

116TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION

S. 3189

To use proceeds from spectrum auctions to support supply chain innovation and multilateral security.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

JANUARY 14, 2020

Mr. WARNER (for himself, Mr. BURR, Mr. RUBIO, Mr. MENENDEZ, Mr. CORNYN, and Mr. BENNET) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation

A BILL

To use proceeds from spectrum auctions to support supply chain innovation and multilateral security.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. DEFINITIONS.**

4 In this Act:

5 (1) 3GPP.—The term “3GPP” means the
6 Third Generation Partnership Project.

7 (2) 5G NETWORK.—The term “5G network”
8 means a radio network as described by 3GPP Re-
9 lease 15 or higher.

(3) COMMISSION.—The term “Commission” means the Federal Communications Commission.

(5) O-RAN.—The term “O-RAN” means the Open Radio Access Network approach to standardization adopted by the O-RAN Alliance, Telecom Infra Project, or 3GPP, or any similar set of open standards for multi-vendor network equipment interoperability.

12 (6) RELEVANT COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—
13 The term “relevant committees of Congress”
14 means—

19 (C) the Committee on Homeland Security
20 and Governmental Affairs of the Senate:

11 SEC. 2. COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY SECURITY FUNDS.

12 (a) USE OF SPECTRUM AUCTION PROCEEDS.—Not-
13 withstanding section 309(j)(8)(A) of the Communications
14 Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 309(j)(8)(A)) or any other provi-
15 sion of law, with respect to any proceeds from the use of
16 a competitive bidding system by the Commission to grant
17 a license, permit, or other rights for the use of electro-
18 magnetic spectrum during the 5-year period beginning on
19 the date of this Act that would otherwise be deposited in
20 the Treasury, the Commission shall deposit—

21 (1) 5 percent of the proceeds or \$750,000,000,
22 whichever is greater, in the Public Wireless Supply
23 Chain Innovation Fund established under subsection
24 (b) of this section; and

(2) \$500,000,000 in the Multilateral Telecommunications Security Fund established under subsection (c) of this section.

4 (b) PUBLIC WIRELESS SUPPLY CHAIN INNOVATION

5 FUND.—

6 (1) ESTABLISHMENT.—

12 (B) AVAILABILITY.—

(ii) REMAINDER TO TREASURY.—Any amounts remaining in the R&D Fund after the end of the tenth fiscal year beginning after the date of enactment of this Act shall be deposited in the general fund of the Treasury.

24 (2) BORROWING AUTHORITY.—

(B) DEPOSIT OF FUNDS.—Any amounts borrowed under subparagraph (A) shall be deposited in the R&D Fund.

9 (3) USE OF FUND.—

10 (A) GRANTS.—

(B) REIMBURSEMENT OF TREASURY.—As
proceeds are deposited in the R&D Fund under

1 subsection (a)(1), the Commission shall first
2 use those proceeds to reimburse the general
3 fund of the Treasury for any amounts borrowed
4 under paragraph (2)(A) of this subsection.

5 (4) ADMINISTRATION OF FUND.—The NTIA
6 Administrator, in consultation with the Commission,
7 the Director of the National Institute of Standards
8 and Technology, the Secretary of Homeland Secu-
9 rity, the Director of the Defense Advanced Research
10 Projects Agency (commonly known as “DARPA”),
11 and the Director of the Intelligence Advanced Re-
12 search Projects Activity of the Office of the Director
13 of National Intelligence, shall establish criteria for
14 grants awarded under this subsection, and admin-
15 ister the R&D Fund, to support research and the
16 commercial application of that research, including in
17 the following areas:

18 (A) Promoting the development of tech-
19 nology, including software, hardware, and
20 microprocessing technology, that will enhance
21 competitiveness in the fifth-generation (com-
22 monly known as “5G”) and successor wireless
23 technology supply chains.

24 (B) Accelerating development and deploy-
25 ment of open interface standards-based compat-

1 ible, interoperable equipment, such as equipment
2 developed pursuant to the standards set
3 forth by organizations such as the O-RAN Alliance,
4 the Telecom Infra Project, 3GPP, the O-
5 RAN Software Community, or any successor org-
6 anizations.

7 (C) Promoting compatibility of new 5G
8 equipment with future open standards-based,
9 interoperable equipment.

10 (D) Managing integration of multi-vendor
11 network environments.

12 (E) Objective criteria to define equipment
13 as compliant with open standards for multi-ven-
14 dor network equipment interoperability.

15 (F) Promoting development and inclusion
16 of security features enhancing the integrity and
17 availability of equipment in multi-vendor net-
18 works.

19 (G) Promoting the application of network
20 function virtualization to facilitate multi-vendor
21 interoperability and a more diverse vendor mar-
22 ket.

23 (5) **TIMING.**—Not later than 1 year after the
24 date of enactment of this Act, the NTIA Adminis-

1 trator shall begin awarding grants under this sub-
2 section.

3 (6) FEDERAL ADVISORY BODY.—

4 (A) ESTABLISHMENT.—The NTIA Admin-
5 istrator shall establish a Federal advisory com-
6 mittee, in accordance with the Federal Advisory
7 Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.), composed of
8 government and private sector experts, to ad-
9 vise the NTIA Administrator on the adminis-
10 stration of the R&D Fund.

11 (B) COMPOSITION.—The advisory com-
12 mittee established under subparagraph (A) shall
13 be composed of—

- 14 (i) representatives from—
15 (I) the Commission;
16 (II) the Defense Advanced Re-
17 search Projects Administration;
18 (III) the Intelligence Advanced
19 Research Projects Activity of the Of-
20 fice of the Director of National Intel-
21 ligence;
22 (IV) the National Institute of
23 Standards and Technology;
24 (V) the Department of State;

1 (VI) the National Science Foun-
2 dation; and

3 (VII) the Department of Home-
4 land Security; and

12 (i) the strategic direction of the R&D
13 Fund; and

14 (ii) efforts of the Federal Government
15 to promote a more secure, diverse, sustain-
16 able, and competitive supply chain.

