1	UTAH RETIREMENT SYSTEMS REVISIONS
2	2022 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Wayne A. Harper
5	House Sponsor: Walt Brooks
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill modifies the Utah State Retirement and Insurance Benefit Act.
)	Highlighted Provisions:
	This bill:
2	 requires a participating employer to certify each employee's status for retirement
,	benefits;
	 provides the time period for which a retiree's retirement allowance is cancelled due
,	to a violation of the earnings limitation for a part-time appointed or elected board
5	member;
7	 aligns the time period for determining final average salary with the time period for
3	calculating years of service credit;
)	 adds the commissioner of the Department of Public Safety and the executive
)	director of the Department of Corrections to the definitions of public safety service
1	employee;
2	 clarifies when an elected official who is initially elected to office on or after July 1,
3	2011, may continue to participate in a retirement plan in which the elected official
1	had previously accrued service credit;
5	 provides that a full-time Tier II employee who begins employment with an
	institution of higher education and has previously accrued service credit has a
7	one-time irrevocable election to continue participation in the Utah Retirement
8	Systems;

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29	 provides that a member who exempts from participation in the Utah Retirement
30	Systems is exempt from earning years of service credit during the period of
31	exemption;
32	 permits a public safety service employee who is promoted to certain administrative
33	positions to continue participation in a public safety retirement system while the
34	employee remains employed with the same department;
35	 permits a fire department chief to exempt from participation in the New Public
36	Safety and Firefighters Tier II Contributory Retirement Act;
37	 repeals the New Public Safety and Firefighter Tier II Retirement Benefits Restricted
38	Account; and
39	makes technical and conforming changes.
40	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
41	None
42	Other Special Clauses:
43	This bill provides a special effective date.
14	Utah Code Sections Affected:
45	AMENDS:
46	49-11-603, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 141
1 7	49-11-1207, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 141
48	49-12-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 415
19	49-13-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 415
50	49-14-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 227
51	49-14-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 344
52	49-15-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 227
53	49-15-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 344
54	49-16-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 349
55	49-22-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 415

56	49-22-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 24
57	49-22-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapters 24 and 365
58	49-22-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 64 and 382
59	49-22-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 227
60	49-23-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 180
61	49-23-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapters 315 and 463
62	49-23-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 24
63	49-23-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 437
64	REPEALS:
65	49-11-904, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 437
66	
67	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
68	Section 1. Section 49-11-603 is amended to read:
69	49-11-603. Participating employer to report and certify Time limit Penalties
70	for failure to comply.
71	(1) As soon as administratively possible, but in no event later than 30 days after the
72	end of each pay period, a participating employer shall report and certify to the office:
73	(a) the eligibility for service credit accrual of:
74	(i) each current employee;
75	(ii) each new employee as the new employee begins employment; and
76	(iii) any changes to eligibility for service credit accrual of each employee;
77	(b) the compensation of each current employee eligible for service credit; and
78	(c) other factors relating to the proper administration of this title as required by the
79	executive director.
80	(2) (a) Each participating employer shall submit the reports required under Subsection
81	(1) in a format approved by the office.
82	(b) Each participating employer shall include in the reports a certification, for each

83	employee, whether the employee is:
84	(i) an eligible employee who is accruing service credit;
85	(ii) an ineligible employee who may not accrue service credit;
86	(iii) a reemployed retiree; or
87	(iv) an employee who is eligible for employer contributions to a defined contribution
88	plan administered under this title.
89	(3) A participating employer shall be liable to the office for:
90	(a) any liabilities and expenses, including administrative expenses and the cost of
91	increased benefits to employees, resulting from the participating employer's failure to correctly
92	report and certify records under this section;
93	(b) a penalty equal to the greater of:
94	(i) \$250; or
95	(ii) 50% of the total contributions for the employees for the period of the reporting
96	error; and
97	(c) attorney fees.
98	(4) The executive director may waive all or any part of the interest, penalties, expenses
99	and fees if the executive director finds there were extenuating circumstances surrounding the
100	participating employer's failure to comply with this section.
101	(5) The office may estimate the length of service, compensation, or age of any
102	employee, if that information is not contained in the records.
103	Section 2. Section 49-11-1207 is amended to read:
104	49-11-1207. Postretirement reemployment Violations Penalties.
105	(1) (a) If the office receives notice or learns of the reemployment of a retiree in
106	violation of Section 49-11-1204 or 49-11-1205, the office shall:
107	(i) immediately cancel the retiree's retirement allowance;
108	(ii) keep the retiree's retirement allowance cancelled for the remainder of the calendar
109	year if the reemployment with a participating employer exceeded the limitation under

110	Subsection 49-11-1205(1)(a)(iii)(A) [or], (3)(b), or (4)(b); and
111	(iii) recover any overpayment resulting from the violation in accordance with the
112	provisions of Section 49-11-607 before the allowance may be reinstated.
113	(b) Reinstatement of an allowance following cancellation for a violation under this
114	section is subject to the procedures and provisions under Section 49-11-1204.
115	(2) If a retiree or participating employer failed to report reemployment in violation of
116	Section 49-11-1206, the retiree, participating employer, or both, who are found to be
117	responsible for the failure to report, are liable to the office for the amount of any overpayment
118	resulting from the violation.
119	(3) A participating employer is liable to the office for a payment or failure to make a
120	payment in violation of this part.
121	(4) If a participating employer fails to notify the office in accordance with Section
122	49-11-1206, the participating employer is immediately subject to a compliance audit by the
123	office.
124	Section 3. Section 49-12-102 is amended to read:
125	49-12-102. Definitions.
126	As used in this chapter:
127	(1) (a) "Benefits normally provided" $[:(a)]$ means a benefit offered by an employer,
128	including:
129	(i) a leave benefit of any kind;
130	(ii) insurance coverage of any kind if the employer pays some or all of the premium for
131	the coverage;
132	(iii) employer contributions to a health savings account, health reimbursement account
133	health reimbursement arrangement, or medical expense reimbursement plan; and
134	(iv) a retirement benefit of any kind if the employer pays some or all of the cost of the
135	benefit[; and].

(b) "Benefits normally provided" does not include:

137	(i) a payment for social security;
138	(ii) workers' compensation insurance;
139	(iii) unemployment insurance;
140	(iv) a payment for Medicare;
141	(v) a payment or insurance required by federal or state law that is similar to a payment
142	or insurance listed in Subsection (1)(b)(i), (ii), (iii), or (iv);
143	(vi) any other benefit that state or federal law requires an employer to provide an
144	employee who would not otherwise be eligible to receive the benefit; or
145	(vii) any benefit that an employer provides an employee in order to avoid a penalty or
146	tax under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, Pub. L. No. 111-148 and the Health
147	Care Education Reconciliation Act of 2010, Pub. L. No. 111-152, and related federal
148	regulations, including a penalty imposed by Internal Revenue Code, Section 4980H.
149	(2) (a) "Compensation" means[, except as provided in Subsection (2)(c),] the total
150	amount of payments made by a participating employer to a member of this system for services
151	rendered to the participating employer, including:
152	(i) bonuses;
153	(ii) cost-of-living adjustments;
154	(iii) other payments currently includable in gross income and that are subject to social
155	security deductions, including any payments in excess of the maximum amount subject to
156	deduction under social security law;
157	(iv) amounts that the member authorizes to be deducted or reduced for salary deferral
158	or other benefits authorized by federal law; and
159	(v) member contributions.
160	(b) "Compensation" for purposes of this chapter may not exceed the amount allowed
161	under Internal Revenue Code, Section 401(a)(17).
162	(c) "Compensation" does not include:
163	(i) the monetary value of remuneration paid in kind, including a residence or use of

164	equipment;
165	(ii) the cost of any employment benefits paid for by the participating employer;
166	(iii) compensation paid to a temporary employee, an exempt employee, or an employee
167	otherwise ineligible for service credit;
168	(iv) any payments upon termination, including accumulated vacation, sick leave
169	payments, severance payments, compensatory time payments, or any other special payments;
170	(v) any allowances or payments to a member for costs or expenses paid by the
171	participating employer, including automobile costs, uniform costs, travel costs, tuition costs,
172	housing costs, insurance costs, equipment costs, and dependent care costs; or
173	(vi) a teacher salary bonus described in Section 53F-2-513.
174	(d) The executive director may determine if a payment not listed under this Subsection
175	(2) falls within the definition of compensation.
176	(3) (a) "Final average salary" means the amount calculated by averaging the highest
177	five years of annual compensation preceding retirement subject to Subsections [(3)(a), (b), (c),
178	(d), and (e)] (3)(b), (c), (d), (e), and (f).
179	[a] (b) Except as provided in Subsection $[a)$ (3)(c), the percentage increase in
180	annual compensation in any one of the years used may not exceed the previous year's
181	compensation by more than 10% plus a cost-of-living adjustment equal to the decrease in the
182	purchasing power of the dollar during the previous year, as measured by a United States Bureau
183	of Labor Statistics Consumer Price Index average as determined by the board.
184	[(b)] (c) In cases where the participating employer provides acceptable documentation
185	to the office, the limitation in Subsection $[(3)(a)]$ $(3)(b)$ may be exceeded if:
186	(i) the member has transferred from another agency; or
187	(ii) the member has been promoted to a new position.
188	[(e)] (d) If the member retires more than six months from the date of termination of
189	employment, the member is considered to have been in service at the member's last rate of pay
190	from the date of the termination of employment to the effective date of retirement for purposes

191	of computing the member's final average salary only.
192	[(d)] (e) If the member has less than five years of service credit in this system, final
193	average salary means the average annual compensation paid to the member during the full
194	period of service credit.
195	$[\underline{(e)}]$ (f) The annual compensation used to calculate final average salary shall be based
196	on[:] a period, as determined by the board, consistent with the period used to determine years
197	of service credit in accordance with Subsection (7).
198	(i) a calendar year for a member employed by a participating employer that is not an
199	educational institution; or]
200	[(ii) a contract year for a member employed by an educational institution.]
201	(4) "Participating employer" means an employer [which] that meets the participation
202	requirements of Sections 49-12-201 and 49-12-202.
203	(5) (a) "Regular full-time employee" means an employee:
204	(i) whose term of employment for a participating employer contemplates continued
205	employment during a fiscal or calendar year [and];
206	(ii) whose employment normally requires an average of 20 hours or more per week,
207	except as modified by the board[;]; and
208	(iii) who receives benefits normally provided by the participating employer.
209	(b) "Regular full-time employee" includes:
210	(i) a teacher whose term of employment for a participating employer contemplates
211	continued employment during a school year and who teaches half-time or more;
212	(ii) a classified school employee:
213	(A) who is hired before July 1, 2013; and
214	(B) whose employment normally requires an average of 20 hours per week or more for
215	a participating employer, regardless of benefits provided;
216	(iii) an officer, elective or appointive, who earns \$500 or more per month, indexed as

of January 1, 1990, as provided in Section 49-12-407;

