

118TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION

H. R. 7927

To require a study on the manner and extent to which the tariff rates assessed by the United States on imports are regressive or demonstrate a gender bias, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

APRIL 10, 2024

Mrs. FLETCHER (for herself, Ms. PETTERSEN, Mr. QUIGLEY, Mr. BEYER, Ms. KUSTER, and Mr. KILMER) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means

A BILL

To require a study on the manner and extent to which the tariff rates assessed by the United States on imports are regressive or demonstrate a gender bias, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Pink Tariffs Study
5 Act”.

6 **SEC. 2. STUDY REQUIRED.**

7 Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment
8 of this Act, the Secretary of the Treasury, in coordination

1 with the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Pro-
2 tection and in consultation with the United States Inter-
3 national Trade Commission and the United States Trade
4 Representative, shall submit to Congress the results of a
5 study of the manner and extent to which the rates of tar-
6 iffs and the revenues collected from tariffs assessed by the
7 United States on articles imported into the customs terri-
8 tory of the United States—

9 (1) are regressive with respect to the degree to
10 which the burden of such tariffs fall on consumers
11 (such as tariffs that are higher on mass-market con-
12 sumer goods as compared to analogous luxury
13 goods), including an analysis of the manner and ex-
14 tent to which importation of the applicable goods is
15 foregone to avoid the burden of the tariff;

16 (2) demonstrate a bias with respect to the gen-
17 der of consumer most likely to import such article
18 (such as tariffs that are higher on clothing classifi-
19 able as women’s clothing as compared to men’s
20 clothing);

21 (3) a disaggregation of the effects described in
22 paragraphs (1) and (2) with respect to consumers
23 based on gender and household type (single-parent
24 families, double-parent families, other) and income
25 level; and

1 (4) such other matters relating to the manner
2 and extent to which the burden of tariffs assessed by
3 the United States on imports falls unequally among
4 certain categories of consumers or households in the
5 United States as the Secretary may determine rel-
6 evant.

○