

118TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION

S. 3792

To expand the functions of the National Institute of Standards and Technology to include workforce frameworks for critical and emerging technologies, to require the Director of the National Institute of Standards and Technology to develop an artificial intelligence workforce framework, and periodically review and update the National Initiative for Cybersecurity Education Workforce Framework for Cybersecurity, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

FEBRUARY 8 (legislative day, FEBRUARY 7), 2024

Mr. PETERS (for himself and Mr. SCHMITT) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation

A BILL

To expand the functions of the National Institute of Standards and Technology to include workforce frameworks for critical and emerging technologies, to require the Director of the National Institute of Standards and Technology to develop an artificial intelligence workforce framework, and periodically review and update the National Initiative for Cybersecurity Education Workforce Framework for Cybersecurity, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

1 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

2 This Act may be cited as the “Technology Workforce
3 Framework Act of 2024”.

4 **SEC. 2. WORKFORCE FRAMEWORKS FOR CRITICAL AND
5 EMERGING TECHNOLOGIES.**

6 (a) DEFINITIONS.—

7 (1) IN GENERAL.—In this section, the terms
8 “competencies”, “workforce categories”, and “work-
9 force framework” have the meanings given such
10 terms in subsection (f) of section 2 of the National
11 Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15
12 U.S.C. 272), as added by subsection (b) of this sec-
13 tion.

14 (2) AMENDMENT TO NIST ACT.—Section 2 of
15 such Act (15 U.S.C. 272) is amended by adding at
16 the end the following:

17 “(f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

18 “(1) COMPETENCIES.—The term ‘competencies’
19 means knowledge and skills.

20 “(2) WORKFORCE CATEGORIES.—The term
21 ‘workforce categories’ means a high-level grouping of
22 tasks that are performed by workers within an orga-
23 nization.

24 “(3) WORKFORCE FRAMEWORK.—The term
25 ‘workforce framework’ means a common taxonomy
26 and lexicon for any given domain that includes the

1 building blocks of tasks, knowledge, or skills that
2 can be structured to form work roles or competency
3 areas.”.

4 (b) EXPANSION OF FUNCTIONS OF DIRECTOR OF NA-
5 TIONAL INSTITUTE OF STANDARDS AND TECHNOLOGY TO
6 INCLUDE WORKFORCE FRAMEWORKS FOR CRITICAL AND
7 EMERGING TECHNOLOGIES.—Section 2(b) of such Act
8 (15 U.S.C. 272(b)) is amended—

9 (1) in paragraph (12), by striking “; and” and
10 inserting a semicolon;

11 (2) in paragraph (13), by striking the period at
12 the end and inserting “; and”; and

13 (3) by adding at the end the following:

14 “(14)(A) to develop, maintain, and provide in-
15 dustry, government, research, nonprofit, and edu-
16 cational institutions with workforce frameworks for
17 critical and emerging technologies and other science,
18 technology, engineering, and mathematics domains
19 for the purpose of bolstering scientific and technical
20 education, training, and workforce development;

21 “(B) at least once every 3 years—

22 (i) to determine if an update to any work-
23 force framework, or its components or associ-
24 ated materials, including work roles or com-

1 petency areas, provided pursuant to subparagraph (A) are appropriate; and

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3 “(ii) if the Director determines it is appropriate under clause (i), to update such frameworks and components;

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5 “(C) consider including in all workforce frameworks, or associated materials—

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7 “(i) relevant professional skills or employability skills;

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9 “(ii) relevant support or operations skills or workforce categories, work roles, and competency areas such as administration and finance, law and policy, ethics, privacy, human resources, information technology, operational technology, supply chain security, and acquisition and procurement;

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17 “(iii) information for how individuals with nontechnical or other nontraditional backgrounds and education may utilize their skills for work roles or tasks in such frameworks;

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21 “(iv) distinctions between certifications, certificates, and degrees, including—

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23 “(I) the importance of each;

24 “(II) how each should be used; and

1 “(III) where each one is most bene-
2 ficial; and

3 “(v) methods for validation of skills;

4 “(D) consult, as the Director considers appro-
5 priate, with Federal agencies, industry, State, local,
6 Tribal, and territorial government, nonprofit, re-
7 search, and academic institutions in the development
8 of workforce frameworks, or associated materials;

9 “(E) to produce resources in multiple languages
10 to support global adoption of the frameworks pro-
11 vided pursuant to subparagraph (A); and

12 “(F) after each determination under subpara-
13 graph (B), to submit to Congress a report on such
14 determination and any plans to review and update
15 any workforce frameworks under this paragraph.”.