218	(iv) a faculty member or employee of an institution of higher education who is
219	considered full-time by that institution of higher education; and
220	(v) an individual who otherwise meets the definition of this Subsection (5) who
221	performs services for a participating employer through a professional employer organization o
222	similar arrangement.
223	(c) "Regular full-time employee" does not include a classified school employee:
224	(i) (A) who is hired on or after July 1, 2013; and
225	(B) who does not receive benefits normally provided by the participating employer
226	even if the employment normally requires an average of 20 hours per week or more for a
227	participating employer;
228	(ii) (A) who is hired before July 1, 2013;
229	(B) who did not qualify as a regular full-time employee before July 1, 2013;
230	(C) who does not receive benefits normally provided by the participating employer;
231	and
232	(D) whose employment hours are increased on or after July 1, 2013, to require an
233	average of 20 hours per week or more for a participating employer; or
234	(iii) who is a person working on a contract:
235	(A) for the purposes of vocational rehabilitation and the employment and training of
236	people with significant disabilities; and
237	(B) that has been set aside from procurement requirements by the state pursuant to
238	Section 63G-6a-805 or the federal government pursuant to 41 U.S.C. Sec. 8501 et seq.
239	(6) "System" means the Public Employees' Contributory Retirement System created
240	under this chapter.
241	(7) "Years of service credit" means:
242	(a) a period consisting of 12 full months as determined by the board;
243	(b) a period determined by the board, whether consecutive or not, during which a
244	regular full-time employee performed services for a participating employer, including any time

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the regular full-time employee was absent on a paid leave of absence granted by a participating
employer or was absent in the service of the United States government on military duty as
provided by this chapter; or
(c) the regular school year consisting of not less than eight months of full-time service
for a regular full-time employee of an educational institution.
Section 4. Section 49-13-102 is amended to read:
49-13-102. Definitions.
As used in this chapter:
(1) "Benefits normally provided" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that
term is defined in Section 49-12-102.
(2) (a) [Except as provided in Subsection (2)(c), "compensation"] "Compensation"
means the total amount of payments made by a participating employer to a member of this
system for services rendered to the participating employer, including:
(i) bonuses;
(ii) cost-of-living adjustments;
(iii) other payments currently includable in gross income and that are subject to social
security deductions, including any payments in excess of the maximum amount subject to
deduction under social security law; and
(iv) amounts that the member authorizes to be deducted or reduced for salary deferral
or other benefits authorized by federal law.
(b) "Compensation" for purposes of this chapter may not exceed the amount allowed
under Internal Revenue Code, Section 401(a)(17).
(c) "Compensation" does not include:
(i) the monetary value of remuneration paid in kind, including a residence or use of
equipment;
(ii) the cost of any employment benefits paid for by the participating employer;
(iii) compensation paid to a temporary employee, an exempt employee, or an employee

otherwise ineligible for service credit;

(iv) any payments upon termination, including accumulated vacation, sick leave payments, severance payments, compensatory time payments, or any other special payments;

- (v) any allowances or payments to a member for costs or expenses paid by the participating employer, including automobile costs, uniform costs, travel costs, tuition costs, housing costs, insurance costs, equipment costs, and dependent care costs; or
 - (vi) a teacher salary bonus described in Section 53F-2-513.
- (d) The executive director may determine if a payment not listed under this Subsection(2) falls within the definition of compensation.
- (3) (a) "Final average salary" means the amount calculated by averaging the highest three years of annual compensation preceding retirement subject to Subsections [(3)(a), (b), (c), and (d)] (3)(b), (c), (d), and (e).
- [(a)] (b) Except as provided in Subsection [(3)(b)] (3)(c), the percentage increase in annual compensation in any one of the years used may not exceed the previous year's compensation by more than 10% plus a cost-of-living adjustment equal to the decrease in the purchasing power of the dollar during the previous year, as measured by a United States Bureau of Labor Statistics Consumer Price Index average as determined by the board.
- [(b)] (c) In cases where the participating employer provides acceptable documentation to the office, the limitation in Subsection [(3)(a)] (3)(b) may be exceeded if:
 - (i) the member has transferred from another agency; or
 - (ii) the member has been promoted to a new position.
- [(c)] (d) If the member retires more than six months from the date of termination of employment and for purposes of computing the member's final average salary only, the member is considered to have been in service at the member's last rate of pay from the date of the termination of employment to the effective date of retirement.
- [(d)] (e) The annual compensation used to calculate final average salary shall be based on[†] a period, as determined by the board, consistent with the period used to determine years

299	of service credit in accordance with Subsection (7).
300	[(i) a calendar year for a member employed by a participating employer that is not an
301	educational institution; or]
302	[(ii) a contract year for a member employed by an educational institution.]
303	(4) "Participating employer" means an employer [which] that meets the participation
304	requirements of Sections 49-13-201 and 49-13-202.
305	(5) (a) "Regular full-time employee" means an employee:
306	(i) whose term of employment for a participating employer contemplates continued
307	employment during a fiscal or calendar year [and];
308	(ii) whose employment normally requires an average of 20 hours or more per week,
309	except as modified by the board[-;]; and
310	(iii) who receives benefits normally provided by the participating employer.
311	(b) "Regular full-time employee" includes:
312	(i) a teacher whose term of employment for a participating employer contemplates
313	continued employment during a school year and who teaches half time or more;
314	(ii) a classified school employee:
315	(A) who is hired before July 1, 2013; and
316	(B) whose employment normally requires an average of 20 hours per week or more for
317	a participating employer, regardless of benefits provided;
318	(iii) an officer, elective or appointive, who earns \$500 or more per month, indexed as
319	of January 1, 1990, as provided in Section 49-13-407;
320	(iv) a faculty member or employee of an institution of higher education who is
321	considered full time by that institution of higher education; and
322	(v) an individual who otherwise meets the definition of this Subsection (5) who
323	performs services for a participating employer through a professional employer organization or
324	similar arrangement.
325	(c) "Regular full-time employee" does not include a classified school employee:

326	(1) (A) who is hired on or after July 1, 2013; and
327	(B) who does not receive benefits normally provided by the participating employer
328	even if the employment normally requires an average of 20 hours per week or more for a
329	participating employer;
330	(ii) (A) who is hired before July 1, 2013;
331	(B) who did not qualify as a regular full-time employee before July 1, 2013;
332	(C) who does not receive benefits normally provided by the participating employer;
333	and
334	(D) whose employment hours are increased on or after July 1, 2013, to require an
335	average of 20 hours per week or more for a participating employer; or
336	(iii) who is a person working on a contract:
337	(A) for the purposes of vocational rehabilitation and the employment and training of
338	people with significant disabilities; and
339	(B) that has been set aside from procurement requirements by the state pursuant to
340	Section 63G-6a-805 or the federal government pursuant to 41 U.S.C. Sec. 8501 et seq.
341	(6) "System" means the Public Employees' Noncontributory Retirement System.
342	(7) "Years of service credit" means:
343	(a) a period consisting of 12 full months as determined by the board;
344	(b) a period determined by the board, whether consecutive or not, during which a
345	regular full-time employee performed services for a participating employer, including any time
346	the regular full-time employee was absent on a paid leave of absence granted by a participating
347	employer or was absent in the service of the United States government on military duty as
348	provided by this chapter; or
349	(c) the regular school year consisting of not less than eight months of full-time service
350	for a regular full-time employee of an educational institution.
351	Section 5. Section 49-14-102 is amended to read:
352	49-14-102. Definitions.

353	As used in this chapter:
354	(1) (a) "Compensation" means the total amount of payments that are includable in
355	gross income [which are] received by a public safety service employee as base income for the
356	regularly scheduled work period. The participating employer shall establish the regularly
357	scheduled work period. Base income shall be determined prior to the deduction of member
358	contributions or any amounts the public safety service employee authorizes to be deducted for
359	salary deferral or other benefits authorized by federal law.
360	(b) "Compensation" includes performance-based bonuses and cost-of-living
361	adjustments.
362	(c) "Compensation" does not include:
363	(i) overtime;
364	(ii) sick pay incentives;
365	(iii) retirement pay incentives;
366	(iv) the monetary value of remuneration paid in kind, including a residence, use of
367	equipment or uniform, travel, or similar payments;
368	(v) a lump-sum payment or special payments covering accumulated leave; and
369	(vi) all contributions made by a participating employer under this system or under any
370	other employee benefit system or plan maintained by a participating employer for the benefit of
371	a member or participant.
372	(d) "Compensation" for purposes of this chapter may not exceed the amount allowed
373	under Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a)(17).
374	(2) "Dispatcher" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53-6-102.
375	(3) (a) "Final average salary" means the amount calculated by averaging the highest
376	three years of annual compensation preceding retirement subject to Subsections [(3)(a), (b), and
377	(c) (3)(b), (c), and (d).
378	[(a)] (b) Except as provided in Subsection [(3)(b)] (3)(c), the percentage increase in

annual compensation in any one of the years used may not exceed the previous year's

compensation by more than 10% plus a cost-of-living adjustment equal to the decrease in the
purchasing power of the dollar during the previous year, as measured by a United States Bureau
of Labor Statistics Consumer Price Index average as determined by the board.
[(b)] (c) In cases where the participating employer provides acceptable documentation
to the office, the limitation in Subsection $[(3)(a)]$ (3)(b) may be exceeded if:
(i) the public safety service employee has transferred from another agency; or
(ii) the public safety service employee has been promoted to a new position.
[(c)] (d) The annual compensation used to calculate final average salary shall be based
on[:] a period, as determined by the board, consistent with the period used to determine years
of service credit in accordance with Subsection (10).
[(i) a calendar year for a member employed by a participating employer that is not an
educational institution; or]
[(ii) a contract year for a member employed by an educational institution.]
(4) (a) "Line-of-duty death" means a death resulting from:
(i) external force, violence, or disease occasioned by an act of duty as a public safety
service employee; or
(ii) strenuous activity, including a heart attack or stroke, that occurs during strenuous
training or another strenuous activity required as an act of duty as a public safety service
employee.
(b) "Line-of-duty death" does not include a death that:
(i) occurs during an activity that is required as an act of duty as a public safety service
employee if the activity is not a strenuous activity, including an activity that is clerical,
administrative, or of a nonmanual nature;
(ii) occurs during the commission of a crime committed by the employee;
(iii) the employee's intoxication or use of alcohol or drugs, whether prescribed or
nonprescribed, contributes to the employee's death; or
(iv) occurs in a manner other than as described in Subsection (4)(a).

