

26	circumstances;
27	 allows an individual physically present with a medical cannabis patient cardholder
28	in an emergency medical condition to handle medical cannabis to assist the patient
29	in the administration of the medical cannabis;
30	 exempts a tetrahydrocannabinol from a felony provision related to vehicular
31	injuries; and
32	makes technical and conforming changes.
33	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
34	None
35	Other Special Clauses:
36	This bill provides a special effective date.
37	This bill provides a coordination clause.
38	Utah Code Sections Affected:
39	AMENDS:
40	4-41a-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 5
41	4-41a-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 5
42	4-41a-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 5
43	4-41a-802, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Third Special Session,
44	Chapter 1
45	26-61a-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 5
46	26-61a-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 5
47	26-61a-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 5
48	26-61a-505, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 5
49	58-37-8, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 58
50	Utah Code Sections Affected by Coordination Clause:
51	4-41a-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 5
52	
53	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
54	Section 1. Section 4-41a-102 is amended to read:
55	4-41a-102. Definitions.
56	As used in this chapter:

57	(1) "Active tetrahydrocannabinol" means delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol and
58	tetrahydrocannabinolic acid.
59	[(1)] (2) "Cannabis" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-61a-102.
60	[(2)] (3) "Cannabis cultivation facility" means a person that:
61	(a) possesses cannabis;
62	(b) (i) grows or intends to grow cannabis; and
63	(ii) acquires or intends to acquire industrial hemp or an industrial hemp product from
64	an industrial hemp cultivator, licensed under Title 4, Chapter 41, Hemp and Cannabinoid Act,
65	or an industrial hemp processor; and
66	(c) sells or intends to sell cannabis to a cannabis cultivation facility, a cannabis
67	processing facility, or a medical cannabis research licensee.
68	[(3)] (4) "Cannabis cultivation facility agent" means an individual who:
69	(a) is an employee of a cannabis cultivation facility; and
70	(b) holds a valid cannabis production establishment agent registration card.
71	[(4)] (5) "Cannabis processing facility" means a person that:
72	(a) acquires or intends to acquire cannabis from a cannabis production establishment or
73	a holder of an industrial hemp processor license under Title 4, Chapter 41, Hemp and
74	Cannabinoid Act;
75	(b) possesses cannabis with the intent to manufacture a cannabis product;
76	(c) manufactures or intends to manufacture a cannabis product from unprocessed
77	cannabis or a cannabis extract; and
78	(d) sells or intends to sell a cannabis product to a medical cannabis pharmacy or a
79	medical cannabis research licensee.
80	[(5)] (6) "Cannabis processing facility agent" means an individual who:
81	(a) is an employee of a cannabis processing facility; and
82	(b) holds a valid cannabis production establishment agent registration card.
83	[(6)] (7) "Cannabis product" means the same as that term is defined in Section
84	26-61a-102.
85	[(7)] <u>(8)</u> "Cannabis production establishment" means a cannabis cultivation facility, a
86	cannabis processing facility, or an independent cannabis testing laboratory.
87	[(8)] (9) "Cannabis production establishment agent" means a cannabis cultivation

88	facility agent, a cannabis processing facility agent, or an independent cannabis testing
89	laboratory agent.
90	[(9)] (10) "Cannabis production establishment agent registration card" means a
91	registration card that the department issues that:
92	(a) authorizes an individual to act as a cannabis production establishment agent; and
93	(b) designates the type of cannabis production establishment for which an individual is
94	authorized to act as an agent.
95	[(10)] (11) "Community location" means a public or private school, a licensed
96	child-care facility or preschool, a church, a public library, a public playground, or a public park
97	[(11)] (12) "Department" means the Department of Agriculture and Food.
98	[(12)] (13) "Family member" means a parent, step-parent, spouse, child, sibling,
99	step-sibling, uncle, aunt, nephew, niece, first cousin, mother-in-law, father-in-law,
100	brother-in-law, sister-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, grandparent, or grandchild.
101	[(13)] (14) "Independent cannabis testing laboratory" means a person that:
102	(a) conducts a chemical or other analysis of cannabis or a cannabis product; or
103	(b) acquires, possesses, and transports cannabis or a cannabis product with the intent to
104	conduct a chemical or other analysis of the cannabis or cannabis product.
105	[(14)] (15) "Independent cannabis testing laboratory agent" means an individual who:
106	(a) is an employee of an independent cannabis testing laboratory; and
107	(b) holds a valid cannabis production establishment agent registration card.
108	[(15)] (16) "Inventory control system" means a system described in Section 4-41a-103.
109	[(16)] (17) "Medical cannabis" means the same as that term is defined in Section
110	26-61a-102.
111	[(17)] (18) "Medical cannabis card" means the same as that term is defined in Section
112	26-61a-102.
113	[(18)] (19) "Medical cannabis pharmacy" means the same as that term is defined in
114	Section 26-61a-102.
115	[(19)] (20) "Medical cannabis pharmacy agent" means the same as that term is defined
116	in Section 26-61a-102.
117	[(20)] (21) "Medical cannabis research license" means a license that the department
118	issues to a research university for the purpose of obtaining and possessing medical cannabis for

119	academic research.
120	[(21)] (22) "Medical cannabis research licensee" means a research university that the
121	department licenses to obtain and possess medical cannabis for academic research, in
122	accordance with Section 4-41a-901.
123	[(22)] (23) "Medical cannabis treatment" means the same as that term is defined in
124	Section 26-61a-102.
125	[(23)] (24) "Medicinal dosage form" means the same as that term is defined in Section
126	26-61a-102.
127	[(24)] (25) "Qualified medical provider" means the same as that term is defined in
128	Section 26-61a-102.
129	[(25)] (26) "Qualified Production Enterprise Fund" means the fund created in Section
130	4-41a-104.
131	[(26)] (27) "Research university" means the same as that term is defined in Section
132	53B-7-702 and a private, nonprofit college or university in the state that:
133	(a) is accredited by the Northwest Commission on Colleges and Universities;
134	(b) grants doctoral degrees; and
135	(c) has a laboratory containing or a program researching a schedule I controlled
136	substance described in Section 58-37-4.
137	[(27)] (28) "State electronic verification system" means the system described in Section
138	26-61a-103.
139	[(28)] (29) "Tetrahydrocannabinol" means a substance derived from cannabis or a
140	synthetic equivalent as described in Subsection 58-37-4(2)(a)(iii)(AA).
141	[(29)] (30) "Total composite tetrahydrocannabinol" means
142	[delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol and tetrahydrocannabinolic acid] all detectable forms of
143	tetrahydrocannabinol.
144	Section 2. Section 4-41a-201 is amended to read:
145	4-41a-201. Cannabis production establishment License.
146	(1) A person may not operate a cannabis production establishment without a license
147	that the department issues under this chapter.
148	(2) (a) (i) Subject to Subsections (6), (7), (8), and (13) and to Section 4-41a-205:
149	(A) for a licensing process that the department initiated before September 23, 2019, the

4-41a-406; and

150	department shall use the procedures in Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code, to
151	review and rank applications for a cannabis production establishment license; and
152	(B) for a licensing process that the department initiates after September 23, 2019, the
153	department shall issue a license to operate a cannabis production establishment in accordance
154	with the procedures described in Subsection (2)(a)(iii).
155	(ii) The department may not issue a license to operate a cannabis production
156	establishment to an applicant who is not eligible for a license under this section.
157	(iii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
158	the department shall make rules to specify a transparent and efficient process to:
159	(A) solicit applications for a license under this section;
160	(B) allow for comments and questions in the development of applications;
161	(C) timely and objectively evaluate applications;
162	(D) hold public hearings that the department deems appropriate; and
163	(E) select applicants to receive a license.
164	(b) An applicant is eligible for a license under this section if the applicant submits to
165	the department:
166	(i) subject to Subsection (2)(c), a proposed name and address, located in a zone
167	described in Subsection 4-41a-406(2)(a) or (b), where the applicant will operate the cannabis
168	production establishment;
169	(ii) the name and address of any individual who has:
170	(A) for a publicly traded company, a financial or voting interest of 2% or greater in the
171	proposed cannabis production establishment; [or]
172	(B) for a privately held company, a financial or voting interest in the proposed cannabis
173	production establishment; or
174	[(B)] (C) the power to direct or cause the management or control of a proposed
175	cannabis production establishment;
176	(iii) an operating plan that:
177	(A) complies with Section 4-41a-204;
178	(B) includes operating procedures that comply with this chapter and any law the
179	municipality or county in which the person is located adopts that is consistent with Section

