1

Agritourism Amendments

2024 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Carl R. Albrecht

Senate Sponsor: Scott D. Sandall

2 LONG TITLE

4 General Description:

5 This bill addresses agritourism activities.

6 **Highlighted Provisions:**

- 7 This bill:
- 8 defines terms;
- 9 expands agricultural nuisance liability protections in relation to an agritourism activity;
- provides that an agricultural protection area may include an agritourism activity;
- requires the Department of Agriculture and Food to maintain an agritourism registry and
- describes requirements relating to the registry;
- includes additional risks inherent to participating in an agritourism activity;
- requires an agritourism operator to post signage regarding the inherent risks of
- participating in an agritourism activity;
 - expands civil liability protections for an operator of an agritourism activity; and
- 17 makes technical changes.
- 18 Money Appropriated in this Bill:
- 19 None

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- 20 Other Special Clauses:
- None None
- 22 Utah Code Sections Affected:
- 23 AMENDS:
- 24 **4-44-102**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 81
- 25 **17-41-301**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 227
- 26 **26B-7-401**, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 308
- 27 **78B-4-512**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 63

EN	NACTS:
	4-2-1001 , as Utah Code Annotated 1953
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Ве	it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 4-2-1001 is enacted to read:
	Part 10. Agritourism Registry
	<u>4-2-1001</u> . Definitions.
	As used in this part:
<u>(1</u>)	"Agricultural enterprise" means the same as that term is defined in Section 78B-4-512.
<u>(2</u>)	"Agritourism activity" means the same as that term is defined in Section 78B-4-512.
<u>(3</u>)	"Registry" means the voluntary agritourism registry described in Section 4-2-1002.
	Section 2. Section 4-2-1002 is enacted to read:
	4-2-1002 . Agritourism registry.
<u>(1</u>)	The department shall maintain a voluntary agritourism registry.
<u>(2</u>)	The purpose of the registry is to provide public notice of locations where individuals
	may participate in an agritourism activity.
<u>(3</u>)	The owner of an agricultural enterprise that provides an agritourism activity in Utah
	may voluntarily place the agritourism activity on the registry by providing the following
	information to the department:
	(a) the name and location of the agricultural enterprise;
	(b) a description of the agritourism activity; and
	(c) details relating to participation in the agritourism activity, including cost, hours of
	operation, and other relevant information.
<u>(4</u>)	The owner of an agricultural enterprise with an agritourism activity on the registry shall
	notify the department of any changes to the information described in Subsection (3).
<u>(5</u>)	The department:
	(a) shall post the information on the registry to the department's website in a location
	where the public may conveniently access the information;
	(b) may publicize the availability of the registry to the public; and
	(c) may not charge a fee to be listed on, or to use, the registry.
<u>(6</u>)	A registration under this section is in effect for five years, unless the owner requests
	removal at an earlier time.

61	Section 3. Section 4-44-102 is amended to read:
62	4-44-102 . Definitions.
63	As used in this chapter:
64	(1) (a) "Agricultural operation" means [an activity engaged in the production for
65	commercial purposes] the commercial production of crops, orchards, livestock,
66	poultry, aquaculture, livestock products, or poultry products[-and the facilities,
67	equipment, and property used to facilitate the activity].
68	(b) "Agricultural operation" includes[-] :
69	(i) the real property where the commercial production described in Subsection (1)(a)
70	occurs;
71	(ii) a facility, a property, or equipment used to facilitate the commercial production
72	described in Subsection (1)(a);
73	(iii) an agritourism activity, as defined in Section 78B-4-512; or
74	(iv) an agricultural protection area established under Title 17, Chapter 41,
75	Agriculture, Industrial, or Critical Infrastructure Materials Protection Areas.
76	(2) "Fundamental change to the operation" does not include:
77	(a) a change in ownership or size;
78	(b) an interruption of farming for a period of no more than three years;
79	(c) participation in a government-sponsored agricultural program;
80	(d) employment of new technology; or
81	(e) a change in the type of agricultural product produced.
82	(3) "Nuisance" means anything that is injurious to health, indecent, offensive to the senses,
83	or an obstruction to the free use of property, so as to interfere with the comfortable
84	enjoyment of life or property.
85	Section 4. Section 17-41-301 is amended to read:
86	17-41-301. Proposal for creation of a protection area.
87	(1) (a) A proposal to create an agriculture protection area, an industrial protection area,
88	or critical infrastructure materials protection area may be filed with:
89	(i) the legislative body of the county in which the area is located, if the area is within
90	the unincorporated part of a county; or
91	(ii) the legislative body of the city or town in which the area is located, if the area is
92	within a city or town.
93	(b) A proposal to create a critical infrastructure protection area can only be initiated by
94	the legislative body of the municipality or county. Creation of a critical infrastructure