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407	(5) "Participating employer" means an employer [which] that meets the participation
408	requirements of Section 49-14-201.
409	(6) (a) "Public safety service" means employment normally requiring an average of
410	2,080 hours of regularly scheduled employment per year rendered by a member who is [a]:
411	(i) \underline{a} law enforcement officer in accordance with Section 53-13-103;
412	(ii) <u>a</u> correctional officer in accordance with Section 53-13-104;
413	(iii) <u>a</u> special function officer approved in accordance with Sections 49-14-201 and
414	53-13-105;
415	(iv) <u>a</u> dispatcher who is certified in accordance with Section 53-6-303; [or]
416	(v) <u>a</u> full-time member of the Board of Pardons and Parole created under Section
417	77-27-2[.];
418	(vi) the commissioner of the Department of Public Safety; or
419	(vii) the executive director of the Department of Corrections.
420	(b) Except [as provided under Subsections (6)(a)(iv) and (v)] for a position described
421	in Subsection (6)(a)(iv), (v), (vi), or (vii), "public safety service" also requires that, in the
422	course of employment, the employee's life or personal safety is at risk.
423	(c) Except for the minimum hour requirement, Subsections (6)(a) and (b) do not apply
424	to any person who was eligible for service credit in this system before January 1, 1984.
425	(7) "Public safety service employee" means an employee of a participating employer
426	who performs public safety service under this chapter.
427	(8) (a) "Strenuous activity" means engagement involving a difficult, stressful, or
428	vigorous fire suppression, rescue, hazardous material response, emergency medical service,
429	physical law enforcement, prison security, disaster relief, or other emergency response activity.
430	(b) "Strenuous activity" includes participating in a participating employer sanctioned
431	and funded training exercise that involves difficult, stressful, or vigorous physical activity.
432	(9) "System" means the Public Safety Contributory Retirement System created under
433	this chapter.

(10) "Years of service credit" means the number of periods, each to consist of 12 full months as determined by the board, whether consecutive or not, during which a public safety service employee was employed by a participating employer, including time the public safety service employee was absent in the service of the United States government on military duty.

Section 6. Section **49-14-201** is amended to read:

49-14-201. System membership -- Eligibility.

- (1) Except as provided in Section 49-15-201, a public safety service employee of a participating employer participating in this system is eligible for service credit in this system at the earliest of:
- (a) July 1, 1969, if the public safety service employee was employed by the participating employer on July 1, 1969, and the participating employer was participating in this system on that date;
- (b) the date the participating employer begins participating in this system if the public safety service employee was employed by the participating employer on that date; or
- (c) the date the public safety service employee is employed by the participating employer and is eligible to perform public safety service, except that a public safety service employee initially entering employment with a participating employer on or after July 1, 2011, who does not have service credit accrued before July 1, 2011, in a Tier I system or plan administered by the board, may not participate in this system.
- (2) (a) (i) A participating employer that has public safety service and firefighter service employees that require cross-training and duty shall enroll those dual purpose employees in the system in which the greatest amount of time is actually worked.
- (ii) The employees shall either be full-time public safety service or full-time firefighter service employees of the participating employer.
- (b) (i) [Prior to] <u>Before</u> transferring a dual purpose employee from one system to another, the participating employer shall receive written permission from the office.
 - (ii) The office may request documentation to verify the appropriateness of the transfer.

- (3) The board may combine or segregate the actuarial experience of participating employers in this system for the purpose of setting contribution rates.
- (4) (a) (i) Each participating employer participating in this system shall annually submit to the office a schedule indicating the positions to be covered under this system in accordance with this chapter.
- (ii) The office may require documentation to justify the inclusion of any position under this system.
- (b) If there is a dispute between the office and a participating employer or employee over any position to be covered, the disputed position shall be submitted to the Peace Officer Standards and Training Council established under Section 53-6-106 for determination.
- (c) (i) The Peace Officer Standards and Training Council's authority to decide eligibility for public safety service credit is limited to claims for coverage under this system for time periods after July 1, 1989.
- (ii) A decision of the Peace Officer Standards and Training Council may not be applied to service credit earned in another system [prior to] before July 1, 1989.
- (iii) Except as provided under Subsection (4)(c)(iv), a decision of the Peace Officer Standards and Training Council granting a position coverage under this system may only be applied prospectively from the date of that decision.
- (iv) A decision of the Peace Officer Standards and Training Council granting a position coverage under this system may be applied retroactively only if:
- (A) the participating employer covered other similarly situated positions under this system during the time period in question; and
- (B) the position otherwise meets all eligibility requirements for receiving service credit in this system during the period for which service credit is to be granted.
- (5) The Peace Officer Standards and Training Council may use a subcommittee to provide a recommendation to the council in determining disputes between the office and a participating employer or employee over a position to be covered under this system.

(6) The Peace Officer Standards and Training Council shall comply with Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, in resolving coverage disputes in this system. 490 (7) A public safety employee who is transferred or promoted to an administration

- position requiring the performance of duties that consist primarily of management or supervision of public safety service employees shall continue to earn public safety service credit in this system [as long as] during the period in which the employee remains employed in the same department.
- (8) An employee of the Department of Corrections shall continue to earn public safety service credit in this system if:
- (a) the employee's position is no longer covered under this system for new employees hired on or after July 1, 2015; and
 - (b) the employee:

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- (i) remains employed by the Department of Corrections:
- (ii) meets the eligibility requirements of this system;
- (iii) was hired into a position covered by this system [prior to] before July 1, 2015; and
- 503 (iv) has not had a break in service on or after July 1, 2015.
 - (9) An employee who is reassigned to the Division of Technology Services or to the Division of Human Resource Management, and who was a member of this system, is entitled to remain a member of this system.
 - (10) (a) To determine that a position is covered under this system, the office and, if a coverage dispute arises, the Peace Officer Standards and Training Council shall find that the position requires the employee to:
 - (i) except for a dispatcher, place the employee's life or personal safety at risk; and
- 511 (ii) complete training as provided in Section 53-6-303, 53-13-103, 53-13-104, or 512 53-13-105.
 - (b) If a position satisfies the requirements of Subsection (10)(a), the office and the Peace Officer Standards and Training Council shall consider whether or not the position

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(iii) is irrevocable.

515	requires the employee to:
516	(i) perform duties that consist primarily of actively preventing or detecting crime and
517	enforcing criminal statutes or ordinances of this state or any of its political subdivisions;
518	(ii) perform duties that consist primarily of providing community protection; and
519	(iii) respond to situations involving threats to public safety and make emergency
520	decisions affecting the lives and health of others.
521	(11) If a subcommittee is used to recommend the determination of disputes to the
522	Peace Officer Standards and Training Council, the subcommittee shall comply with the
523	requirements of Subsection (10) in making [its] the subcommittee's recommendation.
524	(12) A final order of the Peace Officer Standards and Training Council regarding a
525	dispute is a final agency action for purposes of Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative
526	Procedures Act.
527	(13) Except as provided under Subsection (14), if a participating employer's public
528	safety service employees are not covered by this system or under Chapter 15, Public Safety
529	Noncontributory Retirement Act, as of January 1, 1998, those public safety service employees
530	who may otherwise qualify for membership in this system shall, at the discretion of the
531	participating employer, remain in their current retirement system.
532	(14) (a) A public safety service employee employed by an airport police department,
533	which elects to cover [its] the airport police department's public safety service employees under
534	the Public Safety Noncontributory Retirement System under Subsection (13), may elect to
535	remain in the public safety service employee's current retirement system.
536	(b) The public safety service employee's election to remain in the current retirement
537	system under Subsection (14)(a):
538	(i) shall be made at the time the employer elects to move [its] the employer's public
539	safety service employees to a public safety retirement system;

(ii) documented by written notice to the participating employer; and

542 (15) (a) Subject to Subsection (16), beginning July 1, 2015, a public safety service 543 employee who is a dispatcher employed by: 544 (i) the state shall be eligible for service credit in this system; and 545 (ii) a participating employer other than the state shall be eligible for service credit in 546 this system if the dispatcher's participating employer elects to cover [its] the participating 547 employer's dispatchers under this system. 548 (b) A participating employer's election to cover [its] the participating employer's 549 dispatchers under this system under Subsection (15)(a)(ii) is irrevocable and shall be 550 documented by a resolution adopted by the governing body of the participating employer in 551 accordance with rules made by the office. 552 (c) A dispatcher's service before July 1, 2015, or before a date specified by resolution 553 of a participating employer under Subsection (15)(b), is not eligible for service credit in this 554 system. 555 (16) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a person initially entering 556 employment with a participating employer on or after July 1, 2011, who does not have service 557 credit accrued before July 1, 2011, in a Tier I system or plan administered by the board, may 558 not participate in this system. 559 Section 7. Section **49-15-102** is amended to read: 560 49-15-102. **Definitions.** 561 As used in this chapter: 562 (1) (a) "Compensation" means the total amount of payments that are includable in 563 gross income received by a public safety service employee as base income for the regularly 564 scheduled work period. The participating employer shall establish the regularly scheduled 565 work period. Base income shall be determined prior to the deduction of any amounts the 566 public safety service employee authorizes to be deducted for salary deferral or other benefits

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authorized by federal law.

(b) "Compensation" includes performance-based bonuses and cost-of-living

569	adjustments.
570	(c) "Compensation" does not include:
571	(i) overtime;
572	(ii) sick pay incentives;
573	(iii) retirement pay incentives;
574	(iv) the monetary value of remuneration paid in kind, as in a residence, use of
575	equipment or uniform, travel, or similar payments;
576	(v) a lump-sum payment or special payment covering accumulated leave; and
577	(vi) all contributions made by a participating employer under this system or under any
578	other employee benefit system or plan maintained by a participating employer for the benefit of
579	a member or participant.
580	(d) "Compensation" for purposes of this chapter may not exceed the amount allowed
581	under Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a)(17).
582	(2) "Dispatcher" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53-6-102.
583	(3) (a) "Final average salary" means the amount calculated by averaging the highest
584	three years of annual compensation preceding retirement subject to Subsections [(3)(a), (b), and
585	$\frac{(c)}{(c)}$ $\frac{(3)(b), (c), and (d)}{(c)}$.
586	[a] (b) Except as provided in Subsection $[3)$ (c), the percentage increase in
587	annual compensation in any one of the years used may not exceed the previous year's
588	compensation by more than 10% plus a cost-of-living adjustment equal to the decrease in the
589	purchasing power of the dollar during the previous year, as measured by a United States Bureau
590	of Labor Statistics Consumer Price Index average as determined by the board.
591	[(b)] (c) In cases where the participating employer provides acceptable documentation
592	to the office, the limitation in Subsection $[(3)(a)]$ $(3)(b)$ may be exceeded if:
593	(i) the public safety service employee has transferred from another agency; or
594	(ii) the public safety service employee has been promoted to a new position.
595	[(e)] (d) The annual compensation used to calculate final average salary shall be based

596	on[:] a period, as determined by the board, consistent with the period used to determine years
597	of service credit in accordance with Subsection (10).
598	[(i) a calendar year for a member employed by a participating employer that is not an
599	educational institution; or]
600	[(ii) a contract year for a member employed by an educational institution.]
601	(4) (a) "Line-of-duty death" means a death resulting from:
602	(i) external force, violence, or disease occasioned by an act of duty as a public safety
603	service employee; or
604	(ii) strenuous activity, including a heart attack or stroke, that occurs during strenuous
605	training or another strenuous activity required as an act of duty as a public safety service
606	employee.
607	(b) "Line-of-duty death" does not include a death that:
608	(i) occurs during an activity that is required as an act of duty as a public safety service
609	employee if the activity is not a strenuous activity, including an activity that is clerical,
610	administrative, or of a nonmanual nature;
611	(ii) occurs during the commission of a crime committed by the employee;
612	(iii) the employee's intoxication or use of alcohol or drugs, whether prescribed or
613	nonprescribed, contributes to the employee's death; or
614	(iv) occurs in a manner other than as described in Subsection (4)(a).
615	(5) "Participating employer" means an employer [which] that meets the participation
616	requirements of Section 49-15-201.
617	(6) (a) "Public safety service" means employment normally requiring an average of
618	2,080 hours of regularly scheduled employment per year rendered by a member who is $[a]$:
619	(i) \underline{a} law enforcement officer in accordance with Section 53-13-103;
620	(ii) <u>a</u> correctional officer in accordance with Section 53-13-104;
621	(iii) <u>a</u> special function officer approved in accordance with Sections 49-15-201 and
622	53-13-105;