(C) the department appro

- (iv) a statement that the applicant will obtain and maintain a performance bond that a surety authorized to transact surety business in the state issues in an amount of at least:
 - (A) \$250,000 for each cannabis cultivation facility for which the applicant applies; or
- (B) \$50,000 for each cannabis processing facility or independent cannabis testing laboratory for which the applicant applies;
- (v) an application fee in an amount that, subject to Subsection 4-41a-104(5), the department sets in accordance with Section 63J-1-504; and
- (vi) a description of any investigation or adverse action taken by any licensing jurisdiction, government agency, law enforcement agency, or court in any state for any violation or detrimental conduct in relation to any of the applicant's cannabis-related operations or businesses.
 - (c) (i) A person may not locate a cannabis production establishment:
 - (A) within 1,000 feet of a community location; or
- (B) in or within 600 feet of a district that the relevant municipality or county has zoned as primarily residential.
- (ii) The proximity requirements described in Subsection (2)(c)(i) shall be measured from the nearest entrance to the cannabis production establishment by following the shortest route of ordinary pedestrian travel to the property boundary of the community location or residential area.
- (iii) The department may grant a waiver to reduce the proximity requirements in Subsection (2)(c)(i) by up to 20% if the department determines that it is not reasonably feasible for the applicant to site the proposed cannabis production establishment without the waiver.
- (iv) An applicant for a license under this section shall provide evidence of compliance with the proximity requirements described in Subsection (2)(c)(i).
 - (3) If the department approves an application for a license under this section:
- (a) the applicant shall pay the department an initial license fee in an amount that, subject to Subsection 4-41a-104(5), the department sets in accordance with Section 63J-1-504; and
- (b) the department shall notify the Department of Public Safety of the license approval and the names of each individual described in Subsection (2)(b)(ii).

- (4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), the department shall require a separate license for each type of cannabis production establishment and each location of a cannabis production establishment.
- (b) The department may issue a cannabis cultivation facility license and a cannabis processing facility license to a person to operate at the same physical location or at separate physical locations.
- (5) If the department receives more than one application for a cannabis production establishment within the same city or town, the department shall consult with the local land use authority before approving any of the applications pertaining to that city or town.
- (6) The department may not issue a license to operate an independent cannabis testing laboratory to a person who:
- (a) holds a license or has an ownership interest in a medical cannabis pharmacy, a cannabis processing facility, or a cannabis cultivation facility;
- (b) has an owner, officer, director, or employee whose family member holds a license or has an ownership interest in a medical cannabis pharmacy, a cannabis processing facility, or a cannabis cultivation facility; or
- (c) proposes to operate the independent cannabis testing laboratory at the same physical location as a medical cannabis pharmacy, a cannabis processing facility, or a cannabis cultivation facility.
- (7) The department may not issue a license to operate a cannabis production establishment to an applicant if any individual described in Subsection (2)(b)(ii):
 - (a) has been convicted under state or federal law of:
- 234 (i) a felony; or
 - (ii) after December 3, 2018, a misdemeanor for drug distribution;
 - (b) is younger than 21 years old; or
 - (c) after September 23, 2019 until January 1, 2023, is actively serving as a legislator.
 - (8) (a) If an applicant for a cannabis production establishment license under this section holds a license under Title 4, Chapter 41, Hemp and Cannabinoid Act, [or] the department may not give preference to the applicant based on the applicant's status as a holder of the license.
 - (b) If an applicant for a license to operate a cannabis cultivation facility under this

243	section holds a license to operate a medical cannabis pharmacy under Title 26, Chapter 61a,
244	Utah Medical Cannabis Act, the department:
245	[(a)] (i) shall consult with the Department of Health regarding the applicant [if the
246	license the applicant holds is a license under Title 26, Chapter 61a, Utah Medical Cannabis
247	Act]; and
248	[(b)] (ii) may [not] give [preference] consideration to the applicant based on the
249	applicant's status as a holder of a medical cannabis pharmacy license [described in this
250	Subsection (8).] if:
251	(A) the applicant demonstrates that a decrease in costs to patients is more likely to
252	result from the applicant's vertical integration than from a more competitive marketplace; and
253	(B) the department finds multiple other factors, in addition to the existing license, that
254	support granting the new license.
255	(9) The department may revoke a license under this part:
256	(a) if the cannabis production establishment does not begin cannabis production
257	operations within one year after the day on which the department issues the initial license;
258	(b) after the cannabis production establishment makes the same violation of this
259	chapter three times;
260	(c) if any individual described in Subsection (2)(b) is convicted, while the license is
261	active, under state or federal law of:
262	(i) a felony; or
263	(ii) after December 3, 2018, a misdemeanor for drug distribution; or
264	(d) if the licensee fails to provide the information described in Subsection (2)(b)(vi) at
265	the time of application, or fails to supplement the information described in Subsection
266	(2)(b)(vi) with any investigation or adverse action that occurs after the submission of the
267	application.
268	(10) (a) A person who receives a cannabis production establishment license under this
269	chapter, if the municipality or county where the licensed cannabis production establishment
270	will be located requires a local land use permit, shall submit to the department a copy of the
271	licensee's approved application for the land use permit within 120 days after the day on which
272	the department issues the license.
273	(b) If a licensee fails to submit to the department a copy of the licensee's approved land

274 use permit application in accordance with Subsection (10)(a), the department may revoke the 275 licensee's license. 276 (11) The department shall deposit the proceeds of a fee that the department imposes 277 under this section into the Qualified Production Enterprise Fund. 278 (12) The department shall begin accepting applications under this part on or before 279 January 1, 2020. (13) (a) The department's authority to issue a license under this section is plenary and is 280 281 not subject to review. 282 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A), the decision of the department to award a 283 license to an applicant is not subject to: 284 (i) Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Part 16, Protests; or 285 (ii) Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Part 17, Procurement Appeals Board. 286 Section 3. Section 4-41a-403 is amended to read: 287 4-41a-403. Advertising. 288 (1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), (3), or (4), a cannabis production 289 establishment may not advertise to the general public in any medium. 290 (2) A cannabis production establishment may advertise an employment opportunity at 291 the cannabis production establishment. 292 (3) A cannabis production establishment may maintain a website that: 293 (a) contains information about the establishment and employees; and 294 (b) does not advertise any medical cannabis, cannabis products, or medical cannabis 295 devices. 296 (4) Notwithstanding any municipal or county ordinance prohibiting signage, a cannabis 297 production establishment may use signage on the outside of the cannabis production 298 establishment that: 299 (a) includes only: 300 (i) the cannabis production establishment's name and hours of operation; and 301 (ii) a green cross; and 302 [(b) does not exceed four feet by five feet in size; and] 303 [(c)] (b) complies with local ordinances regulating signage. 304 Section 4. Section **4-41a-802** is amended to read:

305	4-41a-802. Report.
306	(1) At or before the November interim meeting each year, the department shall report to
307	the Health and Human Services Interim Committee on:
308	(a) the number of applications and renewal applications that the department receives
309	under this chapter;
310	(b) the number of each type of cannabis production facility that the department licenses
311	in each county;
312	(c) the amount of cannabis that licensees grow;
313	(d) the amount of cannabis that licensees manufacture into cannabis products;
314	(e) the number of licenses the department revokes under this chapter; [and]
315	(f) the department's operation of an independent cannabis testing laboratory under
316	Section 4-41a-201, including:
317	(i) the cannabis and cannabis products the department tested; and
318	(ii) the results of the tests the department performed; and
319	[(f)] (g) the expenses incurred and revenues generated under this chapter.
320	(2) The department may not include personally identifying information in the report
321	described in this section.
322	Section 5. Section 26-61a-102 is amended to read:
323	26-61a-102. Definitions.
324	As used in this chapter:
325	(1) "Blister" means a plastic cavity or pocket used to contain no more than a single
326	dose of cannabis or a cannabis product in a blister pack.
327	(2) "Blister pack" means a plastic, paper, or foil package with multiple blisters each
328	containing no more than a single dose of cannabis or a cannabis product.
329	(3) "Cannabis" means marijuana.
330	(4) "Cannabis cultivation facility" means the same as that term is defined in Section
331	4-41a-102.
332	(5) "Cannabis processing facility" means the same as that term is defined in Section
333	4-41a-102.
334	(6) "Cannabis product" means a product that:
335	(a) is intended for human use; and