95	materials protection area is a legislative act.
96	(c) (i) To be accepted for processing by the applicable legislative body, a proposal
97	under Subsection (1)(a) shall be signed by a majority in number of all owners of
98	real property and the owners of a majority of the land area in agricultural
99	production, industrial use, or critical infrastructure materials operations within the
100	proposed relevant protection area.
101	(ii) For purposes of Subsection (1)(c)(i), the owners of real property shall be
102	determined by the records of the county recorder.
103	(2) The proposal shall identify:
104	(a) the boundaries of the land proposed to become part of the relevant protection area;
105	(b) any limits on the types of agriculture production, industrial use, or critical
106	infrastructure materials operations to be allowed within the relevant protection area;
107	and
108	(c) for each parcel of land:
109	(i) the names of the owners of record of the land proposed to be included within the
110	relevant protection area;
111	(ii) the tax parcel number or account number identifying each parcel; and
112	(iii) the number of acres of each parcel.
113	(3) An agriculture protection area, industrial protection area, or critical infrastructure
114	materials protection area may include within its boundaries land used for a roadway,
115	dwelling site, park, or other nonagricultural use, in the case of an industrial protection
116	area, nonindustrial use, or in the case of a critical infrastructure materials protection
117	area, use unrelated to critical infrastructure materials operations, if that land constitutes a
118	minority of the total acreage within the [-the] relevant protection area.
119	(4) An agricultural protection area may include within the boundaries of the agricultural
120	protection area an agritourism activity, as defined in Section 78B-4-512.
121	[(4)] (5) A county or municipal legislative body may establish:
122	(a) the manner and form for submission of proposals; and
123	(b) reasonable fees for accepting and processing the proposal.
124	[(5)] (6) A county and municipal legislative body shall establish the minimum number of
125	continuous acres that shall be included in an agriculture protection area, industrial
126	protection area, or critical infrastructure materials protection area.
127	Section 5. Section 26B-7-401 is amended to read:
128	26B-7-401 . Definitions.

129	As used in this part:
130	[(1) "Agricultural tourism activity" means the same as that term is defined in Section
131	78B-4-512.]
132	[(2)] (1) "Agritourism" means the same as that term is defined in Section 78B-4-512.
133	(2) "Agritourism activity" means the same as that term is defined in Section 78B-4-512.
134	(3) "Agritourism food establishment" means a non-commercial kitchen facility where food
135	is handled, stored, or prepared to be offered for sale on a farm in connection with an [
136	agricultural tourism] agritourism activity.
137	(4) "Agritourism food establishment permit" means a permit issued by a local health
138	department to the operator for the purpose of operating an agritourism food
139	establishment.
140	(5) "Back country food service establishment" means a federal or state licensed back
141	country guiding or outfitting business that:
142	(a) provides food services; and
143	(b) meets department recognized federal or state food service safety regulations for food
144	handlers.
145	(6) "Certified food safety manager" means a manager of a food service establishment who:
146	(a) passes successfully a department-approved examination;
147	(b) successfully completes, every three years, renewal requirements established by
148	department rule consistent with original certification requirements; and
149	(c) submits to the appropriate local health department the documentation required by
150	Section 26B-7-412.
151	(7) "Farm" means a working farm, ranch, or other commercial agricultural, aquacultural,
152	horticultural, or forestry operation.
153	(8) "Food" means:
154	(a) a raw, cooked, or processed edible substance, ice, nonalcoholic beverage, or
155	ingredient used or intended for use or for sale, in whole or in part, for human
156	consumption; or
157	(b) chewing gum.
158	(9) "Food service establishment" means any place or area within a business or organization
159	where potentially hazardous foods, as defined by the department under Section
160	26B-7-410, are prepared and intended for individual portion service and consumption by
161	the general public, whether the consumption is on or off the premises, and whether or
162	not a fee is charged for the food.

