116TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

S. 2226

To require States to carry out congressional redistricting in accordance with plans developed and enacted into law by independent redistricting commissions, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

July 23, 2019

Ms. Klobuchar (for herself, Mr. Casey, Mr. Coons, Mrs. Feinstein, Ms. Smith, Mr. Van Hollen, and Mr. Sanders) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

A BILL

- To require States to carry out congressional redistricting in accordance with plans developed and enacted into law by independent redistricting commissions, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
 - 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; FINDING OF CONSTITUTIONAL
 - 4 AUTHORITY; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 5 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 6 "Redistricting Reform Act of 2019".
- 7 (b) Finding of Constitutional Authority.—
- 8 Congress finds that it has the authority to establish the

- 1 terms and conditions States must follow in carrying out
- 2 congressional redistricting after an apportionment of
- 3 Members of the House of Representatives because—
- 4 (1) the authority granted to Congress under ar-
- 5 ticle I, section 4 of the Constitution of the United
- 6 States gives Congress the power to enact laws gov-
- 7 erning the time, place, and manner of elections for
- 8 Members of the House of Representatives; and
- 9 (2) the authority granted to Congress under
- section 5 of the fourteenth amendment to the Con-
- stitution gives Congress the power to enact laws to
- enforce section 2 of such amendment, which requires
- Representatives to be apportioned among the several
- 14 States according to their number.
- 15 (c) Table of Contents of
- 16 this Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title; finding of constitutional authority; table of contents.

TITLE I—REQUIREMENTS FOR CONGRESSIONAL REDISTRICTING

- Sec. 101. Requiring congressional redistricting to be conducted through plan of independent State commission.
- Sec. 102. Ban on mid-decade redistricting.

TITLE II—INDEPENDENT REDISTRICTING COMMISSIONS

- Sec. 201. Independent redistricting commission.
- Sec. 202. Establishment of selection pool of individuals eligible to serve as members of commission.
- Sec. 203. Criteria for redistricting plan by independent commission; public notice and input.
- Sec. 204. Establishment of related entities.
- Sec. 205. Report on diversity of memberships of independent redistricting commissions.

TITLE III—ROLE OF COURTS IN DEVELOPMENT OF REDISTRICTING PLANS

Sec. 301. Enactment of plan developed by 3-judge court.

Sec. 302. Special rule for redistricting conducted under order of Federal court.

TITLE IV—ADMINISTRATIVE AND MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

- Sec. 401. Payments to States for carrying out redistricting.
- Sec. 402. Civil enforcement.
- Sec. 403. State apportionment notice defined.
- Sec. 404. No effect on elections for State and local office.
- Sec. 405. Effective date.

1 TITLE I—REQUIREMENTS FOR

2 CONGRESSIONAL REDIS-

3 TRICTING

- 4 SEC. 101. REQUIRING CONGRESSIONAL REDISTRICTING TO
- 5 BE CONDUCTED THROUGH PLAN OF INDE-
- 6 PENDENT STATE COMMISSION.
- 7 (a) Use of Plan Required.—Notwithstanding any
- 8 other provision of law, and except as provided in sub-
- 9 section (c) and subsection (d), any congressional redis-
- 10 tricting conducted by a State shall be conducted in accord-
- 11 ance with—
- 12 (1) the redistricting plan developed and enacted
- into law by the independent redistricting commission
- established in the State, in accordance with title II;
- 15 or
- 16 (2) if a plan developed by such commission is
- 17 not enacted into law, the redistricting plan developed
- and enacted into law by a 3-judge court, in accord-
- ance with section 301.
- 20 (b) Conforming Amendment.—Section 22(c) of
- 21 the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the fifteenth and

- 1 subsequent decennial censuses and to provide for an ap-
- 2 portionment of Representatives in Congress", approved
- 3 June 18, 1929 (2 U.S.C. 2a(c)), is amended by striking
- 4 "in the manner provided by the law thereof" and insert-
- 5 ing: "in the manner provided by the Redistricting Reform
- 6 Act of 2019".
- 7 (c) Special Rule for Existing Commissions.—
- 8 Subsection (a) does not apply to any State in which, under
- 9 law in effect continuously on and after the date of the
- 10 enactment of this Act, congressional redistricting is car-
- 11 ried out in accordance with a plan developed and approved
- 12 by an independent redistricting commission which is in
- 13 compliance with each of the following requirements:
- 14 (1) Publicly available application proc-
- 15 Ess.—Membership on the commission is open to citi-
- zens of the State through a publicly available appli-
- 17 cation process.
- 18 (2) Disqualifications for government
- 19 SERVICE AND POLITICAL APPOINTMENT.—Individ-
- 20 uals who, for a covered period of time as established
- by the State, hold or have held public office, individ-
- 22 uals who are or have been candidates for elected
- public office, and individuals who serve or have
- served as an officer, employee, or paid consultant of

- a campaign committee of a candidate for public office are disqualified from serving on the commission.
 - (3) Screening for conflicts.—Individuals who apply to serve on the commission are screened through a process that excludes persons with conflicts of interest from the pool of potential commissioners.
 - (4) Multi-partisan composition.—Membership on the commission represents those who are affiliated with the two political parties whose candidates received the most votes in the most recent Statewide election for Federal office held in the State, as well as those who are unaffiliated with any party or who are affiliated with political parties other than the two political parties whose candidates received the most votes in the most recent Statewide election for Federal office held in the State.
 - (5) CRITERIA FOR REDISTRICTING.—Members of the commission are required to meet certain criteria in the map drawing process, including minimizing the division of communities of interest and a ban on drawing maps to favor a political party.
 - (6) Public input.—Public hearings are held and comments from the public are accepted before a final map is approved.

- 1 (7) Broad-based support for approval of
 2 Final plan.—The approval of the final redistricting
 3 plan requires a majority vote of the members of the
 4 commission, including the support of at least one
 5 member of each of the following:
 - (A) Members who are affiliated with the political party whose candidate received the most votes in the most recent Statewide election for Federal office held in the State.
 - (B) Members who are affiliated with the political party whose candidate received the second most votes in the most recent Statewide election for Federal office held in the State.
 - (C) Members who not affiliated with any political party or who are affiliated with political parties other than the political parties described in subparagraphs (A) and (B).
- (d) Treatment of State of Iowa.—Subsection (a) does not apply to the State of Iowa, so long as congressional redistricting in such State is carried out in accordance with a plan developed by the Iowa Legislative Services Agency with the assistance of a Temporary Redistricting Advisory Commission, under law which was in effect for the most recent congressional redistricting carried out in the State prior to the date of the enactment of this

- 1 Act and which remains in effect continuously on and after
- 2 the date of the enactment of this Act.

3 SEC. 102. BAN ON MID-DECADE REDISTRICTING.

- 4 A State that has been redistricted in accordance with
- 5 this Act and a State described in section 101(c) or section
- 6 101(d) may not be redistricted again until after the next
- 7 apportionment of Representatives under section 22(a) of
- 8 the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the fifteenth and
- 9 subsequent decennial censuses and to provide for an ap-
- 10 portionment of Representatives in Congress", approved
- 11 June 18, 1929 (2 U.S.C. 2a), unless a court requires the
- 12 State to conduct such subsequent redistricting to comply
- 13 with the Constitution of the United States, the Voting
- 14 Rights Act of 1965 (52 U.S.C. 10301 et seq.), the Con-
- 15 stitution of the State, or the terms or conditions of this
- 16 Act.