336	(b) contains cannabis or tetrahydrocannabinol.
337	(7) "Cannabis production establishment" means the same as that term is defined in
338	Section 4-41a-102.
339	(8) "Cannabis production establishment agent" means the same as that term is defined
340	in Section 4-41a-102.
341	(9) "Cannabis production establishment agent registration card" means the same as that
342	term is defined in Section 4-41a-102.
343	(10) "Community location" means a public or private school, a licensed child-care
344	facility or preschool, a church, a public library, a public playground, or a public park.
345	(11) "Department" means the Department of Health.
346	(12) "Designated caregiver" means an individual:
347	(a) whom an individual with a medical cannabis patient card or a medical cannabis
348	guardian card designates as the patient's caregiver; and
349	(b) who registers with the department under Section 26-61a-202.
350	(13) "Dosing [parameters"] guidelines" means a quantity[, routes,] range and frequency
351	of administration for a recommended treatment of <u>medical</u> cannabis [in a medicinal dosage
352	form or a cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form].
353	(14) "Financial institution" means a bank, trust company, savings institution, or credit
354	union, chartered and supervised under state or federal law.
355	(15) "Home delivery medical cannabis pharmacy" means a medical cannabis pharmacy
356	that the department authorizes, as part of the pharmacy's license, to deliver medical cannabis
357	shipments to a medical cannabis cardholder's home address to fulfill electronic orders that the
358	state central patient portal facilitates.
359	(16) "Independent cannabis testing laboratory" means the same as that term is defined
360	in Section 4-41a-102.
361	(17) "Inventory control system" means the system described in Section 4-41a-103.
362	(18) "Legal dosage limit" means an amount that:
363	(a) is sufficient to provide 30 days of treatment based on the dosing guidelines that the
364	relevant qualified medical provider or the pharmacy medical provider, in accordance with
365	Subsection 26-61a-201(4) or (5), recommends; and
366	(b) may not exceed:

307	(1) for unprocessed cannabis in a medicinal dosage form, 113 grams by weight, and
368	(ii) for a cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form, a quantity that contains, in total,
369	greater than 20 grams of active tetrahydrocannabinol.
370	[(18)] (19) "Marijuana" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-2.
371	[(19)] (20) "Medical cannabis" means cannabis in a medicinal dosage form or a
372	cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form.
373	[(20)] (21) "Medical cannabis card" means a medical cannabis patient card, a medical
374	cannabis guardian card, or a medical cannabis caregiver card.
375	[(21)] (22) "Medical cannabis cardholder" means a holder of a medical cannabis card.
376	[(22)] (23) "Medical cannabis caregiver card" means an electronic document that a
377	cardholder may print or store on an electronic device or a physical card or document that:
378	(a) the department issues to an individual whom a medical cannabis patient cardholder
379	or a medical cannabis guardian cardholder designates as a designated caregiver; and
380	(b) is connected to the electronic verification system.
381	[(23)] <u>(24)</u> "Medical cannabis courier" means a courier that:
382	(a) the department licenses in accordance with Section 26-61a-604; and
383	(b) contracts with a home delivery medical cannabis pharmacy to deliver medical
384	cannabis shipments to fulfill electronic orders that the state central patient portal facilitates.
385	$\left[\frac{(24)}{(25)}\right]$ (a) "Medical cannabis device" means a device that an individual uses to
386	ingest or inhale cannabis in a medicinal dosage form or a cannabis product in a medicinal
387	dosage form.
388	(b) "Medical cannabis device" does not include a device that:
389	(i) facilitates cannabis combustion; or
390	(ii) an individual uses to ingest substances other than cannabis.
391	$\left[\frac{(25)}{(26)}\right]$ "Medical cannabis guardian card" means an electronic document that a
392	cardholder may print or store on an electronic device or a physical card or document that:
393	(a) the department issues to the parent or legal guardian of a minor with a qualifying
394	condition; and
395	(b) is connected to the electronic verification system.
396	$\left[\frac{(26)}{(27)}\right]$ "Medical cannabis patient card" means an electronic document that a
397	cardholder may print or store on an electronic device or a physical card or document that:

398	(a) the department issues to an individual with a qualifying condition; and
399	(b) is connected to the electronic verification system.
400	[(27)] (28) "Medical cannabis pharmacy" means a person that:
401	(a) (i) acquires or intends to acquire:
402	(A) cannabis in a medicinal dosage form or a cannabis product in a medicinal dosage
403	form from a cannabis processing facility; or
404	(B) a medical cannabis device; or
405	(ii) possesses cannabis in a medicinal dosage form, a cannabis product in a medicinal
406	dosage form, or a medical cannabis device; and
407	(b) sells or intends to sell cannabis in a medicinal dosage form, a cannabis product in a
408	medicinal dosage form, or a medical cannabis device to a medical cannabis cardholder.
409	[(28)] (29) "Medical cannabis pharmacy agent" means an individual who:
410	(a) is an employee of a medical cannabis pharmacy; and
411	(b) who holds a valid medical cannabis pharmacy agent registration card.
412	[(29)] (30) "Medical cannabis pharmacy agent registration card" means a registration
413	card issued by the department that authorizes an individual to act as a medical cannabis
414	pharmacy agent.
415	[(30)] (31) "Medical cannabis shipment" means a shipment of medical cannabis or a
416	medical cannabis product that a home delivery medical cannabis pharmacy or a medical
417	cannabis courier delivers to a medical cannabis cardholder's home address to fulfill an
418	electronic medical cannabis order that the state central patient portal facilitates.
419	[(31)] (32) "Medical cannabis treatment" means cannabis in a medicinal dosage form, a
420	cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form, or a medical cannabis device.
421	[(32)] (33) (a) "Medicinal dosage form" means:
422	(i) for processed medical cannabis or a medical cannabis product, the following with a
423	specific and consistent cannabinoid content:
424	(A) a tablet;
425	(B) a capsule;
426	(C) a concentrated oil;
427	(D) a liquid suspension;
428	(E) a topical preparation;

429	(F) a transdermal preparation;
430	(G) a sublingual preparation;
431	(H) a gelatinous cube, gelatinous rectangular cuboid, or lozenge in a cube or
432	rectangular cuboid shape; or
433	(I) for use only after the individual's qualifying condition has failed to substantially
434	respond to at least two other forms described in this Subsection (32)(a)(i), a resin or wax;
435	(ii) for unprocessed cannabis flower, a blister pack, with each individual blister:
436	(A) containing a specific and consistent weight that does not exceed one gram and that
437	varies by no more than 10% from the stated weight; and
438	(B) after December 31, 2020, labeled with a barcode that provides information
439	connected to an inventory control system and the individual blister's content and weight; and
440	(iii) a form measured in grams, milligrams, or milliliters.
441	(b) "Medicinal dosage form" includes a portion of unprocessed cannabis flower that:
442	(i) the medical cannabis cardholder has recently removed from the blister pack
443	described in Subsection (32)(a)(ii) for use; and
444	(ii) does not exceed the quantity described in Subsection (32)(a)(ii).
445	(c) "Medicinal dosage form" does not include:
446	(i) any unprocessed cannabis flower outside of the blister pack, except as provided in
447	Subsection (32)(b); or
448	(ii) a process of vaporizing and inhaling concentrated cannabis by placing the cannabis
449	on a nail or other metal object that is heated by a flame, including a blowtorch.
450	$\left[\frac{(33)}{(34)}\right]$ "Payment provider" means an entity that contracts with a cannabis
451	production establishment or medical cannabis pharmacy to facilitate transfers of funds between
452	the establishment or pharmacy and other businesses or individuals.
453	[(34)] (35) "Pharmacy medical provider" means the medical provider required to be on
454	site at a medical cannabis pharmacy under Section 26-61a-403.
455	$\left[\frac{(35)}{(36)}\right]$ "Provisional patient card" means a card that:
456	(a) the department issues to a minor with a qualifying condition for whom:
457	(i) a qualified medical provider has recommended a medical cannabis treatment; and
458	(ii) the department issues a medical cannabis guardian card to the minor's parent or
459	legal guardian; and