16 (c) NICE WORKFORCE FRAMEWORK FOR CYBERSE-
17 CURITY UPDATE.—

18 (1) REPORT ON UPDATES.—

19 (A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180
20 days after the date of the enactment of this
21 Act, and subsequently pursuant to paragraph
22 (14)(F) of section (2)(b) of the National Insti-
23 tute of Standards and Technology Act (15
24 U.S.C. 272(b)), as added by subsection (b) of
25 this section, the Director of the National Insti-

(B) REQUIREMENTS.—Each report submitted pursuant to subparagraph (A) shall—

10 (i) summarize proposed changes to
11 the framework;

17 (iii) describe—

18 (I) the ongoing process and
19 timeline for updating the framework;
20 and

(II) the incorporation of any additional work roles or competency areas in domains such as administration and finance, law and policy, ethics, privacy, human resources, infor-

1 information technology, operational technology,
2 supply chain security, and acquisition and procurement.

11 (A) applications and uses of the framework
12 described in paragraph (1)(A) in practice;

(C) available information regarding employer and education and training provider use of the framework;

23 (D) an assessment of the use and effectiveness
24 of the framework by and for individuals
25 with nontraditional backgrounds or education

1 especially individuals making a career change or
2 not pursuing a bachelor's degree or higher; and
3 (E) any additional actions taken by the Di-
4 rector to increase the use of the framework.

5 (3) CYBERSECURITY CAREER EXPLORATION RE-
6 SOURCES.—The Director, acting through the Na-
7 tional Initiative for Cybersecurity Education, shall
8 disseminate cybersecurity career resources for all
9 age groups, including kindergarten through sec-
10 ondary and postsecondary education and adult work-
11 ers.

12 (d) ADDITIONAL WORKFORCE FRAMEWORKS.—

13 (1) FRAMEWORK ASSESSMENT.—Not later than
14 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act,
15 the Director shall assess the need for additional
16 workforce frameworks for critical and emerging
17 technologies, such as quantum information science.

18 (2) DEVELOPMENT OF ADDITIONAL FRAME-
19 WORKS.—

20 (A) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall de-
21 velop and publish a workforce framework for
22 each additional workforce framework that the
23 Director determines is needed pursuant to an
24 assessment carried out pursuant to paragraph
25 (1).

(B) REQUIRED AI FRAMEWORK.—Notwithstanding paragraph (1) and subparagraph (A) of this paragraph, not less than 540 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director shall develop and publish a workforce framework, workforce categories, work roles, and competency areas for artificial intelligence.

(3) MODEL.—In developing a workforce framework under paragraph (2), the Director may use the Playbook for Workforce Frameworks developed by the National Initiative for Cybersecurity Education that is modeled after the National Initiative for Cybersecurity Education Workforce Framework for Cybersecurity (NIST Special Publication 800–181), or a successor framework.

(4) FRAMEWORK COMPONENTS.—Each framework developed pursuant to paragraph (2) shall include appropriate support or operations skills or workforce categories, work roles, and competency areas such as administration and finance, law and policy, ethics, privacy, human resources, information technology, operational technology, supply chain security, and acquisition and procurement, as the Director considers appropriate, in alignment with paragraph (14)(C) of section 2(b) of the National Insti-

1 tute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C.
2 272(b), as added by subsection (b).

3 (5) PROFESSIONAL SKILLS REQUIRED.—Each
4 framework developed pursuant to paragraph (2)
5 shall include professional skills or employability
6 skills, as the Director considers appropriate, in
7 alignment with paragraph (14)(C) of section 2(b) of
8 the National Institute of Standards and Technology
9 Act (15 U.S.C. 272(b), as added by subsection (b).

10 (6) NONTRADITIONAL BACKGROUNDS.—Each
11 framework developed under paragraph (2), or mate-
12 rials associated with each framework, shall include
13 information for how individuals with nontechnical or
14 other nontraditional backgrounds and education may
15 utilize their skills for such frameworks' roles and
16 tasks, in alignment with paragraph (14)(D) of sec-
17 tion 2(b) of the such Act (15 U.S.C.
18 272(b)(14)(D)), as so added.

19 (7) UPDATES.—The Director shall update each
20 framework developed under paragraph (2) in accord-
21 ance with subparagraph (B) of paragraph (14) of
22 section 2(b) of the National Institute of Standards
23 and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 272(b)), as added by
24 subsection (b) of this section, and submit to Con-

1 gress reports in accordance with subparagraph (F)
2 of such paragraph.

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