17 TITLE II—INDEPENDENT

18 REDISTRICTING COMMISSIONS

- 19 SEC. 201. INDEPENDENT REDISTRICTING COMMISSION.
- 20 (a) Appointment of Members.—
- 21 (1) In General.—The nonpartisan agency es-
- tablished or designated by a State under section
- 23 204(a) shall establish an independent redistricting
- commission for the State, which shall consist of 15
- 25 members appointed by the agency as follows:

1	(A) Not later than October 1 of a year
2	ending in the numeral zero, the agency shall, at
3	a public meeting held not earlier than 15 days
4	after notice of the meeting has been given to
5	the public, first appoint 6 members as follows:
6	(i) The agency shall appoint 2 mem-
7	bers on a random basis from the majority
8	category of the approved selection pool (as
9	described in section 202(b)(1)(A)).
10	(ii) The agency shall appoint 2 mem-
11	bers on a random basis from the minority
12	category of the approved selection pool (as
13	described in section 202(b)(1)(B)).
14	(iii) The agency shall appoint 2 mem-
15	bers on a random basis from the inde-
16	pendent category of the approved selection
17	pool (as described in section 202(b)(1)(C)).
18	(B) Not later than November 15 of a year
19	ending in the numeral zero, the members ap-
20	pointed by the agency under subparagraph (A)
21	shall, at a public meeting held not earlier than
22	15 days after notice of the meeting has been
23	given to the public, then appoint 9 members as

follows:

1	(i) The members shall appoint 3 mem-
2	bers from the majority category of the ap-
3	proved selection pool (as described in sec-
4	tion $202(b)(1)(A)$).
5	(ii) The members shall appoint 3
6	members from the minority category of the
7	approved selection pool (as described in
8	section $202(b)(1)(B)$).
9	(iii) The members shall appoint 3
10	members from the independent category of
11	the approved selection pool (as described in
12	section $202(b)(1)(C)$.
13	(2) Rules for appointment of members
14	APPOINTED BY FIRST MEMBERS.—
15	(A) AFFIRMATIVE VOTE OF AT LEAST 4
16	MEMBERS.—The appointment of any of the 9
17	members of the independent redistricting com-
18	mission who are appointed by the first members
19	of the commission pursuant to subparagraph
20	(B) of paragraph (1), as well as the designation
21	of alternates for such members pursuant to
22	subparagraph (B) of paragraph (3) and the ap-
23	pointment of alternates to fill vacancies pursu-
24	ant to subparagraph (B) of paragraph (4), shall
25	require the affirmative vote of at least 4 of the

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members appointed by the nonpartisan agency under subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1), including at least one member from each of the categories referred to in such subparagraph.

- (B) Ensuring diversity.—In appointing the 9 members pursuant to subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1), as well as in designating alternates pursuant to subparagraph (B) of paragraph (3) and in appointing alternates to fill vacancies pursuant to subparagraph (B) of paragraph (4), the first members of the independent redistricting commission shall ensure that the membership is representative of the demographic groups (including racial, ethnic, economic, and gender) and geographic regions of the State, and provides racial, ethnic, and language minorities protected under the Voting Rights Act of 1965 with a meaningful opportunity to participate in the development of the State's redistricting plan.
- (3) Designation of alternates to serve in case of vacancies.—
- 23 (A) Members appointed by agency.—
 24 At the time the agency appoints the members
 25 of the independent redistricting commission

under subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1) from each of the categories referred to in such subparagraph, the agency shall, on a random basis, designate 2 other individuals from such category to serve as alternate members who may be appointed to fill vacancies in the commission in accordance with paragraph (4).

(B) Members appointed by first members.—At the time the members appointed by the agency appoint the other members of the independent redistricting commission under subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1) from each of the categories referred to in such subparagraph, the members shall, in accordance with the special rules described in paragraph (2), designate 2 other individuals from such category to serve as alternate members who may be appointed to fill vacancies in the commission in accordance with paragraph (4).

(4) Appointment of alternates to serve in case of vacancies.—

(A) Members appointed by agency.—If a vacancy occurs in the commission with respect to a member who was appointed by the nonpartisan agency under subparagraph (A) of

paragraph (1) from one of the categories referred to in such subparagraph, the agency shall fill the vacancy by appointing, on a random basis, one of the 2 alternates from such category who was designated under subparagraph (A) of paragraph (3). At the time the agency appoints an alternate to fill a vacancy under the previous sentence, the agency shall designate, on a random basis, another individual from the same category to serve as an alternate member, in accordance with subparagraph (A) of paragraph (3).

(B) Members appointed by first members.—If a vacancy occurs in the commission with respect to a member who was appointed by the first members of the commission under subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1) from one of the categories referred to in such subparagraph, the first members shall, in accordance with the special rules described in paragraph (2), fill the vacancy by appointing one of the 2 alternates from such category who was designated under subparagraph (B) of paragraph (3). At the time the first members appoint an alternate to fill a vacancy under the previous sentence, the first

- members shall, in accordance with the special rules described in paragraph (2), designate another individual from the same category to serve as an alternate member, in accordance with subparagraph (B) of paragraph (3).
 - (5) Removal.—A member of the independent redistricting commission may be removed by a majority vote of the remaining members of the commission if it is shown by a preponderance of the evidence that the member is not eligible to serve on the commission under section 202(a).
- 12 (b) Procedures for Conducting Commission 13 Business.—
 - (1) CHAIR.—Members of an independent redistricting commission established under this section shall select by majority vote one member who was appointed from the independent category of the approved selection pool described in section 202(b)(1)(C) to serve as chair of the commission. The commission may not take any action to develop a redistricting plan for the State under section 203 until the appointment of the commission's chair.
 - (2) REQUIRING MAJORITY APPROVAL FOR ACTIONS.—The independent redistricting commission of a State may not publish and disseminate any

- draft or final redistricting plan, or take any other action, without the approval of at least—
 - (A) a majority of the whole membership of the commission; and
 - (B) at least one member of the commission appointed from each of the categories of the approved selection pool described in section 202(b)(1).
 - (3) QUORUM.—A majority of the members of the commission shall constitute a quorum.