460	(b) is connected to the electronic verification system.
461	[(36)] (37) "Qualified medical provider" means an individual who is qualified to
462	recommend treatment with cannabis in a medicinal dosage form under Section 26-61a-106.
463	[(37)] (38) "Qualified Patient Enterprise Fund" means the enterprise fund created in
464	Section 26-61a-109.
465	[(38)] (39) "Qualifying condition" means a condition described in Section 26-61a-104.
466	[(39)] (40) "State central patient portal" means the website the department creates, in
467	accordance with Section 26-61a-601, to facilitate patient safety, education, and an electronic
468	medical cannabis order.
469	[(40)] (41) "State central patient portal medical provider" means a physician or
470	pharmacist that the department employs in relation to the state central patient portal to consult
471	with medical cannabis cardholders in accordance with Section 26-61a-602.
472	[(41)] (42) "State electronic verification system" means the system described in Section
473	26-61a-103.
474	[(42)] (43) "Valid form of photo identification" means a valid United States federal- or
475	state-issued photo identification, including:
476	(a) a driver license;
477	(b) a United States passport;
478	(c) a United States passport card; or
479	(d) a United States military identification card.
480	Section 6. Section 26-61a-201 is amended to read:
481	26-61a-201. Medical cannabis patient card Medical cannabis guardian card
482	application Fees Studies.
483	(1) On or before March 1, 2020, the department shall, within 15 days after the day on
484	which an individual who satisfies the eligibility criteria in this section or Section 26-61a-202
485	submits an application in accordance with this section or Section 26-61a-202:
486	(a) issue a medical cannabis patient card to an individual described in Subsection
487	(2)(a);
488	(b) issue a medical cannabis guardian card to an individual described in Subsection
489	(2)(b);
490	(c) issue a provisional patient card to a minor described in Subsection (2)(c); and

491	(d) issue a medical cannabis caregiver card to an individual described in Subsection
492	26-61a-202(4).
493	(2) (a) An individual is eligible for a medical cannabis patient card if:
494	(i) (A) the individual is at least 21 years old; or
495	(B) the individual is 18, 19, or 20 years old, the individual petitions the compassionate
496	use board under Section 26-61a-105, and the compassionate use board recommends department
497	approval of the petition;
498	(ii) the individual is a Utah resident;
499	(iii) the individual's qualified medical provider recommends treatment with medical
500	cannabis in accordance with Subsection (4);
501	(iv) the individual signs an acknowledgment stating that the individual received the
502	information described in Subsection (8); and
503	(v) the individual pays to the department a fee in an amount that, subject to Subsection
504	26-61a-109(5), the department sets in accordance with Section 63J-1-504.
505	(b) (i) An individual is eligible for a medical cannabis guardian card if the individual:
506	(A) is at least 18 years old;
507	(B) is a Utah resident;
508	(C) is the parent or legal guardian of a minor for whom the minor's qualified medical
509	provider recommends a medical cannabis treatment, the individual petitions the compassionate
510	use board under Section 26-61a-105, and the compassionate use board recommends department
511	approval of the petition;
512	(D) the individual signs an acknowledgment stating that the individual received the
513	information described in Subsection (8);
514	(E) pays to the department a fee in an amount that, subject to Subsection
515	26-61a-109(5), the department sets in accordance with Section 63J-1-504, plus the cost of the
516	criminal background check described in Section 26-61a-203; and
517	(F) the individual has not been convicted of a misdemeanor or felony drug distribution
518	offense under either state or federal law, unless the individual completed any imposed sentence
519	six months or more before the day on which the individual applies for a medical cannabis
520	guardian card.
521	(ii) The department shall notify the Department of Public Safety of each individual that

522	the department registers for a medical cannabis guardian card.	
523	(c) (i) A minor is eligible for a provisional patient card if:	
524	(A) the minor has a qualifying condition;	
525	(B) the minor's qualified medical provider recommends a medical cannabis treatment	
526	to address the minor's qualifying condition;	
527	(C) the minor's parent or legal guardian petitions the compassionate use board under	
528	Section 26-61a-105, and the compassionate use board recommends department approval of the	
529	petition; and	
530	(D) the minor's parent or legal guardian is eligible for a medical cannabis guardian card	
531	under Subsection (2)(b).	
532	(ii) The department shall automatically issue a provisional patient card to the minor	
533	described in Subsection (2)(c)(i) at the same time the department issues a medical cannabis	
534	guardian card to the minor's parent or legal guardian.	
535	(3) (a) An individual who is eligible for a medical cannabis card described in	
536	Subsection (2)(a) or (b) shall submit an application for a medical cannabis card to the	
537	department:	
538	(i) through an electronic application connected to the state electronic verification	
539	system;	
540	(ii) with the recommending qualified medical provider while in the recommending	
541	qualified medical provider's office; and	
542	(iii) with information including:	
543	(A) the applicant's name, gender, age, and address;	
544	(B) the number of the applicant's valid form of photo identification;	
545	(C) for a medical cannabis guardian card, the name, gender, and age of the minor	
546	receiving a medical cannabis treatment under the cardholder's medical cannabis guardian card;	
547	and	
548	(D) for a provisional patient card, the name of the minor's parent or legal guardian who	
549	holds the associated medical cannabis guardian card.	
550	(b) The department shall ensure that a medical cannabis card the department issues	
551	under this section contains the information described in Subsection (3)(a)(iii).	
552	(c) (i) If a qualified medical provider determines that, because of age, illness, or	

disability, a medical cannabis patient cardholder requires assistance in administering the	
medical cannabis treatment that the qualified medical provider recommends, the qualified	
medical provider may indicate the cardholder's need in the state electronic verification system	
(ii) If a qualified medical provider makes the indication described in Subsection	
(3)(c)(i):	

- (A) the department shall add a label to the relevant medical cannabis patient card indicating the cardholder's need for assistance; and
- (B) any adult who is 21 years old or older and who is physically present with the cardholder at the time the cardholder needs to use the recommended medical cannabis treatment may handle the medical cannabis treatment and any associated medical cannabis device as needed to assist the cardholder in administering the recommended medical cannabis treatment[, including in the event of an emergency medical condition under Subsection 26-61a-204(2):]; and
- (C) an individual of any age who is physically present with the cardholder in the event of an emergency medical condition, as that term is defined in Section 31A-22-627, may handle the medical cannabis treatment and any associated medical cannabis device as needed to assist the cardholder in administering the recommended medical cannabis treatment.
 - (iii) A non-cardholding individual acting under Subsection (3)(c)(ii)(B) or (C) may not:
 - (A) ingest or inhale medical cannabis;
- (B) possess, transport, or handle medical cannabis or a medical cannabis device outside of the immediate area where the cardholder is present or with an intent other than to provide assistance to the cardholder; or
- (C) possess, transport, or handle medical cannabis or a medical cannabis device when the cardholder is not in the process of being dosed with medical cannabis.
- (4) To recommend a medical cannabis treatment to a patient or to renew a recommendation, a qualified medical provider shall:
- (a) before recommending cannabis in a medicinal dosage form or a cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form:
- (i) verify the patient's and, for a minor patient, the minor patient's parent or legal guardian's valid form of identification described in Subsection (3)(a);
 - (ii) review any record related to the patient and, for a minor patient, the patient's parent

