116TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

### H.R.6334

#### AN ACT

To authorize United States participation in the Coalition for Epidemic Preparedness Innovations, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- ${\it 2\ tives\ of\ the\ United\ States\ of\ America\ in\ Congress\ assembled},$

#### 1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- This Act may be cited as the "Securing America
- 3 From Epidemics Act".

#### 4 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

- 5 Congress finds the following:
- 6 (1) Due to increasing population and popu-7 lation density, human mobility, and ecological 8 change, emerging infectious diseases pose a real and
- 9 growing threat to global health security.
- 10 (2) While vaccines can be the most effective 11 tools to protect against infectious disease, the ab-12 sence of vaccines for a new or emerging infectious 13 disease with epidemic potential is a major health se-14 curity threat globally, posing catastrophic potential 15 human and economic costs.
  - (3) The 1918 influenza pandemic infected 500,000,000 people, or about one-third of the world's population at the time, and killed 50,000,000 people—more than died in the First World War.
  - (4) The economic cost of an outbreak can be devastating. The estimated global cost today, should an outbreak of the scale of the 1918 influenza pandemic strike, is 5 percent of global gross domestic product.

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- 1 (5) Even regional outbreaks can have enormous 2 human costs and substantially disrupt the global 3 economy and cripple regional economies. The 2014 4 Ebola outbreak in West Africa killed more than 5 11,000 and cost \$2,800,000,000 in losses in the af-6 fected countries alone.
  - (6) The ongoing novel coronavirus outbreak reflects the pressing need for quick and effective vaccine and countermeasure development.
  - (7) While the need for vaccines to address emerging epidemic threats is acute, markets to drive the necessary development of vaccines to address them—a complex and expensive undertaking—are very often critically absent. Also absent are mechanisms to ensure access to those vaccines by those who need them when they need them.
  - (8) To address this global vulnerability and the deficit of political commitment, institutional capacity, and funding, in 2017, several countries and private partners launched the Coalition for Epidemic Preparedness Innovations (CEPI). CEPI's mission is to stimulate, finance, and coordinate development of vaccines for high-priority, epidemic-potential threats in cases where traditional markets do not exist or cannot create sufficient demand.

- 1 (9) Through funding of partnerships, CEPI
  2 seeks to bring priority vaccines candidates through
  3 the end of phase II clinical trials, as well as support
  4 vaccine platforms that can be rapidly deployed
  5 against emerging pathogens.
  - (10) CEPI has funded multiple partners to develop vaccine candidates against the novel coronavirus, responding to this urgent, global requirement.
- 10 (11) Support for and participation in CEPI is 11 an important part of the United States own health 12 security and biodefense and is in the national inter-13 est, complementing the work of many Federal agen-14 cies and providing significant value through global 15 partnership and burden-sharing.

#### 16 SEC. 3. AUTHORIZATION FOR UNITED STATES PARTICIPA-

17 **TION.** 

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- 18 (a) IN GENERAL.—The United States is hereby au-19 thorized to participate in the Coalition for Epidemic Pre-
- 20 paredness Innovations.
- 21 (b) BOARD OF DIRECTORS.—The Administrator for
- 22 the United States Agency for International Development
- 23 is authorized to designate an employee to serve on the In-
- 24 vestors Council of the Coalition for Epidemic Prepared-
- 25 ness Innovations as a representative of the United States.

1	(c) Reports to Congress.—Not later than 180					
2	days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Presi-					
3	dent shall submit to the appropriate congressional com-					
4	mittees a report that includes the following:					
5	(1) The United States planned contributions to					
6	the Coalition for Epidemic Preparedness Innovations					
7	and the mechanisms for United States participation					
8	in such Coalition.					
9	(2) The manner and extent to which the United					
10	States shall participate in the governance of the Co-					
11	alition.					
12	(3) How participation in the Coalition supports					
13	relevant United States Government strategies and					
14	programs in health security and biodefense, to in-					
15	clude—					
16	(A) the Global Health Security Strategy					
17	required by section 7058(c)(3) of division K of					
18	the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2018					
19	(Public Law 115–141);					
20	(B) the applicable revision of the National					
21	Biodefense Strategy required by section 1086 of					
22	the National Defense Authorization Act for Fis-					
23	cal Year 2017 (6 U.S.C. 104); and					
24	(C) any other relevant decision-making					
25	process for policy, planning, and spending in					

1	global health security, biodefense, or vaccine					
2	and medical countermeasures research and de-					
3	velopment.					
4	(d) United States Contributions.—Amounts au-					
5	thorized to be appropriated under chapters 1 and 10 o					
6	part I and chapter 4 of part II of the Foreign Assistance					
7	Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2151 et seq.) are authorized to					
8	be made available for United States contributions to the					
9	Coalition for Epidemic Preparedness Innovations.					
10	(e) Appropriate Congressional Committees.—					
11	In this section, the term "appropriate congressional com-					
12	mittees" means—					
13	(1) the Committee on Foreign Affairs and the					
14	Committee on Appropriations of the House of Rep-					
15	resentatives; and					
16	(2) the Committee on Foreign Relations and					
17	the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate.					
	Passed the House of Representatives November 18, 2020.					

Attest:

Clerk.

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