(c) Staff; Contractors.—

- (1) STAFF.—Under a public application process in which all application materials are available for public inspection, the independent redistricting commission of a State shall appoint and set the pay of technical experts, legal counsel, consultants, and such other staff as it considers appropriate, subject to State law.
- (2) Contractors.—The independent redistricting commission of a State may enter into such contracts with vendors as it considers appropriate, subject to State law, except that any such contract shall be valid only if approved by the vote of a majority of the members of the commission, including at least one member appointed from each of the cat-

1	egories of the approved selection pool described in
2	section $202(b)(1)$.
3	(3) Reports on expenditures for polit-
4	ICAL ACTIVITY.—
5	(A) Report by applicants.—Each indi-
6	vidual who applies for a position as an employee
7	of the independent redistricting commission and
8	each vendor who applies for a contract with the
9	commission shall, at the time of applying, file
10	with the commission a report summarizing—
11	(i) any expenditure for political activ-
12	ity made by such individual or vendor dur-
13	ing the 10 most recent calendar years; and
14	(ii) any income received by such indi-
15	vidual or vendor during the 10 most recent
16	calendar years which is attributable to an
17	expenditure for political activity.
18	(B) Annual reports by employees
19	AND VENDORS.—Each person who is an em-
20	ployee or vendor of the independent redis-
21	tricting commission shall, not later than one
22	year after the person is appointed as an em-
23	ployee or enters into a contract as a vendor (as
24	the case may be) and annually thereafter for

each year during which the person serves as an

1	employee or a vendor, file with the commission
2	a report summarizing the expenditures and in-
3	come described in subparagraph (A) during the
4	10 most recent calendar years.
5	(C) Expenditure for political activ-
6	ITY DEFINED.—In this paragraph, the term
7	"expenditure for political activity" means a dis-
8	bursement for any of the following:
9	(i) An independent expenditure, as de-
10	fined in section 301(17) of the Federal
11	Election Campaign Act of 1971 (52 U.S.C.
12	30101(17)).
13	(ii) An electioneering communication,
14	as defined in section 304(f)(3) of such Act
15	(52 U.S.C. 30104(f)(3)) or any other pub-
16	lic communication, as defined in section
17	301(22) of such Act (52 U.S.C.
18	30101(22)) that would be an electioneering
19	communication if it were a broadcast,
20	cable, or satellite communication.
21	(iii) Any dues or other payments to
22	trade associations or organizations de-
23	scribed in section 501(e) of the Internal
24	Revenue Code of 1986 and exempt from

tax under section 501(a) of such Code that

are, or could reasonably be anticipated to
be, used or transferred to another association or organization for a use described in
paragraph (1), (2), or (4) of section 501(c)
of such Code.

(4) Goal of impartiality.—The commission shall take such steps as it considers appropriate to ensure that any staff appointed under this subsection, and any vendor with whom the commission enters into a contract under this subsection, will work in an impartial manner, and may require any person who applies for an appointment to a staff position or for a vendor's contract with the commission to provide information on the person's history of political activity beyond the information on the person's expenditures for political activity provided in the reports required under paragraph (3) (including donations to candidates, political committees, and political parties) as a condition of the appointment or the contract.

(5) Disqualification; waiver.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The independent redistricting commission may not appoint an individual as an employee, and may not enter into a contract with a vendor, if the individual or

vendor meets any of the criteria for the disqualification of an individual from serving as a member of the commission which are set forth in section 202(a)(2).

(B) WAIVER.—The commission may by unanimous vote of its members waive the appli-

(B) WAIVER.—The commission may by unanimous vote of its members waive the application of subparagraph (A) to an individual or a vendor after receiving and reviewing the report filed by the individual or vendor under paragraph (3).

(d) TERMINATION.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—The independent redistricting commission of a State shall terminate on the earlier of—
 - (A) June 14 of the next year ending in the numeral zero; or
 - (B) the day on which the nonpartisan agency established or designated by a State under section 204(a) has, in accordance with section 202(b)(1), submitted a selection pool to the Select Committee on Redistricting for the State established under section 204(b).
- (2) Preservation of records.—The State shall ensure that the records of the independent redistricting commission are retained in the appro-

1	priate State archive in such manner as may be nec-
2	essary to enable the State to respond to any civil ac-
3	tion brought with respect to congressional redis-
4	tricting in the State.
5	SEC. 202. ESTABLISHMENT OF SELECTION POOL OF INDI-
6	VIDUALS ELIGIBLE TO SERVE AS MEMBERS
7	OF COMMISSION.
8	(a) Criteria for Eligibility.—
9	(1) In general.—An individual is eligible to
10	serve as a member of an independent redistricting
11	commission if the individual meets each of the fol-
12	lowing criteria:
13	(A) As of the date of appointment, the in-
14	dividual is registered to vote in elections for
15	Federal office held in the State.
16	(B) During the 3-year period ending on
17	the date of the individual's appointment, the in-
18	dividual has been continuously registered to
19	vote with the same political party, or has not
20	been registered to vote with any political party.
21	(C) The individual submits to the non-
22	partisan agency established or designated by a
23	State under section 203, at such time and in
24	such form as the agency may require, an appli-
25	cation for inclusion in the selection pool under

1	this section, and includes with the application a
2	written statement, with an attestation under
3	penalty of perjury, containing the following in-
4	formation and assurances:
5	(i) The full current name and any
6	former names of, and the contact informa-
7	tion for, the individual, including an elec-
8	tronic mail address, the address of the in-
9	dividual's residence, mailing address, and
10	telephone numbers.
11	(ii) The individual's race, ethnicity,
12	gender, age, date of birth, and household
13	income for the most recent taxable year.
14	(iii) The political party with which the
15	individual is affiliated, if any.
16	(iv) The reason or reasons the indi-
17	vidual desires to serve on the independent
18	redistricting commission, the individual's
19	qualifications, and information relevant to
20	the ability of the individual to be fair and
21	impartial, including, but not limited to—
22	(I) any involvement with, or fi-
23	nancial support of, professional, so-
24	cial, political, religious, or community
25	organizations or causes; and

1	(II) the individual's employment
2	and educational history.
3	(v) An assurance that the individual
4	shall commit to carrying out the individ-
5	ual's duties under this Act in an honest,
6	independent, and impartial fashion, and to
7	upholding public confidence in the integrity
8	of the redistricting process.
9	(vi) An assurance that, during the
10	covered periods described in paragraph (3),
11	the individual has not taken and will not
12	take any action which would disqualify the
13	individual from serving as a member of the
14	commission under paragraph (2).
15	(2) Disqualifications.—An individual is not
16	eligible to serve as a member of the commission if
17	any of the following applies during any of the cov-
18	ered periods described in paragraph (3):
19	(A) The individual or (in the case of the
20	covered periods described in subparagraphs (A)
21	and (B) of paragraph (3)) an immediate family
22	member of the individual holds public office or
23	is a candidate for election for public office.
24	(B) The individual or (in the case of the
25	covered periods described in subparagraphs (A)

and (B) of paragraph (3)) an immediate family member of the individual serves as an officer of a political party or as an officer, employee, or paid consultant of a campaign committee of a candidate for public office or of any political action committee (as determined in accordance with the law of the State).

- (C) The individual or (in the case of the covered periods described in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph (3)) an immediate family member of the individual holds a position as a registered lobbyist under the Lobbying Disclosure Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.) or an equivalent State or local law.
- (D) The individual or (in the case of the covered periods described in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph (3)) an immediate family member of the individual is an employee of an elected public official, a contractor with the government of the State, or a donor to the campaign of any candidate for public office or to any political action committee (other than a donor who, during any of such covered periods, gives an aggregate amount of \$1,000 or less to

1	the campaigns of all candidates for all public
2	offices and to all political action committees).
3	(E) The individual or (in the case of the
4	covered periods described in subparagraphs (A)
5	and (B) of paragraph (3)) an immediate family
6	member of the individual paid a civil money
7	penalty or criminal fine, or was sentenced to a
8	term of imprisonment, for violating any provi-
9	sion of the Federal Election Campaign Act of
10	1971 (52 U.S.C. 30101 et seq.).
11	(F) The individual or (in the case of the
12	covered periods described in subparagraphs (A)
13	and (B) of paragraph (3)) an immediate family
14	member of the individual is an agent of a for-
15	eign principal under the Foreign Agents Reg-
16	istration Act of 1938, as amended (22 U.S.C.
17	611 et seq.).
18	(3) Covered Periods Described.—In this
19	subsection, the term "covered period" means, with
20	respect to the appointment of an individual to the
21	commission, any of the following:
22	(A) The 10-year period ending on the date
23	of the individual's appointment.
24	(B) The period beginning on the date of
25	the individual's appointment and ending on Au-

gust 14 of the next year ending in the numeral one.