584	or legal guardian in:
585	(A) the state electronic verification system; and
586	(B) the controlled substance database created in Section 58-37f-201; and
587	(iii) consider the recommendation in light of the patient's qualifying condition and
588	history of medical cannabis and controlled substance use; and
589	(b) state in the qualified medical provider's recommendation that the patient:
590	(i) suffers from a qualifying condition, including the type of qualifying condition; and
591	(ii) may benefit from treatment with cannabis in a medicinal dosage form or a cannabis
592	product in a medicinal dosage form.
593	(5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), a medical cannabis card that the
594	department issues under this section is valid for the lesser of:
595	(i) an amount of time that the qualified medical provider determines; or
596	(ii) (A) for the first issuance, 30 days; [or]
597	(B) except as provided in Subsection (5)(a)(ii)(C), for a renewal, six months[7]; or
598	(C) for a renewal, one year if, after at least one year following the issuance of the
599	original medical cannabis card, the qualified medical provider determines that the patient has
600	been stabilized on the medical cannabis treatment and a one-year renewal period is justified.
601	(b) (i) A medical cannabis card that the department issues in relation to a terminal
602	illness described in Section 26-61a-104 does not expire.
603	(ii) The recommending qualified medical provider may revoke a recommendation that
604	the provider made in relation to a terminal illness described in Section 26-61a-104 if the
605	medical cannabis cardholder no longer has the terminal illness.
606	(6) (a) A medical cannabis patient card or a medical cannabis guardian card is
607	renewable if:
608	(i) at the time of renewal, the cardholder meets the requirements of Subsection (2)(a) o
609	(b); or
610	(ii) the cardholder received the medical cannabis card through the recommendation of
611	the compassionate use board under Section 26-61a-105.
612	(b) A cardholder described in Subsection (6)(a) may renew the cardholder's card:
613	(i) using the application process described in Subsection (3); or
614	(ii) through phone or video conference with the qualified medical provider who made

- 615 the recommendation underlying the card, at the qualifying medical provider's discretion.
 - (c) A cardholder under Subsection (2)(a) or (b) who renews the cardholder's card shall pay to the department a renewal fee in an amount that:
 - (i) subject to Subsection 26-61a-109(5), the department sets in accordance with Section 63J-1-504; and
 - (ii) may not exceed the cost of the relatively lower administrative burden of renewal in comparison to the original application process.
 - (d) If a minor meets the requirements of Subsection (2)(c), the minor's provisional patient card renews automatically at the time the minor's parent or legal guardian renews the parent or legal guardian's associated medical cannabis guardian card.
 - (e) The department may revoke a medical cannabis guardian card if the cardholder under Subsection (2)(b) is convicted of a misdemeanor or felony drug distribution offense under either state or federal law.
 - (7) (a) A cardholder under this section shall carry the cardholder's valid medical cannabis card with the patient's name.
 - (b) (i) A medical cannabis patient cardholder or a provisional patient cardholder may purchase, in accordance with this chapter and the recommendation underlying the card, cannabis in a medicinal dosage form, a cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form, or a medical cannabis device.
 - (ii) A cardholder under this section may possess or transport, in accordance with this chapter and the recommendation underlying the card, cannabis in a medicinal dosage form, a cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form, or a medical cannabis device.
 - (iii) To address the qualifying condition underlying the medical cannabis treatment recommendation:
 - (A) a medical cannabis patient cardholder or a provisional patient cardholder may use cannabis in a medicinal dosage form, a medical cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form, or a medical cannabis device; and
 - (B) a medical cannabis guardian cardholder may assist the associated provisional patient cardholder with the use of cannabis in a medicinal dosage form, a medical cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form, or a medical cannabis device.
 - (c) If a licensed medical cannabis pharmacy is not operating within the state after

646 January 1, 2021, a cardholder under this section is not subject to prosecution for the possession 647 of: 648 (i) no more than 113 grams of marijuana in a medicinal dosage form: 649 (ii) an amount of cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form that contains no more 650 than 20 grams of tetrahydrocannabinol; or 651 (iii) marijuana drug paraphernalia. 652 (8) The department shall establish by rule, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, 653 Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, a process to provide information regarding the following 654 to an individual receiving a medical cannabis card: 655 (a) risks associated with medical cannabis treatment; 656 (b) the fact that a condition's listing as a qualifying condition does not suggest that 657 medical cannabis treatment is an effective treatment or cure for that condition, as described in 658 Subsection 26-61a-104(1); and 659 (c) other relevant warnings and safety information that the department determines. 660 (9) The department may establish procedures by rule, in accordance with Title 63G, 661 Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to implement the application and issuance 662 provisions of this section. 663 (10) (a) A person may submit to the department a request to conduct a research study 664 using medical cannabis cardholder data that the state electronic verification system contains. 665 (b) The department shall review a request described in Subsection (10)(a) to determine 666 whether an institutional review board, as that term is defined in Section 26-61-102, could 667 approve the research study. 668 (c) At the time an individual applies for a medical cannabis card, the department shall 669 notify the individual: (i) of how the individual's information will be used as a cardholder; 670 671 (ii) that by applying for a medical cannabis card, unless the individual withdraws 672 consent under Subsection (10)(d), the individual consents to the use of the individual's 673 information for external research; and 674 (iii) that the individual may withdraw consent for the use of the individual's

(d) An applicant may, through the medical cannabis card application, and a medical

information for external research at any time, including at the time of application.

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cannabis pharmacy; or

cannabis [production establishment] pharmacy;

677	cannabis cardholder may, through the state central patient portal, withdraw the applicant's or
678	cardholder's consent to participate in external research at any time.
679	(e) The department may release, for the purposes of a study described in this
680	Subsection (10), information about a cardholder under this section who consents to participate
681	under Subsection (10)(c).
682	(f) If an individual withdraws consent under Subsection (10)(d), the withdrawal of
683	consent:
684	(i) applies to external research that is initiated after the withdrawal of consent; and
685	(ii) does not apply to research that was initiated before the withdrawal of consent.
686	(g) The department may establish standards for a medical research study's validity, by
687	rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
688	Section 7. Section 26-61a-301 is amended to read:
689	26-61a-301. Medical cannabis pharmacy License Eligibility.
690	(1) A person may not operate as a medical cannabis pharmacy without a license that
691	the department issues under this part.
692	(2) (a) (i) Subject to Subsections (4) and (5) and to Section 26-61a-305, the department
693	shall issue a license to operate a medical cannabis pharmacy in accordance with Title 63G,
694	Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code.
695	(ii) The department may not issue a license to operate a medical cannabis pharmacy to
696	an applicant who is not eligible for a license under this section.
697	(b) An applicant is eligible for a license under this section if the applicant submits to
698	the department:
699	(i) subject to Subsection (2)(c), a proposed name and address where the applicant will
700	operate the medical cannabis pharmacy;
701	(ii) the name and address of an individual who:
702	(A) for a publicly traded company, has a financial or voting interest of 2% or greater in
703	the proposed medical cannabis pharmacy; [or]
704	(B) for a privately held company, a financial or voting interest in the proposed medical

(C) has the power to direct or cause the management or control of a proposed medical

- (iii) a statement that the applicant will obtain and maintain a performance bond that a surety authorized to transact surety business in the state issues in an amount of at least \$125,000 for each application that the applicant submits to the department;
 (iv) an operating plan that:
 (A) complies with Section 26-61a-304;
 - (B) includes operating procedures to comply with the operating requirements for a medical cannabis pharmacy described in this chapter and with a relevant municipal or county law that is consistent with Section 26-61a-507; and
 - (C) the department approves;
 - (v) an application fee in an amount that, subject to Subsection 26-61a-109(5), the department sets in accordance with Section 63J-1-504; and
 - (vi) a description of any investigation or adverse action taken by any licensing jurisdiction, government agency, law enforcement agency, or court in any state for any violation or detrimental conduct in relation to any of the applicant's cannabis-related operations or businesses.
 - (c) (i) A person may not locate a medical cannabis pharmacy:
 - (A) within 200 feet of a community location; or
 - (B) in or within 600 feet of a district that the relevant municipality or county has zoned as primarily residential.
 - (ii) The proximity requirements described in Subsection (2)(c)(i) shall be measured from the nearest entrance to the medical cannabis pharmacy establishment by following the shortest route of ordinary pedestrian travel to the property boundary of the community location or residential area.
 - (iii) The department may grant a waiver to reduce the proximity requirements in Subsection (2)(c)(i) by up to 20% if the department determines that it is not reasonably feasible for the applicant to site the proposed medical cannabis pharmacy without the waiver.
 - (iv) An applicant for a license under this section shall provide evidence of compliance with the proximity requirements described in Subsection (2)(c)(i).
 - (d) The department may not issue a license to an eligible applicant that the department has selected to receive a license until the selected eligible applicant obtains the performance bond described in Subsection (2)(b)(iii).