623	(iv) <u>a</u> dispatcher who is certified in accordance with Section $53-6-303$; [or]
624	(v) <u>a</u> full-time member of the Board of Pardons and Parole created under Section
625	77-27-2[-];
626	(vi) the commissioner of the Department of Public Safety; or
627	(vii) the executive director of the Department of Corrections.
628	(b) Except [as provided under Subsections (6)(a)(iv) and (v)] for a position described
629	in Subsection (6)(a)(iv), (v), (vi), or (vii), "public safety service" also requires that, in the
630	course of employment, the employee's life or personal safety is at risk.
631	(7) "Public safety service employee" means an employee of a participating employer
632	who performs public safety service under this chapter.
633	(8) (a) "Strenuous activity" means engagement involving a difficult, stressful, or
634	vigorous fire suppression, rescue, hazardous material response, emergency medical service,
635	physical law enforcement, prison security, disaster relief, or other emergency response activity.
636	(b) "Strenuous activity" includes participating in a participating employer sanctioned
637	and funded training exercise that involves difficult, stressful, or vigorous physical activity.
638	(9) "System" means the Public Safety Noncontributory Retirement System created
639	under this chapter.
640	(10) "Years of service credit" means the number of periods, each to consist of 12 full
641	months as determined by the board, whether consecutive or not, during which a public safety
642	service employee was employed by a participating employer, including time the public safety
643	service employee was absent in the service of the United States government on military duty.
644	Section 8. Section 49-15-201 is amended to read:
645	49-15-201. System membership Eligibility.
646	(1) (a) A public safety service employee employed by the state after July 1, 1989, but
647	before July 1, 2011, is eligible for service credit in this system.
648	(b) A public safety service employee employed by the state [prior to] before July 1,
649	1989, may either elect to receive service credit in this system or continue to receive service

credit under the system established under Chapter 14, Public Safety Contributory Retirement Act, by following the procedures established by the board under this chapter.

- (2) (a) Public safety service employees of a participating employer other than the state that elected on or before July 1, 1989, to remain in the Public Safety Contributory Retirement System shall be eligible only for service credit in that system.
- (b) (i) A participating employer other than the state that elected on or before July 1, 1989, to participate in this system shall, have allowed, [prior to] before July 1, 1989, a public safety service employee to elect to participate in either this system or the Public Safety Contributory Retirement System.
- (ii) Except as expressly allowed by this title, the election of the public safety service employee is final and may not be changed.
- (c) A public safety service employee hired by a participating employer other than the state after July 1, 1989, but before July 1, 2011, shall become a member in this system.
- (d) A public safety service employee of a participating employer other than the state who began participation in this system after July 1, 1989, but before July 1, 2011, is only eligible for service credit in this system.
- (e) A person initially entering employment with a participating employer on or after July 1, 2011, who does not have service credit accrued before July 1, 2011, in a Tier I system or plan administered by the board, may not participate in this system.
- (3) (a) (i) A participating employer that has public safety service and firefighter service employees that require cross-training and duty shall enroll those dual purpose employees in the system in which the greatest amount of time is actually worked.
- (ii) The employees shall either be full-time public safety service or full-time firefighter service employees of the participating employer.
- (b) (i) [Prior to] <u>Before</u> transferring a dual purpose employee from one system to another, the participating employer shall receive written permission from the office.
 - (ii) The office may request documentation to verify the appropriateness of the transfer.

- (4) The board may combine or segregate the actuarial experience of participating employers in this system for the purpose of setting contribution rates.
- (5) (a) (i) Each participating employer participating in this system shall annually submit to the office a schedule indicating the positions to be covered under this system in accordance with this chapter.
- (ii) The office may require documentation to justify the inclusion of any position under this system.
- (b) If there is a dispute between the office and a participating employer or employee over any position to be covered, the disputed position shall be submitted to the Peace Officer Standards and Training Council established under Section 53-6-106 for determination.
- (c) (i) The Peace Officer Standards and Training Council's authority to decide eligibility for public safety service credit is limited to claims for coverage under this system for time periods after July 1, 1989.
- (ii) A decision of the Peace Officer Standards and Training Council may not be applied to service credit earned in another system [prior to] before July 1, 1989.
- (iii) Except as provided under Subsection (5)(c)(iv), a decision of the Peace Officer Standards and Training Council granting a position coverage under this system may only be applied prospectively from the date of that decision.
- (iv) A decision of the Peace Officer Standards and Training Council granting a position coverage under this system may be applied retroactively only if:
- (A) the participating employer covered other similarly situated positions under this system during the time period in question; and
- (B) the position otherwise meets all eligibility requirements for receiving service credit in this system during the period for which service credit is to be granted.
- (6) The Peace Officer Standards and Training Council may use a subcommittee to provide a recommendation to the council in determining disputes between the office and a participating employer or employee over a position to be covered under this system.

(7) The Peace Officer Standards and Training Council shall comply with Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, in resolving coverage disputes in this system.

- (8) A public safety service employee who is transferred or promoted to an administration position requiring the performance of duties that consist primarily of management or supervision of public safety service employees shall continue to earn public safety service credit in this system [as long as] during the period in which the employee remains employed in the same department.
- (9) An employee of the Department of Corrections shall continue to earn public safety service credit in this system if:
- (a) the employee's position is no longer covered under this system for new employees hired on or after July 1, 2015; and
 - (b) the employee:

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- (i) remains employed by the Department of Corrections;
- 717 (ii) meets the eligibility requirements of this system;
- 718 (iii) was hired into a position covered by this system [prior to] before July 1, 2015; and
- 719 (iv) has not had a break in service on or after July 1, 2015.
- 720 (10) Any employee who is reassigned to the Division of Technology Services or to the 721 Division of Human Resource Management, and who was a member in this system, shall be 722 entitled to remain a member in this system.
 - (11) (a) To determine that a position is covered under this system, the office and, if a coverage dispute arises, the Peace Officer Standards and Training Council shall find that the position requires the employee to:
 - (i) except for a dispatcher, place the employee's life or personal safety at risk; and
- 727 (ii) complete training as provided in Section 53-6-303, 53-13-103, 53-13-104, or 728 53-13-105.
 - (b) If a position satisfies the requirements of Subsection (11)(a), the office and Peace Officer Standards and Training Council shall consider whether the position requires the

731	employee to:

- (i) perform duties that consist primarily of actively preventing or detecting crime and enforcing criminal statutes or ordinances of this state or any of its political subdivisions;
 - (ii) perform duties that consist primarily of providing community protection; and
- (iii) respond to situations involving threats to public safety and make emergency decisions affecting the lives and health of others.
- (12) If a subcommittee is used to recommend the determination of disputes to the Peace Officer Standards and Training Council, the subcommittee shall comply with the requirements of Subsection (11) in making [its] the subcommittee's recommendation.
- (13) A final order of the Peace Officer Standards and Training Council regarding a dispute is a final agency action for purposes of Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.
- (14) Except as provided under Subsection (15), if a participating employer's public safety service employees are not covered by this system or under Chapter 14, Public Safety Contributory Retirement Act, as of January 1, 1998, those public safety service employees who may otherwise qualify for membership in this system shall, at the discretion of the participating employer, remain in their current retirement system.
- (15) (a) A public safety service employee employee by an airport police department, which elects to cover [its] the airport police department's public safety service employees under the Public Safety Noncontributory Retirement System under Subsection (14), may elect to remain in the public safety service employee's current retirement system.
- (b) The public safety service employee's election to remain in the current retirement system under Subsection (15)(a):
- (i) shall be made at the time the employer elects to move [its] the employer's public safety service employees to a public safety retirement system;
 - (ii) shall be documented by written notice to the participating employer; and
- 757 (iii) is irrevocable.

(16) (a) Subject to Subsection (17), beginning July 1, 2015, a public safety service employee who is a dispatcher employed by:

- (i) the state shall be eligible for service credit in this system; and
- (ii) a participating employer other than the state shall be eligible for service credit in this system if the dispatcher's participating employer elects to cover [its] the participating employer's dispatchers under this system.
- (b) A participating employer's election to cover [its] the participating employer's dispatchers under this system under Subsection (16)(a)(ii) is irrevocable and shall be documented by a resolution adopted by the governing body of the participating employer in accordance with rules made by the office.
- (c) A dispatcher's service before July 1, 2015, or before a date specified by resolution of a participating employer under Subsection (16)(b), is not eligible for service credit in this system.
- (17) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a person initially entering employment with a participating employer on or after July 1, 2011, who does not have service credit accrued before July 1, 2011, in a Tier I system or plan administered by the board, may not participate in this system.
 - Section 9. Section **49-16-102** is amended to read:
- 49-16-102. **Definitions.**

- As used in this chapter:
- (1) (a) "Compensation" means the total amount of payments that are includable as gross income [which are] received by a firefighter service employee as base income for the regularly scheduled work period. The participating employer shall establish the regularly scheduled work period. Base income shall be determined prior to the deduction of member contributions or any amounts the firefighter service employee authorizes to be deducted for salary deferral or other benefits authorized by federal law.
 - (b) "Compensation" includes performance-based bonuses and cost-of-living

/85	adjustments.
786	(c) "Compensation" does not include:
787	(i) overtime;
788	(ii) sick pay incentives;
789	(iii) retirement pay incentives;
790	(iv) remuneration paid in kind such as a residence, use of equipment, uniforms, travel,
791	or similar payments;
792	(v) a lump-sum payment or special payments covering accumulated leave; and
793	(vi) all contributions made by a participating employer under this system or under any
794	other employee benefit system or plan maintained by a participating employer for the benefit of
795	a member or participant.
796	(d) "Compensation" for purposes of this chapter may not exceed the amount allowed
797	under Section 401(a)(17), Internal Revenue Code.
798	(2) (a) "Disability" means the complete inability, due to objective medical impairment,
799	whether physical or mental, to perform firefighter service.
800	(b) "Disability" does not include the inability to meet an employer's required standards
801	or tests relating to fitness, physical ability, or agility that is not a result of a disability as defined
802	under Subsection (2)(a).
803	(3) (a) "Final average salary" means the amount calculated by averaging the highest
804	three years of annual compensation preceding retirement subject to Subsections [(3)(a), (b), and
805	(c)] (3)(b), (c), and (d).
806	[(a)] (b) Except as provided in Subsection $[(3)(b)]$ (3)(c), the percentage increase in
807	annual compensation in any one of the years used may not exceed the previous year's
808	compensation by more than 10% plus a cost-of-living adjustment equal to the decrease in the
809	purchasing power of the dollar during the previous year, as measured by a United States Bureau
810	of Labor Statistics Consumer Price Index average as determined by the board.