- (C) The 10-year period beginning on the day after the last day of the period described in subparagraph (B).
- 6 (4) Immediate family member defined.—In
 7 this subsection, the term "immediate family mem8 ber" means, with respect to an individual, a father,
 9 stepfather, mother, stepmother, son, stepson, daugh10 ter, stepdaughter, brother, stepbrother, sister, step11 sister, husband, wife, father-in-law, or mother-in12 law.
- (b) Development and Submission of SelectionPool.—
 - (1) In General.—Not later than June 15 of each year ending in the numeral zero, the non-partisan agency established or designated by a State under section 204(a) shall develop and submit to the Select Committee on Redistricting for the State established under section 204(b) a selection pool of 36 individuals who are eligible to serve as members of the independent redistricting commission of the State under this Act, consisting of individuals in the following categories:

1	(A) A majority category, consisting of 12
2	individuals who are affiliated with the political
3	party whose candidate received the most votes
4	in the most recent Statewide election for Fed-
5	eral office held in the State.
6	(B) A minority category, consisting of 12
7	individuals who are affiliated with the political
8	party whose candidate received the second most
9	votes in the most recent Statewide election for
10	Federal office held in the State.
11	(C) An independent category, consisting of
12	12 individuals who are not affiliated with either
13	of the political parties described in subpara-
14	graph (A) or subparagraph (B).
15	(2) Factors taken into account in Devel-
16	OPING POOL.—In selecting individuals for the selec-
17	tion pool under this subsection, the nonpartisan
18	agency shall—
19	(A) ensure that the pool is representative
20	of the demographic groups (including racial,
21	ethnic, economic, and gender) and geographic
22	regions of the State, and includes applicants
23	who would allow racial, ethnic, and language

minorities protected under the Voting Rights

Act of 1965 a meaningful opportunity to par-

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- ticipate in the development of the State's redistricting plan; and
 - (B) take into consideration the analytical skills of the individuals selected in relevant fields (including mapping, data management, law, community outreach, demography, and the geography of the State) and their ability to work on an impartial basis.
 - (3) Interviews of applicants.—To assist the nonpartisan agency in developing the selection pool under this subsection, the nonpartisan agency shall conduct interviews of applicants under oath. If an individual is included in a selection pool developed under this section, all of the interviews of the individual shall be transcribed and the transcriptions made available on the nonpartisan agency's website contemporaneously with release of the report under paragraph (6).
 - (4) DETERMINATION OF POLITICAL PARTY AF-FILIATION OF INDIVIDUALS IN SELECTION POOL.— For purposes of this section, an individual shall be considered to be affiliated with a political party only if the nonpartisan agency is able to verify (to the greatest extent possible) the information the individual provides in the application submitted under

- subsection (a)(1)(D), including by considering additional information provided by other persons with knowledge of the individual's history of political activity.
 - (5) Encouraging residents to apply for inclusion in Pool.—The nonpartisan agency shall take such steps as may be necessary to ensure that residents of the State across various geographic regions and demographic groups are aware of the opportunity to serve on the independent redistricting commission, including publicizing the role of the panel and using newspapers, broadcast media, and online sources, including ethnic media, to encourage individuals to apply for inclusion in the selection pool developed under this subsection.
 - (6) Report on establishment of select Tion Pool.—At the time the nonpartisan agency submits the selection pool to the Select Committee on Redistricting under paragraph (1), it shall publish and post on the agency's public website a report describing the process by which the pool was developed, and shall include in the report a description of how the individuals in the pool meet the eligibility criteria of subsection (a) and of how the pool reflects

the factors the agency is required to take into consideration under paragraph (2).

(7) Public comment on selection pool.—
During the 14-day period which begins on the date the nonpartisan agency publishes the report under paragraph (6), the agency shall accept comments from the public on the individuals included in the selection pool. The agency shall post all such comments contemporaneously on the nonpartisan agency's website and shall transmit them to the Select Committee on Redistricting immediately upon the expiration of such period.

(8) ACTION BY SELECT COMMITTEE.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—Not earlier than 15 days and not later than 21 days after receiving the selection pool from the nonpartisan agency under paragraph (1), the Select Committee on Redistricting shall—
 - (i) approve the pool as submitted by the nonpartisan agency, in which case the pool shall be considered the approved selection pool for purposes of section 201(a)(1); or
 - (ii) reject the pool, in which case the nonpartisan agency shall develop and sub-

1 mit a replacement selection pool in accord-2 ance with subsection (c).

- (B) INACTION DEEMED REJECTION.—If the Select Committee on Redistricting fails to approve or reject the pool within the deadline set forth in subparagraph (A), the Select Committee shall be deemed to have rejected the pool for purposes of such subparagraph.
- 9 (c) Development of Replacement Selection 10 Pool.—

(1) In General.—If the Select Committee on Redistricting rejects the selection pool submitted by the nonpartisan agency under subsection (b), not later than 14 days after the rejection, the nonpartisan agency shall develop and submit to the Select Committee a replacement selection pool, under the same terms and conditions that applied to the development and submission of the selection pool under paragraphs (1) through (7) of subsection (b). The replacement pool submitted under this paragraph may include individuals who were included in the rejected selection pool submitted under subsection (b), so long as at least one of the individuals in the replacement pool was not included in such rejected pool.

1	(2) ACTION BY SELECT COMMITTEE.—
2	(A) In general.—Not later than 21 days
3	after receiving the replacement selection pool
4	from the nonpartisan agency under paragraph
5	(1), the Select Committee on Redistricting
6	shall—
7	(i) approve the pool as submitted by
8	the nonpartisan agency, in which case the
9	pool shall be considered the approved selec-
10	tion pool for purposes of section 201(a)(1);
11	or
12	(ii) reject the pool, in which case the
13	nonpartisan agency shall develop and sub-
14	mit a second replacement selection pool in
15	accordance with subsection (d).
16	(B) INACTION DEEMED REJECTION.—If
17	the Select Committee on Redistricting fails to
18	approve or reject the pool within the deadline
19	set forth in subparagraph (A), the Select Com-
20	mittee shall be deemed to have rejected the pool
21	for purposes of such subparagraph.
22	(d) Development of Second Replacement Se-
23	LECTION POOL.—
24	(1) In general.—If the Select Committee on
25	Redistricting rejects the replacement selection pool

1 submitted by the nonpartisan agency under sub-2 section (c), not later than 14 days after the rejec-3 tion, the nonpartisan agency shall develop and sub-4 mit to the Select Committee a second replacement 5 selection pool, under the same terms and conditions 6 that applied to the development and submission of 7 the selection pool under paragraphs (1) through (7) 8 of subsection (b). The second replacement selection 9 pool submitted under this paragraph may include in-10 dividuals who were included in the rejected selection pool submitted under subsection (b) or the rejected 12 replacement selection pool submitted under sub-13 section (c), so long as at least one of the individuals 14 in the replacement pool was not included in either 15 such rejected pool.