739	(e) If the department receives more than one application for a medical cannabis
740	pharmacy within the same city or town, the department shall consult with the local land use
741	authority before approving any of the applications pertaining to that city or town.
742	(3) If the department selects an applicant for a medical cannabis pharmacy license
743	under this section, the department shall:
744	(a) charge the applicant an initial license fee in an amount that, subject to Subsection
745	26-61a-109(5), the department sets in accordance with Section 63J-1-504; and
746	(b) notify the Department of Public Safety of the license approval and the names of
747	each individual described in Subsection (2)(b)(ii).
748	(4) The department may not issue a license to operate a medical cannabis pharmacy to
749	an applicant if an individual described in Subsection (2)(b)(ii):
750	(a) has been convicted under state or federal law of:
751	(i) a felony; or
752	(ii) after December 3, 2018, a misdemeanor for drug distribution;
753	(b) is younger than 21 years old; or
754	(c) after the effective date of this bill until January 1, 2023, is actively serving as a
755	legislator.
756	(5) (a) If an applicant for a medical cannabis pharmacy license under this section holds
757	a license under Title 4, Chapter 41, Hemp and Cannabinoid Act, [or] the department may not
758	give preference to the applicant based on the applicant's status as a holder of the license.
759	(b) If an applicant for a medical cannabis pharmacy license under this section holds a
760	license to operate a cannabis cultivation facility under Title 4, Chapter 41a, Cannabis
761	Production Establishments, the department:
762	[(a)] (i) shall consult with the Department of Agriculture and Food regarding the
763	applicant; and
764	[(b)] (ii) may [not] give [preference] consideration to the applicant based on the
765	applicant's status as a holder of a license [described in this Subsection (5).] to operate a
766	cannabis cultivation facility if:
767	(A) the applicant demonstrates that a decrease in costs to patients is more likely to
768	result from the applicant's vertical integration than from a more competitive marketplace; and
769	(B) the department finds multiple other factors, in addition to the existing license, that

support granting the new license.

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- 771 (6) The department may revoke a license under this part if:
- 772 (a) the medical cannabis pharmacy does not begin operations within one year after the 773 day on which the department issues the initial license;
 - (b) the medical cannabis pharmacy makes the same violation of this chapter three times;
 - (c) an individual described in Subsection (2)(b)(ii) is convicted, while the license is active, under state or federal law of:
 - (i) a felony; or
 - (ii) after December 3, 2018, a misdemeanor for drug distribution; or
- (d) the licensee fails to provide the information described in Subsection (2)(b)(vi) at the time of application, or fails to supplement the information described in Subsection (2)(b)(vi) with any investigation or adverse action that occurs after the submission of the application.
 - (7) (a) A person who receives a medical cannabis pharmacy license under this chapter, if the municipality or county where the licensed medical cannabis pharmacy will be located requires a local land use permit, shall submit to the department a copy of the licensee's approved application for the land use permit within 120 days after the day on which the department issues the license.
 - (b) If a licensee fails to submit to the department a copy the licensee's approved land use permit application in accordance with Subsection (7)(a), the department may revoke the licensee's license.
 - (8) The department shall deposit the proceeds of a fee imposed by this section in the Qualified Patient Enterprise Fund.
 - (9) The department shall begin accepting applications under this part on or before March 1, 2020.
- 796 (10) (a) The department's authority to issue a license under this section is plenary and is 797 not subject to review.
 - (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the decision of the department to award a license to an applicant is not subject to:
 - (i) Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Part 16, Protests; or

801	(ii) Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Part 17, Procurement Appeals Board.
802	Section 8. Section 26-61a-505 is amended to read:
803	26-61a-505. Advertising.
804	(1) Except as provided in Subsections (2) and (3), a medical cannabis pharmacy may
805	not advertise in any medium.
806	(2) Notwithstanding any municipal or county ordinance prohibiting signage, a medical
807	cannabis pharmacy may use signage on the outside of the medical cannabis pharmacy that:
808	(a) includes only:
809	(i) the medical cannabis pharmacy's name and hours of operation; and
810	(ii) a green cross; and
811	[(b) does not exceed four feet by five feet in size; and]
812	[(c)] (b) complies with local ordinances regulating signage.
813	(3) A medical cannabis pharmacy may maintain a website that includes information
814	about:
815	(a) the location and hours of operation of the medical cannabis pharmacy;
816	(b) a product or service available at the medical cannabis pharmacy;
817	(c) personnel affiliated with the medical cannabis pharmacy;
818	(d) best practices that the medical cannabis pharmacy upholds; and
819	(e) educational material related to the medical use of cannabis.
820	Section 9. Section 58-37-8 is amended to read:
821	58-37-8. Prohibited acts Penalties.
822	(1) Prohibited acts A Penalties and reporting:
823	(a) Except as authorized by this chapter, it is unlawful for a person to knowingly and
824	intentionally:
825	(i) produce, manufacture, or dispense, or to possess with intent to produce,
826	manufacture, or dispense, a controlled or counterfeit substance;
827	(ii) distribute a controlled or counterfeit substance, or to agree, consent, offer, or
828	arrange to distribute a controlled or counterfeit substance;
829	(iii) possess a controlled or counterfeit substance with intent to distribute; or
830	(iv) engage in a continuing criminal enterprise where:
831	(A) the person participates, directs, or engages in conduct that results in a violation of

- Chapters 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act, 37a, Utah Drug Paraphernalia Act, 37b,
 Imitation Controlled Substances Act, 37c, Utah Controlled Substance Precursor Act, or 37d,
 Clandestine Drug Lab Act, that is a felony; and
 - (B) the violation is a part of a continuing series of two or more violations of Chapters 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act, 37a, Utah Drug Paraphernalia Act, 37b, Imitation Controlled Substances Act, 37c, Utah Controlled Substance Precursor Act, or 37d, Clandestine Drug Lab Act, on separate occasions that are undertaken in concert with five or more persons with respect to whom the person occupies a position of organizer, supervisor, or any other position of management.
 - (b) A person convicted of violating Subsection (1)(a) with respect to:
 - (i) a substance or a counterfeit of a substance classified in Schedule I or II, a controlled substance analog, or gammahydroxybutyric acid as listed in Schedule III is guilty of a second degree felony, punishable by imprisonment for not more than 15 years, and upon a second or subsequent conviction is guilty of a first degree felony;
 - (ii) a substance or a counterfeit of a substance classified in Schedule III or IV, or marijuana, or a substance listed in Section 58-37-4.2 is guilty of a third degree felony, and upon a second or subsequent conviction is guilty of a second degree felony; or
 - (iii) a substance or a counterfeit of a substance classified in Schedule V is guilty of a class A misdemeanor and upon a second or subsequent conviction is guilty of a third degree felony.
 - (c) A person who has been convicted of a violation of Subsection (1)(a)(ii) or (iii) may be sentenced to imprisonment for an indeterminate term as provided by law, but if the trier of fact finds a firearm as defined in Section 76-10-501 was used, carried, or possessed on the person or in the person's immediate possession during the commission or in furtherance of the offense, the court shall additionally sentence the person convicted for a term of one year to run consecutively and not concurrently; and the court may additionally sentence the person convicted for an indeterminate term not to exceed five years to run consecutively and not concurrently.
 - (d) A person convicted of violating Subsection (1)(a)(iv) is guilty of a first degree felony punishable by imprisonment for an indeterminate term of not less than seven years and which may be for life. Imposition or execution of the sentence may not be suspended, and the

person is not eligible for probation.