17 (7) REPORTS TO CONGRESS.—

13 (i) describes how, and to whom,
14 amounts in the R&D Fund have been de-
15 ployed;

16 (ii) details the progress of the NTIA
17 Administrator in meeting the objectives de-
18 scribed in paragraph (4); and

22 (c) MULTILATERAL TELECOMMUNICATIONS SECURITY FUND.—
23

24 (1) ESTABLISHMENT OF FUND.—

1 (A) IN GENERAL.—There is established in
2 the Treasury of the United States a trust fund
3 to be known as the “Multilateral Telecommuni-
4 cations Security Fund”.

5 (B) USE OF FUND.—Amounts deposited in
6 the Multilateral Telecommunications Security
7 Fund shall be available to the Secretary of
8 State to make expenditures under this sub-
9 section in such amounts as the Secretary of
10 State determines appropriate.

11 (C) AVAILABILITY.—

12 (i) IN GENERAL.—Amounts deposited
13 in the Multilateral Telecommunications Se-
14 curity Fund—

15 (I) shall remain available through
16 the end of the tenth fiscal year begin-
17 ning after the date of enactment of
18 this Act; and

19 (II) may only be allocated upon
20 the Secretary of State reaching an
21 agreement with foreign government
22 partners to participate in the common
23 funding mechanism described in para-
24 graph (2).

(ii) REMAINDER TO TREASURY.—Any amounts remaining in the Multilateral Telecommunications Security Fund after the end of the tenth fiscal year beginning after the date of enactment of this Act shall be deposited in the general fund of the Treasury.

1 funding mechanism established under paragraph (2),
2 including—

3 (A) any funding commitments from foreign
4 partners, including each specific amount com-
5 mitted;

6 (B) governing criteria for use of the Multi-
7 lateral Telecommunications Security Fund;

8 (C) an account of—

9 (i) how, and to whom, funds have
10 been deployed;

11 (ii) amounts remaining in the Multi-
12 lateral Telecommunications Security Fund;

13 and

14 (iii) the progress of the Secretary of
15 State in meeting the objective described in
16 paragraph (2); and

17 (D) additional authorities needed to en-
18 hance the effectiveness of the Multilateral Tele-
19 communications Security Fund in achieving the
20 security goals of the United States.

21 **SEC. 3. PROMOTING UNITED STATES LEADERSHIP IN**
22 **INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS AND COM-**
23 **MUNICATIONS STANDARDS-SETTING BODIES.**

24 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of State, the Sec-
25 retary of Commerce, and the Chairman of the Commis-

1 sion, or their designees, shall prioritize the use of Federal
2 funds to enhance representation of the United States at
3 international forums that set standards for 5G networks
4 and for future generations of wireless communications
5 networks, including—

(1) the International Telecommunication Union
(commonly known as “ITU”);

(3) the Inter-American Telecommunications Commission (commonly known as "CITEL"); and

17 (b) ANNUAL REPORT.—The Secretary of State, the
18 Secretary of Commerce, and the Chairman of the Commis-
19 sion shall jointly submit to the relevant committees of
20 Congress an annual report on the progress made under
21 subsection (a).

22 SEC. 4. HARMONIZATION.

Without unduly constraining the leadership of the
United States in spectrum allocations and services, to the
extent practicable and consistent with other provisions of

1 law, the Commission and the NTIA Administrator shall
2 seek to harmonize new spectrum allocations with global
3 spectrum allocations that can be used for deployment of
4 5G networks or successor technologies to—
5 (1) ensure international coordination of policies;
6 (2) promote greater economies of scale in the
7 domestic and international market for secure and re-
8 silient communications network equipment; and
9 (3) incentivize more efficient use of spectrum.

10 **SEC. 5. COMPATIBILITY WITH OPEN NETWORK ARCHI-
11 TURES.**

12 (a) DEVELOPMENT OF CRITERIA.—

13 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Commission shall estab-
14 lish a requirement, as part of the equipment autho-
15 rization program of the Commission, to obtain a cer-
16 tification that advanced mobile network equipment is
17 in compliance with O-RAN network architectures.

18 (2) PRIVATE SECTOR TESTING AND CERTIFI-
19 CATION.—A certification described in paragraph (1)
20 may be obtained through appropriate private sector
21 testing and certification programs.

22 (3) INDEPENDENT TESTING LABORATORIES.—
23 The Commission, in consultation with the National
24 Institute of Standards and Technology, may estab-
25 lish qualifications for independent testing labora-

1 tories to certify compliance of advanced mobile net-
2 work equipment under paragraph (1).

3 (b) CONDITION ON FUNDING.—The Commission may
4 not provide any amounts to support the purchase of 5G
5 network equipment to replace unsecure equipment or serv-
6 ices provided by any company posing a national security
7 threat to integrity of communications networks or the
8 communications supply chain, as identified by the Com-
9 mission through the process under section 54.9 of title 47,
10 Code of Federal Regulations, unless the recipient submits
11 to the Commission a plan to begin, within 7 years, to tran-
12 sition to open standards-based compatible equipment, such
13 as equipment developed pursuant to the standards set
14 forth by organizations such as the O-RAN Alliance, the
15 Telecom Infra Project, 3GPP, or any successor organiza-
16 tions, to ensure forward compatibility and open, multi-ven-
17 dor network equipment interoperability.