(2) ACTION BY SELECT COMMITTEE.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Not earlier than 15 days and not later than 14 days after receiving the second replacement selection pool from the nonpartisan agency under paragraph (1), the Select Committee on Redistricting shall—

(i) approve the pool as submitted by the nonpartisan agency, in which case the pool shall be considered the approved selec-

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1	tion pool for purposes of section 201(a)(1);
2	or
3	(ii) reject the pool.
4	(B) INACTION DEEMED REJECTION.—If
5	the Select Committee on Redistricting fails to
6	approve or reject the pool within the deadline
7	set forth in subparagraph (A), the Select Com-
8	mittee shall be deemed to have rejected the pool
9	for purposes of such subparagraph.
10	(C) EFFECT OF REJECTION.—If the Select
11	Committee on Redistricting rejects the second
12	replacement pool from the nonpartisan agency
13	under paragraph (1), the redistricting plan for
14	the State shall be developed and enacted in ac-
15	cordance with title III.
16	SEC. 203. CRITERIA FOR REDISTRICTING PLAN BY INDE-
17	PENDENT COMMISSION; PUBLIC NOTICE AND
18	INPUT.
19	(a) Development of Redistricting Plan.—
20	(1) Criteria.—In developing a redistricting
21	plan of a State, the independent redistricting com-
22	mission of a State shall establish single-member con-
23	gressional districts using the following criteria as set
24	forth in the following order of priority:

- 1 (A) Districts shall comply with the United 2 States Constitution, including the requirement 3 that they equalize total population.
 - (B) Districts shall comply with the Voting Rights Act of 1965 (52 U.S.C. 10301 et seq.) and all applicable Federal laws.
 - (C) Districts shall provide racial, ethnic, and language minorities with an equal opportunity to participate in the political process and to elect candidates of choice and shall not dilute or diminish their ability to elect candidates of choice whether alone or in coalition with others.
 - (D) Districts shall respect communities of interest, neighborhoods, and political subdivisions to the extent practicable and after compliance with the requirements of subparagraphs (A) through (C). A community of interest is defined as an area with recognized similarities of interests, including but not limited to ethnic, racial, economic, social, cultural, geographic, or historic identities. The term communities of interest may, in certain circumstances, include political subdivisions such as counties, municipalities, or school districts, but shall not include

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1	common relationships with political parties or
2	political candidates.
3	(2) No favoring or disfavoring of polit-
4	ICAL PARTIES.—Except as may be required to meet
5	the criteria described in paragraph (1), the redis-
6	tricting plan developed by the independent redis-
7	tricting commission shall not, when considered on a
8	Statewide basis, unduly favor or disfavor any polit-
9	ical party.
10	(3) Factors prohibited from consider-
11	ATION.—In developing the redistricting plan for the
12	State, the independent redistricting commission may
13	not take into consideration any of the following fac-
14	tors, except to the extent necessary to comply with
15	the criteria described in subparagraphs (A) through
16	(C) of paragraph (1), paragraph (2), and to enable
17	the redistricting plan to be measured against the ex-
18	ternal metrics described in subsection (e):
19	(A) The residence of any Member of the
20	House of Representatives or candidate.

- House of Representatives or candidate.
- (B) The political party affiliation or voting history of the population of a district.
- 23 (b) Public Notice and Input.—
- 24 (1) USE OF OPEN AND TRANSPARENT PROC-25 ESS.—The independent redistricting commission of a

State shall hold each of its meetings in public, shall solicit and take into consideration comments from the public, including proposed maps, throughout the process of developing the redistricting plan for the State, and shall carry out its duties in an open and transparent manner which provides for the widest public dissemination reasonably possible of its proposed and final redistricting plans.

(2) Website.—

- (A) FEATURES.—The commission shall maintain a public internet site which is not affiliated with or maintained by the office of any elected official and which includes the following features:
 - (i) General information on the commission, its role in the redistricting process, and its members, including contact information.
 - (ii) An updated schedule of commission hearings and activities, including deadlines for the submission of comments.
 - (iii) All draft redistricting plans developed by the commission under subsection(c) and the final redistricting plan developed under subsection(d), including the

1	accompanying written evaluation under
2	subsection (e).
3	(iv) All comments received from the
4	public on the commission's activities, in-
5	cluding any proposed maps submitted
6	under paragraph (1).
7	(v) Live streaming of commission
8	hearings and an archive of previous meet-
9	ings, including any documents considered
10	at any such meeting, which the commission
11	shall post not later than 24 hours after the
12	conclusion of the meeting.
13	(vi) Access in an easily useable format
14	to the demographic and other data used by
15	the commission to develop and analyze the
16	proposed redistricting plans, together with
17	access to any software used to draw maps
18	of proposed districts and to any reports
19	analyzing and evaluating any such maps.
20	(vii) A method by which members of
21	the public may submit comments and pro-
22	posed maps directly to the commission.
23	(viii) All records of the commission,
24	including all communications to or from

1	members, employees, and contractors re-
2	garding the work of the commission.
3	(ix) A list of all contractors receiving
4	payment from the commission, together
5	with the annual disclosures submitted by
6	the contractors under section 201(c)(3).
7	(x) A list of the names of all individ-
8	uals who submitted applications to serve
9	on the commission, together with the appli-
10	cations submitted by individuals included
11	in any selection pool, except that the com-
12	mission may redact from such applications
13	any financial or other personally sensitive
14	information.
15	(B) SEARCHABLE FORMAT.—The commis-
16	sion shall ensure that all information posted
17	and maintained on the site under this para-
18	graph, including information and proposed
19	maps submitted by the public, shall be main-
20	tained in an easily searchable format.
21	(C) Deadline.—The commission shall en-
22	sure that the public internet site under this
23	paragraph is operational (in at least a prelimi-
24	nary format) not later than January 1 of the
25	year ending in the numeral one.

1	(3) Public comment period.—The commis-
2	sion shall solicit, accept, and consider comments
3	from the public with respect to its duties, activities,
4	and procedures at any time during the period—
5	(A) which begins on January 1 of the year
6	ending in the numeral one; and
7	(B) which ends 7 days before the date of
8	the meeting at which the commission shall vote
9	on approving the final redistricting plan for en-
10	actment into law under subsection (d)(2).
11	(4) Meetings and hearings in various geo-
12	GRAPHIC LOCATIONS.—To the greatest extent prac-
13	ticable, the commission shall hold its meetings and
14	hearings in various geographic regions and locations
15	throughout the State.
16	(5) Multiple language requirements for
17	ALL NOTICES.—The commission shall make each no-
18	tice which is required to be posted and published
19	under this section available in any language in which
20	the State (or any jurisdiction in the State) is re-
21	quired to provide election materials under section
22	203 of the Voting Rights Act of 1965.
23	(c) Development and Publication of Prelimi-
24	NARY REDISTRICTING PLAN.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—Prior to developing and publishing a final redistricting plan under subsection (d), the independent redistricting commission of a State shall develop and publish a preliminary redistricting plan.
 - (2) Minimum public hearings and opportunity for comment prior to development.—
 - (A) Three Hearings required.—Prior to developing a preliminary redistricting plan under this subsection, the commission shall hold not fewer than 3 public hearings at which members of the public may provide input and comments regarding the potential contents of redistricting plans for the State and the process by which the commission will develop the preliminary plan under this subsection.
 - (B) MINIMUM PERIOD FOR NOTICE PRIOR TO HEARINGS.—Not fewer than 14 days prior to the date of each hearing held under this paragraph, the commission shall post notices of the hearing on the website maintained under subsection (b)(2), and shall provide for the publication of such notices in newspapers of general circulation throughout the State. Each such no-

tice shall specify the date, time, and location of the hearing.

