tegral photosensor shall use an electronic-type
8	photocell.
9	"(3) Rulemaking commencing not later
10	THAN 60 DAYS AFTER THE DATE OF ENACTMENT.—
11	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60
12	days after the date of enactment of this sub-
13	section, the Secretary shall initiate a rule-
14	making procedure to determine whether the
15	standards in effect for pole-mounted outdoor
16	luminaires should be amended.
17	"(B) FINAL RULE.—
18	"(i) Publication.—The Secretary
19	shall publish a final rule containing the
20	amendments, if any, not later than Janu-
21	ary 1, 2013, or the date that is 33 months
22	after the date of enactment of this sub-
23	section, whichever is later.
24	"(ii) Application.—Any amend-
25	ments shall apply to products manufac-

1 tured on or after January 1, 2016, or the 2 date that is 3 years after the final rule is 3 published in the Federal Register, whichever is later. "(C) REVIEW.— 6 "(i) IN GENERAL.—As part of the 7 rulemaking required under this paragraph, 8 the Secretary shall review and may amend 9 the definitions, exclusions, test procedures, power factor standards, lumen mainte-10 11 nance requirements, labeling requirements, 12 and additional control requirements, in-13 cluding dimming functionality, for all pole-14 mounted outdoor luminaires. "(ii) Factors.—The review of the 15 16 Secretary shall include consideration of— 17 "(I) obstacles to compliance and 18 whether compliance is evaded by sub-19 stitution of nonregulated luminaires 20 for regulated luminaires or allowing luminaires to comply with the stand-21 22 ards established under this part based 23 on use of non-standard lamps, as pro-24 vided for in section 25 343(a)(10)(D)(i)(II);

1	"(II) statistical data relating to
2	pole-mounted outdoor luminaires
3	that—
4	"(aa) the Secretary shall re-
5	quest not later than 120 days
6	after the date of enactment of
7	this subsection from all identifi-
8	able manufacturers of pole-
9	mounted outdoor luminaires, di-
10	rectly from manufacturers of
11	pole-mounted outdoor luminaires
12	or, in the case of members of the
13	National Electrical Manufactur-
14	ers Association, from the Na-
15	tional Electrical Manufacturers
16	Association;
17	"(bb) is considered nec-
18	essary for the rulemaking; and
19	"(cc) shall be made publicly
20	available in a manner that does
21	not reveal manufacturer identity
22	or confidential business informa-
23	tion, in a timely manner for dis-
24	cussion at any public proceeding
25	at which comment is solicited

1	from the public in connection
2	with the rulemaking, except that
3	nothing in this subclause restricts
4	the Secretary from seeking addi-
5	tional information during the
6	course of the rulemaking; and
7	"(III) phased-in effective dates
8	for different types of pole-mounted
9	outdoor luminaires that are submitted
10	to the Secretary in the manner pro-
11	vided for in section 325(p)(4), except
12	that the phased-in effective dates shall
13	not be subject to subparagraphs (A)
14	and (B) of this paragraph.
15	"(4) Rulemaking before february 1,
16	2015.—
17	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than Feb-
18	ruary 1, 2015, the Secretary shall initiate a
19	rulemaking procedure to determine whether the
20	standards in effect for pole-mounted outdoor
21	luminaires should be amended.
22	"(B) Final rule.—
23	"(i) Publication.—The Secretary
24	shall publish a final rule containing the

1	amendments, if any, not later than Janu-
2	ary 1, 2018.
3	"(ii) Application.—Any amend-
4	ments shall apply to products manufac-
5	tured on or after January 1, 2021.
6	"(C) Review.—
7	"(i) In general.—As part of the
8	rulemaking required under this paragraph,
9	the Secretary shall review and may amend
10	the definitions, exclusions, test procedures,
11	power factor standards, lumen mainte-
12	nance requirements, labeling requirements,
13	and additional control requirements, in-
14	cluding dimming functionality, for all pole-
15	mounted outdoor luminaires.
16	"(ii) Factors.—The review of the
17	Secretary shall include consideration of—
18	"(I) obstacles to compliance and
19	whether compliance is evaded by sub-
20	stitution of nonregulated luminaires
21	for regulated luminaires or allowing
22	luminaires to comply with the stand-
23	ards established under this part based
24	on use of nonstandard lamps, as pro-