[(b)] (c) In cases where the participating employer provides acceptable documentation

812	to the office the limitation in Subsection (3)(a) may be exceeded if:
813	(i) the member has transferred from another agency; or
814	(ii) the member has been promoted to a new position.
815	[(e)] (d) The annual compensation used to calculate final average salary shall be based
816	on[:] a period, as determined by the board, consistent with the period used to determine years
817	of service credit in accordance with Subsection (13).
818	[(i) a calendar year for a member employed by a participating employer that is not an
819	educational institution; or]
820	[(ii) a contract year for a member employed by an educational institution.]
821	(4) (a) "Firefighter service" means employment normally requiring an average of 2,080
822	hours of regularly scheduled employment per year rendered by a member who is:
823	(i) a firefighter service employee trained in firefighter techniques and assigned to a
824	position of hazardous duty with a regularly constituted fire department; or
825	(ii) the state fire marshal appointed under Section 53-7-103 or a deputy state fire
826	marshal.
827	(b) "Firefighter service" does not include secretarial staff or other similar employees.
828	(5) (a) "Firefighter service employee" means an employee of a participating employer
829	who provides firefighter service under this chapter. [An]
830	(b) "Firefighter service employee" does not include an employee of a regularly
831	constituted fire department who does not perform firefighter service [is not a firefighter service
832	employee].
833	(6) (a) "Line-of-duty death or disability" means a death or disability resulting from:
834	(i) external force, violence, or disease directly resulting from firefighter service; or
835	(ii) strenuous activity, including a heart attack or stroke, that occurs during strenuous
836	training or another strenuous activity required as an act of duty as a firefighter service
837	employee.
838	(b) "Line-of-duty death or disability" does not include a death or disability that:

839	(i) occurs during an activity that is required as an act of duty as a firefighter service
840	employee if the activity is not a strenuous activity, including an activity that is clerical,
841	administrative, or of a nonmanual nature;
842	(ii) occurs during the commission of a crime committed by the employee;
843	(iii) occurs when the employee's intoxication or use of alcohol or drugs, whether
844	prescribed or nonprescribed, contributes to the employee's death or disability; or
845	(iv) occurs in a manner other than as described in Subsection (6)(a).
846	(c) "Line-of-duty death or disability" includes the death or disability of a paid
847	firefighter resulting from heart disease, lung disease, or a respiratory tract condition if the paid
848	firefighter has five years of firefighter service credit.
849	(7) "Objective medical impairment" means an impairment resulting from an injury or
850	illness [which] that is diagnosed by a physician or physician assistant and [which] that is based
851	on accepted objective medical tests or findings rather than subjective complaints.
852	(8) "Participating employer" means an employer [which] that meets the participation
853	requirements of Section 49-16-201.
854	(9) "Regularly constituted fire department" means a fire department that employs a fire
855	chief who performs firefighter service for at least 2,080 hours of regularly scheduled paid
856	employment per year.
857	(10) (a) "Strenuous activity" means engagement involving a difficult, stressful, or
858	vigorous fire suppression, rescue, hazardous material response, emergency medical service,
859	physical law enforcement, prison security, disaster relief, or other emergency response activity.
860	(b) "Strenuous activity" includes participating in a participating employer sanctioned
861	and funded training exercise that involves difficult, stressful, or vigorous physical activity.
862	(11) "System" means the Firefighters' Retirement System created under this chapter.
863	(12) (a) "Volunteer firefighter" means any individual [that] who is not regularly
864	employed as a firefighter service employee, but who:

(i) has been trained in firefighter techniques and skills;

866	(ii) continues to receive regular firefighter training; and
867	(iii) is on the rolls of a legally organized volunteer fire department [which] that
868	provides ongoing training and serves a political subdivision of the state.
869	(b) [An individual that] "Volunteer firefighter" does not include an individual who
870	volunteers assistance but does not meet the requirements of Subsection (12)(a) [is not a
871	volunteer firefighter for purposes of this chapter].
872	(13) "Years of service credit" means the number of periods, each to consist of 12 full
873	months as determined by the board, whether consecutive or not, during which a firefighter
874	service employee was employed by a participating employer or received full-time pay while on
875	sick leave, including any time the firefighter service employee was absent in the service of the
876	United States on military duty.
877	Section 10. Section 49-22-102 is amended to read:
878	49-22-102. Definitions.
879	As used in this chapter:
880	(1) "Benefits normally provided" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that
881	term is defined in Section 49-12-102.
882	(2) (a) "Compensation" means[, except as provided in Subsection (2)(c),] the total
883	amount of payments made by a participating employer to a member of this system for services
884	rendered to the participating employer, including:
885	(i) bonuses;
886	(ii) cost-of-living adjustments;
887	(iii) other payments currently includable in gross income and that are subject to social
888	security deductions, including any payments in excess of the maximum amount subject to
889	deduction under social security law;
890	(iv) amounts that the member authorizes to be deducted or reduced for salary deferral
891	or other benefits authorized by federal law; and
892	(v) member contributions.

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893	(b) "Compensation" for purposes of this chapter may not exceed the amount allowed
894	under Internal Revenue Code, Section 401(a)(17).
895	(c) "Compensation" does not include:
896	(i) the monetary value of remuneration paid in kind, including a residence or use of
897	equipment;
898	(ii) the cost of any employment benefits paid for by the participating employer;
899	(iii) compensation paid to a temporary employee or an employee otherwise ineligible
900	for service credit;
901	(iv) any payments upon termination, including accumulated vacation, sick leave
902	payments, severance payments, compensatory time payments, or any other special payments;
903	(v) any allowances or payments to a member for costs or expenses paid by the
904	participating employer, including automobile costs, uniform costs, travel costs, tuition costs,
905	housing costs, insurance costs, equipment costs, and dependent care costs; or
906	(vi) a teacher salary bonus described in Section 53F-2-513.
907	(d) The executive director may determine if a payment not listed under this Subsection
908	(2) falls within the definition of compensation.
909	(3) "Corresponding Tier I system" means the system or plan that would have covered
910	the member if the member had initially entered employment before July 1, 2011.
911	(4) (a) "Final average salary" means the amount calculated by averaging the highest
912	five years of annual compensation preceding retirement subject to Subsections [(4)(a), (b), (c),
913	(d), and (e)] $(4)(b)$, (c) , (d) , (e) , and (f) .
914	$[\frac{a}{b}]$ (b) Except as provided in Subsection $[\frac{4}{b}]$ (4)(c), the percentage increase in
915	annual compensation in any one of the years used may not exceed the previous year's
916	compensation by more than 10% plus a cost-of-living adjustment equal to the decrease in the
917	purchasing power of the dollar during the previous year, as measured by a United States Bureau
918	of Labor Statistics Consumer Price Index average as determined by the board.
919	[(b)] (c) In cases where the participating employer provides acceptable documentation

920 to the office, the limitation in Subsection $\left[\frac{(4)(a)}{(a)}\right]$ (4)(b) may be exceeded if: 921 [(i)] (i) the member has transferred from another agency; or 922 [(ii)] (ii) the member has been promoted to a new position. 923 [(c)] (d) If the member retires more than six months from the date of termination of 924 employment, the member is considered to have been in service at the member's last rate of pay 925 from the date of the termination of employment to the effective date of retirement for purposes 926 of computing the member's final average salary only. 927 [(d)] (e) If the member has less than five years of service credit in this system, final 928 average salary means the average annual compensation paid to the member during the full 929 period of service credit. 930 (e) (f) The annual compensation used to calculate final average salary shall be based 931 on[:] a period, as determined by the board, consistent with the period used to determine years 932 of service credit in accordance with Subsection (8). 933 (i) a calendar year for a member employed by a participating employer that is not an 934 educational institution; or] 935 [(ii) a contract year for a member employed by an educational institution.] 936 (5) "Participating employer" means an employer [which] that meets the participation 937 requirements of: 938 (a) Sections 49-12-201 and 49-12-202; 939 (b) Sections 49-13-201 and 49-13-202; 940 (c) Section 49-19-201; or 941 (d) Section 49-22-201 or 49-22-202. 942 (6) (a) "Regular full-time employee" means an employee: 943 (i) whose term of employment for a participating employer contemplates continued 944 employment during a fiscal or calendar year [and]; 945 (ii) whose employment normally requires an average of 20 hours or more per week, 946 except as modified by the board[,]; and

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947	(iii) who receives benefits normally provided by the participating employer.
948	(b) "Regular full-time employee" includes:
949	(i) a teacher whose term of employment for a participating employer contemplates
950	continued employment during a school year and who teaches half time or more;
951	(ii) a classified school employee:
952	(A) who is hired before July 1, 2013; and
953	(B) whose employment normally requires an average of 20 hours per week or more for
954	a participating employer, regardless of benefits provided;
955	(iii) an appointive officer whose appointed position is full time as certified by the
956	participating employer;
957	(iv) the governor, the lieutenant governor, the state auditor, the state treasurer, the
958	attorney general, and a state legislator;
959	(v) an elected official not included under Subsection (6)(b)(iv) whose elected position
960	is full time as certified by the participating employer;
961	(vi) a faculty member or employee of an institution of higher education who is
962	considered full time by that institution of higher education; and
963	(vii) an individual who otherwise meets the definition of this Subsection (6) who
964	performs services for a participating employer through a professional employer organization or
965	similar arrangement.
966	(c) "Regular full-time employee" does not include:
967	(i) a firefighter service employee as defined in Section 49-23-102;
968	(ii) a public safety service employee as defined in Section 49-23-102;
969	(iii) a classified school employee:
970	(A) who is hired on or after July 1, 2013; and
971	(B) who does not receive benefits normally provided by the participating employer
972	even if the employment normally requires an average of 20 hours per week or more for a
973	participating employer;

9/4	(iv) a classified school employee:
975	(A) who is hired before July 1, 2013;
976	(B) who did not qualify as a regular full-time employee before July 1, 2013;
977	(C) who does not receive benefits normally provided by the participating employer;
978	and
979	(D) whose employment hours are increased on or after July 1, 2013, to require an
980	average of 20 hours per week or more for a participating employer; or
981	(E) who is a person working on a contract:
982	(I) for the purposes of vocational rehabilitation and the employment and training of
983	people with significant disabilities; and
984	(II) that has been set aside from procurement requirements by the state pursuant to
985	Section 63G-6a-805 or the federal government pursuant to 41 U.S.C. Sec. 8501 et seq.
986	(7) "System" means the New Public Employees' Tier II Contributory Retirement
987	System created under this chapter.
988	(8) "Years of service credit" means:
989	(a) a period consisting of 12 full months as determined by the board;
990	(b) a period determined by the board, whether consecutive or not, during which a
991	regular full-time employee performed services for a participating employer, including any time
992	the regular full-time employee was absent on a paid leave of absence granted by a participating
993	employer or was absent in the service of the United States government on military duty as
994	provided by this chapter; or
995	(c) the regular school year consisting of not less than eight months of full-time service
996	for a regular full-time employee of an educational institution.
997	Section 11. Section 49-22-201 is amended to read:
998	49-22-201. System membership Eligibility.
999	(1) Beginning July 1, 2011, a participating employer shall participate in this system.
1000	(2) (a) A person initially entering regular full-time employment with a participating

