Enrolled Copy H.B. 82

1	GOVERNMENTAL IMMUNITY MODIFICATIONS
2	2020 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
1	Chief Sponsor: Brady Brammer
;	Senate Sponsor: Kirk A. Cullimore
,	LONG TITLE
	General Description:
	This bill modifies the Governmental Immunity Act of Utah.
	Highlighted Provisions:
	This bill:
	 modifies a provision relating to a governmental entity's obligation to provide
	information to a claimant after the filing of a notice of claim.
	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
	None
	Other Special Clauses:
	None
	Utah Code Sections Affected:
	AMENDS:
	63G-7-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 229
	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 63G-7-403 is amended to read:
	63G-7-403. Notifying of the receipt of a notice of claim Action in district court
	Time for commencing action Commencing action after time limit.
	(1) Within 60 days after the filing of a notice of claim, the governmental entity, the
	entity's representative, or [its] the entity's insurance carrier shall inform the claimant in writing:
	(a) that the notice of claim has been received; and
)	(b) if applicable, that the governmental entity believes it is not the correct

H.B. 82 Enrolled Copy

30	governmental entity with which the notice of claim should have been filed.
31	(2) (a) (i) Subject to Subsections (2)(a)(ii) and (b), a claimant may pursue an action in
32	the district court against the governmental entity or an employee of the entity.
33	(ii) A claimant may not file an action before the date that is 60 days after the claimant's
34	notice of claim is filed.
35	(b) Subject to Subsection (3), a claimant shall commence the action within two years
36	after the claim arises, as provided in Subsection 63G-7-401(1), regardless of whether or not the
37	function giving rise to the claim is characterized as governmental.
38	(3) (a) As used in this Subsection (3), "claimant" includes a representative of an
39	individual:
40	(i) who dies before an action is begun under this section; and
41	(ii) whose cause of action survives the individual's death.
42	(b) A claimant may commence an action after the time limit described in Subsection
43	(2)(b) if:
44	(i) the claimant had commenced a previous action within the time limit of Subsection
45	(2)(b);
46	(ii) the previous action failed or was dismissed for a reason other than on the merits;
47	and
48	(iii) the claimant commences the new action within one year after the previous action

49

50

failed or was dismissed.

(c) A claimant may commence a new action under Subsection (3)(b) only once.