1	vided	for	in	section
2	343(a)(1	0)(D)(i)(I	I);	
3	"(II	() statistic	eal data	relating to
4	pole-mou	inted or	atdoor	luminaires
5	that—			
6		"(aa) tl	ne Secr	retary con-
7	side	ers necess	sary for	the rule-
8	mak	xing and	requests	s not later
9	thai	n June 1,	2015, fr	om all iden-
10	tifia	ıble manı	ufacturer	s of pole-
11	mou	unted out	door lun	ninaires, di-
12	rect	ly from	manufa	acturers of
13	pole	e-mounted	outdoor	luminaires
14	and	, in the o	ease of 1	members of
15	the	National	Electrica	al Manufac-
16	ture	ers Associa	ation, fr	om the Na-
17	tion	al Electr	ical Ma	nufacturers
18	Asse	ociation; a	nd	
19		"(bb) sha	all be ma	ade publicly
20	avai	ilable in a	manne	r that does
21	not	reveal ma	anufactu	rer identity
22	or (confidentia	ıl busine	ess informa-
23	tion	, in a tim	ely man	ner for dis-
24	cuss	sion at an	y public	proceeding
25	at	which co	mment	is solicited

1	from the public in connection
2	with the rulemaking, except that
3	nothing in this subclause restricts
4	the Secretary from seeking addi-
5	tional information during the
6	course of the rulemaking; and
7	"(III) phased-in effective dates
8	for different types of pole-mounted
9	outdoor luminaires that are submitted
10	to the Secretary in the manner pro-
11	vided for in section 325(p)(4), except
12	that the phased-in effective dates shall
13	not be subject to subparagraphs (A)
14	and (B) of this paragraph.
15	"(h) High Light Output Double-Ended Quartz
16	HALOGEN LAMPS.—A high light output double-ended
17	quartz halogen lamp manufactured on or after January
18	1, 2016, shall have a minimum efficiency of—
19	"(1) 27 LPW for lamps with a minimum rated
20	initial lumen value greater than 6,000 and a max-
21	imum initial lumen value of 15,000; and
22	"(2) 34 LPW for lamps with a rated initial
23	lumen value greater than 15,000 and less than
24	40,000.

1	"(i) General Purpose Mercury Vapor Lamps.—
2	A general purpose mercury vapor lamp shall not be manu-
3	factured on or after January 1, 2016.".
4	(c) Test Methods.—Section 343(a) of the Energy
5	Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6314(a)) is
6	amended by adding at the end the following:
7	"(10) Pole-mounted outdoor
8	LUMINAIRES.—
9	"(A) In general.—With respect to pole-
10	mounted outdoor luminaires to which standards
11	are applicable under section 342, the test meth-
12	ods shall be those described in this paragraph.
13	"(B) Photometric test methods.—For
14	photometric test methods, the methods shall be
15	those specified in—
16	"(i) IES LM-10-96—Approved
17	Method for Photometric Testing of Out-
18	door Fluorescent Luminaires;
19	"(ii) IES LM-31-95—Photometric
20	Testing of Roadway Luminaires Using In-
21	candescent Filament and High Intensity
22	Discharge Lamps;
23	"(iii) IES LM-79-08—Electrical and
24	Photometric Measurements of Solid-State
25	Lighting Products:

1	"(iv) IES LM-80-08—Measuring
2	Lumen Maintenance of LED Light
3	Sources;
4	"(v) IES LM-40-01—Life testing of
5	Fluorescent Lamps;
6	"(vi) IES LM-47-01—Life testing of
7	High Intensity Discharge (HID) Lamps;
8	"(vii) IES LM-49-01—Life testing of
9	Incandescent Filament Lamps;
10	"(viii) IES LM-60-01—Life testing
11	of Low Pressure Sodium Lamps; and
12	"(ix) IES LM-65-01—Life testing of
13	Compact Fluorescent Lamps.
14	"(C) Outdoor backlight, uplight, and
15	GLARE RATINGS.—For determining outdoor
16	backlight, uplight, and glare ratings, the classi-
17	fications shall be those specified in IES TM-
18	15-07—Luminaire Classification System for
19	Outdoor Luminaires with Addendum A.
20	"(D) TARGET EFFICACY RATING.—For de-
21	termining the target efficacy rating, the proce-
22	dures shall be those specified in NEMA LE $-6-$
23	2009—'Procedure for Determining Target Effi-
24	cacy Ratings (TER) for Commercial, Industrial