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1001 employer on or after July 1, 2011, who does not have service credit accrued before July 1, 1002 2011, in a Tier I system or plan administered by the board, is eligible: 1003 (i) as a member for service credit and defined contributions under the Tier II hybrid 1004 retirement system established by Part 3, Tier II Hybrid Retirement System; or 1005 (ii) as a participant for defined contributions under the Tier II defined contribution plan 1006 established by Part 4, Tier II Defined Contribution Plan. 1007 (b) A person initially entering regular full-time employment with a participating 1008 employer on or after July 1, 2011, shall: 1009 (i) make an election to participate in the system created under this chapter: 1010 (A) as a member for service credit and defined contributions under the Tier II hybrid 1011 retirement system established by Part 3, Tier II Hybrid Retirement System; or 1012 (B) as a participant for defined contributions under the Tier II defined contribution plan 1013 established by Part 4, Tier II Defined Contribution Plan; and 1014 (ii) electronically submit to the office notification of the member's election under 1015 Subsection (2)(b)(i) in a manner approved by the office. 1016 (c) An election made by a person initially entering regular full-time employment with a 1017 participating employer under this Subsection (2) is irrevocable beginning one year from the 1018 date of eligibility for accrual of benefits. 1019 (d) If no election is made under Subsection (2)(b)(i), the person shall become a 1020 member eligible for service credit and defined contributions under the Tier II hybrid retirement 1021 system established by Part 3, Tier II Hybrid Retirement System. 1022 (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section and except as provided in Subsection 1023 (4), an elected official initially entering office on or after July 1, 2011:

- 38 -

(a) is only eligible to participate in the Tier II defined contribution plan established

(b) is not eligible to participate in the Tier II hybrid retirement system established

under Part 4, Tier II Defined Contribution Plan;

under Part 3, Tier II Hybrid Retirement System; and

(c) is vested immediately in the elected official's benefit and the benefit is
nonforfeitable, including the total amount contributed by the participating employer and the
total amount contributed by the member in the Tier II defined contribution plan.
(4) [Notwithstanding the provisions of Subsection (3), a] A legislator or full-time
elected official initially entering office on or after July 1, 2011, who has previously accrued
service credit:
(a) in a Tier I retirement system or plan administered by the board shall continue in the
Tier I system or plan for which the legislator or full-time elected official is eligible; or
(b) in a Tier II hybrid retirement system shall continue in the Tier II system for which
the [legislator or] full-time elected official is eligible.
Section 12. Section 49-22-204 is amended to read:
49-22-204. Higher education employees' eligibility requirements Election
between different retirement plans Classification requirements Transfer between
systems.
(1) (a) A regular full-time employee of an institution of higher education who is
eligible to participate in either this system or in a retirement annuity contract with a public or
private system, organization, or company, designated as described in Subsection (1)(c) or (d),
shall, not later than January 1, 1979, elect to participate exclusively in this system or in an
annuity contract allowed under this Subsection (1).
(b) The election is final, and no right exists to make any further election.
(c) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(d), the Utah Board of Higher Education shall
designate the public or private retirement systems, organizations, or companies that a regular
full-time employee of an institution of higher education is eligible to participate in under
Subsection (1)(a).
(d) The technical college board of trustees of each technical college shall designate the

public or private retirement systems, organizations, or companies that a regular full-time

employee of each technical college is eligible to participate in under Subsection (1)(a).

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by:

1055	(2) (a) A regular full-time employee hired by an institution of higher education after			
1056	January 1, 1979, may participate only in the retirement plan [which attaches to] designated for			
1057	the person's employment classification.			
1058	(b) Each institution of higher education shall prepare or amend existing employment			
1059	classifications, under the direction of the Utah Board of Higher Education, or the technical			
1060	college board of trustees of each technical college for each technical college, so that each			
1061	classification is assigned with either:			
1062	(i) this system; or			
1063	(ii) a public or private system, organization, or company designated by:			
1064	(A) except as provided under Subsection (2)(b)(ii)(B), the Utah Board of Higher			
1065	Education; or			
1066	(B) the technical college board of trustees of each technical college for regular			
1067	full-time employees of each technical college.			
1068	(c) Notwithstanding a person's employment classification assignment under Subsection			
1069	(2)(b), a regular full-time employee who begins employment with an institution of higher			
1070	education has a one-time irrevocable election to continue participation in this system if the			
1071	employee:			
1072	(i) has service credit in this system before the date of employment with the institution			
1073	of higher education; and			
1074	(ii) makes the election before participating in the system described in Subsection			
1075	(2)(b)(ii).			
1076	(3) A regular full-time employee hired by an institution of higher education on or after			
1077	July 1, 2011, whose employment classification requires participation in this system may elect			
1078	to continue participation in this system upon change to an employment classification [which]			
1079	that requires participation in a public or private system, organization, or company designated			

(a) except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), the Utah Board of Higher Education; or

1082	(b) the technical college board of trustees of each technical college for regular full-time
1083	employees of each technical college.
1084	(4) A regular full-time employee hired by an institution of higher education on or after
1085	July 1, 2011, whose employment classification requires participation in this system shall
1086	participate in this system.
1087	(5) An employee's participation or election described in this section:
1088	(a) shall be made in accordance with this section; and
1089	(b) is subject to requirements under federal law and rules made by the board.
1090	Section 13. Section 49-22-205 is amended to read:
1091	49-22-205. Exemptions from participation in system.
1092	(1) Upon filing a written request for exemption with the office, the following
1093	employees are exempt from participation in the system as provided in this section:
1094	(a) an executive department head of the state;
1095	(b) a member of the State Tax Commission;
1096	(c) a member of the Public Service Commission;
1097	(d) a member of a full-time or part-time board or commission;
1098	(e) an employee of the Governor's Office of Planning and Budget;
1099	(f) an employee of the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity;
1100	(g) an employee of the Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice;
1101	(h) an employee of the Governor's Office;
1102	(i) an employee of the State Auditor's Office;
1103	(j) an employee of the State Treasurer's Office;
1104	(k) any other member who is permitted to make an election under Section 49-11-406;
1105	(l) a person appointed as a city manager or appointed as a city administrator or another
1106	at-will employee of a municipality, county, or other political subdivision;
1107	(m) an employee of an interlocal cooperative agency created under Title 11, Chapter

13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, who is engaged in a specialized trade customarily provided

1109	through membership in a labor organization that provides retirement benefits to its members;				
1110	and				
1111	(n) an employee serving as an exchange employee from outside the state for an				
1112	employer who has elected to make all of the employer's exchange employees eligible for				
1113	service credit in this system.				
1114	(2) (a) A participating employer shall prepare and maintain a list designating those				
1115	positions eligible for exemption under Subsection (1).				
1116	(b) An employee may not be exempted unless the employee is employed in a position				
1117	designated by the participating employer under Subsection (1).				
1118	(3) (a) In accordance with this section, Section 49-12-203, and Section 49-13-203, a				
1119	municipality, county, or political subdivision may not exempt a total of more than 50 positions				
1120	or a number equal to 10% of the eligible employees of the municipality, county, or political				
1121	subdivision, whichever is less.				
1122	(b) A municipality, county, or political subdivision may exempt at least one regular				
1123	full-time employee.				
1124	(4) Each participating employer shall:				
1125	(a) maintain a list of employee exemptions; and				
1126	(b) update an employee exemption in the event of any change.				
1127	(5) Beginning on the effective date of the exemption for an employee who elects to be				
1128	exempt in accordance with Subsection (1):				
1129	(a) for a member of the Tier II defined contribution plan:				
1130	(i) the participating employer shall contribute the nonelective contribution and the				
1131	amortization rate described in Section 49-22-401, except that the nonelective contribution is				
1132	exempt from the vesting requirements of Subsection 49-22-401(3)(a); [and]				
1133	(ii) the member may make voluntary deferrals as provided in Section 49-22-401; and				
1134	(iii) the member is not eligible for additional service credit in the plan for the period of				
1135	exempt employment; and				

1136	(b) for a member of the Tier II hybrid retirement system:			
1137	(i) the participating employer shall contribute the nonelective contribution and the			
1138	amortization rate described in Section 49-22-401, except that the contribution is exempt from			
1139	the vesting requirements of Subsection 49-22-401(3)(a);			
1140	(ii) the member may make voluntary deferrals as provided in Section 49-22-401; and			
1141	(iii) the member is not eligible for additional service credit in the system for the period			
1142	of exempt employment.			
1143	(6) If an employee who is a member of the Tier II hybrid retirement system			
1144	subsequently revokes the election of exemption made under Subsection (1), the provisions			
1145	described in Subsection (5)(b) shall no longer be applicable and the coverage for the employee			
1146	shall be effective prospectively as provided in Part 3, Tier II Hybrid Retirement System.			
1147	(7) (a) All employer contributions made on behalf of an employee shall be invested in			
1148	accordance with Subsection 49-22-303(3)(a) or 49-22-401(4)(a) until the one-year election			
1149	period under Subsection 49-22-201(2)(c) is expired if the employee:			
1150	(i) elects to be exempt in accordance with Subsection (1); and			
1151	(ii) continues employment with the participating employer through the one-year			
1152	election period under Subsection 49-22-201(2)(c).			
1153	(b) An employee is entitled to receive a distribution of the employer contributions			
1154	made on behalf of the employee and all associated investment gains and losses if the employee			
1155	(i) elects to be exempt in accordance with Subsection (1); and			
1156	(ii) terminates employment prior to the one-year election period under Subsection			
1157	49-22-201(2)(c).			
1158	(8) (a) The office shall make rules to implement this section.			
1159	(b) The rules made under this Subsection (8) shall include provisions to allow the			
1160	exemption provided under Subsection (1) to apply to all contributions made beginning on or			
1161	after July 1, 2011, on behalf of an exempted employee who began the employment before May			

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1163	(9) An employee's exemption, participation, or election described in this section:
1164	(a) shall be made in accordance with this section; and
1165	(b) is subject to requirements under federal law and rules made by the board.
1166	Section 14. Section 49-22-401 is amended to read:
1167	49-22-401. Contributions Rates.
1168	(1) Up to the amount allowed by federal law, the participating employer shall make a
1169	nonelective contribution of 10% of the participant's compensation to a defined contribution
1170	plan.
1171	(2) (a) The participating employer shall contribute the 10% nonelective contribution
1172	described in Subsection (1) to a defined contribution plan qualified under Section 401(k) of the
1173	Internal Revenue Code [which] that:
1174	(i) is sponsored by the board; and
1175	(ii) has been grandfathered under Section 1116 of the Federal Tax Reform Act of 1986.
1176	(b) The member may make voluntary deferrals to:
1177	(i) the qualified 401(k) plan [which] that receives the employer contribution described
1178	in this Subsection (2); or
1179	(ii) at the member's option, another defined contribution plan established by the
1180	participating employer.
1181	(c) In addition to the percent specified under Subsection (2)(a), the participating
1182	employer shall pay the corresponding Tier I system amortization rate of the employee's
1183	compensation to the office to be applied to the employer's corresponding Tier I system liability.
1184	(3) (a) Except as provided under Subsection (3)(c), the total amount contributed by the
1185	participating employer under Subsection (2)(a) vests to the member upon accruing four years of
1186	employment as a regular full-time employee under this title.
1187	(b) The total amount contributed by the member under Subsection (2)(b) vests to the
1188	member's benefit immediately and is nonforfeitable.
1189	(c) (i) Upon filing a written request for exemption with the office, an eligible employee

is exempt from the vesting requirements of Subsection (3)(a) in accordance with Section 49-22-205.

