	DETERMINATION OF DEATH AMENDMENTS
	2020 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: Keith Grover
	House Sponsor:
LON	G TITLE
	ral Description:
	This bill allows for a registered nurse to make a determination of death in certain
circur	nstances.
Highl	lighted Provisions:
	This bill:
	► defines terms;
	 allows a nurse to make a determination of death in certain circumstances; and
	 makes conforming changes.
Mone	ey Appropriated in this Bill:
	None
Other	r Special Clauses:
	None
Utah	Code Sections Affected:
AME	NDS:
	26-34-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 297
ENA	CTS:
	26-34-4, Utah Code Annotated 1953

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28	26-34-2. Definition of death Determination of death.
29	(1) An individual is dead if the individual has sustained either:
30	(a) irreversible cessation of circulatory and respiratory functions; or
31	(b) irreversible cessation of all functions of the entire brain, including the brain stem.
32	(2) A determination of death shall be made in accordance with this chapter and
33	accepted medical standards.
34	Section 2. Section 26-34-4 is enacted to read:
35	<u>26-34-4.</u> Determination of death made by registered nurse.
36	(1) As used in this section:
37	(a) "Health care facility" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-21-2.
38	(b) "Physician" means a physician licensed under:
39	(i) Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act; or
40	(ii) Title 58, Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act.
41	(c) "Registered nurse" means a registered nurse licensed under Title 58, Chapter 31b,
42	Nurse Practice Act.
43	(2) A registered nurse may make a determination of death of an individual if:
44	(a) an attending physician has documented in the individual's medical or clinical record
45	that the individual's death is anticipated due to illness, infirmity, or disease no earlier than 180
46	days before the date of the determination of death; and
47	(b) at the time of the documentation described in Subsection (2)(a), the physician
48	authorized the following, in writing, to make the determination of death:
49	(i) one or more specific registered nurses; or
50	(ii) if the individual is in a health care facility that has complied with Subsection (5),
51	all registered nurses that the facility employs.
52	(3) A registered nurse who has determined death under this section shall:
53	(a) document the clinical criteria for the determination in the individual's medical or
54	clinical record;
55	(b) notify the physician described in Subsection (2)(b);
56	(c) ensure that the death certificate includes:
57	(i) the name of the deceased;
58	(ii) the presence of a contagious disease, if known; and

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59	(iii) the date and time of death; and
60	(d) sign the death certificate.
61	(4) Except as otherwise provided by law or rule, a physician licensed under Title 58,
62	Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act, or Title 58, Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical
63	Practice Act, shall certify a determination of death described in Subsection (3) within 24 hours
64	after the registered nurse makes the determination of death.
65	(5) (a) For a health care facility to be eligible for a general authorization described in
66	Subsection (2)(b), the facility shall adopt written policies and procedures that provide for the
67	determination of death by a registered nurse under this section.
68	(b) A registered nurse that a health care facility employs may not make a determination
69	of death under this section unless the facility has adopted the written policies and procedures
70	described in Subsection (5)(a).
71	(6) The department may make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
72	Administrative Rulemaking Act, to ensure the appropriate determination of death under this
73	section

73 <u>section.</u>