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Chapter 496)

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ONLINE DATA SECURITY AND PRIVACY AMENDMENTS

2024 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Wayne A. Harper

House Sponsor: Jefferson S. Burton

2 3 **LONG TITLE** 4 **General Description:** 5 This bill amends provisions related to cybersecurity, breach notification requirements, and 6 authorized domain name extensions. 7 **Highlighted Provisions:** 8 This bill: 9 defines terms: 10 makes technical and conforming changes; 11 • describes a person's breach notification responsibilities to the Utah Cyber Center; and 12 • describes a governmental entity's reporting responsibilities to the Utah Cyber Center. 13 Money Appropriated in this Bill: 14 None 15 **Other Special Clauses:** 16 None 17 **Utah Code Sections Affected:** 18 **AMENDS:** 19 13-44-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 496 63D-2-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 275 20 21 **63D-2-105**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 496 22 **ENACTS:** 23 **63A-16-1101**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 24 **RENUMBERS AND AMENDS:** 25 **63A-16-1102**, (Renumbered from 63A-16-510, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2023,

63A-16-1103, (Renumbered from 63A-16-511, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2023,

28 Chapter 496) 29 30 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah: 31 Section 1. Section **13-44-202** is amended to read: 32 13-44-202. Personal information -- Disclosure of system security breach. 33 (1) (a) A person who owns or licenses computerized data that includes personal 34 information concerning a Utah resident shall, when the person becomes aware of a 35 breach of system security, conduct in good faith a reasonable and prompt 36 investigation to determine the likelihood that personal information has been or will 37 be misused for identity theft or fraud purposes. 38 (b) If an investigation under Subsection (1)(a) reveals that the misuse of personal 39 information for identity theft or fraud purposes has occurred, or is reasonably likely 40 to occur, the person shall provide notification to each affected Utah resident. (c) If an investigation under Subsection (1)(a) reveals that the misuse of personal 41 42 information relating to 500 or more Utah residents, for identity theft or fraud 43 purposes, has occurred or is reasonably likely to occur, the person shall, in addition to 44 the notification required in Subsection (1)(b), provide notification to: 45 (i) the Office of the Attorney General; and 46 (ii) the Utah Cyber Center created in Section [63A-16-510] 63A-16-1102. 47 (d) If an investigation under Subsection (1)(a) reveals that the misuse of personal 48 information relating to 1,000 or more Utah residents, for identity theft or fraud 49 purposes, has occurred or is reasonably likely to occur, the person shall, in addition to 50 the notification required in Subsections (1)(b) and (c), provide notification to each 51 consumer reporting agency that compiles and maintains files on consumers on a 52 nationwide basis, as defined in 15 U.S.C. Sec. 1681a. 53 (2) A person required to provide notification under Subsection (1) shall provide the 54 notification in the most expedient time possible without unreasonable delay: 55 (a) considering legitimate investigative needs of law enforcement, as provided in 56 Subsection (4)(a); 57 (b) after determining the scope of the breach of system security; and 58 (c) after restoring the reasonable integrity of the system. 59 (3) (a) A person who maintains computerized data that includes personal information 60 that the person does not own or license shall notify and cooperate with the owner or 61 licensee of the information of any breach of system security immediately following

the person's discovery of the breach if misuse of the personal information occurs or is reasonably likely to occur.

- (b) Cooperation under Subsection (3)(a) includes sharing information relevant to the breach with the owner or licensee of the information.
- (4) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), a person may delay providing notification under Subsection (1)(b) at the request of a law enforcement agency that determines that notification may impede a criminal investigation.
 - (b) A person who delays providing notification under Subsection (4)(a) shall provide notification in good faith without unreasonable delay in the most expedient time possible after the law enforcement agency informs the person that notification will no longer impede the criminal investigation.
- 73 (5) (a) A notification required by Subsection (1)(b) may be provided:

- (i) in writing by first-class mail to the most recent address the person has for the resident;
- (ii) electronically, if the person's primary method of communication with the resident is by electronic means, or if provided in accordance with the consumer disclosure provisions of 15 U.S.C. Section 7001;
- (iii) by telephone, including through the use of automatic dialing technology not prohibited by other law; or
- (iv) for residents of the state for whom notification in a manner described in Subsections (5)(a)(i) through (iii) is not feasible, by publishing notice of the breach of system security:
 - (A) in a newspaper of general circulation; and
 - (B) as required in Section 45-1-101.
- (b) If a person maintains the person's own notification procedures as part of an information security policy for the treatment of personal information the person is considered to be in compliance with the notification requirement in Subsection (1)(b) if the procedures are otherwise consistent with this chapter's timing requirements and the person notifies each affected Utah resident in accordance with the person's information security policy in the event of a breach.
- (c) A person who is regulated by state or federal law and maintains procedures for a breach of system security under applicable law established by the primary state or federal regulator is considered to be in compliance with this part if the person notifies each affected Utah resident in accordance with the other applicable law in the event