163	(10) (a) "Microenterprise home kitchen" means a non-commercial kitchen facility
164	located in a private home and operated by a resident of the home where ready-to-eat
165	food is handled, stored, prepared, or offered for sale.
166	(b) "Microenterprise home kitchen" does not include:
167	(i) a catering operation;
168	(ii) a cottage food operation;
169	(iii) a food truck;
170	(iv) an agritourism food establishment;
171	(v) a bed and breakfast; or
172	(vi) a residence-based group care facility.
173	(11) "Microenterprise home kitchen permit" means a permit issued by a local health
174	department to the operator for the purpose of operating a microenterprise home kitchen.
175	(12) "Ready-to-eat" means:
176	(a) raw animal food that is cooked;
177	(b) raw fruits and vegetables that are washed;
178	(c) fruits and vegetables that are cooked for hot holding;
179	(d) a time or temperature control food that is cooked to the temperature and time
180	required for the specific food in accordance with rules made by the department in
181	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act; or
182	(e) a bakery item for which further cooking is not required for food safety.
183	(13) "Time or temperature control food" means food that requires time or temperature
184	controls for safety to limit pathogenic microorganism growth or toxin formation.
185	Section 6. Section 78B-4-512 is amended to read:
186	78B-4-512. Definitions Participation in an agritourism activity Limitations
187	on civil liability Signage requirement.
188	(1) As used in this section:
189	[(a) "Agricultural tourism activity" means an educational or recreational activity that:]
190	[(i) takes place on a farm or ranch or other commercial agricultural, aquacultural,
191	horticultural, or forestry operation; and]
192	[(ii) allows an individual to tour, explore, observe, learn about, participate in, or be
193	entertained by an aspect of agricultural operations.]
194	[(b) "Agritourism" means the travel or visit by the general public to a working farm,
195	ranch, or other commercial agricultural, aquacultural, horticultural, or forestry
196	operation for the enjoyment of, education about, or participation in the activities of

197	the farm, ranch, or other commercial agricultural, aquacultural, horticultural, or
198	forestry operation.]
199	(a) "Agricultural enterprise" means a farm, ranch, or other agricultural, aquacultural,
200	horticultural, or forestry operation.
201	(b) "Agritourism" means the combination of agricultural production with tourism to
202	attract participants from the general public to an agricultural enterprise for the
203	entertainment, recreation, or education of the participants.
204	(c) "Agritourism activity" means an activity at an agricultural enterprise that a
205	participant engages in or observes for recreation, education, or entertainment.
206	[(e)] (d) "Inherent risk of an agritourism activity" means a danger, hazard, or condition [
207	which is an integral] that is part of an [agricultural tourism] agritourism activity[-and
208	that cannot be eliminated by the exercise of reasonable eare], including:
209	(i) [natural] surface and subsurface conditions of land, vegetation, [and] or water on
210	the property;
211	(ii) unpredictable behavior of domesticated or farm animals on the property; [or]
212	(iii) reasonable dangers of structures or equipment ordinarily used where agricultural
213	or horticultural crops are grown or farm animals or farmed fish are raised[-];
214	(iv) behavior of insects or wildlife not owned or kept by the operator of the property;
215	(v) exposure to pathogens from animals, animal feed, animal waste, or other sources;
216	<u>or</u>
217	(vi) negligent behavior by an individual other than the operator.
218	[(d)] <u>(e)</u> "Operator" means:
219	(i) a person who [operates, provides, or demonstrates an agricultural tourism activity;
220	or owns or manages an agricultural enterprise where a participant engages in or
221	observes an agritourism activity;
222	(ii) a person who provides an agritourism activity at an agricultural enterprise; or
223	[(ii)] (iii) an employee of a person described in Subsection [(1)(d)(i)] (1)(e)(i) or (ii).
224	[(e)] (f) (i) "Participant" means an individual, other than [a provider or operator, who
225	observes or participates in an agricultural tourism] an operator, who engages in or
226	observes an agritourism activity, regardless of whether the individual [paid to
227	observe or participate in an agricultural tourism] pays to engage in or observe the
228	agritourism activity.
229	(ii) "Participant" does not mean an individual who is paid to participate in an [
230	agricultural tourism] agritourism activity.