(C) Submission of Plans and Maps by Members of the public may submit maps or portions of maps for consideration by the commission. As provided under subsection (b)(2)(A), any such map shall be made publicly available on the commission's website and open to comment.

(3) Publication of Preliminary Plan.—

- (A) In GENERAL.—The commission shall post the preliminary redistricting plan developed under this subsection, together with a report that includes the commission's responses to any public comments received under subsection (b)(3), on the website maintained under subsection (b)(2), and shall provide for the publication of each such plan in newspapers of general circulation throughout the State.
- (B) MINIMUM PERIOD FOR NOTICE PRIOR TO PUBLICATION.—Not fewer than 14 days prior to the date on which the commission posts and publishes the preliminary plan under this paragraph, the commission shall notify the public through the website maintained under sub-

section (b)(2), as well as through publication of notice in newspapers of general circulation throughout the State, of the pending publication of the plan.

(4) MINIMUM POST-PUBLICATION PERIOD FOR PUBLIC COMMENT.—The commission shall accept and consider comments from the public (including through the website maintained under subsection (b)(2)) with respect to the preliminary redistricting plan published under paragraph (3), including proposed revisions to maps, for not fewer than 30 days after the date on which the plan is published.

(5) Post-publication hearings.—

- (A) Three Hearings required.—After posting and publishing the preliminary redistricting plan under paragraph (3), the commission shall hold not fewer than 3 public hearings in different geographic areas of the State at which members of the public may provide input and comments regarding the preliminary plan.
- (B) MINIMUM PERIOD FOR NOTICE PRIOR TO HEARINGS.—Not fewer than 14 days prior to the date of each hearing held under this paragraph, the commission shall post notices of the hearing on the website maintained under

- subsection (b)(2), and shall provide for the publication of such notices in newspapers of general circulation throughout the State. Each such notice shall specify the date, time, and location of the hearing.
- 6 (6)PERMITTING MULTIPLE PRELIMINARY 7 PLANS.—At the option of the commission, after de-8 veloping and publishing the preliminary redistricting 9 plan under this subsection, the commission may de-10 velop and publish subsequent preliminary redis-11 tricting plans, so long as the process for the develop-12 ment and publication of each such subsequent plan 13 meets the requirements set forth in this subsection 14 for the development and publication of the first pre-15 liminary redistricting plan.
- 16 (d) Process for Enactment of Final Redis-17 Tricting Plan.—
 - (1) IN GENERAL.—After taking into consideration comments from the public on any preliminary redistricting plan developed and published under subsection (c), the independent redistricting commission of a State shall develop and publish a final redistricting plan for the State.
- 24 (2) MEETING; FINAL VOTE.—Not later than the 25 deadline specified in subsection (h), the commission

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- shall hold a public hearing at which the members of the commission shall vote on approving the final plan for enactment into law.
 - (3) Publication of Plan and accompanying Materials.—Not fewer than 14 days before the date of the meeting under paragraph (2), the commission shall provide the following information to the public through the website maintained under subsection (b)(2), as well as through newspapers of general circulation throughout the State:
 - (A) The final redistricting plan, including all relevant maps.
 - (B) A report by the commission to accompany the plan which provides the background for the plan and the commission's reasons for selecting the plan as the final redistricting plan, including responses to the public comments received on any preliminary redistricting plan developed and published under subsection (c).
 - (C) Any dissenting or additional views with respect to the plan of individual members of the commission.
 - (4) ENACTMENT.—The final redistricting plan developed and published under this subsection shall be deemed to be enacted into law if—

- 1 (A) the plan is approved by a majority of 2 the whole membership of the commission; and
- 3 (B) at least one member of the commission
- 4 appointed from each of the categories of the ap-
- 5 proved selection pool described in section
- 6 202(b)(1) approves the plan.
- 7 (e) Written Evaluation of Plan Against Ex-
- 8 TERNAL METRICS.—The independent redistricting com-
- 9 mission shall include with each redistricting plan devel-
- 10 oped and published under this section a written evaluation
- 11 that measures each such plan against external metrics
- 12 which cover the criteria set forth in paragraph (1) of sub-
- 13 section (a), including the impact of the plan on the ability
- 14 of communities of color to elect candidates of choice,
- 15 measures of partisan fairness using multiple accepted
- 16 methodologies, and the degree to which the plan preserves
- 17 or divides communities of interest.
- 18 (f) TIMING.—The independent redistricting commis-
- 19 sion of a State may begin its work on the redistricting
- 20 plan of the State upon receipt of relevant population infor-
- 21 mation from the Bureau of the Census, and shall approve
- 22 a final redistricting plan for the State in each year ending
- 23 in the numeral one not later than 8 months after the date
- 24 on which the State receives the State apportionment notice
- 25 or October 1, whichever occurs later.

1 SEC. 204. ESTABLISHMENT OF RELATED ENTITIES.

2	(a) Establishment or Designation of Non-
3	PARTISAN AGENCY OF STATE LEGISLATURE.—
4	(1) In general.—Each State shall establish a
5	nonpartisan agency in the legislative branch of the
6	State government to appoint the members of the
7	independent redistricting commission for the State
8	in accordance with section 201.
9	(2) Nonpartisanship described.—For pur-
10	poses of this subsection, an agency shall be consid-
11	ered to be nonpartisan if under law the agency—
12	(A) is required to provide services on a
13	nonpartisan basis;
14	(B) is required to maintain impartiality;
15	and
16	(C) is prohibited from advocating for the
17	adoption or rejection of any legislative proposal.
18	(3) Training of members appointed to
19	COMMISSION.—Not later than January 15 of a year
20	ending in the numeral one, the nonpartisan agency
21	established or designated under this subsection shall
22	provide the members of the independent redistricting
23	commission with initial training on their obligations
24	as members of the commission, including obligations
25	under the Voting Rights Act of 1965 and other ap-
26	plicable laws.