- (e) The Administrative Office of the Courts shall report to the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing the name, case number, date of conviction, and if known, the date of birth of each person convicted of violating Subsection (1)(a).
 - (2) Prohibited acts B -- Penalties and reporting:
 - (a) It is unlawful:
- (i) for a person knowingly and intentionally to possess or use a controlled substance analog or a controlled substance, unless it was obtained under a valid prescription or order, directly from a practitioner while acting in the course of the person's professional practice, or as otherwise authorized by this chapter;
- (ii) for an owner, tenant, licensee, or person in control of a building, room, tenement, vehicle, boat, aircraft, or other place knowingly and intentionally to permit them to be occupied by persons unlawfully possessing, using, or distributing controlled substances in any of those locations; or
- (iii) for a person knowingly and intentionally to possess an altered or forged prescription or written order for a controlled substance.
 - (b) A person convicted of violating Subsection (2)(a)(i) with respect to:
- (i) marijuana, if the amount is 100 pounds or more, is guilty of a second degree felony; or
- (ii) a substance classified in Schedule I or II, or a controlled substance analog, is guilty of a class A misdemeanor on a first or second conviction, and on a third or subsequent conviction is guilty of a third degree felony.
- (c) Upon a person's conviction of a violation of this Subsection (2) subsequent to a conviction under Subsection (1)(a), that person shall be sentenced to a one degree greater penalty than provided in this Subsection (2).
- (d) A person who violates Subsection (2)(a)(i) with respect to all other controlled substances not included in Subsection (2)(b)(i) or (ii), including a substance listed in Section 58-37-4.2, or marijuana, is guilty of a class B misdemeanor. Upon a third conviction the person is guilty of a class A misdemeanor, and upon a fourth or subsequent conviction the person is guilty of a third degree felony.
 - (e) A person convicted of violating Subsection (2)(a)(i) while inside the exterior

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894	boundaries of property occupied by a correctional facility as defined in Section 64-13-1 or a
895	public jail or other place of confinement shall be sentenced to a penalty one degree greater than
896	provided in Subsection (2)(b), and if the conviction is with respect to controlled substances as
897	listed in:
898	(i) Subsection (2)(b), the person may be sentenced to imprisonment for an
899	indeterminate term as provided by law, and:
900	(A) the court shall additionally sentence the person convicted to a term of one year to
901	run consecutively and not concurrently; and
902	(B) the court may additionally sentence the person convicted for an indeterminate term
903	not to exceed five years to run consecutively and not concurrently; and
904	(ii) Subsection (2)(d), the person may be sentenced to imprisonment for an
905	indeterminate term as provided by law, and the court shall additionally sentence the person
906	convicted to a term of six months to run consecutively and not concurrently.
907	(f) A person convicted of violating Subsection (2)(a)(ii) or (iii) is:
908	(i) on a first conviction, guilty of a class B misdemeanor;
909	(ii) on a second conviction, guilty of a class A misdemeanor; and
910	(iii) on a third or subsequent conviction, guilty of a third degree felony.
911	(g) A person is subject to the penalties under Subsection (2)(h) who, in an offense not

- (g) A person is subject to the penalties under Subsection (2)(h) who, in an offense not amounting to a violation of Section 76-5-207:
- (i) violates Subsection (2)(a)(i) by knowingly and intentionally having in the person's body any measurable amount of a controlled substance, except for

11-nor-9-carboxy-tetrahyrdocannabinol; and

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- (ii) operates a motor vehicle as defined in Section 76-5-207 in a negligent manner, causing serious bodily injury as defined in Section 76-1-601 or the death of another.
 - (h) A person who violates Subsection (2)(g) by having in the person's body:
- (i) a controlled substance classified under Schedule I, other than those described in Subsection (2)(h)(ii), or a controlled substance classified under Schedule II is guilty of a second degree felony;
- (ii) marijuana, tetrahydrocannabinols, or equivalents described in Subsection 58-37-4(2)(a)(iii)(S) or (AA), or a substance listed in Section 58-37-4.2 is guilty of a third degree felony; or

- 925 (iii) a controlled substance classified under Schedules III, IV, or V is guilty of a class A 926 misdemeanor.
 - (i) A person is guilty of a separate offense for each victim suffering serious bodily injury or death as a result of the person's negligent driving in violation of Subsection(2)(g) whether or not the injuries arise from the same episode of driving.
 - (j) The Administrative Office of the Courts shall report to the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing the name, case number, date of conviction, and if known, the date of birth of each person convicted of violating Subsection (2)(a).
 - (3) Prohibited acts C -- Penalties:
 - (a) It is unlawful for a person knowingly and intentionally:
 - (i) to use in the course of the manufacture or distribution of a controlled substance a license number which is fictitious, revoked, suspended, or issued to another person or, for the purpose of obtaining a controlled substance, to assume the title of, or represent oneself to be, a manufacturer, wholesaler, apothecary, physician, dentist, veterinarian, or other authorized person;
 - (ii) to acquire or obtain possession of, to procure or attempt to procure the administration of, to obtain a prescription for, to prescribe or dispense to a person known to be attempting to acquire or obtain possession of, or to procure the administration of a controlled substance by misrepresentation or failure by the person to disclose receiving a controlled substance from another source, fraud, forgery, deception, subterfuge, alteration of a prescription or written order for a controlled substance, or the use of a false name or address;
 - (iii) to make a false or forged prescription or written order for a controlled substance, or to utter the same, or to alter a prescription or written order issued or written under the terms of this chapter; or
 - (iv) to make, distribute, or possess a punch, die, plate, stone, or other thing designed to print, imprint, or reproduce the trademark, trade name, or other identifying mark, imprint, or device of another or any likeness of any of the foregoing upon any drug or container or labeling so as to render a drug a counterfeit controlled substance.
 - (b) (i) A first or second conviction under Subsection (3)(a)(i), (ii), or (iii) is a class A misdemeanor.
 - (ii) A third or subsequent conviction under Subsection (3)(a)(i), (ii), or (iii) is a third

956 degree felony.

- (c) A violation of Subsection (3)(a)(iv) is a third degree felony.
 - (4) Prohibited acts D -- Penalties:
 - (a) Notwithstanding other provisions of this section, a person not authorized under this chapter who commits any act that is unlawful under Subsection (1)(a) or Section 58-37b-4 is upon conviction subject to the penalties and classifications under this Subsection (4) if the trier of fact finds the act is committed:
 - (i) in a public or private elementary or secondary school or on the grounds of any of those schools during the hours of 6 a.m. through 10 p.m.;
 - (ii) in a public or private vocational school or postsecondary institution or on the grounds of any of those schools or institutions during the hours of 6 a.m. through 10 p.m.;
 - (iii) in or on the grounds of a preschool or child-care facility during the preschool's or facility's hours of operation;
 - (iv) in a public park, amusement park, arcade, or recreation center when the public or amusement park, arcade, or recreation center is open to the public;
 - (v) in or on the grounds of a house of worship as defined in Section 76-10-501;
 - (vi) in or on the grounds of a library when the library is open to the public;
 - (vii) within an area that is within 100 feet of any structure, facility, or grounds included in Subsections (4)(a)(i), (ii), (iii), (iv), (v), and (vi);
 - (viii) in the presence of a person younger than 18 years of age, regardless of where the act occurs; or
 - (ix) for the purpose of facilitating, arranging, or causing the transport, delivery, or distribution of a substance in violation of this section to an inmate or on the grounds of a correctional facility as defined in Section 76-8-311.3.
 - (b) (i) A person convicted under this Subsection (4) is guilty of a first degree felony and shall be imprisoned for a term of not less than five years if the penalty that would otherwise have been established but for this Subsection (4) would have been a first degree felony.
 - (ii) Imposition or execution of the sentence may not be suspended, and the person is not eligible for probation.
 - (c) If the classification that would otherwise have been established would have been

- less than a first degree felony but for this Subsection (4), a person convicted under this Subsection (4) is guilty of one degree more than the maximum penalty prescribed for that offense. This Subsection (4)(c) does not apply to a violation of Subsection (2)(g).
 - (d) (i) If the violation is of Subsection (4)(a)(ix):
- (A) the person may be sentenced to imprisonment for an indeterminate term as provided by law, and the court shall additionally sentence the person convicted for a term of one year to run consecutively and not concurrently; and
- (B) the court may additionally sentence the person convicted for an indeterminate term not to exceed five years to run consecutively and not concurrently; and
- (ii) the penalties under this Subsection (4)(d) apply also to a person who, acting with the mental state required for the commission of an offense, directly or indirectly solicits, requests, commands, coerces, encourages, or intentionally aids another person to commit a violation of Subsection (4)(a)(ix).
 - (e) It is not a defense to a prosecution under this Subsection (4) that:
- (i) the actor mistakenly believed the individual to be 18 years of age or older at the time of the offense or was unaware of the individual's true age; or
- (ii) the actor mistakenly believed that the location where the act occurred was not as described in Subsection (4)(a) or was unaware that the location where the act occurred was as described in Subsection (4)(a).
- (5) A violation of this chapter for which no penalty is specified is a class B misdemeanor.
- (6) (a) For purposes of penalty enhancement under Subsections (1) and (2), a plea of guilty or no contest to a violation or attempted violation of this section or a plea which is held in abeyance under Title 77, Chapter 2a, Pleas in Abeyance, is the equivalent of a conviction, even if the charge has been subsequently reduced or dismissed in accordance with the plea in abeyance agreement.
- (b) A prior conviction used for a penalty enhancement under Subsection (2) shall be a conviction that is:
 - (i) from a separate criminal episode than the current charge; and
- 1016 (ii) from a conviction that is separate from any other conviction used to enhance the current charge.