1	and Residential Luminaires,' and all of the fol-
2	lowing additional criteria (as applicable):
3	"(i) The target efficacy rating shall be
4	calculated based on the initial rated lamp
5	lumen and rated watt value equivalent to
6	the lamp with which the luminaire is
7	shipped, or, if not shipped with a lamp, the
8	target efficacy rating shall be calculated
9	based on—
10	"(I) the applicable standard lamp
11	as established by subparagraph (E);
12	or
13	"(II) a lamp that has a rated
14	wattage and rated initial lamp lumens
15	that are the same as the maximum
16	lamp watts and minimum lamp
17	lumens labeled on the luminaire, in
18	accordance with section 344(f).
19	"(ii) If the luminaire is designed to
20	operate at more than 1 nominal input volt-
21	age, the ballast input watts used in the
22	target efficacy rating calculation shall be
23	the highest value for any nominal input
24	voltage for which the ballast is designed to
25	operate.

1	"(iii) If the luminaire is a pole-mount-
2	ed outdoor luminaire that contains a bal-
3	last that is labeled to operate lamps of
4	more than 1 wattage, the luminaire shall—
5	"(I) meet or exceed the target ef-
6	ficacy rating in the table in section
7	342(g)(1)(B) calculated in accordance
8	with clause (i) for all lamp wattages
9	that the ballast is labeled to operate;
10	"(II) be constructed such that
11	the luminaire is only capable of ac-
12	cepting lamp wattages that produce
13	target efficacy ratings that meet or
14	exceed the values in the table in sec-
15	tion 342(g)(1)(B) calculated in ac-
16	cordance with clause (i); or
17	"(III) be rated and prominently
18	labeled for a maximum lamp wattage
19	that results in the luminaire meeting
20	or exceeding the target efficacy rating
21	in the table in section $342(g)(1)(B)$
22	when calculated and labeled in accord-
23	ance with clause (i).
24	"(iv) If the luminaire is a pole-mount-
25	ed outdoor luminaire that is constructed

1 such that the luminaire will only accept an 2 ANSI Type-O lamp, the luminaire shall 3 meet or exceed the target efficacy rating in 4 the table in section 342(g)(1)(B) when tested with an ANSI Type-O lamp. 6 "(v) If the luminaire is a pole-mount-7 ed outdoor luminaire that is marketed to 8 use a coated lamp, the luminaire shall 9 meet or exceed the target efficacy rating in the table in section 342(g)(1)(B) when 10 11 tested with a coated lamp. 12 "(vi) If the luminaire is a solid state 13 lighting pole-mounted outdoor luminaire, 14 the luminaire shall have its target efficacy 15 rating calculated based on the combination 16 of absolute luminaire lumen values and 17 input wattages that results in the lowest 18 possible target efficacy rating for any light 19 source, including ranges of correlated color 20 temperature and color rendering index val-21 ues, for which the luminaire is marketed 22 by the luminaire manufacturer. 23 "(vii) If the luminaire is a high inten-24 sity discharge pole-mounted outdoor lumi-

naire using a ballast that has a ballast fac-

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1	tor different than 1, the target efficacy
2	rating of the luminaire shall be calculated
3	by using the input watts needed to operate
4	the lamp at full rated power, or by using
5	the actual ballast factor of the ballast.
6	"(E) TABLE OF STANDARD LAMP TYPES.—
7	"(i) In General.—The National
8	Electrical Manufacturers Association shall
9	develop and publish not later than 1 year
10	after the date of enactment of this para-
11	graph and thereafter maintain and regu-
12	larly update on a publicly available website
13	a table including standard lamp types by
14	wattage, ANSI code, initial lamp lumen
15	value, lamp orientation, and lamp finish.
16	"(ii) Initial lamp lumen values.—
17	The initial lamp lumen values shall—
18	"(I) be determined according to a
19	uniform rating method and tested ac-
20	cording to accepted industry practice
21	for each lamp that is considered for
22	inclusion in the table; and
23	"(II) in each case contained in
24	the table, be the lowest known initial
25	lamp lumen value that approximates

1	typical performance in representative
2	general outdoor lighting applications.
3	"(iii) Actions.—On completion of the
4	table required by this subparagraph and
5	any updates to the table—
6	"(I) the National Electrical Man-
7	ufacturers Association shall submit
8	the table and any updates to the Sec-
9	retary; and
10	"(II) the Secretary shall—
11	"(aa) publish the table and
12	any comments that are included
13	with the table in the Federal
14	Register;
15	"(bb) solicit public comment
16	on the table; and
17	"(cc) not later than 180
18	days after date of receipt of the
19	table, after considering the fac-
20	tors described in clause (iv),
21	adopt the table for purposes of
22	this part.
23	"(iv) Rebuttable Presumption.—
24	"(I) IN GENERAL.—There shall
25	be a rebuttable presumption that the