231	$\left[\frac{f}{f}\right]$ (g) "Property" means the real property where an $\left[\frac{agricultural\ tourism}{agritourism}\right]$
232	activity takes place[-and the buildings, structures, and improvements on that real
233	property].
234	[(2) A participant in an agricultural tourism activity may not make any claim against, or
235	recover damages from, any operator for injury primarily resulting from:]
236	[(a) an inherent risk of agritourism; or]
237	[(b) the participant's failure to:]
238	[(i) follow instructions given by the operator; or]
239	[(ii) exercise reasonable caution while engaged in an agricultural tourism activity.]
240	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3), an operator may not be liable for an injury,
241	illness, death, or damage to personal property of a participant that results from an
242	inherent risk of an agritourism activity if the operator posts the signage described in
243	Subsection (5).
244	(b) An operator is not required to eliminate an inherent risk of an agritourism activity at
245	the operator's agritourism activity.
246	(3) Nothing in Subsection (2):
247	(a) limits the liability of an operator if the operator:
248	(i) acts or omits an act in gross negligence or willful or wanton disregard for the
249	safety of a participant that proximately causes injury, illness, death, or damage to
250	personal property of a participant;
251	(ii) has actual knowledge or reasonably should have known of a dangerous condition
252	on the land, facilities, or equipment used in the agritourism activity that
253	proximately causes injury, illness, death, or damage to personal property of a
254	participant;
255	(iii) has actual knowledge or reasonably should have known of the dangerous
256	propensity of an animal used in an agritourism activity and does not make the
257	danger known to the participant, and the danger proximately causes injury, illness,
258	death, or damage to personal property of a participant; or
259	(iv) intentionally injures the participant;
260	(b) prevents or limits the liability of an operator under a product liability law; or
261	(c) negates assumption of risk as an affirmative defense.
262	(4) A limitation on legal liability afforded to an operator under Subsection (2) is in addition
263	to any limitation of legal liability otherwise provided by law.
264	[(3)] (5) An operator shall post and maintain, in a clearly visible location at each entrance to

265	the property where an [agricultural tourism] agritourism activity takes place or at the
266	location of each [agricultural tourism] agritourism activity, a sign [describing] that:
267	[(a) the inherent risks of the activity; and]
268	[(b) the limitations on liability of the operators.]
269	(a) is printed in black letters, that are a minimum of one inch in height, on a white
270	background; and
271	(b) states, "WARNING: Under Utah law, an operator of an agritourism activity or the
272	property where the activity takes place is not liable for the injury, illness, death, or
273	damage to personal property of a participant that primarily results from the inherent
274	risks of the activity or a participant's failure to follow instructions or exercise
275	reasonable caution. You are assuming the risk of participating in or observing an
276	agritourism activity."
277	[(4) In any action for damages for personal injury, death, or property damage in which
278	an owner or operator of an agritourism activity is named as a defendant, the court
279	shall undergo a comparative negligence analysis and consider whether:
280	[(a) the injured person deliberately disregarded conspicuously posted signs, verbal
281	instructions, or other warnings regarding safety measures during the activity; or]
282	[(b) any equipment, animals, or appliance used by the injured person during the activity
283	were used in a manner or for a purpose other than that for which a reasonable person
284	should have known they were intended.]
285	Section 7. Effective date.
286	This bill takes effect on May 1, 2024.