96	of a breach.
97	(6) (a) [If a person providing a notification under Subsection (1)(c) to the Office of the
98	Attorney General or the Utah Cyber Center submits the information required under
99	Subsection 63G-2-309(1)(a)(i), records submitted to the Office of the Attorney
100	General or the Utah Cyber Center under Subsection (1)(e) and information produced
101	by the Office of the Attorney General or the Utah Cyber Center for any coordination
102	or assistance provided to the person are presumed to be confidential and are a
103	protected record under Subsections 63G-2-305(1) and (2).] The following information
104	may be deemed confidential and classified as a protected record under Subsections
105	63G-2-305(1) and (2) if the requirements of Subsection 63G-2-309(1)(a)(i) are met:
106	(i) a notification submitted under Subsection (1)(c), including supporting information
107	provided under Subsection (6)(b); and
108	(ii) information produced by the Office of the Attorney General or the Utah Cyber
109	Center in providing coordination or assistance to the person providing notification
110	under Subsection (1)(c).
111	(b) A person providing notification under Subsection (1)(c) to the Office of the Attorney
112	General or the Utah Cyber Center of a breach of system security shall include the
113	following information in the notification, to the extent the information is known or
114	available at the time the person provides the notification:
115	(i) the date the breach of system security occurred;
116	(ii) the date the breach of system security was discovered;
117	(iii) the total number of people affected by the breach of system security, including
118	the total number of Utah residents affected;
119	(iv) the type of personal information involved in the breach of system security; and
120	(v) a short description of the breach of system security that occurred.
121	[(b) The department may disclose information provided by a person under Subsection
122	(1)(c) or produced as described in Subsection (6)(a) only if:
123	[(i) disclosure is necessary to prevent imminent and substantial harm; or]
124	[(ii) the information is anonymized or aggregated in a manner that makes it unlikely
125	that information that is a trade secret, as defined in Section 13-24-2, will be disclosed.]
126	(7) A waiver of this section is contrary to public policy and is void and unenforceable.
127	Section 2. Section 63A-16-1101 is enacted to read:
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129	63A-16-1101 . Definitions.
130	As used in this part:
131	(1) "Cyber Center" means the Utah Cyber Center created in Section 63A-16-1102.
132	(2) "Data breach" means the unauthorized access, acquisition, disclosure, loss of access, or
133	destruction of:
134	(a) personal data affecting 500 or more individuals; or
135	(b) data that compromises the security, confidentiality, availability, or integrity of the
136	computer systems used or information maintained by the governmental entity.
137	(3) "Governmental entity" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63G-2-103.
138	(4) "Personal data" means information that is linked or can be reasonably linked to an
139	identified individual or an identifiable individual.
140	Section 3. Section 63A-16-1102 , which is renumbered from Section 63A-16-510 is renumbered
141	and amended to read:
142	[63A-16-510] 63A-16-1102 Utah Cyber Center Creation Duties.
143	[(1) As used in this section:]
144	[(a) "Governmental entity" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63G-2-103.]
145	[(b) "Utah Cyber Center" means the Utah Cyber Center created in this section.]
146	[(2)] (1) (a) There is created within the division the Utah Cyber Center.
147	(b) The chief information security officer appointed under Section 63A-16-210 shall
148	serve as the director of the [Utah]Cyber Center.
149	[(3)] (2) The division shall operate the [Utah]Cyber Center in partnership with the
150	following entities within the Department of Public Safety <u>created in Section 53-1-103</u> :
151	(a) the Statewide Information and Analysis Center;
152	(b) the State Bureau of Investigation created in Section 53-10-301; and
153	(c) the Division of Emergency Management <u>created in Section 53-2a-103</u> .
154	[(4)] (3) In addition to the entities described in Subsection (3), the [Utah-]Cyber Center shall
155	collaborate with:
156	(a) the Cybersecurity Commission created in Section 63C-27-201;
157	(b) the Office of the Attorney General;
158	(c) the Utah Education and Telehealth Network created in Section 53B-17-105;
159	(d) appropriate federal partners, including the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the
160	Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency;
161	(e) appropriate information sharing and analysis centers;
162	(f) [associations representing political subdivisions in the state, including the Utah

