116TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H.R.672

To require the Secretary of Education to provide a deferment for certain student loans of Federal employees subject to a lapse in discretionary appropriations, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JANUARY 17, 2019

Mr. LOEBSACK (for himself, Mr. HARDER of California, and Mr. GOMEZ) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Education and Labor

A BILL

- To require the Secretary of Education to provide a deferment for certain student loans of Federal employees subject to a lapse in discretionary appropriations, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. DEFERMENT FOR FEDERAL EMPLOYEES DUR-

- 4 ING GOVERNMENT SHUTDOWNS.
- 5 (a) Shutdown Deferment.—
- 6 (1) EFFECT ON PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST.—
 7 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a bor8 rower of a loan made, insured, or guaranteed under

part B or D of the Higher Education Act of 1965
$(20~\mathrm{U.S.C.}\ 1071$ et seq.; 1087a et seq.) who meets
the requirements described in paragraph (2) shall be
eligible for a deferment, during which—
(A) periodic installments of principal need
not be paid; and
(B) in the case of a—
(i) loan made, insured, or guaranteed
under part B of the Higher Education Act
of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1071 et seq.), the Sec-
retary shall repay any interest owed; and
(ii) loan made under part D of the
Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C.
1087a et seq.), interest shall not accrue.
(2) ELIGIBILITY.—A borrower of a loan de-
scribed in paragraph (1) shall be eligible for a
deferment during any period of not less than 15 con-
secutive days in which such borrower is an employee
of a Federal agency that is subject to a lapse in dis-
cretionary appropriations.
(b) Effect of Shutdown Deferment on Public
Service Loan Forgiveness.—

1

the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C.

1087e(m))—
(A) the Secretary of Education shall treat
an unpaid monthly payment on a loan during a
deferment period described in subsection $(a)(2)$
as if such monthly payment has been made on
the loan if, during the reimbursement period,
the borrower of such loan—
(i) makes each monthly payment due
on such loan for each month of such reim-
bursement period;
(ii) pays the amount of such unpaid
monthly payment; and
(iii) not later than the day on which
the first monthly payment is due during
such reimbursement period, pays any other
amounts that were due on such loan as of
the day before the deferment period; and

(B) with respect to a borrower who does
not pay the amount of any such unpaid monthly payment on a loan during such reimbursement period, beginning with the first monthly
payment due on such loan after the reimbursement period and for each succeeding monthly
payment until the total amount of such unpaid

monthly payments on such loan are paid, the
amount of the monthly payment due on such
loan shall equal—
(i) the monthly payment due on such
loan for such month; and
(ii) the amount of 1 unpaid monthly
payment on such loan.
(2) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of paragraph
(1):
(A) Deferment.—The term "deferment
period", when used with respect to a borrower,
means the period in which the borrower is in
the deferment described in subsection $(a)(2)$.
(B) MONTHLY PAYMENT.—The term
"monthly payment" means a monthly payment
under section $455(m)(1)(A)$ of the Higher Edu-
cation Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C.
1087e(m)(1)(A)).
(C) Reimbursement period.—The term
"reimbursement period", when used with re-
spect to a borrower, means a period that is—
(i) equal to the number of days of the
deferment period of the borrower; and

(ii) begins on the day after such
 deferment period.