- established or designated under this subsection shall adopt and publish regulations, after notice and opportunity for comment, establishing the procedures that the agency will follow in fulfilling its duties under this Act, including the procedures to be used in vetting the qualifications and political affiliation of applicants and in creating the selection pools, the randomized process to be used in selecting the initial members of the independent redistricting commission, and the rules that the agency will apply to ensure that the agency carries out its duties under this Act in a maximally transparent, publicly accessible, and impartial manner.
 - (5) Designation of existing agency.—At its option, a State may designate an existing agency in the legislative branch of its government to appoint the members of the independent redistricting commission plan for the State under this Act, so long as the agency meets the requirements for non-partisanship under this subsection.
 - (6) TERMINATION OF AGENCY SPECIFICALLY ESTABLISHED FOR REDISTRICTING.—If a State does not designate an existing agency under paragraph (5) but instead establishes a new agency to serve as

- the nonpartisan agency under this section, the new agency shall terminate upon the enactment into law of the redistricting plan for the State.
 - (7) Preservation of records.—The State shall ensure that the records of the nonpartisan agency are retained in the appropriate State archive in such manner as may be necessary to enable the State to respond to any civil action brought with respect to congressional redistricting in the State.
 - (8) DEADLINE.—The State shall meet the requirements of this subsection not later than each October 15 of a year ending in the numeral nine.
- 13 (b) Establishment of Select Committee on Re-14 districting.—
 - (1) In General.—Each State shall appoint a Select Committee on Redistricting to approve or disapprove a selection pool developed by the independent redistricting commission for the State under section 202.
 - (2) APPOINTMENT.—The Select Committee on Redistricting for a State under this subsection shall consist of the following members:
- 23 (A) One member of the upper house of the 24 State legislature, who shall be appointed by the

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1	leader of the party with the greatest number of
2	seats in the upper house.
3	(B) One member of the upper house of the
4	State legislature, who shall be appointed by the
5	leader of the party with the second greatest
6	number of seats in the upper house.
7	(C) One member of the lower house of the
8	State legislature, who shall be appointed by the
9	leader of the party with the greatest number of
10	seats in the lower house.
11	(D) One member of the lower house of the
12	State legislature, who shall be appointed by the
13	leader of the party with the second greatest
14	number of seats in the lower house.
15	(3) Special rule for states with unicam-
16	ERAL LEGISLATURE.—In the case of a State with a
17	unicameral legislature, the Select Committee on Re-
18	districting for the State under this subsection shall
19	consist of the following members:
20	(A) Two members of the State legislature
21	appointed by the chair of the political party of
22	the State whose candidate received the highest
23	percentage of votes in the most recent State-
24	wide election for Federal office held in the

State.

1	(B) Two members of the State legislature
2	appointed by the chair of the political party
3	whose candidate received the second highest
4	percentage of votes in the most recent State-
5	wide election for Federal office held in the
6	State.
7	(4) DEADLINE.—The State shall meet the re-
8	quirements of this subsection not later than each
9	January 15 of a year ending in the numeral zero.
10	SEC. 205. REPORT ON DIVERSITY OF MEMBERSHIPS OF
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11	INDEPENDENT REDISTRICTING COMMIS-
11	INDEPENDENT REDISTRICTING COMMIS-
11 12	INDEPENDENT REDISTRICTING COMMISSIONS.
111213	INDEPENDENT REDISTRICTING COMMISSIONS. Not later than May 15 of a year ending in the nu-
11 12 13 14	INDEPENDENT REDISTRICTING COMMISSIONS. Not later than May 15 of a year ending in the numeral one, the Comptroller General of the United States
11 12 13 14 15	INDEPENDENT REDISTRICTING COMMISSIONS. Not later than May 15 of a year ending in the numeral one, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to Congress a report on the extent to which
11 12 13 14 15 16	INDEPENDENT REDISTRICTING COMMISSIONS. Not later than May 15 of a year ending in the numeral one, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to Congress a report on the extent to which the memberships of independent redistricting commissions
11121314151617	INDEPENDENT REDISTRICTING COMMISSIONS. Not later than May 15 of a year ending in the numeral one, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to Congress a report on the extent to which the memberships of independent redistricting commissions for States established under this title with respect to the

TITLE III—ROLE OF COURTS IN

2 **DEVELOPMENT OF REDIS-**

3 TRICTING PLANS

- 4 SEC. 301. ENACTMENT OF PLAN DEVELOPED BY 3-JUDGE
- 5 COURT.
- 6 (a) Development of Plan.—If any of the trig-
- 7 gering events described in subsection (f) occur with re-
- 8 spect to a State—
- 9 (1) not later than December 15 of the year in
- which the triggering event occurs, the United States
- 11 district court for the applicable venue, acting
- through a 3-judge Court convened pursuant to sec-
- tion 2284 of title 28, United States Code, shall de-
- velop and publish the congressional redistricting
- plan for the State; and
- 16 (2) the final plan developed and published by
- 17 the Court under this section shall be deemed to be
- enacted on the date on which the Court publishes
- the final plan, as described in subsection (d).
- 20 (b) Applicable Venue Described.—For purposes
- 21 of this section, the "applicable venue" with respect to a
- 22 State is the District of Columbia or the judicial district
- 23 in which the capital of the State is located, as selected
- 24 by the first party to file with the court sufficient evidence

1 of the occurrence of a triggering event described in sub-2 section (f).

- (c) Procedures for Development of Plan.—
- (1) Criteria.—In developing a redistricting plan for a State under this section, the Court shall adhere to the same terms and conditions that applied (or that would have applied, as the case may be) to the development of a plan by the independent redistricting commission of the State under section 203(a).
 - (2) Access to information and records of commission.—The Court shall have access to any information, data, software, or other records and material that was used (or that would have been used, as the case may be) by the independent redistricting commission of the State in carrying out its duties under this Act.
 - (3) HEARING; PUBLIC PARTICIPATION.—In developing a redistricting plan for a State, the Court shall—
- (A) hold one or more evidentiary hearings at which interested members of the public may appear and be heard and present testimony, including expert testimony, in accordance with the rules of the Court; and

- 1 (B) consider other submissions and com-2 ments by the public, including proposals for re-3 districting plans to cover the entire State or 4 any portion of the State.
 - (4) USE OF SPECIAL MASTER.—To assist in the development and publication of a redistricting plan for a State under this section, the Court may appoint a special master to make recommendations to the Court on possible plans for the State.

(d) Publication of Plan.—

- (1) Public availability of initial plan.—
 Upon completing the development of one or more initial redistricting plans, the Court shall make the plans available to the public at no cost, and shall also make available the underlying data used by the Court to develop the plans and a written evaluation of the plans against external metrics (as described in section 203(e)).
- (2) Publication of Final Plan.—At any time after the expiration of the 14-day period which begins on the date the Court makes the plans available to the public under paragraph (1), and taking into consideration any submissions and comments by the public which are received during such period, the

- 1 Court shall develop and publish the final redis-
- 2 tricting plan for the State.
- 3 (e) Use of Interim Plan.—In the event that the
- 4 Court is not able to develop and publish a final redis-
- 5 tricting plan for the State with sufficient time for an up-
- 6 coming election to proceed, the Court may develop and
- 7 publish an interim redistricting plan which shall serve as
- 8 the redistricting plan for the State until the Court devel-
- 9 ops and publishes a final plan in accordance with this sec-
- 10 tion. Nothing in this subsection may be construed to limit
- 11 or otherwise affect the authority or discretion of the Court
- 12 to develop and publish the final redistricting plan, includ-
- 13 ing but not limited to the discretion to make any changes
- 14 the Court deems necessary to an interim redistricting
- 15 plan.
- 16 (f) Triggering Events Described.—The "trig-
- 17 gering events" described in this subsection are as follows:
- 18 (1) The failure of the State to establish or des-
- ignate a nonpartisan agency of the State legislature
- 20 under section 204(a) prior to the expiration of the
- deadline set forth in section 204(a)(5).
- 22 (2) The failure of the State to appoint a Select
- Committee on Redistricting under section 204(b)
- prior to the expiration of the deadline set forth in
- 25 section 204(b)(4).