- 1018 (7) A person may be charged and sentenced for a violation of this section, 1019 notwithstanding a charge and sentence for a violation of any other section of this chapter.
 - (8) (a) A penalty imposed for violation of this section is in addition to, and not in lieu of, a civil or administrative penalty or sanction authorized by law.
 - (b) When a violation of this chapter violates a federal law or the law of another state, conviction or acquittal under federal law or the law of another state for the same act is a bar to prosecution in this state.
 - (9) In any prosecution for a violation of this chapter, evidence or proof that shows a person or persons produced, manufactured, possessed, distributed, or dispensed a controlled substance or substances, is prima facie evidence that the person or persons did so with knowledge of the character of the substance or substances.
 - (10) This section does not prohibit a veterinarian, in good faith and in the course of the veterinarian's professional practice only and not for humans, from prescribing, dispensing, or administering controlled substances or from causing the substances to be administered by an assistant or orderly under the veterinarian's direction and supervision.
 - (11) Civil or criminal liability may not be imposed under this section on:
 - (a) a person registered under this chapter who manufactures, distributes, or possesses an imitation controlled substance for use as a placebo or investigational new drug by a registered practitioner in the ordinary course of professional practice or research; or
 - (b) a law enforcement officer acting in the course and legitimate scope of the officer's employment.
 - (12) (a) Civil or criminal liability may not be imposed under this section on any Indian, as defined in Section 58-37-2, who uses, possesses, or transports peyote for bona fide traditional ceremonial purposes in connection with the practice of a traditional Indian religion as defined in Section 58-37-2.
 - (b) In a prosecution alleging violation of this section regarding peyote as defined in Section 58-37-4, it is an affirmative defense that the peyote was used, possessed, or transported by an Indian for bona fide traditional ceremonial purposes in connection with the practice of a traditional Indian religion.
 - (c) (i) The defendant shall provide written notice of intent to claim an affirmative defense under this Subsection (12) as soon as practicable, but not later than 10 days before

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- (ii) The notice shall include the specific claims of the affirmative defense.
- (iii) The court may waive the notice requirement in the interest of justice for good cause shown, if the prosecutor is not unfairly prejudiced by the lack of timely notice.
- (d) The defendant shall establish the affirmative defense under this Subsection (12) by a preponderance of the evidence. If the defense is established, it is a complete defense to the charges.
- (13) (a) It is an affirmative defense that the person produced, possessed, or administered a controlled substance listed in Section 58-37-4.2 if the person was:
 - (i) engaged in medical research; and
 - (ii) a holder of a valid license to possess controlled substances under Section 58-37-6.
- (b) It is not a defense under Subsection (13)(a) that the person prescribed or dispensed a controlled substance listed in Section 58-37-4.2.
- (14) It is an affirmative defense that the person possessed, in the person's body, a controlled substance listed in Section 58-37-4.2 if:
- (a) the person was the subject of medical research conducted by a holder of a valid license to possess controlled substances under Section 58-37-6; and
 - (b) the substance was administered to the person by the medical researcher.
- (15) The application of any increase in penalty under this section to a violation of Subsection (2)(a)(i) may not result in any greater penalty than a second degree felony. This Subsection (15) takes precedence over any conflicting provision of this section.
- (16) (a) It is an affirmative defense to an allegation of the commission of an offense listed in Subsection (16)(b) that the person:
- (i) reasonably believes that the person or another person is experiencing an overdose event due to the ingestion, injection, inhalation, or other introduction into the human body of a controlled substance or other substance;
- (ii) reports in good faith the overdose event to a medical provider, an emergency medical service provider as defined in Section 26-8a-102, a law enforcement officer, a 911 emergency call system, or an emergency dispatch system, or the person is the subject of a report made under this Subsection (16);
 - (iii) provides in the report under Subsection (16)(a)(ii) a functional description of the

actual location of the overdose event that facilitates responding to the person experiencing the overdose event;

- (iv) remains at the location of the person experiencing the overdose event until a responding law enforcement officer or emergency medical service provider arrives, or remains at the medical care facility where the person experiencing an overdose event is located until a responding law enforcement officer arrives;
- (v) cooperates with the responding medical provider, emergency medical service provider, and law enforcement officer, including providing information regarding the person experiencing the overdose event and any substances the person may have injected, inhaled, or otherwise introduced into the person's body; and
- (vi) is alleged to have committed the offense in the same course of events from which the reported overdose arose.
 - (b) The offenses referred to in Subsection (16)(a) are:
 - (i) the possession or use of less than 16 ounces of marijuana;
- (ii) the possession or use of a scheduled or listed controlled substance other than marijuana; and
- (iii) any violation of Chapter 37a, Utah Drug Paraphernalia Act, or Chapter 37b, Imitation Controlled Substances Act.
- (c) As used in this Subsection (16) and in Section 76-3-203.11, "good faith" does not include seeking medical assistance under this section during the course of a law enforcement agency's execution of a search warrant, execution of an arrest warrant, or other lawful search.
- (17) If any provision of this chapter, or the application of any provision to any person or circumstances, is held invalid, the remainder of this chapter shall be given effect without the invalid provision or application.
- (18) A legislative body of a political subdivision may not enact an ordinance that is less restrictive than any provision of this chapter.
- (19) If a minor who is under 18 years of age is found by a court to have violated this section, the court may order the minor to complete:
 - (a) a screening as defined in Section 41-6a-501;
- 1109 (b) an assessment as defined in Section 41-6a-501 if the screening indicates an assessment to be appropriate; and

1111	(c) an educational series as defined in Section 41-6a-501 or substance use disorder
1112	treatment as indicated by an assessment.
1113	Section 10. Effective date.
1114	If approved by two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, this bill takes effect
1115	upon approval by the governor, or the day following the constitutional time limit of Utah
1116	Constitution, Article VII, Section 8, without the governor's signature, or in the case of a veto,
1117	the date of veto override.
1118	Section 11. Coordinating H.B. 425 with S.B. 121 Substantive and technical
1119	amendments.
1120	If this H.B. 425 and S.B. 121, Medical Cannabis Amendments, both pass and become
1121	law, it is the intent of the Legislature that the Office of Legislative Research and General
1122	Counsel shall prepare the Utah Code database for publication as follows:
1123	(1) the amendments to Subsection 4-41a-102(2) in this bill supersede the amendments
1124	to Subsection 4-41a-102(2) in S.B. 121;
1125	(2) the amendments to Subsection 4-41a-201(8) in this bill supersede the amendments
1126	to Subsection 4-41a-201(8) in S.B. 121;
1127	(3) the amendments to Section 26-61a-102 regarding the definition of "legal dosage
1128	limit" in this bill supersede the amendments to Section 26-61a-201 regarding the definition of
1129	"legal dosage limit" in S.B. 121;
1130	(4) the amendments to Subsection 26-61a-301(5) in this bill supersede the amendments
1131	to Subsection 26-61a-301(5) in S.B. 121; and
1132	(5) the amendments to Section 58-37-8 in this bill supersede the amendments to
1133	Section 58-37-8 in S.B. 121.