163	League of Cities and Towns and the Utah Association of Counties] information
164	technology directors, cybersecurity professionals, or equivalent individuals
165	representing political subdivisions in the state; and
166	(g) any other person the division believes is necessary to carry out the duties described
167	in Subsection $[(5)]$ (4) .
168	[(5)] (4) The [Utah]Cyber Center shall, within legislative appropriations:
169	(a) by June 30, 2024, develop a statewide strategic cybersecurity plan for [executive
170	branch agencies and other]governmental entities;
171	(b) with respect to executive branch agencies:
172	(i) identify, analyze, and, when appropriate, mitigate cyber threats and vulnerabilities;
173	(ii) coordinate cybersecurity resilience planning;
174	(iii) provide cybersecurity incident response capabilities; and
175	(iv) recommend to the division standards, policies, or procedures to increase the
176	cyber resilience of executive branch agencies individually or collectively;
177	(c) at the request of a governmental entity, coordinate cybersecurity incident response
178	for [an incident] a data breach affecting the governmental entity in accordance with
179	Section [63A-16-511] <u>63A-16-1103</u> ;
180	(d) promote cybersecurity best practices;
181	(e) share cyber threat intelligence with governmental entities and, through the Statewide
182	Information and Analysis Center, with other public and private sector organizations;
183	(f) serve as the state cybersecurity incident response [hotline] repository to receive
184	reports of breaches of system security, including notification or disclosure under
185	Section 13-44-202 [or 63A-16-511] and data breaches under Section 63A-16-1103;
186	(g) develop incident response plans to coordinate federal, state, local, and private sector
187	activities and manage the risks associated with an attack or malfunction of critical
188	information technology systems within the state;
189	(h) coordinate, develop, and share best practices for cybersecurity resilience in the state;
190	(i) identify sources of funding to make cybersecurity improvements throughout the state;
191	(j) develop a sharing platform to provide resources based on information,
192	recommendations, and best practices; and
193	(k) partner with institutions of higher education and other public and private sector
194	organizations to increase the state's cyber resilience.
195	Section 4. Section 63A-16-1103, which is renumbered from Section 63A-16-511 is renumbered
196	and amended to read:

197	[63A-16-511] 63A-16-1103. Reporting to the Cyber Center Assistance to governmental
198	entities Records.
199	[(1) As used in this section:]
200	[(a) "Governmental entity" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63G-2-103.]
201	[(b) "Utah Cyber Center" means the Utah Cyber Center created in Section 63A-16-510.]
202	[(2)] (1) (a) A governmental entity shall [contact] notify the [Utah-]Cyber Center as soon
203	as practicable when the governmental entity becomes aware of a data breach[-of
204	system security].
205	(b) When a governmental entity notifies the Cyber Center of a data breach under
206	Subsection (1)(a), the governmental entity shall include the following information:
207	(i) the date and time the data breach occurred;
208	(ii) the date the data breach was discovered;
209	(iii) the total number of people affected by the data breach, including the total
210	number of Utah residents affected;
211	(iv) the type of personal data involved in the data breach;
212	(v) a short description of the data breach that occurred;
213	(vi) the path or means by which access was gained to the system, computer, or
214	network, if known;
215	(vii) the individual or entity who perpetrated the data breach, if known;
216	(viii) steps the governmental entity is taking or has taken to mitigate the impact of the
217	data breach; and
218	(ix) any other details requested by the Cyber Center.
219	[(3)] (2) The [Utah-]Cyber Center shall provide the governmental entity with assistance in
220	responding to the data breach of system security, which may include:
221	(a) conducting all or part of [the] an internal investigation [required under Subsection
222	13-44-202(1)(a)] into the data breach;
223	(b) assisting law enforcement with the law enforcement investigation if needed;
224	(c) determining the scope of the <u>data</u> breach[<u>of system security</u>];
225	(d) assisting the governmental entity in restoring the reasonable integrity of the system;
226	or
227	(e) providing any other assistance in response to the reported data breach[-of system
228	security].
229	[(4) (a) A person providing information to the Utah Cyber Center may submit the
230	information required in Section 63G-2-309 to request that the information submitted by