1	table and any updates to the table
2	transmitted by the National Electrical
3	Manufacturers Association to the Sec-
4	retary meets the requirements of this
5	subparagraph, which may be rebutted
6	only if the Secretary finds by clear
7	and substantial evidence that—
8	"(aa) data have been in-
9	cluded that were not the result of
10	having applied applicable indus-
11	try standards; or
12	"(bb) lamps have been in-
13	cluded in the table that are not
14	representative of general outdoor
15	lighting applications.
16	"(II) Conforming Changes.—
17	If subclause (I) applies, the National
18	Electrical Manufacturers Association
19	shall conform the published table of
20	the Association to the table adopted
21	by the Secretary.
22	"(v) Nontransmission of table.—
23	If the National Electrical Manufacturers
24	Association has not submitted the table to
25	the Secretary within 1 year after the date

1	of enactment of this paragraph, the Sec-
2	retary shall develop, publish, and adopt the
3	table not later than 18 months after the
4	date of enactment of this paragraph and
5	update the table regularly.
6	"(F) Amendment of test methods.—
7	The Secretary may, by rule, adopt new or addi-
8	tional test methods for pole-mounted outdoor
9	luminaires in accordance with this section.".
10	(d) Labeling.—Section 344 of the Energy Policy
11	and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6315) is amended—
12	(1) in subsections (d) and (e), by striking "(h)"
13	each place it appears and inserting "(i)";
14	(2) by redesignating subsections (f) through (k)
15	as subsections (g) through (l), respectively; and
16	(3) by inserting after subsection (e) the fol-
17	lowing:
18	"(f) Labeling Rules for Pole-Mounted Out-
19	DOOR LUMINAIRES.—
20	"(1) In general.—Subject to subsection (i),
21	not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of
22	this paragraph, the Secretary shall establish labeling
23	rules under this part for pole-mounted outdoor
24	luminaires manufactured on or after the date on

1	which standards established under section 342(g)
2	take effect.
3	"(2) Rules.—The rules shall require—
4	"(A) for pole-mounted outdoor luminaires,
5	that the luminaire, be marked with a capital
6	letter 'P' printed within a circle in a con-
7	spicuous location on both the pole-mounted lu-
8	minaire and its packaging to indicate that the
9	pole-mounted outdoor luminaire conforms to the
10	energy conservation standards established in
11	section 342(g); and
12	"(B) for pole-mounted outdoor luminaires
13	that do not contain a lamp in the same ship-
14	ment with the luminaire and are tested with a
15	lamp with a lumen rating exceeding the stand-
16	ard lumen value specified in the table estab-
17	lished under section 343(a)(10)(E), that the lu-
18	minaire—
19	"(i) be labeled to identify the min-
20	imum rated initial lamp lumens and max-
21	imum rated lamp watts required to con-
22	form to the energy conservation standards
23	established in section 342(g); and
24	"(ii) bear a statement on the label
25	that states: 'Product violates Federal law

1	when installed with a standard lamp. Use
2	only a lamp that meets the minimum
3	lumens and maximum watts provided on
4	this label.'.".
5	(e) Preemption.—Section 345 of the Energy Policy
6	and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6316) is amended—
7	(1) in the first sentence of subsection (a), by
8	striking "The" and inserting "Except as otherwise
9	provided in this section, the"; and
10	(2) by adding at the end the following:
11	"(i) Pole-Mounted Outdoor Luminaires and
12	HIGH LIGHT OUTPUT DOUBLE-ENDED QUARTZ HALO-
13	GEN LAMPS.—
14	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in para-
15	graph (2), section 327 shall apply to pole-mounted
16	outdoor luminaires and high light output double-
17	ended quartz halogen lamps to the same extent and
18	in the same manner as the section applies under
19	part B.
20	"(2) State energy conservation stand-
21	ARDS.—Any State energy conservation standard that
22	is adopted on or before January 1, 2015, pursuant
23	to a statutory requirement to adopt efficiency stand-

- 1 ard for reducing outdoor lighting energy use enacted
- prior to January 31, 2008, shall not be preempted.".

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