(ii) An employee who is exempt under this Subsection (3)(c) is not eligible for additional service credit in the plan for the period of exempt employment.

- (d) (i) Years of employment under Subsection (3)(a) includes any fraction of a year to which the member may be entitled.
- (ii) At the time of vesting, if a member's years of service credit is within one-tenth of one year of the total years required for vesting, the member shall be considered to have the total years of employment required for vesting.
- (4) (a) Contributions made by a participating employer under Subsection (2)(a) shall be invested in a default option selected by the board until the member is vested in accordance with Subsection (3)(a).
- (b) A member may direct the investment of contributions including associated investment gains and losses made by a participating employer under Subsection (2)(a) only after the contributions have vested in accordance with Subsection (3)(a).
- (c) A member may direct the investment of contributions made by the member under Subsection (3)(b).
- (5) No loans shall be available from contributions made by a participating employer under Subsection (2)(a).
- (6) No hardship distributions shall be available from contributions made by a participating employer under Subsection (2)(a).
- (7) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(b), if a member terminates employment with a participating employer prior to the vesting period described in Subsection (3)(a), all contributions made by a participating employer on behalf of the member including associated investment gains and losses under Subsection (2)(a) are subject to forfeiture.
- (b) If a member who terminates employment with a participating employer prior to the vesting period described in Subsection (3)(a) subsequently enters employment with the same or

another participating employer within 10 years of the termination date of the previous employment:

- (i) all contributions made by the previous participating employer on behalf of the member including associated investment gains and losses shall be reinstated upon the member's employment as a regular full-time employee; and
- (ii) the length of time that the member worked with the previous employer shall be included in determining whether the member has completed the vesting period under Subsection (3)(a).
- (c) The office shall establish a forfeiture account and shall specify the uses of the forfeiture account, which may include an offset against administrative costs or employer contributions made under this section.
- (8) The office may request from any other [qualified 401(k)] plan under Subsection (2)(b)(ii) any relevant information pertaining to the maintenance of [its] the plan's tax qualification under the Internal Revenue Code.
- (9) The office may take any action [which in its] that in the office's judgment is necessary to maintain the tax-qualified status of [its] the office's 401(k) defined contribution plan under federal law.
- Section 15. Section **49-23-102** is amended to read:
- **49-23-102. Definitions.**
- 1236 As used in this chapter:
 - (1) (a) "Compensation" means the total amount of payments that are includable in gross income received by a public safety service employee or a firefighter service employee as base income for the regularly scheduled work period. The participating employer shall establish the regularly scheduled work period. Base income shall be determined prior to the deduction of any amounts the public safety service employee or firefighter service employee authorizes to be deducted for salary deferral or other benefits authorized by federal law.
 - (b) "Compensation" includes performance-based bonuses and cost-of-living

1244	adjustments.			
1245	(c) "Compensation" does not include:			
1246	(i) overtime;			
1247	(ii) sick pay incentives;			
1248	(iii) retirement pay incentives;			
1249	(iv) the monetary value of remuneration paid in kind, as in a residence, use of			
1250	equipment or uniform, travel, or similar payments;			
1251	(v) a lump-sum payment or special payment covering accumulated leave; and			
1252	(vi) all contributions made by a participating employer under this system or under any			
1253	other employee benefit system or plan maintained by a participating employer for the benefit of			
1254	a member or participant.			
1255	(d) "Compensation" for purposes of this chapter may not exceed the amount allowed			
1256	under Section 401(a)(17), Internal Revenue Code.			
1257	(2) "Corresponding Tier I system" means the system or plan that would have covered			
1258	the member if the member had initially entered employment before July 1, 2011.			
1259	(3) "Dispatcher" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53-6-102.			
1260	(4) (a) "Final average salary" means the amount calculated by averaging the highest			
1261	five years of annual compensation preceding retirement subject to Subsections [(4)(a), (b), (c),			
1262	(d), and (e)] (4)(b), (c), (d), (e), and (f).			
1263	[(a)] (b) Except as provided in Subsection [(4)(b)] (4)(c), the percentage increase in			
1264	annual compensation in any one of the years used may not exceed the previous year's			
1265	compensation by more than 10% plus a cost-of-living adjustment equal to the decrease in the			
1266	purchasing power of the dollar during the previous year, as measured by a United States Bureau			
1267	of Labor Statistics Consumer Price Index average as determined by the board.			
1268	[(b)] (c) In cases where the participating employer provides acceptable documentation			
1269	to the office, the limitation in Subsection $[\frac{(4)(a)}{(4)(b)}]$ may be exceeded if:			
1270	(i) the member has transferred from another agency; or			

1271	(ii) the member has been promoted to a new position.				
1272	[(e)] (d) If the member retires more than six months from the date of termination of				
1273	employment, the member is considered to have been in service at the member's last rate of pay				
1274	from the date of the termination of employment to the effective date of retirement for purposes				
1275	of computing the member's final average salary only.				
1276	[(d)] (e) If the member has less than five years of service credit in this system, final				
1277	average salary means the average annual compensation paid to the member during the full				
1278	period of service credit.				
1279	[(e)] (f) The annual compensation used to calculate final average salary shall be based				
1280	on[:] a period, as determined by the board, consistent with the period used to determine years				
1281	of service credit in accordance with Subsection (14).				
1282	[(i) a calendar year for a member employed by a participating employer that is not an				
1283	educational institution; or]				
1284	[(ii) a contract year for a member employed by an educational institution.]				
1285	(5) (a) "Firefighter service" means employment normally requiring an average of 2,080				
1286	hours of regularly scheduled employment per year rendered by a member who is:				
1287	(i) a firefighter service employee trained in firefighter techniques and assigned to a				
1288	position of hazardous duty with a regularly constituted fire department;				
1289	(ii) the state fire marshal appointed under Section 53-7-103 or a deputy state fire				
1290	marshal; or				
1291	(iii) a firefighter service employee who is:				
1292	(A) hired on or after July 1, 2021;				
1293	(B) trained in firefighter techniques;				
1294	(C) assigned to a position of hazardous duty; and				
1295	(D) employed by the state as a participating employer.				
1296	(b) "Firefighter service" does not include secretarial staff or other similar employees.				
1297	(6) (a) "Firefighter service employee" means an employee of a participating employer				

1298 who provides firefighter service under this chapter. 1299 (b) "Firefighter service employee" does not include an employee of a regularly 1300 constituted fire department who does not perform firefighter service. (7) (a) "Line-of-duty death" means a death resulting from: 1301 1302 (i) external force, violence, or disease occasioned by an act of duty as a public safety 1303 service or firefighter service employee; or 1304 (ii) strenuous activity, including a heart attack or stroke, that occurs during strenuous 1305 training or another strenuous activity required as an act of duty as a public safety service or 1306 firefighter service employee. 1307 (b) "Line-of-duty death" does not include a death that: 1308 (i) occurs during an activity that is required as an act of duty as a public safety service 1309 or firefighter service employee if the activity is not a strenuous activity, including an activity 1310 that is clerical, administrative, or of a nonmanual nature: 1311 (ii) occurs during the commission of a crime committed by the employee; 1312 (iii) the employee's intoxication or use of alcohol or drugs, whether prescribed or 1313 nonprescribed, contributes to the employee's death; or 1314 (iv) occurs in a manner other than as described in Subsection (7)(a). 1315 (8) "Participating employer" means an employer [which] that meets the participation 1316 requirements of: 1317 (a) Sections 49-14-201 and 49-14-202; 1318 (b) Sections 49-15-201 and 49-15-202; 1319 (c) Sections 49-16-201 and 49-16-202; or 1320 (d) Sections 49-23-201 and 49-23-202. 1321 (9) (a) "Public safety service" means employment normally requiring an average of

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2,080 hours of regularly scheduled employment per year rendered by a member who is [a]:

(i) a law enforcement officer in accordance with Section 53-13-103;

(ii) a correctional officer in accordance with Section 53-13-104;

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1325	(111) \underline{a} special function officer approved in accordance with Sections 49-15-201 and
1326	53-13-105;
1327	(iv) <u>a</u> dispatcher who is certified in accordance with Section 53-6-303; [and]
1328	(v) <u>a</u> full-time member of the Board of Pardons and Parole created under Section
1329	77-27-2[-];
1330	(vi) the commissioner of the Department of Public Safety; or
1331	(vii) the executive director of the Department of Corrections.
1332	(b) Except [as provided under Subsections (9)(a)(iv) and (v)] for a position described
1333	in Subsection (9)(a)(iv), (v), (vi), or (vii), "public safety service" also requires that, in the
1334	course of employment, the employee's life or personal safety is at risk.
1335	(10) "Public safety service employee" means an employee of a participating employer
1336	who performs public safety service under this chapter.
1337	(11) (a) "Strenuous activity" means engagement involving a difficult, stressful, or
1338	vigorous fire suppression, rescue, hazardous material response, emergency medical service,
1339	physical law enforcement, prison security, disaster relief, or other emergency response activity.
1340	(b) "Strenuous activity" includes participating in a participating employer sanctioned
1341	and funded training exercise that involves difficult, stressful, or vigorous physical activity.
1342	(12) "System" means the New Public Safety and Firefighter Tier II Contributory
1343	Retirement System created under this chapter.
1344	(13) (a) "Volunteer firefighter" means any individual [that] who is not regularly
1345	employed as a firefighter service employee, but who:
1346	(i) has been trained in firefighter techniques and skills;
1347	(ii) continues to receive regular firefighter training; and
1348	(iii) is on the rolls of a legally organized volunteer fire department [which] that
1349	provides ongoing training and serves a political subdivision of the state.
1350	(b) An individual that volunteers assistance but does not meet the requirements of
1351	Subsection (13)(a) is not a volunteer firefighter for purposes of this chapter.