231	the person and information produced by the Utah Cyber Center in the course of the Utah
232	Cyber Center's investigation be classified as a confidential protected record.]
233	[(b) Information submitted to the Utah Cyber Center under Subsection 13-44-202(1)(e)
234	regarding a breach of system security may include information regarding the type of
235	breach, the attack vector, attacker, indicators of compromise, and other details of the
236	breach that are requested by the Utah Cyber Center.]
237	[(e)] (3) (a) A governmental entity that is required to submit information under Section [
238	63A-16-511] 63A-16-1103 shall provide records to the [Utah-]Cyber Center as a
239	shared record in accordance with Section 63G-2-206.
240	(b) The following information may be deemed confidential and may only be shared as
241	provided in Subsection 63G-2-206:
242	(i) the information provided to the Cyber Center by a governmental entity under
243	Subsections (1)(b)(vi) through (ix); and
244	(ii) information produced by the Cyber Center in response to a report of a data breach
245	under Subsection (2).
246	Section 5. Section 63D-2-102 is amended to read:
247	63D-2-102 . Definitions.
248	As used in this chapter:
249	(1) (a) "Collect" means the gathering of personally identifiable information:
250	(i) from a user of a governmental website; or
251	(ii) about a user of the governmental website.
252	(b) "Collect" includes use of any identifying code linked to a user of a governmental
253	website.
254	(2) "Court website" means a website on the Internet that is operated by or on behalf of any
255	court created in Title 78A, Chapter 1, Judiciary.
256	(3) "Governmental entity" means:
257	(a) an executive branch agency as defined in Section 63A-16-102;
258	(b) the legislative branch;
259	(c) the judicial branch;
260	(d) the State Board of Education <u>created in Section 20A-14-101.5</u> ;
261	(e) the Utah Board of Higher Education <u>created in Section 53B-1-402</u> ;
262	(f) an institution of higher education as defined in Section 53B-1-102; and
263	(g) a political subdivision of the state:
264	(i) as defined in Section 17B-1-102; and

265 (ii) including a school district created under Section 53G-3-301 or 53G-3-302. (4) (a) "Governmental website" means a website on the Internet that is operated by or on 266 267 behalf of a governmental entity. (b) "Governmental website" includes a court website. 268 (5) "Governmental website operator" means a governmental entity or person acting on 269 270 behalf of the governmental entity that: 271 (a) operates a governmental website; and 272 (b) collects or maintains personally identifiable information from or about a user of that 273 website. 274 (6) "Personally identifiable information" means information that identifies: 275 (a) a user by: 276 (i) name; 277 (ii) account number; 278 (iii) physical address; 279 (iv) email address; 280 (v) telephone number; 281 (vi) Social Security number; 282 (vii) credit card information; or 283 (viii) bank account information; 284 (b) a user as having requested or obtained specific materials or services from a 285 governmental website; 286 (c) Internet sites visited by a user; or 287 (d) any of the contents of a user's data-storage device. 288 (7) "School" means a public or private elementary or secondary school. 289 [(7)] (8) "User" means a person who accesses a governmental website. 290 Section 6. Section **63D-2-105** is amended to read: 291 63D-2-105. Use of authorized domain extensions for government websites. 292 (1) [(a)] As used in this section, "authorized top level domain" means any of the 293 following suffixes that follows the domain name in a website address: 294 $\left[\frac{(i)}{(a)}\right]$ (a) gov; 295 $\left[\frac{\text{(ii)}}{\text{(b)}}\right]$ (b) edu; and 296 [(iii)] (c) mil. 297 (2) Beginning [January] July 1, 2025, a governmental entity shall use an authorized top level

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domain for:

299	(a) the website address for the governmental entity's government website; and
300	(b) the email addresses used by the governmental entity and the governmental entity's
301	employees.
302	(3) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), a governmental entity may operate a website that uses
303	a top level domain that is not an authorized top level domain if:
304	(a) (i) a reasonable person would not mistake the website as the governmental entity's
305	primary website; and
306	[(b)] (ii) the governmental website is:
307	[(i)] (A) solely for internal use and not intended for use by members of the public
308	[(ii)] (B) temporary and in use by the governmental entity for a period of less than
309	one year; or
310	[(iii)] (C) related to an event, program, or informational campaign operated by the
311	governmental entity in partnership with another person that is not a
312	governmental entity[-] : or
313	(b) the governmental entity is a school district or a school that is not an institution of
314	higher education and the use of an authorized top level domain is otherwise
315	prohibited, provided that once the use of an authorized top level domain is not
316	otherwise prohibited, the school district or school shall transition to an authorized top
317	level domain within 15 months.
318	(4) The chief information officer appointed under Section 63A-16-201 may authorize a
319	waiver of the requirement in Subsection (2) if:
320	(a) there are extraordinary circumstances under which use of an authorized domain
321	extension would cause demonstrable harm to citizens or businesses; and
322	(b) the executive director or chief executive of the governmental entity submits a written
323	request to the chief information officer that includes a justification for the waiver.
324	Section 7. Effective date.
325	This bill takes effect on May 1, 2024.