1	(3) The failure of the Select Committee on Re-
2	districting to approve any selection pool under sec-
3	tion 202 prior to the expiration of the deadline set
4	forth for the approval of the second replacement se-
5	lection pool in section 202(d)(2).

(4) The failure of the independent redistricting commission of the State to approve a final redistricting plan for the State prior to the expiration of the deadline set forth in section 203(f).

10 SEC. 302. SPECIAL RULE FOR REDISTRICTING CONDUCTED

11 UNDER ORDER OF FEDERAL COURT.

12 If a Federal court requires a State to conduct redistricting subsequent to an apportionment of Representa-14 tives in the State in order to comply with the Constitution 15 or to enforce the Voting Rights Act of 1965, section 203 16 shall apply with respect to the redistricting, except that 17 the court may revise any of the deadlines set forth in such 18 section if the court determines that a revision is appro-19 priate in order to provide for a timely enactment of a new redistricting plan for the State.

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1 TITLE IV—ADMINISTRATIVE AND 2 MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

2	MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS
3	SEC. 401. PAYMENTS TO STATES FOR CARRYING OUT RE-
4	DISTRICTING.
5	(a) Authorization of Payments.—Subject to sub-
6	section (d), not later than 30 days after a State receives
7	a State apportionment notice, the Election Assistance
8	Commission shall, subject to the availability of appropria-
9	tions provided pursuant to subsection (e), make a payment
10	to the State in an amount equal to the product of—
11	(1) the number of Representatives to which the
12	State is entitled, as provided under the notice; and
13	(2) \$150,000.
14	(b) Use of Funds.—A State shall use the payment
15	made under this section to establish and operate the
16	State's independent redistricting commission, to imple-
17	ment the State redistricting plan, and to otherwise carry
18	out congressional redistricting in the State.
19	(c) No Payment to States With Single Mem-
20	BER.—The Election Assistance Commission shall not
21	make a payment under this section to any State which
22	is not entitled to more than one Representative under its
23	State apportionment notice.
24	(d) Requiring Submission of Selection Pool as
25	CONDITION OF PAYMENT.—

- REQUIREMENT.—Except as provided in paragraph (2) and paragraph (3), the Election As-sistance Commission may not make a payment to a State under this section until the State certifies to the Commission that the nonpartisan agency estab-lished or designated by a State under section 204(a) has, in accordance with section 202(b)(1), submitted a selection pool to the Select Committee on Redis-tricting for the State established under section 204(b).
 - (2) EXCEPTION FOR STATES WITH EXISTING COMMISSIONS.—In the case of a State which, pursuant to section 101(c), is exempt from the requirements of section 101(a), the Commission may not make a payment to the State under this section until the State certifies to the Commission that its redistricting commission meets the requirements of section 101(c).
 - (3) EXCEPTION FOR STATE OF IOWA.—In the case of the State of Iowa, the Commission may not make a payment to the State under this section until the State certifies to the Commission that it will carry out congressional redistricting pursuant to the State's apportionment notice in accordance with a plan developed by the Iowa Legislative Services

- 1 Agency with the assistance of a Temporary Redis-
- 2 tricting Advisory Commission, as provided under the
- 3 law described in section 101(d).
- 4 (e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
- 5 are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be
- 6 necessary for payments under this section.

7 SEC. 402. CIVIL ENFORCEMENT.

- 8 (a) Civil Enforcement.—
- 9 (1) ACTIONS BY ATTORNEY GENERAL.—The At-
- torney General may bring a civil action in an appro-
- priate district court for such relief as may be appro-
- priate to carry out this Act.
- 13 (2) Availability of private right of ac-
- 14 TION.—Any citizen of a State who is aggrieved by
- the failure of the State to meet the requirements of
- this Act may bring a civil action in the United
- 17 States district court for the applicable venue for
- such relief as may be appropriate to remedy the fail-
- 19 ure. For purposes of this section, the "applicable
- venue" is the District of Columbia or the judicial
- 21 district in which the capital of the State is located,
- as selected by the person who brings the civil action.
- 23 (b) Expedited Consideration.—In any action
- 24 brought forth under this section, the following rules shall
- 25 apply:

- 1 (1) The action shall be filed in the district court
 2 of the United States for the District of Columbia or
 3 for the judicial district in which the capital of the
 4 State is located, as selected by the person bringing
 5 the action.
 - (2) The action shall be heard by a 3-judge court convened pursuant to section 2284 of title 28, United States Code.
 - (3) The 3-judge court shall consolidate actions brought for relief under subsection (b)(1) with respect to the same State redistricting plan.
 - (4) A copy of the complaint shall be delivered promptly to the Clerk of the House of Representatives and the Secretary of the Senate.
 - (5) A final decision in the action shall be reviewable only by appeal directly to the Supreme Court of the United States. Such appeal shall be taken by the filing of a notice of appeal within 10 days, and the filing of a jurisdictional statement within 30 days, of the entry of the final decision.
 - (6) It shall be the duty of the district court and the Supreme Court of the United States to advance on the docket and to expedite to the greatest possible extent the disposition of the action and appeal.

- 1 (c) ATTORNEY'S FEES.—In a civil action under this
- 2 section, the court may allow the prevailing party (other
- 3 than the United States) reasonable attorney fees, includ-
- 4 ing litigation expenses, and costs.
- 5 (d) Relation to Other Laws.—
- 6 (1) RIGHTS AND REMEDIES ADDITIONAL TO
 7 OTHER RIGHTS AND REMEDIES.—The rights and
 8 remedies established by this section are in addition
 9 to all other rights and remedies provided by law, and
 10 neither the rights and remedies established by this
 11 section nor any other provision of this Act shall su12 persede, restrict, or limit the application of the Vot-
- 14 (2) VOTING RIGHTS ACT OF 1965.—Nothing in 15 this Act authorizes or requires conduct that is pro-16 hibited by the Voting Rights Act of 1965 (52 U.S.C. 17 10301 et seq.).

ing Rights Act of 1965 (52 U.S.C. 10301 et seq.).

- 18 SEC. 403. STATE APPORTIONMENT NOTICE DEFINED.
- 19 In this Act, the "State apportionment notice" means,
- 20 with respect to a State, the notice sent to the State from
- 21 the Clerk of the House of Representatives under section
- 22 22(b) of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the fif-
- 23 teenth and subsequent decennial censuses and to provide
- 24 for an apportionment of Representatives in Congress", ap-

- 1 proved June 18, 1929 (2 U.S.C. 2a), of the number of
- 2 Representatives to which the State is entitled.
- 3 SEC. 404. NO EFFECT ON ELECTIONS FOR STATE AND
- 4 LOCAL OFFICE.
- 5 Nothing in this Act or in any amendment made by
- 6 this Act may be construed to affect the manner in which
- 7 a State carries out elections for State or local office, in-
- 8 cluding the process by which a State establishes the dis-
- 9 tricts used in such elections.
- 10 SEC. 405. EFFECTIVE DATE.
- 11 This Act and the amendments made by this Act shall
- 12 apply with respect to redistricting carried out pursuant to
- 13 the decennial census conducted during 2020 or any suc-
- 14 ceeding decennial census.

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