1352	(14) "Years of service credit" means:			
1353	(a) a period, consisting of 12 full months as determined by the board; or			
1354	(b) a period determined by the board, whether consecutive or not, during which a			
1355	regular full-time employee performed services for a participating employer, including any time			
1356	the regular full-time employee was absent on a paid leave of absence granted by a participating			
1357	employer or was absent in the service of the United States government on military duty as			
1358	provided by this chapter.			
1359	Section 16. Section 49-23-201 is amended to read:			
1360	49-23-201. System membership Eligibility.			
1361	(1) Beginning July 1, 2011, a participating employer that employs public safety service			
1362	employees or firefighter service employees shall participate in this system.			
1363	(2) (a) A public safety service employee or a firefighter service employee initially			
1364	entering employment with a participating employer on or after July 1, 2011, who does not have			
1365	service credit accrued before July 1, 2011, in a Tier I system or plan administered by the board,			
1366	is eligible:			
1367	(i) as a member for service credit and defined contributions under the Tier II hybrid			
1368	retirement system established by Part 3, Tier II Hybrid Retirement System; or			
1369	(ii) as a participant for defined contributions under the Tier II defined contributions			
1370	plan established by Part 4, Tier II Defined Contribution Plan.			
1371	(b) A public safety service employee or a firefighter service employee initially entering			
1372	employment with a participating employer on or after July 1, 2011, shall:			
1373	(i) make an election to participate in the system created under this chapter:			
1374	(A) as a member for service credit and defined contributions under the Tier II hybrid			
1375	retirement system established by Part 3, Tier II Hybrid Retirement System; or			
1376	(B) as a participant for defined contributions under the Tier II defined contribution plan			
1377	established by Part 4, Tier II Defined Contribution Plan; and			

(ii) electronically submit to the office notification of the member's election under

Subsection	(2)(b)(i)	in a manner appro	ved by the office.
Subsection	(2)(0)(1)	m a mamici appro	ved by the office.

- (c) An election made by a public safety service employee or firefighter service employee initially entering employment with a participating employer under this Subsection (2) is irrevocable beginning one year from the date of eligibility for accrual of benefits.
- (d) If no election is made under Subsection (2)(b)(i), the public safety service employee or firefighter service employee shall become a member eligible for service credit and defined contributions under the Tier II hybrid retirement system established by Part 3, Tier II Hybrid Retirement System.
- (3) (a) Beginning July 1, 2015, a public safety service employee who is a dispatcher employed by:
 - (i) the state shall be eligible for service credit in this system; and
- (ii) a participating employer other than the state shall be eligible for service credit in this system if the dispatcher's participating employer elects to cover [its] the participating employer's dispatchers under this system.
- (b) A participating employer's election to cover [its] the participating employer's dispatchers under this system under Subsection (3)(a)(ii) is irrevocable and shall be documented by a resolution adopted by the governing body of the participating employer in accordance with rules made by the office.
- (c) A dispatcher's service before July 1, 2015, or before a date specified by resolution of a participating employer under Subsection (3)(b), is not eligible for service credit in this system.
- (4) A public safety service employee who is transferred or promoted to an administration position requiring the performance of duties that consist primarily of management or supervision of public safety service employees shall continue to earn public safety service credit in this system during the period in which the employee remains employed in the same department.
 - Section 17. Section 49-23-203 is amended to read:

1406	49-23-203. Exemptions from participation in system.
1407	(1) Upon filing a written request for exemption with the office, the following
1408	employees are exempt from participation in the system as provided in this section if the
1409	employee is a public safety service employee or firefighter service employee and is:
1410	(a) an executive department head of the state;
1411	(b) an elected or appointed sheriff of a county; [or]
1412	(c) an elected or appointed chief of police of a municipality[-]; or
1413	(d) the chief of any fire department or district.
1414	(2) (a) A participating employer shall prepare a list designating those positions eligible
1415	for exemption under Subsection (1).
1416	(b) An employee may not be exempted unless the employee is employed in a position
1417	designated by the participating employer under Subsection (1).
1418	(3) Each participating employer shall:
1419	(a) file each employee exemption annually with the office; and
1420	(b) update an employee exemption in the event of any change.
1421	(4) Beginning on the effective date of the exemption for an employee who elects to be
1422	exempt in accordance with Subsection (1):
1423	(a) for a member of the Tier II defined contribution plan:
1424	(i) the participating employer shall contribute the nonelective contribution and the
1425	amortization rate described in Section 49-23-401, except that the contribution is exempt from
1426	the vesting requirements of Subsection 49-23-401(3)(a); [and]
1427	(ii) the member may make voluntary deferrals as provided in Section 49-23-401; and
1428	(iii) the member is not eligible for additional service credit in the plan for the period of
1429	exempt employment; and
1430	(b) for a member of the Tier II hybrid retirement system:
1431	(i) the participating employer shall contribute the nonelective contribution and the
1432	amortization rate described in Section 49-23-401, except that the contribution is exempt from

1433	the vesting requirements of Subsection 49-23-401(3)(a);
1434	(ii) the member may make voluntary deferrals as provided in Section 49-23-401; and
1435	(iii) the member is not eligible for additional service credit in the system for the period
1436	of exempt employment.
1437	(5) If an employee who is a member of the Tier II hybrid retirement system
1438	subsequently revokes the election of exemption made under Subsection (1), the provisions
1439	described in Subsection (4)(b) shall no longer be applicable and the coverage for the employee
1440	shall be effective prospectively as provided in Part 3, Tier II Hybrid Retirement System.
1441	(6) (a) All employer contributions made on behalf of an employee shall be invested in
1442	accordance with Subsection 49-23-302(3)(a) or 49-23-401(4)(a) until the one-year election
1443	period under Subsection 49-23-201(2)(c) is expired if the employee:
1444	(i) elects to be exempt in accordance with Subsection (1); and
1445	(ii) continues employment with the participating employer through the one-year
1446	election period under Subsection 49-23-201(2)(c).
1447	(b) An employee is entitled to receive a distribution of the employer contributions
1448	made on behalf of the employee and all associated investment gains and losses if the employee:
1449	(i) elects to be exempt in accordance with Subsection (1); and
1450	(ii) terminates employment prior to the one-year election period under Subsection
1451	49-23-201(2)(c).
1452	(7) (a) The office shall make rules to implement this section.
1453	(b) The rules made under this Subsection (7) shall include provisions to allow the
1454	exemption provided under Subsection (1) to apply to all contributions made beginning on or
1455	after July 1, 2011, on behalf of an exempted employee who began the employment before May
1456	8, 2012.
1457	(8) An employee's exemption, participation, or election described in this section:
1458	(a) shall be made in accordance with this section; and

(b) is subject to requirements under federal law and rules made by the board.

1460	Section 18. Section 49-23-401 is amended to read:
1461	49-23-401. Contributions Rates.
1462	(1) (a) Up to the amount allowed by federal law, the participating employer shall make
1463	a nonelective contribution of 14% of the participant's compensation to a defined contribution
1464	plan.
1465	(b) In addition to the nonelective contribution described in Subsection (1)(a), if a
1466	participating employer elects under Subsection 49-23-301(2)(c) to pay all or part of the
1467	required member contribution on behalf of the participating employer's employees that are
1468	members covered under Part 3, Tier II Hybrid Retirement System, the participating employer
1469	shall make an additional nonelective contribution to an employee that is a member covered
1470	under this part at the same percentage rate of the participant's compensation as the participating
1471	employer's election to pay required member contributions on behalf of the participating
1472	employer's employees that are members covered under Part 3, Tier II Hybrid Retirement
1473	System.
1474	(2) (a) The participating employer shall contribute the contributions described in
1475	Subsection (1) to a defined contribution plan qualified under Section 401(k) of the Internal
1476	Revenue Code [which] that:
1477	(i) is sponsored by the board; and
1478	(ii) has been grandfathered under Section 1116 of the Federal Tax Reform Act of 1986.
1479	(b) The member may make voluntary deferrals to:
1480	(i) the qualified 401(k) plan [which] that receives the employer contribution described
1481	in this Subsection (2); or
1482	(ii) at the member's option, another defined contribution plan established by the
1483	participating employer.
1484	(c) In addition to the contributions specified under Subsection (2)(a), the participating
1485	employer shall pay the corresponding Tier I system amortization rate of the employee's
1486	compensation to the office to be applied to the employer's corresponding Tier I system liability.

- (3) (a) Except as provided under Subsection (3)(c), the total amount contributed by the participating employer under Subsection (2)(a) vests to the member upon accruing four years of service credit under this title.
- (b) The total amount contributed by the member under Subsection (2)(b) vests to the member's benefit immediately and is nonforfeitable.
- (c) (i) Upon filing a written request for exemption with the office, an eligible employee is exempt from the vesting requirements of Subsection (3)(a) in accordance with Section 49-23-203.
 - (ii) An employee who is exempt under this Subsection (3)(c) is not eligible for additional service credit in the plan for the period of exempt employment.
 - (d) (i) Years of service credit under Subsection (3)(a) includes any fraction of a year to which the member may be entitled.
 - (ii) At the time of vesting, if a member's years of service credit is within one-tenth of one year of the total years required for vesting, the member shall be considered to have the total years of service credit required for vesting.
 - (4) (a) Contributions made by a participating employer under Subsection (2)(a) shall be invested in a default option selected by the board until the member is vested in accordance with Subsection (3)(a).
 - (b) A member may direct the investment of contributions, including associated investment gains and losses, made by a participating employer under Subsection (2)(a) only after the contributions have vested in accordance with Subsection (3)(a).
 - (c) A member may direct the investment of contributions made by the member under Subsection (3)(b).
- (5) No loans shall be available from contributions made by a participating employer under Subsection (2)(a).
- 1512 (6) No hardship distributions shall be available from contributions made by a participating employer under Subsection (2)(a).

(7) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(b), if a member terminates employment
with a participating employer prior to the vesting period described in Subsection (3)(a), all
contributions made by a participating employer on behalf of the member under Subsection
(2)(a), including associated investment gains and losses are subject to forfeiture.
(b) If a member who terminates employment with a participating employer prior to the
vesting period described in Subsection (3)(a) subsequently enters employment with the same or
another participating employer within 10 years of the termination date of the previous
employment:
(i) all contributions made by the previous participating employer on behalf of the
member, including associated investment gains and losses, shall be reinstated upon the
member's employment as a regular full-time employee; and
(ii) the length of time that the member worked with the previous employer shall be
included in determining whether the member has completed the vesting period under
Subsection (3)(a).
(c) The office shall establish a forfeiture account and shall specify the uses of the
forfeiture account, which may include an offset against administrative costs of employer
contributions made under this section.
(8) The office may request from any other [qualified 401(k)] plan under Subsection
(2)(b)(ii) any relevant information pertaining to the maintenance of [its] the plan's tax
qualification under the Internal Revenue Code.
(9) The office may take any action [which in its] that in the office's judgment is
necessary to maintain the tax-qualified status of [its] the office's 401(k) defined contribution
plan under federal law.
Section 19. Repealer.
This bill repeals:

Section 49-11-904, New Public Safety and Firefighter Tier II Retirement Benefits

Restricted Account -- Insurance premium tax revenues -- Distribution.

S.B. 24

Enrolled Copy

1541 Section 20. Effective date.

This bill takes effect on July 1, 2022.